Reds Cut Off Shanghai, Seek to Trap 300,000 in Drive Beyond Nanking

Hangchow Is Goal In Push to the Sea

Taiyuan, 'Pittsburgh' of China, Falls; Other Red ForcesMove on Hankow

By The Associated Press

SHANGHAI, Monday, April 25.

—Communist armies occupied undefended Nanking yesterday and today other Red forces began to close a trap on 300,000 Nationalist soldiers between Shanghai and Hangchow.

Pushing southward after their crossing of the Yangtze River, the Communists by passed Shanghai and captured Kashing, a rail junction, in a drive toward the sea.

At Kashing, fifty-three miles southwest of Shanghai, the Communists cut the last rail escape route for government troops to the seaport of Hangchow, 100 miles southwest of Shanghai.

Kashing is at the junction of the Shanghai-Hangchow railway and the Soochow (Wuhsien)-Kashing railway. Earlier the Reds took Kunshan, thirty miles west of Shanghai, cutting the Nanking-Shanghai railway twenty miles east of Soochow. A short line links Kashing and Soochow.

Reds Capture Taiyuan

More than \$500 miles to the northwest, other Communist forces

took by storm the isolated government arsenal city of Taiyuan, in Shansi Province. The Communist radio announced that Taiyuan, the "Pittsburgh of China," was taken by storm in a five-hour battle Sunday and that all of the 150,000-man Nationalist defense forces were destroyed.

An American aviator who flew over Taiyuan reported that the city was a smoking ruin. Marshal Yen Hsi-Shan, for more than thirty years the boss of Taiyuan and at Shansi, was reported in Shanghai.

Anking Captured

The Communist radio announced capture of Anking, a government strongpoint on the north bank of the Yangtze River, 150 miles southwest of Nanking.

It said Communist troops also were driving toward Hankow, a major government base 375 miles up river from Nanking, but it gave no details.

Government opposition was almost non-existent, and Shanghai awaited listlessly the approach of the Communists.

Generalissimo Chiang Kai-shek, "retired" Nationalist President, left Shanghai Sunday morning for the southern port of Amoy in a warship.

Acting President Li Tsung-jen was in the southern city of Kweilin but planned soon to go to the provisional capital at Canton, where Premier Ho Ying-chin arrived this afternoon.

General Tang En-po, defense comamnder for the Shanghai-Nanking area, was reported to have three armies (60,000 men) around Shanghai, four armies scattered west for 100 miles, three more retreating southwest of Nanking and five retreating southeast of Nanking.

Shanghai, now behind a hurriedly built thirty-five-mile wooden fence, was not expected to become a battlefield unless Tang should try to withdraw his troops by sea. To prevent this, the Reds could block the Whangpoo River channel and then attack Woosung fort, guarding the river's confluence with the Yangtze estuary.

Government commanders reiterated that they will defend Shanghai to the last. Most residents were trying to save their property from looters. Some looting already was reported from outlying districts of this greatest Asiatic city of more than 5,000,000 population.

Shanghai Rice Looted As Truck Breaks Down

Shanghai, April 24 (P)—The jammed streets of Shanghai today were full of civilians trying to save their possessions from looters.

A typical scene was enacted around a light truck that stalled on the Garden Bridge end of the Bund with some small citizen's hoard of five bags of rice. Before he could get the truck started again, swarming beggars had punctured every sack and carried off his rice in hats, pockets and hands.

Shanghai, April 24 (A)—Picturesque Soochow Creek, which bisects Shanghai east and west, has been cleared of its hundreds of sampans and junks.

The creek normally is so jammed that it is difficult to see water. It was a strange sight to see it empty. City police forced the boats out, saying they feared saboteurs would blow up the bridges across it.

Tang Asks Consul's Aid

Shanghai, April 24 (P)—Chinese papers said tonight Gen. Tang En-po had asked all foreign consuls to concentrate their nationals in two sections of Shanghai. John Cabot, United States consul general, said he had received no such message and planned no action.

Curfew Clamped On Shanghai Shanghai, April 24 (A)—Shanghai was placed under a 10 P.M. curfew tonight and all curfew passes were invalidated.

Disgusted Policeman Resumes Nanking Post

Nanking. China, April 24 (P)—Some unarmed Nationalist soldiers walked the streets of Nanking tonight. At least for the time being, the Communists were paying no attention to them.

One policeman, on duty in front of the Australian Embassy, said he was ordered to retreat Saturday but became disgusted, hiked back to Nanking today and took up his old post of duty.

He stood there tonight, complete with rifle and bayonet. Nobody bothered him.

REDS LEAVE BRITISH SLOOP TO HER FATE

Refuse To Issue Cease-Fire Order For Amethyst Rescue Nanking, China, April 24 (P)— The British Embassy announced tonight that the Communists had refused a cease-fire to allow rescue of the damaged British sloop Amethyst in the Yangtze River east of Nanking.

The sloop was the first of four British warships hit by Communist artillery starting last Wednesday. Forty-three men were killed and more than 80 wounded.

With about 60 men still aboard, the Amethyst has been unable to move up or down the river. She was last reported 50 miles east of Nanking, but for the last two days her location has been shrouded by the fog of war.

The embassy announced that its first secretary, Edward Youde, of Penarth, Glamorganshire, Scotland, returned to Nanking Sunday after crossing to the north bank of the river last week to try to arrange a cease-fire. His mission was unsuccessful.

[The British consul-general in Shanghai said Saturday that the Amethyst would be rescued by "an operation" if necessary.] foreign powers would be most well come.

Others, pointing to repeated Communist attacks on British warships on the Yangtze, insist the British will have to fight to defend their rights in Hong Kong.

The Communists have been calling the Nationalist Government to task for signing what they call "traitorious treaties" with Western powers. Hong Kong has existed independent of China's sovereign territory.

But Hong Kong's nearly 2,000,000 population does not fear Red attack so much as Communist blockade. With the aid of an efficient air force and navy, the British probably could frustrate any Red attempt at armed invasion. But a blockade would have a dangerous effect on the people. All the Reds would have to do would be to seal up the few communication channels between Hong Kong and the Chinese mainland.

Reports of Communist successes in crossing the Yangtze already are causing prices to advance in Hong Kong. Rice has increased in price in the last few hours. Since Hong Kong depends for its food on the Chinese mainland, other prices are expected to soar immediately.

Jittery Hong Kong Folk Fear Blockade By Advancing Reds

Hong Kong. April 24 (P)—Communist capture of Nanking and the immediate threat to Shanghai caused concern here today over the future of this British colony.

The question on every tongue was:

"What will happen to Hong Kong when the Reds gain control of the China mainland?"

Not even the Hong Kong government knows the answer, judging by the looks of thinks. For the last few weeks British security authorities have been trying to organize defense units of Chinese and foreign volunteers. Hong Kong residents consider it nothing but a gesture, however. They think it is the British way of telling the Communists they plan to hold on to Hong Kong no matter what happens.

Communist Stand A Puzzle

Will the Communists oppose British rule of Hong Kong if they complete their conquest of China?

Studied opinion is divided on this question. Some believe Mao Tzetung, Communist leader, will not do anything to invite trouble with a foreign power, especially when recognition of his Government by

British Police Rescue Pollitt For Third Time

Communist Secretary Besieged Four Hours In Hall
After Speech On Yangtze Shelling

Plymouth, England, April 24 (P). Police spirited Harry Pollitt, Communist leader, out of an auditorium tonight after he was besieged almost four hours by an angry crowd of nearly 3,000 anti-Communists.

Chair-throwing anti-Communists had chased Pollitt from a platform and laid siege to the building. He sought refuge in an upstairs room.

The police said they took him out through a basement window opening on an alley behind the building.

Crowd Battles Police Barrier

Joined by sailors in uniform, the crowd tried to batter down a barrier of policemen in front of the auditorium. They had succeeded in breaking up a Communist political meeting inside.

In a repetition of violence that Pollitt encountered Friday night and early Saturday in Dartmouth, the crowd hurled chairs, stones, tomatoes and eggs. The stones broke several windows and Police Inspector John Lindsay was struck by a piece of debris and knocked unconscious.

Detectives took Pollitt to the railroad station where he caught a train for London. Previously Pollitt said he was going to Cornwall for a rest. There was no explanation of the change in plans.

The police said Pollitt told them "Thank you very much. I am sorry I caused you all this trouble."

About 100 sailors broke down the

massive doors of the ancient Corn Exchange building, now a public auditorium. They forced their way up a flight of stairs and stormed into the meeting which Pollitt was addressing.

Pollitt, secretary-general of the British Communist party, tried in vain to continue above the din.

Sailors and about 150 others rushed the platform when Pollitt tried to speak on the subject of the Yangtze shelling of British warships. Three of the four British ships shelled by Chinese Commu-

nists are registered in Plymouth harbor and many of the crewmen are from this city.

The crowd outside continued to grow as Pollitt remained inside, Police arrested about a dozen persons for resisting attempts of officers to clear the streets.

Shouts of "We want Pollitt" were heard.

Terms "Sacrifice Unnecessary"

Cries of "rubbish" interrupted Pollitt when he said there wasn't enough evidence to enable people to give balanced judgment on the "tragic happenings of the last few days," He added:

"I say quite sincerely that no person, whatever their politics, could be any other in their heart but sympathetic with relatives of British boys who met their death on that river.

"I believe that events may prove that this grievous new sacrifice of life has been unnecessary because certain steps have not yet been taken."

It was at this point that the sailors, joined by members of the Anti-Communist League, rushed to the speaker's platform.

Speaks For Candidates

This was the third successive night in which Pollitt required police protection. He was besieged for several hours early Saturday in Dartmouth by a crowd which earlier drove him from his speaker's platform. Saturday night he spoke at Dartington Church in Totnes. He sought support of Communist candidates in coming town and parish elections.

In tonight's disturbance several blows were struck in front of the speaker's stand but none reached Pollitt. One of his half dozen bodyguards pushed him to the rear of the stage and protected him with an upraised chair.

Police reinforcements were called and at least 300 were on duty handling the rain-drenched crowd.

Claims Lot Of Supporters
Inside the auditorium Pollitt sat
in a darkened room listening to the
crowd's roar with five of his com-

panions.
"We've got a lot of supporters
here and normally this would have

been a profitable political meeting," he added, "But the people are still understandably excited about the shelling."

In tonight's fracas, Carter L. Davidson, Associated Press staff correspondent, was hit by a tomato, and Sidney Smart, AP photographer, was jostled.

Pollitt, in a statement issued earlier, denied he "saw a rope" at the Dartmouth meeting.

Victim's Father Had Rope
A rope had been taken to the meeting by the father of one of the British sailors killed in the shelling of the British warships on the Yangtze by Communist forces.
The sailor's father suggested Pollitt use the rope.

Pollitt insisted the incident escaped his attention. He said:

"I have the deepest sympathy with the bereaved families in Devon and have no complaint to make about their reaction to my meetings. But if I had canceled my meetings, I would have been accused of being a coward and of not wanting to put the Communist party's policy before the people....
"One thing is clear. The blame

"One thing is clear. The blame for the death of the splendid British lads on the Yangtze will be placed at the door of the Government. If we had been following a true Socialist policy, it would never have occurred."

Injured U. S. Flyer Returning

LONDON, April 24 (A).—Lieutenant Colonel Richard Orr, United States Air Force pilot from Somerville, N. J., who was injured Tuesday in the crash of a jet fighter plane near Ludgershall, left for home today.

HOWARD FAST SEES U.S. TERROR REIGN

Tells Paris Rally Regime Calls 'Peace' Pleas Treason

Paris, April 24 (A)—Howard Fast. American writer, told a large outdoor rally of partisans of the Communist-sponsored world "peace" congress today that a reign of "terror is only beginning" in America.

"Every voice raised against war is denounced by the Truman Government as an act of treason," he said. "Already the prisons are filled with political prisoners."

Fast spoke to about 25,000 adherents of the congress, many of whom came in caravans from all parts of France, in Buffalo Stadium on the outskirts of Paris. The rally was part of the six-day congress which closes tomorrow.

Claims People Are Deceived

He was given tumultuous applause when he told the crowd the American people were the victims of "the most evil* most hideous deception of all time."

"Day in and day out they are being told that the great Soviet Union, the republic of the workers and guardian of humanity, that land of liberty and freedom, is a menace to their own liberty."

He said a group of Wall Street "warmongers" comprised the "most complete, immoral and insane threat to the human race."

"In freedom's holy name we are called upon to turn the entire world into a place of desolation."

Banners, posters, pro-Soviet slogans and martial music brought the throng to high pitch as speakers denounced western "warmongers" and lauded Russia.

Resembles Nuernberg Fete As the crowds marched in, the

As the crowds marched in, the scene at times resembled a Nuernberg festival or May Day parade in Moscow.

Groups tramped into the arena bearing flags, streamers, slogans and huge photographs of Stalin and Franklin D. Roosevelt. In all languages the word "peace" stood

Repeated many times was the slogan "We will never fight against the Soviet Union," and "Fight for peace."

Many groups wore distinctive armbands, hats or shirts and some shouted in unison, "We want peace" or "Peace for Viet Nam." Viet Nam is the Indo-Chinese republic which Moscow-trained Ho Chi Minh is seeking to establish by rebellion against the French.

Zilliacus Arouses Crowd Companies of police and civil militia, equipped with rifles and tear gas, guarded streets for blocks about the stadium.

Konni Zilliacus, leftist member of the British Parliament, brought the crowd to its feet with a fiery address in which he declared "if the authorities in the Western states are not capable of keeping the peace let them get the hell out."

But Alexander Fadeyev, the Russian writer, got the biggest ovation of the day when he declared, "we who won the war against fascism pledge ourselves to prevent another war."

Emilio Sereni, Italian senator, said Italians were determined to prevent ratification of the Atlantic treaty.

Dr. Sunan Hanzah, an Indonesian, attacked "Dutch imperialism," and said Asia would never join a war against the Soviet Union.

TighterElectricityRation
Imposed in Central Italy

ROME, April 24 (AP).—Central Italy today faced severe new rationing of electricity due to prolonged drought.

"It is absolutely necessary to further reduce consumption," the Regional Commission for Electricity said in a statement.

Commencing Monday, theaters and other places of public amusement must reduce their use of electricity to 40 per cent of consumption during the months of September and October last year. Public lighting must be reduced by 30 per cent, private lighting by 25 per cent and industries must use no more than half of what they used last September and October.

Electricity at present is shut off during daylight hours for three days weekly in northern Italy and for two weekly in central Italy.

Centralization Is Issue

The SPD has demanded strong powers for the central government. The CDU has favored decentralization of power among strong states. Last week the Allies made concessions to SPD demands.

Today the SPD and the CDU reached agreement on how the financial powers will be distributed between the central and state governments and on the powers of the upper house of parliament. The nature of the compromise was not announced.

Prison Fire Kills Three G. I.s

BERLIN, April 24 (P). Six American soldiers in the Mannheim military prison were burned in a fire and three of them died early today. The other three were in serious condition in the Heidelberg Army Hospital. The fire was believed to have started in cleaning fluid in the kitchen storeroom.

West Germans Adjust Issues

Bonn, Germany, April 24 (A)—Warring German political parties were reported tonight to have settled some of their difficulties on the shape of a western German state.

Agreement came after concessions by the United States, Britain and France. To Allied observers, the German agreement came as happy news. The Western Allies are pressing the Germans to get their Government started.

The German agreement—terms of which were not made public—will be presented to the Allied military governors tomorrow in Frankfurt.

Still Are Points In Dispute

This development in West Germany's long-stalemated attempts to find an acceptable formula for a constitution does not, however, guarantee the speedy formation of a government. There are still disputed points.

Robert Murphy, chief of the United States State Department's office for German and Austrian affairs, will attend tomorrow's meet-

the socialist Social Democrats (SPD) and the conservative Christian Democrats (CDU)—have been deadlocked for weeks on the constitution.

'Peace' Delegate Warns Of Strife

Prague, Czechoslovakia, April 24 (P)—A Chinese delegate to the Prague "peace" meeting threatened world war today "if the imperialists would dare unleash a new aggressive conflict."

The speaker was Liu Ning-li, deputy chairman of the Chinese Confederation of Labor.

He said Chinese Communist armies had captured nearly all the American military equipment sent to Nationalist forces. He accused "American imperialism" of taking over the role of Japanese fascism. The speaker told 270 delegates

The speaker told 270 delegates from nineteen countries and groups at the Prague section of the Paris "World Peace Congress" that "the peace-ioving people of the whole world must here today give one firm and clear answer to the warmongers:

"'We want peace—democratic and permanent peace.

"'But in case the imperialists would dare unleash a new aggressive conflict, the people of the whole world would unify themselves and would beat down this counter-revolutionary war aggression by armed struggle, as much as it is now being performed by the Chinese people."

Prague, Czechoslovakia, April 24 (A)-Gen. Ludvik Svoboda, Czechoslovakia's Minister of Defense and head of its army, took off his uniform and decorations, put on blue overalls and a beret, and dug coal last night.

The Minister was one of a brigade from the Ministry of Defense which went on a night shift to "dig coal for peace." He did his stint in a mine named for him.

The Czechoslovak news bureau reported that "the Minister worked so fast that he complained there were not enough coal cars to carry the coal away.

Czech Cigarettes Go Communistic

Prague, Czechoslovakia, April 24 (A)—Czech smokers are going to get a mouthful.

The state tobacco monopoly announced today that a new cigarette is going to be placed on sale, containing the highest quality export tobacco-including some blends close to American types. They'll sell for two crowns (four cents)

And the name of this cigarettein honor of a meeting to be held next month-will be: "The Ninth Congress of the Czechoslovak Communist Party 1949." × 5

Greece's Civilian Dead at 9,117 ATHENS, April 24 (AP)-The Ministry of Welfare said today 9,117 civilians had been slain in three years of Greece's civil war. The survey said 25,709 houses had been burned and 102,416 looted. The day's communiqué reported twenty-seven guerrillas were killed and twenty-six captured in two engagements with the Communistled rebels in Western Thrace near the Bulgarian border.

POLISH BISHOPS WARN ON PRESS

Catholics Told To Ignore Attacks On Priests

Warsaw, Poland, April 24 (AP)-The Roman Catholic hierarchy told Poland's millions of Catholics today to ignore attacks on priests carried in the controlled press of the Communist-led Government.

A strongly-worded pastoral letter deplored that "so many members of the clergy have lost their liberty." It said, "We bishops have been unable to find out what they are accused of or to see them, but we have every confidence in their righteousness."

The letter advised Catholics to ignore "ridiculous" charges that priests were enemies of the state and engaged in anti-state activities.

Priest Sentenced To Four Years Last month the Rev. Josef Danson, a Catholic priest, was sentenced in Lodz to four years' imprisonment on charges of using his pulpit to spread "hostile and false news slandering the national administration of Communist-dominated Poland."

The Government has denied any interference with religious activities. It has warned, however, of severe action if the so-called "reactionary" clergy continues to use the pulpit and confessional to spread "anti-state" propaganda.

The pastoral letter, signed by Adam Cardinal Sapieha, Archbishop Stefan Wyszynski, primate of Poland, and all bishops, in effect urged Catholics to boycott the Polish press. It said Catholics should "refrain from reading antichurch organs and participating in anti-church or godless meetings.'

Good Will Appealed For

The letter said good will could resolve differences with the Government but made clear the church has no intention of backing down from its demand for enforcement of constitutional guarantees of religious freedom.

Refernece was made to recent pastoral letters charging that religious instruction in schools is being curbed and crucifixes ordered removed from schoolrooms

by Government authorities. "A Catholic will not take down the cross," said the letter. It urged Catholics to stand firm in their faith no matter what happens.

Recently the Government said it was ready to negotiate with the church if all "hostile" activity of the clergy was ended. The church countered with a demand for full religious freedom and an end to press attacks on the church.

"Political Activities" Assailed

Newspapers for weeks have been assailing priests who engage in alleged political activities and have been attacking Pope Pius for his "anti-Polish" attitude. The church contends all priests are instructed to steer clear of politics.

Authoritative sources said the Government is ready to take whatever steps are necessary, in the form of arrests or otherwise, to halt any "anti-state" activity.

President Boleslaw Beirut, meanwhile, demanded an intensified fight against unnamed "foreign agencies" and a nation-wide mobilization of workers, peasants and intellectuals in what he called the battle for peace. He spoke at a meeting of the United Workers party.

BRITISH AIDE GOES RUSSIAN, MOSCOW SAYS

Embassy Official Quoted As Accusing Attlee Of Selling Out To U.S.

Moscow, April 24 (AP)-The Communist party newspaper Pravda said today a British Embassy official has accused Prime Minister Attlee's Labor Government of warmongering and of selling out Britain to the United States.

The official, identified as Archibald R. Johnston, was quoted as saying he had decided to remain in the Soviet Union in order to devote all of his "energy and talents to the question of peace."

Johnston, a Scot, is editor in chief of the Russian-language newspaper Britanski Soyuznik (British Ally), published by the British Foreign Office for distribution in Russia.

Embassy Launches Inquiry

Pravda devoted almost a third of a page to a letter it said was signed by Johnston. The letter asserted that the British Embassy nere is not interested in improving British-Soviet relations "but, in act, does everything to worsen hese relations.'

Apparently the letter took the British Embassy completely by surprise. No statement was issued by the Embassy immediately. An investigation was launched at the Embassy itself and at the country residence it maintains for staff members. Johnston lives at the country residence.

"Slaves Of American Masters" In the letter attributed to him

Johnston said: "For the English people which avoided at the price of sacrifices the fate of slaves of Hitler's hordes there now is being prepared a no less horrible fate—to be slaves of American masters.

"Now on the streets of London here are American soldiers and officers. In the restaurants are American businessmen, traders, traveling salesmen and agents...

"In the book stores there are ... small pocket booklets in which are compressed like pills tales, stories, articles and essays of the lowest moral caliber."

Explains "Power Projection"

Johnston said that about two weeks ago the press attaché of the British Embassy informed him that campaign "power projection" must be begun in Britansky Soyuznik. He added:

"I must explain this in English terms. It means that Britanski Soyuznik must print articles and photographs demonstrating the military and economic power of America and England in order to frighten the Soviet people and to prove to them the western 'democracies' possess invincible arms.

"The workers in the British Embassy in Moscow met this proposal without enthusiasm, but it would be naive to suppose their opposition was founded on a peace-loving basis. Notwithstanding their convictions, they recognize with regrets that the Soviet people cannot be terrorized.

Renunciation Of Britain

Johnston said he determined "to break once and for all with the British Government" and to remain in the Soviet Union because "the Soviet Union is the leading force in the struggle for peace.'

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Johnston, a journalist all his

adult life, worked formerly for the

London News Chronicle. He is

short, heavy and bald. He has been

Britanski Soyuznik comes out in

Moscow once a week in an edition

of 40,000 to 50,000 copies. It was

started during the war. The paper

carries articles on Britain, British-

Russian relations and official

speeches of British leaders. The

material is prepared in London and

publication.

sent to Moscow for editing and

"Free To Give Up His Job"

London, April 24 (AP)-The Brit-

ish Foreign Office said today it has

received no report as yet from the

Moscow Embassy concerning the

announcement of Archibald R.

Johnston, of the embassy staff, that

he is renouncing his British citizen-

"We are waiting for information,

but apparently there is nothing to

be done about it and no comment

seems necessary. Johnston is, of

course, free to give up his job if he

Willis, Bycar Cases Recalled

recalled two incidents involving

United States Government em-

ployès in Moscow. In April, 1947.

Armond D. Willis said he had re-

signed as United States informa-

tion officer in Russia partly because

Land Near Jerusalem

Awarded to the Arabs

JERUSALEM, April 24 (AP) .--

The Trans-Jordan-Israeli Ar-

mistice Committee last night

awarded nineteen square miles

of land north and south of

Jerusalem to the Arabs. The

Jews received a village as a

The territory awarded to the

Arabs includes the villages of

Beit Iksa, Katana and Battir.

Israel got the village of Walaga.

The transfer is to be effective

May 1. The committee is work-

ing out details of the armistice

signed several weeks ago at

counterbalance.

Rhodes.

The letter attributed to Johnston

doesn't like it for any reason."

in Moscow since February, 1947.

BYRD PLACES PACT PROBLEM UP TO ACHESON

Senator Asks If Vote For Treaty Means Support For Arms Plan

Washington, April 24 (A)-Senator Byrd (D., Va.) asked Dean Acheson, Secretary of State, today if a senator can vote for the North Atlantic security treaty without committing himself to support a foreign-arms program.

Byrd, a chief economy advocate in Congress, said he would like to vote for ratification of the security agreement.

But he said he is not now favorably inclined toward the State Department's proposal to supply \$1,130,000,000 in military equipment in the next year to the eleven nations which signed the agreement along with the United States.

Acheson's Answer Important

Acheson's answer may be of prime importance as the Senate prepares to consider the treaty. with hearings opening Wednesday.

In a letter to Acheson, the Virginian couched his questions in Ithese terms:

"Does the North Atlantic pact, as proposed, commit this nation expressly, impliedly or morally to furnish arms to the member nations following approval of the pact by the Senate?

"Have any communications been had with these nations which would create the impression of a moral obligation to supply arms upon approval of the pact and, if so, what were such obligations?"

May Affect Consideration

Acheson's reply to Byrd's questions is certain to have far-reaching effect on Senate consideration of both the treaty and the arms proposal. The treaty must have two thirds approval of senators voting to become effective. The arms program will need majority approval of both Houses.

Acheson may have a ready answer for Byrd. He reportedly touched on the very subject of senatorial commitment in a private appearance Thursday before the Senate Foreign Relations Committee. Byrd is not a member of it.

Acheson made no statement after the meeting, but a committee member, Senator Smith (R., N.J.), said that Acheson had made clear his feeling that a vote for the pact would not commit the senators to vote for the arms program. Byrd's letter made no mention of this.

George, Taft Take Same Stand

In his approach to the double-barreled foreign question, Byrd represents in viewpoint a sizable segment of Senate opinion. Senator George (D., Ga.), chairman of the Senate Finance Committee, and Senator Taft (Ohio), chairman of the Republican Policy Committee, have taken somewhat the same position.

Behind their questioning of the wisdom of supplying arms to other nations lie several objections. Not the least of these is the expressed fear that this government will be spending itself into a deficit if the brakes aren't applied quickly.

To some Senators any such course holds the threat of increased taxation at a time when business has slackened.

Tydings On Arming Europe

Senator Tydings, chairman of the Senate Armed Services Committee, said in a broadcast that military leaders of pact nations are "tentatively in agreement about what each of them would try to do in the event of a world war, to make the North Atlantic countries successful in any possible future struggle."

At the same time Tydings:

1. Forecast pact ratification.

2. Estimated first-year costs of rearming Europe at about "four or five hundred million dollars in money." He apparently excluded cost of arms to be transferred that were included by Secretary Acheson in a \$1,130,000,000 first-year

To Save From ERP

3. Expressed hope that price drops will save enough funds from the \$5.580,000,000 European Recovery Program to pay the European rearmament costs.

4. Announced support for an effort to hold all defense costs to \$15,000,000,000 although the House already has passed appropriations carrying about \$400,000,000 more than that for defense costs exclusive of the European rearmament.

Tydings said arms implementation was still in the "conversational stage" and many of the European nations "just recovering from the effect of war are not in a position at once to rearm themselves." As an example, Tydings cited France, which was occupied by German forces for several years and so lacked manpower and weapons for its new army.

"So, we are considering letting France have some of the weapons that we ourselves probably would not need in the event of another European war," he said. "Certainly we would not need them at the start, and we hope we wouldn't need them at all."

BUNCHE MAY BE ACHESON AIDE

Mediator Considered For Assistant Secretary Of State

Washington, April 24 (AP)—Dr Ralph Bunche, United Nations mediator for Palestine, today was reported under consideration for nomination as Assistant Secretary of State.

Informed officials said he is a likely choice as one of four new aides to Dean Acheson, Secretary of State, whom Congress has been asked to authorize.

Bunche is regarded as well qualified for the post of assistant secretary for Near Eastern and African affairs, or assistant for United Nations affairs. Officials said selections for all the prospective posts were still open and it is not known whether Bunche has been approached.

Former Howard Professor

Senate confirmation of his nomination would give Bunche one of the highest Government posts ever attained by a Negro. He is 44, a grandson of a slave, and formerly was a professor at Howard University here.

His success as Palestine mediator following the death of Count Folke Bernadotte put him in the forefront of prospects for both State Department and United Nations appointments.

Creation of four new assistant secretaries was recommended by the Hoover Commission on Government Reorganization. Authorization for the additional posts has been approved by the Senate Foreign Relations Committee.

Two Promotions Likely

Present State Department plans are to promote two assistant secretaries as under secretaries, one of whom may be Dean Rusk, present assistant for United Nations affairs. Bunche is regarded as an authority on problems of backward areas and colonial peoples. He was associate chief of the State Department's division of dependent affairs before being named director of the United Nations trusteeship division in 1946.

From this post he went to Palestine as deputy to Count Bernadotte, who later died from an assassin's bullet.

TWO SENATORS STILL HOPEFUL OF CHINA AID

Insist On Full Airing Of U.S. Policies

Washington, April 24 (P)—Two Republican senators said today they still are hopeful of winning congressional aid for anti-Communist forces in China in spite of the new Red Army sweep.

Senators, Knowland, of California, and Bridges, of New Hampshire, said in separate interviews that their first step will be insistence of a full congressional airing of this Government's past policies toward China.

In the face of easy advances by Chinese Communist forces, Knowland asserted the "situation there is not hopeless."

Sees Iron Curtain Extension

Bridges said that if the Communists gain control of China they will push the "Iron Curtain over most of the millions of Asia."

Knowland has been demanding a full-dress investigation of the China policies by a special Senate-House committee with a special staff and a \$50,000 fund.

Because of open opposition by Dean Acheson, Secretary of State, and other top Administration advisers to large-scale China aid, this inquiry faces an uphill road in Congress.

Bridges said, however, the full inquiry into the China Aid policies and program actually may come through Senator McCarran (D., Nevada).

Author And Chairman

McCarran is author of a \$1,500,000,000.000 China aid program that Acheson has publicly criticized. But the senator also is chairman of the Senate appropriations subcommittee which will hold hearings on the funds for the State Department.

Those hearings could be used for a full investigation of China aid, Bridges observed.

Both Knowland and Bridges accused Secretary Acheson of doing great damage to the "free and independent" leaders of China by his letter of April 14 rejecting the McCarran aid proposals.

Acheson claimed that this country had provided about \$2,000,000,000,000 of China aid since Japan surrendered but added that the Nationalist Government there lacked the "military capability of maintaining a foothold in South China."

To undertake a program of the magnitude proposed would be "catastrophic," Acheson said. There is no evidence that more military supplies would alter the situation, he added.

Knowland, Bridges, McCarran and other senators dispute the State Department attitude.

JUDIAH COPLON ON TRIAL TODAY

Former U.S. Employe To Face Espionage Charge

Washington, April 24 (P)—Judith Coplon, Justice Department worker accused of attempting to pass secret Government papers to a Russian agent, is scheduled to go on trial here tomorrow.

Miss Coplon, 27, faces a charge here of copying and removing confidential documents "with intent and reason to believe the information was to be used to the injury of the United States and to the advantage of a foreign nation."

She also is under indictment in New York along with Valentine A. Gubitchev, 32, suspended Soviet employé of the United Nations. They are charged with conspiring to obtain secret Government data.

Arrested In New York

Miss Coplon was indicted here March 16 on charges of copying and taking documents from the Justice Department files from about December 10, 1948, to March 4, this year.

Miss Coplon and the Russian were arrested in New York March 4 while keeping an alleged rendezvous on Third avenue. The FBI said Miss Coplon at that time had in her purse intelligence reports relating to spying.

Miss Coplon, who worked as a political analyst in the Justice Department's foreign agents registration section for six years before her arrest, has defied any espionage activity.

Preparing To Write Book

When she was arraigned here March 21 Attorney Archibald Palmer said Judith was assembling material for a romantic novel with a political background when she was picked up by the FBI.

Describing the case as "much ado about nothing," Palmer said the notes found in Miss Coplon's purse were for her projected book. As for her meeting with Gubitchev, Palmer said:

"Meeting a foreigner is just like a Frenchman kissing your hand—it doesn't mean a thing."

TWO GROUPS DRAW PROBE

Committee Hearings Today On Slav Congress And UEW

Washington, April 24 (P)—The House Un-American Activities Committee starts hearings tomorrow on how far Communists may have dug into the American Slav Congress and the CIO-United Electrical Workers Union.

They are the first hearings the committee has billed in the present Congress.

Meantime the committee main-

tained its hunt for spies after turning its spotlight yesterday on the story of a former Polish military attaché that espionage rings had headed up in the Polish Embassy here.

Three Witnesses Tomorrow
Three witnesses described as
"friendly" are slated for tomorrow.
The identity of one was kept secret
for purposes of protection. He is
described as a former Communist
who turned against the party.

The others are Judge Blair F.

Court in Pittsburgh, and John Sherman, also of Pittsburgh, a lawyer for several UEW locals. Gunther is of Polish descent and

Gunther, of the Common Pleas

Gunther is of Polish descent and was the first chairman of the board of the American Slav Congress. The congress was founded in the Fall of 1941 and held its first convention in Detroit the following year. Gunther got out in 1944

The organization has since been cited as subversive and Communist by Tom Clark, Attorney General.

Training Cruises Set For Naval Reservists

Washington, April 24 (P)—The Navy said tonight it will have places for 14,900 naval reservists aboard ships making training cruises from Atlantic and Pacific ports during May and June.

Of the 28 training cruises, 20 will sail from Atlantic and coast ports, the others from the Pacific Coast. A majority of the cruises from the East Coast will include calls at foreign ports.

The May 21 cruise from Seattle will include a call to Alaska and the June 30 cruise from San Francisco will include a liberty call at Hawaii.

In addition to naval reservists, members of the Naval Reserve Officers Training Corps from various colleges will make the cruise starting June 25 from Norfolk, Va., to the Panama Canal Zone. Midshipmen from Annapolis will make the June 26 trip from Norfolk aboard the carrier Leyte.

BY ALVIN J.STEINKOPF

LOUDON, APRIL 24-(AP)-CANDY PATIONING ENDED TODAY AND NOT SINCE 1942 HAS THE UNITED KINGDOM SEEN SO MANY SMEARED FACES AND STICKY

THERE WAS ONLY ONE UNPLEASANT THOUGHT ABOUT IT FOR BRITAIN'S JUVENILES. THERE MAY BE A LOT OF STOMACH ACHES TOMORROW AFTER THE ORGY -- AND CASTOR OIL.

BUT TODAY WAS FINE AND SUNNY AND IF ANYONE WAS UNHAPPY IT WAS NOT WITHIN SOUND OF BOW BELLS, WHERE EVERYONE WAS FULL OF GUMDROPS. THAT IS THE REGION WHERE THE TRUE COCKNEY DWELLS.

IN THE WEST END, GENTLEMEN WITH DATES BOUGHT CHOCOLATES WITH

RIBBON AROUND THEM.
AT THE RESORTS BY THE SEA, EVERYONE WAS LICKING FLUFFY CLOUDS OF

SYRUP SPUN ON STICKS.

THE RECTOR OF A MORTH SIDE CHURCH, HIS CHEEKS PUFFED OUT WITH 5 134 BOYS, WHO ADJOURNED TO TONY'S LOLLYPOP PARLOR.
NATURALLY, THE CONFECTIONERS' SHOPS TOOK A BEATING. WHILE

RATIONING WAS ABOLISHED, MANY MERCHANTS HAD TO IMPOSE A LIMIT OF A POUNT

OR TWO TO A CUSTOMER TO PROTECT THEMSELVES.

BUT IN THIS NEW FREE AGE FOR YOUNGSTERS THERE'S NO LAW AGAINST GOING TO OTHER SHOPS. HENCE THERE WAS A LOT OF BUSTLING ABOUT

FOR A SUNDAY.
THERE WERE GOOD SUBSTANTIAL BRITISH QUEUES EVERYWHERE, BUT NO

SERIOUS CASUALTIES.

MOST POPULAR COMMODITY IN THE GRIMY NEIGHBORHOODS WAS THE "DOLLY MIXTURE, " A QUARTER OR HALF POUND SACK OF CONFECTIONS OF VARIOUS SHAPES, COLORS, TASTES AND STATES OF STICKINESS. THE SMALLER BAG COST FIVE PENCE -- WHICH IS ABOUT SIX GUM DROPS LESS THAN A DIME.

BUT THERE ALSO WAS A BIG DEMAND FOR THINGS CALLED BULLS FYES,

AND ENGLISH HUMBUGS.

LIFE WAS A LITTLE SWEETER, TOO, FOR FOOD MINISTER JOHN STRACHEY. THE EDITORIALS, FRIENDLY FOR A CHANGE, WERE CALLING HIM "SUGAR DADDY." LS122PED

FOLO NANKING (A27)

ONDON, APRIL 24-(AP)-THE ADMIRALTY REPORTED TONIGHT THAT THE BRITISH SLOOP AMETHYST, TRAPPED ON THE YANGTZE RIVER, "WAS UNMOLESTED

TODAY."

THE VESSEL REMAINS ANCHORED OFF THE SOUTH BANK EAST OF MANKING,

THE 'ADMIRALTY STATEMENT SAID.

THE FIRST SEA LORD, ADMIRAL OF THE FLEET LORD FRASER, SENT A MESSAGE OF ENCOURAGEMENT TONIGHT TO VICE ADMIRAL A.C.G. MADDEN, SECOND IN COMMAND OF THE FAR EASTERN STATION, FOR TRANSMISSION TO

THE AMETHYST.

"PERSONAL FROM THE FIRST SEA LORD," THE MESSAGE SAID. "I
HAVE GREATLY ADMIRED YOUR FORTITUDE. YOU ARE ALL MUCH IN MY
THOUGHTS, AND EVERYONE IS DOING HIS BEST FOR YOU."

GH427PES

LONDON. APRIL 24-(AP)-THE BRITISH SLOOP AMETHYST, CRIPPLED AND TRAPPED ON THE YANGTZE RIVER, IS GETTING ALONG ALL RIGHT, THE ADMIRALTY REPORTED TODAY.

A BRIEF COMMUNIQUE REPORTED THE SLOOP STILL IS ANCHORED ON THE SOUTH BANK OF THE RIVER AT TAN TU VILLAGE, WHERE IT MOVED YESTERDAY.

AND "HAS HAD AN UNEVENTEUL MIGHT." ANOTHER SAID "THE SPIRIT OF ALL IS GOOD." DN739AED

LONDON, APRIL 24-(AP)-THE BRITISH CONSUL GENERAL IN SHANGHAI HAS DECIDED AGAINST ADVISING BRITISH RESIDENTS TO EVACUATE THE CITY "FOR THE TIME BEING," A FOREIGN OFFICE SPOKESMAN SAID TODAY. CHINESE COMMUNIST TROOPS ARE MOVING TOWARD SHANGHAI.

AND OTHER MEMBERS OF PARLIAMENT CONCERNING THE SHELLING OF BRITISH WARSHIPS IN THE YANGTZE RIVER WILL BE ANSWERED BY PRIME MINISTER ATTLEE IN THE HOUSE OF COMMONS TUESDAY. THE QUESTIONS HAVE BEEN SO PENETRATING AND RAISE SO MANY ISSUES OF POLICY THAT THE CABINET WILL DELIBERATE MONDAY ON THE ANSWERS TO BE GIVEN. FOREIGN SECRETARY ERNEST BEVIN WILL PRESENT REPORTS

BRITISH DIPLOMATS ON RECENT DEVELOPMENTS IN CHINA. NUMEROUS MEMBERS OF PARLIAMENT ARE EAGER FOR GOVERNMENT EXPLANATIONS AS TO WHY BRITISH SHIPS WERE IN THE YANGTZE AT A TIME OF GREAT STRESS. OTHERS WISH TO KNOW WHY, IF THEIR MISSIONS WERE OF VITAL IMPORTANCE, THE VESSELS WERE NOT PROTECTED BY AIRCRAFT.

DEFENSE MINISTER A. V. ALEXANDER SAID HE DROPPED PLANS TO GO TO OSLO, NORWAY, SO HE CAN BE PRESENT FOR THE PARLIAMENTARY DEBATE. HE HAD A SPEAKING ENGAGEMENT IN NORWAY. HJ1022PES

ASHBURGTON, ENG., APRIL 24-(AP)-BRITAIN HAILED A 23-YEAR-OLD RADIO OPERATOR TODAY AS A HERO OF THE BELEAGUERED NAVY SLOOP AMETHYST.

THE OPERATOR, JACK LEONARD FRENCH, STILL IS ABOARD THE AMETHYST. THE BRITISH VESSEL LIES ANCHORED NEAR THE SOUTH BANK OF THE YANGTZE RIVER, HER HULL BATTERED BY CHINESE COMMUNIST SHELLFIRE AND HER ESCAPE CUT OFF BY RED CONTROL OF THE STREAM.

FRENCH STUCK BY HIS MORSE RADIO SET DAY AND NIGHT SENDING REPORTS ON THE SHIP UNTIL VICE ADM. CHARLES MADDEN, ACTING COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF IN THE FAR EAST, RADIOED HIM HIS PERFORMANCE WAS "MAGNIFICENT" AND TOLD HIM TO GET SOME SLEEP.

FOR A FEW HOURS YESTERDAY MO WORD WAS HEARD FROM THE AMETHYST. PRESUMABLY FRENCH WAS GETTING SOME SLEEP, HIS FIRST

SINCE WEDNESDAY. HIS PARENTS, TWO BROTHERS AND A SISTER DID NOT KNOW UNTIL TODAY THAT FRENCH WAS THE OPERATOR. THEY HEARD HIS NAME GIVEN ON A BRITISH BROADCASTING COMPANY PROGRAM AND LEARNED THAT

WAS SAFE. HIS AILING MOTHER RECEIVED A STREAM OF CALLERS AT HER HOME HERE. SHE TOLD THE NEIGHBORS: "JACK WAS ALWAYS A SHY BOY. HE WON'T

LIKE ALL THIS FUSS ABOUT HIM." HIS FATHER, AN UNEMPLOYED BAKER, SAID WHEN FRENCH WAS A LITTLE BOY HE WOULD TRUN AWAY FROM SCHOOLBOY FIGHTS -- BUT HE WAS NEVER A CRY BABY."

GH253PED

CANNES, FRANCE, APRIL 24-(AP)-EX-EMPEROR BAO DIA LEFT HERE TODAY

BY PLANE FOR SAIGON, WHERE HE IS SCHEDULED SOON TO RESUME HIS THRONE.

BY THIS STEP THE FRENCH HOPE TO END THE WARFARE WHICH HAS SPUTTERED IN TO TAKE PART IN PALESTINE PEACE TALKS AT LAUSANNE BETWEEN INVITATION TO TAKE PART IN PALESTINE PEACE TALKS AT LAUSANNE BETWEEN AND ISDAEL A SPOKESMAN FOR THE UNITED NATIONS

INDOCHINA FOR THREE YEARS.

INDEPENDENCE-SEEKING NATIONALISTS HAVE FOUGHT FRENCH TROOPS THROUGH PALESTINE CONCILIATION COMMISSION SAID TONIGHT. OUT THE SOUTHEAST ASIA COLONY, EXACTING A HEAVY TOLL IN LIVES, MONEY AND PROPERTY. THE BAO DAI GOVERNMENT IS TO BE SEMI-AUTONOMOUS, ACCORD WHICH WILL TAKE PART IN THE CONFERENCE, INTENDED TO IRON OUT ING TO PRESENT PLANS. AND THE FRENCH HOPE THE NATIONALISTS WILL RALLY PROBLEMS HOLDING UP A FINAL PALESTINE PEACE. THE OTHER THREE ARE EGYPT ING TO PRESENT PLANS, AND THE FRENCH HOPE THE NATIONALISTS WILL RALLY ROUND BAO DAI AND SWING AWAY FROM MOSCOW-TRAINED HO CHI MINH, THE MATIONALIST LEADER.

BAO DAI IS DUE IN SAIGON NEXT FRIDAY. INDOCHINA IS COMPOSED OF FIVE PROVINCES -- TONKIN, ANNAM, COCHIN CHINA, CAMBODIA AND LAOS.
BAO DAI WOULD RULE OVER TONKIN AND ANNAM. CAMBODIA AND LAOS ARE RULED
BY THEIR OWN KINGS. COCHIN CHINA IS DECIDING BY PLEBISCITE WHETHER I IT WOULD JOIN ANNAM OR TONKIN. INDOCHINA HAS A TOTAL POPULATION OF ABOUT 25,000,000.

B2 (Q) (200)

INDOCHINESE CANNES, FRANCE, APRIL 24-(AP)-BAO DAI, DEPOSED EMPEROR OF ANNAM, LEFT BY PLANS TODAY FOR INDOCHINA, WHERE HE MAY SOON RESUME HIS

THRONE IN A UNITED VIETNAMESE STATE.

DISPATCHES FROM SAIGON SAID FOLLOWERS OF HO CHI MINH, WHO HAS BEEN FIGHTING THE FRENCH FOR THE INDEPENDENCE OF A VIETNAMESE REPUBLIC SINCE 1945, STAGED A QUIET DEMONSTRATION AGAINST THE EX-*EMPEROR'S RETURN.

LEAFLETS DISTRIBUTED BY THE "TOWN COMMITTEES OF SAIGON AND CHOLON," A VIETNAMESE ORGANIZATION WHICH HAS ASSUMED THE ROLE OF AN UNDERGROUND GOVERNMENT, URGED VIETNAMESE TO STAY OFF THE STREETS FOR THREE HOURS. OBSERVERS SAID THE STREETS WERE MUCH LESS CROWDED

THAN USUAL.

DAO DAI, WHO IS DUE IN SAIGON FRIDAY, AND THE FRENCH GOVERNMENT HAVE REACHED AGREEMENT FOR HIM TO RULE OVER A SEMI-AUTONOMOUS VIETNAMESE STATE COMPOSED OF ANNAM AND TONKIN, TWO OF INDOCHINA'S FIVE PROVINCES. COCHIN-CHINA CHOSE A CONSULTATIVE ASSEMBLY IN AN ELECTION ON APRIL 11 IN WHICH LEADING CANDIDATES FAVORED THAT COLONY'S JOINING THE NEW STATE ALSO. THE ELECTION WAS CHARACTERIZED, HOWEVER, BY THE REFUSAL OF MANY VIETNAMESE TO GO TO THE POLLS.

THE FRENCH HOPE THE EMPEROR, RULING OVER A SEMI-AUTONOMOUS STATE, WILL BE ABLE TO WEAN AWAY FROM MOSCOW-TRAINED HO CHI MINH MANY

OF HIS NATIONALIST FOLLOWERS.

BAO DAI IS DUE IN SAIGON FRIDAY. HO CHI MINH'S VIETNAMESE HAVE ALREADY CALLED HIM A TRAITOR.

G414PED

THE ARAB COUNTRIES AND ISRAEL, A SPOKESMAN FOR THE UNITED NATIONS

SYRIA'S ACCEPTANCE BRINGS TO FOUR THE NUMBER OF ARAB NATIONS

TRANS-JORDAN AND LEBANON.

THE COMMISSION MET TODAY AND DECIDED TO CONFER WITH THE ISRAELI DELEGATION TUESDAY. THE COMMISSION WILL MEET WITH THE ARAB DELEGATIONS LATER.

BY LYNN HEINZERLING

GENEVA, SWITZERLAND, APRIL 24-(AP)-THE FUTURE OF THE BELGIAN THRONE MAY BE AT STAKE IN TALKS IN SWITZERLAND THIS WEEKEND. AN AIR OF MYSTERY SURROUNDS THE CONVERSATIONS.

PRINCE REGENT CHARLES REACHED BERN LAST NIGHT BY AUTOMOBILE, THEN DISAPPEARED. PAUL-HENRI SPAAK, THE BELGIAN PREMIER, TRAVELED FROM LUGANO TO BERN AND ALSO VANISHED. LEOPOLD III, THE EXILED KING, IS REPORTED TO BE STILL AT HIS VAILLA AT PREGNY, OUTSIDE GENEVA.

THERE WAS NO OFFICIAL WORD AS TO WHEN OR WHERE THE TALKS WOULD TAKE PLACE, NOR WHAT WOULD BE COVERED IN THE TALKS. BRUSSELS NEWSPAPERS SAID PRINCE CHARLES AND HIS BROTHER, LEOPOLD, WOULD DISCUSS THE FUTURE OF THE KINGDOM AND MEANS OF ENDING THE REGENCY.

THE EXILED MONARCH WAS REPORTED CHAFING UNDER HIS LONG STAY AWAY FROM BELGIUM AND TO BE SEEKING MEANS OF RETURNING TO THE THRONE HIMSELF OR OF PUTTING HIS ELDEST SON, PRINCE BADOUIN, THERE.

THE KING'S POLITICAL OPPONENTS ARE AGAINST HIS RETURN. THEY HOLD HE TOOK THE WRONG STAND WHEN THE BELGIANS CAPITULATED TO THE GERMANS IN 1940. THEY ALSO ARE CRITICAL OF HIS ATTITUDE DURING THE GERMAN OCCUPATION OF BELGIUM.

LEOPOLD'S DAUGHTER, PRINCESS JOSEPHINE-CHARLOTTE, PAID HER FIRST POSTWAR VISIT TO BELGIUM TWO WEEKS AGO AND DREW CHEERS FROM CROWDS LOYAL TO THE ROYAL FAMILY WHEREVER SHE WENT. SHE STAYED FIX DAYS AND GOT PARTICULARLY WARM RECEPTIONS IN FLANDERS AND THE ARDENNES.

POLITICAL OBSERVERS IN BELGIUM SAID AT THE TIME THEY REGARDED THE PRINCESS' VISIT AS A TEST OF PUBLIC SENTIMENT ON THE RETURN OF LEOPOLD OR BADOUIN BEFORE THE FORTHCOMING ELECTIONS.

CHARLES WAS CHOSEN REGENT BY THE BELGIAN PARLIAMENT IN 1944 AND HIS REGENCY WAS EXTENDED INDEFINITELY THE FOLLOWING YEAR. LEOPOLD HAS NOT BEEN IN BELGIUM SINCE THE WAR.

GH1127AED

BERLIN, APRIL 24-(AP)-A BRITISH SOLDIER IS MISSING TODAY AND THREE GERMAN POLICE OF THE AMERICAN ZONE ARE IN RUSSIAN HANDS AFTER

TWO BORDER SHOOTINGS.

BRITISH MILITARY GOVERNMENT OFFICIALS AT HAMBURG SAID THE BRITISH SOLDIER HAS BEEN MISSING SINCE FRIDAY. OFFICIALS SAID THREE BRITISH SOLDIERS WERE WALKING ALONG AN UNUSED RAILWAY TRACK AT KLEIN ZECHER TOWARD THE SOVIET ZONE BORDER WHEN A RUSSIAN SENTRY FIRED ON THEM WITH A TOMMYGUN.

THE THREE SOLDIERS THREW THEMSELVES TO THE GROUND. TWO RAN FOR SAFETY WHILE THE SENTRY WAS SHIFTING HIS POSITION. WHEN THEY REACHED COVER THEY DISCOVERED THEIR COMRADE WAS NOT WITH THEM.

SENIOR BRITISH OFFICIALS HAVE BEEN NEGOTIATING FOR HIS RELEASE. GERMAN OFFICIALS AT COBURG IN THE AMERICAN ZONE QUOTED A FARMER WITNESS AS SAYING RUSSIAN TROOPS SEIZED THREE GERMAN PATROLMEN OF THE BORDER PATROL AFTER WOUNDING ONE WITH A BURST OF TOMMYGUN FIRE.

THE WITNESS SAID THE PATROLMEN WERE ATTACKED YESTERDAY A FEW YARDS FROM THE WOODED FRONTIER ABOUT 10 MILES

FROM COBURG.

AS ONE PATROLMAN LAY WRITHING ON THE GROUND WITH A LEG WOUND, THE OTHER TWO PATROLMEN WERE FORCED TO MARCH WITH HANDS UP AS CAPTIVES OF THE RUSSIANS. NEGOTIATIONS WERE STARTED FOR THEIR RELEASE ALSO.

MEANWHILE, AMERICAN OFFICIALS SAID IT WAS NOT TRUE THAT THE WESTERN MILITARY GOVERNORS PLAN A MEETING WITH THE SOVIET

COMMANDER TO DISCUSS LIFTING THE BERLIN BLOCKADE.

THE BRITISH-LICENSED GERMAN PRESS SERVICE HAD REPORTED THE WESTERN GOVERNORS WERE PLANNING SUCH A MEETING TO DISCUSS LIFTING THE BERLIN BLOCKADE AND REPLACING ALL MILITARY GOVERNMENTS IN GERMANY WITH CIVILIAN ADMINISTRATIONS.

SIX AMERICAN SOLDIERS IN THE MANNHEIM MILITARY PRISON WERE BURN IN A FIRE AND THREE OF THEM DIED EARLY TODAY. THE OTHER THREE WERE

IN A SERIOUS CONDITION IN THE HEIDELBERG ARMY HOSPITAL.

THE FIRE WAS BELIEVED TO HAVE STARTED IN CLEANING FLUID IN THE KITCHEN STORE ROOM. THE NAMES OF THE DEAD AND INJURED WERE NOT ANNOUNCED.

GH1134AED

BEDLIN, APRIL 24-(AP)-THE ARMY HAS STOPPED HIRING AMERICAN CIVILIA

FOR MILITARY GOVERNMENT JOBS IN GERMANY.

COL. JAMES T. DUKE, PERSONNEL OFFICER, SAID TODAY RECRUITMENT HAS BEEN FROZEN BECAUSE CONSIDERABLE CHANGE IN ORGANIZATION IS EXPECTED WHEN THE ARMY TURNS THE OCCUPATION JOB OVER TO A CIVILIAN

THE SWITCH TO A CIVILIAN GOVERNOR IS LIKELY TO BE MADE IN JULY. HIGH COMMISSIONER. GEM. LUCIUS D.CI.AY, MILITARY GOVERNOR, PLANS TO RETIRE AT THAT TIME. JOHN J.MCCLOY, FORMER ASSISTANT SECRETARY OF WAR AND HEAD OF THE WORLD BANK, HAS BEEN REPORTED AS THE CHOICE FOR CIVILIAN COMMISSIONER IF HE WILL ACCEPT THE JOB.

MILITARY GOVERNMENT NOW HAS ABOUT 2,500 AMERICAN EMPLOYES IN THE AMERICAN ZONE AND IN THE U.S. SECTOR OF BERLIN. THE STAFF ONCE WAS THREE TIMES ITS PRESENT SIZE BUT NOW, AFTER A YEAR AND A HALF OF STEADY PARING, THE AMERICANS HAVE THE SMALLEST PAYROLL OF ALL THE OCCUPYING POWERS. LATEST FIGURES SHOWED THE BRITISH WITH S,000 AND THE FRENCH WITH 9,000.

(100) HAMBURG, GERMANY, APRIL 24-(AP)-A GERMAN COURT YESTERDAY ACQUITTED VEIT HARLAN, GERMAN FILM PRODUCER, OF CHARGES THAT HE COMMITTED A CRIME AGAINST HUMANITY BY MAKING THE MOTION PICTURE "JEW SUESS." THE PROSECUTION HAD CONTENDED THAT HARLAN, BY PRODUCING THE ANTI-SEMITIC PICTURE IN 1939, HELPED ADOLF HITLER IN THE CAMPAIGN TO XTERMINATE THE JEWS. HARLAN TESTIFIED THAT JOSEF GOEBBELS, THE NAZI PROPAGANDA CHIEFTAIN, COMPELLED HIM TO MAKE THE FILM.
THE COURT'S OPINION WAS THAT WHAT HAPPENED TO THE JEWS HITLER YEARS WOULD HAVE HAPPENED WHETHER THE PICTURE WAS MADE OR MOT IT RULED THAT HARLAN HAD NO CHOICE BUT TO OBEY ORDERS TO MAKE IT. HJ1024PES

Belgrade, Tugoslavia, April 24-(ap)-Yugoslavia paid solemn tribute today

to Djure Djakovich, a communist who was slain 20 years ago.

His body was brought by special train from its resting place in the Slovene village of Sve Duh and buried in Kalimegdan Park here.

Premier Marshal Tito and other members of Yugoslavia's communist politburg

attended the ceremony.

Tito's regime has classified Tito's Djakovich as one of the nation's earliest communist heroes. Djakovich served as secretary of the co munist party when it was illegal in the years of the monarchy. Communis FOREIGN OFFICE FOR DISTRIBUTION HERE. say he was slain for refusing to tell secrets.

Yugoslavia now is at odds with the nations in the Moscow-directed cominform BY THE BRITISH EMBASSY FOR ITS STAFF MEMBERS.

BRITANSKI SOYUZNIK COMES OUT IN MOSCOW ONCE A WEEK IN EDITIONS

Potentially the ceremony had present day political significance.

(communist international information bureau).

By honoring an oldtime revolutionary, Tito's regime offered again a demonstration of its claim that it is pursuing the old line of communism. The cominform has accused Tito of deviating from true communism and pursuing nationalistic policies.

Speakers at today's ceremony coupled tributes to the dead "hero" with soviet union in Their STRUGGLE FOR PEACE!"

denunciati ns of the "lies and slanders" of the cominform countries.

apr/singletens 1230s/tho/1248p

MOSCOW, APRIL 24-(AP)-A LETTER IN THE OFFICIAL COMMUNIST NEWSPAPER PRAVDA CARRYING THE SIGNATURE OF AN OFFICIAL OF THE BRITISH EMBASSY HERE TODAY CALLED BRITISH PRIME MINISTER CLEMENT ATTLEE AND FOREIGN SECRETARY ERNEST BEVIN "WARMONGERS."

THE LETTER, WHICH OCCUPIED ALMOST THE FULL THIRD PAGE OF PRAVDA, BORE THE SIGNATURE OF ARCHIBALD R. JOHNSTON. HE IS EDITOR OF THE RUSSIAN-LANGUAGE NEWSPAPER BRITANSKI SOYUZNIK PUBLISHED BY THE BRITIS

THE LETTER SAID JOHNSTON HAS DECIDED TO STAY IN THE SOVIET UNION TO DEVOTE ALL HIS "ENERGY AND TALENTS TO THE QUESTION OF PEACE." IT CLAIMED THE BRITISH LABOR GOVERNMENT HAS SOLD OUT TO THE UNITED STATES AND DESCRIBED "ANTI-SOVIET" ACTIVITIES OF THE BRITISH EMBASSY IN MOSCOW AND "ANTI-SOVIET" EDITORIAL POLICIES OF THE NEWSPAPER JOHNSTON EDITED.

JOHNSTON IS A SCOT WHO LIVED FOR MANY YEARS IN ABERDEEN. THE BRITISH EMBASSY HAS MADE NO STATEMENT ABOUT THE LETTER. JOHNSTON, WHO IS SHORT, HEAVY AND BALD EXCEPT FOR A FRINGE OF GREY HAIR, IS OUT OF TOWN AT THE COUNTRY RESIDENCE MAINTAINED

OF 40 TO 50 THOUSAND COPIES. IT WAS STARTED DURING THE WAR AND HAS CONTINUED.

IT CARRIES ARTICLES ON BRITAIN, BRITISH-RUSSIAN RELATIONS, AND OFFICIAL SPEECHES OF BRITISH LEADERS. THE MATERIAL IS PREPARED IN LONDON AND SENT HERE FOR EDITING AND PUBLICATION. DN655AED

ALIO

MOSCOW, APRIL 24-(AP)-THIS IS THE TIME OF YEAR FOR MAY DAY SLOGANS IN RUSSIA. SLOGAN NO. 4, OF A PROJECTED TOTAL OF 51, WAS ISSUED TODAY BY THE CENTRAL COMMITTEE OF THE COMMUNIST PARTY. THIS ONE, AND THE OTHERS, WILL BE DISPLAYED ON PLACARDS, BANNERS AND POSTERS ON MAY 1, WHICH IS THE EUROPEAN LABOR DAY AND A PRINCIPAL SOVIET HOLIDAY. IT SAID:

FRIENDSHIP OF THE PEOPLES OF THE SOVIET UNION, THE UNITED STATES AND ENGLAND IS THE BEST GUARANTEE OF A FIRM PEACE. LONG LIVE THE BROTHERLY ALLIANCE OF THE PEOPLES OF ENGLAND, THE UNITED STATES AND THE

GH/WW256PES

MOSCOW, APRIL 24-(AP)-THE VAKHTANGOV THEATER IN MOSCOW HAS BEEN CRITICIZED FOR PRESENTING AN AMERICAN PLAY--"ALL MY SONS." THE PLAY, WRITTEN BY ARTHUR MILLER, WAS DESCRIBED IN A LEAD EDITORIAL IN THE PAPER SOVIET ART AS A "LIBERAL, MARROW, BOURGEOIS PLAY."

"ALL MY SONS," WHICH RELATES THE STORY OF A MAN WHO PROFITED FROM THE WAR BUT LOST A SON THROUGH SHODDY MANUFACTURE OF WAR GOODS WON THE NEW YORK DRAMA CRITICS AWARD IN 1946-47. HIS NEWEST PLAY, "DEATH OF A SALESMAN," WON THE SAME AWARD THIS YEAR. LS135PED

THE REDS WERE SAID TO HAVE SOO, OOO MEN IN THE GIGANTIC OPERATION.
THE ONLY REPORT OF NATIONALIST OFFENSIVE ACTION WAS THE STRAFING OF NANKING'S INNER AIRFIELD YESTERDAY BY THREE GOVERNMENT PLANES.

THE REDS SAID THE PLANES OVERSHOT THEIR MARK AND MACHINE-GUNNED STREETS IN THE CAPITAL. VOUNDING SEVERAL CIVILIANS.

ASSOCIATED PRESS CORRESPONDENT JAMES FLOOD SAID THE FEELING WAS

CONTRIBUTING TO THIS FEELING, HE SAID, WERE THESE FACTS: WITH RAIL LINES CUT, EVACUATION BY SEA WAS THE ONLY CERTAIN ESCAPE ROUTE. FOR NATIONALIST TROOPS IN THE SHANGHAI AREA: HEAVY MOVEMENT OF TROOPS AND EQUIPMENT TO SHANGHAI'S DOCKS; THE REPORTED FLIGHT SOUTH OF GEN. TANG EN-PO, DEFENSE COMMANDER OF THE MANKING-SHANGHAI-HANGCHOW AREA, AND OTHER OFFICIALS.

SEYMOUR TOPPING, ASSOCIATED PRESS CORRESPONDENT IN NANKING, RE-PORTED THAT BY SUNDAY NIGHT 20,000 COMMUNIST SOLDIERS HAD QUIETLY SPREAD ALL OVER MANKING, WHICH SIGHED WITH RELIEF THAT THE CHANGEOVER

HAD BEEN REASONABLY SAFE

IN MIDAFTERMOON THREE GOVERNMENT PLANES STRAFED THE "MING TOMB" AIRFIELD INSIDE NANKING'S WALLS, AND COMMUNIST GUNNERS REPLIED. TOPPING A26FX SAID THE TARGETS APPARENTLY WERE BOMB DUMPS AND FUEL LEFT BEHIND BY THE RETREATING MATIONALISTS SATURDAY. DAMAGE WAS SLIGHT.

A COMMUNIST VICTORY PARADE DOWN MANKING'S MAIN STREET WAS SCHEDULED FOR SUNDAY AFTERNOON, BUT ERRATIC AND INTERMITTENT TELEGRAPH COMMUN-

ICATIONS BROUGHT NO WORD OF IT BY LATE TONIGHT.

(HAMPSON'S LAST DISPATCH WAS TIMED BY HIM SHORTLY AFTER 11 P.M. SUNDAY, SHANGHAI TIME, AND WAS ACTUALLY TRANSMITTED SHORTLY AFTER MIDNIGHT MONDAY MORNING. TOPPING'S LAST DISPATCHES WERE TIMED AT 10 P.M. SUNDAY IN NANKING.)

THERE WAS NO WORD OF THE WHEREABOUTS OF THE MAIN BODIES OF THE .000.000 MEN THE REDS SAY THEY HAVE PUT ACROSS TO THE SOUTH SIDE OF THE YANGTZE SINCE WEDNESDAY MIDNIGHT ON A 450-MILE FRONT. IT WAS LEVED LIKELY THEY WOULD DRIVE HARD FOR HANGCHOW, NATIONALIST ESCAPE UNNEL 100 MILES SOUTH OF SHANGHAI, AND CLEAN UP THE REAR, INCLUDING SHANGHAI, MORE LEISURELY.

GOVERNMENT OPPOSITION, HOWEVER, WAS ALMOST NON-EXISTENT, AND SHANGHAI LISTLESSLY AWAITED THE RED ENTRY.

GOVERNMENT COMMANDERS REITERATED THAT THEY WILL DEFEND SHANGHAL

MOST RESIDENTS WERE TRYING DESPERATELY TO SAVE THEIR PROPERTY FROM

SOME LOOTING ALREADY WAS REPORTED FROM OUTLYING DISTRICTS OF THIS

GREATEST ASIATIC CITY OF MORE THAN 5,000,000 POPULATION.

THE STREETS WERE JAMMED ALL SUNDAY WITH TRUCKS, CARS, RICKSHAWS PEDICABS AND PORTERS MOVING POSSESSIONS TO DOWNTOWN WAREHOUSES, WHERE THEY PRESUMABLY WOULD BE SAFER.
REFUGEES SWARMED OUT OF SHANGHAI, BUT OTHERS HIKED IN, HOPING FOR

GREATER SECURITY IN THE BUSINESS DISTRICT.

U.S. MAVAL: AUTHORITIES INTIMATED THAT THIS POSSIBILITY. RECENT COMMUNIST ATTACKS ON WHITE-FLAGGED BRITISH SHIPS IN THE WAS CAUSING CHANGES IN AMERICAN EVACUATION PLANS. THEY FELT THAT AMERICAN SHIPS WOULD HAVE TO CLEAR OUT BEFORE THE LAST MOMENT. FRAGMENTARY MESSAGES FROM AP CORRESPONDENT TOPPING IN MANKING --

WHICH WAS CUT OFF INTERMITTENTLY MOST OF THE DAY, INCLUDED THIS

INFORMATION:

"CANADIAN EMBASSY PERSONNEL ALL OKAY ... COMMUNIST GUARDS STATIONS DOORS SOME EMBASSIES BUT NONE AS YET BEFORE AMERICAN EMBASSY OR OTHER AMERICAN PROPERTY ...

"COMMUNIST TROOPS OF 35TH ARMY BELIEVED THOSE WHO ENTERED MANKING .. "MANKING NOW AWAITING ENTRY COMMUNIST POLITICAL WORKERS TO TAKE

FULI. CONTROL OF MUNICIPAL GOVERNMENT ...

GROWING AMONG SHANGHAI'S 5,000,000 INHABITANTS THAT THE GREAT COMMERCIAL PERIOD IS OVER ... SOME LOOTERS STILL PICKING AMONG RUINS OF STRIPPED HOMES BUT PICKINGS GETTING MIGHTY SLIM.

"DISTANT THUD OF ARTILLERY FROM ABOUT 10 MILES SOUTHEAST BUT MANKING QUIET AND APPEARED RESIDENTS WOULD GET THEIR FIRST REAL

MIGHT OF REST AFTER HECTIC 72 HOURS ..

THE COMMUNIST RADIO IN PEIPING BROADCAST A LONG TRIUMPHANT ACCOUNT OF THE CAPTURE OF NANKING, STATING THAT IT ENDED THE "REACTIONARY. TRAITOROUS GOVERNMENT" AND THAT RED TROOPS WERE GREETED WITH WILD EN-THUSIASM.

SAID THE BROADCAST:

"THE NANKING KUOMINTANG REACTIONARY TRAITOROUS GOVERNMENT PASSED OUT OF EXISTENCE YESTERDAY BEFORE THE PEOPLES LIBERATION ARMY MARCHED INTO MANKING. IN THE FACE OF A POWERFUL OFFENSIVE OF 1,000,000 (M) PEOPLES LIBERATION ARMY TROOPS, THE FIRST TO TAKE TO THEIR HEELS FROM NANKING WERE THE CHIEFTAINS OF THE KUOMINTANG REACTIONARY GOVERNMENT, FOLLOWED BY A MOTLEY CROWD OF KUOMINTANG TROOPS.

"THE SO-CALLED ACTING PRESIDENT LI TSUNG-JEN AND HIS PREMIER HO YING-CHIN FLED FROM NANKING SATURDAY MORNING. THE KUOMINTANG GARRISON AND GENDARMES OF NANKING, FLEEING PELL MELL ALONG THE NANKING-HANGCHOW HIGHWAY WERE JOINED BY OTHER PANIC STRICKEN KUOMINTANG TROOPS FLEEING FROM PUKOW, OPPOSITE TO MANKING, AND OTHER CITIES SOUTH OF THE

YANGTZE RIVER.

"MANKING CITIZENS SAW THESE ONCE ARROGANT, HIGH KUOMINTANG OFFICIALS CROWDING IN PANIC IN THREE AIRFIELDS, FIGHTING TO CATCH THE LAST PLANES TO BEGIN THEIR EXILE. THE AIRFIELDS WERE ALSO A GOOD EXHIBI-TION OF THEIR ILL GOTTEN GAINS. STREWN OVER THE AIRFIELDS WERE HEAPS BAGGAGE AND ILL GOTTEN WEALTH SQUEEZED FROM THE PEOPLE.

"IN SHARP CONTRAST. NANKING CITIZENS AND MOST OF THE FUNCTIONARIES OF THE KUOMINTANG GOVERNMENT WAITED FOR THE ARRIVAL OF THE PEOPLES LIBERATION ARMY IN CALM CONFIDENCE. A COMMITTEE TO MAINTAIN ORDER AND SECURITY BEFORE THE ARRIVAL OF THE PEOPLES LIBERATION ARMY WAS FORMED BY NANKING CITIZENS. THE COMMITTEE HAS SENT A TELEGRAM TO CHAIRMAN MAO TZE-TUNG, WELCOMING THE PEOPLES LIBERATION ARMY

"THE FIRST COLUMNS OF LIBERATION ARMY ENTERING THE CITY WERE CROWDED BY GROUPS OF JUBILANT STUDENTS, WHO PRESENTED FLOWERS TO THE PEOPLES ARMY MEN. ONLY 23 DAYS AGO, NAMKING STUDENTS HAD BEEN BRUTALLY MASSACRED AND BEATEN BY THE KUOMINTANG MILITARY AAND POLICE IN THIS FORMER CAPITAL OF THE KUOMINTANG."

FAR TO THE MORTHWEST, TAIYUAN EVIDENTLY HAD FALLEN AS THE REDS

SAID.

R.W. JOHNSON OF WILLMETTE, ILL., CHIEF PILOT FOR THE CHINESE VATIONAL AVIATION CORP., REPORTED FROM TSINGTAD THAT HE HAD FLOWN OVER TAIYUAN SUNDAY MORNING TO TRY TO DROP SUPPLIES BUT WAS DRIVEN OFF BY RED GUNNERS.

HE SAID THE WHOLE CITY WAS IN SMOKING RUINS AND HE COULD SEE

ACTIVITY.

MARSHAL YEN HSI-SHAN. FOR MORE THAN 30 YEARS THE BOSS OF TAIYUAN AND SHANSI PROVINCE. WAS REPORTED IN SHANGHAI.

THE COMMUNIST RADIO ALSO ANNOUNCED CAPTURE OF ANKING, POWERFUL FORTRESS ON THE NORTH BANK OF THE YANGTZE 150 MILES SOUTHWEST (CORRECT) OF MANKING.

IT SAID COMMUNIST TROOPS ALSO WERE DRIVING HARD TOWARDS HANKOW. MAJOR GOVERNMENT BASE 375 MILES UPRIVER FROM NANKING. BUT GAVE NO

THE PEIPING BROADCASTS GAVE A DRAMATIC REVIEW OF THE RIVER CROSS-

INGS THAT BEGAN AT MIDNIGHT APRIL 20.

IT SAID: "BOATS BY THE THOUSANDS SHUTTLED BETWEEN THE NORTHERN AND SOUTHERN BANKS OF THE YANGTZE AS PEOPLE'S (RED) TROOPS POURED SOUTH ALONG A FRONT STRETCHING FOR HUNDREDS OF MILES.

"THE RIVER RANG WITH THE SILVERY NOTES OF BUGIES AND MARTIAL MUSIC WHEN 300,000 TROOPS OF THE EASTERN COLUMN FORCED THE RIVER IN A

SINGLE NIGHT.
"AS ONE THOUSAND GUNS BELCHED FIRE AND SMOKE, THE YANGIZE WATERS

"IN THIS PALL OF RED, VESSELS SHOT BACK AND FORTH ACROSS THE STRIVER, MAKING A CROSSING IN 18 MINUTES.

"OVER MANY OF THESE BOATS FLOATED GIANT RED STREAMING BANNERS CARRYING THE BOLD CHARACTERS:

"FIGHT TO THE SOUTH OF THE YANGTZE AND LIBERATE ALL CHINA." JS1107APS NM

WITH CHINESE WAR (140)

SHANGHAI, MONDAY, APRIL 25-(AP)-CHINESE CIVIL WAR DEVELOPMENTS DO NOW JUSTIFY EVACUATION OF BRITISH SUBJECTS FROM SHANGHAI, THE BRITISH CONSUL GENERAL SAID TODAY.

R.W. URQUHART MADE THE ANNOUNCEMENT AFTER A STATEMENT ISSUED IN ONDON SAID ARRANGEMENTS HAD BEEN MADE TO EVACUATE 4,000 BRITONS FROM

THE GREAT COMMERCIAL CITY.

LONDON AUTHORITIES SAID THE DECISION FOR EVACUATION WAS LEFT TO FFICIALS "ON THE SPOT." URQUHART SAID THE SITUATION AT PRESENT DOES OT JUSTIFY IMPLEMENTING THE EMERGENCY PLAN FOR MOVING OUT BRITONS. URQUHART ADVISED BRITONS WITH "ESSENTIAL" JOBS TO REMAIN BUT SAID IT IS "ADVISABLE TO THIN OUT OUR NUMBERS."

"NO DOUBT A NUMBER OF WOMEN AND CHILDREN AND MEN WITH NO

ENTIAL JOBS WILL WANT TO GO," HE ADDED.

HE ADVISED THESE PERSONS TO MAKE THEIR OWN ARRANGEMENTS TO GET OUT BUT SAID THOSE WHO COULD NOT WOULD BE AIDED BY THE CONSULTATE.

URQUHART SAID BRITISH AMBASSADOR SIR RALPH STEVENSON IN NANKING DOES NOT "FAVOR ANY GENERAL EVACUATION" AT THIS TIME.

SD1046PCS

CHINESE (NEW TOP UPCOMING) SHANGHAI, MONDAY, APRIL 25-(AP)-THE CHINESE COMMUNISTS CUT THE LAST RAIL ESCAPE ROUTE FROM SHANGHAI TODAY. THEY CAPTURED KASHING RAIL JUNCTION CITY 53 MILES SOUTHWEST OF THIS LARGEST ASIAN CITY. ID534PPS

WITH NANKING SHANGHAI. APRIL 24-(AP)-ASSOCIATED PRESS CORRESPONDENT SEYMOUR TOPPING'S LAST MESSAGE FROM NANKING TO FRED HAMPSON SHANGHAI BUREAU "HAVING A WONDERFUL TIME. WISH YOU (CAPS) WERE HERE." LW257APS

FIRST LEAD NANKING

NANKING, APRIL 24-(3:41 A.M.)-(AP)-COMMUNIST TROOPS TOOK OVER NANKING TODAY.

THEY MOVED INTO THE CITY THROUGH THE UNGUARDED NORTHWEST GATE. LED BY OFFICERS IN A JEEP THE SOLDIERS MARCHED IN GOOD ORDER DOWN CHUNGSHAN ROAD TOWARD THE BURNING JUDICIAL YUAN BUILDING.

THE SOLDIERS QUICKLY OCCUPIED ALL KEY POINTS. UNITS WENT IMMEDIATELY TO ALL GOVERNMENT BUILDINGS, BANKS AND UTILITIES.

THERE WAS NO RESISTANCE OFFERED THEM.

EARLY MORNING RISERS AMONG THE CIVILIAN POPULATION WERE ON THE STREETS AND LOOKED CURIOUSLY AT THE COMMUNIST TROOPS.

AS THE COMMUNISTS SPREAD OVER THE CITY, THE SOLDIERS SAT IN SMALL UNITS OF NEAT ROWS, SINGING SONGS AND LISTENING TO TALKS BY THEIR

CIVILIANS CROWDED CLOSE TO HEAR WHAT WAS BEING SAID AND SUNG.

THERE IS NO DISORDER IN THE CITY.

IMMEDIATELY RED TROOPS FELL TO PUTTING OUT THE FIRE CONSUMING THE JUDICIAL YUAN BUILDING. IT APPARENTLY HAD BEEN SET BY VANDALS. THE FIRE WAS QUICKLY BROUGHT UNDER CONTROL BUT THE BUILDING WAS A

TWO NATIONALIST SOLDIERS. EVIDENTALLY STRAGGLERS WITHOUT ARMS WALKED PAST THE COMMUNIST TROOPS ON CHUNGSHAN ROAD. THE REDS DID NOT

THE COMMUNIST SOLDIERS ARE DRESSED NEATLY AND APPEAR IN EXCELLENT

COMDITION.

NANKING HAS UNDERGONE THE TRANSITION PERIOD WITH SOME DAMAGE. THE GREATEST LOSS POSSIBLY IS THE RAILWAY STATION, WHICH THE NATIONALISTS DEMOLISHED BEFORE THEY FLED.

MANY SHOPS WERE LOOTED AND THE PRIVATE HOMES OF GOVERNMENT

OFFICIALS WERE STRIPPED.

MOST GOVERNMENT BUILDINGS WERE LOOTED AND STRIPPED OF FURNITURE. FOREIGN PROPERTY WAS NOT MOLESTED EXCEPT FOR COMPANIES HAVING GODOWNS (WAREHOUSES) AND PROPERTY ALONG THE WATERFRONT. OIL COMPANIES PARTICULARLY WERE HARD HIT.

ONLY A FEW CASUALTIES WERE SUFFERED AMONG THE POPULATION. THOSE IN THE MAIN WERE LOOTERS SHOT WHILE ATTEMPTING TO STRIP SHOPS.

AS FAR AS IS KNOWN NO FOREIGNER HAS BEEN KILLED OR INJURED.
OUR JEEP EVIDENTALLY WAS THE FIRST VEHICLE THE COLUMN OF TROOPS

MOVING INTO THE CITY MET. DE DRAGGING FURNISHINGS FROM NEARBY HOMES, WERE NOT AWARE THE COMMUNISTS HAD YET ENTERED THE CITY.

SOLDIERS HALTED OUR JEEP AND ASKED POLITELY WHO WE WERE. BILL (WAN SAID HE WAS WITH THE FRENCH NEWS AGENCY AND THEN TOLD THEM I

BELONGED TO THE AMERICAN ASSOCIATED PRESS. ONE SOLDIER EXCLAIMED: "AMERICANI"

HE HELD A FLASHLIGHT IN MY FACE AND LOOKED INTENTLY.

THEY TOOK US TO A COMMUNIST OFFICER ABOUT 100 YARDS DOWN THE ROAD. HE ASKED US OUR BUSINESS AND THEN REQUESTED US TO RETURN. WE FOLLOWED THE JEEP LEADING THE COMMUNISTS. IT PULLED OVER TO THE SIDE AND HALTED FOR US WHEN WE CAME BEHIND. APPARENTLY THE DRIVER

THOUGHT THAT WAS OUR WISH.

A QUICK GLANCE INSIDE THE JEEP SHOWED US ONE MAN BETTER DRESSED THAN THE OTHERS. HE PROBABLY WAS A LEADER OF THE NANKING DELEGATION WELCOMING THE COMMUNISTS.

ENTRY OF THE COMMUNISTS ENDS AN UNCOMFORTABLE TRANSITION PERIOD FOR THE CITY WHICH BEGAN YESTERDAY WITH THE ABRUPT EVACUATION OF THE

GOVERNMENT GARRISON.

THE TRANSITION PERIOD HIT A HIGH POINT OF TENSION JUST BEFORE THE ENTRY OF THE REDS INTO THE CITY. THE BLAZING JUDICIAL BUILDING, PLUS THE CLANGING OF FIREBELLS AND OCCASIONAL SHOTS AT LOOTERS GAVE RESIDENTS AN UNPLEASANT NIGHT.

GOVERNMENT ARTILLERY FIRING FROM THE BLUE DRAGON HILL CEASED JUST BEFORE THE ENTRY OF THE COMMUNISTS INDICATING A WITHDRAWAL OF

NATIONALIST FORCES FURTHER SOUTH.

UPON OUR FIRST MEETING WITH THE COMMUNISTS AFTER WE HAD IDENTIFIED

OURSELVES, ONE OF THEM SAID:

"YOU KNOW WHO WE ARE? WE ARE THE PEOPLES LIBERATION ARMY."

THEY DECLINED TO REVEAL THE IDENTITY OF THEIR UNIT.

THE COMMUNIST TROOPS WERE DRESSED IN WHAT SEEMED UNDER STREET LIGHTS TO BE YELLOW BROWN COTTON UNIFORMS. THEIR CAPS HAD VISORS AND A SOFT FLAT TOP. THE UNIFORMS HAD NO APPARENT INSIGNIA.

SO FAR THE ONLY REACTION I'VE SEEN FROM THE LOCAL RESIDENTS IS HERE AT THE CABLE OFFICE WHERE I AM KNOCKING OUT THIS STORY. THE CLERKS ON DUTY WERE EXCITED AND RELIEVED THAT THE TRANSITION PERIOD IS OVER.

THE CITY NOW HAS WATER AND ELECTRICITY AND MOST GRATEFULLY--PEACE.

LW230APS NM

122FX

BULLETIN

NANKING, APRIL 24-(AP)-THREE CHINESE NATIONALIST PLANES THIS AFTER-

THE PLANES ATTACKED THE VICINITY OF THE "MING TOMB" AIRFIELD

INSIDE THE WALLS.

THEY APPARENTLY WERE TRYING TO DESTROY THE BIG DUMPS OF BOMBS AND GASOLINE THAT RETREATING NATIONALIST TROOPS LEFT INTACT SATURDAY.

FIRST REPORTS SAID NO SERIOUS DAMAGE RESULTED.

COMMUNIST TROOPS STATIONED AROUND THE FIELD RETURNED THE FIRE.

JS 951 APS

-95-

PRECEDE SHANGHAI

BY SEYMOUR TOPPING

MANKING, APRIL 24-(AP)-COMMUNIST TROOPS MOVED INTO MANKING AT 3:20 A.M. TODAY.

THE SOLDIERS LOOKED AS IF THEY HAD BEEN ON A HARD MARCH BUT

DISCIPLINE APPEARED EXCELLENT.

THEY MOVED SLOWLY ALONG CHUNGSHAN ROAD AS A JEEP CARRYING COMMUNIST OFFICERS AND MEMBERS OF THE PEACE PRESERVATION CORPS

SLOWLY PRECEDED THEM.

THE TROOPS PRESSED UP CHUNGSHAN ROAD TOWARD THE FLAMING JUDICIAL YUAN BUILDING. VANDALS APPARENTLY HAD SET FIRE TO THE BUILDING. (THIS DISPATCH, DELAYED 14 HOURS IN TRANSIT APPARENTLY WAS THE LAST WORD TO COME FROM NANKING. FROM ITS NUMBERED SEQUENCE IT WAS OBVIOUS IT WAS THE END OF A MUCH LONGER DISPATCH WHICH HAS NOT YET BEEN RECEIVED IN SAN FRANCISCO.)

LW122APS NM

CHINESE WAR SEPARATE

BY SEYMOUR TOPPING

NANKING, 11:30 P.M., APRIL 24-(AP)-CHINESE COMMUNIST ARMIES, DRIVING THROUGH THE CENTER OF THE SHATTERED VANGIZE RIVER LINE, WERE REPORTED TODAY WHEELING SOUTHEAST TO SPRING A GIANT TRAP ON 300,000 NATIONALIST TROOPS IN THE SHANGHAI-HANGCHOW POCKET.

(THIS DISPATCH ON THE GENERAL MILITARY SITUATION APPARENTLY CAME FROM COMMUNIST MILITARY SOURCES. TOPPING IN A PREVIOUS STORY ON THE COMMUNIST SEIZURE OF NANKING SAID ANY FURTHER MILITARY INFORMATION

WOULD HAVE TO COME FROM COMMUNIST RELEASES.)

ALREADY, RELIABLE OFFICIAL QUARTERS SAID, MORE THAN 30,000 TROOPS OF THE FORMER NANKING NATIONALIST GARRISON HAD BEEN TRAPPED IN AN AREA 30 MILES SOUTHEAST OF NANKING AS THEY ATTEMPTED TO RETREAT TO HANGCHOW, SEAPORT 150 MILES SOUTHEAST.

THESE TROOPS WERE REPORTED SURRENDERING EN MASSE AND BEING DIS-ARMED BY THE COMMUNISTS.

LARGE-SCALE DESERTIONS ALSO WERE REPORTED AMONG DISORGANIZED

GOVERNMENT FORCES MOVING SOUTH.

SIX HUNDRED THOUSAND COMMUNISTS -- 200,000 IN GEN. CHEN KENG'S SECOND FIELD ARMY SOUTHWEST OF NANKING, AND 400,000 IN GEN. CHEN YI'S THIRD FIELD ARMY EAST AND SOUTHEAST OF NANKING, WERE POURING AFTER THE NATIONALISTS.

CHEN YI, HAVING SCOOPED UP THIS NATIONALIST CAPITAL WITHOUT A

FIGHT, WAS DIRECTLY MENACING SHANGHAI FROM THE WEST.

GOVERNMENT ARMIES UNDER GEN. TANG EN-PO IN THE GREAT TRIANGLE
BETWEEN SHANGHAI, NANKING AND HANGCHOW, APPARENTLY WERE ATTEMPTING
TO FALL BACK ON A NEW LINE ANCHORED AT HANGCHOW ON THE SEA AND RUNNING
SOUTHWEST ALONG THE TSIEN TANG RIVERNTO INTERSECT THE CHEKIANGKIANGSI RAILWAY.

MILITARY OBSERVERS IN THIS COMMUNIST-OCCUPIED CAPITAL BELIEVED THE GOVERNMENT TROOPS FALLING BACK INTO SHANGHAI SOON WOULD TRY TO LEAVE BY SEA FOR HANGCHOW, OTHER SOUTH CHINA POINTS AND THE ISLAND OF

FORMOSA.

TO TRY TO TRAP THE NATIONALISTS BEFORE THEY CAN SET UP THE NEW LINE, THE COMMUNISTS ARE WHEELING SOUTHEAST IN AN ENVELOPING MOVEMENT AIMED AT THE COAST NEAR HANGCHOW. OTHER REDS ARE DRIVING FIRECTLY TOWARDS SHANGHAI FROM THE WEST. CAPTURE OF THAT GREAT CITY WOULD DENY TANG EN-PO WHAT LIMITED SEA EVACUATION FACILITIES ARE AVAIL-ABLE TO HIM.

IN NANKING IT WAS NOT BELIEVED THE GOVERNMENT HAS ANY CHANCE TO MAKE A NEW STAND ALONG THE TSIEN TANG RIVER. THAT LINE IS EXPECTED TO

TELT AWAY IN A FEW WEEKS AS THE STRONGER YANGTZE LINE DID.

MOR WERE THE COMMUNISTS FORGETTING SOME 200,000 NATIONALIST TROOPS COMMANDED BY GEN. PAI CHUNG-HSI AROUND HANKOW, 375 MILES SOUTHWEST OF

THE RED FOURTH FIELD ARMY UNDER GEN. LIN PIAO FROM MANCHURIA HAS STARTED ON A WIDE SWEEP AIMED AT OUTFLANKING HANKOW FROM THE WEST. PAT WAS EXPECTED SOON TO RETREAT SOUTHWARD TOWARDS CHANGSHA, 200 'S AWAY, WITH LIN PIAO IN PURSUIT.

FROM CHANGSHA THE COMMUNISTS COULD PLUNGE SOUTH ALONG THE CANTON-HANKOW RAILWAY THE REMAINING 400 MILES TO CANTON WITHOUT THE PROSPECT

OF ANY STRONG RESISTANCE. CANTON IS THE SEAT OF WHAT IS LEFT OF THE NATIONALIST GOVERNMENT.

RED GUERRILLAS IN THE SOUTH ALREADY HAVE PREPARED THE WAY, AND IN

NANKING IT WAS NOT EXPECTED THAT LIN PLAC'S TROOPS WOULD FIND MANY SHOTS FIRED IN ANGER ALONG THE WAY. JS355PPS MM

(EDS: THE FOLLOWING MAY BE USED AS AN EDITOR'S NOTE TO PRECEDE THE MANKING STORY (A33-34) BY SEYMOUR TOPPING)

SEYMOUR TOPPING. AN EYE-WITNESS TO THE ENTRY OF THE CHINESE COMMUNIST TROOPS INTO NANKING, JOINED THE ASSOCIATED PRESS IN CHINA

TOPPING, WHO COMES FROM NEW YORK, ATTENDED THE UNIVERSITY OF MISSOURI SCHOOL OF JOURNALISM BEFORE ENTERING THE ARMY AS A RESERVIST WHEN THE WAR ENDED HE WAS A CAPTAIN OF INFANTRY SERVING IN

THE PHILIPPINES.

TOPPING HAD BEEN INTERESTED IN THE ORIENT FOR SOME TIME AND WENT TO PEIPING TO STUDY CHINESE, WHICH HE NOW SPEAKS COMPETENTLY.
BEFORE JOINING THE AP HE WORKED IN CHINA FOR THE INTERNATIONAL

MEUS SERVICE.

IN DECEMBER AND JANUARY TOPPING WALKED 20 MILES FROM PENG-PU LAST MATIONALIST LIME MORTH OF MANKING, AND ENTERED THE COMMUNIST LIMES. HE SPENT 10 DAYS THERE BEFORE BEING OUSTED BY THE REDS AND UNOTE AN INTERESTING SERIES ON HIS EXPERIENCES WHEN HE RETURNED SOUTH. WHEN THE NATIONALIST GOVERNMENT LEFT MANKING FOR CANTON,

TOPPING ACCOMPANIED IT. IN MARCH HE BECAME ACTING CORRESPONDENT AT MANUCING DURING THE HOME LEAVE OF HAROLD K. MILKS.

TOPPING IS ENGAGED TO MISS AUDREY RONNING, DAUGHTER OF THE COUNSELOR OF THE CANADIAN EMBASSY IN CHINA. HIS FLANCEE IS NOW IN CAMADA.

> --DASH--AP, APRIL 24

HJ802PES

AMS NANKING BUDGET (450)

SEYMOUR TOPPING

NANKING, APRIL 24-(AP)-TWENTY THOUSAND COMMUNIST TROOPS OCCUPIED
THIS CHINESE NATIONALIST CAPITAL WITHOUT OPPOSITION TODAY.
IN MID-AFTERNOON THREE NATIONALIST PLANES STRAFED THE "MING TOMB"

AIRFIELD INSIDE THE WALLS IN THE SOUTHEAST SECTION. OTHERWISE NAMKING WAS QUIET, ALTHOUGH ARTILLERY COULD BE HEARD THUDDING AWAY ABOUT TEN MILES TO THE SOUTHEAST. STRAY LOOTERS STILL SCAVENGED AMONG THE RUINS OF HOMES AND SHOPS LEFT BY SATURDAY'S

ALL-DAY AMARCHY BEFORE THE REDS ENTERED. THE GENERAL REACTION OF THIS CITY OF MORE THAN 1,000,000 WAS ONE

CURIOSITY MORE THAN ANYTHING ELSE. SOME UNIVERSITY STUDENTS WENT SINGING TO GREET THE COMMUNISTS AS THEY MARCHED UP CHUNGSHAN ROAD PAST THE EXECUTIVE YUAN (NATIONALIST CABINET) BUILDING. AND SOMETHING OF A HOLIDAY ATMOSPHERE PREVAILED.

A FORMAL VICTORY PARADE, ORIGINALLY PLANNED FOR SUNDAY, WAS NOW BELD PLANNED FOR MONDAY TO INCLUDE LARGER UNITS OF GEN. CHEN YI'S THIRD FIELD

(COMMUNICATION WITH MANKING VIA LAND TELEGRAPH TO SHANGHAI FOR . RADIO BROADCAST WAS ERRATIC AND SUBJECT TO MANY LONG AND UNEXPLAINED BREAKS.)

AN EDGE OF EXCITEMENT WAS EVIDENT, BUT NANKING SHOWED RELIEF THAT THE TRANSITION PERIOD WAS OVER. IT APPEARED THAT RESIDENTS WOULD GET

THEIR FIRST NIGHT OF REST AFTER A HECTIC 72 HOURS. NANKING AWAITED ENTRY OF COMMUNIST POLITICAL WORKERS INTO THE CITY TO TAKE FULL CONTROL OF THE MUNICIPAL OFFICES. MOST OFFICES, HOWEVER WERE STILL BEING OPERATED BY THEIR OLD OFFICIALS.

COMMUNIST GUARDS HAVE BEEN STATIONED AT THE DOORS OF SOME EMBASSIES AND LEGATIONS. BUT NONE AS YET BEFORE THE AMERICAN EMBASSY OR OTHER AMERICAN PROPERTY. wolndang the Commerce Embraray TROOPS WHO TOOK OVER NANKING WERE BELIEVED TO BE THOSE OF THE COMMUNIST 35TH ARMY.

THERE WERE NO RELIABLE REPORTS ON THE PROGRESS OF THE WAR ELSE-WHERE. ANY INFORMATION FROM NOW ON WILL COME FROM COMMUNIST RELEASES -- IF THEY MAKE ANY.

THERE WAS NO INDICATION AS YET OF INTERFERENCE WITH NEWSMEN. THIS CORRESPONDENT'S PREPAID URGENT MESSAGES WILL NOT COST MUCH AS THE GOLD YUAN (NATIONALIST CURRENCY) HAS FALLEN TO ZERO-MINUS. NO YUAN DEBTS WILL MEAN ANYTHING.

THE OCCUPATION OF NANKING GOT UNDER WAY AT 3:20 A.M. WITH ENTRY OF A SMALL COLUMN OF COMMUNIST INFANTRY, HEADED BY A JEEP CONTAINING NANKING EMERGENCY PEACE PRESERVATION COMMITTEE MEMBERS.

THIS CORRESPONDENT AND BILL KUAN (CORRECT) OF THE AGENCE FRANCE PRESSE MET THE COLUMN IN OUR JEEP ABOUT A MILE AND A HALF INSIDE THE MORTHWEST GATE. A COMMUNIST OFFICER POLITELY ASKED US TO TURN ASIDE. DURING THE DAY THE COMMUNIST FORCES INCREASED STEADILY, SOME COMING BY FERRY FROM PUKOW ON THE NORTH BANK AND OTHERS WHO HAD CROSSED

SOUTHWEST OF MANKING MARCHING IN FROM THE SOUTH.

ALL THE COMMUNISTS LOOKED AS IF THEY HAD BEEN ON A HARD MARCH BUT THEIR DISCIPLINE WAS EXCELLENT.

THEY SPEEDILY OCCUPIED ALL KEY POINTS. THOSE NOT ON IMMEDIATE DUTY SAT IN SMALL NEAT ROWS ALL OVER THE CITY, SINGING IN UNISON OR LISTENING TO TALKS BY THEIR OFFICERS. CURIOUS CIVILIANS GATHERED AROUND EACH GROUP.

THE COMMUNISTS ASSISTED IN PUTTING OUT A VANDAL-SET FIRE THAT

WRECKED THE JUDICIAL YUAN BUILDING.

THE MANKING HOTEL BECAME HEADQUARTERS. COPIES OF A "LIBERATION PROCLAMATION" SIGNED BY GEN. CHEN YI WERE POSTED ALL OVER MANKING. IT PROMISED TO MAINTAIN EMPLOYMENT OF GOVERNMENT WORKERS NOT ON THE REDS' WAR CRIMINAL LIST, SAFETY FOR ALL PEACEFUL CITIZENS AND PROTECTION FOR FOREIGNERS AND FOREIGN PROPERTY IF THE FOREIGNERS DID NOT ENGAGE IN ESPIONAGE OR SHELTER WAR CRIMINALS.

ANY AVAILABLE PROPERTY OF GENERALISSIMO CHIANG KAI-SHEK WAS ORDERED

CONFISCATED AT ONCE.

BROADCASTS ON COMMUNIST VICTORIES. WHEN THE THREE MATIONALIST PLANES RAIDED THE INNER AIRFIELD, DAMAGE WAS REPORTED SLIGHT. COMMUNIST ANTIAIRCRAFT FIRED BACK.

THE PLANES EVIDENTLY WERE TRYING TO DESTROY THE BIG DUMPS OF FUEL AND BOMBS THAT RETREATING NATIONALIST INFANTRY LEFT INTACT SATURDAY. AT THE MILITARY AIRFIELD OUTSIDE THE WALLS, THE DUMPS BLEW UP AT 9 O'CLOCK SATURDAY NIGHT FROM TIME BOMBS SET BY THE RETREATING TROOPS

SEVERAL HOURS EARLIER.

HONOLULU, APRIL 24-(AP)-RETIRED MAJ. GEN. CLAIRE L.CHENNAULT SAID HERE TODAY THAT IF HIS WAR TIME FLYING TIGERS WERE REVIVED THEY COULD TURN THE TIDE FOR NATIONALIST CHINA.

"BUT UNDER THE CIRCUMSTANCES," HE SAID, "I SEE LITTLE CHANCE OF

REVIVING THEM."

CHENNAULT. ACCOMPANIED BY HIS CHINESE WIFE. IS EN ROUTE TO HIS LOUISIANA HOME WHERE HE HOPES TO REST FOR SIX WEEKS. HE SAID HE PLANS

THEN TO DETURN TO CHINA.

THE COUPLE, WHO ARE FLYING TO THE STATES BY PHILIPPINE AIRLINES,

LEFT THEIR THREE-MONTH-OLD DAUGHTER IN CHINA.

CHENNAULT SAID HE DOUBTED THE COMMUNISTS "WILL DO ANY BETTER THAN THE JAPANESE" DID IN CHINA.

JS1246PPS

TEL AVIV, ISPAEL, APRIL 24-(AP)-FOREIGN MINISTER MOSHE SHARETT DISCUSSED TODAY THE DISCREPANCY BETWEEN RUSSIA'S "UNCHANGING FRIENDSHIP" TOWARD ISRAEL AND WHAT HE SAID WAS THE TREND TO LIQUIDATE HE ZIONIST MOVEMENT IN SEVERAL EASTERN EUROPEAN COUNTRIES CLOSE TO THE SOVIET UNION.

WHILE RUSSIA'S ATTITUDE TOWARD ISRAEL IS HIGHLY GRATIFYING, "WE ARE DEEPLY DISTRESSED" BY THE SECOND TREND, HE TOLD A NEWS CONFERENCE. SHARETT WAS ASKED IF THERE WAS ANY POLITICAL IMPLICATION IN THE DEPARTURE FOR MOSCOW LAST WEEK OF PAVEL IVANOVITCH YERSHOV, RUSSIAN MINISTER TO TEL AVIV. THE ISPAELI FOREIGN MINISTER REPLIED ANGRILY:
"I WARN RUMOR MONGERS AGAINST FOMENTING INTRIGUE BETWEEN ISRAEL AND

THE SOVIET UNION."

HE SAID NO SUCCESSOR HAD BEEN MAMED YET FOR MRS. GOLDA MYERSON, FORMER ISRAELI MINISTER TO MOSCOW. SHE RETURNED LAST WEEK TO TAKE UP IE POSTAL MINISTRY IN THE ISRAELI CABINET.

"WE MOW ARE IN THE PROCESS OF APPOINTING A NEW MINISTER TO MOSCOW,

SHARETT SAID.

REPLYING TO A QUESTION CONCERNING IMMIGRATION POLICY, SHARETT SAID: "NO RESTRICTION OF JEWISH IMMIGRATION TO ISRAEL IS INTENDED, BUT WE WOULD LIKE TO REGULATE IT. THIS MEANS WE WOULD LIKE TO KNOW IN ADVANCE THE NUMBER OF IMMIGRANTS." H.155 KPES

PANGOON, BURMA, APRIL 24-(AP)-GOVERNMENT TROOPS TODAY CAPTURED SEMINELECTED PRESIDENT. HE IS RUGUAY'S MINISTER OF INDUSTRY AND LABOR. ARY HILL, A MAJOR KAREN STRONGHOLD AT SUBURBAN INSEIN, 10 MILES NORTH OF RANGOO, AN OFFICIAL ANNOUNCEMENT SAID. THEY FOUND THE FORTRESS NEARLY DESERTED. FIVE REBELS WERE SLAIN

AND 10 CAPTURED. INDEPENDENT SOURCES SAID THE KAREN TRIBESMEN. WHO ARE FIGHTING FOR A SEPARATE STATE OF KARENISTAN, HAD RUN OUT OF AMMUNITION AND USED POISONED ARROWS IN THEIR FINAL STAND.

30.24 - 2681

SEMINARY HILL IS AN ESTATE BUILT AND FORMERLY MAINTAINED BY THE AMERICAN BAPTIST MISSION. MANY KARENS ARE BAPTISTS. THEY HAVE HELD ALMOST ALL OF INSEIN SINCE THEIR REVOLT BURST OUT IN EARNEST LAST JAN.

ML SAED

BATAVIA, JAVA, APRIL 24-(AP)-REPUBLICAN PREMIER MOHAMED HATTA FLEW TO BATAVIA THIS AFTERNOON TO DIRECT HIS DELEGATION AT DUTCH-INDONESIAN TALKS DURING THE NEXT FEW DAYS.

THIS MARKS THE FIRST TIME HATTA HAS LEFT THE ISLAND OF BANGKA SINCE HE WAS INTERNED THERE FOUR MONTHS AGO AFTER THE DUTCH CAPTURED HIM AND OTHER REPUBLICAN LEADERS AT THEIR CAPITAL, JOGJAKARTA.

HATTA TOLD NEWSMEN HE WOULD NOT ACTUALLY JOIN IN THE FORMAL DISCUSSIONS SPONSORED BY THE UNITED NATIONS BUT WOULD "STAND BY."

THURSDAY THE DUTCH ASKED THE REPUBLICANS FOR BINDING COMMITMENTS THEY WOULD ORDER THE GUERRILLAS TO CEASE FIRE AND AGREE TO HOLD ROUND TABLE DISCUSSIONS IN THE HAGUE. IN RETURN THE DUTCH WOULD ALLOW THEM TO RETURN TO THEIR CAPITAL AT JOGJAKARTA.

THE REPUBLICANS REPLIED THEY COULD MAKE NO SUCH AGREEMENT UNTIL THEY WERE BACK IN JOGJAKARTA. THEIR FORMAL REPLY IS EXPECTED TO BE

MADE TUESDAY.

SOME OBSERVERS BELIEVE THE ARRIVAL OF HATTA MEANS THAT UNITED NATIONS COMMISSION MEMBERS MAY HAVE BEEN EXERTING PRESSURE BEHIND THE SCENES TO GAIN A COMPROMISE AND AVOID A DEADLOCK WHICH COULD END NEGOTIATIONS.

G409PFD

B6 (Q) (200)

MONTEVIDEO, URUGUAY, APRIL 24-(AP) DELEGATES FROM 15 AMERICAN REPUBLICS AND CANADA MET IN CAUCUSES TODAY TO NOMINATE CANDIDATES FOR OFFICES IN THE AMERICAN SECTION OF THE INTERNATIONAL LABOR ORGANIZATION (ILO).

THE SECTION WILL BEGIN-A 14-DAY SESSION TOMORROW. PURPOSE OF THE CONFERENCE IS TO STUDY MEANS BY WHICH NATIONS IN THIS HEMISPHERE

CAN IMPROVE THE LOT OF WORKINGMEN.

THE ILO IS AFFILIATED WITH THE UNITED NATIONS. IT IS DIVIDED INTO THREE GROUPS--LABOR, INDUSTRY AND GOVERNMENT. THE FORMAL AGENDA FOR THE CONFERENCE, PREPARED IN THE ILO'S WORLD HEADQUARTERS IN GENEVA, CALLS FOR AGREEMENTS TO IMPROVE THE CONDITIONS OF AGRICULTURAL WORKERS AND TO ENCOURAGE ESTABLISHMENT OF LABOR COURTS FREE OF COVERNMENT INTERFERENCE. CONSIDERATION ALSO WILL BE GIVEN TO THE WORKING CONDITIONS OF INDIANS.

THE HOST TO THE CONFERENCE, DR. FERNANDO FARINA, IS SLATED TO BE

CONSIDERABLE JOCKEYING HAS BEGUN FOR THE VICE PRESIDENCY

REPRESENTING LABOR. A CAMPAIGN HAS DEVELOPED TO GIVE THIS OFFICE

THE INTERAMERICAN CONFEDERATION OF WORKERS (CIT) IS NOT ON GOOD TERMS WITH THE ARGENTINE LABOR BODY AND IS DETERMINED TO BACK A LABOR DELEGATE FROM MEXICO OR BRAZIL FOR THE VICE PRESIDENCY. THE CIT, FORMED UNDER SPONSORSHIP OF THE AMERICAN FEDERATION OF LABOR, PARTICIPATES IN ILO WORK IN AN ADVISORY CAPACITY. * "

600) SULLIVAN-CARRIER

ERNEST B. VACCARO WASHINGTON, APRIL 24-(AP)-THE NAVY'S SLAPDOWN IN ITS EFFORT TO BUIL

SUPERCARRIER MAY BE THE LAST STRAW FOR JOHN L.SULLIVAN. THE PROSPECT HIS FARLY RESIGNATION AS SECRETARY OF THE MAVY WAS INCREASED TODAY. JLILIVAN WAS SILENT. BUT HE IS KNOWN TO HARBOR GRAVE DOUBTS WHE-IER HE CAN STAY. HE IS UNDERSTOOD TO DESIRE A HEART TO HEART TALK TH PRESIDENT TRUMAN BEFORE FINAL DECISION.

THE MANY SECRETARY, WHITE HOUSE SOURCES SAID, HAD DISCUSSED RESIGNATION WITH MR. TRUMAN SOME WEEKS AGO, BUT HAD BEEN PERSUADED TO CON-GIDER FURTHER. THE ORDER TO STOP WORK ON THE 65,000-TON CARRIER WAS PILED ON OTHER CONDITIONS TO WHICH HE IS SAID TO OBJECT.

THE DEVELOPMENT CAME AT A TIME WHEN PRESIDENT TRUMAN WAS BENDING EVERY EFFORT TO FIND A SUITABLE SUCCESSOR FOR KENNETH C.ROYALL WHO RESIGNED LAST WEEK AS SECRETARY OF THE ARMY.

SECRETARY OF DEFENSE JOHNSON IS BRINGING CONSIDERABLE PRESSURE TO BEAR ON CURTIS ERNEST CALDER, 58-YEAR-OLD UTILITY EXECUTIVE, IN THE

MOPE OF GETTING HIM TO TAKE THE ARMY POST. CALDER, ONE-TIME PRESIDENT OF THE TEXAS POWER AND LIGHT CO., AND MAIRMAN NOW OF THE BOARD OF ELECTRIC BOND AND SHARE CO. IN NEW WAS DIRECTOR GENERAL OF THE WAR PRODUCTION BOARD IN 1943. SOME WHITE HOUSE OFFICIALS EXPRESSED DOUBT WHETHER CALDER COULD

PERSUADED TO BECOME SECRETARY OF ARMY, BUT JOHNSON WAS REPORTED TO BE HOLDING OUT HOPE THAT HE WILL.

THE SAME AIDES, UNQUOTABLE BY NAME, SAID JOHNSON'S ORDER YESTERDAY HALTING WORK ON THE SUPER-CARRIER LIKELY WAS "THE STRAW THAT BROKE

THE CAMEL'S BACK" IN THE CASE OF SULLIVAN. SULLIVAN DOESN'T WANT TO QUIT--HE CAME TO THE NAVY SEPT.3, 1939 BUT HE IS KNOWN TO HAVE TOLD INTIMATES THAT HIS POSITION HAS BEEN

MADE UNTENABLE. THESE INTIMATES SAY HE WAS NOT CONSULTED WHEN THE ADMINISTRATION PROPOSALS FOR AMENDMENT OF THE ARMED FORCES UNIFICATION ACT WERE

DRAFTED FOR CONSIDERATION BY CONGRESS. THEY ADD HE FEARS THAT ABANDONMENT OF THE CARRIER MAY BE ONE OF A SERIES OF STEPS THAT EVENTUALLY WILL LEAD TO ABANDONMENT OF THE

MARINE CORPS AND OF THE NAVY'S AIR ARMS. SULLIVAM, REACHED BY TELEPHONE TODAY UPON HIS RETURN FROM A RESERVE OFFICERS CONVENTION AT CORPUS CHRISTI, TEX., SAID HE HAD NO COMMENT ON THE CARRIER DECISION. HE SAID THAT HE HAD NOT HAD AN OPPORTUNITY TO STUDY THE NOTE FROM JOHNSON WHICH REACHED HIS DESK IN HIS ABSENCE.

ASOUX HIS INTIMATES SAID HE HAD NOT BEEN ADVISED OFFICIALLY IN ADVANCE OF THE FORMAL ORDER.

IN HIS NOTE TO SULLIVAN, JOHNSON SAID HE HAD RECEIVED THE VIEWS OF THE JOINT CHIEFS OF STAFF AND AFTER DISCUSSING THE MATTER WITH TO JOSE G.ESPEJO, SECRETARY-GENERAL OF THE ARGENTINE LABOR FEDERATION. PRESIDENT TRUMAN, BEACHED THE CONCLUSION CONSTRUCTION OF THE VESSEL THE ARGENTINE GROUP WORKS CLOSELY WITH THE REGIME OF PRESIDENT JUAN SHOULD BE DISCONTINUED. JOHNSON DIRECTED SULLIVAN TO ISSUE ORDERS DISCONTINUING CONSTRUCTION "AT THE LEAST POSSIBLE COST TO THE GOVERN-

> THIS STEP WAS A MAJOR VICTORY FOR THE AIR FORCE IN ITS STRUGGLE WITH THE NAVY OVER AIR TARGETS THE NAVY SHOULD HANDLE IN EVENT OF WAR. THE AIR FORCE CLAIMS THE STRATEGIC BOMBING FIELD, WHEREAS THE PROJECTED CARRIER COULD HAVE HANDLED HEAVY, SMALL BANGE BOMBERS ABLE TO DO A STRATEGIC CHORE.

SULLIVAN IS KNOWN TO FEEL THAT THE COMPOSITION OF THE JOINT CHIEFS OF STAFF LEAVES THE NAVY AT A DISADVANTAGE IN ALL DECISIONS WHERE THERE IS CONTROVERSY BETWEEN IT AND THE AIR FORCE. THAT MIGHT BE BROUGHT OUT IF HE TALKS PRIVATELY WITH THE PRESIDENT.

THE AIR FORCE CARRIED ON A TERRIFIC UNDERCOVER FIGHT AGAINST CONSTRUCTION OF THE \$189,000,000 (M) CARRIER. THEY ARGUED THAT WOULD BE AN EASY TARGET FOR ENEMY PLANES. AIR FORCE OFFICERS MAINTAIN THAT LAND BASED BOMBERS ARE THE ANSWER TO FUTURE COMBAT PROBLEMS. ULLIVAN FEELS AGGRIEVED OVER JOHNSON'S ORDER ALSO IN VIEW OF HIS BELIEF THAT THE CONTROVERSY WAS SETTLED BEFORE THE SHIP WAS INCLUDED IN THE PRESIDENT'S BUDGET.

THERE WAS NO OFFICIAL WORD FROM THE WHITE HOUSE TODAY ON A SUCCESSOR TO ROYALL. MR. TRUMAN HIMSELF RETURNED FROM A WEEKEND CRUISE ON THE POTOMAC RIVER ABOARD THE PRESIDENTIAL YACHT WILLIAMSBURG. HE LEFT THE WHITE HOUSE SATURDAY AFTERNOON FOR THE UNANNOUNCED CRUISE, EXPECTED TO BE ONE OF A SERIES HE WILL MAKE DURING THE SPRING AND SUMMER ON WEEKENDS.

SHOULD SULLIVAN STEP OUT, MR.TRUMAN MIGHT CONSIDER OFFERING HIS POST TO JONATHAN DANIELS, EDITOR OF THE RALEIGH, N.C., NEWS AND OBSER-VER. DANIELS, A CLOSE FRIEND OF THE PRESIDENT, TOOK AN ACTIVE PART IN HIS ELECTION CAMPAIGN LAST YEAR. MR. TRUMAN WOULD LIKE TO SEE DANIELS RETURN TO GOVERNMENT SERVICE, BUT APPARENTLY NO DECISION HAS BEEN MADE AS TO WHAT POST IT WOULD BE. AB649PED

work as are clark, A COMMITTEE REPORT ISSUED YESTERDAY CONTAINS THE TESTIMONY OF GENERAL IZYADOR R. MODELSKI, FORMER MILITARY ATTACHE OF THE POLISH EMBASSY HERE, THAT HE WAS SENT TO THIS COUNTRY WITH WRITTEN ORDERS TO SET UP SPY UNITS.

MODELSKI IDENTIFIED A DOCUMENT FROM MARSHAL MICHAL ZYMIERSKI, AS POLISH MINISTER OF DEFENSE, ORDERING HIM TO "TAKE ADVANTAGE OF" A NUMBER OF ORGANIZATIONS, INCLUDING THE AMERICAN SLAV CONGRESS.

HOWEVER, MODELSKI SAID HE NEVER CARRIED OUT HIS ESPIONAGE ORDERS A SPOKESMAN FOR THE SLAV CONGRESS SAID IN CONNECTION WITH MODELSKI'S TESTIMONY THAT THE CONGRESS KNOWS OF NO EFFORTS TO USE IT FOR ANY SUCH PURPOSE.

COMMITTEE REPORT ON COMMUNISM AND LABOR LAST YEAR LISTED THE INITED ELECTRICAL WORKERS UNION AS ONE IN WHICH "COMMUNISTS ARE STILL IN THE SADDLE."

THE REPORT LISTED FOUR MEN AS "COMMUNIST OFFICERS" OF THE UNION. IN CASE OF WAR, IT SAID, MANY PLANTS MAKING IMPORTANT WAR DEVICES ARE AT ITS MERCY."

THE HEARINGS ARE EXPECTED TO START OFF BEHIND CLOSED DOORS. THEY MAY BE OPEN TO THE PUBLIC LATER. EARLY THIS YEAR THE COM-MITTEE ADOPTED A RULE AGAINST PICTURE, TELEVISION AND RADIO COVERAGE. GG/VH335PED

THE INDICTMENTS CARRY POSSIBLE MAXIMUM PENALTIES OF 48 YEARS IN

PRISON AND \$37,000 IN FINES.

SHE HAS BEEN AT LIBERTY UNDER \$30,000 BAIL -- \$20,000 POSTED IN NEW YORK AND AN ADDITIONAL \$10,000 HERE. GUBITCHEV HAS REMAINED IN JAIL IN DEFAULT OF \$100,000 BAIL.

THE DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE HAS INDICATED THAT MISS COPLON AND GUBITCHEV WILL BE BROUGHT TO TRIAL IN NEW YORK AFTER HER TRIAL HERE. GUBITCHEV'S ARREST BROUGHT PROTESTS FROM RUSSIA. THE RUSSIANS CONTENDED HE HAD DIPLOMATIC IMMUNITY FROM PROSECUTION. THE STATE

DEPARTMENT SAID HE DIDN'T.
THE RUSSIAN NEWS AGENCY TASS SAID GUBITCHEV WAS ASKED QUESTIONS "OBVIOUSLY AIMED AT OBTAINING INFORMATION ON THE SOVIET UNION WHICH WAS OF INTEREST TO THE AMERICAN INTELLIGENCE SERVICE." RUSSIAN MEWSPAPERS CARRIED SUCH HEADLINES AS "CRUDE, ARBITRARY ACTION OF

AMERICAN AUTHORITIES."

REPERCUSSIONS CAME FROM CAPITOL HILL.

TWO MEMBERS OF THE HOUSE COMMITTEE ON UN-AMERICAN ACTIVITIES, REP. WALTER (D-PA) AND REP. NIXON (R-CALIF) SAID IT MIGHT BE A GOOD

IDEA TO TRADE LENIENCY FOR FACTS FROM MISS COPLON.
"THE IMPORTANT THING," SAID NIXON, "IS TO FIND OUT WHO THE OTHER PEOPLE ARE WHO ARE INVOLVED. THE SECURITY OF THE COUNTRY IS AT

VH344PED

WASHINGTON, APRIL 24-(AP)-RESPONSIBLE DIPLOMATIC AUTHORITIES EPORTED TODAY THAT AMERICAN AND SOVIET OFFICIALS ARE STILL CONDUCT-ING OFF-STAGE TALKS ON THE BERLIN BLOCKADE WITHOUT AGREEMENT THUS FAR ON POSITIVE MEASURES TO BREAK THE LONG DEADLOCK.

THERE WAS NO CONFIRMATION IN THE CAPITOL OF BROADCAST REPORTS THAT SECRETARY OF STATE ACHESON, BRITISH FOREIGN SECRETARY BEVIN AND FRENCH FOREIGN MINISTER SCHUMAN HAVE AGREED TO AN EARLY MEETING ON THE ISSUE WITH SOVIET FOREIGN MINISTER VISHINSKY.

THE POSSIBILITY OF SUCH A BIG FOUR MEETING WAS NOT RULED OUT BUT THE BEST AVAILABLE INFORMATION HERE WAS THAT IT HAS NOT YET BEEN AGREED TO. OFFICIALS DECLARED THE SITUATION REMAINED UNCHANGED FROM THE STAGE OF INFORMAL TALKS INITIATED CAUTIOUSLY BY THE RUSSIANS WITHI THE LAST TWO WEEKS.

THESE HAVE BEEN CARRIED RECENTLY IN NEW YORK PRINCIPALLY BETWEEN PHILIP JESSUP, AMERICAN DELEGATE TO THE UNITED NATIONS AND JACOB MALIK OF THE SOVIET DELEGATION. JESSUP IS UNDERSTOOD TO HAVE REPORTED PERSONALLY TO ACHESON ON WHAT HAS TAKEN PLACE THUS FAR WHEN HE CAME TO

WASHINGTON ON FRIDAY.

ABS1 OPED

ON ACHESON'S ORDERS STATE DEPARTMENT OFFICIALS REFUSED TO COMMENT FOR THE RECORD ON THE REPORTED SOVIET FEELERS. ACHESON'S POLICY IS TO LET MOSCOV TAKE THE INITIATIVE AND TO GUARD AGAINST TOO EAGER AMERICAN REACTION TO ANY RUSSIAN OVERTURES UNTIL THEIR SINCERITY IS

THE ANNOUNCED POSITION OF THE WESTERN POWERS IS THAT BEFORE THERE ARE ANY RENEWED BIG FOUR TALKS ON GERMANY, RUSSIA MUST LIFT THE BERLIN BLOCKADE. FROM THE STANDPOINT OF THE WEST, THE BLOCKADE IS ILLEGAL AND INDEFENSIBLE. THIS STAND, HOWEVER, DID NOT BAR NEGOTIATIONS LAST AUGUST IN MOSCOW WHICH FAILED TO BREAK THE STALEMATE AFTER BASIC TERMS OR A SETTLEMENT HAD BEEN AGREED ON WITH MARSHAL STALIN.

(ADVANCE FOR USE AT 6 P.M. EASTERN STANDARD TIME TODAY APRIL 24) AP SPECIAL WASHINGTON SERVICE

(ADVANCE) .. WASHINGTON, APRIL 24-(AP)-A DOZEN UNION LEADERS FROM WESTERN EUROPE WILL SEE HOW AMERICAN METAL-WORKING AND MACHINE PLANTS OPERATE DURING A THREE-WEEK TOUR STARTING TOMORROW.

ERIC PETERSON, GENERAL SECRETARY OF THE INTERNATIONAL ASSOCIATION OF MACHINISTS WITH HEADQUARTERS HERE, SAID THE TOUR WILL TAKE IN EIGHT

INDUSTRIAL CENTERS IN THE EAST AND MID-WEST.

THE VISITING TRADE UNION LEADERS ARE MEMBERS OF THE CENTRAL COMMITTEE OF THE INTERNATIONAL METALWORKERS FEDERATION, MADE UP OF THE PRINCIPAL METAL TRADES UNIONS OF THE NORTH ATLANTIC NATIONS. THE INTERNATIONAL ASSOCIATION OF MACHINISTS IS THE AMERICAN MEMBER OF THE FEDERATION.

THE ITINERARY INCLUDES: BALTIMORE, APRIL 26; CLEVELAND, APRIL 27-28; DETROIT, APRIL 29-MAY 1; CHICAGO, MAY 2; MILWAUKEE, MAY 3-5; BUFFALO, N.Y., MAY 6; HARTFORD, CONN., MAY 9; AND PROVIDENCE,

R. I., MAY 10. THE UNION OFFICIALS WHO WILL MAKE THE TOUR INCLUDE: DOMINIK HUMMEL, AUSTRIA; REYMOND LATIN AND ARTHUR GAILLY, BELGIUM; VIGGO JEPPESSEN, DENMARK; LEON CHEVALME, FRANCE; WALTER FREITAG, GERMANY; JACK TANNER, GRÉAT BRITAIN; HENDRIK VAN DEN BORN, HOLLAND; ANTOINE KRIER, LUXEMBOURG; HANS HEGG, NORWAY; AXEL SVENSSON, SWEDEN; AND ADOLPHE CRAEDEL, SWITZERLAND. (END ADVANCE FOR USE AT 6 P.M. EASTERN STANDARD TIME TODAY APRIL

24)

RP453PED

(ADVANCE FOR USE AT & F.O. , LASIERN STANDARD TIME, SUNDAY, APRIL 24)

KOREAN LABOR (120)

(ADVANCE) WASHINGTON, APRIL 24-(AP)-THE WORKING MAN IN SOUTH KOREA IS IN BAD SHAPE, THE BUREAU OF LABOR STATISTICS HERE INDICATED TODAY.

HIS WAGES ACCOUNT FOR ONLY ONE-FOURTH OF HIS FAMILY'S REQUIREMENTS THE REST OF THE MONEY OFTEN COMES FROM SUCH SOURCES AS ILLEGAL BONUSES, LOANS, BLACK-MARKET ACTIVITY, SALES OF POSSESSIONS, OR THE INCOME OF OTHER WORKING MEMBERS OF THE FAMILY.

THAT WAS THE ESTIMATE AS OF MARCH, 1948, REPORTED BY THE BUREAU

IN ITS MAGAZINE, "MONTHLY LABOR REVIEW."

ANOTHER BLEAK NOTE WAS THIS:

THE MOST RECENT LOCAL ESTIMATE OF UNEMPLOYMENT IN ALL OF KOREA WAS BETWEEN 1,000,000 AND 2,000,000 IN A LABOR FORCE OF UNKNOWN SIZE BUT PROBABLY SOMETHING OVER 5.000,000.

KOREAN LABOR IS STRUGGLING TO GET ON ITS FEET AFTER 40 YEARS OF

JAPANESE DOMINATION. (END ADVANCE FOR USE AT 6 P.M., EST, SUNDAY, APRIL 24)

UHTPFD

(280) SAWYER (WY) CAPE HENRY, VA., APRIL 24-(AP)-SECRETARY OF COMMERCE SAWYER SAID TODAY "IT SEEMS PROBABLE THAT SOME KIND OF (GOVERNMENT) WARANTEE WILL BE WORKED OUT" TO STIMULATE CAPITAL INVESTMENTS ABROAD BY PRIVATE U.S. BUSINESS.

WHILE "THE PRECISE FORM IT WILL TAKE IS NOT EASY TO PREDICT," HE SAID, "THE GUARANTEE OBVIOUSLY SHOULD COVER MORE THAN" THE ABILITY TO CONVERT FOREIGN MONEY INTO DOLLARS UP TO THE ORIGINAL CAPITAL

INVESTMENT. THE COMMERCE CHIEF, IN AN ADDRESS PREPARED FOR SERVICES MEMORAL-IZING "THE FIRST LANDING OF PERMANENT ENGLISH SETTLERS" AT THIS VIRGINIA SITE, DWELLED AT LENGTH ON WAYS OF FORWARDING PRESIDENT TRUMAN'S "BOLD NEW PROGRAM" FOR ALDING UNDERDEVELOPED AREAS OF THE

SAWYER RECALLED THAT THE EARLY SETTLERS HERE WERE "FOR THE MOST PART FINANCED BY BUSINESSMEN WHO WERE RISKING THEIR FORTUNES. X X X

THE BASIC URGE WAS TO MAKE A FORTUNE IN THE NEW WORLD."

IF THE TRUMAN IDEA OF MAKING AVAILABLE TO OTHERS OUR SCIENTIFIC ADVANCES AND INDUSTRIAL PROGRESS IS TO SUCCEED, SAID SAWYER, "IT MUST IN LARGE PART BE FINANCED AND CARRIED ON BY PRIVATE BUSINESS."
HOUEVER, HE ADDED, "IT MAY BE DESIRABLE TO FINANCE SOME DEVELOP-MENTAL PROJECTS THROUGH THE WORLD BANK OR THROUGH LENDING AGENCIES

OF THE UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT." AWYER SAID PRIVATE BUSINESS' RELUCTANCE TO INVEST ABROAD STEMS CHIEFLY FROM FEARS IT CANNOT GET DOLLARS BACK FOR FOREIGN CURRENCY OR PROPERTY: THAT ITS PLANTS AND EQUIPMENT MIGHT BE "EXPROPRIATED," AND THAT FOREIGN GOVERNMENTS WILL PLACE "SERIOUS DISCRIMINATORY

DESTRICTIONS ON THEIR RIGHTS TO MANAGE THEIR BUSINESS AFFAIRS." "THE AMERICAN BUSINESSMAN IS MORE LIKELY TO WANT TO GO INTO THESE OTHER COUNTRIES AND RISK HIS CAPITAL IF HE FEELS THAT HIS GOVERNMENT IS STANDING BACK OF HIM," SAWYER SAID.

TO OVERCOME BUSINESS' FEARS AND MAKE THE PRESIDENT SUGGESTIONS

FRUITFUL, SAWYER SAID TWO THINGS MUST BE ACCOMPLISHED:

1. "WE MUST OBTAIN THE FREELY GIVEN CONSENT AND COOPERATION OF THE COUNTRIES TO BE AFFECTED. WE WILL NOT FORCE OUR MONEY, OUR TECHNIQUES, OR OUR IDEAS UPON OTHER COUNTRIES AGAINST THEIR WILL."

2. "THE GOVERNMENT MUST AT LEAST TRY TO MAKE FOREIGN INVESTMENTS ATTRACTIVE TO U.S. BUSINESSMEN BECAUSE IT "CANNOT COMPEL THEM TO

GO INTO THESE OTHER COUNTRIES."

SAWYER SAID THE GOVERNMENT "CAN TRY, THROUGH DIPLOMATIC CHANNELS, TO NEGOTIATE FORMAL AGREEMENTS WITH OTHER NATIONS COVERING THE RIGHT OF AMERICAN INVESTORS TO CONVERT THEIR FOREIGN EARNINGS INTO DOLLARS AND THEIR RIGHT TO RECEIVE PROPER AND ADEQUATE COMPENSATION IF THEIR PROPERTY IS REQUISITIONED."

THE U.S., HE SAID, SHOULD MAKE CLEAR THAT IT SEEKS "NO EXTRA-TERRITORIAL AUTHORITY FOR AMERICA OR AMERICAN BUSINESS," OR PRE-FERENTIAL TREATMENT FOR U.S. BUSINESSMEN, WHO THEMSELVES ASK NO

PROTECTION FROM THE "ORDINARY RISKS OF THE MARKET PLACE."

"WE ARE, HOWEVER, ENTITLED TO ASK FOR THEM WHATEVER RIGHTS WE GIVE RECIPROCALLY TO THE BUSINESS FIRMS OF THESE OTHER COUNTRIES

OPERATING IN THE UNITED STATES. X X X

"AT THE SAME TIME, X X X WE SHOULD BE WILLING TO GIVE AMPLE SSURANCE THAT THE INFLOW OF AMERICAN CAPITAL WILL NOT BE AC-COMPANIED BY INTERFERENCE WITH NATIONAL POLICIES OR BY AMERICAN DOMINATION OF THEIR ECONOMY."

MIDDLEBURY, VT., APRIL 24-(AP)-SEN.RALPH E.FLANDERS (R-VT) SAID TODAY THE AMERICAN STANDARD OF LIVING WOULD BE CUT DRASTICALLY IF PRESIDENT TRUMAN'S "SOCIAL PROGRAM" IS ENACTED BEFORE THE END OF THE "COLD WAR."

HE SAID ADDING THAT COST TO "THE \$22,000,000,000 (B) THAT THE COLD WAR IS NOW COSTING US ANNUALLY -- AND WHICH WE FISCALLY CAN'T AFFORD --THE STANDARD OF LIVING OF THE AMERICAN PEOPLE WILL BE LOWERED DRASTI-CALLY."

THE GOVERNMENT, HE ADDED, CANNOT TAKE MORE THAN "A CERTAIN PERCENT-AGE OF THE NATION'S INCOME WITHOUT STAGNATION AS WELL AS A GRADUAL LOWERING OF OUR .STANDARD OF LIVING."

HE ADDRESSED THE SEVENTH ANNUAL MIDDLEBURY COLLEGE CONFERENCE ON

THE SUBJECT, "A POSITIVE PROGRAM FOR A DEMOCRATIC SOCIETY."

FLANDERS SAID THAT "IF THE PRESIDENT'S SOCIAL PROGRAM IS TO BE FINANCED BY MORE TAXES ON BUSINESS, ANOTHER STEP IN THE LOWERING OF LIVING STANDARDS WILL TAKE PLACE."

"IF BUSINESS IS ALLOWED TO MOVE ALONG WITHOUT THE BURDEN OF TAXES," HE SAID, "BUSINESS ON ITS OWN MERIT AND BY BETTER MANAGEMENT WILL BE

INSTRUMENTAL IN RAISING THE STANDARD OF LIVING."

CHARLES M. LAFOLLETTE, FORMER U.S. CONGRESSMAN FROM INDIANA AND RECENT MILITARY GOVERNOR FOR WURTENBERG BADEN, GERMANY, SAID "GOR FOREIGN POLICY WILL FAIL IN EUROPE UNLESS WE SHOW THAT THE UNITED STATES IS DEVELOPING A DYNAMIC FORM OF GOVERNMENT, WITH EVIDENCE SHOW-ING ELIMINATION OF DISCRIMINATION AND BACIAL PREJUDICE."

MD952PED

WITH CHINA

SAN FRANCISCO. APRIL 24-(AP)-THE PEIPING COMMUNIST RADIO SAID TODAY NANKING WAS CAPTURED AT MIDNIGHT ON SATURDAY BY RED FORCES. (ASSOCIATED PRESS CORRESPONDENT SEYMOUR TOPPING IN A DISPATCH FROM NANKING PREVIOUSLY HAD SAID THE REDS ENTERED THE CHINA CAPITAL AT 3:20 A.M. SUNDAY).

"THE PEOPLES LIBERATION ARMY CAPTUREE THIS LARGEST WALLED CITY IN CHINA WITHIN THREE DAYS AFTER THE BEGINNING OF THE YANGTZE VALLEY CAMPAIGN," THE RED RADIO SAID. "KUOMINTANG TROOPS WERE ROUTED AT THE FIRST ENCOUNTER AND ORGANIZED RESISTANCE IS NO LONGER POSSIBLE.

"PEOPLES FIGHTERS ENTERING THE CITY WERE ENTHUSIASTICALLY GREETED BY THE CITIZENS AND STUDENTS," THE RADIO CONTINUED. "ORDER IN THE CITY HAS BEEN SWIFTLY RESTORED AND SHOPS HAVE OPENED AS USUAL."

(TOPPING IN A LATER DISPATCH SAID ORDER HAD BEEN RESTORED IN THE CITY BUT THAT SHOPS, MANY OF WHICH WERE LOOTED IN THE GOVERNMENT'S LAST HOURS IN NANKING, HAD NOT REOPENED. HE SAID NANKING RESIDENTS GREETED THE REDS MORE WITH CURIOSITY THAN JOY ALTHOUGH ALL WERE GLAD THE FIGHTING AND SUSPENSE WAS OVER.)

I.W734APS NM

AP19FX

BULLETIN SAN FRANCISCO, APRIL 24-(AP)-THE COMMUNIST RADIO SAID TODAY LONG BESIEGED TAIYUAN, CAPITAL OF SHANSI PROVINCE, WAS CAPTURED TODAY AFTER A FIVE HOUR BATTLE.

ALL OF THE CHIMESE GOVERNMENT MEN IN THE CITY, KNOWN AS THE PITTSBURGH OF CHIMA, WERE WIPED OUT, THE RED RADIO SAID.

THE RADIO SAID THAT MORE THAN 12 GOVERNMENT DIVISIONS WERE DESTROYED OUTSIDE THE CITY IN A THREE-DAY BATTLE PRECEDING THE FALL OF TAIYUAN.

TAIYUAN WAS DEFENDED BY APPROXIMATELY 150,000 GOVERNMENT TROOPS. ONE OF THE MOST DEVELOPED INDUSTRIAL CITIES IN NORTH CHINA, TAIYUAN HAD BEEN THE FORTRESS OF WARLORD YEN HSI-SHAN FOR MORE

WITH THE HELP OF THE JAPANESE, HE CONSTRUCTED STRONG FORTIFICATIONS INTERLACED BY THOUSANDS OF BLOCKHOUSES AND PILLBOXES AROUND THE CITY. (MARSHAL YEN MAY NOT HAVE BEEN IN THE CITY WHEN IT FELL. HE HAS EEM VISITING IN MANKING BUT LAST WAS REPORTED PREPARING TO FLY BACK TO TAIYUAN. HE HAS FREQUENTLY SAID HE WOULD COMMIT SUICIDE BEFORE ALLOWING HIMSELF TO FALL INTO COMMUNIST HANDS.) LW71 9APS NM

SAN FRANCISCO, APRIL 24-(AP)-THE SHANGHAI PRESS WIRELESS OPERATOR INFORMED THE SAN FRANCISCO OFFICE OF THE COMPANY AT 2:30 A.M. PST SUNDAY (5:30 A.M. EST):
"HAVE MUCH COPY ON HAND BUT NO OPERATORS TO SEND IT. THE

COMMIES ARE COMING."

LAST WORD FROM THE ASSOCIATED PRESS BUREAU IN SHANGHAI SAID DEFENSES OF THE BIG CITY WERE BEING READIED BUT NO COMMUNIST TROOPS HAD BEEN SIGHTED. THAT WAS AT 12:15 A.M. (3:15 A.M. EST). LW242APS NM

SAN FRANCISCO, APRIL 24-(AP)-IF THE IRISH REPUBLIC JOINED THE ATLANTIC PACT SHE MIGHT BE HELPING TO MAINTAIN BRITAIN'S "WRONGFUL INTRUSION" IN HER AFFAIRS, SEAN MACBRIDE, MINISTER OF EXTERNAL AFFAIRS OF IRELAND, SAID IN A PREPARED SPEECH TONIGHT.

HE SAID THE PACT IS INTENDED TO PROTECT THE TERRITORIAL INTERGRITY AND THE POLITICAL INDEPENDENCE OF THE MEMBER NATIONS. AND UNLESS IT WERE UNDERSTOOD THAT HER OWN. TERRITORIAL INTERGRITY AND BOLITICAL INDE-PENDENCE IS IRELAND'S SOLE CONCERN, ADHERENCE TO THE PACT WOULD BE AGAINST HER OWN DESIRE TO END PARTITION.

THE MINISTER SPOKE TO THE IRISH FREEDOM LEAGUE OF SAN FRANCISCO. TOLD THE GROUP THE INTERNATIONAL RECOGNITION OF HIS COUNTRY LAST MONDAY WAS LARGELY THE RESULT OF THE INSPIRATION, THE INITIATIVE AND SUPPORT OF THE FREEDOM LOVING PEOPLE OF THE UNITED STATES.

HE SAID THE SHADOW OF PARTITION HAD CLOUDED THE DAY'S REJOICINGS. HOWEVER, AND HE COMPARED THE COMPLAINT OF IRELAND AGAINST BRITAIN TO THE COMPLAINT OF THE DEMOCRATIC WORLD AGAINST RUSSIA.

"THE COMPLAINT OF THE DEMOCRATIC WORLD AGAINST RUSSIA, WHICH IS A COMPLETELY JUSTIFIABLE COMPLAINT, IS THAT RUSSIA INTERFERES AND SEEKS TO IMPOSE HER WILL IN OTHER COUNTRIES, " HE SAID.

"OUR COMPLAINTS AGAINST BRITAIN IS THAT SHE IS INTERFERING IN OUR AFFAIRS IN DEFIANCE OF THE EXPRESSED WILL OF THE IRISH PEOPLE." 41 KPCS

NEW YORK, APRIL 24-(AP)-THREE FORMER GOVERNMENT OFFICIALS TODAY ASKED AMERICAN VOTERS TO URGE THEIR SENATORS "TO VOTE YES, FAST,"

FORMER SUPREME COURT JUSTICE OWEN J. ROBERTS, FORMER SECRETARY OF AR ROBERT PATTERSON, AND FORMER UNDER SECRETARY OF STATE WILL CLAYTON MADE THEIR APPEAL IN AN "OPEN LETTER TO THE AMERICAN PEOPLE."

THE LETTER WAS RELEASED BY THE ATLANTIC UNION COMMITTEE. IT SEEKS A UNION, WITHIN THE FRAMEWORK OF THE UNITED NATIONS, OF THE PACT'S SPONSOR NATIONS COMPARABLE TO THE UNION OF THE 48 STATES WITHIN THE

ROBERTS IS PRESIDENT OF THE COMMITTEE AND PATTERSON AND CLAYTON ARE VICE PRESIDENTS.

THE SENATE FOREIGN RELATIONS COMMITTEE IS SCHEDULED TO BEGIN

HEARINGS ON THE PACT WEDNESDAY. IN URGING PROMPT RATIFICATION OF THE TREATY THE LETTER SAID "LIVES LOST IN TWO WORLD WARS OF OUR CENTURY MIGHT HAVE BEEN SAVED IF GERMANY AND JAPAN HAD KNOWN IN ADVANCE THAT THEY WOULD MEET UNITED RESISTANCE."

HJ925PED

NEW YORK, APRIL 24-(AP)-A SPOKESMAN FOR THE FEDERAL COUNCIL OF THE CHURCHES OF CHRIST IN AMERICA TODAY ASKED THE U.S. SEMATE, IF IT RATIFIED THE NORTH ATLANTIC PACT. TO CONSIDER ADOPTION OF A RESOLUTION MAKING CLEAR THESE POINTS:

1. RATIFICATION "IS NOT CONSTRUED AS CLOSING THE AVENUES OF DIPLOMATIC CONVERSATION WITH THE SOVIET UNION."

2. "IS NOT CONSTRUED AS THE EQUIVALENT OF, OR AS A SUBSTITUTE

FOR A UNIVERSAL SYSTEM OF COLLECTIVE SECURITY."

3. "IS NOT CONSTRUED AS THE EQUIVALENT OF, OR AS A SUBSTITUTE FOR THOSE CURATIVE AND CREATIVE EFFORTS OF GOVERNMENT THROUGH WHICH IT IS SOUGHT TO PROMOTE ECONOMIC BECOVERY, TO STRENGTHEN THE INSTITUTIONS OF DEMOCRACY, AND TO ADVANCE THE POLITICAL AND SOCIAL WELL BEING OF SUBJECT AND DEPENDENT PEOPLES." 4. "IS NOT CONSTRUED AS COMPROMISING IN ANY WAY THE PRIOR

RESPONSIBILITY OF THE PRESIDENT AND THE CONGRESS IN THE SHAPING OF AMERICAN FOREIGN POLICY."

THE RT. REV. WILLIAM SCAPLETT, PROTESTANT EPISCOPAL BISHOP OF MISSOURI, SENT A COPY OF THE LETTER TO EACH MEMBER OF THE SENATE. HE IS CHAIRMAN OF THE FEDERAL COUNCIL'S DEPARTMENT OF INTERNATIONAL HE JUSTICE AND GOODWILL. THE FEDERAL COUNCIL PEPRESENTS 27 PROTESTANT AND EASTERN ORTHODOX DENOMINATIONS WITH ABOUT 29,000,000 MEMBERS.

BISHOP SCAPLETT EMPHASIZED THAT THE FEDERAL COUNCIL HAS TAKEN POSITION FOR OR AGAINST RATIFICATION OF THE PACT.

HP& HJ903PES

GENERAL TOM CLARK TODAY NOT TO KEEP TWO EUROPEAN LEGISLATORS FROM MAKING A NATION-WIDE TOUR OF THE UNITED STATES WITH HIM. WALLACE TERMED SECRETARY OF STATE DEAN ACHESON "A FRIGHTENED MAN" FOR RECOMMENDING TO CLARK YESTERDAY THAT ENTRY VISAS BE REFUSED

PIERRE COT OF FRANCE AND KONNI ZILLIACUS OF BRITAIN. THE STATE DEPARTMENT TURNED THUMBS DOWN ON THE TWO

PARLIAMENTARIANS IN A RECOMMENDATION TO CLARK, WHO HAS AUTHORITY TO MAKE EXCEPTIONS IN THE LAW.

WALLACE ASKED CLARK IN A WIRE NOT TO CONCUR IN AN "ILLEGAL UNDEMOCRATIC ACT" BY TURNING DOWN THE VISA REQUESTS.

HE TOLD CLARK THE ONLY GROUNDS FOR EXCLUSION WOULD BE ADVOCATING VIOLENT OVERTHROW OF THE GOVERNMENT. AND ADDED "NO ONE WITH A GRAIN OF SENSE. COULD POSSIBLY BELIEVE" ZILLIACUS AND COT ADVOCATE THIS. WALLACE SAID ACHESON FEARED THE TWO EUROPEANS MIGHT DAMAGE THE

"CLAIM THAT THE MORTH ATLANTIC PACT IS A PACT OF PEACE.

ZILLIACUS, COT AND FOUR OTHER EUROPEANS WERE INVITED TO ACCOMPANY WALLIACE ON A THREE WEEKS SPEAKING TOUR OF 15 AMERICAN CITIES STARTING

ONE OF THEM, H.LESTER HUTCHINSON, LABOR MEMBER OF THE BRITISH HOUSE OF COMMONS, ARRIVED TONIGHT AT LA GUARDIA AIRFIELD.
HE WAS CLEARED AFTER TWO HOURS' DELAY BY IMMIGRATION PROCEEDINGS,

"I BELIEVE THEY WANTED TO FIND OUT IF I WAS A COMMUNIST.

NATURALLY, I AM NOT A COMMUNIST."

A SPOKESMAN FOR WALLACE SAID OTHERS INVITED TO MAKE THE TOUR
WERE ITALIAN SENATOR MECHELE GIVA, DUE TOMORROW; MRS. MIMI LUNDEN,
MORWEGIAN WRITER, DUE WEDNESDAY, AND MRS. SONJA BRANTING, DAUGHTER
OF THE LATE PRIME MINISTER OF SWEDEN, "WHOSE VISA APPLICATION HAS HOT YET BEEN CLEARED."

HPS52PFD

UNITED NATIONS (3) BY GEORGE PALMER

NEW YORK, APRIL 24-(AP)-A HEATED EAST-WEST ARGUMENT IS EXPECTED TOMORROW WHEN THE UNITED NATIONS DEBATES A RUSSIAN LAW FORBIDDING SOVIET-BORN WIVES OF FOREIGNERS TO LEAVE RUSSIAN SOIL.

THE DEBATE WILL DEVELOP IN THE 58-NATION GENERAL ASSEMBLY OVER CHILF'S COMPLAINT AGAINST THE SOVIET STATUTE. THE COMPLAINT, FILED

WITH THE U.M. NEARLY A YEAR AGO, CONTAINS TWO COUNTS:

PUSSIA VIOLATED HUMAN RIGHTS BY PREVENTING RUSSIAN WIVES OF

POREIGNERS FROM LEAVING THE COUNTRY WITH THEIR HUSBANDS.

2. RUSSIA VIOLATED TRADITIONAL DIPLOMATIC PRACTICES BY REFUSING TO ALLOW A MEMBER OF THE FAMILY OF THE FORMER CHILEAN AMBASSADOR TO RUSSIA TO LEAVE THE COUNTRY ACCOMPANIED BY THE AMBASSADOR. HE COMPLAINT RESULTED FROM RUSSIA'S REFUSAL TO ALLOW THE SOVIET WIFE OF ALVARO CRUZ, SON OF FORMER AMBASSADOR LUIS DAVID CRUZ OCAMPO, TO LEAVE THE SOVIET UNION WITH HER HUSBAND.

THE FULL ASSEMBLY, MEETING TOMORROW AT FLUSHING MEADOW, N.Y., EITHER ACCEPT OR REJECT A RECOMMENDATION OF ITS LEGAL COMMITTEE THAT

RUSSIA BE REPRIMANDED FOR ITS ACTION.

RUSSIA'S ARGUMENT IS THAT BY KEEPING SOVIET-BORN WIVES OF FOREIGNERS T HOME IT IS PROTECTING THEM FROM POSSIBLE INSULTS ABROAD. THE LEGAL COMMITTEE DECIDED, HOWEVER, THAT THE SOVIET PRACTICE IS A VIOLATION OF

U.N. CHAPTER.

ANOTHER QUESTION ON THE ASSEMBLY AGENDA IS A COMMITTEE PROPOSAL THAT AN 11-NATION COMMITTEE BE GIVEN THE JOB OF STUDYING SECRETARY GENERAL

TRYGVE LIE'S SUGGESTION FOR A SPECIAL 800-MAN U.N. GUARD FORCE.

LIE'S PLAN, FOR AN INTERNATIONAL FORCE ASSIGNED TO PROTECT U.M. ACE MISSIONS THROUGHOUT THE WORLD, HAS BEEN CRITICIZED BY THE SOVIET BLOC AS A VIOLATION OF THE CHARTER. SOVIET DELEGATES CLAIM IT HAS POLITICAL IMPLICATIONS. LIE'S LEGAL STAFF SAYS THE PROPOSAL IS AIMED AT NOTHING MORE THAN GUARDING PEACE-SEEKERS SUCH AS THE LATE COUNT

FOLKE BERNADOTTE, ASSASSINATED LAST FALL IN JERUSALEM.
THE CASES OF JOSEF CARDINAL MINDSZENTY, CATHOLIC PRELATE OF HUNGARY, AND 15 CONVICTED PROTESTANT CLERGYMEN IN BULGARIA ARE NOT SCHEDULED FOR ASSEMBLY ACTION TOMORROW. A COMMITTEE RESOLUTION, APPROVED LAST WEEK, EXPRESSED GRAVE CONCERN OVER CHARGES THAT COMMUNIST-DOMINATED HUNGARY AND BULGARIA HAD VIOLATED HUMAN RIGHTS IN PROSECUTING CHURCH LEADERS.

DETROIT, APRIL 24-(AP)-HENRY MORGENTHAU, JR., SAID TONIGHT RELIEF FUNDS CAN FREE ALL JEWS FROM GERMAN AND AUSTRIAN DISPLACED PERSONS CAMPS THIS YEAR.

THE FORMER SECRETARY OF THE TREASURY MADE THIS STATEMENT IN A SPEECH PREPARED FOR DELIVERY AT AN ALLIED JEWISH CAMPAIGN RALLY

HE ESTIMATED THAT 250,000 JEWS COULD BE MOVED TO ISRAEL IN 1949 IF THE UNITED JEWISH APPEAL FUND GOAL IS REACHED.

MORGENTHAU IS NATIONAL CHAIRMAN OF THE \$250,000,000 DRIVE.

"JEWISH REFUGEES FROM EUROPE AND NORTH AFRICA," HE SAID, "ARE STREAMING INTO ISRAEL AT THE RATE OF MORE THAN 1,000 A DAY." THIS HAS CREATED "GRAVE PROBLEMS."

"AT THIS VERY MOMENT," HE SAID, "60,000 NEWCOMERS ARE LIVING

ON THE BARE GROUND.

"THE JEWISH STATE CANNOT ABSORB THIS GREAT INFLUX OF NEWCOMERS WITHOUT MAXIMUM HELP FROM US."

RK724PES

NEW YORK, APRIL 24-(AP)-HERBERT V. EVATT, DEPUTY PRIME MINISTER OF AUSTRALIA AND PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED NATIONS ASSEMBLY, SAID TODAY THE UNITED STATES, AUSTRALIA AND NEW ZEALAND COULD KEEP THE PACIFIC AREA FREE FROM AGGRESSION.

EVATT SAID THIS COULD BE ACCOMPLISHED BY RAISING THE STANDARDS OF LIVING IN THE WESTERN PACIFIC AND SOUTHEAST ASIA WHERE HE DECLARED "MORE THAN HALF THE PEOPLE OF THE WORLD LIVE UNDER CONDITIONS THAT ARE

ALMOST INTOLERABLE."

HE SPOKE AT ANZAC DAY MEMORIAL SERVICES IN THE FIFTH AVENUE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH. THE SERVICES WERE PART OF DAY-LONG CEREMONIES MARKING THE 34TH ANNIVERSARY OF THE LANDING OF AUSTRALIAN AND NEW ZEALAND TROOPS AT GALLIPOLI APRIL 25.1915.

REVIEWING THE COMMON FIGHT WAGED BY THE ALLIES DURING THE WAR,

"IN THOSE YEARS OF COMMON FERIL AND COMMON EFFORT AND SACRIFICE, A CLOSE AND INDISSOLUBLE BOND OF COMRADESHIP WAS ESTABLISHED, NOT ONLY BETWEEN THE SERVICEMEN OF AUSTRALIA AND NEW ZEALAND AND THE UNITED STATES, BUT ALSO BETWEEN THEIR PEOPLES.

"NOW THAT VICTORY HAS BEEN GAINED, WE HAVE A COMMON INTEREST IN KEEPING THE PACIFIC FREE FROM FUTURE AGGRESSION AND IN PROMOTING PEACE AND PROSPERITY BY HELPING TO RAISE THE STANDARDS OF HUMAN WELFARE IN THE REGIONS OF WESTERN AND SOUTHWEST ASIA WHERE MORE THAN HALF THE PEOPLE OF THE WORLD LIVE UNDER CONDITIONS THAT ARE ALMOST INTOLERABLE.

EVATT SAID IT WAS A "HAPPY COINCIDENCE" THAT APRIL 25 ALSO IS THE ANNIVERSARY OF THE MEETING OF THE SAN FRANCISCO CONFERENCE OF 1945

WHICH PREPARED AND ADOPTED THE UNITED NATIONS CHARTER.

"THE PURPOSES AND PRINCIPLES OF THE UNITED NATIONS ARE THE PURPOSES AND PRINCIPLES FOR WHICH OUR SERVICEMEN FOUGHT: INTERNATIONAL PEACE, JUSTICE AND WELFARE," HE SAID. "BY REMAINING LOYAL TO THE UNITED NATIONS AND GIVING IT OUR UTMOST AND SINCERE SUPPORT, WE ARE REMAINING LOYAL TO THE ANZAC SPIRIT."

EVATT SAID "THE VERY NAME 'ANZAC' -- FORMED BY THE INITIALS OF THE WORDS 'AUSTRALIAN AND NEW ZEALAND ARMY CORPS' -- INDICATES THE

CLOSE RELATIONS AND KINSHIP OF THE TWO DOMINIONS OF THE SOUTHERN PACIFIC . . . IN PEACE AS IN WAR OUR TWO PEOPLES STAND TOGETHER IN COMRADESHIP AND COMMON ENDEAVOR."

WREATHS IN MEMORIAL TO THE WAR DEAD OF AUSTRALIA AND NEW ZEALAND WERE PLACED ON THE COMMUNION TABLE BY LT.COL.NORMAN D.CARLYON, WHO WAS MILITARY ASSISTANT TO GEN.SIR THOMAS BLAMEY, COMMANDER IN CHIEF OF THE AUSTRALIAN MILITARY FORCES THROUGHOUT WORLD WAR II. THE WREATHS WERE PLACED ON BEHALF OF GEN. BLAMEY - AND OF THE RETURNED SAILORS, SOLDIERS AND AIRMEN'S IMPERIAL LEAGUE OF AUSTRALIA.

OTHERS WHO TOOK PART IN THE SERVICE WERE NORMAN V. MAKIN, AUSTRALIAN AMBASSADOR TO THE UNITED STATES, D.W.WOODWARD, CONSUL GENERAL OF NEW ZEALAND IN NEW YORK, AND THE REV. ALAN WALKER, ADVISER TO THE

AUSTRALIAN DELEGATION AT THE UNITED NATIONS.

THE REV.JOHN SUTHERLAND BONNELL, PASTOR OF THE FIFTH AVENUE

PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH. PRESIDED.

ADDITIONAL CEREMONIES WERE HELD EARLIER IN THE ANZAC GARDEN, ATOP THE BRITISH EMPIRE BUILDING, 620 FIFTH AVENUE. BEFORE A GATHERING OF ABOUT 200 PERSONS, A MEMORIAL PLAGUE WAS PRESENTED BY JAMES A. FARRELL, COUNSEL OF THE ANZAC CLUB OF NEW YORK DURING THE PAST WAR, TO THE PHI DELTA THETA CLUB, WHERE THE ANZAC CLUB HAD HEADQUARTERS DURING THE WAR YEARS. GAMMA DELTA

MAYOR O'DUYER WAS REPRESENTED TO THE ANZAC GARDEN CEREMONY BY JAMES J.O'BRIEN, SECRETARY OF THE DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS. MR.O'BRIEN SAID THE "TIES FORGED" BETWEEN NEW ZEALAND, AUSTRALIA AND THE UNITED

STATES DURING THE WAR WILL "REMAIN FIRM."

BRIEF ADDRESSES ALSO WERE MADE BY LT.COL.G.W.L.TOWNSEND, PRESIDENT OF THE AUSTRALIAN SOCIETY OF NEW YORK, INC.; C.V.KELLWAY, CONSUL GENERAL OF AUSTRALIA IN NEW YORK; DR. HARRY N. HOLMES, CHAPLAIN OF THE AUSTRALIAN SOCIETY, AND LESLIE BRYCE, MEMBER OF THE BRITISH HOUSE OF COMMONS.

MD733PED

UM--PRESS (650

BY WILLIAM L. PHILLIPS LAKE SUCCESS, APRIL 24-(AP)-THE UNITED STATES WILL FIGHT "BACKDOOR CENSORSHIP" IN A CRUCIAL U.N. PRESS DEBATE DURING NEW YORK'S

WENSPAPER WEEK. MRS. FRANKLIN D.ROOSEVELT AND ERWIN D.CANHAM, EDITOR OF THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR AND FORMER PRESIDENT OF THE AMERICAN OCIETY OF NEWSPAPER EDITORS, WILL LEAD THE BATTLE IN THE ASSEMBLY'S 53-NATION SOCIAL COMMITTEE.

THE COMMITTEE HOPES BY THE MIDDLE OF THE WEEK TO FINISH DRAFTING A CONVENTION ON THE GATHERING OF NEWS, DESIGNED TO BECOME THE FIRST COMPREHENSIVE INTERNATIONAL LAW AFFECTING NEWSPAPERMEN.

THE DEBATE SHOULD REACH ITS CLIMAX TUESDAY OR WEDNESDAY. PUBLISHERS FROM EVERY STATE ARE TO ATTEND THE ASSOCIATED PRESS ANNUAL MEETING MONDAY AND SESSIONS OF THE AMERICAN NEWSPAPER PUBLISHERS ASSOCIATION LATER IN THE WEEK.

ARTICLES APPROVED SO FAR PLEDGE CONTRACTING GOVERNMENTS TO EXPEDIT ENTRY, TRAVEL THROUGH AND EGRESS FROM THEIR TERRITORY FOR CORRESPONDENTS, GUARANTEE NEWSMEN AGAINST DISCRIMINATION IN GATHERING AND TRANSMITTING NEWS AND AGAINST ILLEGAL EXPULSION, AND PROVIDE THAT CENSORSHIP IN PEACE TIME SHALL BE RESTRICTED TO MATTERS OF NATIONAL

SECTIONS STILL TO BE DEBATED INCLUDE ARTICLE 9. THIS CONTAINS THE LIMITATIONS THAT GOVERNMENTS MAY SET ON THE BROAD RIGHTS GUARANTEED TO CORRESPONDENTS AND NEWS GATHERING AGENCIES IN OTHER

SECTIONS OF THE CONVENTION.

BELGIUM HAS PROPOSED INSERTING A PARAGRAPH THAT ON ITS FACE LOW IARMLESS. BUT ACCORDING TO AMERICAN DELEGATION ADVISERS CONTAINS THE GERM OF "BACKDOOR CENSORSHIP."

IT WOULD DECLARE THAT THE PROVISIONS OF THE NEWSGATHERING CONVENTION DO NOT PREJUDICE THE RIGHTS OF GOVERNMENTS UNDER THE

INTERNATIONAL TELECOMMUNICATIONS CONVENTION OF 1947.

THE TELECOMMUNICATIONS CONVENTION IS A LONG-STANDING AGREEMENT BROUGHT UP TO DATE AT ATLANTIC CITY IN 1947. IT GIVES GOVERNMENTS THE RIGHT TO STOP TRANSMISSION OF ANY TELEGRAPH. TELEPHONE OR RADIO ESSAGE, OR SUSPEND A COMMUNICATIONS SERVICE ENTIRELY, FOR A WIDE VARIETY OF REASONS.
A MESSAGE CAN BE STOPPED AS "DANGEROUS TO THE SECURITY OF THE

STATE," OR BECAUSE IT IS CONTRARY TO ANY LAW OF THE ORIGINATING COUNTRY OR CONSIDERED BY THAT COUNTRY AS CONTRARY TO PUBLIC ORDER

OR PUBLIC DECENCY.

"OBVIOUSLY, THAT CREATES A BACKDOOR CENSORSHIP BROADER THAN OUR ARTICLE 4, SPECIFYING PEACETIME CENSORSHIP FOR NATIONAL DEFENSE REASONS ONLY, AND FLATLY VIOLATES OUR ARTICLE 6 GUARANTEFING CORRESPONDENTS ACCESS TO COMMUNICATIONS," AN AMERICAN SOURCE SAID.

HE SAID THE U.S. WILL NOT ACCEPT AN EXPECTED BELGIAN ARGUMENT

THAT THE THING TO DO IS AMEND THE TELECOMMUNICATIONS CONVENTION. BECAUSE UNDER THAT AGREEMENT'S TERMS IT CANNOT BE REVISED UNTIL

IT WILL FIGHT THE BELGIAN PROPOSAL AND MOVE INSTEAD TO INSERT A PARAGRAPH DECLARING THAT THE CONTRACTING STATES OF THE NEWSGATHERING CONVENTION AGREE NOT TO INVOKE THE TELECOMMUNICATIONS CONVENTION IN ANY WAY THAT WOULD CONTRAVENE THE PACT ON MEWSGATHERING.

THE U.S. DELEGATION ALSO HOPES TO REVISE OTHER PARTS OF ARTICLE 9 SO AS TO PREVENT ITS ALLOWING ANY PEACETIME CENSORSHIP BROADER THAN FOR NATIONAL DEFENSE.

THE FIRST PARAGRAPH DECLARES THAT MOTHING IN THE CONVENTION SHALL BE CONSTRUED AS DEPRIVING A CONTRACTING STATE OF THE RIGHT TO MAKE AND ENFORCE LAWS TO PROTECT "NATIONAL SECURITY AND PUBLIC ORDER."
THE U.S. HOPES TO DELETE "AND PUBLIC ORDER" AND ALSO WILL OPPOSE

A MEXICAN PROPOSAL TO ADD "AND ITS NATIONAL PRESTIGE OR DIGNITY. THE AMERICAN DELEGATION ALSO HOPES TO ADD A PARAGRAPH SPECIFYING THAT THE SOLE GROUNDS FOR CENSORSHIP, AS IN ARTICLE 4, SHALL BE NATIONAL DEFENSE.

THE SECOND PARAGRAPH DECLARES THAT THE CONVENTION SHALL NOT PREVENT STATES ENFORCING LAWS PROHIBITING OBSCENE NEWS MATERIAL. THIS THE U.S. WOULD LEAVE UNCHANGED.

THE U.S. WOULD LIKE TO DELETE ENTIRELY THE THIRD AND LAST PARAGRAPH, DECLARING THAT NOTHING IN THE CONVENTION EXCEPT ARTICLE 5 -- GUARANTEEING AGAINST ILLEGAL EXPULSION -- "SHALL LIMIT THE DISCRETION OF A STATE" IN REFUSING ENTRY TO A PARTICULAR PERSON OR RESTRICTING HIS RESIDENCE. U.S. SOURCES POINTED OUT THAT ARTICLE 2 WITH THEIR LAWS AND PROCEDURES.

THE OTHER OPERATIVE ARTICLE REMAINING FOR DEBATE IS ARTICLE 15.

IT PLEDGES COUNTRIES WITH COLONIES "TO TAKE AS SOON AS POSSIBLE THE NECESSARY STEPS" TOWARD EXTENDING APPLICATION OF THE CONVENTION TO THE NOW-SELF-GOVERNING TERRITORIES.

HJ949PKS

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BY WILLIAM L.PHILLIPS

LAKE SUCCESS, APRIL 24-(AP)-THE UNITED STATES WILL FIGHT "BACKDOOR CENSORSHIP" IN A CRUCIAL U.N. PRESS DEBATE DURING NEW YORK'S NEWSPAPER WEEK.

MRS. FRANKLIN D.ROOSEVELT AND ERWIN D.CANHAM, EDITOR OF THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR AND PRESIDENT OF THE AMERICAN SOCIETY OF NEWSPAPER EDITORS, WILL LEAD THE BATTLE IN THE ASSEMBLY'S 58-NATION SOCIAL COMMITTEE.

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GH1118AED

END- APR. 24, 1949

Clay Predicts New Regime Will Be Set Up By July 15—Moscow Radio Says Soviet Will Act If Date Is Fixed For Parley

Frankfurt, Germany, April 25 (P)—German anti-Communist leaders reached an agreement tonight with the three military governors to rush the formation of the federal republic of western Germany. The accord ignores Russia.

Gen. Lucius D. Clay, American Military Governor, predicted the new European state—with a population of more

than 45,000,000 Germans west of the Elbe—would come into existence by July 15. That would be four months after the target date fixed last year by the Western allies.

The republic will be made up of the individual German states in the American, British and French occupation zones.

All Differences Reconciled

At the end of a six-hour conference between German constitution writers and the Western governors, Clay announced:

"We have reconciled all differences between the occupation powers and the Germans, and the Germans have reconciled all differences between themselves."

A similar announcement was made by Dr. Konrad Adenauer, leader of the conservative Christian Democratic party. Adenauer is head of the German assembly in Bonn which has been working for eight months on a constitution.

Every political party in western Germany was represented at to-day's conference except the Communists, who bitterly oppose any sort of western German regime.

Promises Details Later

Clay said details of the agreement will be announced in two or three days. He added: "We agreed that the Germans will go back to Bonn and prepare the exact German wording of the agreement. We will prepare the English wording."

One German conferee said the agreement "more or less" insures strong powers for the individual German states in the republic, especially in finances. He claimed the conservatives, who had favored strong state rights, won almost everything they had asked for.

The agreement by all parties concerned was reached unexpectedly. For weeks differences between the Western allies and the Germans and among the Germans themselves had threatened to scuttle plans for Germany's first central government since the war.

Had To Make Sacrifices

All sides apparently made concessions. Adenauer told newsmen: "Everyone had to make a sacrifice in the interests of Germany and of Europe." Twice during today's conference the military governors left the Germans alone to thrash out their problems.

The Germans came to the meeting with a tentative settlement of two of the thorny issues which had blocked completion of the constitution. These had to do with the division of financial powers between the federal and state governments and the division of authority between the upper and lower houses of Parliament.

They had hammered out this settlement quickly after the Western allies made concessions last

week which the Social Democrats (Socialists) considered a victory for themselves. During the period of disagreement the Social Democrats had demanded strong powers for the central government. The Christian Democrats, like the West-

ern allies, favored decentraliza-

tion.
Dr. Otto Shur, deputy from Berlin in the constitutional assembly, said the military governors had indicated that the western sectors of Berlin ultimately might be incorporated into the west German government. He quoted them as saying:

"We hope that the Berlin chair can be drawn up to the round table of the west German Bundesrat (proposed upper house of states) as soon as there is one."

Clay gave this timetable for the birth of the new federal republic:

1. Approval of the final text of

the constitution by the Bonn as-

2. Ratification of the constitution, either by the parliaments of the individual German states or by popular plebiscite.

3. Election of the parliament of the republic by July 15. That body in turn will choose the executives of the republic.

4. Termination of the Western Allied Military Government, almost simultaneously with the election of the parliament. The Allied gennerals will be replaced by Allied high commissioners.

Clay Sends Message

In a message to members of the Associated Press at their annual luncheon in New York, Clay said "the only sure way to peace is in the formation of an association of the free nations of western Europe, including Germany."

["A west German government," he said, "can develop in the democratic tradition only as it is given the right to associate with nations which have long traditions of democratic government, and it can form such association more readily under the guiding hands of a civilian high commission."

No Change With Russia

Clay said here that the impending creation of the federal republic "doesn't particularly change the situation" between Russia and the Western Allies. He said he had no information about a possible renewal of four power talks to solve the East-West conflict over Germany.

Formation of the western German republic might be followed by setting up of an eastern regime in the Soviet occupation zone. The eastern German government may try to claim jurisdiction over all Germany.

Gen. Sir Brian Robertson, British military governor said:

"I think today is a rather historical day, rather a big day in the development of relations between the Germans and the occupation powers."

Some Veto Power Reported

The upper house in the parliament for western Germany will represent the states and the lower house will be popularly elected. An indication that the central powers of the federal government were curtailed was seen in the report that the military governors awarded the upper house power to veto

certain acts of the lower house.

It was reported that the upper house was given veto power over any legislation leading toward socialization. If true this was a victory for German conservatives and American policy and a defeat for Left Wing German Socialists and views of the British Labor Govern-

The Germans will administer their internal affairs subject to supervision by civilian high commissioners of the Allies.

Powers of the new state will be limited by an Allied occupation statute which gives the Germans legislative, executive and judicial authority under flexible Allied conrols.

Many of the 20,000 Allied Military Government's employés will lose their jobs. There is little likelihood of troops reductions. The Allies have about 267,000 troops in western Germany.

ACCORDS OPEN WAY FOR ESTABLISHING OF REICH REGIME

Disputes Are Ended Over West Germany—Clay Sees Charter Soon.

Frankfurt, April 25 (A. P.).—All differences between the Germans and the Western Allies over the formation of a West German government have been cleared up, Gen. Lucius D. Clay, United States Military Governor, announced tonight.

The way now is clear for approval of a West German constitution by May 15 and formation of a Government by July. The announcement, coming with dramatic suddenness, dispelled fears that the difficulties would impede final agreement on a constitution for weeks.

The two leading west German political parties settled their own differences, and then in a meeting with the three allied military gov-

ernors, ironed out difficulties with the occupation Powers.

"I think it is a big story," said Gen. Sir Brian Robertson, the British military governor, hailing the agreement. "I think today is a rather historical day, rather a big day in the development of relations between the Germans and the occupation Powers."

Sees Enactment Soon.

Dr. Konrad Adenauer, head of the Parliamentary Council which is drafting the constitution, announced the meeting of minds of the German political leaders. He made the disclosure after the meeting with the three Western military governors. He predicted enactment of the constitution by a large majority of the council soon.

Dr. Otto Suhr, deputy from Berlin to the Constitutional Assembly, told reporters the military governors indicated the Western sectors of Berlin might be incorporated into the future West German state. Suhr said he did not think this would happen until the West German government had been built up, however.

"We hope that the Berlin chair can be drawn up to the round table of the West German bundesrat (proposed upper house) as soon as there is one," Suhr quoted one of the military governors as saying.

New difficulties between the Social Democrats and the Christian Democratic Union, the two leading German parties, had cropped up over religious education in schools, civil service and civil rights as late as today.

reported today in the midst of a German-Allied conference officials hoped would clear up all disputes.

The Germans, who had agreed yesterday on two major issues delaying the new government, came here to lay that agreement before the American, British and French military governors, and ask their approval.

But even as the conference began, it was learned that new and possibly serious differences had developed among the Germans on other issues.

Delay Foreseen

These new disputes could possibly delay final agreement for several weeks. And it was not even known yet whether the Allies would approve the compromise the Germans reached on the two issues yesterday.

The big issues concern the financial power of the proposed central government and the amount of power to be given the member

states. The new disputes concern religious education in schools, civil service and the Constitution's definition of civil rights.

As before, the disputes are between the two major parties—the left-wing Social Democrats and the conservative Christian Democratic Union.

No Agreement Today

There can be no final agreement reached today, anyway.

The military governors told the Germans that even if they personally approved the German compromise they would still need ratification by their Government.

French Military Governor Gen. Pierre Koenig, Gen. Lucius D. Clay of the United States and Gen. Sir Brian Robertson of Great Britain were present in person.

On the German side were eighteen leaders of the Bonn convention, which has been working on a constitution for eight months. Every West German political party was represented, except the Communists—who bitterly oppose any sort of West German government.

New Differences Delay German 'State' Meeting

Frankfurt, Germany, April 25 (A)—New difficulties in the formation of a west German state were

West Berlin's Health Better Despite Block

Berlin's 2.250.000 people have come through the winter in better health than they began it, despite the Russian blockade's interference with many normal means of supplying food and medicine

Major Richmond S. Paine, chief of the American Military Government's public health branch, disclosed that today.

He said the rates for most contagious diseases were the lowest since the war and were lower than in 1938, the last normal prewar

He added that Berliners, fed by the airlift, have been gaining weight right through the winter and into spring.

German and Allied health authorities meanwhile announced completion of the vast operation of flying West Berlin children and sick persons out of the blockaded

Nearly 15,000 children and some 1.500 sick, mostly tubercular patients, were moved to the Western zones.

Airlift Sets Second Best 24-Hour Record

Berlin, April 25 (A)-The Allied airlift flew 8.931.1 tons of supplies in 1.011 flights into Berlin in the past 24 hours, its second-best mark. Air Force officials announced today.

The peak of the airlift operation was reached Easter week end with nearly 13,000 tons flown into the Soviet-blockaded city in 24 hours. The previous second-high day was April 18, with 8,923 tons.

Pistols Stolen, German Policemen Sentenced

Berlin, April 25 (AP)-Two Russian sector German policemen were sentenced to a year in prison today-for letting holdup men steal their pistols.

A Soviet sector court, reported he Russian-licensed news agency ADN, found the pair had surrendered their guns to four armed pandits

The court, said ADN, reminded he policemen sternly that they had the task of "protecting the new lemocracy.

U.S. Women In Occupied Germany Described As 'Help-Happy' And Bored

Mrs. Wilma Ybarbo, young Massachusetts mother who shot her GI husband in Germany, said one cause of her marital trouble was the drabness of life in occupied Germany, Mrs. Betty O'Regan. wife of an Associated Press correspondent in Germany, here writes her impression of the life led by American women in the United States zone. She has been there for three and one half years.

By Betty O'Regan

shortages.

Frankfurt, Germany, April 25 (P)-Do you know what a helphappy American wife is?

There are lots of them in Germany. They have so many servants they don't know what to do. They are bored. . . .

"Help happiness" grows out of the monotony of life in dozens of 'Little Americas' set up by the United States Army.

Ersatz "Main Street"

The Army has provided American soldiers, civilians and their families with an ersatz "Main street" in every community. You can find almost everything you can find in the United States-from popcorn vending machines to super-markets.

There are tennis courts, golf courses, swimming pools, theaters showing American movies, post exchanges where, if you are lucky, you can buy anything you wantfrom 1949 model cars to bobby

But most Americans are bored especially the wives. Why:

Plenty Of Leisure Time

First, the maids do all the work and leave most wives with plenty of leisure time.

Then it's the little things. The banter, the ballyhoo, the free and friendly way of life back home is missing.

The Army provides one maid free for every American family. But domestic help comes cheap and a lot of families hire great batteries of servants.

The servants swarm over the house completely out of hand. To escape them the wives, who have nothing left to do, go out to bridge.

Bridge has reached almost a mania stage in Germany. It provides escape from the non-English speaking servants in your house and gives you a chance to discuss the problem of what is wrong with the servants and the quartermaster.

Yes, the quartermaster. Some wives become "quartermaster happy.'

Army Furnishes Homes These wives dedicate their lives to procuring more furniture for their requisitioned houses. This requires determination. The Army Quartermaster Corps

has the job of furnishing the American homes. But it wallows in a mire of mysterious red tape and The frustrations encountered in

trying to obtain a coffee pot or a drinking glass from the quartermaster tend to create psychoses. And often the most lavish post exchanges are no help. They get swim suits in midwinter and skis in June When you want something they always seem fresh out.

People Squeeze Together

Most American groups in Germany are small. The people squeeze together. Big cities such as Berlin. Frankfurt and Munich have good German theaters, operas, concerts and night clubs.

The American attendance, however, in negligible. The Army forbids you to go into German eating places. Most Americans don't un-

derstand enough German to go to plays or cabarets.

Thus families tend to see the same American faces over and over again. Differences of rank narrow the social circles. People get terribly bored with each other.

Collect Antiques

So when the girls at the bridge party get really tired of each other they go shopping. They collect things, usually antiques.

A house filled with crumbling antique chairs and breakable china figurines drives the poor husband to the nearest American club. As he sips his beer the German band more often than not makes "Stardust" sound like the "Beer Barrel

The happiest folk are the unmarried GI's. They have more contact with the Germans. They usually have a German girl friend and they blend a little more with the

"Too Many Foreigners"

Most folk have this comment: "There is nothing wrong with Germany. It's a beautiful country. But there are too many foreigners

WILLING TO END BERLIN BLOCKADE, RUSSIA DECLARES

Says Siege Will Be Lifted If Date Is Set for Big 4 Parley on Germany

STATE DEPT. SILENT

Reds Assert Offer Was Made to U. S. Aide in UN on March 21

LONDON, (Tuesday), April 26-(AP) Russia today offered to lift the Berlin blockade before a big four meeting on the German problem if the western powers would set a date for such a session.

The official Soviet news agency Tass said the offer was made by Soviet Security Council Representative J. A. Malik to U. S. Ambassador at Large Philip Jessup.

The offer, if given as stated, would represent a major Soviet concession and could overcome the major stumbling block in previous negotiations to lift the blockade of the former German capital.

Previous Talks Failed

Previous negotiations, both inside and outside the United Nations, have broken down over the question of timing.

The western powers have insisted that the blockade be lifted before a big four meeting.

The Russians heretofore have been adamant in insisting that the foreign ministers meet before they would lift their restrictions on transportation.

The Soviet announcement came on the heels of last night's disclosure in Frankfurt that German anticommunist leaders and the western military governors of Germany had reached agreement to rush formation of a separate west German state.

Russia has long opposed formation of a west German state.

Made Offer at UN

In a statement datelined Moscow and distributed in London, Tass said J. A. Malik, the Soviet delegate to the United Nations Security Council, had given Russia's view to the U. S. delegate, Dr. Philip C. Jessup, at the UN March 21.

(In Washington, the State department said it would have no immediate comment to make on the Soviet announcement.)

The Soviet view was that the western occupation authorities must simultaneously lift their counterblockade of the Soviet occupation zone and the Soviet sector of Berlin, Tass said.

Tass said the Soviet and U. S. delegates to UN started talks Feb. 15 as the outgrowth of telegraphic interviews between Soviet Prime Minister Stalin and J. Kingsbury Smith, general European manager of the International News Service stationed in Paris. The two delegates had their last talks April 10.

The Tass statement, distributed by the Soviet monitor here, set this out as Russia's position:

Want Currency Talks

1. A big four foreign ministers' council-composed of Russia, the U. S., Britain and France-should meet to discuss a single currency

for Berlin, "together with other questions bearing on Germany."

2. If a date can be agreed on for such a meeting, "reciprocal restrictions on communications and trade could be lifted" before the meeting.

Russia, whose occupation zone surrounds Berlin, clamped on a blockade of land and water communications into the city last June. The USSR said the purpose was to stop currency smuggling in the wake of currency reform in the U. S. and British zones.

The Tass statement distributed by the Soviet Monitor in London

"Reports lately have been appearing in the foreign press, chiefly the American press, with regard to a possible lifting of restrictions on transport communications and trade between Berlin and the western zones and between the eastern and western occupation zones of Germany-introduced at one time by the Soviet Union, United States of America, Britain, and Franceand furthermore rumors are spread in these reports which do not correspond to reality.

"Tass deems it necessary to refute these incorrect rumors and reports the facts as they are.

"On Feb. 15, the United States representative in the United Nations organization, Mr. (Philip C.) Jessup, requested the USSR representative on the security council, Mr. J. A. Malik, inasmuch as the United States government is interested in the Berlin problem, to explain the circumstances that in (Soviet prime minister) J. V. Stalin's reply to a correspondent, Mr. Kingsbury Smith, in the third paragraph on the Berlin problem where mention is made of the lifting of the restrictions, nothing is said with regard to a single currency for Berlin.

"J. A. Malik told Mr. Jessup in inis connection that the absence in the reply to Mr. Kingsbury Smith of mention concerning the currency was not accidental and that the question of currency for Berlin can he discussed at a session of the foreign ministers council during examination of the question of Germany."

"Mr. Jessup then asked J. A. Malik to explain whether existing restrictions on communications could te lifted prior to the meeting of the foreign ministers council.

"On March 21 J. A. Malik said in reply to Mr. Jessup that if agreement will be reached as to date when the council of foreign ministers would meet the above mentioncd reciprocal restrictions on communications and trade could be lifted before the council of foreign ministers started its work.

"As far as a single currency for Berlin is concerned, this question could be discussed at the session of the Council of Foreign Ministers together with other questions bearing on Germany.

According to information at the disposal of Tass, J. A. Malik's last talk with Mr. Jessup on the questions touched upon took place on April 10."

RUSSIA FIRM ON AUSTRIA

Stands On Demands As Deputies Resume Talks

London, April 25 (AP)-Russia showed no sign today of softening her demands when the deputies of the Big Four foreign ministers resumed their talks on a treaty of independence for Austria.

"It is clear the Russians are not prepared to make any move toward breaking the deadlock at this moment. They appear to feel the time still is not ripe to make a step forward and obviously they have received no new instructions from

Reparations Major Point

Soviet reparations demands on Austria constitute a major point of disagreement. The meeting today came after a long Easter recess.

Before it convened United States, British and French diplomats had hoped the Soviet delegation would show itself more conciliatory. Their hopes were based in part on rumors that Russia was seeking a new get-togeher with the West on Germany

Some observers thought the Russians were waiting to see how events develop into Europe before relinquishing their position in the center of the continent. The Russians were said to be particularly interested in Germany and in the fight Yugoslavia's Premier Marshal Tito is waging with the Cominform (Communist International Information Bureau).

1

Under the proposed treaty, the Soviet Union and the three Western powers would withdraw their occupation forces from Austria within three months of ratification.

Seeks Lump Sum Payment

Informants said the deputies today came up against the same problem that had stymied their last previous meeting on April 8. This has to do with Russia's demand for a lump-sum payment of \$150,-000,000 by Austria in war reparations.

The Americans, supported by the British and French, proposed that a "satisfactory" agreement be reached first on the timetable and other details of payment. Once these points are settled United States would be ready to come closer toward meeting the Soviet figure, the Americans implied.

"Fix the sum first and then we'll talk about details." Georgi N Zarubin, Soviet delegate, was said to have replied.

The Western powers believe Austria would be unable to pay the \$150,000,000 and still keep her head above water economically They have mentioned a figure of \$100,000,000

There are other stumbling blocks. Russia supports and the West opposes Austrian frontier changes in favor of Yugoslavia. The West maintains that Austria cannot feasibly pay heavy reparations to Yugoslavia. Russia disagrees.

BRITAIN SEEKS PARLEY ON EUROPE 'PARLIAMENT

LONDON, April 25 (AP)-Britain today invited the foreign ministers of nine nations to come here May 3 to adopt a constitution for a "Parliament of Europe."

The ministers also will be asked to set a date for the parliament's first session, expected to be held in Strasbourg, France.

Ministers of these nations were invited today:

France, Belgium, Luxembourg, the Netherlands, Sweden, Norway, Denmark, Italy and the New Republic of Ireland.

The first four nations and Great Britain form the Brussels pact countries.

The foreign ministers will be presented with the draft of a constitution for a Council of Ministers and a European Assembly.

This darft was drawn up by Britain and ambassadors of other nations at a conference here earlier this month.

The foreign ministers also will decide how to apportion costs of the "parliament."

Injured Jersey Flyer Going Home London, April 25 (A. P.) .-

Lieut.-Col. Richard Orr, 30, United States Air Force pilot of Somerville, N. J., was winging homeward today. Orr, injured Tuesday in the crash of a jet fighter near Ludgershall, left for home yesterday by plane, accompanied by a physician.

cold war.

Marinin.

Far East.

informants said.

article in Pravda today which said

the London meeting apparently had

reached agreement on India's fu-

ture position in connection with the

Anglo-American military-political

Reds Air Views

meeting consists of the aims of the

labor government to tie the do-

minions with new chains, going far

into military obligations, including

them into the system of aggressive

policy of the Anglo-American bloc,"

said Pravda's commentator, M.

British leaders now look upon

India as successor to Nationalist

China in the role of bulwark against

the spread of communism in the

In private talks. Attlee and For-

eign Secretary Ernest Bevin have

stressed this point over and over

again to commonwealth leaders, the

"The main aim of the London

Orr had been in Britain for six months under an exchange arrangement between the R. A. F. fighter command and the United States Air Force. He suffered a shoulder bone fracture and facial abrasions.

Plymouth, England, April 25

(A. P.) .- Britain's top Commu-

nist came to this naval port last

night and ran into a menacing

crowd of 3,000 that smashed

doors, threw chairs, and besieged

him in a hall for almost four

hours.

British Red Besieged by Crowd

300 Police Hold 3000 at Bay Until Leftist Leader

Can Escape From Auditorium.

Nehru, a Socialist, is argently Harry Pollitt, secretary-general of the British Communist party, anti-Communist. He has said, however, that India will side neither caught the full force of Plymwith the West nor the East in the outh's wrath at the loss of fortythree British sailors aboard four Moscow is viewing the current vessels that came under Chinese meeting o the prime ministers with Red fire in the Yangtze. Three suspicion. This was reflected in an

of the craft were registered here. Some 300 police kept the crowd -including many sailors and women reserves-at bay around he old Corn Exchange auditoium where he tried to speak. He finally slipped out a basement vindow and down an alley to afety, then caught a sleeper ack to London. He had come to

this area to speak for Communist candidates in approaching local elections.

Friday night at Dartmouthhome of the Royal Naval College -he had to dodge eggs and fruit and take refuge in a friend's house. Saturday night in Dartington parish he was neckled. Last night about a dozen persons were arrested for resisting police attempts to clear the streets.

Pollitt urged the crowd to withhold judgment on "the tragic happenings of the past few days." He said that no one, no matter what his politics, could help but be sorry for the relatives of the dead sailors.

"I believe," he declared, "that events may prove that this grievous sacrifice of life has been unnecessary."

PERMANENT 'PEACE' SETUP IS PLANNED

Paris, April 25 (A. P.).-The Communist - dominated "world peace congress" adopted today a resolution for the establishment of a permanent organization to fight American policy in the name of peace. Tarkan

At the closing session of the Congress some 2,000 delegates approved unanimously a proposal to set up a worlwide committee, along the lines of the Cominform, to carry on a propaganda war against "actions which menace the peace" or those which "infringe on national independence."

In the lexicon of the Communists, the Atlantic defense treaty and the Truman doctrine for Greece and Turkey are menaces to peace and the Marshall plan threatens national independence.

In an accompanying manifesto, the congress denounced current conflitcs in Indo-China, Indonesia, Malaya and Greece, but made no reference to China.4.2.2

It added, iwthout naming names: "Ke know who is tearing up the United Nations Charter.' Speakers in the five-day-long congress have made it plain they mean the twelve Powers who signed the North Atlantic treaty.

Capital Can Live With Marxism, Volgin Says

Paris, April 25 (AP)-V. P. Vol gin, vice president of the Soviet Academy of Sciences, told the Communist-led "World Congress for Peace" today that capitalism and communism can live peacefully side by side.

Volgin said this in Sacking up a atement made to the congress saturday by O. John Rogge, for mer Assistant United States Attorney General. Rogge had told the congress that the United States is not threatened by the Soviet Union and the Soviet Union is not threatened by the United States.

30.24- 2691

"This gives people a different outlook on the prospecs for work peace," said Volgin, who near the Soviet academy's history and philosophy department. The congress cheered him.

Exception To Rogge

Volgin took exception, however, to Rogge's criticisms of the Soviet Union. Rogge drew boos and catcalls Saturday when he said there was insufficient freedom for political minorities in Russia.

"He is talking about something he knows nothing about," Volgin said. "Every unprejudiced person can see in the Soviet Union that exploitation of man by man does not exist.'

Like all but a few of the speakers here, Volgin criticized the United States.

"Atomic energy." the Russian said, "should be used for peaceful purposes, as is being done in the Eastern countries. But everyone knows many millions are being spen; in the West on the war potential of atomic energy.

Tries To Speak

At one point guards ejected a young Frenchman who tried to speak from the press gallery.

Persons sitting near him said he got as far as "I should like to have the floor for two minutes -

Pro-Communist Yves Farge, former French Foreign Food Minister. shouted "No!" from the presiding officer's chair.

The young man began again, but Farge proceeded to announce the next speaker, and the youngster was dragged into the corridor by two guards.

Taken By Guards

Newsmen crowded around to question him, but guards took him to an outer stairway and locked the

Persons who had been sitting near him said the youth was a member of the "International Cartel of Pacifists," which the Communists call a "Trotskyite" organ-

They said he had a delegate's card but had been unable to get on the speakers' list.

Americans Denounced

Other speeches today denounced Americans as "imperialists." The delegates awaited a formal resolution condemning the West, to be acted on before this Congress comes to a close.

Status Of India Settlement Expected Gallace

London, April 25 (A)-Britain and her seven dominions are expected to agree today that India can become a republic and still remain linked with the British commonwealth.

The question of India's future status is the main one before the conference of commonwealth prime ministers, meeting behind closed doors here for the past five days. Informed sources said they e studying a plan drawn up by Prime Minister Attlee and Prime Minister Jawahralal Nehru of India to solve the difficulty.

Shelling Ends Doubt

These informants said that if the prime ministers had any doubts about the need for a quick understanding, such doubts were dispelled by the shelling of British warships in the Yangzte River by Chinese Communists. This dramatized the emergency of a Red China on the easternmost fringes of the ommonwealth.

Two closed committees are at work, one will produce a "manifesto" the other a plan for a permanent "peace" body.

The congress is due to hear and approve them later today.

Betrayal Alleged

F. F. Platts-Mills, Left-wing member of the British Parliament. accused the Labor Government of "betraying" the popular "will to

"We must break with (Foreign Secretary Ernest) Bevin," he cried. "whose hands are stained with the blood of Greeks, Spaniards, Indonesians, Arabs and Jews. We must send the American occupation forces out of our country."

'PEACE' CONGRESS TO FIGHT U.S. IN PROPAGANDA WAR

PARIS, April 25. - (AP) The world peace congress tonight decided to establish a permanent organ-Ization on Cominform lines to fight the United States in a propa-

The 2,000 delegates at a closing session voted unanimously for a resolution for creation of a worldwide committee which will carry on agitation against "actions which menace the peace" or "infringe on national independence."

For six days speakers at the communist-sponsored meeting have declared that the Atlantic Pact and Truman Doctrine are menaces to peace and the Marshall Plan a violation of the independence of the countries participating in it. American "warmongers" and leaders have been pictured as the chief opponents of peace and Russia as the true friend of peace.

Would Outlaw A-Bomb

A manifesto adopted by the congress demanded the outlawing of the atomic bomb, and a boycott of all books, films, press and personalities considered to favor propaganda for a new war.

It condemned military alliances, colonialism and the "rearmament of western Germany and Japan.

The manifesto omitted any reference to the civil war in China but denounced the conflicts in Greece, Indonesia, Indochina and Malaya.

The permanent committee roster included many persons prominent in communist or leftist circles.

Eight Americans were listed They were O. John Rogge, former assistant U. S. attorney general who said Saturday he was not a communist; Howard Fast, the writer who was defended by Rogge in 1947 in a contempt of Congress case; Albert Kahn, the writer; Dr. W. E. B. Dubois, Negro educator; Paul Robeson, the Negro singer; Donald Henderson, a labor leader; Mrs. Gene Weltfish and the Rev. Arthur W. Moulton of Salt Lake

French members of the committee included the communist chief of the French Atomic Energy Commission, Frederic Joliot-Curie, and his wife. Mme. Irene Joliot-Curie.

The British members included Dr. Hewlett Johnson, dean of Canterbury.

Creation of the permanent committee followed the forecast of communist writers that a world "rally of peace partisans" would

Plan Official Publication The committee was given six tasks, including the preparation of the "next world peace congress" and publication of an official organ in several languages.

Its other four tasks: 1. Publicize the speeches made at the Paris congress and the de-

cisions taken. 2. Spread information on varfous activities undertaken on behalf of peace, including national or local compaigns and exchanges of speakers.

3. Denounce all enterprises directed against peace, coordinate the action of peace forces against warmongers and war propaganda and mobilize those forces in order to put an end to the current "aggression" against national independence and "democratic" liberties.

4. Encourage all collective or individual cultural activities in behalf of peace, such as the awarding of prizes for literary and artistic works favorable to peace.

The committee also was instructed to promote local, regional, national, labor and professional "committees for the defense of peace."

Neither the manifesto nor the resolution seting up the committee mentioned the Atlantic Pact, the European recovery plan or the Truman doctrine or aid for Turkey and Greece by name.

But it said the United Nations charter was being violated by "military pacts."

Three developments in the closing hours of the Congress might be construed as a reflection of Russia's reported desire to resume

four-power negotiations on Ger-

One of the final speakers, V. P. Volgin, vice president of the Soviet Academy of Sciences, told the delegates that communism and capitalism can live peacefully side by side. He was endorsing a similar statement made Saturday by O. John Rogge, former assistant 8, S. attorney general.

Volgin Cheered

The same delegates who booed Rogge cheered Volgin.

Then to the surprise of nearly everybody Rogge's name was included on the permanent commit-

Finally, Yves Farge, a pro-communist Frenchman in a speech which closed the meeting, declar-

"The issues between the popular (eastern) and capitalist (western) democracies are less important than the needs which unite them. There are no questions which cannot be settled by negotiation."

Volgin, though he endorsed Rogge's views in part, said the American was "talking about something he knows nothing about" when he criticized lack of political freedom in Russia.

"Every unprejudiced persons can see in the Soviet Union that exploitation of man by man does not exist," Volgin declared.

Later in the session guards hustled from the gallery a young Frenchman who rose and asked for the floor "for two minutes."

The young man's neighbors said he was a member of the "International Cartel of Pacifists" who had

been denied a place on the speakers list. Communists call the cartel an organization of Trotskyites. F. F. Platts-Mills, a leftwing

member of the British House of Commons, told the congress the British labor government was "betraying" a popular will for peace. "We must break with (Foreign

Secretary) Bevin whose hands are stained with the blood of Greeks, Spaniards, Indonesians, Arabs and Jews x x x we must send the American occupation forces out of our country," he declared,

He identified the American "occupation forces" as "7,000 American airmen and their wives and families, the most experienced atomic bomb group in the American forces, armed with 90 modern superfortresses, the only men who have dropped the atomic bomb in war."

ISRAEL SET FOR TALKS ON PEACE WITH ARABS

GENEVA., SWITZERLAND April 25—(AP) Israel is prepared o enter immediately into full-scale eace talks with the Arab states, sraeli spokesman said today.

elegations from Israel and all four bordering Arab states gypt, Trans-Jordan, Syria and Leanon-are scheduled to meet in Lausanne Wednesday to talk over problems delaying a final peace in Palestine. The meeting is sponsored by the U N Palestine Conciliation commission.

Definition of Israel's frontiers and the problem of approximately 800,000 Arab refugees in the middie east will be major questions at Lausanne.

An Israeli spokesman here said Israel would not discuss the refusee problem separately from all issues affecting a final settlement in Palestine.

All discussions will be secret.

Leopold, Belgian Leaders Confer

Bern, Switzerland, April 25 (AP)-King Leopold III, exiled Belgian monarch, conferred for six hours with leaders of the Belgian Government today.

But there was no word whether Leopold or his son Baudouin might return to the throne. Leopold has been exiled since the war and his brother Prince Charles has ruled as regent.

Prague Rally Hails Russia's Peace Moves

Prague. Czechoslovakia. April 25 P)-The Prague peace meeting ended today after delegates approved a "manifesto for peace."

The manifesto summed up six days of speechmaking by delegates from Russia and nineteen other nations. The speakers, including two Americans, attacked "American imperialist warmongers. praised the Soviet Union and Prime Minister Stalin as leaders of a peace movement and attacked the North Atlantic treaty and other Western alliances.

"Maintained Free Minds"

The delegates met here because some of them failed to get visas to attend a Communist-sponsored peace congress in Paris. Their manifesto said:

"We proclaim we have maintained free minds and that propaganda has not influenced our judgement.

It called for opposition to all military alliances which render the United Nations Charter ineffective, prohibition of atomic arms "and other means of mass destruction of human beings," limitation of armed forces, international control of atomic energy devoted to peaceful ends, and condemnation of newspapers, films, persons and organizations "which disseminate propaganda for the new war,"

Sees Tradition Flouted

The speakers on this last day included John Marsalek, former professor of European history at Yale, and Miss Maude Russell, executive secretary of the Committee for Democratic Far East Policy, New

Miss Russell said there is "growing fascism in the so-called Western democracies and terrifying manifestations of a growing American imperialism. We American progressives know that the foreign policy of our Government is violating our American political tradition. We have a vast, misinformed and therefore ignorant public."

Marsalek declared that "progressive people in America oppose warmongering of imperialists in

Except for his opening and closing phrases, Marsalek spoke in Czech. He got applause when he mentioned Henry Wallace's name as one of those who protested the Atlantic pact.

arrive. Based at Hong Kong now are two cruisers, eight destroyers and four sloops. They have no air

Destroyer Damaged

The Communists first shelled the sloop Amethyst while it was attempting to sail up the Yangtze from Shanghai to Nanking with food and other supplies for the British Legation there.

Then on Thursday the sloop Black Swan and the cruiser London were shelled and hit.

On Friday the destroyer Consort was damaged.

Winston Churchill, angered by the Communist shelling with the loss of 44 British lives, notified Prime Minister Attlee he will demand a full explanation when the House of Commons reconvenes tomorrow.

The Conservative leader will get his explanation, a Cabinet spokesman said today, but the Cabinet hasn't decided yet exactly what it will do. Attlee will say tomorrow.

Statement Ordered

Attlee canceled a full Cabinet session to consider what a Government called "the grave events," but he instructed Defense Minister A V. Alexander and Viscount Hall First Lord of the Admiralty, to write a statement on the shelling.

An Admiralty investigation of the shelling is in progress now, a

spokesman said.

The Admiralty spokesman said he was unable to confirm a report published in the London Star that British naval authorities in Shanghai have advised that either reinforcements should be sent to Shanghai immediately or Britain should quit the city.

Americans Urged British Send Ships

Britain is reinforcing her fleet in China waters, where a cruiser, a destroyer and two sloops have been pounded by Communist shore guns along the Yangtze.

Two aircraft carriers and a group of submarines, it was learned reliably today, will join the Far Eastern fleet.

The Admiralty confirmed that reinforcements had been ordered, but a spokesman refused to disclose their nature, where they would come from or when they would

The authorities reportedly ar gued it would be impossible to defend British interests there with the naval forces available. The British fleet in Shanghai waters now consists of the shelled cruiser London, and about six destroyers and sloops.

Both Conservative and Labor MP's were reported ready to ask Attlee if the Government is going to demand retribution from the Communists and what is being done to guard against a recurrence of the shelling.

Editorial indignation rose.

The liberal Manchester Guardian said the attack on the sloop Amethyst—the first ship shelled last Wednesday—"may have consequences out of all proportion to the incident" because it may limit contact between the west and the Chinese Communists.

Fear Loss Of "Face"

But the Guardian warned: "This is no time for sabre-rattling even if we had a sabre to rattle."

The Conservative Daily Mail lamented that "certainly Britain has lost 'face'—not only in China but throughout the eastern world," and called for a show of "real strength" in the Far East to counter Communist propaganda.

In Greenwich, meanwhile, Britain's highest-ranking naval officers met secretly under the leadership of Lord Fraser, first sea lord, to study how best to defend the British Empire during the atomic age.

The conference will continue four days. American naval observers are attending.

BRITAIN SENDS MORE SHIPS TO CHINA WATERS

Reinforces Hong Kong Fleet With Aircraft Carriers And Subs

London, April 25 (P)—Britain is reinforcing her fleet in China waters with two aircraft carriers and a group of submarines bound for Hong Kong, official sources said today.

Tonight a spokesman for the British Admiralty said all British vessels will be withdrawn from China proper—probably to Hong Kong.

The spokesman said this was the meaning of an Admiralty statement that the British intend to withdraw their vessels from Nanking and Shanghai and "continue normal procedure with regards to visits to foreign ports."

Timing Up To Madden

The spokesman said the proper time for the move is up to the commander in chief of the China station—now Vice Admiral A. C. G. Madden, second in command. The regular commander in chief, Vice Admiral E. J. P. Brind is in London for a naval strategy conference.

The cruiser London, the destroyer Consort, the sloops Amethyst and Black Swan have been under Communist fire on the Yangtze River. The Amethyst is now below Nanking and the others are in Shanghai. Other British vessels in China proper, the Admiralty spokesman said, are the destroyer Constance and a frigate, both in Shanghai.

Official informants said two aircraft carriers and a group of submarines will be sent to Hong Kong to reinforce the two cruisers, eight destroyers and four sloops already stationed in the British crown

Cruiser Ordered Out

The Admiralty said the cruiser Jamaica had been ordered to leave Bermuda for the Far East. It said other reinforcements will be sent to Hong Kong, There were no additional details.

The Admiralty said British ships have been at Nanking and Shanghai "solely to provide assistance for Commonwealth nationals in case of breakdown of law and order during any changeover of authority.

"As soon as circumstances permit it is intended to withdraw British ships and continue normal procedure with regard to visits to foregin ports."

Commons Discussion Due

As Prime Minister Attlee's Cabinet prepared to face tomorrow a House of Commons storm over the pounding of British warships by Communist guns along the Yangtze River above Shanghai, official sources gave this additional information:

The warships are being sent to safeguard Britain's communications with her Hong Kong colony.

There is no present intention to send troop reinforcements to Hong Kong because the move might be construed as provocative.

Sir Ralph Stevenson, British Ambassador, will try to re-establish effective working relations with the Chinese Communist leaders now in the former Nationalist capital of Nanking.

Churchill May Ask Debate

The Cabinet held a special meeting today to consider the parliamentary criticism to be voiced tomorrow over the Yangtze incident.

Winston Churchill, Conservative leader, has asked the Government for a statement and may call for a full-dress debate on the shellings that cost 44 British lives.

Questions have been raised in the British press as to why the Amethyst, the first ship fired upon last Wednesday, was sent on a mission up the Yangtze at that particular time when the Communists were readying an offensive, and whether the Government intends to demand indemnification from the Communists.

Censure Not Improbable

A Conservative motion of censure is not improbable should the opposition consider the government's explanations unsatisfactory.

Prime Minister Attee is expected to answer the criticisms himself.

A. V. Alexander, Defense Minister, canceled plans to sail for Norway today so as to be on hand when the debate takes place.

The Conservative Daily Mail complained that Britain had lost "face" not only in China but throughout the Eastern world. It called for a show of "real strength."

On the other hand the Manchester Guardian warned that this was "no time for saber-rattling even if we had a saber to rattle."

The Guardian said the consequences might be "out of all proportion to the incident" because it would tend to limit contact between the West and Chinese Communists.

Possible Reaction

Officials openly admitted that the effects are likely to be felt in every country of southeast Asia. Communists in Malaya, Burma, Indonesia and Indo-China will make as much of the affair as they can, it is felt.

On the other hand, Britain wants to keep up contact with China's Communists and preserve the integrity of Hong Kong. These motives prompt diplomatic restraint. There has been no official protest as yet over the Yangtze incident. The embassy, for the present at least, is being maintained in Communist-occupied Nanking.

Underlining Britain's anxiety not to lose her long-time economic foothold in China was the arrival this week of a planeload of British business men from Hong Kong.

They came to attend the British Industries Fair with the hope of placing orders for British goods for their Chinese customers.

U. S. NAVY READY TO QUIT SHANGHAI AS REDS NEAR CITY

Communists Only 10 Miles Away; Troops Invade ^ American Embassy

ENVOY FEARED PRISONER

British Reinforce Fleet in Far East, Will Send Subs, 2 Aircraft Carriers

SHANGHAI, April 25 (AP)—Chinese communists sloshed through the rain ten miles northwest of Shanghai tonight, but secrecy covered their major maneuver aimed at trapping 300,000 government troops against the sea south of this city.

The U.S. consulate warned American citizens that the U.S. Navy planned to move from its Shanghai anchorages to avoid involvement in the civil war and that if they wanted to go aboard they must do so quickly. There was no large response from the nearly 2,500 Americans in Shanghai.

Newsmen Questioned

The Shanghai garrison command ordered that only its official releases be published. George Vine, editor of the British-owned China Daily News and correspondent for International News Service, was among several editors picked up for questioning by the garrison.

The garrison's 9 P.M. announcement first of a promised three a day through official Centrol News agency, acknowledged that Red troops had infiltrated to Nanhsiang, 10 miles northwest of Shanghai.

It denied widespread reports that the Reds had captured Kashing, 53 miles by air and 62 by rail southwest of Shanghai.

Kashing, normally famous only for its production of the ancient eggs beloved by Chinese epicures, is the key to the trap operation. It is on the grand canal and is the junction of the Shanghai-Hangchow railway and of a line that runs miles north to intersect the Shanghai-Nanking railway at Soochow (Wuhsien).

If the communists are at Kashing, they reached it down the Soochow railway.

Trains Still Operating The Shanghai command declared hat trains through Kashing to

that trains through Kashing to and from Hangchow, were still operating.

Hangchow, 121 miles by rail southwest of Shanghai, is the seaport and rail base upon which national troops long have been expected to fall tack for a new defense or retreat farther south.

One train did arrive from the fouth after Kashing was reported to have fallen, but it could have left before such a development. Passengers said Hangchow was full of nationalist troops, so it could be that a considerable government withdrawal to that point already has succeeded.

30.24- 2693

One train did arrive from the south after Kashing was reported to have fallen, but it could have left before such a development. Passengers said Hangchow was full of Nationalist troops, so it could be that a considerable Government withdrawal to that point already has succeeded.

Trains for Hangchow were leaving as rapidly as they could be made up, with no attempt to maintain normal schedules.

Tracks Torn Up

The garrison command stated that Nanhsiang, Kashing and Soochow all were in Nationalist hands and that strong reinforcements had gone to Soochow, 50 miles west of Nanking. It acknowledged that the tracks leading westward to Communist-occupied Nanking had been torn up.

It said only 20,000 Communists had crossed to the south bank of the Yangtze from Kiangsu province and that others on the north bank were under "surveillance" of the Nationalist air force.

The Communists have said they have more than 1,000,000 men on the south bank, 350,000 of them

from Nanking eastward toward Shanghai.

Communist radio announcements from Peiping tonight, however, said only that troops were now 80 miles west of Shanghai and that others were driving south and southeast in pursuit of fleeing Government forces. One broadcast said all cities on the south bank from Anking to Wusih—230 miles—were in Communist hands.

Shanghai's 5,000,000 population—fourth greatest of any city in the world—listlessly awaited the Communists. There was none of the riotous disorder that shook Nanking Saturday. City schools were closed today.

The United States Consulate-General, meanwhile, warned Americans in Shanghai that the U.S. Navy soon would move its ships from their Shanghai anchorage to the lower Yangtze estuary to avoid involvement in the civil war and that all who wanted to go along must report to the U.S. consulate immediately. This was construed as the first step in emergency evacuation.

Kashing Capture Denied

A widespread report persisted that the Communists, moving southeast with lightning speed, had captured Kashing, 53 miles south of Shanghai, cutting the railway to Hangehow.

At 9 P.M., the Garrison specifically denied this and said trains between Shanghai and Hangchow still were running.

The Garrison announcement, issued throught the official Central

News Agency, acknowledged that Communist troops had infiltrated to Nanhsiang, 10 miles northeast of Shanghai, and were deploying toward Soochow (Wuhsien) 50 miles west of this great city.

Soochow Defended

Both points were declared to be still in Government hands, however, with Soochow heavily defended by crack Nationalist forces.

The statement said only 20,000 Red troops had crossed to the south bank of the Yangtze from Klangsu (the province just north of Shanghai and Nanking).

The Communists have said they have more than 1.000,000 men south of the Yangtze, 350,000 of them on the lower reaches east of Nankini and stretching toward Shanghai.

Reds Reported 10 Miles Outside Shanghai

Wirephotos and other news of China on Page 3.

Shanghai, April 25 (P)—Communist troops were acknowledged to have infiltrated within 10 miles of Shanghai tonight.

At the same time they unofficially were reported racing toward the sea south of Shanghai in an effort to trap 300,000 Government troops.

The Shanghai garrison commander, however, put a rigid clamp on unofficial news accounts and picked up several correspondents and editors for questioning about reports of Communist successes.

Unopposed At Nanking

The Communists took Nanking without opposition yesterday morning.

Shanghai's residents waited under a lowering sky in a steady rain for the Reds to show up, but none had yet appeared.

The feeling grew among Shanghai's 5,000,000 inhabitants that the world's fourth largest city would 30 over to the Communists without a fight, just as Nanking did yesterday morning.

Seymour Topping, Associated Press correspondent in Nanking, reported that the former Nationalist capital received the Communists quietly.

U.S. Embassy Unguarded

The Communists took stations before some embassies and all Government buildings and utilities in Nanking. No guards were placed before the American Embassy, however.

During the afternoon, three Government planes tried to destroy gasoline and ammunition dumps at the Nanking airport. Communist spokesmen said they overshot their mark and their machine-gun bullets injured some children at play.

Few Prepare To Depart

Shanghai, April 25 (P)—The United States Navy disclosed today that it soon would move its ships from their Shangai anchorage to the Lower Yangtze estuary to avert involvement in the civil war.

Americans were warned that if they want to go along, they should report to the United States consulate immediately.

Although the announcement by Consul General John Cabot did not say so specifically, this was construed as the first step in the emergency evacuation of Americans from this great city, which has come under threat of the Chinese civil war.

Unwise For Ships To Stay

Americans were warned that if they board 'the navy ships they might not be permitted to land again.

It was acknowledged that this warning was made because of last week's incidents on the Yangtze, where four British warships were shelled by Communist shore batteries which disregarded the neutral British flag and improvised white flags

The United States Navy said the shelling of the British ships put an entirely different light on the situation and made it unwise to leave evacuation ships in vulnerable waters.

Heavy Units To Move

This notice said:

"The commanding officer of naval forces stationed at Shanghai, pursuant to this reappraisal and his instructions not to become involved in the civil war, shortly is moving his heavy units from close anchorages in the Wangpoo to the lower Yangtze."

Americans were told that facilities aboard the naval craft would be adequate but not comfortable, that they might have to be routed onward by commercial shipping.

Consulate Staying Open

The announcement continued:
"American citizens will appreciate that when these facilities are no longer available, no further facilities of any kind will be provided by American authorities for the protection of American citizens in Shanghai and they must be prepared to remain."

The announcement said the consulate would continue to function.

A few hours after the announcement was issued, no rush was reported at the consulate.

At the same time, British Consul General R. W. Urquhart said evacuation of Britions was not justified by present developments.

Crawford In Command
Rear Admiral C. G. Crawford is
the commander of American naval
forces at Shanghai, although the
announcement by the consulate did
not name him.

Late in the day, the Eldorado, flagship of Vice Admiral Oscar C. Badger. United States Western Pacific Fleet commander, was still tied up at the No. 1 buoy of Shanghai's famous "Battleship Row" in the Whangpoo.

Ex-Gang Leader Quits Shanghai

Shanghai, April 25 (AP)—Fabled Tu Yueh-sun, onetime racketeer who in modern times has taken control of Shanghai when the city was in trouble, won't be on hand for the expected arrival of the Communists.

The reformed Tu flew to Hong Kong Saturday. He is getting old and apparently has had enough,

Ruled In 1937

The wealthy banker, merchant and trader who admittedly got his start through the opium trade and control of the underworld, took over Shanghai in 1937 when Chiang Kai-shek moved into the city. Later he turned the city over to Chiang.

When the Japanese captured Shanghai Tu moved in again and controlled the city of 5,000,000 when the Nationalists came back in 1945.

Tu reportedly controlled the city through his gangs which, although not as powerful as they used to be, can still make Shanghai behave. About 60 political prisoners of the government, including a number of Chinese newesmen, have been released from prison. New occupants who have been moved in include former Mayor Peng Chieh; Shen Ching-Cheng, director of the Nationalist Social Affairs Bureau; and Hsu Hsin-Nan, Nationalist director of the City Health Bureau.

Peng was charged with misappropriation of city funds allocated as severance pay for municipal employes.

Arrested During Flight

The only paper to appear this morning, the Catholic Yi Shih Pao.

said Peng had 300,00,000 gold yuan in his possession when he was arrested on the highway south of the city.

(Sunday night the gold yuan was rated at 1,500,000 to one U. S. dollar, this sum would be only \$200.)

The official communist New China news agency is beginning to function in Nanking. It is staffed by men who two days ago were working for the official government Central News agency.

Most of the shops of the city are closed because of uncertainty as to exchange rates.

staff and property were not otherwise molested.

Edward Anderberg, an embassy attache who lives with Stuart, was ordered back into his bedroom when he sought to in Stuart.

The Red troops entered the home through the back door, brushing aside the protesting gateman. They asked how many foreigners and how many Chinese lived there and where the Ambassador's bedroom was. After arousing Stuart, they briefly questioned Anderberg and Philip Fugh, Stuart's Chinese secretary. Then they inspected only the second floor and left the house.

The United States air attache's plane, retained in Nanking for emergency use, was stripped by looters before the Communists entered Nanking. It now is under Communist guard at the inner airfield. A two-engine type, it was believed still flyable, although the radio and other removable objects had vanished.

Since Stuart has been ordered to Washington to report, the condition of the plane is of importance, as exit from Nanking is practicable only by air.

British Fear Reds Hold 2 Wounded Sailors

Shanghai, April 25 (P)—British authorities expressed fear today that two wounded sailors from the sloop Amethyst were in the hands of the Communists.

The men, hurt when the Reds opened fire on the British sloop last week, were believed to have been at Changchow, which has been taken by the Communists,

Sloop Is Trapped

Meanwhile the Amethyst notified British naval quarters here that

she spent a quiet night on the Yangtze. The 60 crewmen still aboard the sloop were said to be in good spirits. The sloop is trapped some 50 miles east of Nanking, and efforts of other British naval craft to rescue her have failed.

Three other British ships, the cruiser London, the destroyer Consort and the sloop Black Swan were driven away from the Amethyst by Communist shore artillery.

Nanking Waits Victory Parade Of Chinese Communist Troops

NANKING, April 25 (AP)—This former Nationalist capital today awaited a formal victory parade of Communist troops.

Soldiers were pouring across the Yangtze river to assemble outside Nanking's west gate preparatory to marching up broad Chungshan boulevard to the center of the city.

Probably less than 100,000 will participate since most of Gen. Yi's third field army is busy chasing retreating government troops.

Welcoming Committee

Nanking's Emergency Peace Preservation committee is selecting a delegation to welcome the red troops, who are expected to be accompanied by political workers to take over administration of the city.

Communist troops in the city now are working through the emergency committee.

The Political department of the Third Field Army began to function this afternoon, however.

RED TROOPS ENTER U. S. AMBASSADOR'S BEDROOM IN CHINA

But Stuart, in Nanking, Is Not Molested—Called Back to Washington.

Nanking, April 25 (A. P.).— United States Ambassador J. Leighton Stuart was awakened at 6:40 A. M. today by the abrupt entrance of armed Communist soldiers into his bedroom.

The first three soldiers spoke rudely to the Ambassador, but were joined later by several others who explained more civilly that they wished to inspect the premises. The Ambassador, his

Pravda Charges British Ships Fired First

Moscow, April 25 (P)—Pravda said today that British naval vessels fired the first shots in last week's Yangtze River battle.

The official Communist party newspaper said the British had joined forces with Chinese Nationalist ships and that the Chinese Communists did not discover they had engaged British ships until after the battle.

A Tass dispatch from Peiping quoted the Chinese Sinhua News Agency as its source.

"The British Government," the article said, "must bear complete responsibility for the losses suffered by the Peoples Army of Liberation." The said Peoples Army lost 252 men in operations against a combined Kuomintang (Chinese Nationalist) and British fleet.

American imperialists have made one more treacherous act in agreement with British naval vessels which did not, however, succeed in interfering with the crossing of the Yangtze," the Tass article asserted. The dispatch also claimed that

"Treacherous Attack"

"Kuomintang reactionaries who

began the war in co-operation with

one of the ships had been sunk and another one had been hit and "half sunk."

IThe British sloop Amethyst was temporarily grounded after the battle but was refloated. Other British warships which engaged the Chinese Communists in artillery battles were damaged but none had been reported sunk, either by British or Chinese authorities.]

CHINA REDS HINT STUART MAY BE HELD

Communist Soldiers Invade U.S. Ambassador's Nanking Home

Washington, April 25 (AP)— Armed Chinese Communist soldiers invaded the residence of Ambassador J. Leighton Stuart at Nanking early today and left a hint that he would be kept prisoner.

An Embassy report to the State Department said the soldiers on leaving told one of the servants that the 72-year-old envoy should not leave the residence compound. The order was not given to Stuart or any of his official staff, the report said.

The incident sharpened official concern over the safety of Americans remaining in the former Nationalist capital after the Communists occupied the city, and over the safety of 2,500 other Americans in Communist-ringed Shanghai.

Vigorous Protest Crdered

It also clouded plans to bring Stuart to Washington for a general review of American policy in

China. Orders for his recall were disclosed by the State Department only a few hours before word came that the Communists had disregarded the immunity normally enjoyed by establishments of foreign governments

The State Department ordered an immediate and "vigorous" protest to the Communist military authorities by the American military attaché. This was a move of dubious effectiveness in view of the state relations with the Commu-

The embassy's account said that twelve Communist soldiers persuaded the Chinese porter to open the front gate of the residence compound and then came in the back door. They asked servants how many Chinese and foreigners lived there and where the Ambassador

Loud And Angry Tones

Then they went upstairs and entered Stuart's room-giving him "something of a shock," according to the State Department's account.

The first to enter spoke in loud and angry tones but did not actually threaten Stuart, the embassy advised. Those who followed were more civil and said they had come to look around.

"They wandered about the bedroom, inspecting its contents and making remarks to the effect that all this would eventually go to the people to whom it should belong anyway," the embassy reported.

The group questioned the Ambassador's private secretary, Philip Fugh. The soldiers forced an attaché, Edward Anderberg, Jr., back into his own room at the point of a gun, inspected his room and other bedrooms, the report said. Then the soldiers left without removing anything.

Consulates Not Molested

The soldiers told one of the servants the Ambassador should not leave the compound but this was not conveyed to the Ambassador or to any member of his official staff. No other houses in the compound were visited.

The Communists had avoided molesting United States consulates in Peiping, Tientsin and other cities that they have overrun. Diplo-

(Continuea) roma age & matic officials were hopeful they would exercise the same restraint at Nanking and thereby avoid danger of incidents which might involve the United States more deeply in China's difficulties.

Headed University

Stuart, former president of Yenching University at Peiping, has been Ambassador for nearly three years and his prospective trip to Washington would be his first since his appointment, instructions were sent him last week that after assuring himself of the safety and welfare of the Americans in the lower Yangtze valley, he was to come to Washington for consulta-

Presumably he would fly first to Shanghai and there board a trans-Pacific plane.

Stuart Ordered Back To U.S.

Washington, April 25 (AP)-The State Department said today that J. Leighton Stuart, Ambassador to China, has been ordered home for consultations.

Stuart is now in Communistseized Nanking, the former capital of Nationalist China.

Before the Communists moved n. the Department said, Stuart was old that he would return after the safety of Americans in the lower Yangtze Valley is assured.

When Advisable

Stuart is to make the trip to Washington when he "considers it. advisable.

Officials here assume there will be no restrictions on his departure, presumably by air, to Shanghai and thence by plane across the Pacific.

A branch of the embassy, meanwhile, is operating at Canton, in South China, the refugee Nationalist capital. It is in charge of Lewis Clark, embassy minister counselor,

GUAM ASSAULT TRIAL

Tokyo, April 25 (A. P.) .-Three Negro members of the United States Air Force will go on trial at Guam tomorrow for the rape-slaying of Ruth Farnsworth last December, the Far Eastern Air Force announced today.

Charged with kidnaping, rape and murder are Pvt. Herman P. Dennis Jr., Indianapolis, Pvt. Calvin Dennis, Frederick, Md., and Sgt. Robert W. Burns, Spokane, Wash. The Dennises claim to be half-brothers, but authorities said this is not verified in their records.

Miss Farnsworth, 27-year-old former Wac, was seized December 11 in a Guam jade shop, where she worked. She was beaten, carried into the jungle, raped and left to die. She died December 13 without regaining consciousness.

We Want Work, Israelis Shout

Tel Aviv, Israel, April 25 (AP)-Unemployed men rode through the street of Tel Aviv in trucks today, chanting "We Want Work."

It was the second successive day of unemployment demonstrations in this capital. Yesterday groups picketed Government headquarters at Hakirya. They carried placards with the same slogan in Hebrew.

There have been other scattered demonstrations here over lack of housing.

Demonstrators in both cases were new immigrants. The problems of housing and unemployment stem from the heavy intake of immigrants, a rate now up to 25,000 monthly. Today's demonstrators were among those who had found housing in former Arab communities surrounding Tel Aviv. There is no industry yet in such communities, and jobs are scarce.

Some of the demonstrators said they have been in this country four or five months and had only odd jobs. The Government is trying to meet the problem by scattering the immigrants more evenly throughout the country.

BURMESE REBELS PUSH ON RANGOON

Dougtus Fackerater Communist Column and Force of Karen Insurgents Drive Southward on Capital

RANGOON, Burma, April 25 (AP) The Burmese Government announced today that two separate insurgent forces had struck southward toward Rangoon.

One insurgent column was said to have been checked thirty miles from here. The other force was seventy-three miles away. Air support was being provided for Burmese Army units resisting the advances.

Informants said the closer of the two rebel columns was composed of army deserters, White Flag (Stalinist) (munists and members of the White Band People's Volunteer Organization (PVO).

This force of more than 1,000 men moved down the Prome-Rangoon highway, reached Taikkyi and then attempted to take Hmaw-

oi, a fortress town thirty miles from here. A Government spokesman said Burmese air and ground units had pounded the enemy heavily in week-end fighting before Hmawbi

The second rebel column is operating north and slightly east of the first. It is composed of Karen tribesmen, who seek an autono-

mous state of their own.
The Karens captured Nyaunglebin, eighty-five miles northeast of Rangoon, Thursday and then thrust twelve miles south to Daiku. There they were astride the railway and highway linking Rangoon with Mandalay. A Government statement said a big battle was developing in the Daiku area. Burmese troops also are battling another Karen force north of Nyaunglebin.

The informants said the Government expected to prevent the first rebel column from taking Hmawbi.

Elements making up that force are said to have split with the Red Flag (Trotskyite) Communists with whom they originally established an insurgent administration at Prome.

The Red Flag leader, Thakin Soe, is reported to have been thrown into a Prome jail by his former allies. The sources said White Flag leader Thakin Than Tun and Bo Po Kun, chief of the White Band Pvo, had established a new headquarters at Tharrawaddy, sixty miles north of Ran-

CANADA TO DEPORT SOVIET SPY SUSPECT

OTTAWA, April 25-(AP) A board set up to study the case of Dimitry Leschenko, former Soviet army officer arrested last week on spy charges, has ordered him deported, it was announced today.

Federal Justice Minister Stuart Garson said the board ruled that Leschenke entered Canada by misrepresentation and fell into a prohibited class "who believe in x x x the overthrow of government by force "

Leschenko was arrested in Calgary, Alta., last week, almost a year after his entry into Canada iast May. Garson said he entered Canada under a false name, posing as a Latvian displaced person, and had worked as a laborer in Alberta.

The Justice Minister said Leschenko had admitted serving as a wartime intelligence officer for the Russians.

30.24- 2695

TWO G.L'S LOSE RAPE APPEALS

Washington, April 25 (A. P.). The Supreme Court upheld today the wartime conviction in Germany of Pfc. Frederick W. Wade, an American infantryman accused of raping a German woman.

Justice Black delivered the 6 to 3 decision, Justice Murphy wrote a dissent in which Justices Douglas and Rutledge concurred.

Wade was first put on trial by an Army court-martial at Pfalzfeld, Germany, on March 27, 1945. However, the fighting interfered and the case was transferred to Bad Neuenahr. Germany. Wade was convicted there on June 30, 1945, and now is serving a twenty-year sentence in the Federal penitentiary at Leavenworth, Kan.

His attorneys complained that the two trials had placed Wade in double jeopardy, in violation of the Federal Constitution.

Black said that under a rule long adhered to by Federal courts, a trial may be discontinued when particular circumstances require it, "and when failure to discontinue would defeat the ends of justice."

Justice Murphy for the dissenters protested that the Constitution's guarantee against doublejeopardy "is not to be eroded away by a tide of plausible-appearing exceptions.

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Another Conviction Upheld.

The Supreme Court also upheld, 6 to 3, an Army court-martial's conviction of Pvt. Bernard W. Smith of Syracuse, N. Y., on rape charges brought by two English girls.

Smith was convicted of raping one girl and of assault with intent to rape the other. He was tried in 1944 while attached to Raydon Aerodrome. Sentenced to life imprisonment, his term later was cut to sixteen years and he was taken to the Federal prison in Lewisburg, Pa.

Justice Black delivered the majority decision. Justice Murphy dissented in an opinion in which Justices Douglas and Rutledge concurred.

The case went before the high tribunal after Smith won an order from the United States Court of Appeals in Philadelphia calling for his discharge from the prison. The Appeals court said the seventieth article of war had not been complied with properly in Smith's case.

The article provides that no charge may be referred to a general court-martial for trial until a thorough and impartial investigation is made of the complaint filed against a soldier. The Department of Justice appealed from the action of the appeals court. The department contended that the article had been complied with and said Smith was given a fair trial.

Sullivan himself sail he had no comment can bending study o of Defense Johnson's Saturday discontinuin the \$189,000,000 vessel. Secretary of the N sident Truman.

He is known to hold grave doubts whether he can stay on at his post in view of his differences with Johnson on security policies.

Reported to Feel Aggrieved.

Top White House aids expressed the view that the knocking out of the carrier was the straw that broke the camel's back so far as Sullivan was concerned. He had already been reported to have felt aggrieved by what he considered lack of consultation with him in the drafting of amendments to the armed services unification act.

At the same time, his friends say that he still feels loyal to Mr. Truman and doesn't want to leave Government service unless his position in the Navy is too untenable to permit him to stay on. He came into the Government in 1939 when Britain and France declared war on Germany.

His associates say he is fearful that discontinuance of construction of the carrier may be followed by other steps leading even to abandonment of the Marine Corps and the Navy's air

The giant carrier was to have been built at Newport News, Va., and its keel was laid only last Monday. The order for discontinuing work represented a victory for the United States Air Force in its claims to the responsibility for strategic bombing. The carrier would have been big enough to handle planes capable of carrying atomic bombs.

DEFENSE CHARGES U.S. TERRORISM IN GIRL SPY TRIAL

WASHINGTON, April 25—(AP) Defense counsel today accused the government of "terrorism" in the double indictment of Judith Coplon. 27, former Justice department employe, charged with plotting to pass U. S. secrets to a Russian agent.

Miss Coplon's trial opened here today on an indictment accusing her of unlawfully removing documents from Justice department files. She is also under indictment on espionage conspiracy charges in New York.

Defense Attorney Archibald Palmer contended the Washington indictment, voted after she had pleaded inhocent in New York, was brought "in an effort to break her down so she would tell what they thought she knew."

Palmer denounced the twin actions as "double jeopardy" and "a mockery of justice," and declared:

"There was no necessity outside of terrorism to indict her all over again."

Dismiss Motion Rejected

Palmer also argued that the Washington indictment should be dismissed because nine of the 17 grand jurors were government employes.

Federal Judge Albert L. Reeves of the western district of Missouri, assigned to try the case, rejected the defense motion to dismiss, however.

Palmer had argued that government employes might not be impartial jurors in such a case.

But Judge Reeves ruled that a 1935 act of Congress makes government workers eligible for jury duty in the District of Columbia. He noted that federal judges are paid by the government and yet are sworn to be impartial.

During his argument. Palmer said Miss Coplon "has an explanation to make." He did not elaborate.

Miss Coplon, a tiny-pert-nosed brunette, repeatedly took notes as the trial began.

Her defense is expected to be based on a contention that she was merely getting material for a political-romance novel when FBI agents, who had been trailing her for some time, seized Miss Coplon and Valentine A. Gubitchev, 32, in New York on March 4.

Gubitchev In Jail

Gubitchev, a Soviet engineer, was then an employe of the United Nations. He was suspended when the case broke, and has since been held in jail in default of \$100,000 bond.

The Washington indictment does not specify espionage conspiracy as do the New York charges. It accuses her of filching secret documents from Justice department files "with intent and reason to believe the information was to be used to the injury of the United States and to the advantage of a foreign nation."

It charges that over a threemonth period last winter. Miss Coplon stole "certain extracts and summaries of reports of the FBI, known as data slips, containing intelligence reports relating to espionage and counter-espionage activities in the United States."

Faces 26 Year Sentence

The maximum penalty on conviction of both counts in the two-count Washington indictment would be 26 years in prison and a \$24.000 fine.

If convicted in New York, she would face a maximum sentence of 35 years imprisonment and a \$20,000 fine.

A cum laude graduate of Barnard college, daughter of a well-to-do Brooklyn family, Miss Coplon was employed as an analyst in the foreign agents registration section of the Justice department. She had her own office and had access to files containing reports from U.S. undercover agents in the activities of foreign agents in this country.

The government says that on at least three occasions. Miss Coplon removed FBI records and took them to New York for secret meetings with Gubitchev. Elaborate efforts were said to have been made to throw FBI operatives who were shadowing the pair off the scent.

The government is expected to show that fictitious reports, written to excite the interest of Soviet agents, were slipped into the files and were missing when Miss Coplon made her trips to New York.

Defense Motion Denied at Trial Of Miss Coplon

Judge in Capital Refuses to Void Indictment of WomanEspionageSuspect

WASHINGTON, April 25 (A).— A Federal judge today rejected a defense motion to throw out one of two indictments against twentyseven-year-old Judith Coplon, former Justice Department employee, as her espionage trial opened here.

Judge Albert Reeves ordered the trial to go ahead after defense attorney Archibald Paimer shouted: "This girl never gave a single thing to any one connected with any foreign government."

Miss Coplon is accused of plotting to pass United States defense secrets to a Russian agent. She is also under indictment on espionage

conspiracy charges in New York.

Mr. Palmer contended that the
Washington indictment should be
dismissed because nine of the
seventeen grand jurors who returned its were government employees. The defense lawyer said

government employees serving on a jury might be fearful of losing their jobs for disloyalty if they voted against the government in a case in which a Federal worker was accused of disloyalty.

Defense Overruled

As selection of the jury began, Mr. Palmer asked that seven government workers tentatively installed in the jury box be dismissed "for cause." Judge Reeves overruled him. This means that if Mr. Palmer does not want government employees on the jury, he will have to use peremptory challenges to eliminate them.

In asking for dismissal of the Washington indictment, voted after Miss Coplon had pleaded innocent in the New York action, Mr. Palmer said it was an attempt "to break her down so she would tell what they thought she knew."

Miss Coplon repeatedly took notes as the trial began. Her defense is expected to be based on a contention that she was merely getting material for a political-romance novel when Federal Bureau of Investigation agents, who had been trailing her for some time, seized Miss Coplon and Valentine A. Gubitchev, thirty-two, in New York on March 4.

Gubitchev, a Soviet engineer was then an employee of the United Nations. He was suspended when the case broke, and has since been held in jail in default of \$100,000 bond.

Washington Charges

The Washington indictment does not specify espionage conspiracy as do the New York charges. It accuses her of filching secret documents from Justice Department files "with intent and reason to believe the information

was to be used to the injury of the United States and to the adyantage of a foreign nation."

The maximum penalty on conviction in the Washington indictment would be twenty-six years in prison and a \$24,000 fine. If convicted in New York she would face a maximum of thirty-five years imprisonment and a \$20,000 fine.

A cum laude graduate of Barnard College, daughter of a well-to-do Brooklyn family, Miss Coplon was employed as an analyst in the foreign agents registration section of the Justice Department. She had her own office and had access to files containing reports from United States undercover agents on the activities of foreign agents in this country.

Weapons to Fight Red Invasion Head U.S. Arms to Europe List

WASHINGTON, April 25.—(AP)
The first American arms which
would go to western Europe under
the proposed military aid program
would be weapons judged necessary to prevent a successful Russian sweep over the European continent.

This strategy was disclosed today by government officials who are drafting legislation for \$1,130,000,000 in arms shipments to Atlantic Pact nations. The weapons particularly needed to halt any quick offensive, they said, include American armor, anti-tank weapons and artillery.

Top-rank American military strategists believe that with American help, western Europe can stand off any invasion of the continent by Russia.

These government authorities say that this, at present, is the considered view of the Truman administration

American Army, Navy and Air Force supplies must be sent to western Europe until the time when these nations can stand on their own feet militarily. The needs of the 11 Atlantic pact allies of the United States were listed in this order—

(1) American arms, (2) spare parts for existing transport, communications and other military equipment, (3) raw materials to stimulate domestic arms production

The plan now is to make the existing European land, sea and air

forces more effective, rather than build up new units.

An unspecified number of American Army, Navy and Air Force technicians would be sent overseas to supervise the use of American equipment and to help standardize training and administration.

The administration plans to make an outright grant of United States military aid without thought of later settlement such as that which followed wartime lend-lease.

But, these officials said, the conditions for using this material would be specified in advance and the United States would have the right to cut off the flow if it deemed necessary.

Plans are afoot for using the German steel industry to help Europe produce the additional armaments it needs, and possibly to utilize idle factories in northern Italy along with Italian manpower now unemployed.

Officials declined to disclose specifically how much each country would get or the type of military assistance to be allocated by nations.

These details are so secret, they insisted, that the administration does not plan to disclose them even to Congress when hearings on the administration's military aid program get under way. The reason presumably is that the administration wishes to guard against any possible "leak" that might tip off Russia as to the exact state of western Europe's military situation.

American planes, presumably both long-range bombers and fighters would be shipped under the plan but no late-model jets. The planes, it is believed, would go to Britain.

The naval equipment that would be turned over would be mostly small craft such as minesweepers needed to keep harbors open.

Officials said they expect next year's arms aid program to be

The goal of the Atlantic Pact powers abroad was described as the creation of a "community army" patterned something after the Swiss armed forces.

This would call for conscription. a training period for Army, Navy and Air Force recruits and the establishment of an active reserve.

SENATE GETS BILL TO EXPEL RUSS AGENTS

McCarren Declares Unit Has 'Alarming' Proof Of Subversion

Washington, April 25 (P)—Sweeping legislation to expel "subversive" aliens from the United States won support in Congress today amid charges that Moscowdirected agents are seeking to foment "revolutionary" discontent.

The charges were made by Senator McCarran (D., Nev.), chairman of the Senate Judiciary Committee. He offered a bill which was backed by Senator Cain (R., Wash.) and Senator O'Conor (D., Md.), among others.

It would:

1. Deny visas to persons who, in the opinion of the visa-issuing officer, seek to enter the country to engage in espionage, sabotage, organizing subversive activity, or participating in the work of any organization listed as subversive by the Attorney General.

2. Provide for the deportation of any alien connected with Communist-front organizations designated by the Attorney General.

Cites "Conclusive Evidence"

McCarran told the Senate a Judiciary subcommittee has "conclusive and alarming evidence" that foreign agents, many of whom entered this country as attachés of international agencies, carry instructions from "their Communist masters."

In offering his bill, he said it is a "cold, hard fact" that every person who comes to this country as an international organization's attaché from a Soviet-dominated country is "an agent of international communism."

He said the subcommittee has obtained a copy of the oral orders he declared are given to all such persons. He said these instructions read in part:

"We need to incite discontent, uneasiness in the capitalistic, bourgeois states. The greater is the discontent in each capitalistic and bourgeois country, the ground for communism is more fertile."

Would Plug Loopholes

McCarran said the purpose of his bill is to plug the loopholes of the present immigration law "so that any alien—and I emphasize the word 'any'—who engages in espionage or other subversive activity must be excluded or deported."

Senator Cain (R., Wash.) told the Senate that under McCarran's bill there is "little question" that the Attorney General would be required to remove Charlie Chaplin, the movie actor, from the United States.

He told the Senate that Chaplin, a native of England, has a record as a supporter of Communist-front organizations.

Cain said McCarran's bill was of especial interest to the West Coast because that area has been "plagued" with Communist agents. Support for the bill also came

Defense Study Urged Under Arms Program

Washington, April 25 (AP)—Congress was urged today by Senator Gurney (R., S.D.) to learn in advance whether a proposed foreign arms program will weaken American military strength at home.

Gurney is the top-ranking Republican on the Senate Armed Services Committee. He said he is "by no means" opposed to furnishing military supplies to nations which joined the United States in signing the North Atlantic Security treaty.

"But we should analyze the arms requests carefully to see what the effect will be, on our own military production, of diverting materials to other nations," he said.

"After all, our best defensive strength is our own strength," he said

The Senate Foreign Relations Committee will begin hearings Wednesday on the security agreement with Secretary of State Acheson as the first witness.

Acheson is likely to be questioned about the State Department's proposal that \$1,130,000,000 in military equipment be made available to this country's eleven partners in the anti-Communist alliance.

Must Pass Both Houses

When it is submitted formally to Congress, the military proposal is expected to be examined by the Armed Services committees of the two houses, as well as their foreign affairs groups.

Unlike the treaty, which must have two thirds approval of senators voting to become effective, the arms program would require approval of a majority of the two

In his preliminary talk with the Senate Foreign Relations Committee last week. Acheson gave no details of the kind of military supplies to be transferred.

Byrd Voices Query

Senator Byrd (D., Va.) already has demanded to know whether Senate approval of the security treaty involves any commitment—even a moral or an implied one—to back it up with an arms program.

Senator Smith (R., N.J.) has quoted Secretary Acheson to the effect that a senator's vote for the treaty does not bind him to support the arms plan. But Byrd asked vhether there had been "any communications" with the signatory nations "which would create the impression of a moral obligation to supply arms upon approval of the pact."

Slav Congress Moscow-Run, Judge Says

Court is told that Communist speaker said revolution would be necessary in the United States. [Page 3.]

Washington, April 25 (P)—A Pittsburgh judge testified today that the American Slav Congress intends to "cripple our national defense apparatus" and gives "every evidence of Moscow direction and control."

Judge Blair F. Gunther appeared before the House Un-American Activities Committee. He said the Slav Congress, organizations affiliated with it, and particularly the "activities of the Communist Slavic press," should receive the immediate attention of Congress and Government investigators.

Gunther was one of the organizers of the Slav Congress. He was chairman of its board of directors from 1942 to 1944. He said he got out "because I became convinced, as I am now even more convinced, that the American Slav Congress is the most dangerous fifth column operating among our Slavic population."

Behind Closed Doors

Gunther testified behind closed doors. Afterward he gave reporters copies of a statement he put into the official record.

Harry A. Sherman, of Pittsburgh, former lawyer for several local unions of the CIO United Electrical Workers, and a man whose name was being kept secret for protective purposes were due to testify later today.

The secret witness was described as a former Communist and Serbian who would have to be questioned through an interpreter.

A committee member said Gunther testified that Communists were at work in the Slav Congress at its first convention in Detroit, in 1942.

In Key Positions

The member quoted the judge as saying that at one session delegates looked up and saw the red flag flying above the American flag.

He said Gunther reported that

the Communists kept busy in the congress trying to get into key positions, so that by the time an executive committee meeting was held in 1944, they were able to capture control.

The judge said he was persuaded to join the Congress originally under the impression it intended mainly "to further the war effort and promote the interests of the United States."

Now, he said, it is an organization which tries to pit interests of Slavic Americans against the great majority of the American people.

"Subversive Group"

He added that "this subversive group has been thoroughly repudiated and discredited by the overwhelming majority of Slavic Americans."

"The American Slav Congress gives every evidence of Moscow direction and control," he said. "Its aim is primarily military, since its chief aim is to subvert millions of Slavic Americans operating in our basic industries in order to cripple our national defense apparatus."

Today's testimony followed release by the committee over the week end of copies of documents and sworn testimony that the Polish Embassy here was used for Communist spying.

BOWLES LAUDS UN AIMS. URGES STEPS FOR PEACE

HARTFORD. April 25. — (AP) Governor Bowles today called for the strengthening of the United Nations charter to make it more effective, in a statement marking this week United Nations week. This week is the fourth anniversary of the San Francisco conference at which the UN charter was drafted.

"The United Nations now is the best hope for world peace and security." Governor Bowles said. "However, on many occasions, because of both its internal structure and because of the antagonisms that have been generated between its member nations, the United Nations has not been able to perform the function for which it was founded. During United Nations week I believe that we can all make a great contribution to the future success of the United Nations by exerting pressure on our government to strengthen the United Nations with amendments to the charter. These amendments should be designed to provide the UN with adequate enforcement power, and broaden its area of jurisdiction. If such measures can be brought about, I think that the cause of world peace will have been greatly advanced."

The Governor urged that special programs be planned in schools and other institutions to observe UN week and call attention to its aims.

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Mrs. Roosevelt Attacks Soviet Wife Embargo

New York, April 25 (A)—Mrs. Franklin D. Roosevelt asked United Nations delegates today to judge for themselves whether American housewives are exploited as "kitchen slaves" more than Russian women are. This was her contentions their women are freer of drudgery.

Mrs. Roosevelt spoke as a United StatesStates delegate to the United Nations Assembly, in debate on a Chilean proposal to condemn Russian for refusing to let Soviet women accompany their foriegn husbands abroad.

She expressed regret that Russia had not altered its position since the Assembly's 58-nation Legal Committee adopted a resolution in Paris last fall embodying the Chilean proposal. She urged ratification of the committee action by the full Assembly."

"Who Does The Housework?"

Mrs. Roosevelt recalled that the Soviet delegation had contended in Paris that Soviet women are being kept from going abroad because they would be exploited as kitchen slaves—"that is, their husbands might expect them to do some of the housework."

"We might ask, by the way, who does the housework in the Soviet Union—the men?" Mrs. Roosevelt asked. She added:

"The delegates here can judge for themselves the position enjoyed by women in the United States."

Attack By Chile

Mrs. Roosevelt said there were
65 Soviet husbands and 350 Soviet
wives of American citizens who
have expressed desire to leave
Russia to live with their spouses.
She said if any of them came to
the United States they would be
free to leave if they were not satisfied with their treatment here.

Chilean Delegate Hernan Santa Cruz opened the debate in plenary session by accusing Russia of "flagrant violations" of human rights.

The Soviet Union, he said had broken up nearly 1,000 homes by refusing to let Russian women join their husbands. He said this is destroying friendly relations between nations.

"For the first time in history,"
Santa Cruz declared, "there is im-

posed divorce against the will of the contracting parties and a state destroys homes established under its laws. INSECT

Several hundred foreigners—mostly American. British, French and Canadian service men and diplomats stationed in Moscow—married Russian girls during the war. The Supreme Soviet passed a law forbidding the Russian wives to leave the Soviet Union.

Many of the Russian women have received divorces after trying for three years to leave the country.

Russian delegates during committee debate in Paris denounced the Chilean protest as an invasion of the right of sovereign states to rule on domestic matters.

The Chilean complaint arose directly from the romance between a Russian girl and the son of the Chilean Ambassador to Moscow. The son, Alvaro Cruz, married the Russian girl but when he returned to Chile the Soviet Government refused an exit visa for his wife.

Red Advocated Revolt, Court Is Told PR 25

New York, April 25 (P)—A lecturer was quoted in Federal Court today as having told a Communist class in Chicago in 1946 that "for the workers to take over here we'll have to have a revolution."

Garfield Herron of Hot Springs, Ark., an undercover man for the the FBI, said the lecturer was Albertd Wagenknecht, identified in a court exhibit a sa member of the Communit party review commission.

Herron returned to the witness stand today at the conspiracy trial of eleven top United States Communists before Federal Judge Harold R. Medina and a jury.

Leadership Instructor

The witness said Wagenknecht was one of his instructors at a leadership course in Chicago in "May or June, 1946."

"He referred to Bulgaria and countries in Eastern Europe." Herron said. "He said they had practically had their revolutions in World War II but for the workers to take over here we'll have to have a revolution."

Herron said nineteen persons attended the six-day course on the second floor of a Chicago building on Division street, just west of Ashland avenue.

Lecturers Identified

Other lecturers, the witness testified, were David Engelstein, educational director of the Communist party in Illinois, and Gilbert Green. district party chairman in Chicago and one of the eleven defendants.

Edward C. Wallace, special assistant to the Attorney General. told the court that the review commission, to which Wagenknecht purportedly belonged, was "responsible for the personnel" of the Communist party.

Wallace read sections of a book entitled "The History of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union.' Its author was not identified.

Book Used At Meetings

Herron identified the book as one used at Communist educational meetings he attended.

Herron said he joined the Communist party in 1944 and kept the FBI informed of what he learned He said he left the party in 1947 and eturned to Arkansas.

The defendants are accused of conspiring to organize the Communist party in the United States to advocate the violent overthrow of the Government.

JUDGE MEDINA LEAVES BENCH FOR 5 MINUTES

Action Follows Dispute With One Of Top Communists On Trial

New York, April 25 (A)-Federal Judge Harold R. Medina quit his bench for five minutes today in a noisy argument with one of eleven top Communists on trial for conspiracy.

Judge Medina was trying to cut short an argument by a defense attorney when Eugene Dennis arose to make "a brief observa-

"Mr. Dennis, I do not desire any further argument on that point, the court told the defendant, general secretary of the United States Communist party, who is acting as his own attorney.

"I've never heard so much propaganda in a courtroom in my life,' continued Judge Medina.

Objection Sustained

Dennis began again.

"I do not desire to hear you." the court repeated.

Dennis persisted "I suppose you are daring me

to do something to you," Judge Medina told the defendant. "You can be just as disorderly, just as disobedient as you like but you will not goad me into doing something which will be a source of difficulty later in the trial.'

The battery of defense attorneys took part with Dennis in the argument. It arose when the defense sought to introduce in evidence a Karl Marx pamphlet.

Judge Medina sustained a Government objection to the pamphlet. He said he was "afraid that if the door gets open, we will be trying Jim Crow, trade-unionism, the war in Spain and everything else."

A Calmer Atmosphere

At the height of the argument and with Dennis still on his feet. Judge Medina directed a fiveminute recess and walked out of the courtroom

Court resumed later in a calmer atmosphere which continued until the overnight adjournment.

The only witness today was Garfield Herron, a Hot Springs (Ark.) race-track worker, who said the FBI planted him in the Communist party. He was a member from 1944 to 1947, he added.

The FBI visited him when he was a wartime worker at the Douglas Aircraft Company plant in Chicago.

The agents wanted to know if he knew any Communists in the plant. Herron said. He replied that he did not know "for sure.

Reports Made To FBI

Then, the witness said, the agents suggested he join the party and "find out what the Communists were doing" in the plant. During the several years he made reports to the FBI, Herron said, he drew from \$5 to \$60 a month expenses from the Government.

He described a Communist leadership course in Chicago in 1946 and identified one of the lecturers as Albert Wagenknecht, named in a court exhibit as a member of the Communist party review commission.

"He referred to Bulgaria and countries in eastern Europe," Herron said of Wagenknecht's lecture. "He said they had practically had their revolutions in World War II but, for the workers to take over here, we'll have to have a revolution.

Other Lecturers Listed

Other lecturers at the six-day course. Herron said, were David Engelstein, educational director of the party in Illinois, and Gilbert Green, district party chairman in Chicago and one of the defendants.

At one point, Herron spoke of the Haym Solomon Communist club in Chicago.

"Did you meet the man?" Judge Medina asked the witness. Abraham J. Isserman, defense at-

torney, told the court that Solomon was a "figure in the American revolution." He asked Judge Medina to "take judicial notice that Haym Solomon has been dead for hundreds of years.

The eleven defendants are accused of organizing the Communist party in the United States to advocate the overthrow by force of the Government.

RUSSIAN 'KEY' TO PEACE SEEN

Vandenberg Describes Steps To Stop East-West Dispute

New York, April 25 (A)-Senator Arthur Vandenberg (R., Mich.) declared tonight that Russia's leaders hold the key to world peace, and he blueprinted a method whereby they could assure that peace.

The Kremlin leaders could produce an effect more powerful than "our whole storehouse of atom bombs," he said, if they were to announce:

1. That Moscow seeks to heal the East-West breach.

2. "That communism is ready to drop its plans for external conquest and subversion.

3. "That the Politburo is truly ready for mutual, good-faith efforts to create a liveable world in which free self-determination shall decide any nation's accepted ideology.

4. "And that effectively disciplined, adequately supervised, universal disarmament shall be the world's progressive goal on a new agenda of hope for the people of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics and for all the other people in a friendly world."

Must Be "Backed By Deeds"

But he said such an announcement from Moscow must be backed by deeds to give it some belated semblance of reality," and he-added:

"Even to lift the Berlin blockade would be startling sunshine in a dismal sky.'

Vandenberg continued: "Perhaps I speak in fables. Perhaps I fail to account for the Kremlin's suspicions of our own purposes. Perhaps the Marxian conflict is an inevitable denial of peace... At least I have summed up the paramount problem of the world in a single paragraph. . ". "

The Michigan senator, ranking Republican on the Senate Foreign Relations Committee, spoke before the Theodore Roosevelt Memorial

Association at a dinner in which he was given the 1948 Theodore Roosevelt medal for public service.

"There will be no war unless Communist Russia starts it," he said, "and there will be no prior armed aggression upon the Soviets -least of all from the United States-to provoke any such calam-

He said Americans "crave a brotherhood of good neighbors. . ." but he declared:

"We shall not be bobby-trapped. There is no trace of Munich in our souls.'

Vandenberg went on to say that "the world longs for a peace that is denied to it by communism im-

He quoted the first President Roosevelt:

"It is a wicked thing to be neutral between right and wrong. Let us not boast, not insult anyone. but make up our minds cooly what it is necessary to say; say it, and then stand to it, whatever the consequences

Says U.S. Wants Peace

The United States, Vandenberg said, "prays and strives for peaceand no amount of self-serving international slander can make it otherwise."

But he said this country, learning from the past, "must be ready for the future." And this, he said. means a plan for war if an armed aggressor attacks," and "even more important . . . a plan for peace.

"The truth is that this whole earth-barring only Moscow and its satellites and its 'fifth columns' -is demonstrably ready and eager to 'live and let live' in a free world of free men.'

UN PAYS TRIBUTE TO SLAIN WORKERS

NEW YORK, April 25-(AP) The United Nations Assembly paid tribute today to UN personnel killed on duty in the last year. The occasion was the anniversary of the opening of the UN charter conference in San Francisco April 25, 1945.

Assembly President Herbert V. Evatt opened the afternoon session by calling attention to the fact that this was the anniversary of the San Francisco conference and of the meeting of allied soldiers of Russia and the west at the Elbe river in Germany the same year.

He.asked the delegates to stand in silence for a moment in honor of the men who gave their lives in UN service during the past year.

Andrew W. Cordier, executive 25sistant to Secretary-General Trygve Lie, then read out this list:

Ole Helge Bakke - Secretary, serving as United Nations guard (Norway).

Count Folke Bernadotte-United vations mediator for Palestine (Sweden).

E. C. S. Burden-B.O.A.C. pilot (Britain).

W. H. Good-Military observer (Britain).

Capt. Pierre Jannel-Military observer (France). Commandant Rene De Labarrière

-Military observer (France). Private Jules Marcourt-Military

observer (Belgium). Lt. Col. Joseph Queru-Military

observer (France). Col. Andre Serot-Military observer (France).

Corporal Charles F. Smith-Military observer (U.S.).

Pilot William O. Wagner-(U.S.). Thomas Wasson-U. S. consul in Jerusalem, member Palestine Truce Commission (U.S.).

St. Lester Welling-Military observer (U.S.). Gordon E. Whitehead-B.O.A.C.

rilot (Britain).

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UNDER THE PROPOSED TREATY, RUSSIA AND THE OTHER THREE POWERS WOULD WITHDRAW FROM AUSTRIA WITHIN THREE MONTHS OF RATIFICATION.
THE DEPUTIES TODAY FOUND THEMSELVES EXACTLY AT THE POINT AT WHICH

THEY LEFT OJ)048) 8-THE QUESTION OF RUSSIAN DEMANDS FOR A LUMP SUM PAYMENT OF \$150,000,000 BY AUSTRIA IN WAR REPARATIONS.

THE AMERICANS, SUPPORTED BY THE BRITISH AND FRENCH, PROPOSED AGREEMENT FIRST ON A TIMETABLE AND OTHER DETAILS OF THE PAYMENT. WITH THESE POINTS SETTLED, THE AMERICAN SPOKESMAN SAID, THE JNITED STATES WOULD BE READY TO COME CLOSER TOWARD MEETING RUSSIAN FIGURES.

"FIX THE SUM FIRST AND THEN WE'LL TALK ABOUT DETAILS," GEORGI

V. ZARUBIN, SOVIET DELEGATE, REPLIED.

THE WEST BELIEVES AUSTRIA WOULD BE UNABLE TO PAY \$150,000,000
AND STILL KEEP ITS HEAD ABOVE WATER ECONOMICALLY. THE WESTERN
OWERS HAVE MEN' IONED A FIGURE OF \$100,000,000.

BSA (Q)

(320)

LONDON, APRIL 25-(AP)-DELEGATES TO AN UNOFFICIAL EUROPEAN ECONOMIC CONFERENCE WERE TOLD TODAY THEIR WORK HAS HELPED PROGRESS TOWARD THE GOAL OF EUROPEAN UNION.

"I FEEL WE HAVE MADE A CONTRIBUTION NOT ONLY TO THE EUROPEAN GOVERNMENT BUT ALSO TO THE SENSE OF A EUROPEAN COMMUNITY," SAID SIR MAROLD BUTLER, CHAIRMAN OF THE CONFERENCE. HE WAS SUMMING UP THE WEEK-LONG WORK OF THE DELEGATES FROM WESTERN EUROPE WHO HELD THEIR FINAL SESSION TODAY.

THE CONFERENCE WAS SPONSORED BY A PRIVATE ORGANIZATION CALLED "THE EUROPEAN MOVEMENT," OF WHICH WINSTON CHURCHILL IS A LEADER. WESTERN EUROPEAN GOVERNMENTS, ASSOCIATED IN AN OFFICIAL UNION OF EUROPE SCHEME CALLED "PARLIAMENT OF EUROPE," TOOK NO PART IN THE CONFERENCE.

BUTLER SAID "WE HAVE FOUND THAT WE ARE, AFTER ALL, THE SAME KIND OF PEOPLE STRIVING FOR THE SAME KIND OF GOALS, SOCIAL AND ECONOMIC."
HE ADDED "WE HAVE SUCCEEDED IN FACING REALITIES AND RECONCILING DIFFERENT TENDENCIES AND TEMPERAMENTS."

DELEGATES APPROVED THE FOLLOWING COMMITTEE REPORTS:

1. A PROPOSED SYSTEM FOR MUTUAL CONVERTIBILITY OF CURRENCIES.
THE MONETARY AND FINANCIAL COMMITTEE SAID IT SHOULD NOW BE POSSIBLE
TO CALL A MINISTERIAL CONFERENCE TO FIX CURRENCY CONVERSION POLICIES
AND TO SET THE APPROPRIATE RATES OF EXCHANGE. IT RECOMMENDED
SETTING UP AN INTERNATIONAL MONETARY COMMISSION TO COORDINATE TECHNICAL
FINANCIAL POLICIES OF THE SEPARATE GOVERNMENTS.

30.24- 2699

2. ESTABLISHMENT OF COMMODITY COUNCILS TO ORGANIZE PRODUCTION AND DISTRIBUTION OF AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTS, TO ASSURE FARMERS A SECURE LIVING AND PROMOTE A EUROPEAN AGRICULTURAL POLICY.

3. CREATION OF THREE POLICY ORGANIZATIONS FOR EACH OF THE BASIC

INDUSTRIES-COAL, IRON AND STEEL, ELECTRICITY AND TRANSPORT.

THEY WOULD DEFINE GENERAL POLICIES ON INVESTMENT, PRODUCTION AND PRICES; HARMONIZE INTEREST OF EMPLOYERS, WORKERS AND THE PUBLIC; AND BRING EMPLOYERS IN PUBLIC OR PRIVATE UNDERTAKINGS TOGETHER INTO AN ASSOCIATION.

THE DELEGATES DECIDED TO HOLD A EUROPEAN CULTURAL CONFERENCE EITHER IN SWITZERLAND OR ITALY NEXT AUTUMN.

JK227PED

APR 25 1946

CTILL, THERE ARE THOSE WHO HATE THE SEASON. AT GUILDFORD, A
PROSECUTOR TURNED ON SPRING THE WAY SCROOGE ONCE CALLED CHRISTMAS A
LOT OF HUMBUG. HE GOT A COURT VICTORY--A FIVE SHILLING (\$1) FINE-AGAINST A GYPSY FLOWER GIRL AFTER TELLING THE COURT:
"THESE PEOPLE ARE A CONSTANT MUISANCE WITH THEIR BIG BASKETS OF

WD241PES

B63 Q

PRINCES RISBOROUGH, ENG., APRIL 25-(AP)-FOUR EX-RAF PILOTS WERE FINED £100 (\$400) EACH TODAY FOR VIOLATING CUSTOMS REGULATIONS BY FERRYING AIRPLANES TO PALESTINE.

OLIVER ERIC ARMSTRONG, WILLIAM PATRICK COLLINS, BRIAN GEORGE CARBURY AND JOHN ATWOOD HARVEY, ALL OF LONDON, WERE FOUND GUILTY IN MAGISTRATES COURT OF FLYING FOUR SURPLUS BRISTOL BEAUFIGHTERS FROM ENGLAND TO AN AIRPORT SOUTH OF LYDDA, PALESTINE, LAST AUGUST WITHOUT EXPORT LICENSES. THEY WERE NOT IN THE RAF AT THE

A SCOTLAND YARD DETECTIVE TOLD THE COURT THREE OF THE MEN SAID IN STATEMENTS THEY HAD BEEN PAID £500 (\$2,000) EACH FOR FERRYING THIPLANES. THE FOURTH SAID HE HAD NOT BEEN PAID. EXACTLY WHO MADE THE PAYMENTS WAS NOT BROUGHT OUT.

KA110SAED

MANCHESTER, ENG., APRIL 25-(AP)-AN ATTRACTIVE BLONDE ADDED GLAMOR AND MYSTERY TODAY TO THE CASE OF A BALD, 40-YEAR-OLD POLE CHARGED WITH SPYING ON BRITAIN.

THE WOMAN STARTLED MAGISTRATES COURT BY RUNNING DOWN THE STEPS FROM THE GALLERY AND ATTEMPTING TO SPEAK TO MARIAN KACZMAREK AS HIS ARRAIGNMENT ON THE ESPIONAGE CHARGE OPENED. HE COULD BE HANGED IF CONVICTED.

ALTHOUGH POLICE TALKED TO THE BLONDE FOR 20 MINUTES THEY DENIED KNOWING ANYTHING ABOUT HER EXCEPT THAT HER NAME WAS MARIA BENTOWSKA. AT THE REQUEST OF POLICE THE HEARING WAS POSTPONED TO MAY 3.

KACZMAREK WAS ARRESTED APRIL 21 ON CHARGES OF HAVING "FELONIOUSLY DBTAINED SECRET INFORMATION CALCULATED TO BE DIRECTLY OR_INDIRECTLY HELPFUL TO THE ENEMY."

HE INTERRUPTED THE COURT PROCEEDINGS TODAY TO ASK THE COURT'S

PERMISSION TO SPEAK TO A WOMAN IN THE GALLERY.

BEFORE THE MAGISTRATE COULD ANSWER THE WOMAN RAN DOWN THE STAIRS, BUT A POLICEMAN PREVENTED HER FROM SPEAKING WITH THE PRISONER.

AFTER THE HEARING SHE TALKED WITH POLICE OFFICIALS IN A ROOM NEAR THE COURT AND THEN LEFT THE BUILDING, STILL WITHOUT SPEAKING TO

KACZMAREK.

POLICE SAID WHEN THEY ARRESTED THE POLE IN A MANCHESTER BOARDING HOUSE LAST THURSDAY THEY FOUND IN HIS POSSESSIONS "SECRET MILITARY INFORMATION" AND LATER FOUND "OTHER DOCUMENTS" CONCEALED IN ONE OF HIS SHOES. THEY DECLINED TO GIVE ANY FURTHER INFORMATION ABOUT HIM.

IN LONDON, THE POLISH EMBASSY SAID IT HAD NO INFORMATION ABOUT KACZMAREK. THE WAR OFFICE DECLINED COMMENT.

FD427PED

PR 25 1949

ONLY ABOUT 200 OF THE 1,908 DELEGATES WERE IN THE SALLE PLEYEL WHEN THE FINAL SESSION OPENED. A LIST OF 15 SPEAKERS WAS POSTED FROM IPAN, BELGIUM, KOREA, ALBANIA, "BLACK AFRICA," FRANCE, GREAT DRITAIN, GUATEMALA, IRELAND, COSTA RICA, EGYPT, MONGOLIA AND THE U.S.

AMBROGIO DONINI, ROME UNIVERSITY PROFESSOR PRESIDING FOR THE DAY, ASKED THEM TO TALK FOR 10 OR 15 MINUTES AT MOST. HE WARNED THAT THOSE NOT PRESENT WHEN CALLED WOULD LOSE THEIR TURN.

MEITHER APPEAL WAS NEEDED. SOME OF THE SPEECHES STRETCHED TO HALF AN HOUR, AND SOME SPEAKERS WHO FAILED TO ARRIVE IN TIME WERE FITTED IN LATER.

ESKANDARY (FIRST NAME UNAVAILABLE), IDENTIFIED AS AN "EX-MINISTER" OF IRAN, CHARGED THAT 15,000 PERSONS IN AZERBAIJAN HAVE BEEN MASSACRED IN ASSAULTS ORGANIZED BY THE AMERICAN MILITARY ATTACHE IN HIS COUNTRY.

"OUR PROPIE," HE SAID, "DO NOT WANT OUR COUNTRY TO BE USED AS A BASE FOR ACGRESSION AGAINST THE SOVIET UNION." AZERBALJAN IS THE PORTION OF IRAN NEAREST THE IRANIAN-RUSSIAN BORDER.

OTHER SPEAKERS INCLUDED: MME. STENY BRUNGLAUT, SECRETARY OF THE BELGIAN NATIONAL RALLY OF WOMEN FOR PEACE; TITTA RUEFO, ITALIAN BARITONE; JAN SER YA. PRESIDENT OF A WRITERS' ASSOCIATION IN COMMUNIST NORTHERN KOREA AND JUSTICE MINISTER MANOL KONOMI OF ALBANIA. FD85 SAES

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S. IN DCIAL BEEN HBIS OVAK CATHOLICS THE WORKING CLASSES I BE SAID I AM AN MPREHEND THEIR SOUND SHOP AS SAYING.

E. I HAVE NEVER PRIL 25-(AP)-THE VATICAN RADIO SUE HAS PREDICTED TO CZECHOSLO SOON OF BEING AN ENEMY OF THE HAT IN THE NEAR FUTURE IT WILL NG CLASS AND THAT I CANNOT CONTICAN RADIO QUOTED THE ARCHBIS HALL NEVER IN THE FUTURE BE AN

SN1048PEI

BRUSSELS DISPATCHES SAID A COMMUNIQUE MIGHT BE ISSUED THERE WED-NESDAY AFTER A CABINET MEETING. THE SOCIALIST PARTY NEWSPAPER IN BRUSSELS, LE PEUPLE, WARNED ITS READERS AGAINST A POSSIBLE "SURPRISE" RETURN OF THE KING. CATHOLIC NEWSPAPERS ON THE OTHER HAND SAID IT WAS FIME THE KING WAS BROUGHT BACK TO HIS THRONE.

LEOPOLD, WITH TWO SECRETARIES, DROVE AWAY FROM THE HOME OF THE BELGIAN MINISTER HERE AT 5 P.M., SIGNALLING THE END OF THE LONG CONFERENCE. PRINCE CHARLES, SOCIALIST PREMIER PAUL-HENRI SPAAK, AND MOREAU DE VELEN, BELGIAN JUSTICE MINISTER, PARTICIPATED IN THE PARLEY.

RV527PES

APR 25 1949

AMSTERDAM, APRIL 25-(AP)-DUTCH K.L.M. AIRLINES DECIDED TODAY
TO STOP FLIGHTS ON THE BATAVIA-SHANGHAI RUN ON ACCOUNT OF THE
COMMUNIST ADVANCES IN CHINA. THE WEEKLY CONNECTION BETWEEN BATAVIA,
SINGAPORE AND BANGKOK WILL BE MAINTAINED.
DY717PES

FRANKFURT--SECOND ADD FIRST LEAD GERMAN (A62) XXX WEARE AND Y.

AT THE SAME TIME THE U.S. MILITARY GOVERNOR, GEN. LUCIUS D.CL.AY

AUMOUNCED THAT ALL DIFFERENCES BETWEEN THE GERMANS, AND THE WESTERN
ALLIES HAD BEEN RECONCILED. HE PREDICTED THAT WESTERN GERMANY WOULD

HAVE ITS OWN GOVERNMENT BY THE MIDDLE OF JULY.

CLAY PREDICTED THAT WEST GERMANY'S CONSTITUTION WOULD BE APPROVED BY THE CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION AT BONN BY MAY 15, AND THAT ELECTION FOR THE FIRST GOVERNMENT WOULD TAKE PLACE SOON AFTERWARD.

THE DEVELOPMENT WAS SUDDEN AND UNEXPECTED. IT HAD BEEN REPORTED PREVIOUSLY THAT NEW DIFFICULTIES WHICH HAD CROPPED UP AMONG THE GERMANS WIGHT DELAY THE FINAL AGREEMENT FOR WEEKS, AND THERE WAS SOME QUESTION WHETHER THE ALLIES WOULD APPROVE COMPROMISES REACHED BY THE GERMANS ON THE BIG ISSUES.

ADEMAUER SAID, HOWEVER, THAT "AN UNDERSTANDING" HAS BEEN REACHED BY THE GERMANS AND THE MILITARY GOVERNORS ON THE TWO BIG ISSUES -- FINANCIAL POWERS OF THE PROJECTED WEST GERMAN GOVERNMENT AND THE MATTER OF STATE'S RIGHTS.

YESTERDAY THE GERMANS REACHED AGREEMENT ON THE MAJOR ISSUES. THEY
CAME HERE TO LAY THE AGREEMENT BEFORE THE AMERICAN, BRITISH AND FRENCH
MILITARY GOVERNORS AND SEEK THEIR APPROVAL.

(110)

HAMBURG, GERMANY, APRIL 25-(AP)-THE RUSSIANS ARE HOLDING A BRITISH NAMBURG, GERMANY, APRIL 25-(AP)-THE RUSSIANS ARE HOLDING A BRITISH OFFICER AND FOUR MEN WHO STUMBLED INTO A BORDER SHOOTING INCIDENT OFFICER AND FOUR ARMY SPOKESMAN ANNOUNCED TODAY.

AT FIRST THE BRITISH HAD ANNOUNCED THAT ONLY ONE BRITISH SOLDIER

WAS CAPTURED BY THE RUSSIANS.

BRITISH MILITARY GOVERNMENT OFFICIALS YESTERDAY SAID THE
SOLDIERS WERE WALKING ALONG AN UNUSED STRETCH OF RAILWAY TRACK AT
ILLEIN ZECHER TOWARD THE SOVIET ZONE BORDER WHEN A RUSSIAN SENTRY
OPENED FIRE WITH A TOWNYGUN.

TODAY THE ARMY SPOKESMAN IDENTIFIED THE BRITISH GROUP AS ONE WHICH WAS ON ROUTINE PATROL OF THE BORDER.

"THEY WERE TAKEN INTO CUSTODY BY RUSSIAN TROOPS," THE SPOKESMAN SAID. "THERE WAS SOME FIRING ON THE PART OF THE RUSSIANS. THE FIRE WAS NOT RETURNED BY THE BRITISH PERSONNEL. ACTION FOR THE SPEEDY RETURN OF THE BRITISH PERSONNEL HAS BEEN TAKEN."

HEIDELBERG, GERMANY, APRIL 25-(AP)-FIVE U.S. SOLDIERS DIED OF BURNS RECEIVED IN AN EXPLOSION AT AN ARMY PRISON IN MANNHEIM SATURDAY AND ANOTHER WAS IN A CRITICAL CONDITION TODAY. ALL THE VICTIMS WERE PRISONERS. THEIR NAMES WERE WITHHELD UNTIL

RELATIVES HAVE BEEN NOTIFIED. *17

FD949AES

A809AED

BREMERHAVEN, GERMANY, APRIL 25-(AP)-THE 20,000TH DISPLACED PERSON TO PASS THROUGH THE NORTH GERMAN PORTS FOR THE UNITED STATES LEFT HERE TODAY.

THE INTERNATIONAL REFUGEE ORGANIZATION NAMED BLONDE, BLUE-EYEL TANINA VIAKEVICIUS, FIVE YEARS OLD, AS THE 20,000TH.

SHE SAILED IN THE S.S. GENERAL TAYLOR WITH 877 OTHER DISPLACED PERSONS. SHE IS ACCOMPANIED, BY HER PARENTS AND TWO BROTHERS. THE FAMILY IS GOING TO VALLEY CITY, N.D., TO WORK ON A FARM. KA1115AED

BREMERHAVEN, GERMANY, APRIL 25-(AP)-SEVENTY-FIVE GERMAN SEAMEN LEFT HERE FOR NEW YORK TODAY ABOARD THE "GENERAL PATTON" TO FETCH THE FIRST FIVE OF 16 AMERICAN FISHING VESSELS CHARTERED TO GERMANY.

MOST OF THE VESSELS ARE OF A MODERN TYPE BUILT IN 1946. THEY WERE PURCHASED IN BOSTON, BY THE OFFICE OF FOOD ADMINISTRATION FOR OCCUPIED AREAS, FOR THE PURPOSE OF INCREASING THE FOOD SUPPLY FOR THE GERMAN ECONOMY, AND CHARTERED TO A GERMAN BOARD OF TRUSTEBS.

THE OTHER 11 SHIPS ALSO WILL BE BROUGHT BACK BY GERMAN CREWS.

WD1005AES

WIESBADEN, GERMANY, APRIL 25-(AP)-TWELVE OFFICIALS OF THE U.S.

JUNIOR CHAMBER OF COMMERCE LOOKED OVER THE BERLIN AIRLIFT HERE TODAY

IN THEIR FIRST STOP ON A TOUR OF EUROPE.

THEY WILL FLY THE AIRLIFT ROUTE TO BERLIN LATE TODAY, THEN RETURN

AND GO TO BRUSSELS TOMORROW.

THE OFFICIALS ARE:

JAMES SMITH, CORAL GABLES, FLA.; VICTOR JENKINS, LANSDOWNE, PA.: JOSEPH SAUNDERS, ALEXANDRIA, VA.; BEVERLY BURBAGE, KNOXVILLE, TENN.; HERMAN GEHLBACH, EVANSTON, ILL.; MARL MARLOWE, LEXINGTON, KY.; WILLIAM UNABLE TO FIND OUT WHAT THEY ARE ACCUSED OF OR TO SEE THEM, BUT WE GARLINS, ST. PAUL, MINN.; JOHN HAMRICK, GAFFNEY, S.C.; PAUL BAGWELL, LANSING, MICH.; WILLIAM BROCKBACK, SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH; JOHN SHEPPARD GLADEWATER, TEXAS; AND JAMES FREESTONE, MESA, ARIZ.

VIENDA, APRIL 25-(AP)-THREE MEN IN RUSSIAN UNIFORM ABDUCTED A POLISH NOMAN YESTERDAY IN FRONT OF THE POLISH EMBASSY IN THE BRITISH DISTRICT OF VIENNA, POLICE SOURCES SAID TODAY. ACCORDING TO EYEVITNESSES, A LARGE YELLOW CAR STOPPED BEFORE THE POLISH EMBASSY AND THREE MEN'IN BUSSIAN UNIFORM ENTERED THE BUILDING. AFTER A FEW MINUTES THEY LEFT, DRAGGING WITH THEM A WOMAN, WHO COPEAMED FOR HELP.

VILLE BEING PUSHED INTO THE WAITING CAR THE WOMAN TOLD AN AUSTRIAN POLICEMAN WHO WITHESSED THE INCIDENT, THAT SHE WAS OF POLISH

MATIONALITY. THEN THE CAR DROVE OFF.

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APR 25 1949

MARSALEK SAID THE AMERICAN PEOPLE DID NOT WANT WAR BECAUSE THEY KNEW WHAT THE RESULTS WERE IN HUMAN SUFFERING AND IN HIGHER TAXES. HE WAS THE ONLY AMERICAN TO SPEAK AT THE MEETING HERE, ARRANGED FOR THOSE WHO DID NOT RECEIVE VISAS TO GO TO THE PARENT CONGRESS IN

AMERICA, HE SAID, WAS A COUNTRY WITH A GREAT DEMOCRATIC TRADITION. LISTED HENRY WALLACE WITH WASHINGTON, JEFFERSON, LINCOLN, AND ROOSE. VELT AS EXPONENTS OF DEMOCRACY AND WON ANOTHER ROUND OF APPLAUSE. THERE WAS APPLAUSE WHEN HE LINKED THE NAMES OF ROOSEVELT AND STALIN. HE WOUND UP IN ENGLISH SAYING "I WANT TO REMIND YOU THAT AMERICA

IS A DEMOCRACY OF, FOR AND BY THE PEOPLE." KONSTANTIN SIMONOV, THE RUSSIAN NOVELIST WHO HAS TAKEN OVER LEADER-SHIP OF THE DELEGATION HERE, WAS THE FIRST ON HIS FEET TO LEAD THE APPLAUSE BY 273 DELEGATES, SITTING IN THE CZECHOSLOVAK PARLIAMENT.
THE CONGRESS WAS TO CLOSE TODAY AFTER ADOPTING A RESOLUTION FOR

PEACE MATCHING THAT OF THE PARENT CONGRESS IN PARIS.

HA815AED NM. 1049

WARSAW, POLAND, APRIL 25-(AP)-POLAND'S MILLIONS OF ROMAN CATHOLICS WERE TOLD YESTERDAY TO IGNORE ATTACKS ON PRIESTS IN THE CONTROLLED-

A PASTORAL LETTER SIGNED BY ARCHBISHOP STEFAN WYSZYNSKI, PRIMATE
OF POLAND, AND ALL BISHOPS WAS READ IN ALL CHURCHES TELLING PARISHIONERS HORRIBLE FATE -- TO BE SLAVES OF AMERICAN MASTERS. PRESS OF THE COMMUNIST-LED GOVERNMENT. TO "DEFRAIN FROM READING ANTI-CHURCH ORGANS AND PARTICIPATING IN ANTI-CHURCH OR GODLESS MEETINGS."

IN REPECT THIS WOULD BE A BOYCOTT BY CATHOLICS OF THE POLISH PRESS. THE STRONGLY-WORDED LETTER DEPLORED THAT "SO MANY MEMBERS OF THE CLERGY HAVE LOST THEIR LIBERTY" AND SAID "WE BISHOPS HAVE BEEN MAVE EVERY CONFIDENCE IN THEIR RIGHTEOUSNESS."

IT ADVISED CATHOLICS TO IGNORE "RIDICULOUS" CHARGES THAT THE PRIESTS WERE ENEMIES OF THE STATE AND ENGAGED IN ANTI-STATE ACTIVI-

THE LETTER SAID GOOD WILL COULD RESOLVE DIFFERENCES WITH THE GOVERNMENT BUT MADE CLEAR THAT THE CHURCH HAS NO INTENTION OF BACKING DOWN FROM ITS DEMAND FOR ENFORCEMENT OF CONSTITUTIONAL GUARANTEES OF RELIGIOUS FREEDOM.

THE GOVERNMENT HAS CONSISTENTLY DENIED ANY INTERFERENCE WITH RELIGIOUS ACTIVITIES. IT HAS WARNED, HOWEVER, OF SEVERE ACTION IF THE CLERGY CONTINUES TO USE THE PULPIT AND THE CONFESSIONAL TO DISSEMINATE

WHAT THE GOVERNMENT REGARDS AS ANTI-STATE PROPAGANDA.

NEWSPAPERS HERE HAVE BEEN ASSAILING PRIESTS FOR ENGAGING IN ALLEGED POLITICAL ACTIVITIES AND ATTACKING POPE PIUS XII FOR HIS "ANTI-POLISH" ATTITUDE. THE CHURCH CONTENDS ALL PRIESTS ARE INSTRUCTED TO STEER CLEAR OF POLITICS.

HA527AED

A3U PMS BJT RUSSIAN

BY THOMAS P. WHITNEY MOSCOW, APRIL 25-(AP)-A BRITISH EMBASSY OFFICIAL IS QUOTED IN THE OMMUNIST PARTY NEWSPAPER HERE AS CHARGING THE BRITISH GOVERNMENT WITH

PREPARING THE BRITISH PEOPLE "TO BE SLAVES OF AMERICAN MASTERS."

HE WAS FURTHER QUOTED AS SAYING THE ATLANTIC PACT IS "A WAR BLOC OF MPERIALIST STATES" AND THAT "THE SOVIET UNION IS THE LEADING FORCE IN THE STRUGGLE FOR PEACE."

THE OFFICIAL WAS IDENTIFIED BY PRAVDA, THE COMMUNIST NEWSPAPER, AS ARCHIBALD R. JOHNSTON, EDITOR-IN-CHIEF OF THE RUSSIAN LANGUAGE NEWSPAPER BRITANSKI SOYUZNIK (BRITISH ALLY), PUBLISHED BY THE BRITISH FOREIGN OFFICE FOR DISTRIBUTION IN RUSSIA.

PRAVDA YESTERDAY PRINTED A LENGTHY LETTER OVER JOHNSTON'S SIGNATURE. THE LETTER DECLARED THE BRITISH EMBASSY WAS NOT INTERESTED IN IMPROVING BRITISH-SOVIET RELATIONS "BUT IN FACT DOES EVERYTHING TO WORSEN THESE RELATIONS."

JOHNSTON WAS QUOTED AS SAYING HE HAD DECIDED TO REMAIN IN RUSSIA TO DEVOTE ALL OF HIS "ENERGY AND TALENTS TO THE QUESTION OF PEACE." THE BRITISH EMBASSY BEGAN AN INVESTIGATION OF THE CASE BUT DID NOT

ISSUE ANY STATEMENT.

(IN LONDON, THE FOREIGN OFFICE SAID IT HAD RECEIVED NO REPORT. A SPOKESMAN SAID INFORMALLY, HOWEVER, THAT "APPARENTLY THERE IS NOTHING TO BE DONE ABOUT IT AND NO COMMENT SEEMS NECESSARY. JOHNSTON IS, OF COURSE, FREE TO GIVE UP HIS JOB IF HE DOESN'T LIKE IT FOR ANY REASON.")

THE LETTER IN PRAVDA SAID:

"FOR THE ENGLISH PEOPLE WHICH AVOIDED AT THE PRICE OF SACRIFICES TH FATE OF SLAVES OF HITLER'S HORDES THERE NOW IS BEING PREPARED NO LESS

"MOW ON THE STREETS OF LONDON THERE ARE AMERICAN SOLDIERS AND OFFICERS. IN THE RESTAURANTS ARE AMERICAN BUSINESSMEN, TRADERS, TRAVELING SALESMEN AND AGENTS."

THE WORKERS IN THE BRITISH EMBASSY IN MOSCOW MET THIS PROPOSAL WITHOUT ENTHUSIASM, BUT IT WOULD BE MALVE TO SUPPOSE THEIR OPPOSITION WAS FOUNDED ON A PEACE-LOVING BASIS. NOTWITHSTANDING THEIR CONVICTIONS, THEY RECOGNIZE WITH REGRETS THAT THE SOVIET PEOPLE CANNOT BE TERRORIZED."

JOHNSTON, WHO HAS BEEN IN RUSSIA SINCE FEBRUARY, 1947, FORMERLY WORKED FOR THE LONDON NEWS CHRONICLE.

BRITANSKI SOYUZNIK COMES OUT IN MOSCOW ONCE A WEEK IN AN EDITION

OF 40,000 TO 50,000 COPIES. IT WAS STARTED DURING THE WAR. IT CARRIÉS ARTICLES ON BRITAIN, BRITISH-RUSSIAN RELATIONS AND OFFICIAL SPEECHES OF BRITISH LEADERS. THE MATERIAL IS PREPARED IN LONDON AND SENT TO MOSCOW FOR EDITING AND PUBLICATION.

THE CASE OF JOHNSTON BEARS POINTS OF SIMILARITY TO THOSE OF TWO

THE CASE OF JOHNSTON BEARS POINTS OF SIMILARITY TO THOSE OF TWO
AMERICANS. IN APPLL 1947, APMOND D. WILLIS SAID HE OUIT AS U.S.
INFORMATION OFFICER IN RUSSIA PARTLY BECAUSE OF THE WHAT HE DESCRIBED
AS THE ANTI-RUSSIAN ATTITUDE OF AMERICAN EMBASSY OFFICIALS.
IN FEBRUARY, 1948, MISS ANNABELLE BUCAR, A NATIVE OF PITTSBURGH,
RESIGNED AS FOREIGN SERVICE STAFF OFFICER AND ADMINISTRATIVE ASSISTANT
TO THE CHIEF OF THE MOSCOW OFFICE OF THE U.S. INFORMATION SERVICE.
SHE SAID IN MED LETTED OF RESIGNATION THAT THE POLICY OF THE U.S.

EMBASSY WAS "DIRECTED AGAINST" THE RUSSIAN PEOPLE. KONSTANTIN . I.APSHIN, A RUSSIAN OPERATIC BARITONE.

JOHNSTON, 52. WORKED FOR THE LONDON NEWS CHRONICLE FOR SOME MUNICIPALITY OF INFORMATION IN MEXICO FROM 1940 TO 1943. HIS EX-WIFE STILL LIVES IN MEXICO. HE WORKED FOR A FEW MONTHS IN

BULLETIN

THIRD NIGHT LEAD CHINESE

BY FRED HAMPSON SHANGHAI, TUESDAY, APRIL 26-(AP)-VICE ADM. OSCAR BADGER'S FLAGSHIP PUIT SHANGHAI TODAY. ITS DEPARTURE BEGAN THE WITHDRAWAL OF U. S. TEAVY FLEET UNITS TO AVOID AMERICAN INVOLVEMENT IN CHINA'S CIVIL WAR THE WESTERN PACIFIC COMMANDER'S FLAGSHIP. THE U.S.S. ELDORADO, PULLED OUT OF ITS ANCHORAGE ON "BATTLESHIP ROW" IN THE WHANGPOO RIVER AT 11 A.M. THE SHIP MOVED TOWARD A SAFER ANCHORAGE IN THE YANGTZE ESTUARY.

30.24- 2703

THE SHELL-SPATTERED BRITISH CRUISER LONDON, HIT BY COMMUNIST SHOWN BATTERIES ON THE YANGTZE LAST WEEK, AND THE BRITISH DESTROYER CONSTANCE FOLLOWED THE LEAD OF THE AMERICAN SHIPS.

THEY PULLED OUT TO WOOSUNG AT THE MOUTH OF THE BIG RIVER, BUT THE SLOOP BLACK SWAN. ALSO HIT AS SHE ACCOMPANIED THE LONDON, REMAINED AT

HER BERTH OFF THE FORMER FRENCH BUND.

THE ELDORADO WAS SCHEDULED TO BE FOLLOWED IMMEDIATELY BY THE TROOPSHIP CHILTON WHICH CARRIES ONE BATTALION OF MARINES.

THE SHIP MOVEMENTS HAD BEEN ANNOUNCED EARLIER BY A NAVAL SPOKESMAN. MWE'LL PROBABLY HAVE THE BIG SHIPS OUT OF THE WHANGPOO BEFORE EVENING, " THE SPOKESMAN SAID BUT ADDED: "THIS ORDER IS SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE."

U. S. CONSUL GENERAL JOHN CABOT YESTERDAY WARNED ALL AMERICAN ITIZENS IN SHANGHAI TO BOARD SHIPS AT ONCE IF THEY WISHED TO LEAVE

THIS LARGEST ASIAN CITY. THE AMERICANS WERE WARNED THAT ONCE THE NAVAL CRAFT PULLED OUT INTO YANGIZE ANCHORAGES THERE WOULD BE NO GUARANTEE OF U. S. PROTECTION. IF THEY STAYED BEHIND, THEY WERE TOLD, THEYMUST BE PREPARED TO REMAIN. ONLY YESTERDAY THE COMMUNIST RADIO AT PEIPING DEMANDED THAT "THE AGGRESSIVE MILITARY FORCES" OF BOTH THE UNITED STATES AND BRITAIN BE WITHDRAWN IMMEDIATELY FROM ALL CHINA."

IT WAS TO AVERT ANY CHANCE OF AMERICAN SHIPS BECOMING INVOLVED IN INCIDENTS SUCH AS BEFELL BRITISH CRAFT LLAST WEEK THAT PROMPTED THE NAVAL WITHDRAWAL.

LAST WEEK, FOUR BRITISH WARSHIPS WERE SHELLED ON THE YANGTZE BY COMMUNIST SHORE GUNS. ALL FOUR WERE DAMAGED AND 43 SAILORS WERE KILLED. THE FIRST SHIP ATTACKED, THE SLOOP AMETHYST, STILL IS MARGONED IN THE BIVER BETWEEN SHANGHAI AND NANKING. THE OTHER THREE SHIPS WERE FIRED ON WHILE TRYING TO REACH HER.

IT IS KNOWN THAT TWO CRUISERS AND SEVERAL DESTROYERS OF THE U. S. MAVY'S WESTERN PACIFIC FLEET, NORMALLY BASED AT TSIANGTAD, ARE MANEU-VERING IN THE EAST CHINA SEA. THEY ARE STAYING CLOSE TO THE MOUTH OF THE YANGTZE JUST BELOW SHANGHAI FOR USE IF NEEDED.

THE NAVY'S ANNOUNCEMENT TODAY WAS PERHAPS A BETTER INDICATION THAN ANY OTHER OF HOW CLOSE THE CIVIL WAR HAD MOVED TO THIS COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL CAPITAL OF CHINA.

THE MILITARY SITUATION WAS CLOAKED IN SECRECY-OR CONFUSION. HOW NEAR THE APPROACHING RED ARMIES WERE TO SHANGHAI NO ONE KNEW. LAST NIGHT THE SHANGHAI GARRISON NEWS RELEASE ACKNOWLEDGED THAT

COMMUNIST TROOPS HAD INFILTRATED TO NANHSIANG, ONLY 10 MILES NORTHWEST OF SHANGHAI. TODAY THE GARRISON COMMAND DENIED IT.
SO FAR ONLY A FEW OF THE ALMOST 2,500 AMERICANS IN SHANGHAI HAD TAKEN ADVANTAGE OF THE NAVY'S OFFER TO MOVE THEM OUT. TWO HOURS BEFORE THE ELDERADO AND CHILTON LEFT, 40 HAD BEEN CLEARED FOR **EMERGENCE OACUA**

BEFORE THE ELDORADO AND CHILTON LEFT, 40 HAD BEEN CLEARED FOR EMERGENCY EVACUATION. IWENTY WERE BEING PROCESSED AND 30 OTHERS HAD INQUIRED ABOUT EVACUATION.

MEANWHILE THE AMERICAN PRESIDENT LINES WAS IN A QUANDRY ABOUT WHAT TO DO WITH THE LUXURY LINER S.S. PRESIDENT WILSON. THE WILSON WAS DUE AT SHANGHAI TONIGHT AND SLATED TO DOCK ITAJ DIF JOO. THE SHANGH

WAS DUE WAS DUE

WAS DUE AT SHANGHAI TONIGHT AND SLATED TO DOCK IN THE WHANGPOO.

A WELCOME TO THE COMMUNISTS BY NANKING RESIDENTS WAS PLANNED FOR Stangton God XX at play. SHANGHAL, APRIL 25-(AP)-GEORGE VINE, INTERNATIONAL NEWS SERVICE
AND UNDER SECONDENT AND EDITOR OF THE NORTH CHINA DAILY NEWS, WAS PICKED UP
TO UNDER SOO MILES NORTHWEST OF NAME AND ALIVAN HAD BEEN UNDER SIEGE FOR
MONTHES. THE RADIO SAID ALL OF THE CITY'S 150,000 DEFENDERS WERE WIPED WITH SEVERAL OTHER SHANGHAI NEWS DESCRIPTIONS. PILOTS WHO FLEW OVER TAIYUAN LATER REPORTED IT IN FLAMING

THE SPEED OF THE RED DRIVE SOUTHWARD FROM THE YANGIZE APPARENTLY THROUGH A MOOSE AROUND THE GOVERNMENT DEFENDERS. HOW CLOSE THE COMMUNISTS WERE TO HANGCHOW, BIG PORT 100 MILES SOUTHWEST OF SHANGHAI, WAS OBSCURED BY CONFLICTING REPORTS AND LACK OF ACCURATE

MILITARY INFORMATION.

KASHING, THE VITAL RAIL JUNCTION 53 MILES SOUTHWEST OF SHANGHAI,

APPARENTLY HAD NOT BEEN TOUCHED BY THE REDS. TRAINS FROM HANGCHOW THROUGH THERE ARRIVED THIS MORNING AND TONIGHT. PASSENGERS SAID ASHING WAS QUIET AND THERE WAS NO INDICATION THE REDS WERE NEAR THE WHICH CONTROLS THE SHAMGHAI-HAMGCHOW BAILWAY.

THE REFUGEE SITUATION IN SHANGHAL IS GROWING SERIOUS. LATE TODAY ROADS LEADING INTO THE CITY FROM THE WEST CONTAINED LINES OF RAIN SODDEN AS ANTS. MOST OF THEM HAD ONLY ENOUGH FOOD FOR A FEW MEALS. THE FUGEES SAID THEY WERE COMING TO THE CITY BECAUSE THE SOLDIERS ALWAYS TOUGHT IN THE COUNTRY BUT NEVER IN THE CITIES.

NO ONE KNOWS WHAT TO EXPECT IN SHANGHAI.
THERE WAS NO INDICATION OF WHERE GEN. TANG EN-PO HAD HIS ,000 GOVERNMENT TROOPS -- OR IF HE STILL HAD THEM UNDER HIS CONTROL. SHANGHAI GARRISON HEADQUARTERS KEPT PARROTING THAT THIS CITY OF THE LAST MAN. HOW, WHEN AND WITH WHAT WAS

APPARENT.
TANG, NATIONALIST DEFENSE COMMANDER OF THE GIGANTIC SHANGHAI-MANKING-HANGCHOW TRIANGLE, REPORTEDLY HAD FLED SHANGHAI FOR THE ACTING PRESIDENT LI TSUNG-JEN REPORTEDLY HAD GONE TO KWEILIN AND

RETIRED PRESIDENT CHIANG KAI-SHEK TO AMOY. OBVIOUSLY THE TIME WAS GETTING SHOPT FOR AM EVACUATION BY SEA

BUT AS YET THERE WAS NO LARGE MOVEMENT OF GOVERNMENT FORCES FALLING BACK ON SHANGHAI. NEITHER WAS THERE ANY EVIDENCE OF TROOP EVACUATION AT THE CITY'S PORT. NOR COULD NATIONALIST DEFENDERS BE SEEN MANNING DEFENSES AROUND SHANGHAI.

J.S. CONSUL GENERAL JOHN CABOT WARNED AMERICANS IN SHANGHAL THAT ANY VISHING HAVEN ABOARD U.S. MAVAL SHIPS HERE SHOULD REPORT TO THE CONSULATE IMMEDIATELY.

ALTHOUGH HIS ANNOUNCEMENT DID NOT SAY SO, IT WAS CONSTRUED AS THE FIRST STEP IN EMERGENCY EVACUATION. BECAUSE OF THE COMMUNIST SHELLING OF BRITISH SHIPS ON THE YANGIZE LAST WEEK, U.S. NAVAL AUTHORITIES SAID THEIR SHIPS WOULD BE PULLED OUT OF SHANGHAI AND ANCHORED IN THE LOWER VANCETS. ANCHORED IN THE LOWER YANGTZE. THIS WOULD PUT THEM BUT OF RED GUN

AT THE SAME TIME, BRITISH CONSUL GENERAL R.W. URQUHART SAID EVACUATION OF BRITONS WAS NOT JUSTIFIED BY PRESENT DEVELMOPMENTS. OFFICIALS IN LONDON ANNOUNCED THAT ARRANGEMENTS HAD BEEN MADE TO TAI 4.000 BRITISH SUBJECTS FROM SHANGHAI WHENEVER IT WAS DEEMED ADVISABLE BY AUTHORITIES "ON THE SPOT."

LW228APS

STAFF MEMBERS OF THE BRITISH-OWNED WORTH CHINA DAILY NEWS SAID THEY IAD BEEN ADVISED IN A ROUNDABOUT WAY TO CEASE PUBLICATION AND THAT THE

PAPER WOULD NOT PUBLISH TUESDAY. ALSO QUESTIONED WERE K.S. CHANG, CHINA PRESS EDITOR, AND M.F. ALLMAN, MERICAN ATTORNEY LATELY LISTED AS PUBLISHED OF THE CHINA PRESS. BOTH

OF THEM WERE REPORTED ABOUT TO BE RELEASED.

C.Y. CHANG, EDITOR OF THE CHINA TRIBUNE, WAS QUESTIONED AND RELEASED GRAHAM JENKINS, REUTERS CORRESPONDENT, ACCOMPANIED VINE TO GAPRISON WEADOUARTERS AND REMAINED THERE WITH HIM.

IT WAS REPORTED THAT THE QUESTIONINGS WERE DUE TO PUBLICATION OF A REUTERS STORY ABOUT COMMUNIST ADVANCES WHICH THE GARRISON DEMIED. THE GARRISON INSTRUCTED NEWSPAPERS AND PRESS ASSOCIATIONS THAT HENCEFORTH ALL WAR NEWS MUST BE CONFINED TO GAPRISON ANNOUNCEMENTS

RELEASED THROUGH THE OFFICIAL CENTRAL NEWS AGENCY.
(THE ASSOCIATED PRESS OFFICE HAD NOT YET RECEIVED THIS ORDER.) BULLETINS WERE PROMISED AT 10 A.M. AND 5 AND 9 P.M. DAILY.

THE 9 P.M. BULLETIN ASSERTEDONLY 20,000 RED TROOPS HAD CROSSED TO
THE SOUTH BANK OF THE YANGTZE FROM KIANGSU (THE PROVINCE JUST MORTH OF

(ANGHAI) AND THAT THE MAIN COMMUNIST GROUP STILL WAS ON THE MORTH BANK "UNDER SURVEILLANCE" OF THE NATIONALIST AIR FORCE.

(THE COMMUNISTS HAVE SAID THEY HAVE MORE THAN 1,000,000 SOUTH BANK OF THE YANGTZE BUT HAVE NOT GIVEN FIGURES FOR THE RATHER NARROW AREA COVERED BY THE GOVERNMENT GARRISON BULLETIN.) THE GARRISON ANNOUNCEMENT SAID BED FORCES WERE DEPLOYED TOWARDS COOCHOW (WUHSIEM) 50 MILES WEST OF SHANGHAI, BUT DECLARED THAT CITY WAS

HEAVILY DEFENDED BY CRACK GOVERNMENT TROOPS.

IT ALSO ASSERTED THAT KASHING, 53 MILES SOUTH OF SHANGHAI, HAD NOT FALLEN, AS PERSISTENTLY REPORTED THROUGHOUT SHANGHAI, AND STATED TRAIN SERVICE BETWEEN SHANGHAI AND HANGCHOW, 100 MILES SOUTH THROUGH

KASHING, WAS CONTINUING. COMMUNISTS WERE ACKNOWLEDGED TO HAVE INFILTRATED TO MANHSIANG, 10 MILES MORTHEAST OF SHANGHAI, BUT NOT TO HAVE CAPTURED IT.

DJ& JM1131 ACS NM

WITH CHIMA (200)

BY JAMES FLOOD

SHANGHAI, APRIL 25-(AP)-A BIG AIPLINER ROLLED UP TO THE LUNGHWA
ALPPORT LOADING APRON IN THE SLANTING RAIN.

PANIC STRICKEN CHINESE RUSHED FOR THE SHIP. IN A FLASH IT WAS LOADED. THE DOOR SLAMMED AND THE PLANE BOARED AWAY.

LOADED. THE DOOR SLAMMED AND THE PLANE RUBRED AWAY.

'ALL DAY LONG IT HAS BEEN THAT WAY. COMMERCIAL PLANES -- ANYTHING THAT WILL FLY -- HAVE BEEN TAKING OFF ALMOST WITH THE REGULARITY OF MAR TIME BOMBERS.

BUT THE CROUD HEVER THINS. AS FAST AS ONE PLANE LOAD DEPARTS FOR CANTOU OF FORMOSA, ENOUGH PROPLE FOR TWB MORE PLANE LOADS ARRIVE. OME MAN. BEATEN IN THE FOOT RACE FOR A PLANE DOOR, SANK DOWN ON HIS BAGGAGE. HIS WIFE BURST INTO TEARS. IN HIS COAT LAPEL WAS A SMALL BUTTON INDICATING HE WAS A GOVERNMENT OFFICIAL.

LOOKING AT ME, HE SAID:

"YOU ARE A FOREIGNER. FOR YOU IT DOESN'T MATTER. FOR US IT IS BAN

IF WE GET CAUGHT."

FRIGHTENED GLANCES WERE EXCHANGED BY THOSE WAITING VERYTIME A
NEW VEHICLE ARRIVED AT THE AIRPORT. THEY SEEMED TO THINK MAYBE THIS

ONE HAD THE COMMUNISTS IN IT.

OHE REFUGEE DISPLAYED A LETTER GIVING HIM A HIGH PRIORITY. BUT IN HAD NO TICKET. THE PLANE'S AGENT REFUSED TO LET HIM ABOARD. THE MAN PLEADED TO BE ALLOWED TO SIT ON THE BAGGAGE. BUT THE AGENT MPLAINED THE DANGER OF OVERLOADING A PLANE.

THE DOWNCAST MAN SAT ON HIS LUGGAGE IN THE PAIN TO AWAIT THE

"AN OVERLOADED PLANE IS NOT AS UNSAFE FOR ME AS STAYING HERE,"

THAT'S THE FEELING OF THOUSANDS OF SHANGHAI CHINESE. TO THEM, AN FATE IS BETTER THAN FALLING INTO THE HANDS OF THE COMMUNISTS. LU233APS MM

Broughon add xxtodas THE WARNING TO AMERICANS FROM U.S. CONSUL GENERAL JOHN CABOT SAID THAT THE COMMUNIST ATTACKS ON FOUR BRITISH WARSHIPS LAST WEEK MADE 11 UNVISE TO LEAVE EVACUATION SHIPS IN VULNERABLE WATERS.

FOR THAT REASON, IT SAID, AMERICAN "HEAVY UNITS" SHORTLY WOULD MOVE FROM THEIR WHANGPOO RIVER AMCHORAGES FACING SHANGHAI TO THE LOVER YANGIZE ESTUARY.

AMERICANS GOING ABOARD WERE VARNED THAT THEY MIGHT BE UNCOMFORTABLE AND MIGHT NOT BE PERMITTED TO LAND AGAIN, BUT THAT "WHEN THESE FACILITIES ARE NO LONGER AVAILABLE, NO FURTHER FACILITIES OF ANY

HOWEVER, THE ELDORADO, FLAGSHIP OF VICE ADM. OSCAR C.BADGER. U.S. WESTERN PACIFIC FLEET COMMANDER, REMAINED AT ITS USUAL BUOY MONDAY NIGHT.

DESPITE BAD FLYING CONDITIONS, WITH VISIBILITY ONLY A FEW HUNDRED FEET, CHINESE NATIONAL AVIATION CORP. AND CENTRAL AIR TRANSPORT PLANES CONTINUED TO TAKE OFF ALL DAY MONDAY FOR THE SOUTH AND FOR THE ISLAND OF FORMOSA.

MOST OF THEIR PASSENGERS WERE GOVERNMENT OFFICIALS AND WEALTHY CHINESE BEFUGEES.

PAN AMERICAN AIRVAYS AND NORTHWEST AIRLINES REPORTED THEY WERE STICKING TO THEIR NORMAL SCHEDULES BUT MIGHT ADD A FEW EXTRA FLIGHTS LATER IN THE WEEK.

A62KX (STUART)

NITE LEAD AMBASSADOR (280) NANKING, APRIL 25-(AP)-CHINESE COMMUNIST SOLDIERS TODAY INVADED THE BEDROOM OF U.S. AMBASSADOR J. LEIGHTON STUART. NEITHER THE 72-YEAR OLD DIPLOMAT NOR HIS STAFF WAS HARMED.

(THE U.S. STATE DEPARTMENT IN WASHINGTON SAID THE EMBASSY IN NANKING HAD BEEN ORDERED TO MAKE A "VIGOROUS" PROTEST IMMEDIATELY TO BED MILI-TARY AUTHORITIES. IT SAID THE AMERICAN MILITARY ATTACHE WOULD MAKE THE

PROTEST.)

THREE ARMED RED TROOPERS AVAKENED STUART AT 6:40 A.M. THEY SPOKE RUDELY. SOON THEY WERE JOINED BY OTHER SOLDIERS WHO EXPLAINED WITH MORE CIVILITY THAT THEY DESIRED TO INSPECT HIS RESIDENCE, WHICH IS ABOUT A MILE FROM THE U.S. EMBASSY IN THIS FALLEN NATIONALIST CAPITAL.

THE COMMUNISTS CAME IN THROUGH THE BACK DOOR, DISREGARDING PROTESTS OF THE GATEMAN. THEY WANTED TO KNOW HOW MANY FOREIGNERS AND HOW MANY CHINESE LIVED THERE. THEY ASKED WHERE THE AMBASSADOR'S BEDROOM WAS. AFTER THE REDS BURST IN ON STUART, EMBASSY ATTACHE EDWARD ANDERBERG

WHO LIVES THERE, TRIED TO ENTER THE AMBASSADOR'S BEDROOM. THE SOLDIERS ORDERED HIM BACK TO HIS OWN DOOR.

LATER, THEY QUESTIONED ANDERBERG AND PHILIP FUGH, STUART'S CHINESE SECRETARY. THE SOLDIERS WENT THROUGH THE SECOND FLOOR OF THE HOUSE, THEN

DEPARTED. (IN WASHINGTON IT WAS INDICATED STUART MIGHT BE KEPT PRISONER AT HIS RESIDENCE. THE NANKING EMBASSY'S REPORT OF THE INCIDENT TO THE STATE DEPARTMENT SAID THE RED SOLDIERS TOLD ONE OF STUART'S SERVANTS THAT THE ENVOY SHOULD NOT LEAVE THE RESIDENCE COMPOUND.

(THE REPORT SAID, HOWEVER, THIS INFORMATION WAS NOT GIVEN EITHER TO THE AMBASSADOR OR TO ANY MEMBER OF HIS OFFICIAL STAFF.)

COMMUNIST GUARDS MEANWHILE WERE STATIONED AROUND THE AMERICAN AIR ATTACHE'S PLANE HERE. IT PROBABLY WOULD BE THIS PLANE WHICH STUART WOULD HAVE TO USE TO GET OUT OF NANKING. HE HAS BEEN ORDERED TO RETURN TO WASHINGTON TO REPORT ON CHINESE CIVIL WAR DEVELOPMENTS. THE PLANE WAS STRIPPED BY LOCTERS BEFORE THE COMMUNISTS ARRIVED TO TAKE OVER THE CAPITAL, BUT IT WAS BELIEVED STILL IN CONDITION TO FLY. ITS RADIO AND OTHER MOVABLE OBJECTS WERE STOLEN.

HH747PCSNMASKT

NANKING, APRIL 25-(AP)-THE SPOKESMAN FOR THE COMMUNIST "SOUTH OF THE KIND WILL BE PROVIDED BY AMERICAN AUTHORITIES FOR PROTECTION OF AMERICAN MISSIONS WERE BEING NOTIFIED THAT FOREIGN DISOBEYED MILITARY REGULATIONS WOULD BE DEPORTED.

THE SPOKESMAN SAID THE MEMORANDUM ASSURED MAXIMUM POSSIBLE PROTEC-TION FOR NATIONALS OF FRIENDLY NATIONS AS LONG AS THEY DID NOT ENGAGE IN ESPIONAGE, VIOLATE SECURITY REGULATIONS OR "IMPAIR THE INTERESTS OF THE CHINESE PEOPLE."

THE WARNING AGAINST ESPIONAGE OR DISCLOSURE OF MILITARY SECRETS WAS

EMPHASIZED.

RADIO TRANSMITTERS WERE ORDERED TO REGISTER. THE U. S. EMBASSY AND THE U. S. NAVAL ATTACHE BOTH OPERATE SENDING STATIONS. DIPLOMATS ALSO WERE ASKED TO KEEP TO A MINIMUM THEIR USE OF AUTOMOBILES, ON THE GROUNDS THAT ORDER HAS NOT BEEN FULLY RESTORED TO THIS COMMUNIST-OCCUPIED CAPITAL. THAT OPCC

490KX

TOKYO, TUESDAY, APRIL 26-(AP)-WILLIAM J. SEBALD, CHIEF OF THE AMERICAN DIPLOMATIC SECTION OF THE OCCUPATION, ASKED THE BUSSIANS

PRISONERS OF WAR STILL HELD BY RUSSIA.

"AS YOU ARE NO DOUBT AWARE," SEBALD WROTE TO LT.GEN. KUZMA
DEREVYANKO, HEAD OF THE SOVIET MISSION IN TOKYO, "THERE HAS AT NO TIME BEEN ANY REPORT WHATSOEVER FROM SOVIET AUTHORITIES CONCERNING JAPANESE PRISONERS OF WAR HELD IN THE SOVIET UNION....NORT IS IT APPARENT FROM INFORMATION AVAILABLE TO THE SUPREME COMMANDER THAT ANY EFFORT IS BEING MADE BY SOVIET AUTHORITIES TO FURNISH SUCH C INFORMATION.

"SUCH INFORMATION WOULD BE OF INTEREST NOT ONLY TO THE JAPANESE PEOPLE, AND PARTICULARLY TO THE FAMILIES OF INDIVIDUALS CONCERNED, BUT, IT IS BELIEVED, ALSO TO THE MEMBER NATIONS OF THE FAR EAST COMMISSION CHARGED WITH FORMULATION OF POLICY PERTAINING TO THE

OCCUPATION OF JAPAN."

MORE THAN A DOZEN JAPANESE-OPERATED SHIPS UNDER OCCUPATION CONTROL ARE STANDING BY AWAITING WORD FROM RUSSIA TO RENEW REPATRIATION OF WAR PRISONERS, WHICH HALTED DURING THE WINTER. MORE THAN 400,000 JAPANESE STILL ARE HELD BY THE SOVIET UNION.

GENERAL MACARTHUR AS OCCUPATION COMMANDER HAS REPEATEDLY ADVISED THE RUSSIANS HE CAN FURNISH SHIPS TO REPATRIATE 50,000 A MONTH WITH NO HALT FOR WINTER. THE RUSSIANS BELEASED AN AVERAGE OF 37,000 A MONTH LAST YEAR AND HALTED WHEN WINTER NEARED. FJ920PCS

RANGOON, BURMA, APRIL 25-(AP)-A BURMESE PASSENGER PLANE FORCED DOWN BY BAD WEATHER HAS BEEN CAPTURED BY REBELS PRESUMED TO BE KARENS. THE GOVERNMENT SAID TODAY.

THE DISTRICT COMMISSIONER OF BASSEIN IN SOUTHERN BURMA, WHERE THE PLANE LANDED, MESSAGED AUTHORITIES HERE THAT BRITISH PILOT S.DAVID FENTON, A BURMESE RADIO OPERATOR AND FOUR PASSENGERS WERE UNHURT BUT "IN ENEMY HANDS."

A SPOKESMAN FOR THE AIRWAYS COMPANY SAID BURMESE NAVY GUNBOATS

WOULD PROBABLY BE SENT TO RESCUE THE CREW AND PASSENGERS.

JS729AED

872 Q (200)

RANGOON, BURMA, APRIL 25-(AP)-TWO REBEL COLUMNS

DROVE TOWARD RANGOON TODAY FROM THE NORTH AND EAST. KAREN REBELS STRUCK SOUTHWARD FROM NYANGLEBIN, 85 MILES NORTHEAST OF THIS CAPITAL, TO DAIKU, SOME 12 MILES MORE TO THE SOUTH. A GOVERNMENT SPOKESMAN SAID A BIG BATTLE IS SHAPING UP OUTSIDE DAIKU, WHERE GOVERNMENT FORCES ARE TRYING TO CHECK THE

EBEL ADVANCE. THE KARENS, SEEKING AN AUTONOMOUS STATE OF KARENISTAN, HAVE SEIZED ALL THE TERRITORY BETWEEN NYANGLEBIN AND DAIKU, A TOWN WHICH STRADDLES THE IMPORTANT RANGOON-MANDALAY ROAD AND RAILWAY.

NORTH OF NYAUNGLEBIN ANOTHER BATTLE IS TAKING PLACE BETWEEN KARENS AND GOVERNMENT FORCES. THE KARENS THERE APPARENTLY WERE TRYING TO BREAK THROUGH FOR A MEETING WITH THEIR FELLOWS AT DAIKU.

ANOTHER DRIVE AIMED AT RANGOON IS COMING FROM THE EAST, THIS ONE BY WHITE BAND PVOS (MEMBERS OF THE OUTLAWED PEOPLES VOLUNTEER ORGANIZATION), WHITE FLAG (STALINIST) COMMUNISTS AND ARMY DESERTERS. OFFICIAL SOURCES SAID THIS DRIVE HAD NOW REACHED TO TAIKKYI, 42 MILES NORTH OF RANGOON.

BETWEEN THESE REBELS AND THIS CAPITAL STANDS THE GOVERNMENT BASTION OF HMAWBI, A FORTRESS TOWN 30 MILES FROM HERE. A GOVERNMENT SPOKESMAN SAID BURMESE PLANES DURING THE WEEKEND HAD HELPED LAND FORCES "KNOCK HELL" OUT OF REBELS WHO ATTACKED HMAWBI 1,000 STRONG.

B1209PED

B57(Q)

BY KENNETH LIKES (300)

BATAVIA, JAVA, APRIL 25-(AP)-THE REPUBLICANS CALLED ON THE DUTCH AGAIN TODAY TO RESTORE THEIR GOVERNMENT IN JOGJAKARTA BEFORE DOING ANYTHING ELSE ABOUT THE INDONESIAN DISPUTE.

A REPUBLICAN SPOKESMAN SAID THIS MOVE "MUST BE REGARDED AS THE UNCONDITIONAL FIRST STEP X X X WE DON'T UNDERSTAND WHY THE DUTCH, INSTEAD OF DIRECTLY IMPLEMENTING THE SECURITY COUNCIL'S RESOLUTION AS WE HAVE BEEN CONSISTENTLY PREPARED TO DO, CONTINUE TO DEMAND PRELIMINARY COMMITMENTS FROM US."

THE SPOKESMAN REFERRED TO A DUTCH STATEMENT LAST WEEK THAT, BEFORE RETURNING JOGJAKARTA TO THE REPUBLICANS, THE INDONESIANS MUST MAKE BINDING COMMITMENTS TO ORDER GUERRILLAS TO CEASE FIRE AND TO PARTICIPATE IN A HAGUE ROUND TABLE CONFERENCE.

"THE DUTCH SHOULD KNOW," THE INDONESIAN SPOKESMAN SAID, "THE TWO MOST RECENT DEMANDS THEY MADE AS A PREREQUISITE TO CARRYING OUT THE SECURITY COUNCILS RESOLUTION COULD NOT BE ACCEPTED BY REPRESENTATIVES ANSWERABLE TO THE INDONESIAN PEOPLE."

THE SECURITY COUNCIL RESOLUTION, PASSED LAST JANUARY, SET A TIMETABLE FOR AN INTERIM GOVERNMENT OF INDONESIA BY MARCH 15, FOR A CONSTITUENT ASSEMBLY BY OCT. 1 AND TRANSFER OF SOVEREIGNTY FROM HOLLAND TO THE UNITED STATES OF INDONESIA NOT LATER THAN JULY 1, 1950.

"THE RETURN OF THE REPUBLICAN GOVERNMENT TO JOGJAKARTA WITHOUT A REAL PROSPECT FOR AN OVERALL RESOLUTION MEANS PLACING THE REPUBLICAN GOVERNMENT IN AN UNTENABLE, ACUTELY DANGEROUS SITUATION WHICH NO INDONESIAN LEADER CAN JUSTIFY BEFORE THE PEOPLE OR HISTORY, " THE INDONESIAN SPOKESMAN SAID.

HE ADDED THAT ALMOST 90 DAYS HAVE PASSED SINCE THE SECURITY COUNCIL RESOLUTION, "WITHOUT ANY ACTION HAVING BEEN TAKEN, WHILE THE GUERRILLA DUTCH WAR REPRISALS CONTINUE UNABATED."

"WE MUST NOT LOSE TIME BY AN ENDLESS EXCHANGE OF WORKING PAPERS," HE SAID.

REPUBLICAN PREMIER MOHAMED HATTA ARRIVED IN BATAVIA YESTERDAY TO DELEGATION AT DUTCH-INDONESIAN TALKS. THIS MARKS THE LEFT THE ISLAND OF BANGKA SINCE HE WAS INTERNED THERE FOUR MONTHS AGO, AFTER THE DUTCH CAPTURED HIM AND OTHER REPUBLICAN LEADERS IN SEIZING JOGJAKARTA.

HATTA AND J.H. VAN ROYEN OF THE NETHERLANDS MET INFORMALLY TODAY WITH MERLE COCHRAN, U.S. DELEGATE TO THE UNITED NATIONS COMMISSION ON

INDONESIA.

WD1022AES

A36W

A36 (100)

NIGHT LEAD (100) PROBLEMS BROUGHT A SECOND AY OF DEMONSTRATIONS TODAY.

TRUCKLOADS OF MEN RODE THROUGH THE STREETS SHOUTING IN HEBREW, "WE WANT WORK.

YESTERDAY A GROUP PICKETED GOVERNMENT HEADQUARTERS CARRYING SIGNS

WHICH SAID, "WE WANT WORK."

IN BOTH CASES THE DEMONSTRATORS WERE NEWLY ARRIVED IMMIGRANTS
HOUSED IN THE FORMER ARAB COMMUNITIES OF RAMLE, LYDDA AND JAFFA WHERE THERE IS NO INDUSTRY AS YET AND FEW JOBS. THE GOVERNMENT HAS BEEN TRYING TO DISTRIBUTE THE IMMIGRANTS MORE EVENLY OVER THE COUNTRY, BUT IS HAMPERED BY THE LACK OF HOUSING AT MOST PLACES.

IMMIGRANTS HAVE BEEN ARRIVING AT A BATE OF 20,000 TO 25,000 A MONTH.

MD736PED

BUENOS AIRES, APRIL 25-(AP)-THE ARGENTINE GOVERNMENT INVOKED ITS W CONSTITUTION TODAY TO OUTLAW THE COMMUNIST-LED ARGENTINE SLAV UNION THE DECREE SAID THE ACTION WAS TAKEN BECAUSE OF DISORDERS WHICH MADICED THE SLAV UNION'S NATIONAL CONVENTION MARCH 23 WHEN SUPPORTERS PRIME MINISTER STALIN ENGAGED IN A BATTLE WITH FOLLOWERS OF YUGOSLAVIA'S PREMIER MARSHAL TITO. SOME 20 PERSONS WERE HURT BEFORE BROKE UP THE FIGHT. THE DECREE DECLAPED "MATIONAL SOVEREIGNTY" WAS VIOLATED BY THE CLASH AND SAID ARGENTINA WOULD NOT PERMIT HERSELF TO BECOME A BATTLEGROUND FOR THE "SOLUTION OF FOREIGN POLITICO-IDEOLOGICAL 8

jerusalem, april 25- (ap)-israel's chief rabbi isaac haleby herzog and

his wife left by plane today for new york.

dr. herzog is expected to spend several weeks in the united states speaking

on behalf of the united jewish appeal.

NIGHT LEAD LABOR (220) MONTEVIDEO, URUGUAY, APRIL 25-(AP)-URUGUAYAN PRESIDENT LUIS BATLLE BERRES TODAY TOLD THE AMERICAN SECTION OF THE INTERNATIONAL LABOR ORGANIZATION THERE SHOULD BE GOVERNMENT AID FOR WORKERS BUT WITH FULL RESPECT FOR THEIR INDIVIDUAL RIGHTS.

THE PRESIDENT'S ADDRESS OPENED THE FOURTH ANNUAL CONVENTION OF THE AMERICAN SECTION. PURPOSE OF THE MEETING IS TO STUDY MEANS WHEREBY NATIONS IN THE WESTERN HEMISPHERE CAN IMPROVE THE LOT OF THE WORKING

MAN.
WE DO NOT WANT ANY SOCIAL ADVANCE AT THE EXPENSE OF CIVIL LIBERTIES, " THE PRESIDENT SAID, "FOR SOCIAL ADVANCES CONFERRED WITHOUT LIBERTY ARE A DANGEROUS FORM OF OPPRESSION."

BATLLE BERRES SAID URUGUAY HAD ADOPTED PROGRESSIVE LABOR LEGISLATION AND PROVIDED FOR PUBLIC HEALTH AND FREE EDUCATION FROM KINDERGARTEN

THROUGH UNIVERSITY, ALL WITHIN A SYSTEM OF DEMOCRACY.

DELEGATES BY ACCLAMATION ELECTED DR. FERNANDO FARINA, URUGUAY'S MINISTER OF INDUSTRY AND LABOR, PRESIDENT. THREE VICE-PRESIDENTS CHOSEN ARE ANGEL PARMICIANI SECRETARY OF THE GENERAL COMMERCIAL EMPLOYES OF BRAZIL, REPRESENTING LABOR; HARRY TAYLOR, OF TORONTO, OF THE CANADIAN MANFUACTURERS ASSOCIATION, FOR INDUSTRY; RALPH WRIGHT, ASSISTANT U.S. SECRETARY OF LABOR, FOR GOVERNMENT.

EACH OF THE THREE DIVISIONS ELECTED ITS OWN OFFICERS. BERNARDO IBANEZ, PRESIDENT OF THE CHILEAN WORKERS CONFEDERATION AND OF THE INTER-AMERICAN LABOR CONFEDERATION, WAS NAMED CHAIRMAN OF THE WORKERS' GROUP. MANUEL MEZA, OF MEXICO, WAS NAMED VICE-CHAIRMAN AND LUIS ALBERTO MONJE, COSTA RICA. SECRETARY.

THE INDUSTRY GROUP NAMED JULIO PONS, URUGUAY, CHAIRMAN. CHAIRMAN OF THE GOVERNMENT SECTION IS BENJAMIN NUNEZ, COSTA RICA.

RU839PED

montevideo, uruguay, april 24-(ap)-delegates from 15 american republics

of the international labor organization's american section.

the fourth convention of the ILO section was opened in suburban makes

carrageo by uruguayan president luis batlle berres who said his country has

fought for years to guarantee social justice and trade union rights.

delaner (united states of the american federation of labor, also spoke.

the purpose of the conference is to study means by which nations in the

hemisphere can improve the lot of workingmen.

with the united nations.

stroziers 11235 pw rew th 1216p

PEARL HARBOR, APRIL 25-(AP)-TWO CHINESE DESTROYER ESCORTS, GIFTS FROM THE UNITED STATES TO THE CHINESE GOVERNMENT SOME TIME AGO, HAVE BEEN SITTING ON ORDERS TO GO TO RED-MENACED SHANGHAI FOR THE PAST TWO WEEKS.

CMDR. H. P. LIN OF THE TAI CHOI AND CMDR. S. A. KIANG OF THE TAI HU THOUGHT THEY "MIGHT" LEAVE IN A FEW DAYS. THEIR ORDERS WERE TO SAIL TO SHANGHAI WHEN THEY LEFT NORFOLK, VA., MARCH 2. THEY HAVE BEEN EXPECTING NEW ONES EVER SINCE BUT SAID THEY HAD RECEIVED NONE.

TWO SISTER DESTROYER ESCORTS, THE TAI HO AND TAI TSANG, ALSO AMERICAN GIFTS, REFUELED AT PEARL HARBOR FEB. 21 AND CONTINUED TOWARD CHINA. THE COMMANDERS OF THE TWO HERE AND THE CHINESE CONSUL GENERAL, TON LAO, SAID THEY HAD RECE

THE COMMANDERS OF THE TWO HERE AND THE CHINESE CONSUL GENERAL, TONG LAO, SAID THEY HAD RECEIVED NO WORD FROM THE FIRST TWO. ALL FOUR HAD SMALL AMERICAN NAVAL INSTRUCTOR TEAMS ABOARD. FIGAODAC

and canada today elected uruguay's labor minister dr. fernando farina presider 'QTTAWA, APRIL 25-(AP)-A MEETING OF THE GENERAL COUNCIL OF THE BRITISH COMMONWEALTH PARLIAMENTARY ASSOCIATION WILL OPEN HERE THURSDAX TO MAKE PLANS FOR THE NEXT GENERAL CONFERENCE TO BE HELD IN NEW ZEALAND.

DR. ARTHUR BEAUCHESNE, CLERK OF THE HOUSE OF COMMONS AND SECRETARY-TREASURER OF THE CANADIAN BRANCH ANNOUNCED TODAY THE PROGRAM FOR THE OTTAVA MEETING.

DELEGATES WILL BE HERE FROM PARLIAMENTS OF THE UNITED KINGDOM. AUSTRALIA, SOUTH AFRICA, EW ZEALAND, PAKISTAN, MALTA, BERMUDA AND THE GOLD COAST.

THE OTTAWA MEETING WILL LAST UNTIL MAY 4. IT WILL DEAL WITH ESS CHANGES IN THE CONSTITUTION NECESSITATED BY RECENT COMMONWEALTH DEVELOPMENTS AND FIX THE DATE AND ARRANGEMENTS FOR THE NEW ZEALAND GENERAL CONFERENCE.

DY716PES

B60 Q (300)

(ADVANCE FOR USE AT 12 NOON, EASTERN STANDARD TIME, TODAY, MONDAY, APRIL 25)

(ADVANCE) .. MONTREAL, APRIL 25-(AP)-THE DIFFERENCE BETWEEN LIVING UNDER A DEMOCRACY AND UNDER A COMMUNIST REGIME "STAGGERS THE IMAGINATION, " LAURENCE A.STEINHARDT, UNITED STATES AMBASSADOR TO CANADA SAID TODAY.

"MAKE NO MISTAKE ABOUT IT," HE TOLD THE MONTREAL CANADIAN CLUB IN A SPEECH PREPARED FOR DELIVERY, "ONLY ONE WHO, LIKE MYSELF, HAS LIVED FOR YEARS WITHIN A COMMUNIST STATE, IS QUALIFIED TO TELL YOU" OF THIS DIFFERENCE.

STEINHARDT, WHO HELD DIPLOMATIC APPOINTMENTS IN MOSCOW AND PRAGUE BEFORE COMING TO OTTAWA, SAID COMMUNISM AS A "CREED, FOREIGN AND REPUGNANT TO THE PEOPLES OF BOTH OUR NATIONS."

THE SEED OF COMMUNISM, IF PLANTED IN NORTH AMERICA, WOULD "FIRST UNDERMINE, THEN SHATTER, AND FINALLY OBLITERATE EVERY VESTIGE OF THE WAY OF LIFE WE HOLD SO DEAR ."

BUT NORTH AMERICA. BECAUSE OF ITS BELIEF "THAT WE ARE NOT SLAVES," WOULD BE POOR SOIL FOR SUCH PLANTING, HE SAID.

"JUST AS POVERTY AND UNEMPLOYMENT BREED DISCONTENT AND LEAD TO SOCIAL DISORDERS, CONVERSELY, PROSPERITY AND FULL EMPLOYMENT IN A DEMOCRACY ASSURE CONTINUED FAITH IN ITS SOLVENCY AS A POLITICAL . PHILOSOPHY, " HE SAID.

STEINHARDT SAID CANADA IS ON THE EVE OF ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENTS COMPARABLE ONLY TO THOSE WHICH TOOK PLACE IN THE UNITED STATES BETWEEN 1890 AND THE OUTBREAK OF THE FIRST WORLD WAR. THE RECENT IRON, OIL AND OTHER MINERAL DISCOVERIES "WILL LEAD TO ENORMOUS ACCRETIONS OF WEALTH THROUGHOUT YOUR COUNTRY."

50H5 SAID4BE3WAS98MOSB'TRAS4HDPEFUL" IN A

OF WEALTH THROUGHOUT YOUR COUNTRY."

HE SAID HE WAS "MORE THAN HOPEFUL" THAT THE RECENT OIL DISCOVERIES IN ALBERTA WILL "PERMANENTLY SOLVE CANADA'S FOREIGN EXCHANCE PROBLEM,

PARTICULARLY THE SHORTAGE OF U.S. DOLLARS."

THE NORTH ATLANTIC TREATY, HE CONTINUED, WAS A "LOGICAL SEQUENCE OF THE FAILURE OF THE SOVIET GOVERNMENT TO CO-OPERATE IN MAKING THE UNITED NATIONS THE INSTRUMENT IT WAS INTENDED TO BE FOR THE PRESERVA-TION OF WORLD PEACE."

IT WAS INTENDED TO "BRING HOME TO THE SOVIET GOVERNMENT THE DETERMINATION OF AN OVERWHELMING PREPONDERANCE OF THE NATIONS AND

PEOPLES OF THE WORLD TO PRESERVE THE PEACE."

(END ADVANCE FOR USE AT 12 NOON EST TODAY MONDAY APRIL 25) KA/RP1053AED

A75WX

(300) CHINESE

WASHINGTON, APRIL 25-(AP)-AMERICAN MILITARY AND DIPLOMATIC OFFICIALS

ARE RESIGNED TO A COMMUNIST SWEEP THROUGH ALL CHINA.
WEEKS IN ADVANCE OF THE COMMUNIST CROSSING OF THE YANGTZE RIVER THE STATE DEPARTMENT AND NATIONAL DEFENSE ESTABLISHMENT WERE ADVISED THAT THE DEMORALIZED NATIONALISTS WERE INCAPABLE OF KEEPING EVEN A TOEHOLD BY THEIR OWN MILITARY STRENGTH.

THIS CONSIDERED ESTIMATE CAME FROM FORMER MILITARY MISSIONS HEADED BY MAJOR GENERAL DAVID G.BARR AND OTHER SOURCES. GENERAL BARR RE-TURNED TO THE UNITED STATES AFTER THE FORCES UNDER THE COMMAND OF GENERALISSIMO CHIANG KAI SHEK SURRENDERED ALL NORTH CHINA, ALONG WITH

WHEN THE COMMUNISTS LINED UP ALONG THE YANGIZE NORTH BRANCH FOR THEIR JUMP OFF LAST WEEK OFFICIALS SAID PRIVATELY ONLY CHIANG COULD DELAY THEIR VICTORIOUS ADVANCE BY THROWING INTO THE FIGHT THE REMAIN-ING TROOPS AND AIR FORCES LOYAL TO HIM. HE IS CREDITED WITH BEING ABLE TO GIVE ORDERS TO 300,000 OR MORE TRAINED TROOPS. ALL HAVE NOW BEEN PULLED BACK TO FORMOSA OR ARE IN THE PROCESS OF WITHDRAWAL.

INFORMATION HERE IS THAT CHIANG AND HIS IMMEDIATE SUPPORTERS ARE DIGGING IN ON THE OFF SHORE ISLAND FOR AN INDEFINITE STAY. HE HAS CONTROL OF ALL OR MOST OF THE NATIONALIST MONETARY GOLD RESERVE, TOTALLING \$300,000,000 (M) BY THE BEST AVAILABLE ESTIMATES.

THE COMMUNISTS ARE CREDITED HERE WITH SUFFICIENT STRENGTH AND DRIVE TO TAKE OVER SHANGHAI, CHINA'S GREAT PORT, WHENEVER THEY DESIBE. HOWEVER, IT REMAINS TO BE DETERMINED WHETHER THEY WILL TAKE OVER IMMEDIATELY OR BY-PASS THE CITY. AS SOON AS THEY MOVE IN AMERICAN RICE AND COTTON SHIPMENTS NOW BEING DELIVERED THERE AT THE RATE OF \$20,000,000 (M) A MONTH MUST CEASE BY TERMS OF CONGRESSIONAL LEGISLA-TION EXTENDING THE CHINA AID ACT BEYOND ITS APRIL 5 EXPIRATION. APPROXIMATELY \$54,000,000 (M) BEMAINED UNEXPENDED THEN. CONGRESS DIR-ECTED THAT IT BE USED ONLY IN NON-COMMUNIST AREAS. MD1042PED

B22VX Q

WEIZMANN (120) WASHINGTON, APRIL 25-(AP)-PRESIDENT CHAIM WEIZMANN OF ISRAEL

PRESENTED A BRONZE PLAQUE TO PRESIDENT TRUMAN TODAY AT A LUNCHEON GIVEN

BY MR. AND MRS.TRUMAN. THE PLAQUE BEARS AN ENGLISH TEXT OF THE ACT OF ISRAELI INDEPEND-ENCE. BENEATH IS AN INSCRIPTION DESCRIBING THE GIFT "AS A TOKEN OF DEEP AND GRATEFUL APPRECIATION OF THE GOVERNMENT AND THE PEOPLE OF

ISRAEL." THE ENGRAVING WAS DONE BY MORITZ GOTTLIEB OF ALLENTOWN, PA. THE LUNCHEON WAS HELD AT THE BLAIR HOUSE, TEMPORARY RESIDENCE OF

THE TRUMAN FAMILY WHILE THE WHITE HOUSE IS BEING REPAIRED. THE MENU FEATURED CHICKEN A LA KING AND A DESSERT OF BAVARIAN CREAM.

MRS. VEIZMANN, VICE PRESIDENT BARKLEY, AND CONGRESSIONAL AND DIP-LOMATIC LEADERS WERE AMONG THE GUESTS.

(160) WALLACE WASHINGTON, APRIL 25-(AP)-THE STATE DEPARTMENT TODAY TERMED A CLOSED MATTER THE GOVERNMENT'S REFUSAL TO LET TWO EUROPEAN LEGISLATORS COME TO THE UNITED STATES FOR A SPEAKING TOUR WITH HENRY WALLACE AGAINST THE NORTH ATLANTIC PACT.

THE LEGISLATORS ARE KONNI ZILLIACUS, LEFTIST MEMBER OF THE BRITISH PARLIAMENT, AND PIERRE COT, A MEMBER OF THE FRENCH NATIONAL ASSEMBLY. THEY APPLIED FOR PASSPORT VISAS TO JOIN THE WALLACE TOUR, BUT WERE ENLED THEM. WALLACE SAID IN NEW YORK TODAY THAT HE HAD APPEALED TO

ATTORNEY GENERAL TOM CLARK TO OVERBULE THE DECISION.

MICHAEL J.MCDERMOTT, STATE DEPARTMENT PRESS OFFICER, SAID AMERICAN CONSULS IN LONDON AND PARIS WERE ADVISED BY WIRE ON SATURDAY THAT THE TWO WERE INADMISSABLE UNDER TERMS OF UNITED STATES IMMIGRATION

THE STATE DEPARTMENT ADVISED CLARK AND AT THE SAME TIME DECLINED TO RECOMMEND THAT THE ATTO MEY GENERAL MAKE AN EXCEPTION "IN THE PUBLIC INTEREST."

MCDERMOTT SAID THIS CLOSED THE CASE.

313WX

(270) CROPS-FARTER WASHINGTON, AREL 25-(AP)-SENATOR AND SON (D-NM) TODAY PREDICTED SENATE APPROVAL OF HIS PLAN TO DART SURTING AMERICAN WHETT, COTTON MILAR MATERIALS FROM DR OTHER FARM PRODUCTS FOR TIN, E.

FOREIGN NATIONS. ANDERSON, FORMER SECRETARY OF AGRICULTURE, JCC AN AMENDMENT TO AN ADMINISTRATION BILL THAT WOULD 55,000,000,000 (B) COMMODITY CREDIT CORPORATION. 'HIS IS THE AGRICULTURE DEPARTMENT AGENCY WHICH CARRIES OUT FARM PRICE-SUPPORT PROGRAMS THROUGH LOANS AND PURCH'SES.

ANDERSON'S SUCCESSOR, SECRETARY OF AGRICULTURE BRANNAN, IS PUSHING THE PENDING BILL WHICH WOULD GIVE HIM DIRECT CONTROL AND DIRECTION OF THE MULTI-BILLION DOLLAR FARM AGENCY. DEBATE ON THE MEASURE OPENED LAST WEEK-END.

THE BILL ALSO WOULD GIVE THE CORPORATION BROAD AUTHORITY TO BUILD, LEASE, OR OTHERWISE ACQUIRE A NATIONWIDE SYSTEM OF STORAGE FACILITIES FOR FARM CROPS PLACED UNDER PRICE-SUPPORTING LOANS OR PURCHASED OUTRIGHT.

ANDERSON SAID HIS BARTER PROPOSAL WOULD AID IN DISPOSING OF FARM SURPLUSES TO NATIONS THAT LACK DOLLARS BUT DO HAVE SCARCE STRATEGIC

AND CRITICAL MATERIALS NEEDED BY THIS COUNTRY.

"WE USED TO EXPORT SEVEN OR EIGHT MILLION BALES, OF COTTON EVERY YEAR BUT NOW THAT HAS BEEN TRIMMED TO ABOUT TWO MILLION BALES," HE EXPLAINED. "HOWEVER WE CAN EXPORT A LOT OF THAT COTTON ON A BARTER OR EXCHANGE BASIS, FOR INSTANCE TO SOUTH CHINA FOR TIN AND BISMUTH."

ANDERSON SAID THERE HAS BEEN PAST CRITICISM BY SOME GOVERNMENT DEPARTMENTS AGAINST BARTER OR STATE TRADING BUT THAT HE EXPECTS MOST

SENATORS TO GO ALONG WITH HIS PROPOSAL.

ANDERSON SAID HE WILL OFFER A SECOND AMENDMENT TO "MAKE IT CLEAR THAT THE AUTHORITY TO ACQUIRE AND BUILD STORAGE FACILITIES WILL NOT INVADE PRIVATE BUSINESS OR EXISTING FACILITIES."

V433AED

B36WX

PITTSBURGH REDS

WASHINGTON, AAPRIL 25-(AP)-MYSTERY WITNESS MILOSH KNEZEVICH IDEN-TIFIED FOR CONGRESSIONAL INVESTIGATORS TODAY "NINE OR 10 COMMUNIST LEADERS" IN A KEY INDUSTRIAL AREA IN PITTSBURGH.

OFFICIALS OF THE HOUSE UNAMERICAN ACTIVITIES COMMITTEE SO REPORTED AFTER QUESTIONING KNEZEVICH BEHIND CLOSED DOORS. THEY SAID THE MAN HIMSELF IS A FORMER COMMUNIST WHO GOT "FED UP" AND THAT HE WORKS IN THE WESTINGHOUSE PLANT IN PITTSBURGH.

THE COMMITTEE RECEIVED TESTIMONY FROM JUDGE BLAIR F. GUNTHER OF PITTSBURGH THAT THE AMERICAN SLAV CONGRESS IS "SUBVERSIVE" AND ITS MAIN AIM IS TO "CRIPPLE OUR NATIONAL DEFENSE APPARATUS." HE HELPED FOUND THE ORGANIZATION BUT GOT OUT OF IT.

THE SLAV CONGRESS ISSUED A STATEMENT SAYING SLAVIS AMERICANS HAD "REPUDIATED" GUNTHER. IT SAID THE SLAV CONGRESS IS STRIVING FOR A

DEMOCRATIC PEACE IN THE ROOSEVELT TRADITION.

THE COMMITTEE OBTAINED TESTIMONY FROM HARRY A. SHERMAN, ALSO FROM PITTSBURGH, FORMER ATTORNEY FOR THREE LOCALS OF THE CIO-UNITED ELECTRICAL WORKERS UNION.

HE TOLD REPORTERS HE SUPPLIED THE COMMITTEE WITH INFORMATION CONCERNING COMMUNISM IN THE TURTLE CREEK VALLEY.

THE TURTLE CREEK VALLEY, SHERMAN EXPLAINED, IS AN INDUSTRIAL AREA IN EAST PITTSBURGH AND SOME SUBURBS HEAVILY INDUSTRIALIZED.

HE SAID HE IS CONCERNED ABOUT THE CHANCES FOR SABOTAGE BY STRATEGIC-

ALLY LOCATED COMMUNISTS.

COMMITTEE OFFICIALS SAID THE ASSERTED RED LEADERS NAMED BY KNEZEVICH WERE IN THE WILMERDING SECTION OF THE COMMUNIST PARTY AND ALL BUT TWO STILL ARE EMPLOYED IN PITTSBURGH PLANTS. WILMERDING IS A SURBURB.

THE COMMITTEE HAD WITHHELD KNEZEVICH'S NAME IN ADVANCE OF HIS

APPEARANCE. MEMBERS SAID THIS WAS FOR PROTECTIVE PURPOSES.
THEY SAID HE TESTIFIED ABOUT A SPLIT IN THE SERBIAN PART OF THE
PARTY AND SAID STEVE NELSON WAS SENT TO PITTSBURGH "TO TRY TO CEMENT
THE BREAK."

KNEZEVICH WAS IDENTIFIED AS A TOOL WORKER.

SHERMAN TOLD NEWSMEN HE HAD SUPPLIED THE COMMITTEE WITH "LEGAL EVIDENCE" THAT CERTAIN PERSONS ARE COMMUNISTS. HE SAID HE HAD HAD THE IMPRESSION THE COMMITTEE IS MORE INTERESTED THAN FORMERLY IN GETTING EVIDENCE THAT WOULD STAND UP IN COURT.

THE EVIDENCE WAS DEVELOPED, HE SAID, THROUGH HIS OWN LEGAL PRACTICE AND THROUGH AMERICANS BATTLING COMMUNISM, INC.

HY731PES

A33KX
SAN FRANCISCO, APRIL 25-(AP)-THE CHINESE COMMUNIST RADIO
TODAY ANNOUNCED THAT CHAIRMAN MAO TZE-TUNG AND GEN. CHU TEH HAD ISSUED
A PROCLAMATION CALLING ON THE PEOPLE OF CHINA TO GIVE EVERY ASSISTANCE

A PROCLAMATION CALLING ON THE PEOPLE OF CHINA TO GIVE EVERY ASSISTANCE TO THE COMMUNIST ARMY IN ITS SOUTHWARD ADVANCE.

THE PROCLAMATION, TEXT OF WHICH WAS NOT BROADCAST, WAS SAID TO GUARANTEE THE LIVES AND PROPERTY OF ALL PEOPLE AND ALL FOREIGNERS BUT WARNED THAT LOOTING, SABOTAGE, AND ESPIONAGE WOULD BE PUNISHED SEVERELY.

THE BROADCAST WAS HEARD BY THE ASSOCIATEDPRESS IN SAN FRANCISCO.

FJ516PCS

A93KX

SAN FRANCISCO, APRIL 25-(AP)-MAJ. GEN. CLAIRE CHENNAULT---ONETIME FLYING TIGERS LEADER, NOW AN AIRLINE OPERATOR IN COMMUNIST-THREATENED SOUTH CHINA -- EXPRESSED BELIEF TONIGHT "IT'S STILL TIME TO SAVE CHINA FROM THE REDS."

HE TOLD A PRESS CONFERENCE HE FELT THE NATIONALISTS WOULD ESTABLISH RESISTANCE ALONG NATURAL DEFENSE LINES AND SOUTH CHINA AS WELL AS THE WESTERN AND NORTHWESTERN (MOHAMMEDAN) PROVINCES WOULD HOLD OUT.

IN 1941, HE SAID, THE NATIONAL GOVERNMENT HELD MUCH LESS TERRITORY THAN IT DOES TODAY.

"THERE ARE MILLIONS AND MILLIONS OF CHINESE WHO DON'T LIKE COMMUN-ISM AND WILL FIGHT IT." HE SAID.

CHENNAULT AND HIS WIFE ARRIVED FROM CANTON LAST NIGHT ENROUTE TO WASHINGTON CONFERENCES ON CHINA AID. HE IS URGING AMERICAN TROOPS BE SENT TO ADVSE AND SUPERVISE NATIONAL GOVERNMENT FORCES, AND CHINA BE SENT A STEADY FLOW OF EQUIPMENT AND ECONOMIC AID. CHENNAULT GAVE NEWSMEN HIS VIEWPOINT THAT COMMUNIST MOVES IN CHINA MEAN THE UNITED STATES IS BEING DRAWN INTO WAR "FAR MORE SURELY AND SWIFTLY THAN BY EVENTS IN EUROPE."

IF THE TREND OF RED CONQUEST CONTINUES, HE WENT ON. "YOU PEOPLE HARTFORD ATTORNEY CONTENDED THE PACIFIC COAST CAN BE SURE THAT WORLD WAR III WILL BEGIN WITH THE A TYRANNY LIKE THAT OF THE NAZIS. PACIFIC DOMINATED BY THE COMMUNISTS."

FJ929PCS

A29KX

SAN FRANCISCO. APRIL 25-(AP)-THE CHINESE COMMUNIST RADIO TODAY BROADCAST A DEMAND "THE BRITISH GOVERNMENT MUST PAY COMPENSATION AND APOLOGIZE" TO THE COMMUNISTS FOR LAST WEEK'S BATTLE INVOLVING FOUR

FOUR BRITISH SHIPS IN THE YANGTZE RIVER.

FOUR BRITISH SHIPS WERE DAMAGED AND 43 SEAMEN WERE KILLED WHEN
COMMUNIST ARTILLERY SHELLED THEM, STARTING LAST WEDNESDAY.

THE SLOOP AMETHYST STILL IS MARGONED IN THE RIVER, AND THE COMMUNISTS HAVE REFUSED TO PERMIT HER TO LEAVE.

(BRITISH AUTHORITIES IN SHANGHAI SAID TWO WOUNDED SAILORS LANDED FROM THE AMETHYST MIGHT BE IN COMMUNIST HANDS.)

THE PEIPING BROADCAST QUOTED AN EDITORIAL BY THE OFFICIAL COMMUNIST NEW CHINA NEWS AGENCY.

IT REITERATED THE RED ACCUSATION THAT THE BRITISH HAD INTERVENED IN CHINA'S CIVIL WAR AND HAD CAUSED 252 CASUALTIES AMONG COMMUNIST TROOPS. PUNISHMENT BY BRITAIN OF "PERPETRATORS OF THIS ACT" ALSO WAS DEMANDED.

IT CONCLUDED BY DEMANDING "THE AGGRESSIVE MILITARY FORCES" OF BOTH BRITAIN AND THE UNITED STATES IMMEDIATELY WITHDRAW FROM ALL

CHINA. FJ504PCS

HOLLYWOOD, FLA., APRIL 25-(AP)-WE ARE MAKING PROGRESS TOWARD PEACE, " SEN. CLAUDE PEPPER (D-FLA) TOLD THE OPENING SESSION OF THE GENERAL FEDERATION OF WOMEN'S CLUBS CONVENTION TONIGHT. "THE FIRST AND PRINCIPAL TASK TO PRESERVE DEMOCRACY IS THE

PRESERVATION OF PEACE, " PEPPER SAID. "WE DO NOT DESPAIR. WE ARE MAKING PROGRESS TOWARD PEACE. "WE IN OUR TIME WILL SEE STEPS TOWARD INTERNATIONAL GOVERNMENT WHICH CAN PRESERVE PEACE IN THE WORLD.

"WE ARE UNITED AGAINST ANY AGGRESSOR."

PEPPER TOLD THE 2,000 DELEGATES REPRESENTING 10,000,000 (M) CLUB-WOMEN AROUND THE WORLD THAT IT IS THE PEOPLE WHO DIRECT THE AMERICAN GOVERNMENT.

MRS. J. L. BLAIR BUCK OF RICHMOND, VA., PRESIDENT OF THE GENERAL FEDERATION, TOLD THE ASSEMBLY THE WOMEN'S PROGRAM FOR 1949-50 IS THE DEVELOPMENT OF BETTER COMMUNITIES AT HOME AND ABROAD. THE CONVENTION CONTINUES THROUGH FRIDAY WHEN MRS. FRANKLIN D.

ROOSEVELT IS SCHEDULED TO MAKE AN ADDRESS.

ASTNX HARTFORD, CONN., APRIL 25-(AP)-THOMAS J. DODD REJECTED FOR A DECORATION FROM THE POLISH GOVERNMENT FOR HIS WORK AS A PROSECUTOR AT THE NUERNBERG WAR CRIMES TRIALS.

IN A LETTER TO THE POLISH AMBASSADOR, JOSEF WINKEWICZ, THE WEST HARTFORD ATTORNEY CONTENDED THE PRESENT POLISH GOVERNMENT HAS IMPOSED

DODD SAID THE AMBASSADOR HAD INFORMED HIM HE HAD BEEN AWARDED THE DFFICER'S CROSS OF THE ORDER OF POLONIA BESTITUTA BY THE PRESIDENT OF POLAND "IN RECOGNITION OF YOUR VALUED ASSISTANCE IN THE CAUSE OF JUSTICE AND PEACE DURING THE NUERNBERG TRIALS." THE DECORATION WAS TO HAVE BEEN PRESENTED AT A CEREMONY IN THE EMBASSY AT WASHINGTON MAY 2.

DODD MADE PUBLIC HIS LETTER OF REPLY IN WHICH HE SAID:

"THE RECORD OF YOUR GOVERNMENT IN BOTH DOMESTIC AND FOREIGN AFFAIRS IS SHOCKINGLY SIMILAR TO THE RECORD OF THE NAZI TYRANTS AS ESTABLISHED IN NUERNBERG. NOW THE PEOPLE OF POLAND ARE UNDER THE HEEL OF A NEW TYRANNY WHICH, LIKE ITS EVIL PREDECESSOR, OPPRESSES RELIGIOUS GROUPS, TERRORIZES POLITICAL OPPONENTS, AND MAKES A MOCKERY OF THE FREEDOMS FOR WHICH SO MANY BRAVE MEN AND WOMEN GAVE THEIR LIVES.

"I SEE NO DISTINCTION OR DIFFERENCE BETWEEN THE DESPOTISM WHICH YOUR GOVERNMENT HAS INFLICTED UPON THE PEOPLE OF POLAND AND THAT THROUGH WHICH THEY SUFFERED UNDER THE NAZIS. THEREFORE, I CAN NO MORE ACCEPT AN HONOR FROM YOUR GOVERNMENT THAN I COULD FROM THE NAZIS AND FOR PRECISELY THE SAME REASONS."

B41 (Q IN)

BOSTON, APRIL 25-(AP)-THE STATE DEPARTMENT'S "VOICE OF AMERICA" BROADCASTS TO RUSSIA WERE CRITICIZED BY THE RT.REV.FULTON J.SHEEN LAST NIGHT AS LACKING APPEAL TO SOVIET CITIZENS.

MONSIGNOR SHEEN TOLD AN AUDIENCE OF 2,700 AT SYMPHONY HALL THAT "THERE IS A QUESTION WHETHER THE 'VOICE OF AMERICA' REALLY

UNDERSTANDS THE PROBLEM."

HE SAID COMPARISONS WERE "ALWAYS UNFAVORABLE" TO RUSSIA. "NOT EVERYBODY HAS OUR STANDARD OF LIVING," HE DECLARED. EVERYBODY WANTS IT MORE THAN ANYTHING E'SE. NOT EVERYBODY UNDERSTANDS IT.

"WE DON'T SEEM TO UNDERSTAND THAT SO PEOPLE OF THE WORLD WANT MIGHT WANT AN ENCYCLOPEDIA OTHER THINGS, THAT A GERMAN, FOR EXAMPL

INSTEAD OF A \$300 DEEP FREEZER.

BY BOB THOMAS

LOS ANGELES, APRIL 25-(AP)-LT. WILLIAM ROBERTSON, THE U.S. OFFICER THO RUSHED ACROSS AN ELBE RIVER BRIDGE FOUR YEARS AGO TODAY FOR THE HISTORIC MEETING WITH THE RUSSIANS, PREDICTS WAR BETWEEN THE TWO

"I THINK THERE WILL BE ANOTHER WAR. WHEN TWO GREAT WORLD FORCES, SUCH AS THE UNITED STATES AND RUSSIA OPPOSE EACH OTHER SO STRONGLY WAR MUST RESULT. THE PROSPECT OF ATOMIC WARFARE MAY BE A DETERRING FACTOR, BUT CONFLICT SEEMS INEVITABLE, " ROBERTSON SAID YESTERDAY IN AN INTER-VIEW.

NOW 25, THE VETERAN FINDS THE DETAILS OF THAT FAMOUS DAY OF APRIL 25. 1945, ARE BEGINNING TO CLOUD A LITTLE. HERE IS HOW HE RECALLS IT: HE AND THREE GI'S TOOK A JEEP TO PATROL A ROAD LEADING INTO THE GERMAN TOWN OF WURZEN. THE ROAD WAS FILLED WITH D.P. 'S STREAMING IN FROM A NAZI CAMP AND THE PATROL WAS TO FIND HOW LONG THE LINE WAS. THE JEEP BOUNCED INTO THE QUIET STREETS OF TORGAU ON THE BANK OF THE

THE RUSSIANS WERE SAID TO BE JUST ACROSS THE RIVER. THE AMERICANS THEN TOOK A BEDSHEET FROM A NATIVE, BROKE INTO A DRUG-

STORE FOR SOME PAINT AND FASHIONED A U.S. FLAG. IGNORING FARAWAY SNIPER FIRE ROBERTSON CLIMBED TO A SHATTERED BRIDGE AND WAVED THE SHEET GUNFIRE ANSWERED BACK. ROBERTSON LATER LEARNED NAZIS HAD TRIED THE ME TRICK A FEW DAYS BEFORE AND HAD POTSHOTTED THE RUSSIANS. ROBERT-SON GOT A RUSSIAN PRISONER TO EXPLAIN THINGS ACROSS THE RIVER AND THE REDS FINALLY CAUGHT ON.

THE FIRST MEETING WAS ON THE BRIDGE WITH ROBERTSON AND A RUSSIAN WHO CONTINUED ACROSS. THE U.S. PATROL CLAMBERED TO THE RED SIDE AND THE ALLIES CELEBRATED NOT WITH VODKA, BUT WITH GERMAN

THE FOUR AMERICANS AND FOUR RUSSIANS RODE THE JEEP BACK TO HEAD-

DUARTERS AT WURZEN. THEN THE BRASS BEGAN TO RUMBLE.

WITH ARMORED COLUMNS AND MILITARY BIGWIGS.

MURMURS OF "HIGHLY IRREGULAR" AND THREAT OF A COURT MARTIAL TRAVELED THE ECHELONS TO GENERAL HODGES OF THE FIRST ARMY, WHO REPLIED "GREAT

ROBERTSON AND THE THREE GIS WENT TO PARIS FOR INTERVIEWS AND TO RHEIMS FOR A "WELL-DONE" FROM GENERAL EISENHOWER. AFTER A BRIEF RETURN TO THE FRONT, ROBERTSON WAS FLOWN TO NEW YORK FOR A PUBLICITY RRY-GO-ROUND BY ARMY PUBLIC RELATIONS. HE READ ARMY-PREPARED SPEECHES BEFORE U.S.-SOVIET FRIENDSHIP GROUPS WHICH ARE NOW UNDER FIRE. ROBERTSON WENT BACK HOME TO LOS ANGELES AFTER THE WAR AND IS NOW ATTENDING UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA MEDICAL SCHOOL AT SAN FRANCISCO.

VR/XZ549ACS NM

BOSTON, APRIL 25-(AP)-THE U.S. ARMY TRANSPORT GENERAL R.L. HOWZE ARRIVED INIBOSTON YESTERDAY WITH 940 DISPLACED PERSONS, INCLUDING A

RUSSIAN PHYSICIST. THE ARRIVAL OF THE DP'S BROUGHT TO 16,918 THE NUMBER LANDED IN

THIS COUNTRY UNDER THE DISPLACED PERSONS ACT.

DR. VLADIMIR BRAILOWSKI, A 46-YEAR-OLD PHYSICIST, DECLINED TO TALK ABOUT POSSIBLE SOVIET PROGRESS IN DEVELOPMENT OF AN ATOMIC BOMB. SPEAKING IN GERMAN, BRAILOWSKI EXPLAINED THROUGH AN INTERPRETER HE

HASN'T BEEN IN RUSSIA SINCE HE WAS CAPTURED BY THE NAZIS IN 1942. HE SAID HE WORKED AS A COMMON LABORER BUILDING BARRACKS UNTIL

LIBERATED BY AMERICAN TROOPS. HHE HAS BEEN LIVING IN MUNICH. BRAILOWSKI SAID HE SPECIALIZED IN PHOTO EFFECTS WHILE A SENIOR RESEARCH WORKER IN PHYSICS AT KHARKOV INSTITUTE. HE ADDED HIS WORK

HAD NOTHING TO DO WITH ATOMIC RESEARCH. PASSENGERS ARRIVING ON THE GEN. HOWZE WERE MADE UP OF 390 POLES, 235 LITHUANIANS, 116 ESTONIANS, 87 LATVIANS, 38 RUSSIANS, SIX ROMANIANS, FIVE UKRAINIANS AND FIVE STATELESS. JS519AED

NEW YORK APRIL 25-(AP)-WILLIAM ROSEN, 65, OF SANTA MONICA, WAS FREED BY THE UNITED STATES COURT OF APPEALS TODAY OF A CONTEMPT CHARGE IN CONNECTION WITH THE ALGER HISS CASE.

THE APPEALS COURT REVERSED A CONTEMPT SENTENCE OF SIX MONTHS IMPOSED BY FEDERAL JUDGE SIMON H.RIFKIND AFTER ROSEN REFUSED TO

ROSEN HAD A RIGHT TO REFUSE TO ANSWER, THE APPEALS COURT SAID. EVIDENCE REACHING THE GRAND JURY MIGHT EVENTUALLY SHOW THAT HE "WAS OR PERHAPS IS A CO-CONSPIRATOR."

THE GRAND JURY ASKED ROSEN ABOUT THE TRANSFER OF A FORD ROADSTEE BY ALGER HISS IN 1936 TO A MAN IDENTIFIED AS "WILLIAM ROSEN." THE QUESTIONING AROSE EARLY IN MARCH WHILE THE GRAND JURY WAS CHECKING HISS' STORY OF THE AUTO TRANSFER. HISS IS AWAITING TRIAL

ON A PERJURY CHARGE IN CONNECTION WITH HIS DENIAL THAT HE GAVE CON-FIDENTIAL STATE DEPARTMENT PAPERS TO WHITTAKER CHAMBERS, A

SELF-STYLED COURTER FOR AN UNDERGROUND SPY RING.

"UNDER THESE CIRCUMSTANCES," THE APPEAL COURT RULED IN ROSEN'S CASE, "ROSEN WAS JUSTIFIED IN BELIEVING THAT HE WAS IN A PRECARIOUS SITUATION AND X X X HE HAD A RIGHT TO REFUSE TO ANSWER QUESTIONS MIGHT COMMECT HIM WITH THE FORD CAR OR MIGHT LEAD TO THE RIERS AT WURZEN. THEN THE BRASS BEGAN TO RUMBLE.

IT SEEMS THE U.S.-RUSSIAN MEETING WAS PLANNED AS AN IMPRESSIVE EVENT HIM UP WITH ANY ALLEGED CONSPIRACY."

> NIGHT LEAD U.N. (230) BY FRED KRIEG

NEW YORK, APRIL 25-(AP)-THE UNITED NATIONS ASSEMBLY TODAY CONDEMNED SOVIET REFUSALS TO LIFT THE IRON CURTAIN SEPARATING RUSSIAN WIVES FROM FOREIGN HUSBANDS.

IT MADE A FINAL AND APPARENTLY VAIN APPEAL TO RUSSIA TO LIFT THE BAN

AGAINST SOVIET WIVES JOINING THEIR HUSBANDS ABROAD.

NOBODY HOWEVER, EXPECTED BUSSIA TO COMPLY WITH THE PLEA MADE MAINLY BEHALF OF GIRLS WHO MARRIED FOREIGNERS IN WARTIME COURTSHIPS. SEVERAL HUNDRED WIVES OF AMERICANS, BRITONS AND OTHER NATIONALS ARE KEPT SEPARATED FROM THEIR HUSBANDS UNDER THE RESTRICTION.

MRS.FRANKLIN D.ROOSEVELT MADE THE FINAL APPEAL FOR THE UNITED STATES. SHE ASKED THE ASSEMBLY DELEGATIONS TO DECIDE FOR THEMSELVES WHETHER AMERICAN WOMEN ARE MORE ENSLAVED TO THEIR KITCHENS THAN BUSSIAN WOMEN ARE.

THIS WAS IN REPLY TO SOVIET ARGUMENTS THAT THE BUSSIANS ARE KEEPING THEIR WOMEN IN THE SOVIET UNION RATHER THAN SUBMIT THEM TO THE DRUDGERIES OF HOUSEWORK THEY SAY IS THE LOT OF WIVES OUTSIDE THE IRON CURTAIN.

THE ASSEMBLY'S VOTE IN THE BUSSIAN WIVES CASE WAS 39 TO 6 WITH 11 ABSTENTIONS. THIS COMPLETED ACTION STARTED AT THE PARIS ASSEMBLY LAST FALL BY CHILE.

CHILEAN DELEGATE HERNAN SANTA CRUZ CALLED THE RUSSIAN BAN A "SHAME TO HUMANITY" BECAUSE "FOR THE FIRST TIME IN HISTORY, DIVORCE HAS BEEN IMPOSED UPON INDIVIDUALS, " BY FORCIBLY SEPARATING HUSBANDS AND WIVES.

UKRAINIAN DELEGATE VASSILY TARASENKO CALLED THE CHILEAN ACTION A "SLANDER" WHICH "PLAYED A TREMENDOUS BOLE IN THE PROPAGANDA WAR AGAINST RUSSIA.

BOTH MRS . ROOSEVELT AND BRITISH DELEGATE HECTOR MCNEIL DENIED THE CHILEAN RESOLUTION WAS PROMPTED BY ANY OUTSIDE INTERFERENCE. MD838PED

LEAD DAY UN BY MAX HARRELSON

NEW YORK, APRIL 25-(AP)-THE UNITED NATIONS ASSEMBLY FORMALLY CALLED ON RUSSIA TODAY TO LIFT THE BAN SEPARATING SOVIET WIVES FROM FOREIGN HUSBANDS LIVING OUTSIDE RUSSIA. THERE WAS NO EXPECTATION THAT RUSSIA WOULD DO SO.

THE ACTION WAS ON A CHILEAN PROPOSAL WHICH DECLARED CONTINUATION OF THE SOVIET POLICY IS "LIKELY TO IMPAIR FRIENDLY RELATIONS AMONG NATIONS." IT ALSO DENOUNCED THE PRACTICE AS CONTRARY TO THE U.N. CHARTER AND A VIOLATION OF HUMAN RIGHTS.

THE VOTE WAS 39 TO 6 WITH 11 ABSTENTIONS. ONLY THE SOVIET BLOC

COUNTRIES VOTED IN THE NEGATIVE.

THE ASSEMBLY'S 58-NATION LEGAL COMMITTEE PREVIOUSLY HAD APPROVED THE RESOLUTION IN PARIS LAST FALL. IT DID NOT BECOME EFFECTIVE UNTIL

RATIFICATION BY THE ASSEMBLY IN PLENARY MEETING.

THE SOVIET BAN INVOLVED SEVERAL HUNDRED RUSSIAN WOMEN, MOST OF WHOM WERE MARRIED DURING THE WAR TO AMERICAN, BRITISH, FRENCH AND CANADIAN SERVICE MEN AND DIPLOMATS. THE CHILEAN COMPLAINT GREW OUT OF THE SPECIFIC CASE OF ALVARO CRUZ WHO MARRIED A RUSSIAN GIRL WHEN HIS FATHER WAS CHILEAN AMBASSADOR TO MOSCOW.

BEFORE THE VOTE MRS.FRANKLIN D.ROOSEVELT ASKED U.N. DELEGATES TO JUDGE FOR THEMSELVES WHETHER AMERICAN HOUSEVIVES ARE EXPLOITED AS

"KITCHEN SALVES" HORE THAN RUSSIAN WOMEN ARE.

MRS

"KITCHEN SLAVES" MORE THAN RUSSIAN WOMEN ARE.
MRS.ROOSEVELT X X X FOURTH GRAF PVS (A137)
RW438PED

B93 (1)

NEW YORK - LOSS U.N. WOMEN (A137) X X X ITS LAWS.

POLISH DELEGATE JAN DROHOJOWSKI DEFENDED RUSSIA'S ACTION ON THE GROUND IT WAS AN INTERNAL MATTER WHICH DID NOT CONCERN THE U.N. HE CRITICIZED THE UNITED STATES FOR REFUSING TO PERMIT AN AMERICAN NAVY VETERAN, JOHN S.WOLFARD, FORMER UNIVERSITY OF UTAH PROFESSOR, TO BRING HIS BRITISH COMMUNIST WIFE TO THE U.S. MRS. ROOSEVELT TOUCHED ON THIS POINT EARLIER BY SAYING THE U.S. "CANNOT ADMIT ALIENS WHO WOULD BE LIKELY TO ADVOCATE THE OVERTHROW" OF THE GOVERNMENT BY FORCE. SHE SAID, HOWEVER, THAT EVERY SOVIET WIFE WHO HAD BEEN GIVEN AN EXIST PERMIT BY RUSSIA HAD BEEN

GRANTED A VISA TO ENTER THE U.S.
SOVIET DELEGATE SEMEN K.TSARAPKIN CALLED THE PROPOSAL BEFORE THE A76

ASSEMBLY "THE CHILEAN SLANDER AGAINST THE SOVIET UNION."
HE SAID RUSSIA STILL HOLDS THE ISSUE IS "AN ORDINARY ADMINISTRATIVE MATTER "WHICH CANNOT BE DEALTH WITH THE U.N.

THE ASSEMBLY RECESSED UNTIL 2 P.M. (EST) WITHOUT REACHING A VOTE.

-- DASH--

SEVERAL HUNDRED X X X PICKING UP FOURTH GRAF PVS (SENT ON REGIONAPCIRCUITS

BAN VIOLATED HUMAN RIGHTS CLAUSES OF THE U.N. CHZRTER. CHILE ALSO COMPLAINED THE BAN WAS AGAINST "TRADITIONAL DIPLOMATIC PRACTICES" BECAUSE CRUZ WAS A MEMBER OF THE AMBASSADOR'S FAMILY.

BRITAIN AND THE UNITED STATES, WHICH ALSO HAVE MADE VAIN PROTESTS TO MOSCOW, BACKED THE CHILEAN PROTEST. MRS.ELEANOR ROOSEVELT IS SCHEDULED TO SPEAK FOR THE AMERICAN DELEGATION IN SUPPORT OF THE CONDEMNATION RESOLUTION.

CHILE BROUGHT THE COMPLAINT TO THE U.N. AFTER VAINLY PROTESTING

TO MOSCOW AUTHORITIES. THE LATIN AMERICAN REPUBLIC CHARGED THAT THE

TWO OTHER CONTROVERSIAL PROPOSALS ARE DUE TO COME BEFORE THE ASSEMBLY FOR FINAL ACTION.

To hem york addry-wife

ONE WOULD PERMIT U.N. SECRETARY GENERAL TRYGVE LIE TO ESTABLISH A PANEL OF INTERNATIONAL CONCILIATION EXPERTS WHO COULD BE DISPATCHED PROMPTLY TO SEEK SETTLEMENTS OF INTERNATIONAL DISPUTES. RUSSIA HAS ARGUED THAT THIS IS AN ATTEMPT TO BYPASS THE SECURITY COUNCIL IN SETTLING DISPUTES.

RUSSIA ALSO OPPOSES ANOTHER PROPOSAL BY LIE TO ESTABLISH AN 800-MAN GUARD FORCE TO SERVE AND PROTECT U.N. MISSIONS. THE ASSEMBLY'S SPECIAL POLITICAL COMMITTEE HAS RECOMMENDED THAT THE PROPOSAL BE REFERRED TO AN 11-NATION COMMITTEE FOR FURTHER STUDY. JS642AED

A64 (120)

OF THE UNITED NATIONS ASSEMBLY TO TELL ITS STORY OF THE IMPRISONMENT OF JOSEF CARDINAL MINDS ZENTY.

AS EXPECTED. THE CABLED HUNGARIAN REPLY CONTENDED THE TRIAL OF THE HUNGARIAN CATHOLIC PRIMATE IS AN INTERNAL AFFAIR AND NO BUSINESS OF THE U.N.

BULGARIA, ALSO A NON-MEMBER OF U.N., WAS INVITED TO EXPLAIN THE SIMILAR IMPRISONMENT OF PROTESTANT CHURCHMEN IN THAT COUNTRY AND IS ALSO EXPECTED TO DECLINE.

THE ASSEMBLY'S SPECIAL 58-NATION POLITICAL COMMITTEE VOTED LAST WEEK TO SUPPORT EFFORTS STARTED BY THE UNITED STATES AND BRITAIN TO INVOKE PEACE TREATY GUARANTEES OF HUMAN RIGHTS IN THE MINDS ZENTY AND BULGARIAN PROTESTANT CASES.

THE COMMITTEE ACTION IS EXPECTED TO COME BEFORE THE ASSEMBLY

SN954PED

WITH CHINESE (120)
NEW YORK, APRIL 25-(AP)-THE FLAG OF CHINA FLEW NEXT TO THE AMERICAN
FLAG OUTSIDE THE U.S. COMMUNIST PARTY HEADQUARTERS TODAY, AND PARTY
LEADERS HAILED WHAT THEY TERMED THE "LIBERATION" OF NANKING.
WILLIAM Z.FOSTER, COMMUNIST NATIONAL CHAIRMAN, AND GENERAL SECRETARY
EUGENE DENNIS CALLED THE CAPTURE OF THE CHINESE CAPITAL "A MILESTONE
IN THE LIBERATION OF THE FAR EAST FROM ITS FOREIGN AND NATIVE

THEY SAID IN A STATEMENT, THAT "THE IMPERIALISTS ATTEMPT BY MILITARY, FINANCIAL AND POLITICAL DICTATION TO HARNESS 450 MILLION CHINESE TO THEIR WAR CHARIOT HAS BEEN REPULSED."

"THEIR DREAMS OF DOMINATING CHINA AND CONVERTING IT INTO A HUGE WAR BASE FROM WHICH TO ATTACK THE SOVIET UNION AND TO THROTTLE THE NATIONAL-FREEDOM MOVEMENTS OF ALL ASIA HAS BEEN BLASTED."

A82

NIGHT LEAD (150)

NEW YORK, APRIL 25-(AP)-AN ITALIAN SENATOR WHO WILL ACCOMPANY HENRY WALACE ON A 15-CITY SPEAKING TOUR WAS ADMITTED TO THE UNITED STATES TONIGHT AFTER BEING DETAINED MORE THAN THREE HOURS BY IMMIGRATION OFFICIALS.

AFTER HIS BELEASE SEN. MICHELE GIUA, ITALIAN SOCIALIST, SAID HE

CONSIDERED THE DELAY "AN INSULT TO MY COUNTRY."

GIUA AND THREE OTHER EUROPEANS ARE SCHEDULED TO GO WITH WALLACE ON THE SPEAKING TOUR, WHICH STARTS HERE WEDNESDAY NIGHT. VISAS FOR ANOTHER TWO HAVE BEEN REFUSED BY THE STATE DEPARTMENT.

THE ITALIAN LEGISLATOR ARRIVED BY PLANE. IMMIGRATION AUTHORITIES

MADE NO STATEMENT ABOUT HIS THREE-HOUR DETENTION.

GIUA SAID THE IMMIGRATIONS MEN ASKED HIM MANY QUESTIONS, INCLUDING ONE ABOUT THE RELATIONSHIP OF THE ITALIAN SOCIALIST AND COMMUNIST PARTIES.

HE SAID THROUGH AN INTERPRETER THAT "THERE IS NO REASON FOR THIS

MOST UNCOURTEOUS TREATMENT.

WE SOCIALISTS ARE WELL USED TO THIS SORT OF TREATMENT."
A SPOKESMAN FOR WALLACE HAS DESCRIBED GIVA AS "ONE OF ITALY'S LEADING SCIENTISTS."

SN1057PED

B28 (SEG) (250)

NEW YORK, APRIL 25-(AP)-HENRY A.WALLACE HAS APPEALED TO ATTORNEY GENERAL TOM CLARK TO ALLOW TWO EUROPEAN LEGISLATORS TO ENTER THE UNITED STATES TO MAKE A NATION-WIDE TOUR WITH WALLACE SPEAKING FOR PEACE.

WALLACE URGED CLARK IN A TELEGRAM YESTERDAY NOT TO TURN DOWN ENTRY VISA REQUESTS BY PIERRE COT OF FRANCE AND KONNI ZILLIACUS OF BRITAIN.

SECRETARY OF STATE DEAN ACHESON RECOMMENDED TO CLARK SATURDAY THAT VISAS BE REFUSED. COT IS AN INDEPENDENT MEMBER OF THE FRENCH CHAMBER OF DEPUTIES AND A FOJMER FRENCH CABINET MEMBER. ZILLIACUS, BRITISH LEFT-WING LABORITE, WAS A FEATURED SPEAKER AT THE CURRENT COMMUNIST-BACKED "WORLD PEACE CONGRESS" IN PARIS.

WALLACE CALLED THE STATE DEPARTMENT RECOMMENDATION AN "ILLEGAL

UNDEMOCRATIC ACT, " AND ASKED CLARK NOT TO CONCUR IN IT.

WALLACE SAID ACHESON FEARS THE TWO EUROPEAN PARLIAMENTARIANS MIGHT INJURE THE "CLAIM THAT THE NORTH ATLANTIC PACT IS A PACT OF

WALLACE PLANS A THREE-WEEK SPEAKING TOUR OF 15 AMERICAN CITIES STARTING NEXT WEDNESDAY. ZILLIACUS, COT AND FOUR OTHER EUROPEANS WERE INVITED TO ACCOMPANY HIM.

ONE OF THOSE INVITED, H.LESTER HUTCHINSON, LABOR PARTY MEMBER OF THE BRITISH HOUSE OF COMMONS, ARRIVED LAST NIGHT AT LA GUARDIA FIELD AND WAS CLEARED BY IMMIGRATION AUTHORITIES AFTER TWO HOURS' DELAY.

OTHERS INVITED TO MAKE THE SPEAKING TOUR, A WALLACE SPOKESMAN SAID, WERE ITALIAN SENATOR MECHELE GIUA, DUE TODAY; MRS.MIMI LUNDEN NORWEGIAN WRITER, DUE WEDNESDAY; AND MRS.SONJA BRANTING, DAUGHTER OF THE LATE PRIME MINISTER OF SWEDEN, "WHOSE VISA APPLICATION HAS NOT YET BEEN CLEARED."

JS652AED

NEW YORK, APRIL 25-(AP)-ISRAEL STANDS READY TO ACCEPT THE "FULLEST INTERNATIONAL SAFEGUARDS" FOR IMMUNITY AND PROTECTION OF JERUSALEM'S HOLY PLACES, ISRAELI PRESIDENT CHAIM WEIZMANN SAYS.

DR.WEIZMANN MADE THE DECLARATION IN A SPEECH SATURDAY NIGHT AT

A "SALUTE TO THE PRESIDENT OF ISRAEL" DINNER.

THE SPEECH AT THE DINNER, HELD UNDER AUSPICES OF THE AMERICAN COMMITTEE FOR THE WEIZMANN INSTITUTE OF SCIENCE AT REHOVOTH, ISRAEL, WAS HIS FIRST PUBLIC ADDRESS IN THE UNITED STATES SINCE BEING NAMED PRESIDENT OF ISRAEL.

THE JEWISH STATE, DR.WEIZMANN TOLD THE GATHERING, IS CONSCIOUS OF THE INTERNATIONAL INTEREST IN THE SAFETY OF THE HOLY PLACES AND

THE RIGHT OF FREE ACCESS TO THEM.

"WE PLEDGE OURSELVES," HE SAID, "TO ENSURE FULL SECURITY FOR RELIGIOUS INSTITUTIONS IN THE EXERCISE OF THEIR FUNCTIONS; TO GRANT THE SUPERVISION OF THE HOLY PLACES BY THOSE WHO HOLD THEM SACRED; AND TO ENCOURAGE AND ACCEPT THE FULLEST INTERNATIONAL SAFEGUARDS AND CONTROLS FOR THEIR IMMUNITY AND PROTECTION."

DR.WEIZMANN SAID, HOWEVER, THAT ISRAEL EXPECTS THE INTERNATIONAL COMMUNITY TO UNDERSTAND "THE DIRECT AND INESCAPABLE RESPONSIBILITY WHICH ISRAEL BEARS AND EXERCISES IN THE DAILY LIFE AND ADMINISTRATION

OF JEWISH JERUSALEM."

SPOTS IN ISRAEL ARE SACRED TO CHRISTIANS, MOHAMMEDANS AND JEWS.
AMONG GUESTS AT THE DINNER WERE UNITED NATIONS SECRETARY-GENERAL
TRYGVE LIE; HERBERT EVATT, PRESIDENT OF THE U.N. GENERAL ASSEMBLY,
AND DR.RALPH BUNCHE, U.N. MEDIATOR IN PALESTINE. PRESIDENT TRUMAN
SENT A MESSAGE PRAISING SCIENTIFIC ACHIEVEMENTS OF THE WEIZMANN
INSTITUTE.

DR.WEIZMANN, PAYING TRIBUTE TO PRESIDENT TRUMAN'S "DEEPLY HUMAN STATESMANSHIP," CALLED HIM THE "PIONEER IN THE RECOGNITION OF OUR STATE."

NEW YORK, APRIL 25-(AP)-SENATOR VANDENBERG (R-MICH) CAME BACK TO THE UNITED NATIONS ASSEMBLY TODAY ON THE FIFTH ANNIVERSARY OF THE SAM

ASSEMBLY PRESIDENT HERBERT V. EVATT OF AUSTRALIA HAILED HIM IN A BRIEF SPEECH AS "A DISTINGUISHED FOUNDER OF THIS OPGAMIZATION." VANDENBERG, A FORMER DELEGATE TO THE ASSEMBLY, SAT WITH THE U.S. DELEGATION.

MI 4 OO CDF

END- APR. 25- 1949

WAY CLEAR FOR LIFTING SOVIET BERLIN BLOCKADE

Jessup Sees Truman; Is Optimistic On Talks At U.N.

Text of United States statement on Page 4 and other news of Germany on Page 3

Washington, April 26 (AP)-The United States said today "the way appears clear" for lifting the Berlin blockade, provided the Russian terms actually are those published by Moscow.

The State Department got out a 1,200-word statement of the American position. It was understood the United States, Britain and France had discussed the published

nxed anead of time for a meeting

of the Big Four Council of Foreign

Ministers (the Western powers plus Russia) to be held after the

These conditions were revealed

in the Russian announcement in

Moscow as made through the Soviet

U.S. Position

In its statement, the State De-

"If the present position of the

Soviet Government is as stated in

the Tass agency release as pub-

lished in the American press this

morning, the way appears clear

for a lifting of the blockade and

a meeting of the Council of For-

But the statement added that

'no final conclusion upon this can

be reached until further exchanges

of views" between Jessup and

Today's official statement, briefly

reviewing the background of efforts

to end the Soviet blockade, was the

most optimistic statement from the

American Government on ending

At Treaty Signing

Acheson had discussed the block-

It said that Secretary of State

the Berlin crisis in many months.

blockade is lifted.

news agency, Tass.

partment declared:

eign. Ministers."

Malik.

Soviet terms and found them acceptable.

The only reservation appears to be whether the Russians intend to propose any further conditions.

Jessup Conference

The formal State Department pronouncement came after a round of top-level Government conferences. One of these was a report to President Truman from Dr. Philip Jessup, the American delegate to the United Nations Security Council. Jessup had discussed the Soviet proposal at Lake Success, N.Y., with Jacob A. Malik, the Russian United Nations delegate.

For himself, Jessup told reporters. "things look hopeful." That presumably was an indication that he inclines to the view that the Soviet proposal is a sincere one and that there are no hidden conditions to be sprung later.

Lifting Of Blockade

The terms are, first, that the Soviet blockade of Berlin and the Western counterblockade of the Soviet zone of Germany should be lifted simultaneously.

Second, that a date should be

Foreign Secretary Bevin and French Foreign Minister Schuman while they were here three weeks ago to sign the North Atlantic treaty. The Jessup-Malik conversations began in February. As a result of the Acheson-Bevin-

Schuman talks, the Western powers worked out "an agreed position" so that they could present a solid policy front to the Soviet Union.

Actually, the present series of talks between East and West on the Berlin crisis dates from January 30, the State Department statement disclosed.

Stalin Replies

At that time Premier Stalin, replying to questions, sent him by an American reporter, discussed the Berlin blockade situation without mentioning the problem of Berlin's currency as an essential issue.

"Since the currency question had hitherto been the announced reason for the blockade." the State Department said, "the omission of any reference to it by Premier Stalin seemed to the department to indicate a development which should be explored."

On February 15 Jessup "took occasion" to ask Malik whether Stalin's omission of the currency issue had "any particular signifi-cance." That was the first move as between Jessup and Malik.

"Not Accidental"

The second came on March 15 when Malik told Jessup that Stalin's omission of the currency issue was "not accidental," that the question was regarded as important but the Russian Government felt it could be discussed at a meeting of the Council of Foreign Min-

The third Malik-Jessup contact came on March 21. The Soviet diplomat then told the American that if a definite date could be set for a meeting of the Council of Foreign Ministers, the blockade measures could be ended in advance of the meeting.

Position Of West

It was following this that Achesontook up the matter with Bevin and Schuman. They worked out the agreed position of the Western powers to make certain that the Russian position was clearly under-

On April 10, Malik stated to Jessup the position of the Soviet Gov-I ernment,

Today's American announcement declared that "from this (Malik) statement it appeared that there were still certain points requiring clarification.'

Further Talks

Meanwhile, however, the Western powers conducted further talks on their positions and these "have resuletd in a more detailed formulation of their position, which will

be conveyed tomorrow by Mr. Jessup to Mr. Malik."

Jessup went to the White House with Under Secretary of State James A. Webb.

Both Webb and Jessup were smiling, buoyant and animated.

Webb told reporters:

"The President has been informed of the steps which have been taken and has approved them.

Jessup would not go into details of his talks with Malik.

Related Questions

Responsible officials said that two closely related questions were posed immediately by the Moscow announcement:

1. Are the Russians seriously seeking a means to end the blockade in some diplomatic and face-saving manner?

2. Or are they simply pulling a new propaganda maneuver to try to disrupt the planned formation of a western German government (exclusive of the Soviet zone) this spring and early summer?

Double Problem

On the one hand, American foreign policy makers are anxious not to discourage the Russians from any serious propositions for ending at least the present critical phase of the Battle for Berlin.

Yet they are equally concerned that they should not, in their hope for better East-West relations, rush into an agreement that would prolong disorganization in Germany at the very time that plans for going ahead there without Russian cooperation are at a windup stage.

Some diplomats here said that on the face of the Moscow announcement the Russian terms did not look too difficult to meet.

Big-Four Date

In substance, the West would only have to agree to a date for a Big-Four meeting on Germany and to the lifting of its counterblock ade in order for the Russians to end the restrictions they began imposing on Berlin almost a year

But officials know from experience that there is often a substantial difference between the general principles the Russians declare in public statements and the detailed conditions they spell out when it actually comes down to settling a problem.

On its face, the Russians are proposing what approaches an "unconditional" lifting of the Berlin blockade.

The suggestion that a date be fixed first for Four-Power talks on Germany amounts to little, if any, restriction, For the Western powers have been willing for many months to hold such talks once the Soviet barriers around Berlin were removed.

Russ Objective

At the same time, it is known that disruption on the Western German organization plans has been an important objective of Soviet foreign policy. Apparently nothing the Soviets have said so far would prevent their adding that as a condition in any more official statement of the terms on which the blockade would be lifted.

In so far as authorities here speculate that the Soviets may be sincere in wanting to end the blockade. they rest their case on the conclusion that the blockade itself has become unprofitable to the Soviets.

The success of the airlift between the German Western zones and Berlin prevented Western power representatives from being starved out of the city.

The counterblockade measures taken by the United States, Britain and France are believed to have placed extremely difficult economic and political burdens on Soviet occupation leaders in Germany.

'Big 3' Pledges

30.24- 2715

Washington, April 26 (AP)-German political leaders were promised today that the United States Britain and France will hold only a loose rein on the new West German federal state.

The State Department made publie the full terms of a Big Three agreement on what controls will be retained. The department said the occupation powers will limit themselves mostly to a supervisory role after the provisional government is set up.

The way was cleared for creation of the new state vesterday when western German leaders settled differences which for months blocked final drafting of a constitution. This seemingly removed the threat of collapse for the whole plan to give self-government to western Germans.

Text Published

Such a collapse would have been hard blow to the West in the struggle with Soviet Russia over Germany's future.

Gratified at the break in the deadlock, the State Department decided to publish the text of an agreement reached here April 8 by Secretary of State Acheson, British Foreign Secretary Bevin and French Foreign Minister Schuman to merge the three occupation zones and substitute civilian control for military rule.

Other Big Three agreements on Germany had already been made public and basic terms of the latest were disclosed in advance. This time, however, the State Department supplemented its announcement with a statement which made a strong bid for German co-opera-

"Mainly Supervisory"

"While the occupying governments will retain supreme authority, it is intended that military gov ernment will be terminated and that the function of the occupation officials will be mainly supervisory." the State Department said. 'The German authorities will be free to take administrative or legislative action, and this action will be valid unless it is vetoed by Allied authority.

"The fields in which the occupation authorities reserve the right to take direct action themselves, including the issuance of orders to German tederal and local officials, will be restricted to a minimum, and it is expected that, with the exception of security questions, the exercise of direct power will be of a temporary and self-liquidating nature.

ECA Responsibility

"After the German federa! republic has been established, the Economic Co-operation Administration will assume the responsibility for supervising the use of funds made available by the United States Government to the German economy for purposes of relief and recovery."

4 West Powers Ready to Confer If Reds Sincere

Talks Not to Halt Plans to C reate New Government

WASHINGTON. (P) — The western powers virtually accepted yesterday Russia's public proposal to lift the blockade of Berlin in exchange for a four-power conference on Germany. But it was made plain that the offer is accepted only if no secret strings are attached.

A state department statement declared that if Moscow's policy actually stands as it was reported in a dispatch by the Tass (Russian) news agency yesterday "the way appears clear for a lifting of the blockade and a meeting of the council of foreign ministers."

Agreement in Doubt

At the same time, however, it was learned that the Russians have been told that the United States, Britain and France do not intend to delay their plans for unifying Western Germany and creating a German government, probably by July 15.

Since some top officials believe that the real Soviet purpose may be to upset these plans, it is still doubtful whether a real and final agreement on the Berlin blockade will be reached.

In Berlin, wariness about the Soviet offer was expressed by Gen. Lucius D. Clay, American military governor, and Ambassador Robert

D. Murphy, head of the German Austrian division in the state department.

Murphy said the Russian move seemed an effort to swing German opinion away from the proposed German republic. Clay said that even if the Russian blockade is lifted "it will have no efect whatever on the West German government."

"We are going ahead with our plans," he said.

RESULT OF REPORT
The 1,000-word state department report on the situation was issued here as a direct result of the Tass report. The Tass article said in

substance that if a date can be agreed on by Russia and the west for a meeting of the Big Four council of foreign ministers then "reciprocal restrictions on communications and trade could be lifted" before the meeting.

This appeared to be a major concession by the Kremlin. Previously the Russians had insisted on prior settlement of outstanding currency issues in Berlin. On some occasions at least they had taken the position that a foreign ministers meeting should be held more or less simultaneously with the lifting of the blockade.

The western powers have long taken the position that they were willing to discuss any German issues with the Soviets—after the lifting of the blockade.

CLARIFICATION NEEDED

On the basis of yesterday's developments it was not possible to state flatly that the Tass report set forth all the conditions which the Russian government might ask of the American, British and French governments in negotiations which have been underway since Feb. 15.

These negotiations have been conducted by Ambassador-at-Large Philip Jessup for the United States

and J. A. Malik, Russian representative on the UN security council

The state department said that two weeks ago—on April 10—Malik stated "the position of the Soviet government" to Jessup. Then the statement added significantly: "It appeared that there were still certain points requiring clarification."

State department officials declined to describe these points. But they did emphasize that they are now primarily interested in determining the sincerity of the position publicly set forth in the Tass dispatch.

U.S. Text on Negotiations Over Lifting Berlin Blockade

WASHINGTON, April 26 (A)— Following is the text of the State Department's statement on negotiations to lift the Berlin blockade:

Since the imposition by the Soviet Government of the blockade of the city of Berlin the three Western Governments have consistently sought to bring about the lifting of that blockade on terms consistent with their rights, duties and obligations as occupying powers in Germany. It was in conformity with this policy that the Western Governments initiated conversations in Moscow last summer. Following their breakdown, the matter was referred in September, 1948, to the Security Council of the United

All of these efforts ended in failure and the three Western Governments made it plain that they were not prepared to continue discussions in the light of the Soviet attitude.

Since that time the Western Governments have looked consistently for any indication of a change in the position of the Soviet Government, and have been anxious to explore any reasonable possibility in that direction through contacts with Soviet officials.

In this connection the Department of State noted with particular interest that on Jan. 30, 1949, Premier Stalin made no mention of the currency question in Berlin in his reply to questions asked him by an American journalist. Since the currency question had hitherto been the announced rea-

son for the blockade, the omission of any reference to it by Premier Stalin seemed to the Department to indicate a development which should be explored.

With these considerations in mind, Mr. Jessup, then the United States deputy representative on the Security Council, took occasion, in a conversation on Feb. 15 with Mr. Malik, the Soviet representative on the Security Council, to comment on the omission by Premier Stalin of any reference to the currency question. Since this question had been the subject of much discussion in the Security Council and in the experts committee appointed under the auspices of the Council, Mr. Jessup inquired whether the omission had any particular significance.

One month later, on March 15, Mr. Malik informed Mr. Jessup that Premier Stalin's omission of any reference to the currency problem in regard to Berlin was "not accidental," that the Soviet

Government regarded the currency question as important but felt that it could be discussed at a meeting of the Council of Foreign Ministers if a meeting of that body could be arranged to review the whole German problem.

Mr. Jessup inquired whether this meant that the Soviet Government had in mind a Foreign Ministers meeting while the blockade of Berlin was in progress or whether it indicated that the blockade would be lifted in order to permit the meeting to take place.

The information as to the So-

viet Government's attitude; revealed in these informal contacts was immediately conveyed to the British and French Governments.

On March 21 Mr. Malik again asked Mr. Jessup to visit him to inform him that if a definite date could be set for the meeting of the Council of Foreign Ministers, the restrictions on trade and transportation in Berlin could be lifted reciprocally and that the lifting of the blockade could take place in advance of the meeting.

Taking advantage of the presence of the Foreign Ministers of Great Britain and France in Washington, the recent developments in regard to the Soviet attitude were discussed with them.

An agreed position was reached among the three Western powers. In order that there should be no misunderstanding in the mind of the Soviet Government in regard to this position, a statement was read to Mr. Malik by Mr. Jessup on April 5. The purpose of this statement, which represented the agreed position of the three Western powers, was to make clear that the points under discussion were the following:

1. Reciprocal and simultaneous lifting of the restrictions imposed by the Soviet Union since March 1, 1948, on communications, transportation and trade between Berlin and the Western zones of Germany and the restrictions imposed by the three powers on communications, transportation and trade to and from the Eastern zone of Germany.

2. The fixing of a date to be

determined for a meeting of the Council of Foreign Ministers.

The Western Powers wished to be sure that these two points were not conditioned in the understanding of the Soviet Government on any of the other points which in the past had prevented agreement upon the lifting of the blockade. The statement summarized the understanding of the three Governments of the position which the Soviet Government took concerning the proposal of lifting the blockade and the meeting of the Council of Foreign Ministers. Its purpose was to make unmistakably clear that the position of the Soviet Government was as now stated in the release of the Tass Agency.

Tass Agency.
On April 10 Mr. Malik again asked Mr. Jessup to call upon him at that time and again stated the position of the Soviet Government. From this statement it appeared that there were still certain points requiring clarification.

As a result of this meeting, further discussions took place between the three Governments, which have resulted in a more detailed formulation of their position, which will be conveyed by Mr. Jessup to Mr. Malik.

If the present position of the Soviet Government is as stated in the Tass Agency release as published in the American press this morning, the way appears clear for a lifting of the blockade and a meeting of the Council of Foreign Ministers. No final conclusion upon this can be reached until further exchanges of view with Mr. Malik.

powers to be exercised by the occupying governments have been fully set out in the occupation statute, which has already been released for publication (press release No. 235, April 8, 1949).

The provisions of this agreement as to tripartite controls will be applied so far as practical to Berlin

Function to Be Supervisory

The three governments also agreed on and recorded in their minutes the principles according to which their powers and responsibilities will be exercised after the establishment of a German federal republic. While the occupying governments will retain supreme authority, it is intended that military government will be terminated and that the function of the occupation officials will be mainly supervisory. The German authorities will be free to take administrative or legislative action, and this action will be valid unless it is vetoed by Allied authority.

The fields in which the occupation authorities reserve the right to take direct action themselves, including the issuance of orders to German federal and local officials, will be restricted to a minimum, and it is expected that, with the exception of security

Text of U. S. Statement on Merger of Western Zones

WASHINGTON, April 26 (P)— Following is the text of a statement on the basic principles for the merger of the three Western zones of occupation in Germany, released today by the State Department:

The Department of State today made public the text of the agreement reached in Washington on April 8, 1949, between the governments of France, the United Kingdom, and the United States on the basic principles for the merger of the three Western German zones of occupation. The purpose of this agreement is to define the organization and procedures through which the powers of the occupying governments will be exercised after the establishment of a provisional German government.

The agreement provides for a high commission, to be composed of a high commissioner for each of the occupying governments, and it outlines the manner in which the commissioners will yote and reach their decisions. The nature and extent of the

questions, the exercise of direct powers will be of a temporary and self-liquidating nature. After the German federal republic has been established the Economic Cooperation Administration will assume the responsibility for supervising the use of funds made available by the United States Government to the German economy for purposes of relief and recovery.

It is envisaged that the German federal republic will become a party to the convention for European economic cooperation and will also conclude a bilateral agreement with the Government of the United States.

When the German republic has been established and military government has been brought to an end, the strictly military func-

Close Integration Sought

A major objective of the three Allied Governments is to bring about the closest integration, on a mutually beneficial basis, of the German people under a democratic federal state within the framework of a European associ-

The Department of State also made public the texts of two further agreements reached by the three governments on April 8 concerning a plebiscite in Wuerttemberg-Baden and the administration of the port of Kehl.

The texts of certain other agreements on Germany have already been made available for publication. These include the Occupation Statute. Press Release No. 235, April 8, 1945; the International Authority for the Runr, Press Release No. 1028, Dec. 28, 1948; the agreement concerning prohibited and limited industries in Germany, Press Release No. 243, April 13, 1949, and the agreement on the German reparation program, Press Release No. 244, April 13, 1949.

Agreement as to Tripartite Controls

The Governments of the United Kingdom, France and the United States agree to enter into a trizonal fusion agreement prior to the entry into effect of the Occupation Statute. The representatives of the three occupying powers will make the necessary arrangements to establish tripartite control machinery for the Western zones of Germany, which will become effective at the time of the establishment of a provisional German government. The following provisions agreed by the Governments of the United Kingdom, France and the United States shall form the basis of those arrangements:

An Allied High Commission composed of one High Commissioner of each occupying power or his representative shall be the supreme Allied agency of control.

[2]

The nature and extent of controls exercised by the Allied High Commission shall be in harmony with the Occupation Statute and international agreements.

In order to permit the German federal republic to exercise increased responsibilities over domestic affairs and to reduce the burden of occupation costs, staff personnel shall be kept to a mini-

In the exercise of the powers reserved to the occupation authorities to approve amendments to the federal constitution, the decisions of the Allied High Commission shall require unanimous agreement.

In cases in which the exercise

of, or failure to exercise, the powers reserved under paragraph 2(g) of the Occupation Statute would increase the need for assistance from United States Government appropriated funds, there shall be a system of weighted voting. Under such system the representatives of the occupation authorities will have a voting strength proportionate to the funds made available to Germany by their respective governments. This provision shall not, however, reduce the present United States predominant voice in JEIA [Joint Export Import Agencyl and JFEA [Joint Foreign Exchange Agency] while these organizations, or any successor organization to them, continue in existence and are charged with the performance of any of their present functions. No action taken hereunder shall be contrary to any intergovernmental agreement among the signatories or to the principles of non-discrimination.

On all other matters action shall be by majority vote.

(a) If a majority decision alters or modifies any inter-governmental agreement which relates to any of the subjects listed in paragraph 2(a) and 2(b) of the Occupation Statute, any dissenting high commissioner may appeal to his government. This appeal shall serve to suspend the decision pending agreement between the three governments.

(b) If a high commissioner considers that a majority decision conflicts with any inter-governmental agreement which relates to any of the subjects in paragraph 2 (a) and 2 (b) of the Occupation Statute or with the fundamental principles for the conduct of Germany's external relations or with matters essential to the security, prestige, and requirements of the occupying forces, he may appeal to his government. Such an appeal shall serve to suspend action for thirty days, and thereafter unless two of the governments indicate that the grounds do not justify further suspension.

(c) If such appeal is from an action of the Allied High Commission either declining to disapprove or deciding to disapprove German legislation, such legislation shall be provisionally disapproved for the duration of the appeal period.

A high commissioner who considers that a decision made by less than unanimous vote involving any other matter reserved by the Occupation Statute is not in conformity with basic tri-partite policies regarding Germany or that a land [state] constitution, or an amendment thereto, violates the basic law, may appeal to his government. An appeal in this case shall serve to suspend action for a period not to exceed twenty-one days from the date of the decision unless all three governments agree otherwise. If such appeal is from an action of the Allied High Commission either declining to disapprove or deciding to disapprove German legislation, such legislation shall

be provisionally disapproved for the duration of the appeal period.

All powers of the Allied High Commission shall be uniformly exercised in accordance with tripartite policies and directives. To this end in each land the Allied High Commission shall be represented by a single land commissioner who shall be solely responsible to it for all tripartite affairs. In each land the land commissioner shall be a national of the Allied power in whose zone the land is situated. Outside his own zone each high commissioner will delegate an observer to each of the land commissioners for purposes of consultation and information. Nothing in this paragraph shall be construed to limit the functions of bodies established pursuant to inter-governmental agreement.

To the greatest extent possible, all directives and other instruments of control shall be addressed to the federal and/or land authorities.

The trizonal fusion agreement will continue in force until altered by agreement among the

Agreed Minute on Wuerttemberg-Baden Plebiscite

It was agreed that the status quo in Wuerttemberg and Baden would be maintained for the time being and that the plebiscite recommended by the German minister-presidents would be postponed in the interest of avoiding any possible delay in the establishment of the German federal government.

It was further agreed that the question of the Wuerttemberg-Baden land boundaries would be re-examined after the establishment of the German federal gov-

Agreement Regarding Kehl

The French control authorities with the assistance of the Strasbourg French authorities will

maintain under existing conditions jurisdiction over the Kehl port zone until establishment of the German federal government and conclusion of negotiations between the French and German authorities with respect to a joint port administration for Kehl.

It was agreed, on a proposal of the French Government, that the city of Kehl would gradually be returned to German administration. It was foreseen that the French temporarily domiciled in Kehl might remain during a four-year period required for the preparation of additional housing in Strasbourg. Around one-third of the French inhabitants will be able to leave Kehl within several months, and the remainder progressively thereafter as housing becomes available.

In the final decision with respect to the Kehl port zone will be made in the peace settlement. If the port authority develops harmoniously, the United States and United Kingdom will be willing at the time of the peace settlement to bring an attitude of good will toward the establishment of a permanent joint authority.

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would meet again. Jessup was reported still in Washington tonight. American sources said only that the neetings with Malik would be held in the near future.

Agreed On West's Condition British, American and French delegation spokesmen here agreed with the conditions laid down in the early talks between Jessup and Malik that whatever happens nothing will interefere with creation of a west German state.

The British emphasized that this was a major condition for any meeting on the Berlin blockade.

They said also there must be a definite list of topics agreed upon for discussion before the Council of Foreign Ministers meets.

Some Americans said the Jessup-Malik talks so far have been entirely exploratory. But one American summed it up this way:

"It would appear we are moving toward agreement."

Soviet Blockade

Moscow. April 26 (P)-Moscow's

under which the Soviet Union

Terms Bared

this offer was the first sign in months that some agreement might be possible between the East and the West, but they warned against either hasty optimism or undue pessimism. One diplomat said the Soviet statement "holds a promise" which was worthy of consideration by the United States, Britain and France.

The Soviet statement comes closer than in any previous overtures to meeting the West's demand—that the blockade be lifted first before any Four-Power talks can be held on the future of Germany as a whole. The offer was made public only a few hours after the announcement by the West in Germany that difficulties barring the way to a West German Government had been cleared away. Russia vehemently opposes a separate West German state.1

No Prime Condition

If would appear here, from the terms of the offer, that a unified Berlin currency no longer is a prime condition for the lifting of communications restrictions in Germany's first city. If this is true, it represents a step forward from the point where the Four-Power discussions broke down last sum-

Tthe three Western envoys in Moscow had almost reached agreement with Prime Minister Stalin and the then Foreign Minister V. M. Molotov, but the currency issue blocked the way. Now it would appear the Russians are ready to lift the blockade first and then talk about a single currency for the city.

May Day Slogans

All newspapers this morning published the Tass statement prominently but made no editorial comment, as if waiting for Western reaction. press today published the terms

It seemed significant, however, that the newspapers carried the new May Day slogans bidding for peace with the West, Izvestia, the Government newspaper, put it this

"Far beyond the boundaries of our country there penetrates and finds warm reaction in the hearts of millions of workers that flaming May Day slogan: 'Friendship of the peoples of the Soviet Union, the United States and England is the best guarantee of a firm peace, Hail the brotherly alliance of the peoples of England, the United States and the Soviet Union in their struggle for peace.'

Blockade Discussions Swing Toward United Nations Halls

Lake Success, N.Y., April 26 (AP). American-Soviet talks on lifting the Berlin blockade shifted tonight toward the New York-United Nations headquarters area. They were expected to begin again soon, but there was no hint when.

Trygve Lie. United Nations secretary general, in a statement said the whole world will welcome a successful conclusion of the effort to break the blockade and bring about another meeting of the council of foreign ministers.

It was considered certain that these developments were talked over at a dinner tonight which Lie gave in honor of Dr. Herbert V. Evatt. Evatt is Australian Foreign Minister and president of the United Nations Assembly.

Rusk And Gromyko Present Dean Rusk, assistant secretary of state, flew from Washington for the dinner. Russia was represented by Andrei A. Gromyko, Soviet Chief Deputy Foreign Minister.

Rusk has had a leading hand in the Berlin developments. Gromvko has not taken part in any talks as far as is known here because they were started by Jakob A. Malik. deputy Foreign Minister, and Ambassador Philip C. Jessup before Gromyko arrived for the Assembly.

Malik was not invited to the dinner.

There was considerable speculation on when Jessup and Malik

offers to lift the blockade of Berlin. A statement distributed by Tass, the official news agency, said that if an agreement can be reached on a date for a meeting of the Council of Foreign Ministers, then:

1. The Russians will lift their communications ban, provided the West ends its counterblockade of eastern Germany.

2. The Berlin currency question, which hampered the four-power talks in Moscow last summer. can be discussed by the four powers after the communications restrictions are lifted.

3. The entire German question should come up for review by the four Foreign Ministers.

"Holds A Promise"

Some foreign diplomats here said

CLAY CERTAIN FOR STATE

Says Allies Intend To See Ger-

Berlin. April 26 (P)—Gen. Lucius D. Clay said today the Western Allies intend to see a west German republic established, regardless of whether the Russians lift the Berlin blockade.

A similar stand was taken by British spokesmen in London and Lake Success, N.Y.

The Russians previously have insisted on postponement of plans to set up the west German state as a condition for lifting the blockade.

A Tass announcement early today, however, indicated the Russians had dropped this condition after Andrei Vishinsky succeeded Vyacheslav M. Molotov as Soviet Foreign Minister.

Preparation Rumor Denied
Tonight the American-licensed
German news agency Dena quoted
German sources close to the Soviet
military administration in Berlin
as saying the Russians had received
orders from Moscow to make im-

mediate preparations for lifting the

blockade.

The Soviet-controlled German news agency ADN and the reddirected Berlin radio said they had no knowledge of any such order. The British post at Helmstedt—border point where the rail block-ade would be lifted—knew nothing of any technical preparations on the Soviet side of the border.

Take Wary Attitude

Nevertheless, both Clay and Robert D. Murphy, former political advisor to the military governor and now head of the State Department's German division, took a wary attitude toward the Soviet offer to lift the blockade. This was in contrast to optimism expressed at the State Department in Washington.

Murphy saw the Russian move as an effort to swing German opinion away from the thought of forming a west German republic. He said he was convinced "the Germans will not be swayed."

Clay declared, "It will have no effect whatsoever on the west German government. We are going ahead with our plans."

Views Talks As Casual

Murphy said he had heard about the Lake Success conversations between Jacob Malik, Soviet delegate, and Philip Jessup, United States delegate, about settling the Berlin dispute. But he said he thought they were of a "casual nature" and it would be typical of

Moscow tactics to make the conversations seem more significant than they are.

He said the Russians should make a formal request for a foreign ministers' meeting if they mean it

This "put-in-writing" attitude was general among Western Allied officials in Berlin.

By the Tass account, it appeared the Russians had backed down a third time—from their conditions that agreement on a Berlin currency by reached, a west German government be postponed and that the foreign ministers meet before or at least simultaneously with the lifting of the blockade.

Howley Suggests Stall

Brig. Gen. Frank Howley, American commandant of Berlin, commented, however, that after four years of dealing with the Russians he was bound to be suspicious.

He said there was a possibility the Russians would use a fourpower conference to stall and if it broke down "we'd be back where we were in 1948." He said he doubted, though, that the Russians would reimpose the blockade once they lifted it.

"They tried blockade tactics once and it didn't work," he said. "They have been hurt more by it than we have. But they'd probably

try something else."
Clay said the Russians could lift
the blockade "in two hours" if they
wanted to. Other American sources
said the airlift would keep right on,
even if the blockade is lifted.

City Affairs In Tangle

W. T. Babcock, deputy to Howley, said affairs of the city are so tangled by dual police systems, city governments, splinter political parties and feuding labor unions that "the only way to unravel Berlin" may be to place it under a United Nations commission.

"The only real way to dissolve the duality," he added, "would be for the Germans to have their own free elections and do it themselves. But the Russians know their Communists would get only ten per cent of the vote or less and I'm not ready to believe they would permit that."

If the Russians are sincere, some officials said, they could start by resuming four-power action in the Allied Control Authority. It is the Russian turn to preside. They could reinstitute the authority by simply calling a meeting. The Russians walked out last spring.

Plan Unchanged On West State, Clay Asserts

Berlin, April 26 (P) — Gen. Lucius D. Clay said today that even if the Russians lift the Berlin blockade "it will have no effect whatever on the (Allied-sponsored) West German government."

"We are going ahead with our plans," the American military governor said.

Both Clay and Ambassador Robert D. Murphy expressed wariness over the Soviet offer to lift the blockade and hold a Four-Power talk on Germany.

Murphy, head of the German-Austrian division in the State Department, said the Russian move seemed an effort to swing German opinion away from the prospective republic.

Suspicion Voiced

"I came away from the final discussions at Frankfurt with the definite feeling that the Germans will not be swayed," he said.

Some Western Allied sources in Berlin also voiced suspicion that the new Russian position was announced at this time in the lingering hope of blocking formation of a West German state.

These sources said the Soviets might have the idea that by lifting the blockade they still might create a chance to press their old efforts to get a unified Germany under Communist control.

The informants noted that the Russian offer was announced by the Tass news agency shortly after the way had been cleared to create a West German republic.

Newspaper Reaction

Anti-Communist Berlin newspapers said the Russians already have given instructions to prepare railyards and freight depots under their control for early resumption of interzone traffic. There was no official confirmation of those reports.

The Russian-controlled German press, which had waged a campaign against creation of a West German state, published inconspicuously the news of the agreement to go ahead with it. The Soviet Army newspaper, Taegliche Rundschau, captioned its dispatch: "The Bonn Lackeys Capitulate," in another attack on the Germans who drafted the state's constitution at Bonn.

The West Berlin press praised the agreement.

GERMANS RUSH CHARTER PLANS

Bonn Leader Says Blockade
Action Will Cause No Delay

Frankfurt, Germany. April 26 (P) — A German political leader said tonight it is intended to create a west German Government with "utmost speed." despite Russian offers of new four-power talks on Germany.

Dr. Konrad Adenauer, president of the parliamentary council which has the task of writing a constitution, said at Bonn the constitution should be speedily enacted.

He is leader of the conservative party, the Christian Democratic Union (CDU).

Newspapers Hail Accord

West German newspapers hailed the agreement reached yesterday among the CDU, Social Democrats and military governors of the United States, Britain and France on details of the constitution. The papers said it was a sign the Germans are learning to govern themselves.

Enthusiasm was heightened by the statement of the United States State Department that it is expected the function of occupation authorities in the new German federal republic will be "mainly supervisory."

General Lucius D. Clay, American Military Governor, set the target date of July 15 for establishment of the government for 45,000,000 Germans.

The American-licensed Ogenbach Post said the agreement showed two things; that "the Germans, too, have learned to employ an important method of democracy—the compromise"; and that the day of dictation to German politicians by military governors is ended in a new era of negotiation.

Have Learned From Past

Allgemeine Zeitung, published in the French zone city of Mainz, said the talks ending the deadlock over the constitution proved the Germans "are really able to govern themselves."

"The discussions showed that the Germans and their elected leaders have learned the painful lessons of the past," it said.

The Wiesbaden Kurier expressed concern, however, that the Russians may try to block the consolidation of west Germany by lifting the Berlin blockade. The purpose would be to confuse west German leaders with the hope that all German might yet be united.

F.ee To Take Action

The German authorities will be free to take administrative or legislative action, and this action will be valid unless it is vetoed by allied authority," the State Department statement said.

"The fields in which the occupation authorities reserve the right to take direct action, including the issuance of orders to German federal and local officials, will be restricted to a minimum and it is expected that, with the exception of security questions, the exercise of direct power will be of a temporary and self-liquidating nature."

The new German republic is expected to become part of the Marshall-plan area and be integrated within the framework of a "European association," the statement added.

The statute outlining the powers of the new state and the occupation authorities is to go into effect when the new government is functioning. Civil commissioners will replace military governors.

Await Official Texts

Details of the agreement on the constitution are expected to be made public after it has been drawn up in official English and German texts.

The military governors are understood, however, to have made some concessions to the leftist Social Democratic party, which wanted a strong centralized control over finances. But the states will retain strong powers in a federal system, with an upper house in Parliament elected by state legislators receiving important authority.

ing important authority.

In Berlin Brig. Gen. Frank Howley, United States sector commandant, said an occupation statute is being drafted for western Berlin. It will parallel the occupation statute for west Germany, and will define the rights of the city government and the occupation authorities, Berlin is expected eventually to be represented in the new west German government.

A United States State Department announcement here said the French plan to withdraw gradually from Kehl, on the east side of the Rhine opposite Strasbourg, France. French demands for a special status for the city held up agreement on an occupation statute for a time.

'Atlantic Cultural Pact' Is Proposed

Frankfurt, Germany, April 26 (P)—A North Atlantic cultural pact backed by American dollars was proposed last night by Dr. Bryn Hovde, director of the New School of Social Research in New York.

He addressed an international conference of educators at Chiemsee, Germany, sponsored by United States Military Government.

Dr. Hovde urged a cultural and education program to supplement the European Economic Recovery Program. He suggested a minimum appropriation of \$1,000,000,000 to help western European schools laboratories and libraries.

Dr. Alonzo G. Grace, director of education for United States Military Government, proposed "Marshall plan" for education reconstruction of Europe.

U.S. Says Germans Pad Occupation Costs

Wiesbaden, Germany, April 26 (A)—The United States military government charged today that the Germans are padding their accounts of how much the Allied oc-

cupation costs them.

Numerous overcharges have been exposed by checkups in the United States zone state of Hesse, said

Donald S. Spigler, military government financial adviser.

The total could amount to several hundred million marks if similar practices are used throughout the American zone, Spigler said.

The mark is value at 30 cents.
The alleged German overcharges

do not actually cost the United States money, because the German Government pays the mark expense of the occupation. But they do exaggerate the cost of the occupation to the Germans, military government officials explained. And this cost may later be presented as an offset to Allied reparations claims, they added.

Germans In Split On Capital Site

Bonn, Germany. April 26 (AP)—A battle over the site of west Germany's capital flared tonight following agreement between the Western allies and German politicians on the outline of government.

The struggle among Frankfurt, Bonn. Stuttgart and Kassel became so tense that Emil Neujean, who co-ordinates claims of the capital candidates, collapsed and was taken to a hospital.

"The enormous load of propaganda from the four cities finally crashed my nerves and I passed out," he said.

German Law Is Passed To Repay Nazi Victims

STUTTGART, Germany, April 26 (P).-After three years of dispute, the German Council of States in the American occupation zone finally passed today a law to repay Nazis' victims the financial losses they suffered as a result of their persecution.

The law provides not only for the return of personal property seized by the Nazis, but also compensation for the jobs or professions from which the Nazis barred their victims. Displaced persons were included, too, after a bitter

World Regime Proposed To Liberals of 11 States

LONDON, April 26 (AP).-A world organization with laws governing all peoples was urged today at a conference of middleof-the-road legislators from eleven Western European nations.

Clement Davies, leader of the Liberal party in the House of Commons, told the opening session of the first International Liberal Party Conference since the war this "is the true road to

sound economic conditions . . political freedom, the betterment of the standard of life everywhere.'

Delegates to the meetingcalled to discuss common economic and military problemsrepresent Liberal party minorities in legislatures of most of the eleven countries-Britain, Sweden Norway, Denmark, Holland, Belgium, Luxemburg, France, Switzerland, Germany and Greece. The conference will also discuss formation of a federation of European liberal parties. ADD

British Atomic Project To Aid Material Tests

London, April 26 (AP)-The Ministry of Supply disclosed tonight its atomic project has reached the point where it can supply radium and radon for industrial radiog-

Radiography is the science of testing materials or finished products with X-rays or gamma rays. It is widely used to suard against flaws in steel, for instance.

Radon, a radioactive gas, will be sold to industries outright, the Ministry of Supply said. Radium will be rented out for six-month periods.

Yugoslavia to Execute Three

LONDON, April 26 (AP).-Two Bulgarian men and a Yugoslav woman were sentenced to death by a Yugoslav court on charges of war crimes and post-war espionage, the official Yugoslav news agency Tanjug said tonight. They will be executed by a firing squad.

'PEACE' SESSION ENDS

Paris, April 26 (A. P.).—The Communist-backed "world peace congress" has ended its Paris conclave after six days of attacks on the Atlantic pact, the Marshall plan and American leaders. Participants voted unani-

mously to establish a permanent organization to fight the United States in a propaganda war.

They also adopted a manifesto demanding outlawing of the atomic bomb and condemning alliances, colonialism and "rearmament of western Germany and Japan."

4 Generals And Admiral Flee Romania

Trieste, Free Territory, April 26 P)-The newspaper Ultissime said today nine Romanians, including four generals and an admiral, have reached Italian soil at Gorizia after fleeing their Communist country.

The Romanians were quoted as saying they fled first to Yugoslavia, were detained there with some 100 other Romanians, and then slipped out of the Yugoslav camp at Aidussina in small groups Saturday

IA Trieste dispatch to Rome's Giornale D'Italia said three Bulgarian refugees arriving in Trieste from Yugoslavia reported some 4.000 Bulgarian, Romanian and Hungarian refugees now are held by the Yugoslavs.1

Kirk Coming Home

Brussels, April 26 (AP)-Ambassador Alan G. Kirk, nominated by President Truman as Ambassador to Moscow to succeed Lieut, Gen. Walter Bedell Smith, is expected to leave Belgium for Washington on May 6, Admiral Kirk, 60, has been Ambassador to Belgium and Minister to Luxembourg since March. 1946. The Ambassador and Mrs. Kirk will sail on the Nieuw Amsterdam.

Bulgars Protest U.N. Consideration

Sofia, Bulgaria, April 26 (AP)-Leaders of the Orthodox, Jewish and Moslem churches in Bulgaria today expressed indignation and surprise over placing on the United Nations agenda the question of religious fredom in this country.

The Government press department released copies of cables it said the church leaders had sent to Trygve Lie. United Nations secretary-general

Metropolitan Peisi, acting head of the Bulgarian Orthodox Church, cabled Lie that his church is enjoving complete freedom and receiving state aid for its needs.

Chief Mufti A. Osmanoglu, Moslem religious leader, "most categorically" denied what he called slanders against Bulgaria and "most energetically" protested attempts of "some reactionary circles" to slander the country.

Dr. Asher Hanannel, Jewish chief rabbi, said religious services are going smoothly in all 40 Jewish synagogues in the country and protested the "falsehoods that there is no religious freedom."

Greeks Open New Mountain Offensive

Athens, Greece, April 26 (AP)-The Greek Government announced today Nationalist troops have opened up a new offensive against guerrilla forces in the Grammos Mountains, near the Albania bor-

It was the first time the communiqué described the operation in this area as an offensive. It charged guerrilla forces infiltrated from Communist - led Albania three weeks ago.

Press dispatches from Ioannina and Konitsa said Government ground forces supported by planes and artillery were driving the "Communist bandits" off strategic heights in 6,000-foot-high mountains around Pyrsoyanni, 220 miles northwest of Athens.

The heaviest fighting is reportedly taking place between Pyrsoyanni and the Albanian border pass Kamenic, 6 miles away.

GREEK ARMY BEGINS N **MAJOR DRIVE IN NORTH**

ATHENS, April 26 (AP)-The Greek Army has opened a counteroffensive to drive Communist guerrillas out of the Grammos Mountain area on the Albania border, a communiqué announced today.

Three weeks ago the guerrillas began their biggest offensive effort since the purging of their leader, General Vafiades Markos. A force

of about 5,000 men made the attack. They captured heights sixteen miles inside Greece before they were stopped.

Press dispatches from the front said that troops supported by artillery and planes were driving the Communists off 6,000-foot heights. north of Konitsa.

The heaviest fighting was reported taking place between Ryrsoyanni and the border pass of Kamenic, six miles away. Government troops were attempting to seal the pass, a funnel for guerrilla supplies and reinforcements from Albania.

Military censorship prevented the reporting of further details.

Churchill Calls For Flattops In China

London, April 26 (AP)-Winston Churchill angrily told the Government today it ought to have aircraft carriers in China waters for "effective power of retaliation" against Chinese Communists who attacked British warships.

"This is not a matter of warfare." Prime Minister Attlee replied in the House of Commons. "There is no suggestion of making an attack anywhere at all."

Churchill called the shelling of British warships on the Yangtze an "atrocious outrage" and accused the Government of "throwing the whole burden" of responsibility on natal commanders in China.

Yangtze Warning Disclosed

The sloop Amethyst was disabled by Communist artillery fire last Wednesday while en route upriver with supplies for the British Embassy at Nanking. Other ships which went to her aid were heavily shelled and turned back. Attlee gave official casualty figures as 42 dead, 53 wounded and 12 missing.

Earlier the Foreign Office disclosed that Britain got a warning from China two months ago that it was unable to guarantee the safety of ships in the Yangtze. A spokesman said he understood the warning was sent to a number of governments with ships anchored

Attlee declared the decision to send the Amethyst up to Nanking. made by the naval commanders on the spot, was "correct."

"I Approve His Action"

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Under prodding by Churchill and other Conservatives. Attlee declared hotly:

"The commander on the spot took action. I approve his action, I support his action.

Labor members drowned out some questions with repeated cries of "the Tories (Conservatives) want war

Recalls Chinese Warning

Attlee recalled to the House the warning of the Chinese Nationalist Government two months ago that it could not guarantee safe passage of foreign vessels on the **Yangize**

British naval officials and the Ambassador, Sir Ralph Stephenson, knew a Chinese Communist ultimatum was about to expire and might lead to crossing of the Yangtze by Communist forces on April 21," Attlee said.

The officials learned on April 18 that the ultimatum would expire April 21. and they sent the Amethyst upriver in time to reach Nanking "a full 24 hours before" the battle was due to break, he said,

Safeguards Denied

Attlee said no safeguards could be obtained from the Communist forces.

Consular officers at Commu nist-held Mukden, Peiping and Tientsin "have been endeavoring for some time past to reach dayto-day working arrangements with the local authorities." Attlee said.

"Their approaches have been rejected on every occasion.

"Some Policy On Amethyst"

"The same policy was followed in rejecting a letter from his Majesty's consul in Peking (Peiping) about the Amethyst. .

Attlee recalled that several weeks ago the Government announced it would keep its consular representatives and other officials in Communist-occupied China and said it had no intention of withdrawing such representatives in the newly occupied areas.

The Prime Minister said Britain's policy still is one of nonintervention in China's affairs, as decided by the Moscow agreement of December, 1945. The United States and Russia joined with Britain in that agreement.

Protection Promised

Attlee promised that the Government will "take every possible step to protect our community in China.

The spokesman said that despite its warning, the Chinese Nationalist Government made it clear it had no objection to the continued presence of foreign ships in the Yangtze.

The spokesman made it clear that the Chinese did not specifically suggest that British ships should be withdrawn.

Chinese Embassy officials, however, said that their Government clearly intended that their warning should be followed by the withdrawal of foreign vessels anchored in the Yangtze.

ATTLEE TELLS

Will 'Take Every Possible Step' To Protect Britons

London, April 26 (AP)-Prime Minister Attlee promised parliamentary critics today Britain will "take every possible step" to protect British subjects caught in China's civil war.

The shelling of four British warships on the Yangtze River by Com munist artillerymen last week set off a parliamentary debate. Winston Churchill, Conservative leader, and many other legislators attacked the Labor Government.

Labor members drowned out some questions with shouts that "the Tories want war."

Demands Effective Steps

Churchill told the House of Commons the Yangtze incident was an atrocious outrage. He said the Government had thrown the whole burden of responsibility on British naval commanders in China and should have aircraft carriers there for "effective power of retaliation." He demanded "effective steps to make sure we are treated with respect in the future.'

A British Foreign Office spokes man disclosed before the debate that China's Nationalist Government warned Britain two months ago it was unable to guarantee the safety of ships on the Yangtze.

Attlee said Britain's policy still is one of nonintervention in China's affairs, as decided by the Moscow agreement of December. 1945. among Britain, Russia and the United States.

Four Also Missing

The Prime Minister insisted that procedure in sending the sloop Amethyst into the battle zone last Wednesday was "correct." The Amethyst was disabled by Communist guns while moving upriver to relieve the destroyer Consort as a supply ship and protector of the British Embassy at Nanking. Three other warships which sought to aid the sloop were damaged and

Casualties are 42 dead and 53 wounded. Attlee said. The Admiralty announced later four men are

The Prime Minister's explanation of the Amethyst case:

The Consort was "running short

of supplies.'

The Britsh naval commander. Vice Admiral A. C. G. Madden. learned April 18 that a Communist ultimatum would expire April 21 and "might lead to crossing of the Yangtze by Communist forces"

No Punitive Expedition

"The necessity for relieving the Consort remained.'

The Amethyst was ordered up the river in time to reach Nanking "a clear 24 hours" before the ultimatum expired. Ships which went to aid the Amethyst went for that purpose only.

"There was no question of a punitive expedition and His Majesty's ships fired only to silence the forces firing against them."

The explanation failed to satisfy the critics, including several members of the Labor party

Attempts Rejected

Churchill asked why Britain had not asked Chinese Communist military officials for permission to send the ship.

Attlee said the Communists rejected repeated attempts to establish "day to day working arrangements." He reported Communist officials turned down requests that they cease firing on the Amethyst.

Churchill asked:

"How is it that at this time we have not got in China waters one if not two aircraft carriers capable of affording protection to our nationals, who may be increasingly involved in peril and misfortune. and capable of affording that protection in the only way which is understood by those who are attacking us and murdering us and insulting us. namely by effective power of retaliation?

"What course does the Government intend to pursue?"

Joint Action Question

Britain already has announced she is sending aircraft carriers, submarines and other naval vessels to strengthen her China fleet.

Attlee did not say what other steps the Government may take.

V. J. Collins, Laborite, asked whether Britain and the United States would act jointly to protect their civilian nationals in China.

Amid a buzz of talk from the floor. Attlee was understood to reply: "I cannot say now."

He declined to answer another Laborite who asked:

"What are the exact instructions to our naval forces standing off Shanghai? What are the instructions if Shanghai should fall (to the Communists)?"

In both the Commons and in the House of Lords, where a similar

Government explanation was made. members asked why no air cover was sent over the Amethyst.

Lord Strabolgi, Laborite, told the peers "to have sent air cover would have been provocative and asking for trouble

Two Red Forces **Push Toward** Shanghai

Shanghai, April 26 (A)-Heavy United States naval vessels moved out of Shanghai today as two Communist spearheads rolled toward the Shanghai-Hangchow area.

The Communist radio in Peiping boasted two Nationalist armies, the 20th and 99th, had been wiped out. Two towns, Ihing, 85 miles west of here, and Chingtai, 60 miles southwest of Nanking, were captured, the radio said.

The Communist broadcast said the Nanking-Hangchow highway had been cut. Government garrison headquarters said Red advance units were around Soochow Wuhsien), 40 miles west of here.

Could Cut Corridor

Red capture of Ihing, on the west bank of Lake Tai, would mean the Communists were halfway to Hangchow, where some 300,000 Government troops are believed dug in. A rapid thrust south could cut the Shanghai-Hangchow cor-

The American ships went down the Yangtze estuary from here to avoid involvement in the civil war.

United States Consul John Cabot estimated 100 Americans, mostly women and children, boarded United States Navy vessels for evacuation in any emergency.

More Leaving Tomorrow

Another group of Americans is expected to board the S.S. Wilson, of the President Lines, when it arrives tomorrow from Hong Kong.

A British consular official said 150 British nationals had registered to leave on the Dutch steamer Boissevain. French consular officials said they had only one Frenchman listed so far as wanting to leave.

"We are glad Frenchmen are remaining to maintain our national interests," one official said.

Out Of Artillery Range

The British followed the American lead and withdrew warships of their Shanghai force. Movement of the ships into the Yangtze Estuary will put them out of artillery range when the Reds arrive in the world's fourth largest city.

The Central News Agency, issuing a garrison communiqué, said operations in the Nanking-Hangchow-Shanghai triangle had slack ened during the past 48 hours.

Meanwhile Shanghai, which had taken the situation with relative calm, was beginning to show evidence of panic. Shanghai's commerce seemed to be coming to a halt. The securities exchange was open but there was little business. Many offices failed to open. The money market was chaotic.

other beat down the easter shore. A Shanghai Nationalist garrison communique said Red outridgers

appeared near Soochow (Wuhsien) 40 miles west of Shanghai. Either column i na thrust south would cut land communications between Shanghai and South China.

A Communist broadcast heard in Shanghai said the "bulk" of the government's 20th and 99th armies were "wiped out." It asserted more han 13,000 troops were "wiped out"

Decisive Battle Shaping At Hangchow as Chinese Communists Push Ahead

BY FRED HAMPSON

SHANGHAI. (A)-Chinese Communist columns, boasting they had overwhelmed two government armies, wheeled west of Shanghai yesterday toward Hangchow and a possibly decisive

Shanghai, which remained calm when the Reds broke the Yangtze river line, began to show signs of panic. Business was almost at a standstill, the money market was chaotic.

Jitters Increase

Nervousness increased as the United States and Great Britain moved heavier naval units out of the Whangpoo. They were anchored in the Yangtze to the north to avoid possible invilvement in any fighting.

More than 520 Americans and other nationals were getting out. Many more elected to stay. U. S. Economic Administration association headquarters packed up to move to Canton, South China city now serving as the aNtionalist capi-

(The Communist radio in Peiping announced that lives and property of foreign nationalists would be protected. The broadcast was heard by the AP in San Francisco.)

The Communist raido said Red columns had captured Ihing and Chingtai, about 80 miles west of Shanghai. If true they were half way from the Yangtze to Hangchow, 85 miles siuthwest of Shanghai.

LAST DITCH FIGHT DUE

Hangchow may be the site of a last-ditch government stand on the Opulous eastern seaboard of China.

Many of the government forces which seem to have vanished from Shanghai may be at Hangchow

While one Red column curled around the western side of giant Tai lake in the Ihing sector, anand an equal number captured.

(The location of this fighting was] not given. Presumably it was somewhere on the front around Nanking, Red-occupied nationalist cap-

(Neither side had anything to say about the fighting on the front around Hankow. There about 200,-000 Nationalist troops last were facing Communist veterans from Manchuria. The Reds had a numerical advantage of two to one).

No news came out of Nanking. Associated Press Correspondent Seymour Topping reported from Nanking that communications were disrupted. He indicated he was confined to his house by Communist guards.

U. S. Consul John Cabot estimated 100 Americans had boarded U. S. naval vessels here for removal in an emergency. Most of them were women and children. That still would leave 2,400 Americans in Shanghai.

Another group of Americans is expected to board the President liner, President Wilson, tomorrow from Hong Kong.

[At San Francisco the Pacific Far East Line announced that its Swarthmore Victory would dock at Shanghai April 28 to evacuate 200 persons to For-

A British consular official said 150 British citizens would leave on the Dutch steamer Boissevain.

Most Marines Leave

The Eldorado, flagship of Vice Admiral Oscar C. Badger, commander of the Western Pacific Fleet, sailed to the greater safety of the Yangtze estuary, followed by the troopship Chilton. The Chilton carried all but a handful of a marine battalion that has been living aboard. A few marines remained behind to guard the consulate and Navy shore installations.

British cruiser London. shelled by the Communists last week, and the British destroyer Constance followed the United States' ships.

Chinese air lines still ferried refugees to Canton, Formosa and Hong Kong. United States lines were maintaining scheduled flights to the States.

Meanwhile, the Shanghai garrison tightened its "peace and security" measures. All persons were ordered off the streets by 10 P. M. Special curfew passes were canceled.

The garrison also announced it had begun rounding up suspected Communists among Shanghai's students. It said two Chinese "rumor mongers" had been executed for "spreading false reports."

Held By Reds In China, AP Writer Hints

Shanghai, April 26 (AP)-A message from correspondent Seymour Topping to the Shanghai bureau of the Associated Press today indicated he was under house arrest in Nanking, which was captured Sunday by the Communists.

The brief message said: "Presume you know Nanking communications disrupted. Have

made arrangements to permit us to continue filing if communications are reopened. Also to get pictures out when air transport is available despite 'Boy Scouts' posted by front door."

U.S. To Protest Stuart Home

Nanking. April 26 (AP)-The Inited States military attaché today prepared a strong protest to the Communists over the invasion vesterday of the American Am bassador's home.

Neither Ambassador J. Leighton Stuart, 72, nor members of his staff or household, were molested by the Red soldiers. They entered his bedroom and awakened him.

The Communists reportedly left word with servants of the Ambas sador that he was not to leave the compound in which he lives.

The State Department in Wash ington said today it is in radio communication with Ambassador Stuart, Officials assume the envoy is free to move around.

Stuart Awakened

Three Red soldiers first entered he Ambassador's house. They awakened Stuart at 6.40 A.M. and spoke rudely. Later they were joined by other Red troopers who explained they wanted to inspect the residence, about a mile from the Embassy here.

Over the protests of the compound gateman, the Communists entered through the rear door, They asked the number of foreigners and Chinese who lived there.

Menaced By Gun

Embassy Attaché Edward Anderberg tried to go to Stuart's badroom, after the Reds burst in, but he was forced back to his quarters. at gun point. Both Anderberg and Philip Fugh, the Ambassador's Chinese secretary, were questioned.

Red soldiers still guarded the American air attaché's plane. which may be used by Stuart to get out of Nanking. He has been or dered to Washington for a report on the Chinese situation. The order was issued before yesterday's inci-

Soldier Gets 8 Years in Killing HONOLULU, T. H., April 26 (P)-A general court-martial yesterday sentenced Pfc. Everett Bowser of Oklahoma City, to eight years at hard labor for voluntary manslaughter. Bowser was convicted of fatally stabbing Pfc. Alvin Watson of New York City, in a barracks room argument last March 9. The sentence is subject to a final review by the Depart-ment of Army in Washington.

Australia Stands Pat On Nationalist Ties

Canberra, Australia, April 26 (AP) The Department of External Affairs said tonight:

"The fact the Australian Embassy has remained at Nanking does not of itself imply any change in attitude by the Australian Government to the Chinese Government. Any decision on movement of the embassy staff will depend on developments.

The statement was interpreted generally to mean that Australia continues to recognize the Nationalist Government, but is watching developments.

5,000 In Kenya Riot At Palace

Nairobi, Kenya Colony, April 26 P)-Five thousand rioting subects of Edward Mutesa II, King of Buganda, were chased today from the doors of his palace by steel-helmeted police.

European and native police guarding the palace in Kampala charged the mob with clubs several times in the face of showers of stones thrown by the menacing crowd. Kampala is the chief city of Uganda, a British protectorate.

The crowd had demanded the dismissal of the King's ministers.

The 24-year-old King recently returned from studying at Cambridge University, England, and married the daughter of one of his elder statesmen.

8.000 Indians Quit Burma

New Delhi, April 26 (A)-The Indian Government said today 8,000 Indians have left rebellion-torn Burma. Half of them were destitute, the statement said.

Syria Closes Border, Defies King Abdullah

Zaim Bolsters Army, Warns Trans - Jordan Against Designs on Territory

DAMASCUS, Syria, April 26 (A) -Premier Husni Zaim ordered Syria's border with Trans-Jordan closed today and issued a defiant challenge to King Abdullah.

The premier who is also Defense Minister, announced he is recruiting additional troops to strengthen the Syrian Army. warned King Abdullah against any attempt to annex Syrian territory. and said that, far from any part of Syria joining Trans-Jordan King Abdullah's kingdom "will sooner or later join our republic.'

"It seems that my unexpected visit to King Farouk (of Egypt) worried certain Arab countries who were under the false impression that I undertook the coup in Syria to afford them a new crown," said Brigadier Zaim, who recently overthrew the government of President Shukri Kuwatly and seized power here.

"These people are dreaming when they think they can dominate Syria by pressure and conspiracy, and they don't seem to know that we do not heed their threats, or that our Army, which is fast becoming the Mid-East's second army in force, second only to Turkey's, will stop and crush any aggression against Syria."

He said "the so-called Greater Syria plans are completely out of the question." King Abdullah is known to have ambitions to rule a Greater Syria.

"There will never be any such thing as a Greater Syria, but Trans-Jordan, which constitutes the natural part of Syria, will sooner or later join our republic, and her peoples are welcome whenever they desire to come with us,' Premier Zaim declared.

Speaking of Iraq, he said: "We wish the Iraqis all happiness and prosperity." He said Syria had no conflict with them, but warned against "some fishermen in troubled waters attempting to put difficulties in our way when they think pressure will compel us to fall in their traps." The ruler of Iraq, like King Abdullah, is a member of the Hashimite family.

CoplonTrialHints at Love Angle; Gubitchev Free in \$100,000 Bail

Bu The Associated Press

WASHINGTON, April 26.-The defense hinted broadly today that Judith Coplon, twenty-seven, former Justice Department employee, intended to marry the Russian agent with whom she was seized in an alleged espionage conspiracy.

Defense Counsel Archibald Palmer gave this surprise twist to the case as selection of the jury was completed in Miss Coplon's twoday-old espionage trial. Eight men and four women-including five government workers - were choosen. Six are Negroes.

Accused with Miss Coplon in a separate indictment in New York is Valentine A. Gubitchev. thirtytwo, a Soviet engineer and former United Nations employee. Mr. Gubitchev was released today on \$100,000 bail. He agreed to a government demand that he must stay inside the Southern District of New York and not enter a dock, ship, airport or airplane. The Soviet Embassy posted the huge

Through a series of questions to prospective jurors, Mr. Palmer in-

dicated that Miss Coplon may have been planning to marry Mr. Gubitchev and even go to Russia to live with him.

The defense strategy was apparently aimed at clearing up the mystery surrounding Miss Coplon's movements before her arrest in New York March 4. Federal Bureau of Investigation agents have said she went through complicated elusive tactics to throw them off the trail.

Step by step, Mr. Palmer asked the prospective jurors if they would have any prejudice in the following instances:

- 1. Against a divorced person or an unhappily married person seeking a divorce.
- 2. If an American contemplated marrying a citizen of another country.
- 3. If the marriage involved the American going to the spouse's country, or if the foreigner lived in this country.

Although Mr. Palmer gave no further explanation, the line of

questioning appeared to indicate he plans fut we testimony that Mr. Gubitchey was considering divorcing his wife to marry Miss Coplon. The Russian's wife is in New York.

While Miss Coplon sat with bowed head, Mr. Palmer noted that the United States-unlike Russia -permits American wives of foreigners to leave the country.

The defense lawyer prefaced his questions with the comment: "I know it will be pertinent." Earlier, he had told the court frankly: "We do not deny there was a social relationship. Judith Coplon will take the witness stand and tell all about it. She was with this man (Gubitchev) many times."

The government contends that at the time of the seizure, Miss Coplon's handbag contained secret papers filched from the espionage and counter-espionage files of the Justice Department. Mr. Palmer sought to block the government from using these papers as evidence, contending that they were taken from her when she was "seized upon violently" by F. B. I. agents "without reason or right or provocation."

Miss Coplon is expected to tell the jury that instead of betraying her country's secrets, she was merely gathering material for a romantic novel woven against a background of the Washington political scene.

With Mr. Gubitchev, Miss Coplon fices a separate trial in New York on espionage conspiracy charges. If convicted here, she would be subject to a maximum sentence of twenty-six years in prison and a \$24,000 fine.

SPY INQUIRY FAILS TO SHOW ANY DEALS

2 Scientists and Alleged Red Agent Questioned by House Group on Atom Secrets

WASHINGTON, April 26 (AP)-Congressional spy hunters questioned an alleged Communist espionage agent and two atomic scientists today without producing evidence of any deals between them.

All of them, and a third scientist, will be questioned again next

month by the House Committee on

Appearing before the committee

Steve Nelson of Pittsburgh,

veteran Communist, and scientists

Giovanni Rossi Lominitz of Fisk

University at Nashville and Joseph

Weinberg of the University of Min-

nesota at Minneapolis. David Bohm.

assistant professor of physics at

Princeton, waited all morning but

the committee did not get to him.

In a report last year, the com-

mittee accused Mr. Nelson of be-

It said that in March, 1943, he

ing a "Communist espionage agent."

got a secret atomic formula from

a "Scientist X" employed at the

radiation laboratory at the Uni-

versity of California at Berkelev.

It said he met two Russian diplo-

matic officials later and got ten

bills of unknown size from one of

The committee questioned Mr. Nelson last year and he declined to

answer on grounds he might tend

to incriminate himself. It also questioned "Scientist X." Because

the scientist denied knowing Mr.

Nelson or having given away any

secrets, the committee kept his

Mr. Lominitz told newsmen he.

Mr. Weinberg and Mr. Bohm were

employed at the radiation labor-

atory at Berkeley during the war

The witnesses and committee

he knew Mr. Lominitz or Mr.

Weinberg, again standing on his

constitutional rights to refuse

answers that might tend to in-

2. Mr. Lominitz gave the same

reason for declining to say

whether he knew Mr. Nelson,

whether he is a member of the

Communist party, or whether he

ever recruited certain people

Mr. Weinberg did not say flatly

he never had met Mr. Nelson but

testified that he did not believe

he had. He did not refuse to

answer a question on that point.

He told reporters these were

just about his exact words to the

"I am not acquainted with him

and do not believe I ever met him.

My only recollection is a photo-

graph I have seen in the press and

that has been shown to me by the

Mr. Nelson said the committee

was just trying to "make some

more spy headlines, to stir up war

hysteria and try to get ratification

of the Atlantic pact in the Senate."

members agreed that:

1. Nelson declined to say whether

and were close friends.

criminate him.

into the party.

committee:

committee."

name secret.

Un-American Activities.

today were:

U.S. Cardinals Ask Jerusalem 'Rights'

Ask Catholics to 'Insist' on **International Holy Places**

WASHINGTON, April 26 (AP) .-Leaders of American Catholicism asked their followers today to "insist" upon speedy internationalization of Jerusalem in the new republic of Israel.

The administrative board of the National Catholic Welfare Conference issued a statement declaring:

"Conscious of our sacred duty as leaders of the Catholics in the United States, we exhort our people to use their democratic privileges in this free nation to obtain from those in our government and in the United Nations continued assurances that the original com-

Palestine will be carried out."

The statement was signed by Edward Cardinal Mooney of Detroit, leaders.

"We know that millions of Americans share our sentiments when we repeat that religious and humanitarian rights cannot be obscured or neglected in that land. for which every true Christian cherishes deepest devotion," the statement said.

mitments as to Christian rights in

Samuel Cardinal Stritch of Chicago, Francis Cardinal Spellman of New York, and nine other Catholic

France Held Due Largest Share In Arms Assistance

Washington, April 26 (A)—France was reported in line today for the biggest share of the proposed American military-aid program for western Europe.

Diplomatic officials said France would get top priority because of its highly strategic location and because its ten troop divisions sorely need equipment

The Administration plans to ask Congress for \$1.130.000,000 to rearm its eleven Atlantic pact allies in the next year. An additional \$320.000,000 will be requested to bolster defenses of other "friendly countries."

Britain Next In Line

Britain stands second and Italy third, officials indicated, among the nations tentatively due to get aid.

The aillied plan is to build up the French army and air force as rapidly as possible because it would be the major obstacle to any Bussian invasion.

Top Government officials said some details of the assistance are so confidential that not even Congress, which must appropriate the money, will be told about them, a statement which drew prompt fire from Capitol Hill.

"Top Secret" Matters

These "top-secret" matters include how much each country will get in American arms; the types and amounts of weapons to be supplied, and the exact status of their armed forces.

Representative Cannon (D., Mo.), chairman of the House Appropriations Committee, said "Congress won't write a blank check" for Administration officials on the arms program.

"We will have to know how much they will spend for each country and what the purpose will be so we can determine if it is effectively used." Cannon asserted.

Wants Full Information

Senator McKellar (D., Tenn.). chairman of the Senate Appropriations group, said he has not been formally notified of the State Department's view but that he would demand "very full and complete information" before recommending appropriations.

Government officials said the United States would send military missions to teach the use of American weapons and materiel.

Such "capital equipment" as guns, tanks, ammunition, artillery, transportation and armored equipment would make up the largest part of the program, they added.

The present plan is not to arm new divisions but to bring old ones up to fighting strength.

Capitol Reaction To Proposal Mixed

Washington, April 26 (AP)—Reactions on Capitol Hill to proposals were mixed tonight but Senator Wherry (R., Neb.) pointed out it would mean savings of about \$100,000.000 a month to American taxpayers. He cited this amount as the estimated cost of opperating the airlift.

Wherry said the Jessup-Malik discussions "are a step in the right direction" but added that "actions speak louder than words" if the Russians want to convince this country they are sincere in wanting a peaceful settlement.

To this Senator Capehart (R.. Ind.) added: "If we can settle our differences and have confidence that Russia will live up to her agreements—then it should reduce our arms cost."

Tydings For Treaty Action
But Senator Tydings (D., Md.),
chairman of the Armed Services
Committee, said he believes that
lifting of the Berlin blockade will
have no effect on United States determination to go ahead with the
North Atlantic security treaty and
the arms-aid program for European
members.

"I'm voting for the pact as a step toward peace," Tydings said, ad-

"I believe the policy of the United States should be to carry a sword in the right hand and an olive branch in the other."

Stuart - Incident Reaction Varies In Senate

Washington, April 26 (P)—Senator Connally (D., Texas) said today a State Department protest should be "rammed down the throats" of Chinese Communists who invaded the American Ambassador's home in Nanking.

"It's a serious affront," the chairman of the Senate Foreign Relations Committee told a reporter. "They've got to learn to respect United States rights and property."

The State Department ordered the United States Embassy to lodge

a vigorous protest with Communist leaders yesterday, soon after it was reported that armed Communist troops had forced their way into the home and routed Ambassador J. Leighton Stuart out of bed.

Question On Reaction

But there was some question whether the Communists would take such a protest seriously.

"I think the State Department should make representations and ram them down their throats," Connally said angrily.

News dispatches and a report from the embassy said the troops, after pushing into the Ambassador's home, inspected the second floor and questioned members of the staff.

No One Harmed

While they did not harm anyone or molest the property, they reportedly told a servant that Stuart was not to leave the compound in which he lives. That raised some fears here that the Communists might intend to keep the 72-year-old Ambassador a prisoner.

"I think we've got to take a firm stand on this," Connally said.

Although Senator Kefauver (D., Tenn.) took much the same position, other senators viewed the incident with less concern.

Some—like Senato: Knowland (R., Cal.)—felt Stuart should have followed the Nationalist Government to Canton to avoid putting himself and his staff in a ticklish situation.

In Combat Zone

Senator Russell (D., "Ga.) another of those who felt Stuart should have left Nanking. commented: "I wouldn't go to war over this thing." It was "regrettable," he said, but perhaps to be expected in a combat zone.

Senator Elbert D. Thomas (D., Utah) said he did not think it grave enough "to get excited about." He termed the invasion "the usual action of ignorant soldiers."

Senator George (D., Ga.) said such incidents might be expected "under the conditions existing there." George was confident the Red troops would not "heap indignities" on Stuart or other Americans.

Looting Of Plane

The invasion of the Ambassador's residence and a report that the United States military attaché's plane at Nanking had been looted before the Communists entered the city raised a cloud of uncertainty over Stuart's scheduled return to this country for consultations.

The State Department had announced calling him home just a few hours before the news that his home had been entered.

ECA FIGURE CUT BY \$157,800,000

Truman Says Price Declines Warrant Lower Estimate

Washington, April 26 (A)—President Truman notified Congress today that price declines warrant a \$157,800,000 cut in Marshall plan funds.

His move was welcomed on Capitol Hill but a number of legislators predicted that foreign-aid spending would be slashed even deeper.

Mr. Truman made his statement in a letter to Representative Raburn, House speaker (D., Texas). He asked the speedy appropriation of \$5,272,000,000 to finance the European Recovery program (the Marshall plan) to June 30, 1950.

The President said "a number of developments"—the most important being the "price decline in the United States"—make it possible to operate the program for less than the full amount authorized.

Congress Ceiling Cited

Congress recently set a ceiling of approximately \$5,430,000,000 on economic co-operation expenditures to mid-1950. The money still must be provided and quick action on that was what Mr. Truman asked today.

Chairman Cannon (D., Mo.), of the House Appropriations Committee, said he thinks there is room for even further cuts beyond the amount suggested by the President.

Republican economy advocates, such as Representatives Taber (N.Y.) and Wigglesworth (Mass.), joined in saying they will press for even greater pruning of the appropriation.

An appropriations subcommittee, headed by Representative Gary (D., Va.), began hearings today on the Economic Co-operation Administration money bill.

Predicts Brief Hearings

Cannon predicted the hearings would be brief. He said full testimony as to needs of continuing the program was taken in the course of considering the authorization bill. Cannon said it shouldn't take long to get the appropriations measure to the floor.

Senators, too, hailed the prospect of a cut in ECA funds. Senator Taft (R., Ohio), who joined Senator Russell (D., Ga.) in unsuccessful efforts to trim the ceiling by 10 per cent, expressed hope the appropriations committee would

knock that much off the cash total.

Taft said: "I'm glad to see the
President is willing to go part of
the way along the road he should

President is willing to go part of the way along the road he should go. But I still think the total can be cut even more."

Others Favor Economies

Other GOP senators, such as Bridges (N.H.), Ferguson (Mich.) and Cordon (Ore.), favor any economies possible without hurting ERP.

Paul G. Hoffman, ECA chief, said he would "welcome" any savings that could be brought about. He suggested April 13, when Congress approved the ECA authorization, that some savings might result from drops in the price of goods shipped abroad under the Marshall

He said then that a "recalculation might disclose savings that can be made as a result of further changes in price."

Czech Aide Quits Job, Said To Ask U.S. Asylum

Washington, April 26 (AP)—A high-ranking member of a visiting Czechoslovak financial mission is reported to have broken with his Communist-run Government and asked for asylum in this country.

The report was given to a newsman today by diplomatic informants. They said the official, Hugo Skala, quit his post last week a few hours after reaching United States shores en route to Washington.

Skala was the No. 2 man in the Czech delegation sent here to try to reach a settlement on American property taken over by Czechoslovakia.

Kidnapping Charged

The Czech Embassy, it was learned, has twice brought the case to the attention of State Department officials. At first, the embassy told the department it feared the man had been "kidnapped."

A r Skala sent a formal letter of resignation to Czech Ambassador Valadimir Outrata, the embassy then accused him of absconding with important documents.

Skala denied this and diplomatic officials support him, terming the charges "typical Communist counteraccusations designed to cover their embarrassment."

Schedule Upset

The scheduled talks between the

State Department and the Czech group have been upset by Skala's absence since he was to be the chief Czech financial expert.

Evzen Loebt, deputy Czech Minister of Foreign Trade, who heads the group, is reported unwilling to trust any of the material left behind by Skala and has appealed to Prague to send along another financial expert.

Wife And Son Safe

Diplomatic officials said Skala renounced his job shortly upon reaching New York after receiving a cable from his wife and son saying they had reached the American zone of Germany.

The State Department has taken no decision yet on his request to be allowed to remain in the United States. But it is presumed this appeal will be granted in line with the traditional American policy of giving asylum to political refugees.

U.S. China Base Future In Doubt

San Francisco. April 26 (P)—
The Chinese Communist radio demand that Britain and the United States get out of China today raised a question about the American naval base at Tsingtao.

The Red radio demanded that both countries get their forces out of China's "land, seas and air."

The port of Tsingtao has been the far western Pacific base of the United States Navy for months. Communists hold all land routes into the city.

Bigger Ships Move

Both Britain and the United States moved their larger naval vessels out of Shanghai today. The ships anchored down the Yangtze estuary. They still are in China. technically, but out of range of Communist guns.

The Peiping radio asserted the four British warships damaged last week on the Yangtze joined Chinese Government ships in the bombardment of Red shore positions.

Compensation was demanded by the Reds. The radio said some 252 casualties were suffered by Red troops. The British lost 43 dead. Some 80 sailors were wounded, and the sloop Amethyst still is trapped on the Yangtze.

Apology Sought

In addition to compensation, the radio said the British should apologize and British leaders should be punished.

"The British imperialists must understand," said the radio, "that China is no longer the China of

11926 when British navat vessels bombarded Wanhsien in Szechuan province. She is no longer the China of the days when Great Britain and the United States jointly bombarded Nanking.

'The Yangtze River now belongs to the Chinese people and the People's (Communist) Liberation army and no longer belongs to servile and weak-kneed traitors."

Reds Vow Protection To All Foreigners

San Francisco, April 26 (P)-The Chinese Communists today promised to protect "the security and lives and property of all foreign nations" in China.

The statement came in the broadcast text of a proclamation issued yesterday by Mao Tze-tung, No. 1 Chinese Communist, and Gen. Chu Teh, commander in chief of China's Communist armies

"It is hoped." the Red broadcast from Peiping said, "that all foreign nationals will do their work as usual and preserve order. All foreign nationals must observe the laws and decrees of the peoples liberation (Communist) Army and he Peoples Government.

Can't Harbor Criminals

"They must not engage in espionage activities or acts against the cause of the independence of the Chinese nation and of the peoples' liberation.

They must not harbor Chinese war criminals, counter-revolutionary elements and other criminals. Otherwise, they will be dealt with according to the laws of the Peoples Liberation Army and the Peoples Government.

The broadcast also promised that the lives and property of the Chinese would be protected "regardless of class, faith or profession. Similar guarantees were given for schools and hospitals. A DD

Says Reds Await Depression

BOSTON, April 26 (AP).—Senator Joseph C. O'Mahoney, Democrat of Wyoming, said tonight the help to save democracy."

CLOSED SPY CASES ASKED

Federal Jury Urges Secrecy In Government Probes

New York, April 26 (AP)-A Federal grand jury today urged that a curtain of secrecy be dropped over spy investigations in the United States.

The proposal presumably would ban such public hearings as those

now held by the House Un-American Activities Committee.

The grand jury, which has been investigating subversive activities in New York, told Federal Judge Sylvester J. Rvan that its recommendations were prepared in cooperation with the Army, Navy Air Force and Federal Bureau of Investigation.

Want Sterner Action

The plan for secret hearings was among a number of proposals which the jury said might guarantee a sterner crackdown on foreign spies in this country.

Agents unfriendly to the nation are trying to pry into national defense and security secrets, the jury said in a five-page document.

Asking secret investigations, the

jury claimed first-hand knowledge of "the difficulties in arriving at the truth concerning espionage violations when witnesses have been alerted by publicized charges and counter-charges.'

The jury also asked a law change to permit a spy to be tried in court no matter how long ago his crime was committed. Now, if a crime goes undicsovered for three years, spy cannot be prosecuted,

spy in the Communist party.

In a soft voice she said she

joined the party in 1942 and kept

the FBI informed of what she

learned "from the very day I

top Communists.

Girl at Trial Recounts

7 Years as Spy for FBI

NEW YORK. (P)-An attractive girl told a story before a

Angela Calomiris, a dark-haired photographer, was the

Joined Party in '42 APP ?

federal jury yesterday of seven busy years as an FBI counter-

latest government surprise witness at the conspiracy trial of 11

She stepped lightly from the witness stand at one point and placed a finger on the shoulder of Gil Green, one of the defendants and one-time secretary of the Communist party in New York state.

Miss Calomiris identified him as the man who welcomed her into party ranks seven years ago.

Under the assumed name of Angela Cole, she testified, she she moved freely in lesser Communist councils, apparently a loyal, interested member who was entrusted with money and records of the party.

To the moment she sat down in the red leather witness chair, she said, her FBI connection was so carefully shielded that the party still listed her as a member in good standing.

Smiling quickly and adjusting her black dress, she described herself as "a very active Communist" from the days when the party conducted many of its activities underground.

She went to Communist schools she testified, as a preliminary to her advancement upward in party ranks. At one of them, she said she was taught that:

"Socialism could not be achieved by evolution, but that it was necessary to violently overthrow the existing government and capitalism.'

Miss Calomiris, first woman witness for the government in the 59day-old trial, appeared to nettle the defendants.

One of them, Benjamin J. Davis. Negro city councilman in New York, told a reporter during a re-

"In the past the FBI stool pigeons have been males, now they have found a female."

Foster Testimony Due In Trial

New York, April 26 (A)—Fed-al Judge Harold R. Medina toannounced he would permit taking of a deposition from William Z. Foster, national Communist party chairman, in the trial of eleven top Communists on conspiracy charges.

Foster was indicted with the eleven, but his trial was severed because of a heart condition. All twelve were charged with conspiracy to organize the Communist party to advocate overthrow of the Government by violence.

Defense counsel, in moving earlier for the Foster deposition, said his testimony was essential to the defense. They argued that to deny the deposition possibly would reouire Foster to disregard warnings of his doctors of possible danger to his life by appearing personally to testify.

Members Of Politburo

Those on trial are all members of the national board, or Politburo, of the Communist party in the United States. They are Eugene Dennis, general secretary; Benjamin J. Davis, Jr., Negro, New York city wuncilman; John B. Williamson; Henry Winston, Negro; Jacob Stachel, John W. Gates, Robert G. Thompson and Irving Potash, all of New York; Carl Winter, of Detroit; Gilbert Green, of Chicago, and Gus Hall, of Cleveland.

The Government today called its ninth witness, Angela Calouiris, of Manhattan, a photographer, who testified she became a Communist party member in 1942 after receiving a visit from the FBI.

Miss Calouiris said she had received invitations to join the party prior to 1942, but was "not interested in them until then.'

She said she still was a member and financial secretary of a Communist club in the west midtown section of Manhattan.

U.N. Press

Lake Success, April 26 (AP)-The United States lost two major battles on press freedom in the United Nations today, but decided to keep fighting for its ideas.

Latin America, Slav and Asiatic countries, standing together in rare harmony, delivered the two defeats in the Assembly's 58-nation Social Committee, which is drafting a convention on the gathering and inter2723

One decision added to the convention a code of ethics for foreign correspondents, as proposed by Mexico. The United States described it as "unenforceable.

Cites "Backdoor Censorship" The other kept out any reference to the existing international telecommunications convention, which, the United States contends, pro-

vides for a "backdoor censorship" that should be outlawed.

The committee voted 20 to 18 with 6 abstentions against a United States proposal to have the convention declare the contracting countries would not apply provisions of the telecommunications convention to press messages.

These provisions allow a government to stop any message leaving its territory that it considers dangerous to national security or public order or in violation of one of its laws, and that's where the United States says "backdoor censorship" comes in.

Other articles of the new gathering convention limit censorship to matters of national defense.

Votes Down Indian Plan The committee voted down an Indian proposal, originally suggested by Belgium, that would have stated specifically that nothing in the treaty on news gathering should prejudice a country's rights under the telecommunications pact.

Erwin D. Canham, editor of the Christian Science Monitor and United States delegate, told newsmen later this eased the position. as far as the United States was concerned, on this point. He said it was left to legal interpretation which treaty should apply and he believed the news-gathering pact would win precedence.

Canham said the United States still would keep fighting in the hope of making good both defeats when the convention comes before the full General Assembly

Includes Mexican Code The committee decided by two roll-call votes of 24 to 15 and 27 to 17 to include the Mexican code of ethics paragraph, which reflects ideas Russia and her satellites had tried and failed a dozen times previously to get into the

convention. The paragraph declares it the duty of foreign correspondents to "report facts without discrimination, to further international understanding and to contribute to international peace and security."

Canham protested in vain that the convention is designed to become a treaty and that no democratic government could enforce such a "moral obligation" on correspondents.

"I hesitate to say it will make the whole convention unacceptable to my Government." he said, but indicated this would be the case unless the paragraph is deleted in an Assembly plenary session.

"We shall strive to the very last moment of the plenary to reach agreement." he told the delegates.

The committee's action added the Mexican proposal to Article 9 of the proposed convention, defining the limits governments may set on the broad rights guaranteed correspondents in other conventions.

Semyon Tsarapkin, of Russia, said he was for it as "protection against warmongers," a protection he said the United States "favors in principle but not in practice."

Briton Outlines Talk Condition

Lake Success, April 26 (AP)-A high British Government source here said today Britain would agree to Russia's proposal for a meeting of the Big Four Foreign Ministers only on condition that such a parley would not affect the talks at Bonn on a West German state.

The British official confirmed that Russia had offered to lift the Berlin blockade if the Western powers would end the counterblockade and agree to a meeting of the Council of Foreign Ministers to consider the whole German question.

Major Condition

The reservation on the Bonn talks was the major condition laid down by the British official for acceptance of the proposal. He also insisted there must be a definite agenda agreed on in advance of a Foreign Ministers' gathering.

There was no immediate reaction from the American delegation to the United Nations.

Soviet Deputy Foreign Minister Andrei A. Gromyko continued his silence on the talks.

"I have nothing to say," he said

Russians are "waiting" for a depression born of the "greed" of American capitalist leaders to deliver the whole world to Communism. In an address at the twentieth anniversary dinner of the Boston College Law School he said, "If private capitalism would save itself, then it must first FIRST LEAD RUSSIAN (300)

BY ARTHUR GAVSHON

LONDON, APRIL 26-(AP)-BUSSIA OFFERED THE WEST TODAY A DEAL FOR ENDING THE BLOCKADE OF BERLIN. IT CALLED FOR LIFTING THE BLOCKADE IN

ADVANCE OF A BIG FOUR MEETING ON GERMANY'S FUTURE.

A BRITISH FOREIGN OFFICE SPOKESMAN SAID THE UNITED STATES, BRITAIN AND FRANCE WOULD BE READY TO BESUME FOUR-POWER TALKS ON GERMANY AFTER RUSSIA LIFTS THE BLOCKADE -- BUT THE WEST HAS NO INTENTION OF "GOING BACK ON THEIR WASHINGTON AGREEMENTS."

THESE AGREEMENTS RELATED TO FORMATION OF A WESTERN GERMAN GOVERNMENT,

WHICH RUSSIA VIGOROUSLY OPPOSES.

THE NEW RUSSIAN PROPOSAL, ANNOUNCED BY THE OFFICIAL SOVIET NEWS AGENCY TASS, WOULD CALL OFF THE BLOCKADE IF THE WEST SET A DATE ACCEPTABLE TO BUSSIA FOR A FOUR-POWER MEETING. BUSSIA PREVIOUSLY HAD DEMANDED INTRODUCTION OF A SINGLE SOVIET CUBRENCY IN THE WESTERN SECTORS OF BERLIN BEFORE ENDING THE BLOCKADE, BUT THAT CONDITION NOW HAS BEEN DROPPED WESTERN DIPLOMATS SAID THE REASON APPEARED TO BE THAT THE WEST'S

BLOCKADE OF EAST GERMANY AND EAST EUROPE WAS HURTING THE BUSSIANS AND THEIR FRIENDS MORE THAN THE BERLIN BLOCKADE WAS HURTING THE WEST.

THE EAST-WEST CURRENCY FOUL-UP IN BERLIN WAS THE OSTENSIBLE

CAUSE OF THE 10-MONTHS-OLD RUSSIAN BLOCKADE. RUSSIA SAYS NOW THIS COULD BE SETTLED IN A BIG FOUR MEETING.

THE NEW RUSSIAN POSITION WAS OUTLINED TO DR. PHILIP JESSUP, THE AMERICAN DELEGATE ON THE UNITED NATIONS SECURITY COUNCIL, AT LAKE SUCCESS. JESSUP'S TALKS WITH HIS OPPOSITE SOVIET NUMBER JACOB A. MALIK, BEGAN FEB. 15. WHEN JESSUP TOOK THE INITIATIVE FOR SOUNDING OUT THE SOVIET UNION ON A SETTLEMENT, MOSCOW SAID.

THE BRITISH FOREIGN OFFICE SPOKESMAN DESCRIBED THE RUSSIAN VERSION OF THE LAKE SUCCESS EXCHANGE AS "ACCURATE, IF NOT VERY FULL." HE TOLD A NEWS CONFERENCE THE EXCHANGES WERE "EXPLORATORY," AND WOULD CONTINUE. THE SPOKESMAN WOULD NOT COMMIT BRITAIN ON THE MATTER OF SETTING A DATE FOR FOUR-POWER TALKS.

SOME WESTERN DIPLOMATS HERE ARE OPTIMISTIC THAT THE BERLIN

STALEMATE IS NEAR A SETTLEMENT. SOME THINK THE ALLIED COUNTER-BLOCKADE WAS THE DECISIVE FACTOR AND OTHERS SAY THE POSSIBILITY OF SETTLEMENT MAY BE ATTRIBUTED TO THE RECENTLY SIGNED NORTH ATLANTIC PACT.

BRITISH INFORMANTS POINTED OUT THAT THE NEW RUSSIAN OFFER CAME AFTER THE AMERICANS HAD TAKEN THE INITIATIVE TO FIND OUT WHETHER A SETTLEMENT WAS POSSIBLE. THE FOREIGN OFFICE SPOKESMAN SAID BRITAIN HAD NOT BEEN CONSULTED BEFORE THE UNITED STATES APPROACH TO THE RUSSIANS WAS MADE.

IF THE OFFER IS WHAT TASS REPORTED -- AND APPARENTLY TASS VERSION WAS SUBSTANTIALLY CORRECT -- IT WOULD IN ANY EVENT MARK A MAJOR CONCESSION

ON THE PART OF THE RUSSIANS.

A BRITISH FOREIGN OFFICE SPOKESMAN REFUSED TO COMMIT BRITAIN TO ACCEPTING THE PRINCIPAL CONDITION -- SETTING A DATE FOR A BIG FOUR MEETING. WESTERN DIPLOMATS HERE, SEEING A RETREAT IN THE BUSSIAN POSITION, SAID THE BEASON APPEARED TO BE THAT THE WESTERN COUNTER-BLOCKADE OF EAST GERMANY AND EASTERN EUROPE WAS HURTING THE BUSSIANS AND THEIR FRIENDS MORE THAN THE BERLIN BLOCKADE WAS HURTING THE WEST. THE BRITISH SPOKESMAN TOLD A NEWS CONFERENCE THE SOVIET-AMERICAN EXCHANGES HAVE BEEN GOING ON SINCE FEB. 15, HAVE BEEN EXPLORATORY, AND

IF THE OFFER IS WHAT TASS REPORTED, IT WOULD MARK A MAJOR

CONCESSION BY THE RUSSIANS.

WILL CONTINUE.

NEGOTIATIONS IN THE PAST HAVE BROKEN DOWN, BOTH IN AND OUTSIDE THE UNITED NATIONS, ON THE SUBJECT OF TIMING. THE WESTERN POWERS HAVE INSISTED THAT THE BLOCKADE BE LIFTED BEFORE ANY BIG FOUR SESSION.

AS TASS DESCRIBED THE OFFER, THE RUSSIANS NOW PROPOSE THAT THEIR BLOCKADE AND THE WESTERN POWERS COUNTER-BLOCKADE BE LIFTED, AND THAT THE FOUR NATIONS' FOREIGN MINISTERS THEN MEET AND DISCUSS ALL

OUTSTANDING GERMAN PROBLEMS. THEY HAD BEEN ADAMANT AGAINST SUCH

TIMING IN PAST NEGOTIATIONS.

THE WESTERN POWERS AND GERMAN LEADERS IN THEIR ZONE REACHED AN HISTORIC AGREEMENT LAST NIGHT TO SET UP A WEST GERMAN REPUBLIC, COMPLETELY DIVORCED FROM THE SOVIET ZONE AND OPERATING UNDER ITS OWN CONSTITUTION. PRESUMABLY THIS WOULD BE AMONG THE PROBLEMS TO ARISE AT A FOUR-POWER MEETING, SINCE THE BUSSIANS HAVE OPPOSED THAT PLAN. THE SOVIET UNION. TASS SAID, SPECIFICALLY OFFERED TO LEAVE UNTIL THE FOUR-POWER MEETING THE SUBJECT OF RESTORING A SINGLE CURRENCY IN BERLIN, ONE OF THE BIG SUBJECTS OF DISCORD. THE SOVIET SECTOR HAS A RUSSIAN-BACKED MARK, INFERIOR IN VALUE TO THAT OF THE WEST MARK, BACKED BY THE WESTERN POWERS. THE CURRENCY ISSUE IS TIGHTLY WOVEN INTO THE WHOLE CONTROVERSY OVER THREE-OR FOUR-POWER BULE, WHICH HAS TORN THE CONQUERED NATION INTO THE EQUIVALENT OF TWO SEPARATE COUNTRIES.

MALIK, THE NEWS AGENCY SAID, TOLD JESSUP ON MARCH 21 THAT "IF AGREEMENT WILL BE REACHED AS TO A DATE WHEN THE COUNCIL OF FOREIGN MINISTERS WOULD MEET, THE ABOVE MENTIONED RECIPROCAL RESTRICTIONS ON COMMUNICATION AND TRADE (THE BLOCKADE AND COUNTER-BLOCKADE) COULD BE LIFTED BEFORE THE COUNCIL OF FOREIGN MINISTERS

STARTED ITS WORK.

THE OFFER WAS MADE IN DISCUSSIONS BETWEEN MALIK AND JESSUP BETWEEN FEB. 15 AND APRIL 10, WHEN THEY HAD THEIR LAST MEETING, THE SOVIET

NEWS AGENCY SAID. JESSUP, THE AGENCY SAID, TOOK NOTE OF THE FACT THAT IN AN INTERVIEW-BY-MAIL WITH KINGSBURY SMITH, OF INTERNATIONAL NEWS SERVICE. PRIME MINISTER STALIN MADE NO MENTION OF THE CURRENCY ISSUE AS ONE OF THE PREREQUISITES FOR LIFTING THE BLOCKADE. HE

ASKED MALIK ABOUT IT. DECLARING IT WANTS TO "REFUTE" PUBLISHED REPORTS OF THE SITUATION "WHICH DO NOT CORRESPOND TO REALITY, TASS SAID:

"J. A. MALIK TOLD MR. JESSUP IN THIS CONNECTION THAT THE ABSENCE X X X OF MENTION CONCERNING THE CURRENCY NOT ACCIDENTAL, AND THAT THE QUESTION OF CURRENCY FOR BERLIN CAN BE DISCUSSED AT A SESSION OF THE FOREIGN MINISTERS COUNCIL DURING EXAMINATION OF THE QUESTION OF GERMANY."

THE BIG RUPTURE BETWEEN EAST AND WEST CAME LAST JUNE 19, WHEN THE

RUSSIANS CLAMPED A BLOCKADE ON THE WEST-OCCUPIED SECTORS OF

BERLIN AMID A CLASH OVER WHICH SHOULD CONTROL GERMAN CURBENCY. GEN. LUCIUS D. CLAY, U.S. MILITARY GOVERNOR, GAVE WARNING THAT THE WESTERN POWERS WERE IN BERLIN TO STAY, UNLESS DRIVEN OUT BY FORCE OF ARMS. NOT BY THREATS, PRESSURES OR OTHER ACTIONS WOULD THEY GIVE UP RIGHTS THEY WON IN THE WAR, HE DECLARED.

WESTERN-OCCUPIED BERLIN BECAME AN ISLAND SURROUNDED BY THE SOVIET OCCUPATION ZONE, BUT AMERICAN AND BRITISH KNOW-HOW ESTABLISHED THE AIRLIFT WHICH HAS AMAZED THE WORLD BY KEEPING BERLIN'S MILLIONS SUPPLIED WITH FOOD. FUEL AND BAW MATERIALS FOR INDUSTRIES.

THE WESTERN POWERS ESTABLISHED A COUNTER-BLOCKADE, STOPPING ESSENTIA MATERIALS OF THEIR BERLIN SECTOR FROM REACHING THE SOVIET ZONE. HOPE FOR A COMPROMISE SETTLEMENT SOARED LAST AUGUST WHEN EMISSARIES OF THE WESTERN POWERS MET RUSSIA'S PRIME MINISTER STALIN AND MEMBERS OF HIS KREMLIN HIGH COMMAND IN MOSCOW. A SERIES OF MEETINGS BROUGHT ABOUT SOMETHING THAT LOOKED LIKE THE FOUNDATION OF A SETTLEMENT, BUT IT COLLAPSED AFTER DETAILS WERE TURNED OVER TO REPRESENTATIVES OF THE FOUR POWERS IN BERLIN.

THE WESTERN ALLIES PROTESTED IN VAIN THAT THE BUSSIANS HAD VIOLATED

THE MOSCOW AGREEMENTS.

THE U.S., BRITAIN AND FRANCE THEN ACCUSED RUSSIA IN THE UNITED

ARGENTINA'S FOREIGN MINISTER JUAN A. BRAMUGLIA, MUSTERING A BLOC OF SMALL-NATION U.N. NEUTRALS, ATTEMPTED TO MEDIATE A SETTLEMENT. THE RUSSIANS VETOED HIS PLAN.

STILL ANOTHER MEDIATION EFFORT FAILED, THIS ONE BASED ON THE RENCY DISPUTE. THE ALLIES BEJECTED IT, VIEWING IT AS A "MUCH-FOR-LITTLE" TRADE IN WHICH THEY WOULD HOLD THE SHORT END OF THE BARGAIN. DN653AED

LONDON, APRIL 26-(AP)-BRITISH AND DOMINION LEADERS WERE REPORTED TONIGHT TO BE AGREED THAT A REPUBLICAN INDIA CAN BE FITTED INTO THEIR KING-LED COMMONWEALTH.

CONFERENCE OFFICIALS DID NOT DISCLOSE IMMEDIATELY WHETHER INDIA WILL REMAIN A FULL-FLEDGED MEMBER, OR WHETHER IT MERELY WILL HAVE CLEARLY-DEFINED ASSOCIATIONS WITH THE OTHERS.

THE OFFICIALS DESCRIBED THE FIVE-DAY-OLD TALKS BETWEEN THE PRIME MINISTERS OF BRITAIN AND HER FAR-FLUNG DOMINIONS AS "HIGHLY

SUCCESSFUL."

THE CONFEREES ARE DRAFTING A STATEMENT DEFINING THE TERMS OF ASSOCIATION BETWEEN THE COMMONWEALTH AND THOSE OF ITS MEMBERS WHICH MAY DECIDE TO BECOME REPUBLICS. IT PROBABLY WILL BE MADE PUBLIC TO-MORROW.

A DECISION OF COMMONWEALTH STATESMEN TO MOVE OVER AND MAKE ROOM FOR A COUNTRY WHICH NO LONGER WILL PAY ALLEGIANCE TO BRITAIN'S MONARCH WOULD BE HISTORIC.

IT MAY MEAN THAT OTHER INDEPENDENCE-SEEKING STATES LIKE CEYLON. SOUTH AFRICA AND PAKISTAN MAY EVENTUALLY DECIDE AS WELL TO ADOPT REPUBLICAN CONSTITUTIONS.

REPUBLICAN INDIA'S CONTINUED ASSOCIATION WITH BRITAIN AND HER PARTNERS WILL HAVE VAST POLITICAL, ECONOMIC AND STRATEGIC ADVANTAGES FOR THE COMMONWEALTH.

IT MEANS BROADLY THAT THE SUBCONTINENT WILL REMAIN IN THE WESTERN SPHERE OF INFLUENCE AT A TIME WHEN THE EMERGENCE OF A RED CHINA IS CLOSE.

THE SPRAWLING COUNTRY'S VAST ECONOMIC AND STRATEGIC RESOURCES RE-MAIN AVAILABLE PRIMARILY TO WESTERN DEVELOPMENT. THE NEW DELHI GOVERN-MENT HAS SERVED NOTICE TO THE WEST THAT IT WOULD WELCOME INVESTMENT OF FOREIGN CAPITAL IN MAJOR NATIONAL INDIAN ENTERPRISES AND INDUSTRIES.

APART FROM ITS RESOURCES OF MANPOWER, INDIA HAS BIG UNDEVELOPED

RESERVES OF IRON AND STEEL. AND URANIUM.

MJ521PED

LONDON, APRIL 26-(AP)-THE CHRISTIAN CHURCH IN CHINA IS IN FOR PERSECUTION AT THE HANDS OF THE COMMUNISTS, THE REV. H.R. WILLIAMSON TOLD THE ANNUAL CONVENTION OF THE BAPTIST MISSIONARY SOCIETY TODAY. WILLIAMSON, A FORMER MISSIONARY TO CHINA, SAID "AT FIRST THE

COMMUNISTS IN CHINA WILL TOLERATE RELIGION BUT LATER THEY WILL

OPPOSE IT.

"THE CHURCH ATTITUDE IS TO ACCEPT THE CHALLENGE COMMUNISM PRESENTS. IT WILL COOPERATE AS LONG AS COOPERATION DOES NOT COMPROMISE CHRISTIAN

"I BELIEVE THE CHURCH OF CHRIST IN CHINA STANDS READY. IT HAS FAITH. AN OPPORTUNITY TO SHOW THE WORLD THAT WE CHRISTIANS CAN ONCE AGAIN OUT-THINK, OUT-LIVE AND IF NEED BE OUT-DIE OUR RIVALS." LS708PED

(FOLLOWING THIS MORNING'S SESSION, THE TWO DAY TALKS WILL BE RIVATE. A SUMMARY OF DECISIONS WILL BE ANNOUNCED THURSDAY. IN ADDITION TO THE DELEGATES FROM THE 11 MARSHALL PLAN NATIONS, TWO SPANISH OBSERVERS ARE ATTENDING.

BJ1048AED

LONDON-THIRD ADD FIRST LEAD BRITISH-CHINESE X X X THE CHINA LORD STRABOLGI, A LABORITE, SAID IN THE HOUSE OF LORDS: "WE CANNOT AFFORD, ESPECIALLY IN EASTERN ASIA, TO HAVE OUR FLAG AFFRONTED AND OUR SEAMEN MURDERED IN THIS WAY WITHOUT DOING OUR UTMOST TO OBTAIN REDRESS.

"WHATEVER HAPPENS, IN THE END WE MUST DEMAND FULL REDRESS FOR THIS VERY SERIOUS OUTRAGE AND INSULT TO OUR FLAG AND WARSHIPS." LORD STRABOLGI SPOKE AFTER VISCOUNT HALL, FIRST LORD OF THE ADMIRALTY, GAVE LORDS AN EXPLANATION SIMILAR TO THAT MADE IN COMMONS BY ATTLEE.

PARIS, APRIL 26-(AP)-KONNI ZILLIACUS, LEFT WING MEMBER OF THE BRITISH PARLIAMENT, AND PIERRE COT, FRENCH LEFT WING DEPUTY, SAID TODAY THEY WERE "DEEPLY HURT" BY THE U.S. STATE DEPARTMENT'S REFUSAL TO GIVE

THEM VISAS TO VISIT AMERICA.
"IT IS AN OUTRAGE," SAID ZILLIACUS, BLAMING THE REFUSAL ON "THE IDIOTIC ARROGANCE OF THE STATE DEPARTMENT." HE SAID THAT NEVER BEFORE HAS A MEMBER OF A FOREIGN PARLIAMENT BEEN REFUSED A U.S. VISA.
THE TWO HAD BEEN INVITED TO THE UNITED STATES BY HENRY A. WALLACE

PROGRESSIVE PARTY LEADER. TO A NEWS CONFERENCE THEY ISSUED A STATEMENT SAYING:

"THE DECISION OF THE U.S. ADMINISTRATION HURTS BECAUSE WE HAVE LIFE-LONG TIES WITH THE UNITED STATES. WE ARE ELECTED REPRESENTATIVES OF OUR PEOPLES AND THIS DECISION IS A SLIGHT ON THE PARLIAMENTS OF WHICH WE ARE ADJUDGED TO BE WORTHY MEMBERS."

THE STATEMENT ASKED "HOW CONGRESS WOULD FEEL IF SENATORS OR REPRESENTATIVES WERE REFUSED PERMISSION TO ENTER FRANCE OR BRITAIN TO TELL THE BRITISH OR FRENCH PEOPLE WHAT THEY THOUGHT, MERELY BECAUSE THEY DISAGREED WITH THE FOREIGN POLICY PURSUED JOINTLY BY THEIR AND OUR GOVERNMENTS."

"THE UNITED STATES CLAIMS TO BE THE SAVIOUR OF WESTERN DEMOCRACY AND CIVILIZATION, "THE STATEMENT ADDED, "BUT THE STATE DEPARTMENT DEPRIVES THE AMERICAN PEOPLE OF THE RIGHT TO HEAR BOTH SIDES AND CONSIDER ALL FACTS BEFORE MAKING UP ITS MIND ON MATTERS THAT ARE LIFE AND DEATH ISSUES FOR ALL OF US."

ZILLIACUS SAID HE IS HALF AMERICAN, SINCE HIS MOTHER WAS AN AMERICAN, AND THAT HE WAS EDUCATED IN THE UNITED STATES.

MT948AED

ROME, APRIL 26-(AP)-A COMMUNIST DEPUTY IN THE ITALIAN PARLIAMENT HAS BEEN CHARGED BY THE CARABINIERI (MILITARY POLICE) WITH COMPLICITY IN THE WARTIME EXECUTION OF FIVE MEN AND TWO WOMEN, THE ITALIAN NEWS ASTRA SAID TONIGHT.

DEPUTY FRANCESCO MORAINO, A FORMER UNDER SECRETARY OF WAR, COMMANDED A PARTISAN UNIT AT BIELLA, IN NORTHERN ITALY, DURING THE CLOSING DAYS OF THE WAR. EIGHT OTHER PERSONS HAVE BEEN ARRESTED ON SIMILAR CHARGES. AN ASTRA DISPATCH FROM BIELLA SAID NO ARREST ORDER HAS BEEN ISSUED FOR MARAINO, PENDING DETERMINATION OF WHETHER HE HAS PARLIAMENTARY

MORAINO TOLD THE CARABINIERI THE SEVEN EXECUTED WERE FASCIST SPIES.

MD1043PED

ROME, APRIL 26-(AP)-THOUSANDS OF EUROPEAN REFUGEES ARE STREAMING THROUGH ITALY THIS WEEK IN ONE OF THE BIGGEST MASS MIGRATIONS SINCE THE WAR.

THE INTERNATIONAL REFUGEE ORGANIZATION (IRO) SAID A RECORD 5,000 MEN, WOMEN AND CHILDREN WILL LEAVE NAPLES AND GENOA WITHIN THREE DAYS ABOARD FIVE SHIPS AND ONE PLANE. THEY ARE HEADED FOR NEW HOMES IN AUSTRALIA AND BRAZIL.

SOME 15,000 MORE ARE DUE TO LEAVE ITALIAN PORTS NEXT MONTH.
MORE THAN 9,000 HAVE LEFT ITALY IN THE FIRST THREE WEEKS OF

APRIL.

MOST OF THE REFUGEES AND DISPLACED PERSONS (DP'S) ARE FROM EASTERN EUROPEAN COUNTRIES, INCLUDING POLAND, THE UKRAINE, YUGOSLAVIA AND THE BALTIC STATES. THEY PREFER RESETTLEMENT ABROAD TO RETURNING TO THEIR COMMUNIST-CONTROLLED HOMELANDS.

ALL HAVE SPENT VARYING PERIODS IN IRO CAMPS IN GERMANY.

AUSTRIA AND ITALY. M803AFD

THE U.S. SECTOR OF BERLIN, SAID TODAY THE THREE WESTERN MILITARY
GOVERNMENTS ARE DRAFTING AN "OCCUPATION STATUTE" FOR WESTERN BERLIN.
THE STATUTE WILL DEFINE THE RIGHTS OF THE CITY GOVERNMENT WHICH HAS BEEN ESTABLISHED UNDER THE WESTERN AUTHORITY AND WILL OUTLINE THE PREROGATIVES TO BE RETAINED BY THE OCCUPYING POWERS. MUCH OF THE PRINCIPLES OF THE STATUTE FOR WEST GERMANY WILL BE INCORPORATED IN THE CITY CHARTER. THE WEST GERMAN OCCUPATION STATUTE SERVES AS A SUBSTITUTE FOR A PEACE TREATY.

HOWLEY SAID THERE MUST BE SOME WEEKS OF STUDY YET BEFORE FINAL

ACTION IS TAKEN ON THE NEW BERLIN MEASURE.

ACCOUNTS FROM THE STATE DEPARTMENT AND TASS SHOWED EVENTS LEADING UP TO THE SOVIET OFFER TOOK PLACE IN THIS ORDER:

Berlin and xx lost 2 prop.

JAN. 30--PRIME MINISTER STALIN, IN A REPLY TO A QUESTIONNAIRE FROM J. KINGSBURY SMITH, EUROPEAN DIRECTOR OF INTERNATIONAL NEWS SERVICE, SAID RUSSIA SAW NO OBSTACLES TO LIFTING THE BERLIN BLOCKADE --IF THE WEST WOULD LIFT ITS COUNTER BLOCKADE OF EASTERN GERMANY AND POSTBONE LTG. PLANCE FOR A WEST CERMAN STATE DENDING A MEETING OF THE POSTPONE ITS PLANS FOR A WEST GERMAN STATE PENDING A MEETING OF THE COUNCIL OF FOREIGN MINISTERS TO DISCUSS THE ENTIRE GERMAN PROBLEM.

FEB. 15-- JESSUP ASKED MALIK IF STALIN'S OMISSION OF AN AGREEMENT ON FEB. 15-- JESSUP ASKED MALIK IF STALIN'S OMISSION OF AN AGREEMENT ON PEDILING CURPERIOR ASKED MALIK IF STALING THE BLOCKADE WAS

A BERLIN CURRENCY AS A CONDITION TO LIFTING THE BLOCKADE WAS INTENTIONAL. THIS ISSUE HAD BLOCKED PREVIOUS AGREEMENT.

MARCH 15--MALIK TOLD JESSUP THE OMISSION OF THE CURRENCY CONDITION

WAS NOT ACCIDENTAL.

APRIL 4--NORTH ATLANTIC PACT SIGNED. APRIL 5-- JESSUP ASKED MALIK FOR CONFIRMATION THAT THE ONLY SOVIET CONDITION TO LIFTING THE BLOCKADE WAS THE FIXING OF A DATE FOR A FOREIGN MINISTERS MEETING ON GERMANY.

APRIL 8--BRITAIN, FRANCE AND THE UNITED STATES BROKE DEADLOCK OVER AN OCCUPATION STATUTE, OR TEMPORARY PEACE TREATY, FOR WEST GERMANY

APRIL 10--MALIK GAVE THE SOVIET ANSWER TO JESSUP. APRIL 25--A SECOND OBSTACLE TO FORMATION OF A WEST GERMAN GOVERNMENT WAS REMOVED AFTER THE GERMANS AND THE THREE WESTERN MILITARY GOVERNMENTS REACHED A COMPROMISE ON A CONSTITUTION.

APRIL 26-TASS TOLD OF THE NEGOTIATIONS, STATING THAT BUSSIA'S ONLY CONDITIONS TO LIFTING THE BERLIN BLOCKADE ARE THAT THE WESTERN POWERS LIFT THEIR COUNTER-RESTRICTIONS ON TRADE WITH THE SOVIET ZONE AND THAT A DATE FOR A FOREIGN MINISTERS MEETING BE FIXED. THE STATE DEPARTMENT SAID "THE WAY SEEMS CLEAR" TO LIFTING THE BLOCKADE.

DISPLACED PERSONS WERE INCLUDED, TOO, AFTER A BITTER FIGHT.

THE COST OF ALL THESE PAYMENTS MAY RUN INTO SEVERAL HUNDRED

MILLION MARKS--FINANCED BY THE STATE GOVERNMENTS. (A MARK IS VALUED AT 30 CENTS). THE LAW APPLIES ONLY TO THE AMERICAN OCCUPATION ZONE. NEARLY TWO YEARS AGO THE U.S. MILITARY GOVERNMENT PUT ONE RESTITUTION LAW INTO EFFECT BY DECREE AFTER THE GERMANS HAD BALKED AT PASSING ONE THEMSELVES. BUT NO RESTITUTIONS HAVE YET BEEN MADE. THE NEW MEASURE SUPPLEMENTS THE MILITARY GOVERNMENT DECREE AND SETS THE PLAN IN OPERATION.

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SPIGLER SAID ONE OF THE MOST COMMON OVERCHARGES IS THIS: GERMAN OWNERS OF PROPERTY REQUISITIONED BY THE ALLIES ARE PAID NOT ONLY THE NORMAL RENTAL VALUE OF THEIR PROPERTY BUT ALSO AN ADDITIONAL COMPENSATION FOR PROFITS THEY MIGHT HAVE EARNED IF THEY POSSESSED THE PROPERTY.

SPIGLER SAID THIS ADDITIONAL COMPENSATION WAS NEVER AUTHORIZED AS A PART OF OCCUPATION COSTS.

SPIGLER SAID SOME CASES ALSO WERE FOUND WHERE LARGER RENTALS WERE REPORTED THAN ACTUALLY PAID, AND WHERE CHARGES WERE NOT SUPPORTED BY OFFICIAL REQUISITIONS.

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GERMAN BY THE ASSOCIATED PRESS

FRANKEURT, GERMANY, APRIL 26-(AP)-AN ANTI-COMMUNIST FEDERAL BEPUBLIC OF WESTERN GERMANY IS DUE TO COME INTO BEING THIS SUMMER. THE WEST GERMAN STATE, FORGED FROM THE THREE ALLIED OCCUPATION ZONES, WILL HAVE A POPULATION SECOND ONLY TO THE SOVIET UNION ON THE EUROPEAN CONTINENT. MORE THAN 46,000,000 PEOPLE LIVE WITHIN ITS

BORDERS.
THE FINAL OBSTACLES TO FORMATION OF A GERMAN REPUBLIC FREE OF MILITARY GOVERNMENT WERE OVERCOME IN A MOMENTOUS SIX-HOUR CONFERENCE LAST NIGHT BETWEEN WEST GERMAN POLITICAL LEADERS AND THE THREE WESTERN MILITARY GOVERNORS.

THE ANNOUNCEMENT WAS MADE AT A NEWS CONFERENCE BY GEN. LUCIUS D.

CLAY, AMERICAN MILITARY GOVERNOR.

CLAY SET THE TARGET DATE FOR THE BIRTH OF THE REPUBLIC AS JULY 15 FOUR MONTHS AFTER THE DATE SET LAST YEAR BY THE WESTERN ALLIES.
THE ACCORD IGNORES RUSSIA, WHICH OCCUPIES ALMOST A THIRD OF THE
PREWAR REICH. THE REPUBLIC WILL BE MADE UP OF THE INDIVIDUAL

THE ACCORD IGNORES RUSSIA, WHICH OCCUPIES ALMOST A THIRD OF THE PREWAR REICH. THE REPUBLIC WILL BE MADE UP OF THE INDIVIDUAL GERMAN STATES IN THE AMERICAN, BRITISH AND FRENCH OCCUPATION ZONES. WESTERN GERMAN LEADERS, WHILE GOING ALONG WITH THE ALLIES IN

FORMATION OF THE REPUBLIC; INSIST THEY WANT TO SEE ALL GERMANY UNITED EVENTUALLY.

THEY THEORIZE HOPEFULLY THAT A PROSPEROUS WEST GERMAN STATE WILL PROVE A MAGNET TO GERMANS IN THE SOVIET ZONE AND KILL ANY RUSSIAN HOPES OF ESTABLISHING A POPULAR COMMUNIST REGIME.

RUSSIA, WHICH HAS BEEN BITTER IN ITS OPPOSITION TO A SEEMINGLY FINAL SPLITTING OF GERMANY, HAS MADE MANY EFFORTS TO PREVENT FORMATION OF A WEST GERMAN STATE.

SOVIET PRIME MINISTER STALIN AT ONE TIME MADE POSTPONEMENT OF FORMATION OF THE STATE ONE OF THE CONDITIONS FOR LIFTING OF THE BERLIN

BLOCKADE. AND IT MIGHT BE MORE THAN A MERE COINCIDENCE THAT LAST NIGHT'S ANNOUNCEMENT OF AN ALLIED-GERMAN ACCORD ON THE REPUBLIC WAS FOLLOWED SWIFTLY BY A NEW RUSSIAN OFFER TO LIFT THE BLOCKADE IF THE ALLIES WOULD SET A DATE FOR A BIG FOUR FOREIGN MINISTERS' MEETING ON THE GERMAN PROBLEM AS A WHOLE.

THE ATTEMPTS TO FRAME A CONSTITUTION TO PREPARE FOR SETTING UP THE WEST GERMAN REPUBLIC HAVE BOJEX JUMPED OVER A LAZY DOG'SM

THE ATTEMPTS TO FRAME A CONSTITUTION TO PREPARE FOR SETTING UP THE WEST GERMAN REPUBLIC HAVE BUMPED INTO MANY KNOTTY PROBLEMS. THERE WERE DISAGREEMENTS BETWEEN THE ALLIES AND THE GERMANS AND BITTER ARGUMENTS BETWEEN GERMANS OF VARYING SHADES OF POLITICAL OPINIONS. BUT THE CLOUD THAT HUNG OVER THE PREPARATORY WORK WAS DISPELLED WITH A BRIEF ANNOUNCEMENT FROM CLAY:

"WE HAVE RECONCILED ALL DIFFERENCES BETWEEN THE OCCUPATION POWERS AND THE GERMANS, AND THE GERMANS HAVE RECONCILED ALL DIFFERENCES BETWEEN THEMSELVES."

CLAY ADDED THAT DETAILS OF THE ACCORD WOULD BE MADE PUBLIC IN TWO OR THREE DAYS. "WE AGREED THAT THE GERMANS WILL GO BACK TO BONN AND PREPARE THE EXACT GERMAN WORDING OF THE AGREEMENT," HE SAID. "WE (THE MILITARY GOVERNORS) WILL PREPARE THE ENGLISH WORDING."
A SIMILAR ANNOUNCEMENT WAS MADE BY DR. KONBAD ADENAUER, LEADER OF

THE CONSERVATIVE CHRISTIAN DEMOCRATIC PARTY AND HEAD OF THE GERMAN ASSEMBLY WHICH HAS BEEN WORKING FOR EIGHT MONTHS AT BONN TO WRITE A

CONSTITUTION FOR THE WEST GERMAN STATE.

ONE OF THE CHIEF INDUCEMENTS TO THE GERMANS IN FORMING THE REPUBLIC IS A PROMISE THAT THE MILITARY GOVERNMENTS WILL END WITH THE BIRTH OF THE STATE AND THAT THEY WILL HAVE A HIGH DEGREE OF AUTONOMY IN DOMESTIC AFFAIRS.

THE THREE WESTERN MILITARY GOVERNMENTS WILL BE REPLACED BY CIVILIAN

HIGH COMMISSIONERS WHEN THE STATE COMES INTO BEING.

THE HIGH COMMISSIONERS, IN THE NAME OF THEIR RESPECTIVE GOVERNMENTS WILL CONTINUE TO EXERCISE CONTROL OVER WESTERN GERMANY'S FOREIGN

AFFAIRS, FOREIGN TRADE AND VARIOUS OTHER FIELDS.
BUT GERMANS HAVE EXPRESSED THE BELIEF THEY WILL BE ALLOWED MORE PARTICIPATION IN THEIR OWN AFFAIRS THAN THEY HAD UNDER THE DIRECT

ADMINISTRATION OF THE MILITARY GOVERNMENTS.

THEY HAVE TAKEN HOPE ALSO FROM TWO STATEMENTS IN THE OCCUPATION STATUTE, OR INTERIM PEACE TREATY, THAT WILL GO INTO EFFECT WHEN THE GOVOYNMENT IS SET UP.

THAT THE ALLIES "DESIRE AND INTEND" THE GERMAN PEOPLE TO "ENJOY SELF-GOVERNMENT TO THE MAXIMUM POSSIBLE DEGREE" CONSISTENT WITH THE OCCUPATION.

THAT THE ALLIES WILL REVIEW THE STATUTE WITHIN 18 MONTHS WITH A VIEW TO EXTENDING GERMAN JURISDICTION OVER THEIR OWN AFFAIRS.

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TO CUIVE

THE GERMANS ATTENDING YESTERDAY'S CONFERENCE WITH THE MILITARY GOVERNORS REPRESENTED ALL POLITICAL FACTIONS AT THE BONN ASSEMBLY EXCEPT THE COMMUNISTS.

THE GOVERNORS WERE UNDERSTOOD TO HAVE MADE SOME CONCESSIONS TO THE SOCIAL DEMOCRATIC (SOCIALIST) PARTY WHICH HAD DEMANDED CENTRALIZED

CONTROL OF THE REPUBLIC'S FINANCES.
IT WAS REPORTED THAT THEY ALSO RETAINED STRONG STATES' RIGHTS GUARANTEES WITHIN THE FEDERAL SYSTEM. THESE WERE REPORTEDLY PROTECTED BY INCREASING THE POWERS OF THE PROJECTED PARLIAMENT'S UPPER HOUSE, TO BE ELECTED BY THE STATE LEGISLATURES JO

DR. OTTO SUHR, REPRESENTING BERLIN IN THE CONSTITUTIONAL ASSEMBLY, SAID THE MILITARY GOVERNORS HAD HELD OUT SOME HOPE THAT THE WESTERN SECTORS OF BERLIN MIGHT ULTIMATELY BE INCLUDED IN THE REPUBLIC. CLAY GAVE THIS TIMETABLE FOR THE BIRTH OF THE REPUBLIC:

APPROVAL OF THE FINAL TEXT OF THE CONSTITUTION BY THE BONN ASSEMBLY BY MAY 15.

RATIFICATION OF THE CONSTITUTION, EITHER BY PARLIAMENTS OF THE

GERMAN STATES OR BY POPULAR PLEBISCITE.

ELECTION OF THE PARLIAMENT OF THE REPUBLIC BY JULY 15. THE EXECUT-IVES OF THE REPUBLIC WILL BE CHOSEN BY THE PARLIAMENT.

TERMINATION OF THE ALLIED MILITARY GOVERNMENT, ALMOST AT THE SAME TIME AS THE PARLIAMENT OF THE REPUBLIC IS ELECTED. DN636AED

FRANKFURT, GERMANY, APRIL 26-(AP)-U.S. ARMY HEADQUARTERS TODAY IDENTIFIED THREE OF THE SOLDIERS WHO DIED OF BURNS IN AN EXPLOSION AT AN ARMY PRISON IN MANNHEIM LAST SATURDAY.

THEY WERE: TROY E.STOCKS, WHOSE MOTHER, MRS.ADDIE STOCKS, LIVES AT 113 MCDANIEL ST., KINSTON, N.C.; EUGENE L.MCDANIEL, SON OF DEWEY MCDANIEL, 3621 SUMMIT ST., KANSAS CITY, MO., AND ROBERT W.FOX, SON OF MRS.ETHEL FOX, 2509 NORTHERN BLVD., LONG ISLAND, NEW YORK.

NAMES OF TWO OTHERS WHO DIED WERE WITHHELD BECAUSE THEIR RELATIVES

HAVE NOT YET BEEN NOTIFIED.

LONE SURVIVOR OF THE BLAST WAS HAROLD L.HOAKS, SON OF CECIL HOAKS OF BROOK, IND. HE WAS REPORTED IMPROVING TODAY, ALTHOUGH STILL IN A CRITICAL CONDITION FROM SECOND DEGREE BURNS OVER NEARLY HALF HIS BODY.

HOAKS REFUSED MEDICAL AID FOR HIMSELF UNTIL THE OTHER VICTIMS WERE TREATED, ARMY OFFICIALS SAID.

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Dirampful ad 1 xx Europe DR. GRACE WAS FORMERLY COMMISSIONER OF EDUCATION IN CONNECTICUT. EDUCATORS FROM ALL WESTERN GERMANY AND 10 FOREIGN NATIONS ARE ATTENDING THE CHIEMSEE CONFERENCE. FOREIGN NATIONS REPRESENTED ARE: THE UNITED STATES, GREAT BRITAIN, AUSTRIA, FRANCE, NORWAY, DENMARK. SWEDEN. BELGIUM. HOLLAND, LUXEMBOURG.

NIGHT LEAD OCCUPATION COSTS

WIESBADEN, GERMANY, APRIL 26-(AP)-A U.S. MILITARY GOVERNMENT OFFICIAL CHARGED TODAY GERMANS ARE PADDING THEIR ACCOUNTS OF THE

OCCUPATION COSTS.

THE OVERCHARGES DO NOT COST THE U.S. TAXPAYER ACTUAL MONEY BECAUSE THE GERMANS PAY THE OCCUPATION EXPENSES IN MARKS THEMSELVES. THE SWOLLEN ACCOUNTS MISREPRESENT THE COST TO THE GERMAN TAXPAYER, HOWEVER, AND MIGHT LATER BE PRESENTED AS AN OFFSET TO ALLIED REPARATIONS CLAIMS.

DONALD S.SPIGLER, MILITARY GOVERNMENT FINANCIAL ADVISER, SAID NUMEROUS OVERCHARGES HAVE BEEN EXPOSED BY SPOT CHECKS IN THE STATT

OF HESSE.

THE TOTAL COULD AMOUNT TO SEVERAL HUNDRED MILLION MARKS IF THE PRACTICES DISCOVERED ARE GENERAL THROUGHOUT THE AMERICAN ZONE, HE

SAID. THE MARK IS VALUED AT 30 CENTS.

ONE OF THE MOST COMMON PRACTICES IS TO PAY GERMAN OWNERS OF PROPERTY REQUISITIONED BY THE OCCUPATION FORCES BOTH THE NORMAL RENTAL VALUE AND ADDITIONAL COMPENSATION FOR PROFITS THEY MIGHT HAVE EARNED. THIS ADDITIONAL CHARGE NEVER HAS BEEN APPROVED AS A LEGITIMATE OCCUPATION COST.

SPIGLER SAID A GENERAL SURVEY OF OCCUPATION COST ACCOUNTS MAY BE

ORDERED.

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MOSCOW, APRIL 26-(AP)-THE SOVIET WEEKLY PUBLICATION NEW TIMES TODAY CALLED GEN. DWIGHT D. FISENHOWER A "PARADE" GENERAL AND SAID HE IS MORE

INTERESTED IN POLITICS THAN STRATEGY. THE ARTICLE, WRITTEN BY COL.L.BORISENKO, CLAIMED EISENHOWER OWED HIS ADVANCE TO WINSTON CHURCHILL AND ADDED HE HAD REPAID CHURCHILL BY HELPING HIM POSTPONE THE ESTABLISHMENT OF A SECOND FRONT IN EUROPE. THE ARTICLE SAID THE ALLIED CAMPAIGNS IN NORTH AFRICA AND ITALY

CONTRIBUTED NOTHING TO THE JOINT WAR EFFORT.

IT SAID, WAS BECAUSE THEY SAW THE SOVIET UNION COULD DEFEAT GERMANY AND SUSPENDED FOR THREE DAYS.

SAID.

HE SAID THAT WHEN THE INVASION FINALLY TOOK PLACE, THE FRENCH COAST WAS DEFENDED BY ONLY A "THIN BROKEN CHAIN OF GERMAN ARMIES" AND THAT

THE ALLIES ENCOUNTERED "NO SERIOUS RESISTANCE."

"WITH EVEN ELEMENTARY SKILL OF CONDUCT OPERATIONS IN NORMANDY," THE ARTICLE CONTINUED, "THE ALLIES COULD HAVE DESTROYED THE GERMAN ARMIES THERE."

INSTEAD, IT SAID, THEY LEFT AN ESCAPE CORRIDOR FOR GERMAN TROOPS. BORISENKO MAINTAINED THAT ONLY THE SOVIET ARMY GOT THE ALLIES OUT OF THE ARDENNES SITUATION (BATTLE OF THE BULGE) BY ATTACKING IN THE

EAST AHEAD OF SCHEDULE. HE CHARGED THAT EISENHOWER'S BOOK, "CRUSADE IN EUROPE," CALLS FOR WAR AGAINST THE SOVIET UNION.

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SECOND NIGHT LEAD CHINA. (100)

BY FRED HAMPSON

SHANGHAI, WEDNESDAY, APRIL 27-(AP)-COMMUNIST-MENACED SHANGHAI GOT MORE JITTERS TODAY WITH THE DISRUPTION OF TELEPHONE SERVICE TO SOOCHOW (WUHSIEN). IT COULD MEAN THE REDS WERE WITHIN 50 MILES OF THIS GREAT CITY.

THE BREAK CAME IN MID-MORNING AFTER RED TROOPS, BOASTING THEY ALREADY HAD CRUSHED TWO NATIONALIST ARMIES, WERE ADVANCING SOUTHWARD TO THE WEST OF SHANGHAI HEADING FOR HANGCHOW.

LONG-DISTANCE SERVICE TO SOOCHOW, 50 MILES NORTHWEST OF SHANGHAI,

WENT OUT AT 10:45 A. M. COMMUNICATIONS OFFICIALS SAID THE "LINE WAS

THIS COULD MEAN EITHER OF TWO THINGS: RED TROOPS ALREADY HAD MOVED DOWN PAST SUCHOW OR MERELY THAT COMMUNIST GUERRILLAS OPERATING IN THE AREA HAD CHT THE LINE

AT MID-DAY THE COMMUNISTS HAD NOT REACHED THE RAILWAY WHICH RUNS
121 MILES FROM SHANGHAI SOUTHWEST TO HANGCHOW. THAT CITY LIKE SHANGHAI IS A POSSIBLE NATIONALIST ESCAPE FUNNEL BY SEA. TRAINS STILL WERE GOING THROUGH BOTH WAYS.

RAIL SERVICE STILL WAS BEING MAINTAINED ON THE SHANGHAI-NANKING LINE AS FAR AS KUNSHAN, 30 MILES NORTHWEST OF SHANGHAI AND 20 MILES EAST

OF SOOCHOW.

MOST OF THE TRAFFIC TO KUNSHAN WAS MILITARY -- SUPPLIES AND TROOPS. THIS STRENGTHENED THE BELIEF THAT THE GOVERNMENT MIGHT BE PLANNING SOME KIND OF A STAND SOMEWHERE IN THE GENERAL AREA OF SOOCHOW. SHANGHAI, WHICH XXX SECOND GRAF AS BEFORE.

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GRAHAM JENKINS, REUTERS' CORRESPONDENT, AND GEORGE VINE, INTERNATIONAL NEWS SERVICE CORRESPONDENT WHO ALSO IS EDITOR OF THE NORTH CHINA DAILY NEWS, WERE RELEASED BY GARRISON POLICE. THEY HAD BEEN DETAINED OVERNIGHT FOR PUTTING OUT WHAT THE GARRISON SAID WAS "A FALSE REPORT." THE REPORT DEALT WITH ASSERTED COMMUNIST NN245PCS NM

CHINESE WAR-NEWS

BY DON CARLSON

SHANGHAI, WEDNESDAY, APRIL 27-(AP)-THE CHINESE CIVIL WAR WAS THE BIG NEWS TODAY. BUT THERE WAS PRACTICALLY NO NEWS. THIS WAS WHAT YOU GOT WHEN YOU PICKED UP YOUR ENGLISH LANGUAGE

NEWSPAPER THIS MORNING:

THE CHINA PRESS BANNERED THE WAR STORY WHICH RAN ONLY ABOUT ONE-THIRD OF A COLUMN. IT WAS CAREFULLY ATTRIBUTED TO THE SEMI-OFFICIAL CENTRAL NEWS AGENCY.

THE CHINA DAILY TRIBUNE BOXED A SHORTER STORY AT THE BOTTOM OF PAGE ONE. IT ALSO WAS CAREFULLY ATTRIBUTED TO CENTRAL NEWS. THAT WAS ALL.

THE BRITISH-OWNED NORTH CHINA DAILY NEWS DIDN'T PUBLISH. GOVERNMENT AUTHORITIES HAVE SUSPENDED IT --- REPORTEDLY FOR THREE DAYS --- FOR PUBLISHING "UNTRUE" WAR STORIES.

AFTER THE DAILY NEWS CAME OUT MONDAY, THE SHANGHAI GARRISON COMMAND HAULED ON THE CARPET ITS ASSISTANT EDITOR, GEORGE VINE, AND GRAHAM JENKINS, CORRESPONDENT FOR THE BRITISH REUTERS NEWS AGENCY. JENKINS WAS ACCUSED OF DISTRIBUTING FALSE WAR NEWS AND VINE OF PUBLISHING IT. THEN THE GARRISON COMMAND CLAMPED DOWN WITH AN ORDER THAT NO WAR NEWS COULD BE PUBLISHED UNLESS RELEASED BY THE GARRISON THROUGH

NOW THE PAPERS ARE HEWING TO THE LINE. SO ARE THE MAJORITY OF FOREIGN CORRESPONDENTS. THEY DON'T WANT TO BE FOUND GUILTY OF WHAT THE GARRISON COMMAND CALLED "BUMOR MONGERING."

THAT IS PUNISHABLE BY DEATH BEFORE A FIRING SQUAD UNDER MARTIAL

LAW WHICH IS NOW IN FORCE HERE. FJ930PCS

MEANWHILE SHANGHAI, WHICH HAD TAKEN THE SITUATION WITH RELATIVE CALM, WAS BEGINNING TO SHOW EVIDENCE OF PANIC. SHANGHAI'S COMMERCE SEEMED GRINDING TO A HALT. THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE WAS OPEN BUT THERE WAS LITTLE BUSINESS. MANY OFFICES FAILED TO OPEN. THE MONEY MARKET WAS SO CHAOTIC AS TO BE MEANINGLESS. THE U.S. DOLLAR FETCHED 700,000 GOLD YUAN. THE PREWAR CHINESE SILVER DOLLAR SOARED UNTIL IT COST \$10 TO BUY SIX OF THEM. stangton add xx chartie.

REPORTS THAT THE REDS WERE GETTING CLOSE WERE NONE TOO RELIABLE. POSSIBLY THE COMMUNISTS HAD SOME VANGUARDS NEAR THE OUTSKIRTS OF THE CITY, BUT THE ONLY INFORMATION WHICH SEEMED DEFINITE WAS THAT THE REDS HAD TAKEN WUSIH AND WERE THERE IN FAIR STRENGTH.

EVEN THE COMMUNIST RADIO SAID THE REDS WERE IN THAT TOWN 70 AIRLINE MILES NORTHWEST OF SHANGHAI ON THE GRAND CANAL AND THE NANKING-

SHANGHAI RAILWAY ABOVE SOOCHOW.
IT WAS STILL ANYBODY'S GUESS WHETHER THE COMMUNISTS WOULD STRIKE FIRST TO SEAL OFF THE NATIONALIST ESCAPE ROUTE BY TAKING HANGCHOW, 100 MILES SOUTHWEST OF SHANGHAI, OR HIT FOR SHANGHAI ITSELF AND CLOSE THE GOVERNMENT'S LARGEST POTENTIAL EVACUATION PORT. IT WAS POSSIBLE THEY WOULD TRY TO DO BOTH.

THE FLAGSHIP ELDORADO OF VICE ADM. OSCAR BADGER, COMMANDER OF U.S. NAVAL FORCES IN THE WESTERN PACIFIC, MOVED FROM THE NO. 1 BUOY ON SHANGHAI'S FAMED "BATTLESHIP ROW" AT 11 A.M. IT WAS FOLLOWED DOWN THE MUDDY WHANGPOO RIVER BY THE TROOPSHIP CHILTON CARRYING ONE BATTALION OF MARINES.

THE BRITISH HEAVY CRUISER LONDON, SHELLED BY COMMUNIST SHORE GUNS ON THE YANGTZE ABOVE SHANGHAI LAST WEEK, ALSO MOVED OUT. SO DID THE

DESTROYER CONSTANCE.

WITHDRAWAL OF THE AMERICAN AND BRITISH NAVAL CRAFT CAME LESS THAN HOURS AFTER THE COMMUNIST BADIO DEMANDED THAT THE "AGGRESSIVE MILI-

TARY FORCES" OF THE TWO "IMPERIALIST" NATIONS GET OUT OF CHINA.

THE AMERICAN MOVE WAS PROMPTED TO AVOID ANY POSSIBILITY OF INCIDENTS
SUCH AS BEFELL FOUR BRITISH SHIPS ON THE YANGIZE. THE SLOOP AMETHYST WAS HIT BY RED GUNS BETWEEN SHANGHAI AND NANKING AND IS STILL MAROONED IN THE YANGTZE. THE LONDON, DESTROYER CONSORT AND SLOOP BLACK SWAN WERE SHELLED AS THEY TRIED TO AID THE AMETHYST. FORTY-THREE SAILORS ABOARD THE FOUR SHIPS WERE KILLED.

IT IS KNOWN THAT THE U.S. HAS TWO CRUISERS AND SEVERAL DESTROYERS ITS WESTERN PACIFIC FLEET IN THE EAST CHINA SEA AROUND THE MOUTH OF THE YANGTZE. THESE WARSHIPS, NORMALLY BASED AT TSINGTAO, COULD BE

USED SHOULD ANY EMERGENCY DEVELOP.

BUT JOHN CABOT, U.S. CONSUL GENERAL AT SHANGHAI, ALREADY HAD WARNED THE NEARLY 2,500 AMERICAN CITIZENS IN CHINA'S COMMERCIAL CAPITAL THAT THEY SHOULD EXPECT NO PROTECTION IF THEY ELECTED TO REMAIN IN THE CITY.

A48FX THEY HAVE BEEN OFFERED BEFUGE ON THE SHIPS IN THE YANGIZE ESTUARY. JUST BEFORE THE ELDORADO AND THE CHILTON PULLED OUT THIS MORNING. ONLY 40 PERSONS HAD BEEN CLEARED FOR EVACUATION. TWENTY OTHERS WERE BEING PROCESSED AND 30 MORE HAD INQUIRED OF THE U.S. CONSULATE ABOUT ARRANGEMENTS. SMALL CRAFT REMAIN IN SHANGHAI TO FERRY AMERICANS DOWN RIVER TO

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THE BIG SHIPS. THE BRITISH ALSO LEFT SMALL SHIPS AT SHANGHAI, INCLUDING THE SHELL-SCARRED BLACK SWAN.
THE U.S. CONSULATE STAFF AND EMPLOYES OF THE ECONOMIC COOPERATION ADMINISTRATION'S AMERICAN AID MISSION TO CHINA ALSO BEGAN PACTOK.

ADMINISTRATION'S AMERICAN AID MISSION TO CHINA ALSO BEGAN PACKING.
THE CONSULATE WILL MOVE FROM THE DOWNTOWN NEW DEVELOPMENT BUILDING TO THE U.S.-OWNED GLENLINE BUILDING ON THE BUND. THIS BUILDING ALSO IS OCCUPIED BY THE U.S. NAVY'S PORT FACILITY AND ECA.

A FEW MARINES FROM THE CHILTON WILL STAND GUARD HERE. ROGER D. LAPHAN, HEAD OF ECA'S CHINA MISSION, LEFT BY AIR TODAY FOR CANTON, THE TRANSPLANTED NATIONALIST CAPITAL IN SOUTH CHINA. HE WILL OPEN HEADQUARTERS THERE UNDER TERMS OF THE U.S. AID AGREEMENT WITH THE NATIONALIST GOVERNMENT AND SHANGHAI WILL BE REDUCED TO REGIONAL

HEADQ UARTERS. AS OF APRIL 18, ECA SUPPLIES WORTH \$12,671,000 WERE IN SHANGHAI.
SOME MORE GOODS ARE AT SEA AND MAY BE DIVERTED. WHEN THE COMMUNISTS
TOOK OVER IN PEIPING AND TIENTSIN THEY SEIZED ECA STOCKS, CLAIMING THEY WERE THE PROPERTY OF THE NATIONALIST GOVERNMENT.

CY/X21 RAPS CHINA SEPARATE (180)

BY TOM LAMBERT SHANGHAI, APRIL 26-(AP)-THE NO. 1 BUOY ON THE WHANGPOO RIVER OFF SHANGHAI'S FAMED BUND IS EMPTY.

FOR YEARS IT HAS BEEN THE SYMBOL OF FOREIGN LEADERSHIP IN THIS COUNTRY. THE NATION WITH A WARSHIP TIED TO THAT BUOY WAS THE NO. 1 FOREIGN NATION TO ALL CHINESE.

YEARS AGO THE BRITISH HELD THE BUOY. THEN THE JAPANESE GRABBED IT DURING WORLD WAR II. AT THE END OF THE WAR AN AMERICAN SHIP WAS KEPT TIED UP THERE.

THE LAST AMERICAN SHIP LEFT THE BUOY A FEW HOURS AGO. IT WAS THE ELDORADO, FLAGSHIP OF VICE ADM. OSCAR C. BADGER, COMMANDER OF AMERICAN NAVAL FORCES IN THE WESTERN PACIFIC. THE FLAGSHIP PULLED DOWN STREAM OUT OF POSSIBLE GUN BANGE OF THE COMMUNISTS.

NO SOONER HAD IT MOVED THAN CHINESE COOLIES BEGAN ROOTING THROUGH THE ABANDONED DOCKSIDE NAVAL STATION TO SEE IF ANYTHING OF VALUE HAD BEEN LEFT BEHIND. FORMERLY THEY WOULD NOT HAVE DARED SUCH A BOLD THING.

HOSPITAL CORPSMAN RICHARD BALTZER OF BEATRICE, NEB., WATCHING THE ELDORADO PREPARE TO LEAVE, POINTED RUEFULLY AT A YMCA SIGN ON THE DOCK.

AS THE ELDORADO SAILED, THE SIGN CAME INTO THE VIEW OF ALL. IT SAID:

"A HEARTY WELCOME AWAITS YOU IN SHANGHAI." LIKE NO. 1 BUOY, THE SIGN TONIGHT HAD LOST ALL SIGNIFICANCE. UM344APS NM

CHINESE HONG KONG, APRIL 26-(AP)-THE COMMUNISTS OF NORTH CHINA HAVE INFLATION TROUBLE TOO, TRAVELERS BACK FROM TIENTSIN SAID TODAY.

THEY DESCRIBED SOME OF THE HEADACHES OF THE NEW RULERS OF NORTH CHINA. THEY SOUND LIKE THOSE IN GOVERNMENT CHINA. WHEN THE COMMUNISTS TOOK TIENTSIN THEY PUT THEIR "PEOPLES MONEY" INTO CIRCULATION. THE REDS SET AN EXCHANGE RATE OF 80 TO \$1 U. S., THE TRAVELERS SAID, BUT IT HAS SLIPPED TO 800 TO \$1.
THEY ADDED THAT THE COMMUNISTS FEAR TO RAISE THE WAGES OF FACTORY

DISSATISFIED. JUST AS THEY WERE BEFORE.

ONE RESPONSIBLE BUSINESSMAN FROM TIENTSIN SAID THE STREETS HAD SPROUTED SIDEWALK VENDORS OF SECOND-HAND GOODS. THE VENDORS ARE FORMER WELL-TO-DO CHINESE WHO CAN'T FIND WORK AND ARE SELLING THEIR PERSONAL x28 POSSESSIONS.

ANOTHER TRAVELER WAS A FORMER DIVISION COMMANDER UNDER GEN. FU TSO-YI WHO SURRENDERED PEIPING. (THE DIVISION COMMANDER APPARENTLY IS ONE OF THE OFFICERS RELEASED BY THE REDS AFTER THEY TOOK OVER FU'S NORTH CHINA ARMIES.)

THE OFFICER SAID HE MET FU AT PEIPING RECENTLY AND WHILE HE HAS THE FREEDOM OF THE CITY "I DON'T BELIEVE HE COULD LEAVE."

HE SAID FU TOLD HIM HE SURRENDERED THE CITY MAINLY BECAUSE THE

STUDENTS WANTED IT. "THEY STRUCK AND DEMONSTRATED WHEN THEY HAD RICE TO EAT." HE QUOTED FU AS SAYING. "NOW THEY ARE GIVEN MILLET (AN INFERIOR GRAIN) AND THEY ARE NOT RAISING A SINGLE VOICE. THAT'S HOW IT IS." FAUTDCC

HONG KONG, APRIL 26-(AP)-AN UNCONFIRMED DISPATCH TO THE NEWSPAPER WAH KIU YAT PO FROM ITS AMOY CORRESPONDENT TODAY SAID THAT CHIANG

WAR ALU THE PROPERTY OF CHINA, HAD ARRIVED THERE.

KAI-SHEK, RETIRED PRESIDENT OF CHINA, HAD ARRIVED THERE.

AMOY IS A LARGE MAINLAND SEAPORT, OPPOSITE THE BIG ISLAND OF FORMOSA

AND ABOUT 300 MILES NORTHEAST OF HONG KONG.

VARIOUS REPORTS IN CHINA SAID THE GENERALISSIMO, WHO RULED

CHINA FOR 22 YEARS BEFORE HIS RETIREMENT IN JANUARY, LEFT HIS

RIDTUDLACE OF CHINON RELOW SWAMCHAI HUEN THE COMMUNICITY HOUSE. BIRTHPLACE OF CHIKOW, BELOW SHANGHAI, WHEN THE COMMUNISTS MOVED INTO NANKING.

HE IS NO. 1 ON THE COMMUNIST LIST OF SO-CALLED WAR CRIMINALS.

UM340APS

BY RUSSELL BRINES

TOKYO, SUNDAY, APRIL 26-(AP)-ANTI-FOREIGN INCIDENTS IN THE COMMUNIST SEIZURE OF CHINA ARE CAUSING THE JAPANESE TO WONDER HOW THE UNITED STATES AND BRITAIN CAN "SAVE FACE."

THE COMMUNIST SHELLING OF BRITISH WARSHIPS IN THE YANGTZE BROUGHT

THE QUESTION OF PRESTIGE INTO FOCUS. THE DRAMA WAS HEIGHTENED BY THE INVASION BY RED SOLDIERS OF THE NANKING RESIDENCE OF U.S. AMBASSADOR J. LEIGHTON STUART, AN ACT WHICH ONE FOREIGN DIPLOMAT HERE TERMED A VERY SERIOUS VIOLATION OF DIPLO-

MATIC IMMUNITY. THE JAPANESE -- LIKE MANY OTHER ORIENTALS -- ARE WATCHING THE SCRAMBLE FROM SHANGHAI, THE REMOVAL OF AMERICAN WARCRAFT FROM ARTILLERY RANGE, THE EVACUATION OF AMERICAN CIVILIANS. THEY ARE WATCHING EVERY WESTERN MOVE FOR A GLIMPSE OF STRENGTH OR WEAKNESS.

MILLIONS HAVE NOT FORGOTTEN HOW THE JAPANESE DROVE THE FOREIGNER FROM ASIA IN 1941. TO A VAST NUMBER OF ORIENTALS THAT WITHDRAWAL --AND THE ACCOMPANYING IMPRISONMENT OF FOREIGNERS -- WAS SO IGNOMINIOUS THAT PRESTIGE COULD NOT BE BOUGHT BACK COMPLETELY WITH ALL THE POWER, MONEY OR DIPLOMACY SINCE DEMONSTRATED BY THE WESTERN WORLD.

THE PARALLEL OF THE PANAY INCIDENT AND THE AMETHYST IS TOO SHARP TO BE MISSED. THE COMMUNIST SOLDIERS WHO AWOKE AMBASSADOR STUART WERE IF ANYTHING MORE CALLOUS TO TRADITION THAN THE JAPANESE WARTIME SECRET POLICE WHO ROUTED HUNDREDS OF FOREIGNERS FROM THEIR BEDS FOR

"QUESTIONING." VICE ADM. RUSSELL S. BERKEY, COMMANDER OF U.S. NAVAL FORCES IN THE FAR EAST, TOUCHED ON ONE ASPECT OF THE WESTERNERS' PRESTIGE IN A BADIO TALK LAST NIGHT. HE SAID THE JAPANESE COMMUNISTS ARE LIKELY TO BECOME "BOLDER AND MORE TROUBLESOME" WITH THE CHINESE RED VICTORIES.

EVENTS IN CHINA OF COURSE WILL NOT AFFECT THE INTERNAL OPERATIONS OF THE LABORNESE OCCUPATION.

OPERATIONS OF THE JAPANESE OCCUPATION. BUT THESE DEVELOPMENTS --

WORKERS LEST IT INCREASE INFLATIONARY PRESSURE. THAT LEAVES THE WORKERS AND THE WAY WESTERNERS REACT TO THEM -- CAN HAVE A PROFOUND EFFECT ON THE WAY JAPANESE COMMUNISTS REGARD THE AMERICAN AUTHORITIES THEY HAVE BEEN OPPOSING.

"WE ARE AFRAID," SAID ONE JAPANESE, "OF WHAT MAY HAPPEN IF THE AMERICANS TRY TO BE FAIR AND ONLY SUCCEED IN APPEARING WEAK." VOCHE APPEARED TO BE SPEAKING FOR THOSE IN THIS COUNTRY AND ELSEWMMW RXF GM AUJI O DIJJYMEAVAKZOFBBIXE ON

E APPEARED

ODBEMBELIF THEYM

HE APPEARED TO BE SPEAKING FOR THOSE IN THIS COUNTRY AND ELSEWHERE IN ASIA WHO HAVE BASED THEIR HOPE FOR A DIFFERENT KIND OF LIFE ON THE BELIEF THEY WILL BE SUPPORTED BY AMERICAN POWER -- AND THE PRESTIGE IT CARRIES.

X224APS NM

NY FOR SOUTH WX TOKYO, APRIL 26-(AP)-A YOUNG U.S. SOLDIER WAS DROWNED AND A SECOND NARROWLY ESCAPED DEATH IN THE WATERS OF A RESERVOIR NEAR YOKOTA AIR FORCE BASE FRIDAY, THE ARMY SAID TODAY.

CPL. JOHN M.HILL, 21, SON OF MRS. MARY O.BERB OF 203 NATIONAL AVE., PHOEBUS, VA., WAS DROWNED WHEN HIS CANOE OVERTURNED. A COMPANION, PFC VINCENT R.HOY, BROOKLYN, WAS RESCUED BY A JAPANESE CARETAKER AND PFC MICHAEL A.AMOIA, WASHINGTON, D.C. HILL'S

BODY WAS RECOVERED SATURDAY.

NN613PCS

TOKYO, APRIL 26-(AP)-A WIDE-EYED TWO YEAR OLD GIRL KNOWN ONLY AS "BUSTER" WAS AMONG THE 80 AMERICANS ARRIVING BY PLANE FROM SHANGHAI TONIGHT.

THE CHILD WAS IN THE CUSTODY OF MAJ. RICHARD J. WADE OF 7609 FOSTER STREET, DISTRICT HEIGHTS, MARYLAND.

HE REFUSED TO DIVULGE HER NAME BECAUSE, HE SAID, HER PARENTS WERE STILL IN SHANGHAI AND HE THOUGHT IT BEST TO CLOAK HER IDENTITY. MAJOR WADE BORE A LETTER OF INTRODUCTION TO MR. AND MRS. ALBERT GROSSE OF 1807 MCCLELLAN STREET, SEATTLE.

AT SEATTLE RELATIVES SAID THE GIRL WAS ADRIANNE PINDER, WHOSE

FATHER IS A U. S. GOVERNMENT EMPLOYE.

MR. AND MRS. ALBERT GROSSE OF SEATTLE SAID THEY RECEIVED A TELE-GRAM SENT FROM SHANGHAI BY THE LITTLE GIRL'S PARENTS, MR. AND MRS. ALWYNE PINDER. IT ASKED THEM TO CARE FOR THE CHILD UNTIL SHE COULD BE TURNED OVER TO MRS. BELLE TRENHOLM, (MAIL ADDRESS: BERTIN STUDIO 454 THIRD AVE.) NEW YORK CITY, PINDER'S MOTHER. PINDER IS A NEPHEW OF MR. GROSSE. FJ556PCS

SAPPORO, HOKKAIDO, JAPAN, APRIL 26 (AP)-TWO AMERICAN SOLDIERS TONIGHT WERE SENTENCED TO DEATH BY AN ARMY COURT MARTIAL FOR THE THANKSGIVING NIGHT MURDER OF TWO JAPANESE.

THEY ARE PFC. VIRGIL L.AIKENS, 21, OF HIGHMORE, S.D., AND CPL.

HAROLD F. SEEVERS, 21, OF WADE, OHIO.

THE PROSECUTION SAID THE TWO RAN AMOK WITH A PISTOL IN DOWNTOWN SAPPORO LAST NOV.25, KILLING TWO JAPANESE AND INJURING SEVERAL OTHERS. THE DEATH SENTENCE IS SUBJECT TO REVIEW BY HIGHER MILITARY AUTHORIT-IES AND PRESIDENT TRUMAN.

GG744ACS NM

PREVIOUSLY IT HAD BEEN REPORTED BAO DAI WAS ENROUTE TO SAIGON TO TAKE OVER THE LEADERSHIP OF A UNITED VIET-NAMESE GOVERNMENT,

PRESUMABLY AS KING.

THE CENTRAL PROVISIONAL GOVERNMENT NOW IS ONLY A PAPER ORGANIZATION, SUPPORTED BY FRENCH MONEY AND ARMS. BUT THE FRENCH HOPE THE FORMER EMPEROR, WHO WAS DEPOSED IN 1945, WILL WIN ENOUGH NATIONALIST FOLLOWERS FROM THE MOSCOW-TRAINED HO CHI MINH TO RULE EFFECTIVELY OVER ANNAM, TONKIN AND COCHIN-CHINA. HO CHI MINH HAS BEEN FIGHTING FOR INDEPENDENCE SINCE 1945.

SOME FRENCH HERE AND IN INDOCHINA ARE SKEPTICAL. THEY SAY THE FRENCH RULE THE PRINCIPAL CITIES BY DAY WHILE HO CHI MINH RULES

THEM BY NIGHT.

FURTHERMORE, THEY SAY IT MAKES LITTLE DIFFERENCE WHETHER BAO DAI OF HO CHI MINH TAKES OVER. BOTH WANT INDEPENDENCE FOR INDOCHINA. BAO DAI, HOWEVER, APPEARS WILLING TO ACCEPT IT WITHIN THE FRAMEWORK OF A UNION WITH FRANCE. FOR THIS HE HAS BEEN CALLED A TRAITOR BY HO CHI MINH.

LS706PED

SINGAPORE, APRIL 26-(AP)-TWELVE MEMBERS OF THE FRENCH-SPONSORED CENTRAL VIET-NAM PROVISIONAL GOVERNMENT ARRIVED IN A SPECIAL PLANE FROM SAIGON TODAY TO MEET EX-EMPEROR BAO DAI OF ANNAM WHO IS EXPECTED HERE WEDNESDAY.

FRENCH OFFICIALS ARE CLOAKING BAO DAI'S MOVEMENTS IN SECRECY.

RECENTLY HE SIGNED AN AGREEMENT WITH FRANCE WHICH THE FRENCH HOPED WOULD END THE FIGHTING IN INDOCHINA. THE AGREEMENT IS OPPOSED BY THE VIET-NAMESE NATIONALISTS, WHOSE LEADER IS HO CHI MINH, A COMMUNIST. MK858AED

B33KX (SEG) (CT MARTIAL)

ENLISTED MEN CHARGED WITH THE RAPE SLAYING OF MISS RUTH FARNSWORTH LIKELY WILL BE DELAYED UNTIL NEXT MONDAY.

LT.COL.ANDRIAN W.TOLEN OF MONTROSE, COLO., CHIEF DEFENSE COUNSEL, HAS ASKED THAT A DEFENSE WITNESS BE RETURNED HERE FROM ALABAMA. THE COURT IS CONSIDERING THE MATTER. THE WITNESS, A NEGRO AIR FORCE ENLISTED MAN, IS ON TERMINAL LEAVE AND EXPECTED TO BE DISCHARGED FROM THE SERVICE SOON.

THE COURTMARTIAL TENTATIVELY HAD BEEN SCHEDULED TO OPEN THURSDAY OF

THIS WEEK.

ON TRIAL IN THE DEC.11 SLAYING OF THE 27-YEAR-OLD FORMER WAC WILL BE PVTS.HERMAN P.DENNIS, JR., INDIANAPOLIS AND CALVIN DENNIS, FREDERICK, MD.; AND SGT.ROBERT W.BURNS, SPOKANE, WASH.

VR356ACS NM ASKT

30.24- 2731

NIGHT LEAD ISRAEL

BY ERIC GOTTGETREU

TEL AVIV, ISRAEL, APRIL 26-(AP)-THE HIGH IMMIGRATION RATE TO ISRAEL BROUGHT SWEEPING GOVERNMENT PROPOSALS TODAY TO COMBAT THE HIGH COST OF LIVING, INCLUDING RATIONING OF ALL ESSENTIAL FOODS. THE PROGRAM, PRESENTED BY PREMIER DAVID BEN-GURION AND SUPPLY

MINISTER DOV JOSEPH, WILL BE DEBATED BY PARLIAMENT TOMORROW.
IT INCLUDES AUSTERITY FEATURES SUCH AS THE INTRODUCTION OF
STANDARD MEALS OF A DAILY NUTRITIONAL VALUE OF 2,700 TO 2,800
CALORIES--ABOUT THE SAME AS IN ENGLAND IN 1944.

PRODUCTION OF LUXURY GOODS WOULD BE PROHIBITED FOR DOMESTIC

USE, BUT ENCOURAGED FOR EXPORT.

CLOTHING, SHOES, FURNITURE, HOUSEHOLD GOODS AND OTHER ESSENTIALS WOULD BE PRODUCED ON A STANDARD "UTILITY BASIS," WITH MAXIMUM PRICES FIXED.

A COMPREHENSIVE HOUSING PROGRAM WOULD BE UNDERTAKEN, NEW SETTLEMENTS ESTABLISHED, NEW INDUSTRIES INTRODUCED AND OLD ONES

MODERNIZED.

BEN-GURION SAID UNRESTRICTED IMMIGRATION WOULD CONTINUE, DESPITE

THE DIFFICULTIES IN ABSORBING THE NEW ARRIVALS.

THE PREMIER SAID ONE OF THE MAIN REASONS FOR THE HIGH COST OF LIVING, ASIDE FROM THE HIGH IMMIGRATION RATE, IS THE WAR ISRAEL FOUGHT WITH THE ARAB COUNTRIES AND THE CONTINUED NEED TO MAINTAIN LARGE FORCES UNDER ARMS.

THE EXPENSE HAS PROVED A DRAIN ON THE STATE ECONOMY AND THE

NATION'S MANPOWER.

UNEMPLOYED PICKETED AND PARADED IN TEL AVIV SUNDAY AND MONDAY, SHOUTING, "WE WANT WORK."

G459PED

renewed their ancient covenant with Israel near the tomb of the man they

consider their greatest prophet, Nebi Shaib, the Biblical Jethro.

though there is a incrity of 17,000 in Israel. Their religion, while derived originally from Extraction also combines Hebraic and Christian doctrines. The Proyclopedia Britannica Films the beginning of the Druse religion to a Fatimid caligh of Reypt in the 11th century A.D.)

Druse sheikhs and villagers and Druse soldiers in the Israeli Army celebrated their greatest holiday freely after Arabs had barred their access to Jethro's tomb during recent years. The tomb was declared holy by Druse Prince Zaleh XXX Din el Ayubi about 800 X years ago.

The area of Galilee around Tiberias was awarded to the Bass under the United Nations partition plan but was occupied by Israeli troops during the recent Palestine war.

Patriarchal Sheikh Amin el Tarif, head of the Druse minority in Israel, said that the "Druses, wherever they are, sympathize with the Israeli state

the Druges since Jethro's. prophet's. reatest when and

of Israel." their multi-CH Galilee) "State cerried of inscribed (See Tiberias festively attired Lake Shores thousand colored

is buried. Jethro says. tradition

other Israeli notables, day holy their and join religion. rusos the minister of invitation Israeli à hi11 year. the climbed. 41.6

arrived last night, spring fields day the throughout echoed

RANGOON BURMA, APRIL 26-(AP)-GOVERNMENT REINFORCEMENTS TODAY BATTLED THROUGH DAIKU, A CENTRAL BURMA RAILWAY TOWN THREATENED BY KAREN REBELS.

AN OFFICIAL STATEMENT SAID HEAVY FIGHTING WAS PROGRESSING IN THE OUTSKIRTS OF DAIKU AS THE GOVERNMENT FORCES STEPPED UP EFFORTS

TO STEM A KAREN ADVANCE TOWARD RANGOON.

THIS IS ONE OF TWO SPEARHEADS AIMED AT RANGOON BY SEPARATE REBEL FACTIONS, THE GOVERNMENT ANNOUNCED YESTERDAY. ANOTHER REBEL FORCE, REPORTED ONLY 30 MILES FROM RANGOON, IS COMPOSED OF ARMY DESERTERS, WHITE FLAG (STALINIST) COMMUNISTS AND MEMBERS OF A FACTION OF THE WHITE BAND PEOPLE'S VOLUNTEER ORGANIZATION (PVO).

THE KARENS FIRST CAPTURED NYAUNGLEBIN, 85 MILES NORTHEAST OF RANGOON WITH A FORCE OF FROM 2,000 TO 3,000 MEN. THEN THEY THRUST 12 MILES SOUTH TO DAIKU TO CUT OFF THE RAILWAY AND HIGHWAY CONNECTING

MANDALAY AND RANGOON.

A GOVERNMENT SPOKESMAN SAID THE KARENS, WHO WANT AN INDEPENDENT KAREN STATE, ARE UNDERGOING A CONTINUOUS HEAVY BOMBING WHICH IS

SLOWING UP THEIR ADVANCE.

MEANWHILE, THE GOVERNMENT COMMUNIQUE SAID, 300 REBELS ALLEGEDLY WHITE PVOS, LOOTED ARMS AND AMMUNITION AND MURDERED POLICE PERSONNEL DURING AN ATTACK UPON WETLET POLICE STATION IN SHWEBO DISTRICT NEAR MANDALAY. FORTY REBELS WERE KILLED AND 50 WERE WOUNDED DURING THE FIGHT, THE COMMUNIQUE SAID.

THE BURMA PRESS REPORTED HALF-NUDE VILLAGERS BRANDISHING BAMBOO SPEARS ABORTIVELY ATTACKED THE FORTRESS TOWN OF HMAWBI, 30 MILES NORTH OF RANGOON, BUT SCATTERED WILDLY IN THE FACE OF A GOVERNMENT

TANK ADVANCE.

N905AED

BEIRUT, LEBANON, APRIL 26-(AP)-OFFICIAL QUARTERS HERE VIEWED SERIOUSLY TODAY THE ACTION OF PREMIER HUSNI ZAYIM IN CLOSING SYRIA'S BORDER WITH TRANS-JORDAN AND THE CALLING OF ADDITIONAL MEN TO THE

ZAYIM, RULER OF SYRIA THROUGH A BLOODLESS COUP LAST MONTH, HAS BEEN

UNDER PRESSURE FROM BOTH TRANS-JORDAN AND IRAQ.

KING ABDULLAH OF TRANS-JORDAN WANTS SYRIA TO BECOME A PART OF A "GREATER SYRIA" UNDER ABDULLAH'S RULE. IRAQ WANTS TO SET UP A FEDER-ATION OF ARAB STATES -- SYRIA, LEBANON, TRANS-JORDAN, IRAQ AND ARAB PALESTINE -- UNDER IRAQ'S KING FEISAL.
NOW ZAYIM INDICATES HE WANTS NO PART OF EITHER SCEHEME.

SHOULD TRANS-JORDAN AND IRAQ UNITE AGAINST SYRIA THE SITUATION WOULD BE PRECARIOUS. TWO DAYS AGO ABDULLAH HAD ABOUT 3,000 TROOPS CONCEN-TRATED AT RAMTHA NEAR THE SYRIAN LINE. AT MAFRAK, 50 MILES TO THE SOUTH, MORE THAN 10,000 IRAQI SOLDIERS ARE ENCAMPED. THEY ARE TROOPS WHO HAVE MOVED OUT OF PALESTINE.

SEVERAL ARRESTS WERE MADE AND THE GOVERNMENT IMPOSED A NIGHT-LONG Nairoli and XX stokesmen

INDIAN SHOPKEEPERS CLOSED THEIR SHOPS AND MOST AFRICAN EMPLOYES CURFEW. LEFT WORK TO PROTECT THEIR HOMES. GOVERNMENT OFFICIALS SAID THEY HAD THE SITUATION UNDER CONTROL.

NIGHT LEAD BURMA

RANGOON, BURMA, APRIL 26-(AP)-REINFORCED GOVERNMENT TROOPS STROVE AT THE TOWN OF DAIKU TODAY TO HALT A KAREN MARCH TOWARD RANGOON, 80 MILES TO THE SOUTH.

A GOVERNMENT STATEMENT SAID FIGHTING WAS HEAVY IN DAIKU'S OUTSKIRTS. GOVERNMENT PLANES BOMBED THE REBELS. A RANGOON SPOKESMAN

SAID THIS WAS HAVING A DETERRENT EFFECT.

THE KARENS, WHO WANT A STATE OF THEIR OWN, WERE REPORTED MOVING DOWN THE HIGHWAY FROM TOUNGOO, THEIR HEADQUARTERS, 100 MILES NORTH OF DAIKU. THEY TOOK NYUANGLEBIN, A FEW MILES NORTH OF DAIKU, AT THE WEEKEND AFTER A LONG ASSAULT BY 2,000 OR 3,000 MEN. THEIR RANKS WERE REPORTED SWELLED FOR THE DAIKU ACTION BY MEN FROM ADJACENT KAREN VILLAGES.

THE GOVERNMENT SAID 300 MEN OF ANOTHER REBEL FORCE, THE LEFTIST WHITE BAND PEOPLE'S VOLUNTEER ORGANIZATION, SLEW SOME POLICEMEN AND SEIZED ARMS AND AMMUNITION TODAY AT WETLET, IN THE SHWEBO DISTRICT NEAR MANDALAY. FORTY REBELS WERE DECLARED KILLED AND 50 WOUNDED IN THE FIGHT.

CHIEDER

THE RULER OF IRAQ, LIKE ABDULLAH, IS A MEMBER OF THE HASHIMITE

THE PREMIER ANNOUNCED THE APPOINTMENT OF DR. HUSNI BERAZI, FORMER FOREIGN MINISTER, TO BE MINISTER PLENIPOTENTIARY TO EGYPT AND SAUDI

FARIS BEY EL KHOURY, SYRIAN DELEGATE TO THE UNITED NATIONS, HERE ON A VISIT TO ZAYIM, DESCRIBED THE GREATER SYRIAN PROJECTS AS "FUTILE PERSONAL AMBITIONS UNWORTHY OF SERIOUS CONSIDERATION, AND DEVOID OF ANY MEANS OF EXISTENCE." HE SAID THEY WERE CONTRARY TO THE ARAB LEAGUE'S PACT.

"INSTEAD OF NURSING SUCH ANTIQUATED AMBITIONS," EL KHOURY SAID, "LET US STRENGTHEN OUR LEAGUE BY MILITARY ALLIANCES."

WW330PED

Montevideo, Uruguay, April 26 -(ap)- A Bolivian delegate today

asked the International Labor organization to urge the Bolivian

government to end army control in the nation's tin mine areas.

Noel, Mariaca, secretary general of the Bolivian railway

sought support for a resolution demanding the bolivian army

The United States and Uruguay objected to taking any immediate action.

President Enrique Hertzog ordered the troops into the areas several months ago following an outbreak of violence.

Calbary, Alta., April 26--(AP)--A friend of Dimitry Leshchenko, comfessed Russian agent being held at Winnipeg, said "he will be shot" if deported to Russia.

Leshchenko was arrested were last week after admitting he had spied for ussia in the British zone of Germany and had entered Canada illegally with displaced persons about a year ago.

His friend, Paul Boniakovsky, a naturalized Canadian, left for Winnipeg to appeal to immigration to restudy the case. The Immigration Department yesterday ordered Leshchenko, a former Soviet army officer, deported.

Boniakovsky came to Canada more than 20 years ago and is an active member of the anti-Com unist Ukrainian National Federation. He said he had helped

meetings here. public shchenke speak against den unist

he same rooming house.

cannot believe be intended "He was so strongly against Communism that Boniakovsky said.

to seek a stay of deportation proceedings

Bonie to said he had retained the services

saved \$700 from his wages intended to pay them he told Leshchenko in this country and had J. friends here laborer

Canada. bringing his

n- 430 reh 718

DISCLOSURES OF A SOVIET SPY RING IN CANADA, IS STILL BEING HELD UNDER \$2,500 BAIL.

RQ1120AES

(475) NIGHT LEAD CHINA WASHINGTON, APRIL 26-(AP)-THE UNITED STATES CUT OFF THE FLOW OF AM-ERICAN-AID COTTON TO SHANGHAI TODAY IN THE EXPECTATION THAT CHINA'S GREAT PORT CITY WILL BE TAKEN OVER BY THE COMMUNIST ARMIES WHENEVER THEIR LEADERS GIVE THE WORD.

SEVENTEEN COTTON-LADEN SHIPS BOUND FOR SHANGHAI WERE ORDERED DI-

VERTED TO JAPAN.

SHIPMENTS OF U.S. RICE WHICH FOR MONTHS HAVE HELPED FEED SHANGHAI'S TEEMING MILLIONS ARE CONTINUING. BUT IT IS UNCERTAIN FOR HOW LONG.
ECONOMIC COOPERATION ADMINISTRATION OFFICIALS SAID DELIVERIES OF

FOOD AND OTHER SUPPLIES TO SHANGHAI WILL CEASE AUTOMATICALLY WHEN THE COMMUNISTS TAKE OVER.

CONGRESS ORDERED THAT THE REMAINING \$54,000,000 (M) OF CHINA AID

FUNDS SHOULD BE USED ONLY IN NON-COMMUNIST AREAS.

WHILE OFFICIAL CONCERN CONTINUED OVER THE SAFETY OF 2,500 AMERICANS REMAINING IN SHANGHAI, FEARS FOR THE IMMEDIATE WELFARE OF AMBASSADOR J.LEIGHTON STUART AT NANKING WERE ALLAYED BY MESSAGES FROM STUART TO THE STATE DEPARTMENT.

THESE IMPLIED THAT THE COMMUNIST TROOPS WHICH OCCUPIED THE FORMER NATIONALIST CAPITAL HAVE NOT INTERFERED FURTHER WITH STUART OR HIS STAFF SINCE ARMED SOLDIERS INVADED HIS BEDROOM IN THE EMBASSY RESI-

DENCE EARLY YESTERDAY.

THE COMMUNIST SOLDIERS WERE REPORTED TO HAVE TOLD A SERVANT THEN THAT STUART WAS NOT TO LEAVE THE PREMISES BUT LEFT NO FORMAL ORDER. AMERICANS IN PEIPING AND TIENTSIN HAVE BEEN ALLOWED FREE MOVEMENT SINCE THE COMMUNISTS TOOK OVER THOSE CITIES.

THE DIVERTED COTTON CARGOES WERE ORIGINALLY DESTINED FOR TEXTILE MILLS IN CITIES NEAR SHANGHAI WHICH NOW HAVE FALLEN TO ADVANCING COM-

MUNISTS.

ECA OFFICIALS SAID MILLS INSIDE SHANGHAI ITSELF CAN CONTINUE OPER-ATING FOR SOME TIME WITH STOCKS OF RAW COTTON ON HAND. THEY ARE HOPEFUL THAT SUSPENSION OF FURTHER SHIPMENTS WILL NOT AROUSE CHINESE RESENTMENT WHICH MIGHT INCREASE THE UNCERTAINTIES OF AMERICANS REMAIN-

ONLY A FEW HOURS BEFORE THE ECA ANNOUNCEMENT, THE NORTH CHINA COM-MUNIST RADIO DEMANDED THAT THE UNITED STATES AND OTHER FOREIGN POWERS

WITHDRAW ALL THEIR ARMED FORCES FROM CHINA.

A44WX

AMERICAN NAVAL CRAFT AT TSINGTAO IN NORTH CHINA HAVE BEEN READY TO DEPART ON A FEW HOURS' NOTICE FOR WEEKS. THEY WERE THERE AT THE INVITATION OF THE TOTTERING NATIONALIST GOVERNMENT LARGELY FOR TRAIN-ING PURPOSES. U.S. NAVAL VESSELS AT SHANGHAI HAVE ALREADY BEEN MOVED OUT OF THE WHANGPOO RIVER BEYOND THE RANGE OF ANY SHORE-BASED ARTIL-

BESIDES DIVERTING THE 17 COTTON SHIPS FROM SHANGHAI TO JAPAN, THE ECA INSTRUCTED EXPORTERS TO SUSPEND ORDERS FOR \$16,000,000 (M) WORTH

COTTON. THE COTTON FLOW WAS ESTIMATED AT 58,000 BALES, WORTH \$8,000,000 (M) BY ECA'S CHINA SPECIALIST, HARLAN CLEVELAND. STILL UNSHIPPED ARE 30.24- 2735

ABOUT 100.000 ADDITIONAL BALES. ECA SUPPLIES NOW IN SHANGHAI ARE VALUED AT \$12,671,000 (M) IN-CLUDING COTTON, FERTILIZER, FLOUR AND RICE. CLEVELAND TOLD REPORTERS "WE DON'T WANT TO BE DUMPING MORE COTTON ON THE DOCKS ONE DAY AND HAVE THE COMMUNISTS TAKE IT THE NEXT."

PRESENT PLANS AFTER WINDING UP THE SHANGHAI OPERATION ARE TO CON-TINUE SENDING MOST SHIPMENTS TO CANTON AND VICINITY, WITH SMALLER AMOUNTS TO SWATOW AND TO THE NATIONALIST-HELD ISLAND OF FORMOSA.

VX720PES

mach had d xx clarefuention THE STATE DEPARTMENT SAID THAT TWO WEEKS AGO--ON APRIL 10--MALIK STATED "THE POSITION OF THE SOVIET GOVERNMENT" TO JESSUP. THEN THE STATEMENT ADDED SIGNIFICANTLY: "IT APPEARED THAT THERE WERE STILL CERTAIN POINTS REQUIRING CLARIFICATION."

STATE DEPARTMENT OFFICIALS DECLINED TO DESCRIBE THESE POINTS. BUT THEY DID EMPHASIZE THAT THEY ARE NOW PRIMARILY INTERESTED IN DETERMIN-ING THE SINCERITY OF THE POSITION PUBLICLY SET FORTH IN THE TASS DISPATCH. THIS SUGGESTED THAT THERE MAY BE DISCREPANCIES BETWEEN WHAT THE SOVIET GOVERNMENT SAYS PUBLICLY AND WHAT IT HAS SAID PRIVATELY THROUGH THE JESSUP-MALIK CONTACT. SPECULATION IS THAT ANY PRIVATE RESERVATIONS PROBABLY CONCERN RUSSIA'S OPPOSITION TO FORMATION OF A WESTERN GERMAN STATE.

THE STATEMENT DISCLOSED THAT THE UNITED STATES, BRITAIN AND FRANCE HAVE BEEN IN CONSULTATION ON THE BERLIN CRISIS SINCE THE FIRST RUSSIAN FEELER FOR A POSSIBLE SETTLEMENT WAS PUT OUT JAN. 30. A DETAILED STATEMENT OF THE POSITION OF THE THREE WESTERN POWERS BE PRESENTED SOON TO MALIK BY AMBASSADOR JESSUP. THE JESSUP-MALIK TALKS HAVE ALL TAKEN PLACE IN NEW YORK. WHICH IS UNITED NATIONS HEADQUARTERS.

JESSUP HIMSELF APPEARED OPTIMISTIC OVER CHANCES OF REACHING AN AGREEMENT WITH THE RUSSIANS. AFTER MAKING A PERSONAL REPORT TO PRESI-DENT TRUMAN ON HIS TALKS WITH MALIK, JESSUP TOLD REPORTERS "THINGS LOOK HOPEFUL."

THERE WAS MIXED REACTION ON CAPITOL HILL BUT SENATOR WHERRY (R-NEB) POINTED OUT THAT LIFTING OF THE BLOCKADE WOULD MEAN AN IMMEDIATE SAVINGS OF ABOUT \$100,000,000 (M) A MONTH TO AMERICAN TAXPAYERS. HE TOLD NEWSMEN THIS AMOUNT WAS THE ESTIMATED COST OF OPERATING THE AIRLIFT.

WHERRY SAID THE JESSUP-MALIK DISCUSSIONS "ARE A STEP IN THE RIGHT DIRECTION" BUT ADDED THAT "ACTIONS SPEAK LOUDER THAN WORDS" IF THE RUSSIANS WANT TO CONVINCE THIS COUNTRY THEY ARE SINCERE IN WANTING A PEACEFUL SETTLEMENT.

TO THIS SENATOR CAPEHART (R-IND) ADDED: "IF WE CAN SETTLE OUR DIF-FERENCES AND HAVE CONFIDENCE THAT RUSSIA WILL LIVE UP TO HER AGREE-MENTS -- THEN IT SHOULD REDUCE OUR ARMS COST."

BUT CHAIRMAN TYDINGS (D-MD) OF THE SENATE ARMED SERVICES COMMITTEE, SAID HE BELIEVES THAT LIFTING OF THE BERLIN BLOCKADE WILL HAVE NO EFFECT ON UNITED STATES DETERMINATION TO GO AHEAD WITH THE NORTH ATLANTIC SECURITY PACT AND THE ARMS AID PROGRAM FOR EUROPEAN

"I'M VOTING FOR THE PACT AS A STEP TOWARD PEACE," TYDINGS SAID, ADDING:

"I BELIEVE THE POLICY OF THE UNITED STATES SHOULD BE TO CARRY A SWORD IN THE RIGHT HAND AND AN OLIVE BRANCH IN THE OTHER." THE MARYLANDER AGREED. HOWEVER. THAT LIFTING OF THE BERLIN BLOCKADE

CHINA-STUART WASHINGTON, APRIL 26-(AP)-THE STATE DEPARTMENT SAID TODAY IT IS IN RADIO COMMUNICATIONS WITH AMBASSADOR J. LEIGHTON STUART IN COMMUNIST-OCCUPIED NANKING.

OFFICIALS ASSUME THE ENVOY IS FREE TO MOVE AROUND, FOLLOWING THE INVASION OF THE EMBASSY RESIDENCE EARLY YESTERDAY BY ARMED COMMUNIST

SOLDIERS.

THE SOLDIERS ON LEAVING THE RESIDENCE TOLD A SERVANT THAT AMBAS-SADOR STUART SHOULD NOT LEAVE THE PREMISES BUT NO SUCH ORDER WAS GIVEN TO THE AMBASSADOR OR ANY OF HIS STAFF, OFFICIALS HERE SAID. WHAT FURTHER DEVELOPMENTS THE ENVOY HAS REPORTED TO THE STATE

DEPARTMENT WAS NOT DISCLOSED. ES108PED

add xx recovery. wash A66WX

FAFTER THE GERMAN FEDERAL REPUBLIC HAS BEEN ESTABLISHED THE ECONOMIC COOPERATION ADMINISTRATION WILL ASSUME THE RESPONSIBILITY FOR SUPERVISING THE USE OF FUNDS MADE AVAILABLE BY THE UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT TO THE GERMAN ECONOMY FOR PURPOSES OF RELIEF AND RECOVERY.

"IT IS ENVISAGED THAT THE GERMAN FEDERAL REPUBLIC WILL BECOME A PARTY TO THE CONVENTION FOR EUROPEAN ECONOMIC COOPERATION AND WILL ALSO CONCLUDE A BI-LATERAL AGREEMENT WITH THE TOVERNMENT OF THE

UNITED STATES.

"WHEN THE GERMAN REPUBLIC HAS BEEN ESTABLISHED AND MILITARY GOVERNMENT HAS BEEN BROUGHT TO AN END, THE STRICTLY MILITARY FUNCTIONS OF THE OCCUPATION AUTHORITIES WILL BE EXERCISED BY A COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF AND ALL OTHER FUNCTIONS BY A HIGH COMMISSIONER, WHO WILL DIRECT EACH OF THE ALLIED ESTABLISHMENTS IN GERMANY OTHER THAN THE OCCUPATION FORCES.

"IT IS INTENDED THAT THE SIZE OF THESE STAFFS TO BE MAINTAINED IN GERMANY WILL BE KEPT TO A MINIMUM. THE MAJOR OBJECTIVE OF THE THREE ALLIED GOVERNMENTS IS TO BRING ABOUT THE CLOSEST INTEGRATION, ON A MUTUALLY BENEFICIAL BASIS, OF THE GER-MAN PEOPLE UNDER A DEMOCRATIC FEDERAL STATE WITHIN THE FRAMEWORK OF A EUROPEAN ASSOCIATION."

THE AGREEMENT ON FUTURE THREE-POWER CONTROLS DEALS LARGELY WITH MACHINERY TO SETTLE DISPUTES AMONG THE POWERS THEMSELVES WITHIN THE NEW THREE-MEMBER ALLIED HIGH COMMISSION.

(END ADVANCE FOR USE AT 9 A.M. EASTERN STANDARD TIME TODAY TUESDAY, APRIL 26)

SU732AES

WOULD "REMOVE A PRINCIPAL SOURCE OF FRICTION" BETWEEN THE EAST AND

"EACH ONE ELIMINATED," HE SAID, "MEANS THE LITTLE MAN IS GETTING A BETTER CHANCE FOR PEACE."

VH637PED

EDITORS

WASHINGTON--NIGHT LEAD BERLIN (BY HIGHTOWER), FOLLOWING MAY BE INSERTED FOLLOWING FOURTH GRAPH WHICH STARTS "SINCE SOME TOP XXX" AND ENDS "XXX WILL BE REACHED."

PRESIDENT TRUMAN WAS IN CLOSE TOUCH WITH THE DEVELOPMENTS, AND THERE WAS NO QUESTION BUT THAT HE APPROVED THE STATE DEPARTMENT ACTION, AS HE DOES ALL MAJOR FOREIGN POLICY STEPS. PHILIP JESSUP, AMBASSADOR-AT-LARGE WHO HAS BEEN CONDUCTING TALKS WITH THE RUSSIANS, CONFERRED WITH MR. TRUMAN ON THE PROBLEM THIS MORNING.

IN BERLIN XXX ETC., FIFTH GRAPH. MD1035PED THEIR FOLLOWERS TODAY TO "INSIST" UPON SPEEDY INTERNATIONALIZATION OF JERUSALEM IN THE NEW REPUBLIC OF ISRAEL. THE ADMINISTRATIVE BOARD OF THE NATIONAL CATHOLIC WELFARE CON-FERENCE ISSUED A STATEMENT DECLARING: "CONSCIOUS OF OUR SACRED DUTY AS LEADERS OF THE CATHOLICS IN THE

WASHINGTON, APRIL 26-(AP)-LEADERS OF AMERICAN CATHOLICISM ASKED

UNITED STATES, WE EXHORT OUR PEOPLE TO USE THEIR DEMOCRATIC PRIVILEGES IN THIS FREE NATION TO OBTAIN FROM THOSE IN OUR GOVERNMENT AND IN THE UNITED NATIONS CONTINUED ASSURANCES THAT THE ORIGINAL COMMITMENTS AS TO CHRISTIAN RIGHTS IN PALESTINE WILL BE CARRIED OUT.

THE STATEMENT WAS SIGNED BY EDWARD CARDINAL MOONEY OF DETROIT,

YORK, AND NINE OTHER CATHOLIC LEADERS.

WE KNOW THAT MILLIONS OF AMERICANS SHARE OUR SENTIMENTS WHEN WE REPEAT THAT RELIGIOUS AND HUMANITARIAN RIGHTS CANNOT BE OBSCURED OR

NEGLECTED IN THAT LAND, FOR WHICH EVERY TRUE CHRISTIAN CHERISHES DEEP-EST DEVOTION." THE STATEMENT SAID.

"WE HAVE THE RIGHT TO EXPECT THAT THESE JUST SENTIMENTS, FIRMLY
ROOTED IN THE DECISIONS OF THE UNITED NATIONS, WILL NOW BE RESPECTED
BY THOSE TO WHOM WE SHOULD ALL APPEAL FOR THEIR CONTINUOUS AFFIRMA-

TION."

DURING THE EASTER SEASON, POPE PIUS XII SAID CATHOLICS WOULD

INSIST ON THEIR RIGHTS IN JERUSALEM.
THEN LAST WEEK, PRESIDENT CHAIM WEIZMAN OF ISRAEL SAID IN A NEW YORK SPEECH THAT THE JEWS WERE WILLING TO HAVE THE OLD CITY OF JERU-SALEM BECOME AN INTERNATIONAL ZONE, BUT THAT THE MODERN CITY WAS TO BE KEPT JEWISH AND CONTROLLED BY JEWS.

TODAY'S STATEMENT BY THE CATHOLIC WELFARE CONFERENCE SAID THE CHRISTIAN WORLD DID NOT OPPOSE THE UNITED NATIONS' DECISION IN NOV-EMBER, 1947. TO PARTITION PALESTINE "BECAUSE IT DID SAFEGUARD OUR RELIGIOUS AND HUMANITARIAN STAKE IN THE HOLY LAND."

THE STATEMENT WENT ON:

"THE INTERNATIONAL ZONE OF ALL JERUSALEM AND ITS ENVIRONS, FREE ACCESS TO ALL SACRED SHRINES, THE FREEDOM OF RELIGIOUS ORGANIZATIONS AND THE RIGHTS OF ETHNIC AND RELIGIOUS AUTHORITIES, WHEREVER LOCATED, WERE CONSIDERED BY ALL CHRISTIANS AS SATISFACTORY GUARANTEES.

IN ADDITION TO THE THREE CARDINALS, THE STATEMENT WAS SIGNED BY ARCHBISHOP KEOUGH OF BALTIMORE, ARCHBISHOP MCNICHOLAS OF CINCINNATI, ARCHBISHOP LUCKY OF SAN ANTONIO, ARCHBISHOP CUSHING OF BOSTON, ARCH-BISHOP O'BOYLE OF WASHINGTON, BISHOP GANNON OF ERIE, BISHOP NOLL OF FORT WAYNE, BISHOP ALTER OF TOLEDO, AND BISHOP READY OF COLUMBUS. MD936PED

A94WX (230)

WASHINGTON, APRIL 26-(AP)-SENATOR MCCARRAN (D-NEV) INTRODUCED A BILL TODAY THAT WOULD INCREASE THE NUMBER OF DISPLACED PERSONS THAT MAY BE ADMITTED TO THE UNITED STATES FROM 205,000 IN TWO YEARS TO 507,000 IN FOUR YEARS.

AT THE SAME TIME MCCARRAN, CHAIRMAN OF THE SENATE JUDICIARY COM-MITTEE, DENIED THAT THE PRESENT DISPLACED PERSONS ACT, PASSED LAST

YEAR, DISCRIMINATES AGAINST JEWS OR CATHOLICS.

"THE PRESENT LAW HAS BEEN FALSELY CRITICIZED AS BEING UNJUST AND DISCRIMINATORY," HE TOLD THE SENATE.

HE SAID THE EFFECT OF HIS BILL WOULD BE TO ADMIT VIRTUALLY ALL FUNDERAND DISCRIMINATORY.

EUROPEAN DISPLACED PERSONS "WHO WERE DISPLACED BY THE WAR, OR SHORTLY THEREAFTER, AND WHO ARE POTENTIALLY ELIGIBLE UNDER THE PRESENT LAW."

IF THE TIME AND GEOGRAPHICAL ELIGIBILITY REQUIREMENTS OF THE EXIST-ING ACT WERE WIPED OUT, MCCARRAN SAID, THERE WOULD BE "AN EVER IN-CREASING INFLUX INTO THIS COUNTRY OF MILLIONS AND MILLIONS" OF

AMONG OTHER RESTRICTIONS IN THE PRESENT LAW IS A PROVISION THAT

HAD TO HAVE ENTERED EUROPEAN REFUGEE CAMPS BY DEC. 22, 1945.

THIS "CUT-OFF" DATE HAS BEEN CRITICIZED AS DISCRIMINATING AGAINST
JEWS AND CATHOLICS. IN THE LAST PRESIDENTIAL CAMPAIGN BOTH PRESIDENT
TRUMAN AND HIS REPUBLICAN OPPONENT, GOV. THOMAS E. DEWEY OF NEW YORK, URGED REVISION OF THE ACT.

MCCARRAN SAID "THE FACTS IMMEDIATELY DISPEL THIS CHARG " OF RELI-GIOUS DISCRIMINATION. HE SAID THAT AS OF MARCH 31 OF THIS YEAR, 44 PERCENT OF THE DP'S ADMITTED UNDER THE ACT HAVE BEEN CATHOLICS AND 39 PERCENT HAVE BEEN JEWS.

MD1040PEDNM

AP SPECIAL WASHINGTON SERVICE

WASHINGTON, APRIL 26-(AP)-A U.S. NAVY SHIP WILL TRANSPORT A COLLECTION OF PAINTINGS, TAPESTRIES AND DRAWINGS FROM FRANCE FOR DISPLAY IN SAN FRANCISCO THIS FALL, SENATOR DOWNEY (D-CALIF) SAID TODAY.

THE ART OBJECTS ARE BEING LOANED BY THE LOUVE FOR A SPECIAL EXHIB ITION CELEBRATING THE 25TH ANNIVERSARY OF THE CALIFORNIA PALACE OF THE LEGION OF HONOR.

THE SAN FRANCISCO MUSEUM WAS CREATED AS A MEMORIAL TO THE WAR DEAD OF WORLD WAR I.

NAVAL TRANSPORTATION WAS SOUGHT FOR THE COLLECTION BECAUSE OF THE EXCESSIVE COST OF MARINE INSURANCE FOR THE VALUABLE PAINTINGS ABOARD COMMERCIAL SHIPS. THE LOUVRE AGREED TO WAIVE THE INSURANCE, WITH PREMIUMS ESTIMATED TO COST \$9,000, IF TRANSPORTATION WAS SECURED ON

A NAVY SHIP. DOWNEY SAID HE WAS ADVISED BY THE NAVY THAT THE ASSIGNMENT OF A SHIP--TO BE DESIGNATED LATER--HAS BEEN AGREED TO BY THE NAVY AND STATE DEPARTMENTS.

MD504AEDNM

WASHINGTON. APRIL 26-(AP)-THE ECONOMIC COOPERATION ADMINISTRATION TODAY HALTED SHIPMENT OF COTTON TO SHANGHAI, NOW MENACED BY COMMUNIST ARMIES .

IT INSTRUCTED COTTON EXPORTERS TO SUSPEND ORDERS FOR \$ 16,000,000 WORTH. SEVENTEEN COTTON-LADEN SHIPS, ALSO SHANGHAI-BOUND, ARE BEING DIVERTED TO JAPAN ON THE HIGH SEAS.

ECA'S CHINA SPECIALIST, HARLAN CLEVELAND, TOLD REPORTERS THE COTTON AFLOAT IS ESTIMATED AT 58,000 BALES, WORTH \$8,000,000 (M). STILL UN-SHIPPED, AND NOW TO BE HELD PENDING "CLARIFICATION" OF THE CHINESE FIGHTING, ARE ABOUT 100,000 BALES MORE.

THERE IS AMPLE COTTON AT SHANGHAI TO FEED THE MILLS SUPPLIED THROUGH

30.24- 2737

THAT PORT FOR THE PRESENT, CLEVELAND SAID.

"WE DON'T WANT TO BE DUMPING MORE COTTON ON THE DOCKS ONE DAY AND HAVE THE COMMUNISTS TAKE IT THE NEXT, " HE SAID.

AT LAST REPORTS THERE WERE ECA SUPPLIES VALUED AT \$12,671,000 (M) ALREADY IN SHANGHAI. MOST OF THESE STORES ARE RAW COTTON, FERTILIZER, FLOUR AND RICE.

ECA'S MISSION CHIEF TO CHINA, ROGER D. LAPHAM, HAS FLOWN TO CANTON WITH A SCORE OF OTHERS -- MOSTLY THE WIVES AND CHILDREN OF ECA EMPLOYES. NINETEEN ECA STAFF MEMBERS ARE REMAINING IN SHANGHAI, WHICH CLEVE-LAND SAID WILL BECOME A "REGIONAL OFFICE" WHILE HEADQUARTERS ARE ESTABLISHED AT CANTON. THEY WILL ATTEMPT TO DISTRIBUTE REMAINING APR 26 1949 SUPPLIES.

THE REST OF ECA'S 91 WORKERS IN THE SHANGHAI OFFICE ARE NOW BEING TAKEN BY NAVY SHIP TO CANTON.

THE SUSPENSION OF SHIPPING TO SHANGHAI CUTS DEEPLY INTO THE VOLUME OF AID FOR CHINA. ONLY COMPARATIVELY SMALL QUANTITIES HAVE BEEN GOING TO THE PORTS OF CANTON AND SWATOW, IN THE SOUTH.

THE ECA EXTENSION ACT SIGNED BY PRESIDENT TRUMAN LAST WEEK PERMITS SHIPMENTS TO NON-COMMUNIST AREAS OF CHINA ARE TO CONTINUE AT MR. TRUMAN'S DISCRETION UNTIL FUNDS REMAINING FROM THE 1948 APPROPRIATION ARE EXHAUS TED.

THESE FUNDS AMOUNTED TO \$54,000,000(M) EARLY THIS MONTH. ES 52 1PED

BY HARRISON HUMPHRIES

AP SPECIAL WASHINGTON SERVICE

WASHINGTON, APRIL 26-(AP)-CIVILIAN PERSONNEL OF THE AIR FORCE IN HAWAII WILL BE REDUCED 2,700 IN THE 12 MONTHS STARTING JULY 1, SECRETARY SYMINGTON OF THE AIR FORCE DISCLOSED TODAY.

DELEGATE FARRINGTON (R-HAWAII) MADE PUBLIC A LETTER FROM SYMING-TON EXPLAINING THAT THE REDUCTION, FROM 4,000 PERSONS TO 1,300, WILL RESULT FROM CLOSING THE WHEELER AIR FORCE OPERATING BASE AND AIR DEPOT AT HICKAM FIELD.

SYMINGTON SAID THAT WITH THE EXCEPTION OF WHEELER AND HICKAM, THE AIR FORCE PLANS NO FURTHER REDUCTION IN ITS FACILITIES IN THE HAWAIIAN

FARRINGTON ALSO MADE PUBLIC A LETTER FROM MAJ.GEN.CLARK L.RUFFNER, ARMY LIAISON OFFICER, STATING THAT THE ARMY PLANS NO REDUCTION IN CIVILIAN EMPLOYES IN THE TERRITORY.

SYMINGTON WROTE THAT THE 81ST FIGHTER WING IS BEING WITHDRAWN FROM

IN THE HICKAM-WHEELER FIELD AREA.

SYMINGTON SAID THE PERSONNEL CUT WILL REDUCE THE TOTAL AIR FORCE PAYROLL OF CIVILIAN PERSONNEL IN HAWAII FROM \$14,000,000 TO \$4,000,000

A YEAR. "AIR FORCE UNITS IN HAWAII," SYMINGTON SAID, "WILL UTILIZE FACIL-ITIES IN THE HICKAM-WHEELER FIELD AREA AND WILL SERVE TO MAINTAIN THE

HICKAM AND WHEELER INSTALLATIONS FOR USE BY COMBAT UNITS IF THE RE-QUIREMENT FOR SUCH USE EVER ARISES."

HE SAID BELLOWS AIR FORCE BASE IS BEING KEPT OPEN FOR USE AS A RECREATIONAL AREA ONLY AND BARKING SANDS AIR FORCE BASE WILL CON-TINUE TO BE USED AS AN ALTERNATE AIRFIELD TO HICKAM IN ACCOMMODATING TRANS-PACIFIC TRAFFIC.

VH913PED

(120) AP SPECIAL WASHINGTON SERVICE WASHINGTON, APRIL 26-(AP)-SENATOR WILEY (R-WIS) TODAY CALLED FOR A REVIEW OF RELATIONS BETWEEN THE UNITED STATES AND SPAIN. WILEY, A MEMBER OF THE SENATE FOREIGN RELATIONS COMMITTEE, TOLD THE SENATE THAT SPAIN SHOULD BE ALLIED WITH THE REST OF THE WORLD AGAINST COMMUNISM.

HE NOTED THAT THE UNITED STATES HAS AN AMBASSADOR IN MOSCOW, AND ASKED "IS THERE ANY REASON WHY WE SHOULD NOT SEND AN AMBASSADOR

TO MADRID?" HE ADDED THAT HE HOPED HIS QUESTION WILL BE CALLED TO THE ATTENTION

RELATIONS COMMITTEE. "IN VIEW OF ALL CIRCUMSTANCES TODAY, AND I AM NOT SPEAKING ABOUT FIVE OR SIX YEARS AGO, WILEY SAID, "IT IS IMPERATIVELY NECESSARY THAT

THE WHOLE SITUATION BE REVIEWED. MD1008PED

WASHINGTON, APRIL 26-(AP)-JOHN E.GROSS TONIGHT WAS APPOINTED CHIEF OF THE MARSHALL PLAN MISSION TO NORWAY SUCCEEDING A.E. STALEY, JR. ECONOMIC COOPERATION ADMINISTRATOR PAUL G.HOFFMAN SAID GROSS WILL

ASSUME HIS NEW DUTIES MAY 15.

STALEY, A MIDWEST INDUSTRIALIST, HAS RESIGNED TO RESUME THE PRESI-DENCY OF THE A.E. STALEY MANUFACTURING CO., DECATUR, ILL. HE ACCEPTED HIS ORIGINAL APPOINTMENT AS NORWAY RECOVERY CHIEF ON CONDITION THAT HE WOULD RETURN TO HIS BUSINESS DUTIES AFTER A YEAR'S SERVICE WITH ECA. GROSS. AN OFFICIAL OF THE AMERICAN FEDERATION OF LABOR, ALREADY IS IN OSLO WITH HIS FAMILY WHERE HE HAS BEEN SERVING AS LABOR ADVISOR TO THE ECA MISSION.

HE IS A RESIDENT OF PUEBLO, COLO., AND HAS BEEN AN OFFICIAL OF THE COLORADO FEDERATION OF LABOR FOR MANY YEARS. DURING WORLD WAR TWO HE WAS A REGIONAL DIRECTOR OF THE U.S. EMPLOYMENT SERVICE AND THE WAR MANPOWER COMMISSION IN COLORADO, UTAH, IDAHO AND MONTANA. MD1011PED

WHEELER FIELD ABOUT MAY 15 "FOR RETURN TO THE ZONE OF INTERIOR."

ALTHOUGH THE AIRFIELD WILL BE CLOSED, SYMINGTON SAID THE HOUSING

AT WHEELER WILL CONTINUE TO BE OCCUPIED BY AIR FORCE PERSONNEL STATIONED DECIDED THAT FLYING SAUCERS "ARE NOT A JOKE."

(ADVANCE FOR USE AT MIDNIGHT, EST, TUESDAY, APRIL 26)

(ADVANCE FOR USE AT MIDNIGHT, EST, TUESDAY, APRIL 26)

(ADVANCE FOR USE AT MIDNIGHT, EST, TUESDAY, APRIL 26)

(ADVANCE). DAYTON, O., APRIL 26-(AP)-THE DAYTON JOURNAL HERALD SAID

TONIGHT THAT THE AIR FORCE, AFTER AN EXTENSIVE INVESTIGATION, HAS

THE PAPER SAID ITS STORY WAS BASED ON AN REPORT NOW IN THE FILES AT WRIGHT-PATTERSON AIR FORCE BASE HERE. THE REPORT STRESSES THAT THE FLY-ING SAUCERS ARE NOT "A CAUSE FOR ALARM TO THE POPULATION," THE PAPER ADDED.

THE AIR FORCE, IT WAS LEARNED, STILL IS RECEIVING ABOUT 12 REPORTS A MONTH FROM PERSONS SIGHTING FLYING DISCS. THE TECHNICAL IN-TELLIGENCE SECTION OF THE AIR MATERIEL COMMAND IS CONTINUING THE INVESTIGATION.

SO FAR, THE JOURNAL-HERALD REPORTED, 240 DOMESTIC AND 30 FOREIGN REPORTS OF FLYING SAUCERS HAVE BEEN PROBED.

INTELLIGENCE SECTION OFFICERS SAID 30 PER CENT OF THE REPORTS HAVE BEEN DUE TO CONVENTIONAL AERIAL OBJECTS SUCH AS WEATHER AND COSMIC RAY RESEARCH BALLOONS. COMMONPLACE ANSWERS ARE EXPECTED TO BE FOUND FOR ANOTHER 30 PER CENT. BUT 40 PER CENT REMAIN A MYSTERY.

THE EVALUATION TEAMS, IN COMMENTING ON THE MYSTERY SAUCERS, RE-PORTED, "WE CAN'T PROVE OR DISPROVE THE EXISTENCE OF SOME OF THE REMAINING UNIDENTIFIED OBJECTS AS REAL AIRCRAFT OF UNCONVENTIONAL DESIGN."

IN IT'S PROBE, THE AIR FORCE EVEN HAS CONSIDERED THAT FLYING SAUCERS MAY BE VISITATIONS FROM OTHER PLANETS SUCH AS MARS, WHERE IT IS BELIEVED HUMAN LIFE MAY EXIST. THIS THEORY, HOWEVER, HAS BEEN DISCOUNTED.

THE PAPER ALSO QUOTES ONE PAPER AT THE FIELD: "THE POSSIBILITY THAT THE SAUCERS ARE FOREIGN AIRCRAFT ALSO HAS BEEN CONSIDERED. BUT THE REPORTED PERFORMANCE OF THE DISCS IS SO SUPERIOR TO ANYTHING WE HAVE YET APPROACHED IN THIS COUNTRY THAT IT IS NOT CONSIDERED ANY OTHER NATION OF THE EARTH COULD HAVE KNOWLEDGED SO FAR ABOVE OURS."

FOR A LONG TIME THE AIR FORCE REFUSED TO ADMIT AN INVESTIGATION OF THE STATE DEPARTMENT AND THAT AN ANSWER WILL BE GIVEN TO THE FOREIGN WAS BEING MADE. BUT, THE JOURNAL HERALD SAID, REPEATED REPORTS OF FLYING SAUCERS FROM COMPETENT OBSERVERS MADE AN INTELLIGENCE INVESTIGAT-ION NECESSARY.

IN ADDITION TO ITS OWN WORK, THE AIR FORCE GAVE A CONTRACT TO PROFESSOR JOSEPH A. HYNEK, HEAD OF THE OHIO STATE UNIVERSITY OBSER-VATORY, TO CONDUCT AN INDEPENDENT INVESTIGATION TO DETERMINE HOW MANY REPORTS COULD BE ATTRIBUTED TO ASTRONOMICAL PHENOMINA.

(END ADVANCE FOR USE AT MIDNIGHT, EST, TODAY, TUESDAY, APRIL 26). F1141PES NMA

DAYTON, O .-- FLYING SAUCERS -- (A12600) EIGHTH GRAPH "THE PAPER ALSO

X X X "CHANGE COPY TO READ:

THE JOURNAL HERALD ALSO QUOTES ONE TECHNICAL REPORT AT THE FIELD

X X X ETC. (NOT THE PAPER QUOTES ONE PAPER) (THE AP)

F1218AES NM

(280) (ADVANCE FOR USE AT 11:30 P.M. EASTERN STANDARD TIME TONIGHT

TUESDAY APRIL 26)

(ADVANCE)-(WX)-LOS ANGELES, APRIL 26-(AP)-GEN.J.LAWTON COLLINS, ARMY VICE CHIEF OF STAFF, SAID TONIGHT AMERICAN MILITARY FORCES IN THE LAST WAR WERE "READY TO RETALIATE WITH A VENGEANCE" HAD THE ENEMY USED GAS OR BIOLOGICAL WARFARE.

IN AN ADDRESS PREPARED FOR THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE AMERICAN ORD-

NANCE ASSOCIATION, COLLINS SAID:

"TO CONDUCT A MODERN WAR, A NATION MUST HAVE A PROGRAM NOT ONLY FOR RAISING, ORGANIZING, AND TRAINING ITS MANPOWER, BUT ALSO A PROGRAM FOR PROVIDING IT WITH THE MOST MODERN EQUIPMENT, AND IN SUFFICIENT SUPPLY.

"WHEN WE HAVE BEEN THOROUGHLY PREPARED IN THE PAST, WE HAVE BEEN SPARED ATTACKS OF CERTAIN TYPES BECAUSE OF OUR HIGH STATE OF READINESS

IN THOSE FIELDS."

HE SAID THAT IN THE LAST WAR, AMERICAN FORCES WERE NOT SUBJECTED TO GAS ATTACK, SIMPLY BECAUSE OF OUR HIGH STATE OF PREPAREDNESS.

"WE WERE READY TO RETALIATE WITH A VENGEANCE IF OUR ENEMIES HAD USED GAS. IN THE SAME WAY, WE WERE SAVED FROM BIOLOGICAL WARFARE ATTACKS," HE SAID. "THE ENEMY RESPECTED OUR RETALIATORY POTENTIAL."

COLLINS SAID AN ADEQUATE NATIONAL SECURITY PROGRAM MUST HAVE A THREE-LEGGED BASE WITH SCIENCE, INDUSTRY AND THE MILITARY AS LEGS, AND THESE LEGS MUST BE CONSTANTLY ADJUSTED TO KEEP PROPER BALANCE.

"OUR EXPERIENCE DURING THE PAST 32 YEARS HAS MADE IT INCREASINGLY CLEAR THAT THE DETERMINING FACTOR IN THE RAPID MOBILIZATION OF EFFECTIVE ARMED FORCES FOR A MAJOR WAR WOULD BE, MORE THAN ANY OTHER, THE PROVISION OF THE MECHANICAL AIDS AND EQUIPMENT WHEREBY OUR MAN-POWER CAN BE MADE EFFECTIVE IN COMBAT," HE SAID.

HE SAID MUCH HAS BEEN DONE SINCE THE LAST WAR TO CORRECT PAST MIS-

TAKES.

PLANNED STOCKPILING OF CRITICAL MATERIALS HAS BEEN UNDER WAY FOR SOME TIME, BUT NOT NEARLY IN THE VOLUME THAT IS NECESSARY, COLLINS SAID. HOWEVER, HE WARNED AGAINST "UNCONSIDERED" STOCKPILING OF EQUIPMENT.

"WITH LARGE STOCKS OF MILITARY EQUIPMENT, WE COULD VERY WELL BE LED INTO THE FALLACY OF TAILORING OUR TACTICS TO OUR WEAPONS RATHER THAN ADOPTING NEW AND MORE EFFICIENT TACTICS." HE SAID.

(END ADVANCE FOR USE AT 11:30 P.M., EASTERN STANDARD TIME, TONIGHT,

TUESDAY, APRIL 26)

RP1158PEDNM

CHINESE (140)

SAN FRANCISCO, APRIL 26-(AP)-PAN AMERICAN AIRWAYS REPORTED
REFUGEE CONGESTION SO BAD ONLTHE HIGHWAYS LEADING OUT OF SHANGHAI
TODAY THAT IT WAS EXTREMELY DIFFICULT TO GET PLANE PASSENGERS TO
LUNGWHA AIRPORT.

LUNGWHA IS SOUTH OF THE BELEAGUERED CITY, ABOUT SIX AIGLINE MILES

FROM THE CITY LIMITS.

PAN AMERICAN WAS TRYING TO HIRE A BOAT TO TRANSPORT PASSENGERS TO THE AIRPORT VIA THE WHANGPOO RIVER.

Q AIRLINE HEADQ S

ONN

LCRL VYO

THE AIRPORT VIA THE WHANGPOO RIVER.

AIRLINE HEADQUARTERS IN SAN FRANCISCO RECEIVED THE REPORT IN A RADIO-PHONE CONVERSATION WITH ROBERT JOSE, PANAIR OFFICIAL IN SHANGHAI.

JOSE SAID PANICKY REFUGEES BY COUNTLESS THOUSANDS WERE FLEEING THE

APR 26 1949

CITY AS RED FORCES APPROACHED.

THUS FAR, PANAIR REPORTED, IT HAS BEEN ABLE TO HANDLE TRAFFIC FODAY ON ITS REGULAR SCHEDULES. TWO EXTRA PLANES WERE USED ON THE HONG KONG FLIGHT YESTERDAY TO MOVE EVACUEES. THERE HAS BEEN NO JRGENT EXODUS OF AMERICAN RESIDENTS OF SHANGHAI BY PLANE AS YET.

THE COMMUNISTS WARNED, HOWEVER, THAT THEY MEANT TO CONFISCATE ALL GOVERNMENT-OWNED "FACTORIES, STORES, BANKS, WAREHOUSES, VESSELS, WHARFS, RAILROADS, POSTAL, TELEGRAPH, TELEPHONE, ELECTRIC LIGHT AND WATER UTILITIES."

THE RADIO SAID MINOR NATIONALIST GOVERNMENT OFFICIALS, MEMBERS OF THE LEGISLATIVE YUAN (PARLIAMENT) AND THE CONTROL YUAN (AUDITING AND

IMPEACHING BODY) NEED NOT FEAR ARREST.

THE BROADCAST CALLED ON ALL CHINESE TO ASSIST THE COMMUNIST ARMIES AS THEY ADVANCE. STRAY SOLDIERS WERE TOLD TO SURRENDER. PUNISHMENT WAS PROMISED FOR ANY WHO HARBORED SOLDIERS.

THE BROADCAST WAS HEARD BY THE ASSOCIATED PRESS AT SAN FRANCISCO.

GG1140ACS NM

NN607PCS

NEW YORK, APRIL 26-(AP)-AN ITALIAN SENATOR, WHO CAME HERE FOR A SPEAKING TOUR WITH HENRY A. WALLACE, SAYS HIS DETENTION BY IMMIGRATION OFFICIALS FOR MORE THAN THREE HOURS LAST NIGHT WAS "AN INSULT TO MY COUNTRY."

THE SENATOR, MICHELE GIUA, A SOCIALIST, WAS ADMITTED TO THE U.S. BY THE IMMIGRATION AUTHORITIES AT LA GUARDIA FIELD.

WALLACE, GIUA AND THREE OTHER EUROPEANS ARE SCHEDULED TO MAKE A

15-CITY TOUR SPEAKING FOR PEACE, STARTING HERE TOMORROW NIGHT.

THE STATE DEPARTMENT HAS REFUSED ENTRY VISAS FOR TWO OTHER EUROPEANS

WHO WERE INVITED TO GO ON THE TOUR.

IMMIGRATION AUTHORITIES MADE NO COMMENT ON THE DELAY IN LETTING

THE AGENTS ASKED HIM MANY QUESTIONS, GIUA SAID, INCLUDING ONE ABOUT THE RELATIONSHIP OF THE ITALIAN SOCIALIST AND COMMUNIST PARTIES. "THERE IS NO REASON FOR THIS MOST UNCOURTEOUS TREATMENT," HE

SAID THROUGH AN INTERPRETER AFTER THE QUESTIONING.

DN649AED

NEW YORK, APRIL 26-(AP)-U.S. COMMUNIST NATIONAL HEADQUARTERS, HAILING WHAT PARTY LEADERS CALLED THE "LIBERATION" OF NANKING, FLEW THE FLAG OF CHINA NEXT TO THE AMERICAN FLAG YESTERDAY.

CAPTURE OF THE CHINESE CAPITAL, THE LEADERS SAID, WAS "A MILESTONE IN THE LIBERATION OF THE FAR EAST FROM ITS FOREIGN AND NATIVE

OPPRESSORS." THE STATEMENT, ISSUED BY NATIONAL CHAIRMAN WILLIAM Z.FOSTER AND GENERAL SECRETARY EUGENE DENNIS, SAID:

"THE IMPERIALISTS' ATTEMPT BY MILITARY, FINANCIAL AND POLITICAL DICTATION TO HARNESS 450 MILLION CHINESE TO THEIR WAR CHARIOT HAS BEEN

"THEIR DREAMS OF DOMINATING CHINA AND CONVERTING IT INTO A HUGE WAR BASE FROM WHICH TO ATTACK THE SOVIET UNION AND TO THROTTLE THE

NATIONAL-FREEDOM MOVEMENTS OF ALL ASIA HAS BEEN BLASTED.

THE FLAG FLOWN WAS THE ONE ADOPTED SHORTLY AFTER THE CHIANG KAI-SHEK GOVERNMENT ESTABLISHED ITSELF IN 1928. THE BANNER IS RED, WITH THE SUN IN A BLUE FIELD IN THE UPPER LEFT CORNER. N1003AED

WIN THE PAST THE FBI STOOL PIGEONS HAVE BEEN MALES, NOW THEY HAVE FOUND A FEMALE. " new york and I'm Lemale

MISS CALOMIRIS, A SMALL GIRL WITH MANNISH HAIRCUT, TOOK THE STAND AFTER THE DEFENSE HAD SCORED A POINT.

FEDERAL JUDGE HAROLD R. MEDINA, WEARY AND EXASPERATED BY WEEKS OF LEGAL QUIBBLING, RULED THAT WILLIAM Z. FOSTER, NATIONAL COMMUNIST PARTY CHAIRMAN, COULD TESTIFY BY DEPOSITION.

FOSTER WAS ONE OF 12 COMMUNISTS INDICATED ON CHARGES OF CONSPIRING TO ORGANIZE THE PARTY IN THE UNITED STATES TO ADVOCATE OVERTHROW OF

THE GOVERNMENT.

HIS HEALTH IS SO BAD HE WAS EXCUSED FROM TRIAL WITH THE OTHERS. ATTORNEYS FOR FOSTER'S 11 COLLEAGUES CLAIMED ON SEVERAL OCCAFIONS THAT HIS TESTIMONY WAS VITAL TO THE CASE BUT THAT HE COULD NOT COME TO COURT TO GIVE IT.

JUDGE MEDINA FOUND HIMSELF IN NEW ARGUMENTS WITH DEFENSE COUNSEL DURING ANOTHER LONG DAY IN THE LENGTHY TRIAL. HE FINALLY TOLD ONE OF

"THIS CONTINUAL WRANGLING IS WEARING ME DOWN SO THAT I DON'T SEE HOW I CAN FINISH THIS TRIAL. SOMETHING HAS TO BE DONE TO STOP IT. IT IS GRIEVIOUSLY-WEARING ME DOWN AND IT MUST BE STOPPED."

MISS CALOMIRIS SAID SHE IS FINANCIAL SECRETARY OF A COMMUNIST CLUB

AND KEPT RECORDS OF DUES PAYMENTS AND OTHER COLLECTIONS.

SHE RECALLED THE 1944 MADISON SQUARE GARDEN CONVENTION WHEN THE COMMUNIST PARTY IN THE U.S. WAS DISSOLVED AND REPLACED BY A POLITICAL ASSOCIATION.

OR FRIEND; BEFORE THAT WE CALLED EACH OTHER COMRADE."

AFTER THE CONVENTION, SHE TESTIFIED, HER GROUP "NO LONGER MET IN SECRET-OUR MEETINGS BECAME OPEN AND WE WERE ALLOWED TO BRING FRIENDS; IN FACT THE GENERAL NEIGHBORHOOD WAS INVITED."

BY THE FOLLOWING YEAR, SHE SAID, THE COMMUNIST PARTY WAS REESTABLISHED AND "ALL FORMER TITLES RENEWED."

WWKOKDED

NEW YORK, APRIL 26-(AP)-A MAN CHARGED WITH SWINDLING A CONCENTRATION CAMP SURVIVOR OUT OF \$5,000 IN HIDDEN SAVINGS WAS SENTENCED TO PRISON TODAY.

JUDGE SAMUEL S. LIEBOWITZ ORDERED NATHAN SPIRO, 37, TO SERVE THREE

AND A HALF TO FIVE YEARS IN SING SING. HOWEVER, JUDGE LIEBOWITZ SUSPENDED SENTENCE AGAINST SPIRO'S WIFE, CHARLOTTE, 30, SAYING SHE WAS THE "VICTIM OF HER HUSBAND'S AVARICE."
THE TWO WERE ACCUSED OF TAKING THE \$5,000 FROM HER BROTHER-IN-LAW,
ANCEL BERKOVIC, TELLING HIM THEY WOULD KEEP IT SAFE IN THIS COUNTRY UNTIL HE ARRIVED FROM PARIS, THEN REFUSING TO RETURN IT.
BERKOVIC AND HIS WIFE HAD BEEN WITH MRS. SPIRO IN A CONCENTRATION CAMP WHERE BERKOVIC SAID HIS THREE SONS WERE CREMATED.

NEW YORK, APRIL 26-(AP)-A POLISH PAINTER AND A LITHUANIAN DRESS MAKEN WHO BECAME ENGAGED IN A DISPLACED PERSONS CAMP ARRIVED HERE TODAY TO BE MARRIED IN THE COUNTRY OF THEIR ADOPTION.

FAIVEL ZABAR, 38, AND HIS FIANCEE, SALA SEDERMAN, WERE AMONG 827 DISPLACED PERSONS ARRIVING ABOARD THE ARMY TRANSPORT GENERAL LANGFITT. SEVENTY-THREE OF THE IMMIGRANTS WILL GO TO PENNSYLVANIA.

THE COUPLE, AMONG 106 IMMIGRANTS ARRIVING UNDER SPONSORSHIP OF THE UNITED SERVICE FOR NEW AMERICANS, MET IN A DP CAMP NEAR MUNICH IN 1945 SHORTLY AFTER V-E DAY.

THEY FELL IN LOVE IMMEDIATELY, ZABAR SAID, AND DECIDED THEY WOULD BE MARRIED WHEN THEY ARRIVED IN THE UNITED STATES.

ZABAR WORKED AS A PAINTER IN THE CAMP WHILE MISS SEDERMAN WAS A CAMP DRESS MAKER.

HE HAD BEEN IN THE NOTORIOUS DACHAU CAMP AND SHE HAD BEEN AN INMATE OF AUSCHVITZ AND OTHER CAMPS. BOTH ALSO HAD BEEN IN GHETTOES BEFORE BEING MOVED TO CONCENTRATION CAMPS.

ZABAR SAID HE DID NOT KNOW WHEN THEY WOULD BE MARRIED, BUT ADDED THEY HOPED TO MARRY AND RAISE A FAMILY TO TAKE THE PLACE OF THOSI WE LOST."

MISS SEDERMAN SAID BOTH HER PARENTS HAD DIED DURING THE WAR WHILE

ZABAR SAID HE LOST THREE SISTERS AND TWO BROTHERS.

ZABAR SAID THEY WOULD PROCEED FROM HERE TO THE FARM OF ASSRIEL BOROWICK, AT LA GRANGE, OLDHAM COUNTY, KENTUCKY, WHERE HE WILL WORK. TODAY'S ARRIVAL SBROUGHT THE TOTAL OF DISPLACED PERSONS ARRIVING IN THE U.S. SINCE OCT. 30, 1948, TO 17,800.

BJ1118AED NEW YORK, APRIL 26-(AP)-THE FEELING IN NORWAY IS ONE OF SERENITY AND RELIEF BECAUSE OF THE NORTH ATLANTIC PACT AND THE MARSHALL PLAN, CHARLES ULRICK BAY, U.S. AMBASSADOR TO THAT COUNTRY,

SAID TODAY. HE ARRIVED ON THE LINER QUEEN ELIZABETH. "NORWAY IS SATISFIED THAT THE PACT WILL GUARANTEE PEACE," BAY SAID. "SHE BELIEVES IT WILL STOP THE COLD WAR IN ITS TRACKS. NORWAY FEELS THAT SHE MUST HAVE A REASONABLE SUPPORT OR ARMS."

THE AMBASSADOR SAID HE WAS ON A ROUTINE VISIT OF THREE

WEEKS TO THE STATE DEPARTMENT.

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NEW YORK, APRIL 26-(AP)-VALENTIN A.GUBITCHEV, SOVIET ENGINEER ACCUSED WITH AN AMERICAN GIRL OF SPYING ON GOVERNMENT SECRETS, WAS RELEASED IN \$100,000 BAIL TODAY.

GUBITCHEV'S RELEASE FOLLOWED LENGTHY ARGUMENTS OVER SPECIAL

CONDITIONS SET FOR HIS RELEASE BY THE GOVERNMENT.

THE FIRST SECRETARY OF THE RUSSIAN EMBASSY, LEV.S. TOLCKONNIKOV, WHO POSTED THE HUGE BAIL, FINALLY AGREED TO THE TERMS. THE GOVERNMENT DEMANDED THAT GUBITCHEV NOT ENTER A DOCK, SHIP, AIRPORT OR AIRPLANE AND WOULD STAY INSIDE THE FEDERAL DISTRICT OF NEW YORK. GUBITCHEV WAS ARRESTED MARCH 5 WITH JUDITH COPLON, BROOKLYN GIRL

EMPLOYED BY THE DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE IN WASHINGTON.

BOTH WERE INDICTED HERE ON ESPIONAGE CHARGES, BUT GUBITCHEV REFUSED AN ATTORNEY AND INSISTED HE HAD DIPLOMATIC IMMUNITY AS AN EMPLOYE OF THE UNITED NATIONS. HIS TRIAL IS SET FOR MAY 2.

MISS COPLON, LATER INDICTED IN WASHINGTON ON CHARGES OF TAKING THE GOVERNMENT DOCUMENTS INVOLVED IN THE NEW YORK ESPIONAGE CHARGES, WENT ON TRIAL THERE YESTERDAY.

GUBITCHEV HAS REPEATEDLY CLAIMED DIPLOMATIC IMMUNITY, ALTHOUGH THE STATE DEPARTMENT AND UNITED NATIONS OFFICIALS SAY HE HAS NONE. HE

HAS REFUSED A LAWYER.

TODAY WHEN TOLOKONNIKOV (CQ), OFFERED TO POST THE \$100,000 BAIL, ASSISTANT U.S. ATTORNEY GENERAL THOMAS J. DONEGAN ASKED THAT THE ENGINEER BE RELEASED ONLYIF IT WAS AGREED THAT HE WOULD NOT VISIT ANY DOCKS OR AIRPORTS OR BOARD ANY SHIPS OR AIRPLANES.

TOLOKONNIKOV SAID THE TERMS WERE UNUSUAL AND ADDED, SMILING, THAT HE WOULD AGREE IF THEY INSERTED BANS ON "SUBMARINES, HELICOPTERS AND

BALLOONS."

THERE WAS SOME DISCUSSION REGARDING THE KEYS TO GUBITCHEV'S APART-MENT, WHICH HE SAID WERE IN THE HANDS OF THE FBI. THE JUDGE ASSURED HIM ALL HIS POSSESSIONS WOULD BE RETURNED.

LATER REPORTERS ASKED HIM WHY HE WANTED THE KEYS WHEN HIS WIFE

WAS AT THE APARTMENT.

"MY WIFE MAY NOT BE HOME WHEN I WANT TO GET IN," HE SAID. "SUPPOSE SHE IS NOT, MUST I LIE DOWN ON THE DOORSTEP?"

MJ543PED

NEW YORK, APRIL 26-(AP)-SENATOR ARTHUR H. VANDENBERG (R-MICH) SAYS WILLIAM DWIGHT OF THE HOLYOKE, MASS., TRANSCRIPT-TELEGRAM. "YOU DON'T THE LEADERS OF RUSSIA COULD ASSURE WORLD PEACE BY ANNOUNCING THIS PROGRESAR ANYTHING ABOUT THAT ANY MORE. AND BACKING THEIR WORDS WITH DEEDS:

1. THAT MOSCOW SEEKS TO HEAL THE BREACH BETWEEN EAST AND WEST; "THAT COMMUNISM IS READY TO DROP ITS PLANS FOR EXTERNAL CONQUEST

AND SUBVERSION:

3. "THAT THE POLITBURG IS TRULY READY FOR MUTUAL, GOOD-FAITH EFFORTS TO CREATE A LIVABLE WORLD IN WHICH FREE SELF-DETERMINATION SHALL DECIDE ANY NATION'S ACCEPTED IDEOLOGY;

4. "AND THAT EFFECTIVELY DISCIPLINED, ADEQUATELY SUPERVISED, UNIVERSAL DISARMAMENT SHALL BE THE WORLD'S PROGRESSIVE GOAL ON A NEW AGENDA OF HOPE FOR THE PEOPLE OF THE UNION OF SOVIET SOCIALIST REPUBLICS AND FOR ALL THE OTHER PEOPLE IN A FRIENDLY WORLD."

VANDENBERG SAID LAST NIGHT THE RUSSIAN LEADERS HOLD THE KEY TO WORLD PEACE AS HE GAVE A BLUEPRINT OF A METHOD BY WHICH THEY COULD ASSURE

SERVICE.

HE SAID THAT IF THE BUSSIAN CHIEFS WERE TO ANNOUNCE WHAT HE PROPOSED. THEY WOULD PRODUCE AN EFFECT MORE POWERFUL THAN "OUR WHOLE STOREHOUSE OF ATOM BOMBS."

VANDENBERG DECLARED, HOWEVER, THAT SUCH A STATEMENT FROM THE KREMLIN MUST BE "BACKED BY DEEDS TO GIVE IT SOME BELATED SEMBLANCE OF REALITY." HE SAID THAT "EVEN TO LIFT THE BERLIN BLOCKADE WOULD BE

STARTLING SUNSHINE IN A DISMAL SKY."

(AT ABOUT THE TIME VANDENBERG WAS SPEAKING, THE RUSSIANS OFFERED

THERE IS A SERIOUS SHORTAGE OF SKILLED LINO) PE MEN AND NOT TO LIFT THE BERLIN BLOCKADE IF THE WESTERN ALLIES WOULD AGREE TO A BIG ENOUGH APPRENTICES ARE COMING ALONG, "HE SAID, "WE ARE PAYING A LOT FOUR FOREIGN MINISTERS MEETING ON THE GERMAN PROBLEM AS A WHOLE. THIS OF OVERTIME AND STILL NOT GETTING THE PRODUCTION WE NEED. WHAT WE WAS VIEWED AS A CONCESSION, SINCE THE BUSSIANS PREVIOUSLY HAD INSISTED ARE AFTER IS MORE PRODUCTION."

THAT THE MINISTERS MEET BEFORE THE BLOCKADE WOULD BE LIFTED.)

BUELL W. HUDSON, OF THE WOONS

THAT THE MINISTERS MEET BEFORE THE BLOCKADE WOULD BE LIFTED.)

POLL INDICATED THE 5-CENT PAPER

RANKING REPUBLICAN ON THE SENATE FOREIGN BELATIONS COMMITTEE, AS HE

DAILIES WITH ONLY EIGHT OUT OF

ADDRESSED A DINNER OF THE THEODORE BOOSEVELT MEMORIAL ASSOCIATION. HE THAT THEY CHARGED ANYTHING BUT A NICKEL. WAS PRESENTED WITH THE 1948 THEODORE ROOSEVELT MEDAL FOR PUBLIC

"THERE WILL BE NO WAR UNLESS COMMUNIST RUSSIA STARTS IT," THE SENATOR SAID, "AND THERE WILL BE NO PRIOR ARMED AGGRESSION UPON THE SOVIETS--LEAST OF ALL FROM THE UNITED STATES--TO PROVOKE ANY SUCH CALAMITY."

BUT AMERICANS, HE SAID, "SHALL NOT BE BOOBY-TRAPPED. THERE IS NO TRACE OF MUNICH IN OUR SOULS." HE SAID THE UNITED STATES "PRAYS AND STRIVES FOR PEACE--AND NO AMOUNT OF SELF-SERVING INTERNATIONAL

SLANDER CAN MAKE IT OTHERWISE."

MEDALS ALSO WERE AWARDED TO DR. JAMES BRYANT CONANT, PRESIDENT OF HARVARD UNIVERSITY, FOR DISTINGUISHED SERVICE IN SCIENCE, AND TO MRS. MILLICENT CAREY MC INTOSH, DEAN OF BARNARD COLLEGE, NEW YORK, FOR LEADERSHIP OF YOUTH AND THE DEVELOPMENT OF AMERICAN CHARACTER.

DR. CONANT SAID HE ACCEPTED THE MEDAL IN BEHALF OF THE SCIENTISTS WHOM HE HELPED MOBILIZE AND ADVISE DURING THE WAR. HE SAID THE REAL CONTRIBUTION OF SCIENTISTS IS "NOT IN METHODS OF DESTRUCTION BUT IN THE MATERIALS AND GENERAL WELFARE OF THE HUMAN RACE." MK735AED

FIRST LEAD ANPA (300) NEW YORK, APRIL 26-(AP)-MOUNTING PRODUCTION COSTS WERE THE PRINCIPAL CONCERN OF PUBLISHERS OF SMALLER DAILIES AT TWO DISCUSSION MEETINGS WHICH OPENED THE 63RD ANNUAL CONVENTION OF THE AMERICAN NEWSPAPER PUBLISHERS ASSOCIATION TODAY.

"LAST YEAR EVERYONE WAS WORRIED ABOUT NEWSPRINT," EXPLAINED

"NOW EVERYBODY'S WORRIED ABOUT TRYING TO HOLD DOWN PRODUCTION

COSTS." BOTH DISCUSSION MEETINGS WERE CLOSED BUT PUBLISHERS IN CHARGE

TALKED TO NEWSMEN AFTERWARDS. M.M. OPPEGARD OF THE GRAND FORKS, N.D., HERALD SAID THAT PERHAPS GREATEST INTEREST CENTERED ON TELETYPE STIERS. THESE ARE USED IN

GREATEST INTEREST CENTERED ON TELETYPE SETTERS. THESE ARE USED IN A TYPESETTING PROCESS IN WHICH A PUNCHED TAPE OPERATES THE LINOTYPE INSTEAD OF A MANUAL OPERATOR.

FRED SCHAUB, GENERAL MANAGER OF THE DECATUR, ILL., HERALD-REVIEW, TOLD ONE OF THE MEETINGS THAT HIS PAPER HAD USED TELETYPE SETTERS FOR 15 YEARS AND THAT THEY PRODUCED 400 LINES OF TYPE AN HOUR, OR ABOUT DOUBLE THE RATE OF A REGULAR LINOTYPE OPERATOR.

OPPEGARD POINTED OUT THAT AN OPERATOR WAS NECESSARY TO PUNCH THE TAPE AND SAID "THE IDEA IS NOT TO REPLACE THE PRESENT OPERATORS."
"THERE IS A SERIOUS SHORTAGE OF SKILLED LINOTYPE MEN AND NOT

ENOUGH APPRENTICES ARE COMING ALONG, " ; VRPUFLLGTWE

BUELL W.HUDSON, OF THE WOONSOCKET, R.I., CALL, SAID AN INFORMAL POLL INDICATED THE 5-CENT PAPER NOW IS STANDARD AMONG THE SMALLER DAILIES WITH ONLY EIGHT OUT OF ABOUT 275 PAPERS REPRESENTED STATING

RIGBY OWEN OF THE OPELOUSAS, LA., DAILY WORLD, DNLY DAILY IN THE COUNTRY NOW BEING PRINTED BY OFFSET ON A WEB PRESS, TOLD THE GROUP THE PROCESS DID NOT SAVE HIM MONEY BUT DID ENABLE HIM TO USE MANY ADDITIONAL PICTURES AND ADVERTISING ILLUSTRATIONS ECONOMICALLY. HIS PAPER PRINTED 829 PICTURES IN THE FIRST THREE MONTHS OF THIS

THE SESSION FOR SMALLEST PAPER WAS HELD FOR THE FIRST TIME THIS YEAR A.N.P.A. PRESIDENT, ETC., SECOND GRAF (A41)

R01249PES

NEW YORK, APRIL 26-(AP)-THE CRISIS IN INDONESIA "GIVES THE UNITED STATES A CHANCE TO APPLY THE TRAGIC AND EXPENSIVE KNOWLEDGE ACQUIRED IN CHINA, " THE NEW YORK POST HOME NEWS SAYS EDITORIALLY.

THE NEWSPAPER ADDS THAT THIS KNOWLEDGE "IS THAT THE SUREST WAY TO DRIVE COUNTRIES INTO THE COMMUNIST FOLD IS TO GIVE AID TO GOVERNMENTS

RESTING ON OPPRESSION."

THE POST SAYS "FOLLOWING THE PRECEDENT SO SUCCESSFULLY ESTABLISHED BY BOTH THE SOVIET UNION AND GREAT BRITAIN, THE NETHERLANDS HAS DEFIED THE UNITED NATIONS."

IT COMMENTED THE UNITED STATES "HAS SPOKEN UP ANGRILY AGAINST THIS ARROGANCE. THAT IS GOOD, AS FAR AS IT GOES. BUT WE CAN'T PRETENT IN THE WAY OF PEACE.

OUR RESPONSIBILITY ENDS THERE.

"WE HAVE CUT OFF MARSHALL PLAN AID TO INDONESIA, BUT OUR MONEY FLOW! INTO HOLLAND. DESPITE THE NETHERLANDS' ASSURANCES THAT AMERICAN ARMS WILL NOT BE SENT INTO BATTLE AGAINST THE INDONESIANS, IT IS OBVIOUS THAT STRENGTHENING THE DUTCH AT HOME RELEASES OTHER MONEY TO STRENGTHEN THEIR POSITION IN JAVA.

"DUTCH CONQUEST IS NO PRETTIER THAN CHINESE CORRUPTION." POINTING OUT THAT THE "ASIATIC BLOC" HAS INDICATED IT WILL DEMAND ECONOMIC SANCTIONS AGAINST HOLLAND, THE POST SAYS "THE UNITED STATES MUST ADD ITS VOICE TO THAT OF THESE 11 ASIAN AND

NEAR-EASTERN STATES, WHO ARE YET TO BE CONVINCED OF OUR GOOD FAITH. "IF THE ANGRY AND IMPATIENT INDONESIANS, SEEKING TO ESTABLISH DEMOCRATIC RULE, FAIL, THEIR FAILURE WILL BE OURS. AND INDONESIA

MAY WELL FOLLOW CHINA DOWN THE COMMUNIST DRAIN." X X X

LS714PED

UNITED NATIONS (200)

BY GEORGE PALMER

LAKE SUCCESS. APRIL 26-(AP)-THE UNITED NATIONS RESUMES DISCUSSION TODAY ON THE QUESTION OF WHAT TO DO ABOUT ITALY'S PRE-WAR AFRICAN

INCLUDING INDIA AND SYRIA. ARE SCHEDULED TO TAKE THE FLOOR IN THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY'S 58-NATION POLITICAL COMMITTEE.

AS THE ISSUE STANDS NOW CONSIDERABLE SUPPORT HAS BEEN GIVEN TO THE IDEA OF A BRITISH TRUSTEESHIP OVER CYBENAICA, ITALY'S CLAIM TO ITALIAN SOMALILAND AND ETHIOPIA'S REQUEST FOR AN OUTLET ON THE BED SEA.

ITALIAN TERRITORIES. AT A MEETING OF THE FULL ASSEMBLY YESTERDAY, DELEGATES VOTED 39 TO 6 WITH 11 ABSTENTIONS TO CONDEMN RUSSIAN REFUSAL TO LIFT THE SOVIET BAN ON GRANTING EXIT PERMITS TO BUSSIAN WIVES OF FOREIGNERS. BY VIRTUEONE INDIVISIBLE PEACE, THIS MEETING MEANT HOPES FOR A NEW ERA IN OF THE BAN, SEVERAL HUNDRED WIVES OF AMERICANS, BRITONS, CANADIANS AND HUMAN HISTORY.

OTHER NATIONALS ARE PREVENTED FROM JOINING THEIR HUSBANDS ABROAD.

COLLAND TO THE BAN OF THE PROPERTY OF THE BANGARD ARE PREVENTED FROM JOINING THEIR HUSBANDS ABROAD. THE ASSEMBLY TOOK ACTION BY ADOPTING A CHILEAN RESOLUTION WHICH

SAID THE CONTINUATION OF THIS SUVILL POLICY IS LIKELY TO IMPAIR FRIENDLY RELATIONS AMONG NATIONS. CHILE ALSO CHARGED THE BUSSIAN REGULATION VIOLATES U.N. GUARANTEES OF HUMAN RIGHTS.

CHILE INSTIGATED THE ACTION BECAUSE THE RUSSIAN WIFE OF ALVARO CRUZ, SON OF THE FORMER CHILEAN AMBASSADOR TO MOSCOW, HAS NOT BEEN PERMITTED TO LEAVE SOVIET SOIL.

JT308AES

UNDATED RUSSIAN LINE BY WILLIAM L.RYAN (500) ASSOCIATED PRESS STAFF WRITER

IT IS POSSIBLE TO DETECT A SLIGHT BUT SIGNIFICANT SHIFT IN THE

RUSSIAN LINE TODAY.

THE NEW APPROACH MAY BE SAID TO GO LIKE THIS:

"THERE IS NOTHING INSURMOUNTABLE DIVIDING THE PEOPLES OF THE EAST AND WEST. THE ONLY TROUBLE LIES WITH THE WESTERN GOVERNMENTS AS THEY ARE NOW CONSTITUTED, AND THE PEOPLE MIGHT BE ABLE TO PERSUADE THEIR GOVERNMENTS TO ACT OTHERWISE.

CURIOUSLY ENOUGH, THIS IDEA HAS BEEN ESPOUSED IN THE PAST BY THE WESTERN GOVERNMENTS -- THAT THERE IS NO REAL DIVISION BETWEEN PEOPLES, BUT THAT THE GOVERNMENTS OF THE EAST EUROPEAN NATIONS STAND

A RUSSIAN CHANGE OF APPROACH GENERALLY IS AN EXPEDIENT. IT MIGHT INDICATE THAT THE BUSSIANS FEEL THEIR BERLIN BLOCKADE AND GENERAL BELLIGERENCE HAVE NOT BEEN GETTING RESULTS.

IN FACT, THE BLOCKADE HAS BEEN A BOOMERANG -- IT BROUGHT AN ALLIED COUNTER-BLOCKADE WHICH PUT A MUCH MORE PAINFUL SQUEEZE ON THE EAST,

ECONOMICALLY.

THE BERLIN BLOCKADE MIGHT BE GROWING MORE ONEROUS TO MOSCOW. RUSSIA WILL HAVE A HUGE PROLEM ON HER HANDS WITH THE COMMUNIST ACQUISITION OF CHINA WITH ITS ECONOMIC PROBLEMS. MOREOVER, THERE IS ALWAYS A CHANCE THAT A MAN LIKE MAO TZE-TUNG, LEADER OF THE CHINESE COMMUNISTS, WILL BE A TITOIST--A NATIONALIST PUTTING CHINA BEFORE RUSSIA IN HIS CALCULATIONS.

THE RUSSIAN APPROACH ALWAYS HAS BEEN TOWARD THE LINE OF LEAST RESISTANCE. OPPOSED IN THE WEST WITH EFFECTIVENESS, THEY MAY NOW FEEL IT IS EXPEDIENT TO CONCENTRATE THEIR ATTENTION ON THE GREAT

PROBLEMS FORTHCOMING IN THE FAR EAST.

THE LINE CAN CHANGE AGAIN AT ANY TIME WHEN THE NEED ARISES. IN THIS LIGHT, THE BUSSIAN CONCESSIONS IN THE APPROACH TO A LIFTING OF THE BERLIN BLOCKADE ARE NOT SURPRISING.

LAKE SUCCESS. APRIL 26-(AP)-THE UNITED NATIONS RESUMES DISCUSSION

AND ON THE QUESTION OF WHAT TO DO ABOUT ITALY'S PRE-WAR AFRICAN

ONIES.

DELEGATIONS WHICH HAVE NOT YET STATED THEIR POSITIONS IN THE CASE, REECHOED BY COMMUNIST LEADERS IN LEADING COUNTRIES, INCLUDING THE UNITED STATES WAS NOT WELL BECKED AND UNITED STATES. UNITED STATES, WAS NOT WELL RECEIVED BY THE WESTERN MAN-IN-THE-STREET.

ITALIAN SOMALILAND AND ETHIOPIA'S REQUEST FOR AN OUTLET ON THE BED SEA. THE MOSCOW NEWSPAPERS HAVE MADE GESTURES OF FRIENDLINESS NOT EGYPT HAS INSISTED ON THE COMPLETE INDENCE OF LIBIA, AND THE SOVIET TOWARD THE GOVERNMENTS OF THE WEST, BUT TOWARD THE PEOPLES. FOR INSTANCE BLOC IS PUSHING THE IDEA OF A U.N. TRUSTEESHIP OVER ALL THE FORMER PRAYDA SAID:

"THE DAY AFTER TOMORROW IS FOUR YEARS FROM THE DAY WHEN THE FIRST AMERICAN AND RUSSIAN SOLDIERS SHOOK HANDS ON THE ELBE. FOR THOSE OF US, WHO, LIKE FRANKLIN D.ROOSEVELT AND WENDELL WILLKIE, BELIEVE IN

"AMERICA MUST LIVE IN PEACE WITH COUNTRIES HAVING COMMUNIST AND SOCIALIST STRUCTURE."

ONE OF THE SLOGANS FOR MAY DAY IS THIS:
"FRIENDSHIP OF THE PEOPLES OF THE SOVIET UNION, THE UNITED STATES

AND ENGLAND IS THE BEST GUARANTEE OF A FIRM PEACE."

IZVESTIA, THE SOVIET GOVERNMENT NEWSPAPER, HAILS THIS AS A

"FLAMING MAY DAY SLOGAN" WHICH WILL BE WARMLY RECEIVED BY THE WORLD.

RQ 21 9PED

UNDATED BERLIN CRISIS (620)

BY THE ASSOCIATED PRESS

A CHRONOLOGY OF SOME OF THE MAJOR MOVES IN THE EAST-WEST DISPUTE OVER BERLIN:

JUNE 19--(1948) WESTERN POWERS SET UP GERMAN CURRENCY REFORM; RUSSIANS RETALIATE BY SEALING OFF WESTERN SECTORS OF BERLIN.

JUNE 22--RUSSIANS ANNOUNCE THEIR OWN CURRENCY REFORM.

JUNE 23--RUSSIANS SUSPEND ALL RAIL AND BARGE TRAFFIC INTO BERLIN
FROM WESTERN GERMANY BECAUSE OF WHAT MOSCOW CALLS "TECHNICAL DIFFI2
CULTIES."

JUNE 24--GEN. LUCIUS D.CLAY, UNITED STATES MILITARY GOVERNOR IN GERMANY, SAYS ONLY SOVIET WAR CAN OUST WESTERN ALLIES FROM BERLIN; RUSSIANS CUT OFF FOOD AND ELECTRICITY FOR WESTERN SECTORS OF CITY.

JUNE 26--UNITED STATES BEGINS AIRLIFT.

JUNE 27--WESTERN ALLIES START RATIONING IN WESTERN SECTORS OF

BERLIN: 100-PLANE-A-DAY SHUTTLE PLANNED.

JUNÉ 29-BERLIN CITY COUNCIL APPEALS TO UNITED NATIONS; U.N. SECRETARY GENERAL TRYGVE LIE DROPS IDEA OF BRINGING CASE TO SECURITY COUNCIL.

JULY 1--RUSSIA WITHDRAWS FROM FOUR-POWER RULE OF BERLIN.
JULY 6--THE UNITED STATES PROTESTS THE BLOCKADE AS A CLEAR
VIOLATION OF AGREEMENTS AMONG THE FOUR OCCUPYING POWERS AND SERVES
NOTICE IT WILL "NOT BE INDUCED BY THREATS, PRESSURES OR OTHER
ACTIONS" TO ABANDON ITS RIGHTS.

JULY 14--RUSSIANS REJECT WESTERN DEMAND FOR LIFTING BLOCKADE; SAY BLOCKADE WAS CAUSED BY THE INTRODUCTION OF WESTERN CURRENCY INTO THE

CITY.

JULY 18--5,000 BERLINERS DEMONSTRATE AGAINST BLOCKADE.

JULY 25--TOP UNITED STATES ADVISERS MEET IN BERLIN TO MAP STRATEGY.
JULY 26--WESTERN ALLIES CUT ALL RAIL TRAFFIC IN AND OUT OF THE

SOVIET ZONE OF GERMANY.

JULY 31--THREE WESTERN ENVOYS IN MOSCOW SEE SOVIET FOREIGN MINISTER

MOLOTOV ON BERLIN CRISIS.

AUG. 2--THE ENVOYS MEET WITH MOLOTOV AND PRIME MINISTER STALIN.
THEY TOLD STALIN THE WESTERN POWERS WERE READY TO NEGOTIATE ON
CURRENCY MATTERS AND ANY OTHER ADMINISTRATIVE DIFFICULTIES IN BERLIN,
BUT "DO NOT INTEND TO BE COERCED" INTO ABANDONING THEIR RIGHTS IN THE
FORMER GERMAN CAPITAL. A SERIES OF SUBSEQUENT MEETINGS WAS HELD IN
MOSCOW DURING AUGUST.

AUG. 19-BERLIN MOB STONES SOVIET-CONTROLLED GERMAN. ICE.
AUG. 27-COMMUNISTS INVADE BERLIN'S CITY HALL AS SOVIET-CONTROLLED
POLICE STAND IDLY BY. THE SAME DAY THE WESTERN ENVOYS IN MOSCOW AND
MOLOTOV WORKED OUT A DIRECTIVE TO THE MILITARY GOVERNORS OF BERLIN.

B12

AUG. 31--FOUR MILITARY GOVERNORS IN BERLIN START CONFERENCES. SEPT. 5--RUSSIAN-BACKED POLICE BREAK INTO AMERICAN OFFICE IN BERLIN CITY HALL; TWO AMERICAN REPORTS BEATEN.

SEPT. 10--ONE KILLED AND 22 HURT IN BERLIN RIOT.

SEPT. 14--THE WESTERN POWERS GIVE STALIN AND MOLOTOV A MEMORANDUM CHARGING THE SOVIET COMMANDER IN BERLIN UPSET AGREEMENTS REACHED WITH STALIN.

SEPT. 18--MOLOTOV REPLIES DEFENDING THE SOVIET COMMANDER. SEPT. 22--VESTERN POWERS ASK RUSSIA FOR A YES-OR-NO ANSWER ON THE BERLIN SITUATION.

SEPT. 25--IN REPLY THE RUSSIANS INSISTED THAT AGREEMENT ON

CURRENCY BE CARRIED OUT AS INTERPRETED BY MOSCOW.

SEPT. 26--WESTERN POWERS BLAME CRISIS ON RUSSIA, AND CHARGE THAT MOSCOW FAILED TO WORK OUT "IN GOOD FAITH" THE CURRENCY AGREEMENTS. THEY SERVED NOTICE THE CASE WOULD BE REFERRED TO THE UNITED NATIONS SECURITY COUNCIL.

SEPT. 29--THE UNITED STATES, BRITAIN AND FRANCE ACCUSE RUSSIA BEFORE THE UNITED NATIONS OF MENACING WORLD PEACE WITH THE BERLIN BLOCKADE.

OCT. 22--THE SIX "NEUTRAL" NATIONS ON THE U.N. SECURITY COUNCIL PROPOSE A SOLUTION CALLING FOR IMMEDIATE LIFTING OF THE BLOCKADE AND A FOUR-POWER PARLEY TO ESTABLISH THE SOVIET ZONE MARK AS THE SOLE

OCT. 25--RUSSIA VETOES SIX-NATION PLAN; COMMISSION OF EXPERTS

SET UP TO CONSIDER BERLIN CURRENCY ISSUE.

CURRENCY FOR BERLIN.

DEC. 1--COMMUNISTS SEIZE CONTROL OF BERLIN CITY HALL, ANTI-COMMUNIST

CITY GOVERNMENT MOVES TO WESTERN SECTORS.

MARCH 16, 1949--COMMISSION OF EXPERTS ON BERLIN CURRENCY PROBLEM REPORTS FROM GENEVA, SWITZERLAND, TO SECURITY COUNCIL THAT NO AGREEMENT BETWEEN RUSSIA AND WESTERN POWERS THEN POSSIBLE. APRIL 16--ALLIED FLIERS SHATTER ALL RECORDS FOR BERLIN AIRLIFT, TRANSPORTING 12,940.9 TONS OF SUPPLIES IN 24-HOUR PERIOD.

APRIL 25-TASS, OFFICIAL SOVIET NEWS AGENCY, ANNOUNCES IN MOSCOW DISPATCH RUSSIA HAS AGREED TO LIFTING BERLIN BLOCKADE IF DATE CAN BE SET FOR MEETING OF FOUR-POWER COUNCIL OF FOREIGN MINISTERS ON WHOLE GERMAN QUESTION AND IF ALLIES LIFT COUNTER-BLOCKADE.

MJ516PED

LONDON, APRIL 26-(AP)-SEVENTY SHIPS TOTALING 144, 180 TONS ARE NOT UNDER CONSTRUCTION IN JAPAN, LLOYD'S REGISTER OF SHIPPING SAID TONIGHT.

THE WAR.

THE TOTAL KNOWN TONNAGE OF STEAMERS AND MOTORSHIPS NOW UNDER CONSTRUCTION THROUGHOUT THE WORLD IS 4,355,505 GROSS TONS, OF THIS, 47.7 PER CENT IS BEING BUILT IN GREAT BRITAIN AND NORTHERN IRELAND.

THE WORLD TONNAGE FIGURES DO NOT INCLUDE THOSE FOR RUSSIA AND BERMANY.

HP2 19PED

CADVANCE FOR USE AT 730 P.M., EST., TODAY, TUESDAY, APRIL 26)

CADVANCE >-GENEVA, WEDNESDAY, APRIL 27-CAP>-THE UNITED NATIONS

ECONOMIC COMMISSION FOR EUROPE REPORTED TODAY FIVE OF EUROPE'S MAJOR

COAL MINING AREAS ESTABLISHED POSTVAR PRODUCTION RECORDS IN MARCH.

THE COMMISSION SAID GREAT BRITAIN, THE RUNR AND SAAR AREAS OF VESTERN GERMANY, BELGIUM, AND THE METHERLANDS PRODUCED MORE COAL IN MARCH THAN IN ANY MONTH SINCE THE WAR.

AVERAGE PRODUCTION PER MAN-SHIFT CONTINUED TO LAG BENEVO THE PRE-UAR AVERAGE, HOVEVER, EN ALL COAL PRODUCING AREAS OF CONTINENTAL EUROPE. COAL EXPERTS OF THE COMMISSION SAID THE OVERALL PRODUCTION INCREASE WAS ENCOURAGING, BUT THE MAN-SHIFT OUTPUT REMAINED THE MAJOR COAL PRODLEM OF THE CONTINENT.

(END ADVANCE FOR USE AT 730 P.M., EST., TODAY, VERNESDAY, APRIL 26.)

ACREEMENT, AGRICULTURE ORGANIZATION OF INTERNATIONAL PULP AND 2 FOR 25-(AP)-THE KOOD DIRECTOR-GENERAL SAID TODAY. MONT REAL.

CONFERENCE ON COUNTRIES. * FREEDOM O.-S PONS ORED ** AXIMUM INDIVIDUAL INDUSTRIES AND WORLD WOOD PULP PROBLEMS, SAID HE BELIEVES F. A. IO-DAY, OPENING A TO THE INITIATIVE OF E. DODD. NORRIS

DEPENDS LARGELY ON THE INITIATIVE AND INGENUITY OF INDUSTRIAL LEADERS THAT SOME NOW ARE COMEBACK FROM MANUFACTURE OF PULP PRODUCTS STRONG PERIOD PRODUCERS HAVE MADE SUCH A THE IMMEDIATE POST-WAR TROUBLES. THAT S PEECH MARKETING AND PRICE PREPARED PULP SCARCITY OF THEIR EMPLOYES. • NI EX PER IENCING NOTED THE

EFFECTIVE PULP A CONTINUED WITH APPROACHING 4n ABOUT CAUGHT TALKING NOT MAS CAPACITY ARE AGO WERE ial 38 TODAY WHETHER WHERE A YEAR POINT SHO < WONDER LEAST PEOPLE OR AT SHORTAGE SAME EMAND.

S HORT-TYPICAL THINKS PERSONALLY THAT THESE ARE EASILY. FAIRLY OLVED 38 WHICH CAN la. SAID TERM ISSUES DCDD

MORE CONFERENCE, WHICH FOR 40 ACCOUNT 40 THEK 45 ARE REPRESENTED AT THE DELEGATIONS. AMONG PRODUCERS OU TPUT. PULP TWENTY-FOUR COUNTRIES WORLD UNTIL OF CONTINUE

DODD EXPRESSED FEAR THAT PAPER RATIONING WILL HAVE TO BE CONTINUED "FOR SOME TIME" IN MANY COUNTRIES BUT SAID IT LOOKS AS IF THE ACUTE NEWS PRINT SHORTAGE IN EUROPE IS GRADUALLY COMING TO AN END.

"I AM CONFIDENT THAT THE TIME IS APPROACHING WHEN THE COUNTRIES THAT
HAVE TO IMPORT PULP AND PAPER WILL BE ABLE TO INCREASE THEIR
PURCHASES, WITH THE RESULT THAT NEWSPAPERS AND OTHER USERS OF PULP
PRODUCTS WILL GRADUALLY REGAIN MORE NORMAL WORKING FACILITIES."

WW317PED

WASHINGTON, APRIL 25-(AP)-THE WORLD BANK INTENDS TO STICK TO
MAKING LOANS ON ECONOMIC RATHER THAN "SOCIAL OR RELIEF GROUNDS," VICE
PRESIDENT ROBERT L.GARNER TOLD A NEWS CONFERENCE TODAY.

GARDNER DESCRIBED AS "A LITTLE FAR-FETCHED" RECENT CRITICISM OF THE BANK IN A REPORT BY A SUBCOMMITTEE OF THE UNITED NATIONS ECONOMIC, SOCIAL AND CULTURAL ORGANIZATION. HE QUOTED THE REPORT AS SAYING "WE MADE LOANS ON ECONOMIC INSTEAD OF SOCIAL OR RELIEF GROUNDS."

HE SAID THAT HOWEVER "DESIRABLE" IT MIGHT BE, IT IS NOT THE BANK'S BUSINESS -- UNDER ITS CHARTER -- "TO TAKE CARE OF PEOPLE WHO MAY BE POOR OR EVEN SICK."

"WE WOULDN'T BE ABLE TO RAISE ANY MONEY OUT OF THE (FINANCIAL)
MARKET IF WE DID THAT, " GARNER SAID.

GARNER ALSO SAID THE PRESENT CHARTER OF THE BANK IS "ADEQUATE."

REFERRING TO THE REPORT'S SUGGESTION FOR ANOTHER BRETTON WOODS

CONFERENCE TO BROADEN THE BANK'S LENDING APPROACH, HE SAID THAT WOULD

PRESENT PRACTICAL DIFFICULTIES BECAUSE ALL 48 MEMBER COUNTRIES WOULD

HAVE TO APPROVE ANY CHANGE. HE ADDED THAT THE DECISION WOULD HAVE TO BE "BY GOVERNMENTS -- AND NOT BY TECHNICAL EXPERTS." GARNER ALSO TOLD THE CONFERENCE:

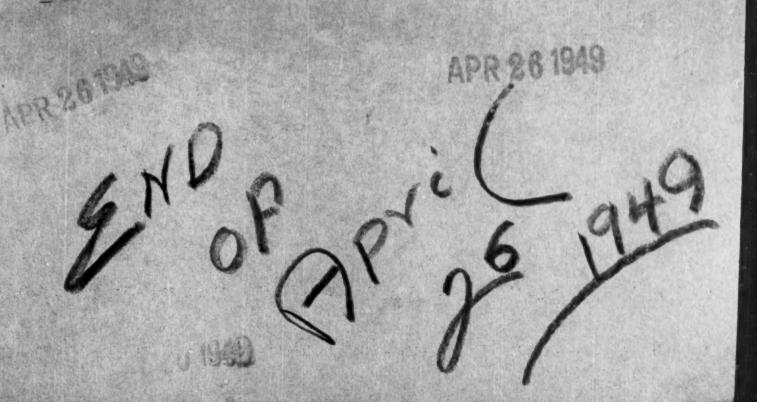
(1) HE WEBERTANDS IT IS SPETT DEFINITE THAT T

(1) HE UNDERSTANDS IT IS "PRETTY DEFINITE" THAT THE BANK'S PRESIDENT, JOHN J.MCCLOY, HAS BEEN OFFERED THE POST OF FIRST AMERICAN HIGH COMMISSIONER FOR GERMANY.

HE ADDED, HOWEVER, THAT HE UNDERSTANDS MCCLOY WOULD NOT TAKE IT UNDER CONSIDERATION UNTIL HE RETURNS IN A FEW DAYS FROM LONDON.

- (2) THE BANK LIKELY WILL MAKE SOME "MODERATE" LOANS FOR DEVELOPMENT IN EGYPT AND TURKEY "IN THE COURSE OF A FEW MONTHS."
- (3) A DECISION ON WHETHER TO MAKE SOME LOANS TO INDIA AND FOR WHAT PROJECTS ALSO IS PROBABLE IN A FEW MONTHS. HE SAID INDIA IS INTERESTED IN RAILROAD IMPROVEMENT AND IN POWER AND IRRIGATION PROJECTS.

 AB518PED



France, details could be worked out for a meeting of the Council of Foreign Ministers.

German State An Issue

Western sources were particularly concerned as to whether Russia has changed her attitude on the arrangements now going forward for the establishment of a West German state. Tass made no reference to this issue which previously had been a stumbling block.

The Western powers insisted that they could not agree to any delay or suspension of the plans for the proposed new state. The iron-grilled door of the Russian headquarters closed and nothing more was heard until he emerged still alone and drove back to United States headquarters at 2 Park avenue.

A few minutes later Gromyko left for a United Nations committee meeting at Lake Success. Aides held the door for Gromyko, a bodyguard cleared his path, and he was flanked by four secretaries and assistants. He had nothing to say.

Malik stayed inside the Russian building where he lives. A note was sent to him asking, "May we have

U. S. Asks Reds When and How

Operation to Go

Jessup in Long Conference With Gromyko, Malik

BY FRANCIS W. CARPENTER
NEW YORK. (A)—Ambassador Philip C. Jessup asked the
Russians Jesterday to tell the
western powers exactly what
are their terms for lifting the
Berlin blockade.

The Russians then started work on their answer. When it will come is anybody's guess.

That sums up the formal and informal reports on a 92-minute meeting today between Jessup and two Soviet deputy foreign ministers, Andrei A. Gromyko and Jakob A. Malik.

Precise Views Sought

The conversations were held under unusual secrecy on the second floor of the ornately furnished Russian delegation offices in upper Park ave.

At the end of the talk, which extended thru lunch time, Jessup left a written communication with Gromyko and Malik. Informed quarters said the communication was intended to draw from the Soviet government its precise views on what can be done about the blockade and to put the whole talks on a formal basis.

Jessup had nothing to say when he left the meeting except to tell waiting reporters, "I'm just as hungry as you are."

Diplomatic sources described the Jessup message variously during the day as a note, a communication, and a written memorandum.

An American delegation spokesman explained that it was not a 'note' in the usual diplomatic sense. He said usuilly at this stage in negotiations the ambassador reads a prepared statement and then leaves a copy on the table when he departs.

Jessup drove up to the Russian headquarters alone in a state department limousine. He carried no briefcase. The message was in his pocket.

A crowd of reporters, photographers, newsreel men and Hunter college girls greeted Jessup. The tall American, wearing a blue suit and a grey homburg, went straight to the door, commenting repeatedly he had nothing to say.

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A few minutes later Gromyko left for a United Nations committee meeting at Lake Success. Aides held the door for Gromyko, a bodyguard cleared his path, and he was flanked by four secretaries and assistants. He had nothing to say.

Malik stayed inside the Russian building where he lives. A reporter sent a note to him after the meeting asking, "may we have your comment on the Jessup conference?" An aide, by this time somewhat harried, came back with the card and the single word, "No."

No one would say when the next meeting would be held. But American sources previously have explained that the talks so far are entirely informal and meetings can be arranged by a telephone call at any time.

Jessup talked over the meeting with Sir Alexander Cadogan,

Britain, and Jean Chauvel, France, at the U. S. delegation offices.

The ambassador - at - large also talked with members of the U. S. delegation to the UN and with American Press officers.

Blockade Talks Are Placed On Formal Basis

New York, April 27 (P)—The United States delivered a note to the Russians here today asking for a formal statement as to when and on what conditions they will lift their Berlin blockade.

The note was taken by Philip C. Jessup, American ambassador-at-large, to Soviet Deputy Foreign Minister Jakob A. Malik.

Jessup called on Malik at the Soviet offices on upper Park avenue at 12.30 P.M.

Exact Ideas Are Sought

Jessup emerged from the meeting at 2.02 P.M. and left without comment for United States Delegation Headquarters.

The text of the American communication was not made public, but informed quarters said its main purpose was to shift the Berlin negotiations to a formal basis and get Russia's views down on paper.

Previously, no views had been exchanged in writing since Jessup first brought up the question in an informal talk with Malik at Lake Success on February 15.

May Have Seen Allies

Jessup brought the note with him on his return to New York this morning after talks in Washington yesterday with President Truman and State Department officials.

Before going alone to see Malik, Jessup met with members of the United States delegation to the United Nations at the American headquarters, 2 Park avenue. He disappeared later and was understood to have called on British and French representatives to show them the note.

The American note was understood to seek clarification specifically on two issues: An exact understanding as to what would be involved in any agreement to lift the blockade and a proposed timetable.

Some Delay Expected

A United States spokesman said this switch to a formal exchange of notes probably would result in some delay in getting Russia's views.

It was expetced, he said, that Malik would transmit the American note to his immediate superior here, Deputy Foreign Minister Andrei A. Gromyko, who in turn probably would have to consult Moscow before replying.

A flying visit by Dean Rusk, Assistant Secretary of State, to New York last night gave rise to speculation that he might figure in the next step. Rusk said he had come to attend a dinner at the home of Secretary General Trygve Lie.

Gromyko Also Present

Another guest at the dinner was Gromyko.

As the direct superiors of Jessup and Malik, it was pointed out, they would be in a position to step into the informal discussions if the occasion presented itself at the dinner. There was no immediate indication, however, that they did so.

The immediate question the United States wanted clarified was whether Russia meant exactly what a Tass dispatch from Moscow said yesterday—that Russia would lift the blockade if the Western powers would fix a date for a meeting of the Big Four Foreign Ministers to consider the whole German question.

Further Talks Needed

The State Department said in Washington that further talks were needed to make sure there were no strings attached.

The United States wants to know exactly what Russia would mean by "lift the blockade."

Then, possibly in a more formal meeting including Britain and

Unusual Secrecy Attends Jessup Parley With Malik

New York, April 27 (P)—Unusual secrecy attended the conversations today between Ambassador Philip C. Jessup and two Soviet Deputy Foreign Ministers, Andrei A. Gromyko and Jakob A. Malik, on the second floor of the ornately furnished Russian delegation offices on upper Park avenue.

At the end of the talk, Jessup left a written communication with Gromyko and Malik. Informed quarters said the communication was intended to draw from the Soviet Government its precise views on what can be done about the blockade and to put the whole tatks on a formal basis.

Jessup had nothing to say when he left the meeting except to tell waiting reporters, "I'm just as hungry as you are." The talks ran from 12.30 to 2.02 P.M.

Not Note In Diplomatic Sense

Diplomatic sources described the Jessup message variously during the day as a note, a communication and a written memorandum.

An American delegation spokesman explained that it was not a "note" in the usual diplomatic sense. He said usually at this stage in negotiations the Ambassador reads a prepared statement and then leaves a copy on the table when he departs.

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Bodyguard For Gromyko

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Jessup talked over the meeting with Sir Alexander Cadogan, of Britain, and Jean Chauvel, of France, at the United States delegation offices.

The Ambassador-at-Large also talked with members of the United States delegation to the United Nations and with American press

Although the conference was held in New York city, no statement on it came from American sources until two hours later at Lake Success. A delegation spokesman said the United States decided to do this to accommodate newsmen covering the United Nations Assembly who could not follow the movements of the diplomats in New York.

Discussed At Lie's Home

Informed quarters at Lake Success said an hour-long private conversation took place last night at the home of Trygve Lie, secretary general, among Hector McNeil, British Minister of State; Dean Rusk, United States Assistant Secretary of State, and Gromyko.

These three were among 25 dinner guests at Lie's home, After dinner, an informant said, the other guests went upstairs and left McNeil, Rusk and Gromyko alone. The others rejoined them an hour later.

The informant said there was a frank exchange of views during the dinner on the whole field of international issues, including the North Atlantic treaty.

Jessup left for Washington at 4.30 P.M., presumably to report to the White House and the State Department. Rusk went back to Washington last night.

Moscow Sources Hint Moves Toward Amity

Moscow. April 27 (A)—A feeling that Soviet Russia and the three Western powers may be on their way toward a new stage in postwar mutual relations prevailed today in Moscow. No one was going so far as to predict settlements, beyond lifting of the Berlin restrictions. But diplomats agreed this could be the stepping stone.

Handled with infinite care by all sides, some sources said, this new state of affairs could lead to an ending of the cold war.

[This dispatch passed through the Moscow censorship. The copy as received in the United States does not show what, if any, deletions were made by the censor.]

Britons Knock Wood

The skepticism that has usually accompanied new moves in the cold war was lacking in western quarters today.

"Something is cooking," said an American, "At this point it doesn't smell had."

An informant at the British Embassy observed:

"We're knocking on wood."

All western quarters stressed the situation was delicate, and agreed that new steps should be slow and cautious — backed up by much thought.

Press Is Silent

The Russians seemed to be proceeding with caution. Neither of the leading newspapers. Pravda and Izvestia, commented on the new attitude toward the Berlin communications situation. They printed no news of it.

Often the papers follow up such communiqués as that of Monday night with dispatches from abroad giving foreign reaction. This was not the case today. Foreign envoys regarded this as a sign of a waitand-see attitude, pending action by the United States, Britain and France on the proposals to lift the blockades and call a meeting of the Foreign Ministers Council.

Pravda printed a political cartoon attacking the North Atlantic treaty.

MOSCOW HINTS COLD WAR END

Diplomats Emphasize Caution Needed In New Tarleys

By EDDY GILM E

Moscow, April 27 (A Some diplomatic sources said by the reopening of the Berlin question, if handled correctly and with infinite care by all sides, could lead to an ending of the cold war.

A feeling prevailed in Moscow that Russia and the Big Three Western powers may be on their way toward a new stage in postwar rela-

"Something is cooking." said an American source. "At this point it doesn't smell bad."

Proceeding With Caution

The Russians appeared to be proceeding with caution.

An authoritative source at the British Embassy said:

"We're knocking on wood."

The skepticism that has usually accompanied new moves in the cold war was lacking in Western quarters. But all emphasized the delicacy of the present situation and agreed new steps should be thoughtful, slow and cautious.

[This dispatch passed through Moscow censorship. Whether the censor made any deletions was not apparent in the copy as received in New York.]

No Newspaper Reports

Neither the Communist party newspaper, Pravda, nor the Government newspaper. Izvestia, carried any news or made any comment on the new attitude toward the Berlin situation.

Russian papers often follow up communiqués on international affairs with dispatches from abroad giving foreign reaction. The fact no reaction stories were printed today suggested official action by the United States, Britain and France was awaited.

All sides appeared to agree that here was a good chance of lifting he communications ban, and, of course, the attendant condition—a late for another meeting of the Council of Foreign Ministers.

Informed sources speculated that he meeting would be held in the United States, perhaps in connection with the United Nations General · Assembly session at Lake Success.

So far it has been the Council's practice to rotate meetings among the nations. The last conference was held in London late in 1947. It followed meetings in Paris and Moscow,

West Berlin Astir At Blockade News

Berlin. April 27 (A)—The people of western Berlin seized eagerly today on reports that the Russian blockade would be lifted "in the very near future."

The reports, distributed by Western-licensed German news agencies, were attributed to German sources closely connected with the Soviet military administration.

The informants said the Russians had ordered immediate technical preparations for lifting the blockade. No official confirmation of these reports was available.

Communist Conference

The British-licensed nawspaper Sozialdemokrat said leading Communists of the Russian zone were summoned to Soviet headquarters at Karlshorst yesterday for a conference in connection with the lifting of the blockade.

There was a lot of guessing whether the reported meeting was called to deal with plans to lift the blockade or to speed the formation of a separate Communist-dominated East German state in the Soviet zone to match the proposed West German republic.

Effect Of Airlift

The anti-Communist press in West Berlin interpreted the new Russian overtures for lifting the blockade as evidence that the Communists recognize the Allied airlift has beaten their blockade and that their zone's economy has suffered more than the West zone from the blockading.

Meanwhile, the Berlin blockade continues just as tight as ever on the ground—with Allied planes just as active in meeting it by flying in the supplies the West Berliners need

Russia's On Again, Off Again By-Play Provokes British

BFPLIN. (A) — The Russians clamped controls on three canal locks in the British sector of Berlin yesterday but reopened them after the British protested. At the same time the American-British airlift flew a near record tonnage into the city.

A spokesman for the British military government called the Soviet action "provocative" and said it was "all the more surprising at a time when informal discussions have been taking place regarding possible lifting of the blockade."

The spokesman, referring to talks in New York for lifting the blockade, said the Soviet action appeared "quite inconsistent with such discussions."

British authorities said Russian officers took over control of the Spandau, Charlottenburg and Ploetzensee locks and told the lock keeper to bar passage of any craft not registered with the Soviet water control. The British protested and the ban was removed. Normal water traffic was resumed.

There were expressions of both hope and skepticism concerning the possibility the Russians may knock down the blockade.

Allied planes underscored the "put-it-in-writing" attitude of the United States in asking Soviet Deputy Foreign Minister Jakob A. Malik at New York for a formal statement as to when and on what conditions Russia would restore

traffic with this city.

Flying thru clear skies, big fourengined planes delivered 9,119 tons
of fuel and supplies in 1,022 flights
in the 24-hour period ended at noon.
Only once before had they exceeded
that mark. That was when the
record 12,940 tons were flown in
April 16. Western Allied officials
kept silent concerning developments in New York and elsewhere.
They waited to see the outcome.
They said only that rail and automotive equipment was ready to
move into Berlin.

Dr. Fritz Busch, director-general of West German railways, said in Frankfurt "at a moment's notice we are ready to dispatch 18 trains over the one available rail line." He said plans had been kept in readiness thru the months of the blockade.

A British transport official in Berlin likewise reported British trucks and trains were ready to move at short notice.

Rail, Truck Transport For Berlin Ready

Frankfurt, Germany, April 27 (AP)—Trains and trucks can start rolling toward Berlin almost at the moment the blockade is lifted.

West German and Allied officials disclosed today that they are ready to move fast if Russia relents.

Plans have been kept constantly up to date ever since the blockade began nearly a year ago. Since then the supplies which used to go by road and rail have been flown to Berlin by the British-American airlift.

"But we have never stopped planning for possible resumption of normal traffic," said Dr. Fritz Busch, director general of West German railways.

"At a moment's notice we are ready to dispatch eighteen trains over the one available rail line through Helmstedt to Berlin," Busch said.

Blockade Terms Are Acceptable, Briton Says

London, April 27 (AP) — Britain will accept Russia's terms for lifting the Berlin blockade, an official source said tonight.

The informant said Britain's willingness has been conveyed to the United States. The two governments have been in close consultation on the Moscow offer.

The source said the meeting of Dr. Philip Jessup, the United States Ambassador at large, and Soviet Deputy Foreign Minister Jakob Malik in New York is expected to result in fixing a date for a Four-Power meeting—and possible for ending the blockade and counter-blockade.

"Positive" Accord Hoped For

As far as Britain is concerned, this source said, the Four-Power meeting could be held before July. By that time, under Western plans, a West German government will have been formed.

The Foreign Office would not comment formally on the subject. In the matter of setting a meeting

date, it was pointed out that the Russians stressed that the date must be acceptable to them.

British informants said this country hopes the Foreign Ministers will "aim at reaching a positive agreement on a German treaty."

All-German Rule Possible

They say they hope the meeting will not again deteriorate into a talkfest which would be a sounding board for Soviet propaganda.

The official said Britain still wants the arrangements for a West German government to go forward. However, this did not preclude the idea of achieving a government for all Germany, he added.

It is believed likely that if a Foreign Ministers meeting is convened, it will be in Paris.

Paris A Compromise

American sources here said the United States favors Washington and that Russia probably would seek to have it in Berlin, so that Paris would be a likely compromise.

The official source said Britain would not favor a secret meeting which some diplomats have suggested as a means of preventing the conference from becoming a propaganda platform.

Jewish-Arab Talks Begin

Lausanne, Switzerland, April 27 (A)—Final peace terms between the Jews and Arabs will be agreed upon during the coming week, Mark Ethridge, chairman of the United Nations Conciliation Commission, predicted today.

The commission opened preparatory peace talks today with Egypt. Lebanon and Israel. Syria and Trans-Jordan are also scheduled to take part.

Ethridge, publisher of the Louisville Courier-Journal, told a news conference he felt sure the commission's efforts to lay the foundation for a peace in Palestine would be successful.

Close To Bitterness

Ethridge said the current debate over United Nations membership for Israel might delay peace talks, but he suggested the delay itself might help tempers to cool.

"Both sides are so close to bitterness and blood." he said, "that it will take a long time to get the fever down."

The future of some 850,000 Arab refugees in the Middle East and the proposed internationalization of Jerusalem are the major problems before the peace conference, Ethridge said.

Access To Ports

The principal function of the three-member commission - comprising Franch, Turkey, and the United States-is to recommend a solution of these two problems to the United Nations General Assembly.

"The refugee problem is our toughest proposition," he said. "But we are also supposed to bring Israel and the Arab countries together," he added, "and all matters affecting the final peace settlement might enter into the discussions here, including such problems as access to ports and communications

A further meeting is scheduled tomorrow with the Syrian delega-

Meeting of Belgian Royalty Belittled

BRUSSELS. Belgium. (A)-The Belgian cabinet played down the Bern meeting of exiled King Leopold 3d and his brother, Regent Prince Charles, in announcements last night.

Leopold met for six hours with the regent, Premier Paul-Henri Spaak and Justice Minister Moreau De Melen in Bern Monday. The cabinet said the meeting was merely an informative conference.

"The prime minister and the minister of justice informed their colleagues that they had reported to the king on the situation of the country, particularly as far as the royal question is concerned." a communique said.

To Belgians, "the royal question" is whether King Leopold 3d should be permitted to return to the throne. The Christian Social (Catholic) party is for it. Non-Catholic parties, which together are stronger numerically in parliament, oppose

King Leopold has been in exile since he was liberated by the Allied invasion of Germany in 1945. Critics denounced his capitulation to Germany in 1940 and his decision to remain in the country during the German occupation. 4 DD

Army Remits Sentence Of Prison Fire Survivor

FRANKFURT, April 27 (A). The sentence of the only soldier to survive a Mannheim military prison fire, in which five others suffered fatal burns, was remitted

today by Lieutenant General C. R. Huebner.

The soldier, Recruit Harold L. Hoaks, of Brook, Ind., was sentenced in March to six months for going absent without leave. He had four and a half months still to serve.

The American Ground Forces commander commuted the sentence in recognition of Hoaks's action in demanding that the other men receive medical attention first.

Hoaks still is in a hospital with second-degree burns over 40 per cent of his body.

ent of his body.

The fire broke out while the six men were cleaning paint spots from the floor of the prison mess.

Huebner Taking a Leave

FRANKFORT, April 27 (AP)-Maj. Gen. Frank W. Milburn, commander of the First Division, will take temporary command of the United States ground forces in Europe from April 29 to May 3, the Army announced today. He will hold the post while General Huebner is on leave in Switzerland.

On Routine Missions

He said he was denied access to the station on at least ten occasions by militiamen, He said one militiaman to whom he presented his credentials dashed them to the ground before denying him permission to enter.

Several complaints center around charges that diplomatic families of the five countries, who had tickets to leave Belgrade, also were barred and thus missed the train.

GRAMMOS PEAK TAKEN

Greek Army Recovers Pyrgos, Also Seizes Kamanic Pass

Government troops captured today strategically important Mount through which the Communist-led guerrillas have been getting reinbania.

This twin victory was announced tonight by Gen. Alexander Papagos, commander in chief of the Greek armed forces.

The Government troops launched

added:

ATHENS, April 27 (A)-Greek Pyrgos in the Grammos Mountains. They also seized Kamanic Pass forcements and supplies from Al-

their newest attack in the Grammos Mountains of the northwest

5 Nations Protest Treatment Of Aides By Belgrade Militia

cler Sung celon

Belgrade, Yugoslavia, April 27 (A)-Five Western countries protested today the treatment of diplomats by militiamen during a Yougoslav demonstration last Sunday.

The protests came from the United States, Britain, Belgium, France and Italy.

The demonstration was in honor of Djure Djakovich, secretary of the Yugoslav Communists twenty years ago, who was slain after refusing to disclose party secrets.

Denied Access Ten Times

The envoys complained that their aides were prevented from reaching the railroad station during the demonstration, despite the fact they were on routine diplomatic missions such as carrying dispatches to couriers passing through Belgrade.

As a result the United States was prevented from sending diplomatic pouches which ordinarily leave here every Sunday.

Sir Charles Peake the British Ambassador, went personally to the station during the demonstration and encountered the same trouble.

border area Sunday night. Mount Pyrgos is about eight air miles north of Konitza.

With the aid of the Air Force

and an intense artillery bombardment, the troops succeeded in knocking the guerrillas from their bitterly-defended positions, General Papagos said.

Greek Regulars Gaining.

Athens, April 27 (A. P.) .-Greek dispatches said today that advancing National forces had met strong, but unsuccessful. guerrilla counter-attacks in the Grammos Mountains, north of Konitsa, where Greek regulars began an offensive yesterday.

Repressive Measures Hinted By Soviet Paper

Moscow, April 27 (A)-The Literary Gazette said today the arrest in the United States of Valentin A. Gubitchev gives Russia the right either to demand satisfaction from the United States or adopt repres-

sive measures against American citizens or diplomats.

E. Korovin, a legal expert, wrote that Gubitchev's arrest constituted one of the most serious violations of international law" and an act of "illegal discrimination directed

against the Soviet Union." He

"Inasmuch as the object of this violation of the law was a diplomatic worker of the U.S.S.R., by this token this violation constitutes an act of illegal discrimination against the Soviet Union.

"Such action gives to the state which suffered from it the right to either demand correspondent satisfaction (moral or material) from the violating state, or to apply in answer repressive measures to citizens and diplomatic workers of the state which has entered upon a path of international law break-

Dean Acheson. Secretary of State. has held that Gubitchev does not have immunity from American prosecution as a Soviet spy suspect. He has so informed Soviet officials in Washington

Chiang Kai-Shek arrived here a dramatic appeal to all Chinese to fight "Communist tyranny." The retired president said he spoke only as a citizen.

It was a perilous time for Chiang. branded by the Communists as No. 1 "war criminal." to come to come to Shanghai from his retreat at Chikow far to the south.

(The guerrillas in Puntung, within easy range of all traffic on the Shanghai waterfront, posed an immediate threat to the evacuation of Chinese government troops and foreign Nationals.

(Putung looks across on Shanghai's teeming bund, on the U. S., British and French consulates, and upon the wharves from which small craft might take evacuees to ships waiting in the Yangtze to the north.

SPRAWLING DISTRICT

(Putung itself is a sprawling district of wharves, warehouses, tenements and a few factories. If guerrillas took control, they probably did it by seizing police boxes.

(The Associated Press in Shanghai sent the report of Putung' cap-

alist soldiers, their decks crowded with trucks and planes, left Shanghai, presumably for Formosa. It is on this island that Natioalist China may make its last stand.

The withdrawal of foreigners from threatened Shanghai continued. The U. S. liner President Wilson is due to sail today with 250 Americans aboard, cutting the American colony here to about 1,800. Other Americans were leaving by plane. The U. S. navy closed the float nostoffice.

Foreigners Continue To Leave

The withdrawal of foreigners from threatened Shanghai continued. The United States liner President Wilson is due to sail tomorrow with 250 Americans aboard, cutting the American colony here to about 1.800. Other Americans were leaving by plane. The United States Navy closed its fleet post office.

The British Consulate said it fighting broke out in the Shanghai area all British warships would quit the Whangpoo and sail north to the

Guerrillas Seize Town Across from Shanghai

BY TOM LAMBERT SHANGHAI. (P)—Communist guerrillas yesterilas seized Putung, within rifle range across the Whangpoo river from the heart of Shanghai.

At the same time two Communist columns bore down on this greatest city in all Asia from the west and northwest. The Reds took over Soochow without a fight and now may be but 44 miles away. A third column lanced south from Soochow aiming for Shanghai's railway lifeline to South China.

Chiang in Shanghai

Soochow, last strongpoint before Shanghai, is 50 miles west. The Shanghai garrison said government defenders had taken up new positions six miles east of Soochow and fighting continued.

The coup came as Generalissimo

Shanghai garrison prohibits issuance of any civil war news except that which it approves. For that reason, newsmen in Shanghai may be unable to report what is going on in Putung.)

Garrison headquarters said Communist forces on the west were fanning out from Soochow. One column moved from Soochow along the railway that leads to Shanghai. The garison asserted 5,000 Reds were killed at Soochow. It said fighting still was in progress.

Other Red forces moved south from Soochow along the highway toward Kashing, 50 miles southwest cf Shanghai. Kashing's fall would cut the railway to Hangchow, fortified city another 50 miles down the

TROOPS SENT OUT

The garrison said "crack government troops" had been sent northwest to meet the second Red column advancing on Shanghai. This column is apparently headed toward Taitsang, 25 miles northwest of

Three ships loaded with Nation-

Yangtze. It said evacuees would have to depend on merchant ships and planes.

The British cruiser Belfast has left Hong Kong for Woosung, at the mouth of the Yangtze north of Shanghai, At Woosung Vice Admiral A. C. G. Madden will transfer his flag and staff to the Belfast from the cruiser London, which was damaged by Communist artillery fire on the Yangtze.]

Chiang's unexpected arrival in Shanghai (he previously was reported headed for the southeast coast port of Amoy) was reported by the Chinese and foreign press. There was no fanfare.

Tinderbox For Third War

His statement, which declared that China may become the tenderbox for a third world war, was issued by the Government Central News Agency under a Chikow date-

Chiang made his appeal for a coninued fight in his capacity as director-general of the Kuomintang Government party). Only last week he joined Acting President

Li Tsung jen in a statement calling for a fight to the finish.

Blunder Like Japan's

Chiang charged that the Communists sought to "enslave the Chinese people to the cause of international communism by attempting to make all China a military base and source of manpower for the benefit of a Communist plan for world domination."

He said the Communists by crossing the Yangtze made the same political and military blunders which defeated Japan in China.

He predicted the Communist thrust into South China "will bring the Reds face to face with a tangling mass of military, political and economic problems which eventually will result in their downfall."

"I am certain." he said, "that so long as we carry on the struggle the Communists can neither enslave nor destroy our country. Within three years final victory will be ours."

He styled the Communist movement a "dark and brutal force which seeks to rob our people of their liberty"

Canton Organizes Defense

"Although I retired from the post of President," he said, "I feel I cannot lightly disregard my responsibility as a citizen at a time when our country is faced with danger and our people are on the brink of disaster."

He urged the people to support Acting President Li, whose refugee Government has gone to Canton in South China.

A dispatch from Canton said a 100.000-man Nationalist army was hurriedly being organized there for a final stand.

Reds Take Town Across From Shanghai

Shanghai, April 27 (A)—Red guerrillas in a surprise coup today seized Putung, right across the Whangpoo River from Shanghai.

At the same time Nationalist roops abandoned Soochow (Wuhsien), guardian city for Shanghai 50 miles to the west.

IRed possession of Putung in any strength could make all operations on the Whangpoo, including evacuation of foreigners, hazardous.

IRight across from Putung Point are the Chinese City Council house and the British and American consulates. The Whangpoo is less than one fourth of a mile wide there.

"Position Shifted"

The Shanghai garrison, without using the word withdrawn, said in a communiqué that Government troops at Soochow had "shifted their positions" to a point 6 miles nearer Shanghai.

Ten thousand Communist troops participated in the Soochow battle. The Nationalists said they killed 5.000 Reds.

From Soochow the Reds may pivot toward Hangchow, 85 miles south of here, or may turn directly toward Shanghai.

Rail service between Shanghai and Hangchow had not been interrupted. Both seaports may become escape avenues for the National ists.

Soldiers Sail

At least two shiploads of Nationalist soldiers and equipment sailed from Shanghai today. Likely they were headed for Formosa, where Generalissimo Chiang Kai-shek's followers have a bastion.

Possible use of Hangchow for a sea escape route for the Government's 300.000 men depends on shipping. Hangchow's port is not suitable for heavy shipping and only light craft could use the port.

Flight To Canton

With Nanking and a large part of the area south of the Yangtze held by the Communists, the Government had fled to Canton, far south.

[Reports were current in Tokyo that Chinese and some foreign business men were urging the Government's Woosung garrison at Shanghai to prevent a battle that would damage the city.]

The majority of both British and American nationals in Shanghai had elected to remain.

Hint 2 Armies Gone

Communist broadcasts asserted two Chinese armies, the 20th and 99th, virtually had been wiped out. The site of this reported fighting was not given.

West of Lake Tai, some 80 miles west of Shanghai, the Communists were reported by their radio in possession of Ihing and Chingtai.

The Shanghai garrison tightened its security measures and said censorship of both Chinese and English language newspapers would begin.

Chiang Fears Third War If China Is Vanquished

Shanghai, April 27 (P)—Chiang Kai-shek today returned to the battle against communism, forecasting a third world war if China is lost.

His country, he said, would be the tinderbox and furnish men for that war if the Chinese Communists win.

The Generalissimo pledged to share the hardships of his countrymen "on the brink of disaster." He said he could not disregard his responsibility at such a time.

Enslavement Feared

The statement—his first since retiring from the presidency January 21—was issued from Chikow, his ancestral home. But foreign and Chinese newspapers said he was back in Shanghai, soon perhaps to become another civil-war battle-ground.

He spoke as director general of the Kuomintang (Government) party.

Chiang said the Communists were seeking to "enslave the Chinese people to the cause of international Communists by attempting to make all China the military base and source of manpower for the benefit of the Communist plan for world domination."

Chiang promised full support to the Government of Li. Thus he may have chosen this means of coming from retirement to help China.

Calls For Resistance

He called on his people to fight as hard against communism as they did against the Japanese in eight years of war. At the same time he admitted some of the shortcomings of his own 22-year rule.

The Generalissimo said the Reds by crossing the Yangtze had blundered into the same military errors that mired the Japanese.

The river crossing, he said, represents the "peak of Communist military development." It will bring the Reds "face to face with the tangling mass of military, political and economic problems which will eventually result in their downfall."

Predicts Victory

"I am certain," he said, "that so long as we carry on the struggle the Communists can neither enslave nor destroy our country. Within three years the final victory will be ours."

He recalled that only four years ago Nanking was liberated from

the Japanese.

"We are confronted," said Chiang, "by a dark, brutal force which seeks to rob our people of their liberty, destroy the independence of our nation and threaten the peace of the entire world.

CHIANG URGES CHINA TO FIGHT RED 'TYRANNY'

Returns To Shanghai As 2 Communist Columns Push On City

Shanghai, April 27 (P)—Generalissimo Chiang Kai-shek arrived in this Communist-menaced city today and urged all Chinese to fight "Communist tyranny."

His appeal came as two Communist columns moved toward Shanghai and another lanced deeper to the south to cut off the last rail lifeline to the rest of China.

It was a perilous time for Chiang, branded by the Communists as No. 1 "war criminal," to come to Shanghai from his southern retreat at Chikow. The retired President said he spoke only as a citizen.

Shanghai was menaced by two columns bearing down on this greatest Asian metropolis from the west and northwest. Already they had taken Soochow, 50 miles to the west, without a fight.

Might Be 44 Miles Away

The Shanghai garrison command said Nationalist troops had taken up new positions 6 miles east of Soochow and that fighting was continuing. Thus the Communits might be only 44 miles west of Shanghai.

Reds Move on Kashing

A third Communist column was slashing southward from Soochow for the rail junction city of Kashing. Kashing controls the railway from Shanghai to the escape port of Hangchow. This is the only rail line from Shanghai still in Nationalist nands.

A report that Red guerrillas had taken Pootung, across the Whangpoo River from Shanghai's business heart, was in error. Communist guerrillas were operating in the area but had not taken over.

[The error resulted from a misinterpretation of a cable from The
Associated Press bureau in Shanghai. The cable read: "Group Reds
captured Pootung across Whangpoo River from Shanghai." Clarification from Shanghai later made
it evident this sentence referred
to attempts to take pictures of Red
guerrillas who nad been captured
in Pootung. Gendarmes prevented
an A.P. photographer from taking
the pictures as the guerrillas were
led through Shanghai streets.]

Three ships loaded with Nationalist soldiers, their decks crowded with trucks and planes, left Shanghai, presumably for Formosa.

The exodus of foreigners from threatened Shanghai continued.

The United States liner President Wilson is due to sail tomorrow with 250 Americans aboard, reducing the American colony here to about 1,800. Other Americans were leaving by plane. The United States Navy closed its fleet post-office.

The British Consulate said in a statement that if fighting breaks out in the Shanghai area all British warships will quit the Whangpoo and sail north to the Yangtze.

This precaution will be taken because of the "Yangtze incident," the consulate added. It referred to Communist artillery attacks on four British warships in the Yangtze last week.

"It must be recognized," the statement said, "that a late evacuation of the waterfront to Hong Kong with naval assistance in the form originally planned may under certain circumstances be impossible." Instead, merchant ships, land planes and flying boats will be made available for evacuees.

The British sloop Black Swan, one of the four warships fired upon, slipped down the Whangpoo today and left the Shanghai anchorage without a foreign combatant ship for the first time in years.

At Third World Wards SHANGHAL (P)—Chiang Kai-shek yesterday declared Communists aim to convert China into a base and its per into "cannon todder" for "a terrifying third world war."

May Be Shanghai Fight

That statement, said China's retired president, was "a shameless admission that the Chinese Communist party is a willing tool of international communism."

He called on the Chinese people to join in a struggle to free China from "Communist tyranny." He asserted that the safety of all freedom-loving nations depended on the outcome of China's civil war.

Some observers thought the statement might be interpreted as Chiang's final plea for outside aid for his faltering cause.

Some sources uneasily speculated that Chiang might even try to make Shanghai a battlefield in the hope that this might dramatize China's plight and spur the democracies to extend more help.

Other sources discounted this possibility. They doubted if he could scrape together enough forces to stage a battle here.

Chiang's statement emphasized that he spoke as director of the Kuomictang, the government party. He urged support for acting President Li Tsung-Jen.

The statement bore the dateline of Chikow, Chiang's retreat in Southeast China. But Chinese and foreign newspapers reported that Chiang, who retired Jan. 21, was again in Shanghai.

Shanghai Tense But Americans Are Staying

Shanghai, April 27 (P)—Ameri cans in this Communist-threatened metropolis showed increasing anxiety today, but there still was no evacuation rush developing.

Cause of the growing nervousness was the Red invasion Monday of the Nanking residence of J. Leighton Stuart, United States Ambassador to China.

There is also much fear among all foreigners of rioting before the Communists arrive.

Reds Brag Of Shelling

Anti-foreign feeling runs high. The Americans have replaced the British as targets.

Shelling of four British warships on the Yangtze by the Reds last week has lowered the anti-foreign boiling point.

The Communists have boasted of these incidents as a victory of the Chinese over a foreign power.

Already that feeling has been reflected in Shanghai—particularly among the police.

Newsmen Held

This is illustrated by the detention of two foreign newspaper men—a Briton and an Australian—on charges of publishing "erroneous" war news in defiance of a ban set by the Shanghai garrison.

Editors and publishers of Chinese-owned newspapers which published the same story received a reprimand.

The American colony here is now down around 1,800 from almost

About 100—mostly women and children—have boarded Navy ships which moved to safe anchorage in the Yangtze estuary.

Others have gone out on Pan-American and Northwest air lines planes. The companies put on extra flights.

Sloop Quits Shanghai On 'Night Job' British sloop Black Swan today slipped down the Whangpoo River and left the Shanghai anchorage without a foreign combatant ship for the first time in years.

The Black Swan will return tomorrow, a British source said. The
sloop, this informant added, had a
"bit of a job to do tonight." He
added that she would not try to
rescue her trapped sister ship, the
Amethyst, crippled and still in
Communist territory on the
Yangtze.

Both ships, plus the carrier London and the destroyer Consort, were damaged last week in a battle with Red shore guns.

Shanghai Inflation Vs. Headache

By Fred Hampson

Shanghai, April 27 (P)—Here's an example of inflation run wild with Communists approaching Shanghai.

I sent a boy out to buy a tin of aspirins—which a newspaper man needs here.

The boy called the drugstore. They said the price was 300,000 "gold yuan." I gave him a bale of notes.

Ten minutes later the boy was back—empty-handed. Before he got to the store the price had gone up to 500.000 "gold yuan," which is about 70 cents.

I didn't have that much paper money handy. I finally got three tins of aspirin by parting with my last Chinese silver dollar.

Gen. Hilldring in Israel
HAIFA, Israel, April 27 (AP)—
United States Maj. Gen. John H.
Hilldring arrived here today aboard
the Israeli ship Negbah from Marseille on what he described as a
private visit.

Syria Reopens Its Frontier

Beirut, Lebanon, April 27 (P)— Reports from Damascus today said the Syrian border with Trans-Jordan had been reopened as suddenly as it was closed 24 hours before.

Brigadier Husni Zayim, who overthrew the Syrian Government March 30, announced yesterday that he had closed the border with Trans-Jordan, was calling new recruits to the armed forces and that Syria was not going to be annexed to any Hashimite crown.

King Abdullah of Trans-Jordan has openly advocated a greater Syria scheme in which Syria, Trans-jordan, Iraq, Arab Palestine and Lebanon would be united under his rule.

Recently another scheme has been promoted for a "Fertile Crescent" federation of the same Arab states under Iraq's boy King, Feisal. Both the Trans-Jordan and Iraq monarchs are of the Hashimite familly. Zayim indicated efforts were being made to realize these schemes by "pressure and conspiracy."

Government Recognized

It is generally believed, however, that Abdullah has no intention of trying to attain his ambition by force, though about 3,000 Arab Legion troops and 10,000 Iraqi troops withdrawn from Palestine were gathered near the Syrian border two days ago. Moreover, it is understood that the British oppose any such change at the present time and could withdraw their \$8,000,000-a-year subsidy to Abdullah if he attempted an overt act.

Britain, the United States and France sent letters to Zayim today recognizing his Government, Damascus officials said. This appeared to give moral support to his position of independence. Egypt, Saudi Arabia and Lebanon recognized the regime five days ago, after Zayim visited King Farouk at Cairo. This visit may have stirred misgivings in Trans Jordan

Allied Recognition Claimed In Syria

Damascus, Syria, April 27 (P)—Officials announced today that the United States, Britain and France have recognized the new Government of Syria under Premier Husni Zayim.

Zayim scized power in a coup d'état recently which overthrew the Government of President Shukri Kuwatly.

The officials said the recognition was in the form of letters of congratulation to Zayim sent through the three nations' ministers in Damascus.

Zayim has just ordered the closng of the Syrian border with Trans-Jordan and has called more troops to the colors.

He served notice on Trans-Jordan's King Abdullah that this nation is ready to fight to protect her territorial integrity against any attempt to establish a Greater Syria under the Hashimite kings, Abdullah and Feisal of Iraq.

Kuwatly, who had been under

arrest at the Military hospital here since March 30, was given permission today to return home.

[In Beirut, Lebanon, a reliable source said the Trans-Jordan border with Syria was closed for 24 hours and then was reopened.

Arab sources in Lebanon were surprised at Zayim's moves, but some newspapers praised his unwillingness to subordinate Syria to the Hashimice ambitions.

[In Amman, Trans-Jordan, however, it was said Abdullah had no intention of pushing through a Greater Syria plan by force.]

Bandits Regarded As Burma Threat

Rangoon, Burma, April 27 (AP)— Burmese editors said in a survey today that bandit gangs crossing the frontier from China and Siam are a grave danger to the Burma union, long torn by civil war,

Armed Chinese bands are "roaming at will" over three fifths of the Shan state of Kengtung, which adjoins Indo-China, the survey reported. Suggesting that certain

elements in Siam would like to obtain the Mergui and Tavoy areas in the southern coastal strip of Tenasserim, it said skirmishes have taken place between Government forces and raiding Siamese.

"If insurrections spread in Burma, the frontier areas will have no alternative but to secede," the survey concluded. "These areas comprise 47 per cent of the union's territory and contain valuable mines, forests and virgin lands. Once they break away, no matter how strong Burma becomes, there

Another frontier area drew Government attention. A splinter group of the White Band People's Volunteer Organization (PVO) was reported to have set up a "Government" at Nanbay, in the Upper Chindwin district near the Indian border, and to be preparing for an attack upon the town of Kalewa. The PVO, Communists

can be no safety for independence."

Premier Thakin Nu's regime.
Civil war raged on in Central
Burma. President Sao Shwe
Thaike proclaimed martial law in
the Pegu district, just north of
Rangoon. It is the thirteenth district in Burma to be covered by
martial law.

FACE

and Karen tribesmen are fighting

30.24 = 2751 Acheson Sees Pact's Backers

'Less Free' To Bar Arms Aid

Washington, April 27 (AP)—Secrein the principle of military assist-

tary of State Acheson told senators today that if they approve the North Atlantic security treaty they will be "less free" to oppose arms aid for Europe.

Acheson was before the Senate Foreign Relations Committee to plead that the Senate approve the treaty and that Congress vote a \$1,450,000,000 foreign arms program.

The freaty, signed here April 4 by twelve nations, will not be binding on the United States until the Senate approves it by a two-thirds vote. The Truman Administration plans also to ask the arms aid. It would require approval by a majority of both Senate and House,

Point Raised Promptly

In the Senate, some members have said they are inclined to vote for the treaty, but doubt the wisdom of the arms program. Senator Byrd (D., Va.), for one, has demanded to know whether a vote for the treaty would be regarded as a moral commitment to support the arms aid.

So that point was promptly raised when the Foreign Relations Committee opened hearings on the treaty today, with Acheson as the first witness.

First off, Acheson read a long propared statement. That said, in effect, that if the pact is approved, the entire Senate membership then will be committed to the principle of mutual assistance.

When Acheson concluded his statement, Chairman Connally (D., Texas) leaned forward and put the big question:

Could a senator vote for the treaty and still oppose the arms program?

Acheson replied:

"It would be pleasant if one

could answer that question 'yes' or 'no.' There is something in this treaty which requires each member to accept the principle of mutual assistance.

"Once it is ratified, a senator would be less free to vote against a military program than he was

"No member then can properly say to himself: 'I do not believe

in the principle of military assistance—it is silly and I will put it out of my mind."

Sees Exceptions To Rule

But, Acheson said, if a senator hinks for some reason—economic, mancial or military — that the Jnited States is not in a position to help other nations, then the sena-

tor has the right to exercise his

Connally asked if a senator might conscientiously oppose some particularly proposal for military aid which fell within the general principle of military assistance.

"Of course," Acheson replied "there is no question about that."

The Cabinet officer termed the twelve-national security treaty and the foreign military-assistant program parallel ways of building world security and said he believes both are necessary.

Vandenberg Questions View
Senator Vandenberg of Michigan, Republican lender in foreign
affairs, said he questioned Acheson's view that senators will be
"less free" in their vote on the
arms program if they vote for the

Vandenberg said he believes a senator can accept the obligation of aid to the Atlantic nations without making preparations in advance to implement the treaty with arms.

Both the treaty and the arms assistance program are aimed frankly at building up western strength against fears of Russian aggression, Acheson said. He told the senators that the two measures stem from Soviet foreign policies, declaring:

"The sense of insecurity prevalent in western Europe is not a figment of the imagination—it has come about through the conduct of the Soviet Union."

Ignores Blockade Bid

Nowhere in his 4.500-word prepared statement did Acheson mention the latest development in the cold war—Russia's apparent willingness to lift the Berlin blockade in favor of Big Four talks on the whole German problem.

But even in advance of his appearance, there was no sign in the

Senate that the drive for rauncation of the North Atlantic treaty would be slowed even if the Berlin airlift can be abandoned.

In discussing past Russian performances, Acheson declared:

"Western European countries have seen the basic purposes and principles of the (United Nations) Charter cynically violated by the conduct of the Soviet Union with the countries of eastern Europe. Their right to self-determination has been extinguished by force or threats of force.

"Freedoms Extinguished"

"The human freedoms, as the rest of the world understands them, have been extinguished throughout that whole area.

"Economic problems have not been solved by international cooperation but dealt with by dictation. These same methods have been attempted in other areas penetration by propaganda and the Communist party, attempts to block co-operative international efforts in the economic field, wars of nerves, and in some cases thinly veiled use of force."

Acheson gave out the cost figures on the arms program for the first time, so far as the Administration is concerned, although they previously had come from members of the Senate committee.

Figures On Arms-Aid Cost

Those figures are \$1,130,000,000 for the Atlantic pact countries and \$320,000,000 for other countries, such as Greece and Turkey.

Acheson reviewed the development of American foreign policy to meet the situation created by Russia. He described the Atlantic treaty and the military assistance program, as well as the European Recovery Program and help for Greece and Turkey, as "all designed to this end."

"You may ask," he told the senators, "why it is not enough to have the Atlantic pact alone, since it accepts the principle that an attack on one is an attack on all.

Trying To Offset Fears

"Why does the Executive believe that it will be necessary to have a military-assistance program in addition to the commitments contained in the pact?"

Acheson went on:

"The answer is found in the insecurity and the fears of western Europe and of many of the other freedom-loving nations of the world. Basic to the purposes of the military-assistance program is the necessity of promoting economic recovery and political stability by providing a basis for confidence, a sense of security and a reasonable

assurance of peace among European peoples.

Bolstering Will To Resist

"The military assistance program will improve the defenses and military capabilities of these nations, and thus increase their will to resist aggression and their ability to maintain internal security."

Acheson said "it is understandable" that western European countries could not easily look forward to being invaded and occupied in the event of war even if the United States guaranteed to liberate them. Nor is it in the interest of this country, he said, to let such an invasion and occupation take place

"Our active foreign policy." he declared, "has given rise in Europe to a great momentum of recovery and a great increase in the will to resist. The hope for peace lies in maintaining this momentum."

Pact Is Needed Tho Blockade Ends---Acheson

State Secretary Urges Senators To Ratify Treaty

WASHINGTON. (P) — Secretary of State Acheson brought basic east-west differences into sharp focus yesterday, saying that even if the western powers reach an agreement with Russia on Berlin there still will be need for the North Atlantic defense pact.

The 20-year security treaty deals with a "much larger problem," Acheson said as he urged speedy senate approval of the pact as a way "to save succeeding generations from the scourge of war."

Must Prevent War

The secretary of state told the senate foreign relations committee the "only attractive" way to dear with war is to "prevent the war from happening."

To that end Acheson asked the lawmakers to indorse this country's role in the alliance and to provide

a \$1,450,000,000 arms program to make the treaty "more effective" against any threat of aggression.

Acheson's comments on the current efforts to arrive at a peaceful settlement of the Berlin dispute came at the end of his day-long testimony before the senate group.

Sen. Lodge (R), Mass., raised this point, asking whether the treaty "would still be necessary" in the event the blockade deadlock were broken. To this Acheson replied:

Yes, in my judgment it will be necessary."

SPEAKS SHARPLY

Acheson spoke out sharply against what he said is the "tendency" of some people in this country to feel that the United States should "go down or up" depending upon the amount of heat Russia stirs up in the cold war. This is delegating the responsibility for American foreign policy to other nations, he said.

"I feel this is a most unwise way of proceeding," Acheson said, adding that the nation should go ahead "calmly" with its own plans and not be influenced by "peace offensives," or a "war of nerves."

Questioning by the senators produced these other highlights:

1. Assurance that the pact does not call for dispatch of U. S. forces overseas prior to any attack against an alliance member. Acheson gave a flat "no" in answer to a question by Sen. Hickenlooper (R), Ia., as to whether this country will be expected to "supply substantial numbers of troops and troop organizations to implement the land power of Western Europe prior to aggres-

NO "RING OF STEEL"

2. No "ring of steel" will be erected around the Soviet Union or any group of nations opposed to the western powers' peace program. Acheson said the arms program is designed only to enable the European members to modernize their defense forces so as to forestall any possibility of aggression.

3. The United States must continue its own preparedness program without sacrificing its own needs to help other pact members rearm. Acheson commented: "We are doing, I believe, as little as we can in time of peace to prepare ourselves for a crisis." He went on to say that it might take from one and a half to two years to put the arms aid program into effect, but that he hoped U. S. financial contributions would not be needed for a long period of time.

4. The European recovery program has priority over the military assistance project, Acheson said.

"Production of arms must be held

to a minimum," he said, so as not to interfere with the economic rehabilitation drive.

His testimony before the senate foreign relations committee opened hearings on the historic treaty which, if ratified as expected, will bind the United States and Canada to a 20-year mutual aid agreement with 10 nations of Western Europe.

At the outset, Acheson made clear that the Atlantic pact is not "aimed against" any country but rather is designed to further the world peace goal of the United Nations. He also stressed that the treaty would never be invoked if the UN carries out its obligations to prevent acts of aggression.

Committee members promptly raised the question of what obligations will be imposed on this country and on senators themselves if the treaty is ratified. Some senators have said they are inclined to vote for the pact but doubt the wisdom of the arms program.

POSES QUESTION

Chairman Connally (D), Tex., posed this question after Acheson had completed his 4,500-word statement:

Could a senator vote for the treaty and still oppose the arms program?

Acheson leaned forward in the witness chair and replied:

"It would be pleasant if one could answer that question 'yes' or 'no.' There is something in this treaty which requires each member to accept the principle of mutual assistance."

"Once it is ratified," he said, "a senator would be less free to vote against a military program than he was before. No member then can properly say to himself:

"'I do not believe in the principle of military assistance—it is silly and I will put it out of my mind."

The secretary of state added, however, that if a senator thinks for some reason that the United States is not in a position financially, economically or militarily to help the other pact nations, then the senator has the right to exercise his judgment accordinkly.

VANDENBERG SPEAKS

Sen. Vandenberg (R), Mich., immediately took issue with Achesons views. The Republican foreign policy leader said he believes a senator can accept the obligation of mutual aid to the Atlantic nations without making preparations in advance to implement the treaty with arms.

Before this exchange Acheson had said the treaty itself "does not bind the United States to the proposed military assistance program, or indeed any program." But, he continued:

"It does bind the United States to the principle of self help and mutual aid. . . ."

"The judgment of the executive branch of this government," Acheson added, "is that the United States can and should provide military assistance to assist the other countries in the pact to maintain their collective security."

Flying Saucers

BY ELTON C. FAY

WASHINGTON. (A)—The air force said officially yesterday the flying saucers "are not a joke."

But in the same breath, the air force said it is convinced from nearly two years of careful study that there are "no alarming probabilities" in the mysterious aerial manifestations.

On-the-spot inquiries and sober findings have shown simple explanations for many of the things people saw or thought they saw in the sky.

Nevertheless, a paper prepared by the intelligence division of the air material command at Wright-Patterson field, O., declares:

"The saucers are not a joke. Neither are they cause for alarm to the population.

"Many of the incidents already have answers—meteors, balloons, falling stars, birds in flight, testing devices, etc. Some of them still end in question marks."

The paper added that the "correct tagging of the remaining percentage is still the job of project 'saucer,' of the intelligence division.

The paper, based on the long air force study, became available yesterday. It reviews, in detail, many of the hundreds of reports of strange flying discs and other objects.

It notes that, directly or indirectly, three persons investigating flying saucer reports have died in aircraft accidents. Two were killed in the crash of a plane carrying what later proved to be scraps of material used in a hoax,

Ine third, a national guard pilot flying over Kentucky, pursued to a high altitude what he described on his radio as an object "round like a tear drop" and flying fast and high. His body was found later in the wreckage of his plane. The air force decided he had collapsed from lack of oxygen and died before his plane crashed to earth.

The paper said the possibilities that the saucers are foreign aircraft have been considered.

"But," it adds, "the reported performance of the discs is so superior to anything we have yet approached in this country that it is considered only an accidental discovery of 'a degree of novelty never before achieved' could suffice to explain such devices."

The investigators also considered—but dismissed—some other even less likely possibilities, like this:

1. Visitors from Mars—dismissed because altho that planet is believed by some astronomers possibly capable of supporting life, it appears to be relatively desolate and inhospitable. Hence "a Martian race would be more occupied with survival than we are on earth."

2. Visits by "some sort of strange extra-terrestial animals." The paper says, "many of the objects described acted more like animals than anything else." But it, adds, "there are few reliable reports on extra-terrestial animals."

The investigations of flying saucers has involved checkups on 240 accounts in the United States and 30 abroad.

Many Reported Saucers Remain Unidentified. Paper Discloses

Washington, April 27, (A)-Flying saucers can't yet be stacked neatly away in the cupboard of the commonplace

The Air Force admitted so today although it said that reasonable explanations have been wor';ed out for many of the phenomena reported.

It notes that, directly or indirectly, three persons investigating flying saucer reports have died in aircraft accidents.

240 Reports Checked

The Air Force has checked 240 reports from the United States and 30 from overseas, with the following conclusions:

Thirty per cent were "conventional aerial objects," such as birds and balloons

Thirty per cent were "astronomical phenomena," such as meteor-

Forty per cent were unidentified objects.

"The 'saucers' are not jokes," the Air Force said.

"Neither are they a cause for alarm to the population. Many of the incidents already have answers -meteors, balloons, falling stars, birds in flight, testing devices, etc.

"Some of them still end in question marks."

Investigation Continues

The investigation, begun by intelligence officers at Wright-Patterson Field, Ohio, is continuing.

The intelligence officers said the possibilities that the saucers are foreign aircraft have been considered.

"But." a paper issued by them said, "the reported performance of the disks is so superior to anything we have yet approached in this country that it is considered only an accidental discovery of 'a degree of novelty never before achieved' could suffice to explain such devices."

The intelligence officers' official report mentioned speculation that the objects might be "some sort of strange extraterrestial animals. The paper said many of them acted more like animals than anything

Took Many Forms

Others acted like-or at least looked like-jet-propelled strawberry ice cream cones, teardrops and other miscellany, including pie

Among the reports of evewitnesses contained in the Air Force paper was an incident over Kentucky. The report said:

"Tragedy struck at the flying saucer story early in 1948. In January an unidentified object that looked like 'an ice cream cone topped with red' was sighted over Godman Air Force Base, Fort Knox, Ky., by several military and civilian observers. The tower requested a flight of four National Guard F-51's in the vicinity to investigate the phenomenon.

Three Planes Close In

"Three of the planes closed in on the object and reported it to be metallic and of 'tremendous size. One pilot described it as 'round like a tear drop, and at times almost fluid.' The flight leader. Capt. Thomas F. Mantell, contacted the Godman tower with an initial report that the object was traveling at half his speed directly in front of him and at his altitude

"'It's going up now and forward as fast as I am; that's 360 miles per hour,' Captain Mantell recorded from his F-51. 'I'm going up to 20,000 feet, and if I'm no closer I'll abandon the chase.'

"That was the last radio contact made by Mantell with the Godman

"Later that day his body was found in the wreckage of his plane near Fort Knox.'

U.S. Stand On News Freedom

Washington, April 27 (AP)-The State Department gave notice today the United States will refuse to sign a proposed United Nations pact on news freedom unless a "completely unacceptable" new

provision is removed.

The provision was voted as an amendment vesterday by the United Nations General Assembly's Social Committee. It would require correspondents to "report the facts" and to "further international understanding."

George V. Allen, assistant secretary, said in a statement that the effect would be to invite "further restrictions on freedoms now enjoyed by correspondents and information agencies in many countries on a customary basis.'

Could Expel Correspondents

For example. Allen said "any government could expel a correspondent, refuse him access to news, or forbid him access to transmission facilities" either upon the ground that (a) his dispatches were not factual, or (b) that, even if true, they did not, in the opinion of the Government, further international understanding and cooperation.

Allen said that if the amendment stands, it will be impossible for the American Government to sign the convention, even though it originally sponsored it. He said the United States delegation will insist on reconsideration when the proposed treaty is considered by the General Assembly.

The amendment, sponsored by Mexico, was adopted by the Social Committee through an unusual combination of Latin-American, Soviet bloc and Asiatic countries.

Termed "Major Setback"

Allen termed this action a "major setback" to the United States campaign to promote freedom of information. He said "most undesirable" modifications of the original draft approved last year at Geneva already had been made by the United Nations Economic and Social Council.

The United States objects particularly, Allen explained, to adding the amendment to Article 9 of the proposed treaty as this is a key article stating the grounds on which governments may infringe safeguards afforded foreign correspondents and news agencies. He indicated there would be no objection to placing it in the preamble where it would have the effect of a mere statement of "moral responsibilities.'

As it is now, Allen contended that the actual effect of the amendment is "not to state the moral obligations of correspondents and information agencies, but to lay down a legal duty in these regards, enforcible by the government of any country against the correspondents and information agencies which operate there.'

Germany.

good date."

Czech Military Attache

Seeks Asylum In U.S.

Washington, April 27 (A)-Brig.

Gen. Josef Schejbal, Czechoslo-

vakian military and air attaché, has

renounced his job and appealed to

the State Department for asylum

Diplomatic officials who reported

this today said Schejbal quit rather

than obey orders to return to

He is the second high Czech of-

ficial to break with his Government

in the last few days. Hugo Skala,

a key member of a visiting Czecho-

slovakian financial mission, gave

up his post a few hours after reach-

Schejbal has been the top mili-

tary and air expert in the Czecho-

slovakian Embassy here since Jan-

EX-CZECH AIDE

NOTES 'TERROR'

Financial Official Explains

Why He Quit Country

Washington, April 27 (AP)-A for-

mer Czech Government official as-

serted today he quit his post to

protest the "terror," unleashed on

his country by the Communist

Hugo Skala, 53, member of a

visiting Czech financial mission,

said the Reds are seeking to "de-

stroy the noble traditions of Czech-

Skala quit his job a few hours

after reaching America last week

He is the second high Czech official

to break recently with his Govern-

General Renounces Job

day that Brig. Gen. Josef Schejbal,

military and air attaché at the

Czeca Embassy here, has re-

nourced his job and appealed to

the State Department for asylum

in the United States. He has been

Officials said Schejbal quit

rather than obey orders to return

to Prague with his wife and son.

Skala declared he had deter-

mined to flee Czechoslovakia even

before his Government decided to

send him to the United States.

here since January, 1947.

Diplomatic officials disclosed to-

ing American shores last week.

Prague with his wife and son.

in the United States.

uary, 1947.

régime there.

oslovakia."

He is insisting, McGrath said, that the lawmakers refrain from recommending the appointment of persons who were not loyal to the president during the last campaign.

Senators usually have a good deal to say about the appointment of federal judges, attorneys, United States marshals, customs collectors and others in their states.

House members give recommendations to the party heads on postmasters and this year will have the opportunity to pass on applicants for 1950 census jobs.

Agitation by house members over the census plums was said to have been the main factor in sending Mc-Grath to the White House for the conference with Mr. Truman.

Democratic Party Chiefs to Apply Tests of Loyalty

Upon reaching New York Easter

Sunday, he said, he received a

cable saying that his wife and son,

12, had succeeded in crossing the

border into the American zone of

Skala did not disclose details of

their escape but said "led by one

man only they crossed the border

smoothly on Good Friday-a very

WASHINGTON. (A)-Democratic leaders agreed in a conference with President Truman yesterday that nobody who openly opposed the president's election last November will get a federal patronage job.

Democratic Chairman J Howard McGrath, told a reporter this means that those who supported the Thurmond-Wright states' right ticket won't be cleared by the national committee for any appointment.

No Punishment

He said this included persons who publicly made derogatory personal remarks about the president in connection with his civil rights program, as well as southerners who asked that their names be taken off Democratic rolls.

While McGrath said this "loyalty test" will be applied to prospective appointees, he denied that there is any move afoot to punish Dixie members of congress who sat on their hands as far as the Truman-Barkley ticket was concerned.

The understanding reached at the conference with the president, Mc-Grath said, was that members of congress will continue to make recommendations on federal jobs.

He added that these recommendations will be received and acted upon without reference as to how the lawmakers vote on particular administration proposals before congress.

McGrath denied as a "vicious untruth" reports that some house members had been threatened with loss of patronage unless they support the administration's substitute

Successor to Gen. Clay May Be NamedThisWeek

WASHINGTON, April 27 (AP) .-A top White House adviser said today that General Lucius D. Clay will be granted relief from his post as American Military Governor in Germany within thirty days.

The feneral long has sought a change of assignment. Secretary of Defense Louis A. Johnson is expected to recommend a successor this week

General Clay reported today that while the way is not "free of obstacles," progress is being made toward democracy in Germany. Representative Jacob K.

Javits. Republican, of New York, making public a letter from General Clay, said it was in reply to one he wrote March 23 protesting "evidences of revival of Nazi influences and the Nazi spirit in Western Germany.

General Clay, answering Mr. Javits in detail, said he thought there are anti-Nazi and democratic elements "with whom we can co-operate and are co-operat-"Nevertheless," he said, "the road to an understanding of democracy and to the exercise of democratic principles in Germany is not, by any means, free of obstacles."

Clark Adds 36 To Subversive Group List

Washington. April 27 (A)—Attorney General Clark today added 36 groups to the Government's list of subversive organizations.

He classed 23 as Communist, 7 as Fascist, 4 as advocating force to deny constitutional rights to others and 2 as seeking to change the form of government by "unconstitutional means."

The list was turned over to the loyalty review board.

Clark previously had furnished lists of about 100 organizations.

Grounds For Dismissal

Active membership in the groups on the list is ground for dismissal of a Government employé.

The Association of Georgia Klans, the Knights of the White Camellia and the original Southern Klans, Incorporated, were three of the four designated on the list as advocating force and violence to deny others constitutional rights. The fourth group is the American Christian Nationalist party.

The Industrial Workers of the World and the Nationalist Party of Puerto Rico were listed as seeking to alter the form of the United States Government by unconstitutional means

Other organizations named and their categories are:

FASCIST—American Nationalist party, American National Labor party. American National Socialist League. American National Socialist party. Committee for Nationalist Action. National Blue Star Mothers of America, Nationalist Action League.

COMMUNIST—Abraham Lincoln Brigade, Action Committee to Free Spain Now, American Committee for Spanish Freedom, American Jewish Labor Council, American Russian Institute, New York; American Russian Institute, Philadelphia; American Russian Institute of Southern California, Los Angeles; Citizens Committee to Free Earl Erowder, Citizens Committee for Harry Bridges, Comitee Coordinador pro Republica Espanola.

Committee for a Democratic Far Eastern Policy, Commonwealth College, Mena, Ark.; Detroit Youth Assembly, Hawaii Civil Liberties Committee, Michigan School of Social Science, North American Committee to Aid Spanish Democracy, North American Spanish Aid Committee, Oklahoma Committee to Defend Political Prisoners, Progressive German-Americans, AKA Progressive German-Americans of Chicago, Schappes Defense Committee, Schneiderman-Darcy Defense Committee, United Spanish Aid Committee, Washington Commonwealth Federation.

Clark said the names of additional organizations would be supplied from time to time. He did not delete any of the organizations previously classified.

500 ITEMS FREED OF EXPORT RULES

U.S. Makes Surplus Goods Available To World

Washington. April 27 (P)—With its domestic shortages rapidly turning into surpluses all along the line, the United States today made a wide group of goods available to the world — including Russia — free from export license controls.

But trade experts quickly predicted that (1) Russia will take few if any of these goods because they aren't what Russian wants and (2) other countries won't buy a great deal more of them because they haven't got the dollars.

Batting down any ideas that the action is counted on to bolster the American economy by moving abroad large quantities of goods that are running out of a home market, one official doubted sales of the decontrolled goods would be lifted five per cent in volume.

Business Trend Downward

That would not be enough in itself to reverse the business down-trend in the United States—a trend evidenced today by Federal Reserve Board announcement that:

1. Industrial production, sliding off with prices and factory employment, dropped in March for the fourth straight month and will probably go still lower in April. The board's seasonally adjusted index showed March output fell to 84 per cent above the 1935-39 average compared with 89 per cent in February, a peak of 95 per cent last fall, and a 91 per cent level in March, 1948.

2. Business loans by banks in leading cities across the nation dropped for the fourteenth consecutive time during the week ended April 20. The amount of the

decline, \$243,000,000, was the second largest on record for a single week.

Will Remove Red Tape

Some trade experts forecast the chief effects of the export decontrol action will be to remove red tape from United States exporters who can find foreign buyers for the more than 500 classes of goods opened to unlicensed shipment to "any destination in the world."

Nevertheless, Charles Sawyer, Secretary of Commerce, called the action "another step in our program of relaxing export controls as rapidly as conditions warrant so that normal foreign trade relations in nonstrategic commodities may be re-established."

Some of the decontrolled items only recently were in the "critically short" class here—lumber and some building materials, such consumers goods as electric refrigerators and washing machines—on which installment credit controls were eased today—and a many-use industrial item, soda ash.

10 Million Bibles for Japan

Missionary Says MacArthur Hopes to Counteract Communism

BOSTON, April 27 (A).—An American Protestant missionary said today that General Douglas MacArthur has hopes of Christianizing Japan as a start toward saving Asia from communism.

The Rev. Dr. Harry J. Hagar, of Chicago, said General MacArthur will start by distributing 10,000,000 copies of the New Testament.

Dr. Nagar came from Tokyo for a missionary conference as a representative of the Reformed Church of America and the United Presbyterian Church.

He said General MacArthur recently told him of writing a proclamation urging the Japanese to read the Scripture. It has not been issued. The general also expected Emperor Hirohito would back him up with an edict, the missionary leader said.

Chinese Reds Call British Lion 'Fake'

San Francisco, April 27 (AP)-The

Chinese Communist radio says the British lion is a "fake lion" or a "paper tiger."

Furthermore, the United States also is a "paper tiger."

That was the line taken today in two propaganda broadcasts from Peiping. Both were devoted to attacks on United States and British "imperialism."

Apparently the London Daily Graphic, in denouncing the Red shelling of British warships on the Yangtze, gave the Communists the idea for this venture into the papermaché zoo.

Lion To "Show" Teeth

The Communist broadcast quoted the Graphic as saying if the British lion is roused "he will show his teeth."

"To compare British imperialism, which has dropped to second place in the world of imperialist camp, to the king of beasts is laughable," said a broadcast.

The radio said that "it would perhaps be more appropriate if it is called a fake lion, which is certainly not fiercer than a paper tiger."

A second brooadcast took up the second line and brought in the United Sates, which uses an eagle for a symbol.

On "Last Legs"

"The British and American imperialists," it said, "are only paper tigers. This is especially the case with British imperialism, which is on its last legs,"

"Paper tiger" is a common Chinese expression meaning something which is made to look fierce but has no force

The broadcasts were recorded by the Associated Press at San FranRejection by the Chinese Communists of negotiation in favor of conquest has the appearance of being closely timed to the interpational situation. It is a race to capture, consolidate and reconstruct all China ahead of a possible world conflict.

"Playing The Soviet Game"

It is another illustration that these Reds, far from being bent only on reforms within their own borders, are playing their cards skillfully in full support of their Soviet partners.

Developments of the past week in China raise new political and economic problems for the United States. The question of the whole future of Asia and the American position in it is raised.

The serious "loss of face" caused by the Stuart incident and the Communist bombardment of British warships may easily have repercussions in other parts of the Far East.

Two Questions Pointed Up

These are the two questions asked repeatedly of newsmen re turning from the China scene:

1. Why did Nationalist China, with its huge armies, its American arms and its modern air force, lose the war to a relatively untrained and poorly outfitted Red force?

2. Are China's Communists true Soviet Communists or a separate type all their own?

American officials who have been in China, from Gen. George C. Marshall downward, date the defeat of Nationalist China to the Summer of 1946 when Generalissimo Chiang Kai-shek—against the

of a loosely bound and always tottering federation. Beneath this is the lack in China of national patriotism as we know it here. It has been fittingly said that China needed more than anything else a national hero such as our own Patrick Henry.

The Communists are trying to convince China that their leader. Mao Tze-tung, is the real savior of the world and is teaching the only true gospel.

Lack Of Patriotism, Noted

Lack of national patriotism is reflected in self-interest shockingly evident to Americans in China. A fleeing Chinese Air Force leader loaded his personal limousine aboard a transport plane in place of essential supplies which might have been used for a stand against

A Chinese general loaded a grand piano aboard a plane fleeing Nanking while other refugees waited dismally for an escape from the

The failure of military leadership is another important factor in the Nationalist collapse.

Lacked Overall Plan

The Chinese high command—which means Chiang—disregarded repeated suggestions of American and other advisers that an overall battle plan against the Reds be drafted. Instead strategy and tactics were dictated on a day-to-day basis, and frequently by the whims of Government officials.

I sat In the headquarters of a division commander whose troops formed part of a Government "offensive." He said:

"How can I fight like this? Today I have four sets of orders—one from the army field commander. one from the garrison headquarters in Hankow, third from the Defense Ministry in Nanking, and a fourth from the generalissimo himself. And they are all conflicting."

There is still another reason for the Red victory. Chinese in every walk of life are tired of war and uncontrolled inflation. They are tired of accepting as pay worthless paper money which daily became even more worthless. They are tired of conflict, tired of war, and they simply have quit fighting.

Much has been said about the alleged failure of the United States to give Chiang's Government adequate supplies. Maj. Gen. David G. Barr, last head of the American military advisory groups in China, answered that. He said:

"The Chinese Nationalist armies did not lose a single battle because of a shortage of arms, munitions or essential supplies."

Red China Held Willing Pawn Of Russ Game

Harold K. Milks, Associated Press correspondent in Nanking, has returned on leave after 38 months in China. He covered at close range the decisive stages of the conflict in North China which paved the way for the Communist sweep across the Yangtze River last week.

By Harold K. Milks

New York, April 27 (P)—Recent events in China add up to a conclusion that the Chinese Communists are of the same breed as their Russian cousins.

Some observers have held out hope that the Communists in China were only agrarian reformers under another name. They are rapidly discarding that hope. advice of the American presidential mediator—permitted his armies to attempt the "liberation" of the north.

Chiang's Fall Analyzed

Then came a relapse from which neither Chiang nor his armies ever recovered.

Chiang's military machine collapsed because of his failure to establish a stable government instead

Much also has been said and written about the Chinese Reds being Nationalists first and Communists second. This was the wistful hope of Americans now being driven from China.

The crust of true communism in China is thin. But it is the hard upper crust, and no one can say how hard it will be to break.

Outlook Dismal For U.S.

The great bulk of China's vast population is politically inarticulate, neither active nor interested in what faction rules them. Whether Red Leader Mao Tze-tung can arouse these millions-or even wants to risk trying to-remains to be seen

Communists will soon control all China. The prospects there for the United States appear exceedingly dismal.

But Chinese Communists, if they are to fulfill their ambitious program of national reconstruction rapidly, must obtain imported materials which only the United States is in a position to supply.

This raises large questions, of course. One has to do with the attitude of the United States toward doing business on any basis with a Red China. The Chinese Communists, on the other hand, would likely risk the displeasure of their Soviet associates if they made any overtures or-which is more remote - modified their own approach to politico-economic ques-

Waiting Policy Looms

In three years the United States has largely lost its position as friend, supporter, and ally of China. The Reds hate the United States because it helped the Nationalist Government. And many Nationalists hate the United States because they feel it didn't help them enough.

The only apparent solution to this vexing China question today appears to be continuation of a waiting policy.

Many observers believe there is only one thing left to be done. That is to pull completely out of China and hope that within a few years. more moderate influences will break through the Communist crust and invite us back again.

FBI Stand Argued At Reds' Trial

fense attempt to have a copy of an FBI statement praising a prosecution witness produced in court failed today in the conspiracy trial of eleven top Communist leaders.

The defense contended the statement was unwarranted interference and prejudicial action.

The statement concerned Miss Angela Calomiris, a photographer, who testified vesterday she was an undercover FBI contact within the Communist party up to the time she took the witness stand.

Jury Excluded

Forty minutes of argument, with the jury excluded, followed when Defense Attorney Richard F. Gladstein called attention to this paragraph of the accounts of the trial in today's New York Times:

"Soon after she took the stand the FBI issued a public statement lauding her for 'patriotic assistance to the United States Government.

All Defense Attorneys

Gladstein moved that it be produced in court, and his argument was supported by all the defense attorneys, including Eugene Dennis, general secretary of the Communist party, a defendant who is acting as his own lawyer.

After the court denied the defense motion, Miss Calomiris, the prosecution's ninth witness, was called back to the stand. She testified yesterday that she had been a "very active Communist" for seven

It called for setting up groups within the armed forces to turn any "imperialist" war against "one's own imperialist government."

The plan, as outlined in the book. was to call on workers to "convert an imperialist war into a civil war . . . against their own bour-geoise."

Says Classes Used Book

Angela Calomiris, a brunette photographer, testified that the book was used in Communist classes she attended.

The attractive young woman took the witness stand for the second day. Her surprise appearance yesterday obviously upset the defend-

She told the jury she spent seven years as "a very active Commu-

nist," planted in the party by the FRI

She said she rose to a responsible position in a New York city cell of the party. Keeping records and collecting dues, she said, gave her a wide knowledge of the inner workings of her unit.

Her testimony was intended to lead the jury behind the scenes in party classrooms and into quiet apartments where she said Commu nists gathered behind locked doors

"Basic Book Of Party"

She quoted an instructor, at one such session, Ben Siminovsky, as telling the class the volume was the bible of communism and "the most important and basic book" of the party.

As a branch organizer for the party, Miss Calomiris said, she was urged in 1948 to push sales of

She pointed to John Gates, edifor of the Daily Worker, as the man who made a report to a Communist section meeting in 1947. Yesterday, she tapped on the

shoulder or pointed to four other

defendants. She said she came in contact with them during her seven years in the party.

"Selling" Drive Charged

All eleven defendants are accused of conspiring to organize the Communist party in the United States to advocate violent overthrow of the Government.

As a branch organizer, Miss Calomiris said, she heard Ben Dordofsky tell her group that a nationwide campaign was under way last year to sell communism to the American people.

She said he told them "special writers were being trained to write in the language of the people because there had been complaints that the party writers had been too high brow.

Communist Trial Jury Gets Raise

New York. April 27 (A)-The Federal jury hearing testimony against eleven top American Communists got a pay raise today.

Federal Judge Harold R. Medinal boosted their pay from \$5 a day to \$10. He has predicted the trial will take months.

The law allows the court to increase a jury's pay after it has served 30 days. Today was the jury's thirty-first day on the job.

APR 28 1949

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Communist 'Bible' Advocates Revolt, Trial Witness Asserts

Government discloses partial contents of papers found on Judith Coplon, spy suspect. . Page 2

New York, April 27 (AP)--A socalled bible of communism was offered in Federal court today as evidence that the party hoped to use the armies of non-Communist nations as springboards for revolu-

A section of the book, "History of the Communist Party in the Soviet Union," was read by the prosecution to Federal Judge Harold R. Medina and a jury at the conspiracy trial of eleven top Communist leaders.

2,000 copies of the textbook, "one for every six members" in Manhattan. This seemed to indicate that the party listed 12,000 members in Manhattan.

She also studied "paragraph by paragraph," she said, another book, Foundations of Leninism."

Saw U.S. No Exception

A section of this book, she told he court, taught that "the United States is no exception to the laws of teachings that socialism can be established by revolutionary methods — by overthrow of the existing Government.'

As she did yesterday, Miss Calomiris stepped down from the witness chair to point an accusing finger at certain of the defendants.

LAKE SUCCESS, APRIL 27-(AP)-FRANCIS B.SAYRE, U.S. DELEGATE ON THE UNITED NATIONS TRUSTEESHIP COUNCIL, WILL LEAVE WASHINGTON MAY 2 FOR AN INSPECTION TRIP OF WESTERN PACIFIC ISLANDS ADMINISTERED BY THE UNITED STATES UNDER U.N. TRUSTEESHIP, IT WAS DISCLOSED TODAY.

A U.S. SPOKESMAN SAID SAYRE PLANNED TO VISIT THE CAROLINE, MARIANAS AND BONIN ISLANDS AS PREPARATION FOR DISCUSSION OF U.S. ADMINISTRATION OF THE AREAS IN THE TRUSTEESHIP COUNCIL NEXT JUNE. SAYRE IS MAKING THE TRIP IN A U.S. NAVY PLANE. TENATIVE PLANS

CALL FOR A STOP AT HONOLULU ON MAY 4 OR 5.

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NIGHT LEAD INDIA BY EDWARD CURTIS

(ADVANCE) LONDON, THURSDAY, APRIL 28-(AP)-INDIA WILL STAY IN THE BRITISH COMMONWEALTH OF NATIONS, A COMMUNIQUE ANNOUNCED TODAY.

THE RICH, SPRAWLING DOMINION, SOON TO BECOME A REPUBLIC, HAS ACCEPTED THE BRITISH CROWN AS "THE SYMBOL OF THE FREE ASSOCIATION" OF THE INDEPENDENT COMMONWEALTH MEMBERS AND. AS SUCH, THE HEAD OF THE COMMONWEALTH.

THE MEMBERS PLAN TO DROP THE TERM "DOMINION" ALTOGETHER.

THE SOLUTION TO ONE OF BRITAIN'S MOST DIFFICULT FAMILY PROBLEMS OF RECENT TIMES WAS DEVELOPED DURING A WEEK OF TALKS HERE AMONG COMMONWEALTH LEADERS .

ATTENDING WERE THE PRIME MINISTERS OF THE UNITED KINGDOM. AUSTRALIA, NEW ZEALAND, CEYLON, PAKISTAN, SOUTH AFRICA AND INDIA, AND THE EXTERNAL AFFAIRS MINISTER OF CANADA.

THE AGREEMENT WAS REACHED YESTERDAY. THE PROPOSAL WAS

SUBMITTED TO KING GEORGE VI AND THEN MADE PUBLIC.
ALL OF THE DOMINIONS EXCEPT INDIA WILL CONTINUE TO GIVE

INDIVIDUAL ALLEGIANCE TO THE BRITISH CROWN.

UNDER A NEW CONSTITUTION, EXPECTED TO BE ADOOTED SOON, INDIA WILL NAME HER OWN PRESIDENT TO TAKE THE PLACE OF A GOVERNOR GENERAL NOW APPOINTED BY THE KING.

BUT, ALTHOUGH SHE IS REPLACING THE REPRESENTATIVES OF THE BRITISH KING, INDIA WANTED TO KEEP HER TIES WITH THE COMMONWEALTH. THESE TIES ARE CULTURAL, ECONOMIC AND MILITARY.

"THE DISCUSSIONS HAVE BEEN CONCERNED WITH THE EFFECTS OF SUCH

A DEVELOPMENT UPON THE EXISTING STRUCTURE OF THE COMMONWEALTH AND THE CONSTITUTIONAL RELATIONS BETWEEN ITS MEMBERS," SAID THE ANNOUNCEMENT.

"THEY HAVE BEEN CONDUCTED IN AN ATMOSPHERE OF GOOD WILL AND MUTUAL UNDERSTANDING AND HAVE HAD AS THEIR HISTORICAL BACKGROUND THE TRADITIONAL CAPACITY OF THE COMMONWEALTH TO STRENGTHEN ITS UNITY OF PURPOSE WHILE ADAPTING ITS ORGANIZATION AND PROCEDURES TO

CHANGING CIRCUMSTANCES."

THE ANNOUNCEMENT ITSELF SHOWED SOME OF THIS ADAPTABILITY. IT REFERRED TO THE OLD ASSOCIATION AS THE "BRITISH COMMONWEALTH OF NATIONS." IT TERMED THE NEW ONE THE "COMMONWEALTH OF NATIONS."

A BRITISH OFFICIAL COMMENTED: "THIS IS JUST GIVING EFFECT TO WHAT LONG HAS BEEN RECOGNIZED. MUCH OF THE COMMONWEALTH IS NOT

RACIALLY BRITISH."

THE NEW AGREEMENT RENEWS THE BONDS AMONG INDIA, PAKISTAN AND CEYLON ON THE SUBCONTINENT OF INDIA. THIS STRENGTHENS THE TIES OF THE GROUP IN AN AREA FLANKED BY COMMUNIST ADVANCES IN SOUTHEAST ASIA.

THE ANNOUNCEMENT SAID THE OTHER MEMBERS OF THE COMMONWEALTH "ACCEPT AND RECOGNIZE INDIA'S CONTINUING MEMBERSHIP IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE TERMS OF THIS DECLARATION."

"ACCORDINGLY," THE ANNOUNCEMENT SAID, "THE UNITED KINGDOM, CANADA, AUSTRALÍA, NEW ZEALAND, SOUTH AFRICA, INDIA, PAKISTAN AND CEYLON HEREBY DECLARED THAT THEY REMAIN UNITED AS FREE AND EQUAL MEMBERS OF THE COMMONWEALTH OF NATIONS, FREELY COOPERATING IN THE PURSUIT OF PEACE, LIBERTY AND PROGRESS."
THE ANNOUNCEMENT SAID THE CONFERENCE DEALT SOLELY WITH THE

INDIAN QUESTION.

THE AGREEMENT MEANS THAT INDIA WILL CONTINUE TO RECEIVE

IMPERIAL PREFERENCE IN TRADE AND OTHER MATTERS.

IT MEANS ALSO THAT THE BRITISH KING WILL BE KNOWN AS "HEAD OF THE COMMONWEALTH, " BUT NO OFFICIAL CHANGE OF HIS TITLE WILL BE NECESSARY. LEGISLATION WILL NOT BE NEEDED BY ANY OF THE COUNTRIES TO GIVE THE NEW AGREEMENT FULL EFFECT, OFFICIALS SAID. INSIDE THE COMMONWEALTH, INDIAN CITIZENS WILL ENJOY THE SAME RIGHTS AS THOSE OF OTHER COMMONWEALTH COUNTRIES.

(END ADVANCE FOR USE AT 8 P.M. EST TODAY, THURSDAY, APRIL 27).

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(ADVANCE)-LONDON, THURSDAY, APRIL 28-(AP)-A STATEMENT ON THE COMMONWEALTH CONFERENCE ISSUED TODAY BY PRIME MINISTER ATTLEE'S OFFICE: (450)

MEETING OF THE PRIME MINISTERS:

DURING THE PAST WEEK THE PRIME MINISTERS OF THE UNITED KINGDOM, AUSTRALIA, NEW ZEALAND, SOUTH AFRICA, INDIA, PAKISTAN AND CEYLON AND THE CANADIAN SECRETARY FOR EXTERNAL AFFAIRS HAVE MET IN LONDON TO EXCHANGE VIEWS UPON THE IMPORTANT CONSTITUTIONAL ISSUE ARISING FROM INDIA'S DECISION TO ADOPT A REPUBLICAN FORM OF CONSTITUTION AND HER DESIRE TO CONTINUE HER MEMBERSHIP OF THE COMMONWEALTH.

THE DISCUSSIONS HAVE BEEN CONCERNED WITH THE EFFECTS OF SUCH A DEVELOPMENT UPON THE EXISTING STRUCTURE OF THE COMMONWEALTH AND THE

CONSTITUTIONAL RELATIONS BETWEEN ITS MEMBERS.

THEY HAVE BEEN CONDUCTED IN AN ATMOSPHERE OF GOOD WILL AND MUTUAL UNDERSTANDING AND HAVE HAD AS THEIR HISTORICAL BACKGROUND THE TRADI-TIONAL CAPACITY OF THE COMMONWEALTH TO STRENGTHEN ITS UNITY OF PUR-POSE, WHILE ADAPTING ITS ORGANIZATION AND PROCEDURES TO CHANGING CIRCUMSTANCES.

AFTER FULL DISCUSSION, REPRESENTATIVES OF THE GOVERNMENTS OF ALL THE COMMONWEALTH COUNTRIES HAVE AGREED THAT THE CONCLUSIONS REACHED

SHOULD BE PLACED ON RECORD IN THE FOLLOWING DECLARATION:

THE GOVERNMENTS OF THE UNITED KINGDOM, CANADA, AUSTRALIA, NEW ZEALAND, SOUTH AFRICA, INDIA, PAKISTAN AND CEYLON, WHOSE COUNTRIES ARE UNITED AS MEMBERS OF THE BRITISH COMMONWEALTH OF NATIONS AND OWE A COMMON ALLEGIANCE TO THE CROWN WHICH IS ALSO THE SYMBOL OF THEIR FREE ASSOCIATION, HAVE CONSIDERED THE IMPENDING CONSTITUTIONAL CHANGES IN INDIA.

THE GOVERNMENT OF INDIA HAVE INFORMED THE OTHER GOVERNMENTS OF THE COMMONWEALTH OF THE INTENTION OF THE INDIAN PEOPLE THAT, UNDER THE NEW CONSTITUTION WHICH IS ABOUT TO BE ADOPTED, INDIA SHALL BECOME A SOVEREIGN INDEPENDENT REPUBLIC. THE GOVERNMENT OF INDIA HAVE, HOW-EVER, DECLARED AND AFFIRMED INDIA'S DESIRE TO CONTINUE HER FULL MEMBER SHIP OF THE COMMONWEALTH OF NATIONS AND HER ACCEPTANCE OF THE KING AS THE SYMBOL OF THE FREE ASSOCIATION OF ITS INDEPENDENT MEMBER NATIONS AND, AS SUCH, THE HEAD OF THE COMMONWEALTH.

THE GOVERNMENTS OF THE OTHER COUNTRIES OF THE COMMONWEALTH, THE BASIS OF WHOSE MEMBERSHIP OF THE COMMONWEALTH IS NOT HEREBY CHANGED, ACCEPT AND RECOGNIZE INDIA'S CONTINUING MEMBERSHIP IN ACCORDANCE

WITH THE TERMS OF THIS DECLARATION.

APR 28 1949 B136 Q

ACCORDINGLY THE UNITED KINGDOM, CANADA, AUSTRALIA, NEW ZEALAND, SOUTH AFRICA, INDIA, PAKISTAN AND CEYLON HEREBY DECLARE THAT THEY REMAIN UNITED AS FREE AND EQUAL MEMBERS OF THE COMMONWEALTH OF NATIONS, FREELY COOPERATING IN THE PURSUIT OF PEACE, LIBERTY AND PROGRESS.

THESE CONSTITUTIONAL QUESTIONS HAVE BEEN THE SOLE SUBJECT OF DIS-CUSSION AT THE FULL MEETINGS OF THE PRIME MINISTERS. (END TEXT) END ADVANCE FOR USE AT 8 P.M. EST TODAY, WEDNESDAY. APRIL 27).

ONDON, THURSDAY, APRIL 28-(AP)-THE SOVIET NEWS AGENCY TASS SAID TODAY "AMERICAN AGENTS ACTING UNDER GUISE OF

SPYING IN FINLAND."

IN A HELSINKI DISPATCH DISTRIBUTED IN LONDON, TASS SAID AN ARTICLE

OF SUCH AGENTS HAD BEEN PUBLISHED IN EXPOSING ESPIONAGE ACTIVITIES" OF SUCH AGENTS HAD BEEN PUBLISHED IN THE HELSINKI NEWSPAPER VAPAA SANA. VAPAA SANA SUPPORTS THE COMMUNIST-LED POPULAR DEMOCRATIC PARTY.

FOR WAR CRIMES, SAID TONIGHT A NEW MILITARISTIC GERMANY "WOULD

INEVITABLY BE OUR ENEMY, NOT OUR ALLY."

TAYLOR, IN AN ADDRESS PREPARED FOR THE PARIS CENTER OF FOREIGN SAID "UNFORTUNATELY GERMANY'S POSTWAR REVIVAL HAS BEEN ACCOMPANIED BY A RESURGENCE OF MILITANT NATIONALISM." HE ADDED: "THESE TENDENCIES HAVE FREQUENTLY EMERGED IN THE ARGUMENTS OF DEFENSE COUNSEL AT THE NUERNBERG TRIALS. X X X

THEIR CLIENTS WERE NOT INDIVIDUALLY RESPONSIBLE FOR ATROCITIES. MORE RECENTLY SOME GERMAN LAWYERS CONTEND THAT THESE THINGS WERE CRIMES AT ALL."

TAYLOR DIRECTED THE TRIALS OF 185 GERMANS IN 12 AMERICAN WAR CRIMES COURTS AT NUERNBERG.

BY MICHAEL GOLDSMITH

LAUSANNE, SWITZERLAND, APRIL 27-(AP)-A PRELIMINARY PALESTINE PEACE CONFERENCE OPENED HERE TODAY UNDER THE SPONSORSHIP OF THE UNITED NATIONS PALESTINE COMMISSION.

EGYPT, LEBANON, SYRIA AND ISRAEL HAVE REPRESENTATIVES HERE. A TRANS-JORDAN REPRESENTATIVE IS EXPECTED TO ARRIVE BY TONIGHT.

THE CONFERENCE. A SERIES OF PRIVATE MEETINGS EXPECTED TO LAST SEVERAL WEEKS, WILL INVOLVE NEGOTIATIONS THROUGH THE COMMISSION RATHER THAN FACE-TO-FACE TALKS BY JEWISH AND ARAB DELEGATES.

MARK ETHRIDGE IS THE AMERICAN MEMBER OF THE CONCILIATION COMMISSION, WHOSE OTHER MEMBERS ARE FROM FRANCE AND TURKEY. OFFICIALS OF THE COMMISSION SAID THERE IS A POSSIBILITY LATER THAT JEWISH AND ARAB DELEGATES MAY NEGOTIATE DIRECTLY.

UP FOR DISCUSSION ARE THE DEFINITION OF ISRAELI FRONTIERS AND THE FATE OF SOME 850,000 ARAB REFUGEES FROM PALESTINE NOW HARBORED IN NEIGHBORING ARAB COUNTRIES. IT IS UNDERSTOOD THAT THE ARAB DELEGATIONS WANT TO DISCUSS THE REFUGEE QUESTION BEFORE DEALING WITH OTHER MATTERS AFFECTING A FINAL PEACE SETTLEMENT. THE ISRAELIS WANT TO HAVE THE REFUGEE PROBLEM CONSIDERED AN INTEGRAL PART OF THE FINAL SETTLEMENT.

THE CONFERENCE OPENED WITH A MEETING OF THE COMMISSION WITH THE ISRAELI DELEGATION, WHICH IS HEADED BY ELIAHU SASSOON, CHIEF OF THE ARAB AFFAIRS SECTION OF THE ISRAELI FOREIGN OFFICE. THE COMMISSION IS EXPECTED NEXT TO MEET THE EGYPTIAN AND LEBANESE DELEGATIONS, HEADED RESPECTIVELY BY ABBEL CHASI EL ABANE, HEAD OF THE POLITICAL SECTION OF THE EGYPTIAN FOREIGN OFFICE, AND FUAD BEY AMOUN.

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Copenhagen, Denmark, April 27 - (ap/ Paul Roteson, the American

singer, arrived here by plane from Stockhom last night to fulfill a concert

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BEEN PLANNING WAS DENCY THRO ECULATION THAT THE KING WITHER TO TERMINATE THE REGION COULD BE SOLVED ONLY ST ST MN 00000 PIERF NN PRES DLD HIS NIST BELG HAD THE ASTONISHED TO RETURN A VERMEYLEN S PROCEDURE HE MADE WESSSPED AW

Berlin add x + notice ONE RUMOR SAID SEVERAL TRAINS ALREADY HAD PASSED THROUGH THE SOVIET ZONE'S WESTERN BORDER EARLY TODAY. A PHONE CALL TO THE BORDER POINT BROUGHT THE REPLY THAT "NOTHING HAS MOVED HERE."

THE BRITISH-LICENSED SOZIALDEMOKRAT REPORTED LEADING GERMAN COMMUNISTS OF THE SOVIET ZONE WERE SUMMONED TO RUSSIAN HEADQUARTERS AT KARLSHORTST YESTERDAY TO DISCUSS TECHNICAL STEPS IN LIFTING THE

THE FRENCH-LICENSED DER KURIER SAID GEN. KVASCHNIN, CHIEF OF SOVIET TECHNICAL TROOPS, HAD CONFERRED WITH HEINRICH RAU, CHAIRMAN OF THE SOVIET ZONE'S ECONOMIC COMMISSION, RAILWAY OFFICIALS

AND RUSSIAN TRANSPORT EXPERTS.

NO OFFICIAL CONFIRMATION OF THESE REPORTS. GERMANS TALKED HOPEFULLY OF MORE COAL NEXT

WERE PLANNING BLOCKADE-LIFTING PARTIES. BUT SKEPTICISM WAS BY A TAXIDRIVER AS HE GAZED THOUGHTFULLY AT A RAILROAD K RUSTED RED AFTER MONTHS OF DISUSE.

"MAYBE. BUT I HAVE TO SEE THE " HE SAID SLOWLY.

BLOCKADE LIFTED BEFORE I BELIEVE IT."

IN ADDITION THERE WAS THE NAGGING THOUGHT OF THE PROBLEMS THAT THE BLOCKADE IS LIFTED. ONE GERMAN COMMENTED:

HAVE TWO CITY GOVERNMENTS, TWO POLICE DEPARTMENTS. WE STILL ARE CUT IN HALL CUT IN HALF." THE STRONG SOCIAL DEMOCRATIC PARTY SAID THE WEST OF

AND MAKE THE RUSSIANS DISSOLVE THEIR EAST BERLI IENT AND GRANT POLITICAL LIBERTIES IN EAST GERMANY.

"TODAY THE WORLD KNOWS THAT THE SOVIET OZIALDEMOKRAT SAID: UNION MUST HAVE THE GREATEST INTERREST IN LIFTING THE BLOCKADE BECAUSE THE SOVIET ZONE ECONOMY FACES IMMEDIATE TOTAL COLLAPSE. XXX THE WESTERN POWERS MUST MAKE IT QUITE CLEAR TO THE SOVIETS THAT THEY CAN EXPECT HELP FOR THEIR ZONE ONLY IF THEY REINSTITUTE DEMOCRACY THERE."

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berlin, april 27-(ap)-the united states, in an amazing form rever

was dropped from first to third in a communist list of aggressor nations

today.

the soviet army newspaper taegliche rundschau branded france the worst aggressor nation of the present century. britain was second and the u.s. was tied with italy for third.

this represents a change from recent communist charges attacking the united states and britain as imperialists and aggressors. france

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L 27-(AP)-LT.GEN.CLARENCE R.HUEBNER,
CES IN GERMANY, WARNED TODAY THAT SOLDIERS
IN WARFARE.
"WE WILL WIN IT ONLY BY FIGHTING IT-R." HE SAID.
RAI HUNDRED OFFICERS WHO PARTICIPATED
NEUVERS IN GERMANY. HE SAID GREATER
ON DISPERSAL OF TROOPS AND CAMOUFLAGE
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AND AIR AT CE IN OUND, SUPPLY ANGR ADV/ HANDLING SIGNIFICANT PROCEDURES F OF STED SP ING CONSI 너는 OW] MERHAVEN. SAID THAT ON THE SHOPE S THE MANEUVER THE Y S EME NO X DEE SE OF FIC SSF HE A DEVE

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S REET ADDRES 四三 STR WHO RENE SH MESS MEN WIS S PRISON MOF THE MCCOLFAX OF CO MOTHE 民山 MWO CB82) THE NAN POMMER! TP CAB . LE 口山 AZKHD BUAC T ANNO PED RANKFURT--FIRST HE ARMY ALSO AN FIRE. THEY ARE AILABLE) AND GE S AT (2838 TEXA 7 00 SHO BLE (22) HALM FRATHE FI where Goethe lived, today granted honorary citizenship to author

Thomas Jann, German Wobel prize winner living in the United States.

Mann's consistent opposition to "anti-Bolshevist agitation" was of the reasons given by the communist-controlled city council APR 28 1949 for granting the honor.

The resolution said: "Thomas ann's works have become the substance of the best german virtue. I would "he is the heir of goethe's spirit therefore especially connected with weimer.

"All germans, however, the resolution continued, "should be attached to him because he der conducts a unrelenting struggle against any anti-bolshevist agitation and against fascism and because he has stood for peace and democracy."

rem 8.40aes kasischkas oogan

27-(ap)- the hungarian press declared today budapest, hungary, the united nations decision in the case of josef cardinal mindszenty was "an american retreat" and an "imperialist defeat."

to hold adopted bolivian resolution the evspapers said

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ATTENDED H WILL MEET BULG/ REL. ED IN BU THER PLACES ECENTLY ES THAT EVERAL 200 AR STANT MINISTER ST THE STATE IA HAVE BEEN INS

belgrade, yugoslavia, april 27-(ap)-rilms from the western world took outnumbered the eastern today in analysis of belgrade's movie houses, possibly for

the first time since the war.

the british & "hamlet" and "oliver twist" and the american "watch on the are being shown rhime" and "forgotten village" e. there are two russian and one german film now playing. ** ("Oliver Twist" caused rioting in germany, where it was attacked and banned as anti-semitica)

Wr 1007a 01105a WARSAW, POLAND, APRIL 27-(AP)-THE POLISH GOVERNMENT SAID TODAY ITS FORMER MILITARY ATTACHE IN WASHINGTON HAD BETRAYED HIS GOVERNMENT. PEOPLE AND COUNTRY "FOR A HANDFUL OF DOLLARS."

AN OFFICIAL GOVERNMENT SPOKESMAN SAID GEN. IZYDOR MODELSKI, FORMER MILITARY ATTACHE, HAD PREPARED "FALSE DOCUMENTS" WHICH WERE USED IN

THE UNITED STATES FOR "FEEDING REACTIONARY PROPAGANDA."

MODELSKI BROKE WITH HIS GOVERNMENT AND GAVE EVIDENCE TO THE HOUSE UN-AMERICAN ACTIVITIES COMMITTEE OF ALLEGED RED SPY NETWORKS OPERATING

THROUGH EASTERN EUROPEAN EMBASSIES AND LEGATIONS.

THE OFFICIAL POLISH SPOKESMAN, MINISTER PLENIPOTENTIARY WIKTOR GROSZ. SAID MODELSKI "SOLELY FOR HIS MATERIAL BENEFIT HAD PRETENDED LOYALTY" TO THE POLISH GOVERNMENT SO AS TO CONTINUE RECEIVING SALARY AS LONG AS POSSIBLE. MEANWHILE, MODELSKI WAS SERVING A FOREIGN INTELLIGENCE SERVICE; GROSZ CHARGED. FH1218PED

warsaw, poland, april 27-(ap)-leo bandez krzycki, chairman

the american slav congress, arrived here from paris today to attend

the polish trade unions congress opening spatient may 22.

MOSCOW, APRIL 27-(AP)-THE GOVERNMENT NEWSPAPER IZVESTIA, ANNOUNCED TODAY THAT KONSTANTIN V.OSTROVITIANOV IS UP FOR PROMOTION FROM THE RANK OF CORRESPONDING MEMBER OF THE ACADEMY OF SCIENCES TO ACADMECIAN.

OSTROVITIANOV IS HEAD OF THE INSTITUTE OF ECONOMICS OF THE ACADEMY, AHD HAS CONDUCTED MEETINGS OF SOVIET ECONOMISTS AT WHICH EUGENE VARGA, AN ACADEMICIAN, WAS SEVERELY CRITICIZED FOR HIS VIEWS ON THE AMERICAN ECONOMY.

VARGA, WHO WAS ACCUSED, AMONG OTHER THINGS, OF IMPROPERLY DATING A POST-WAR AMERICAN ECONOMIC DEPRESSION, STILL IS ACADEMICIAN SECRETARY OF THE SECTION OF ECONOMICS AND LAW IN THE ACADEMY, HOWEVER. HE ADMITTED SOME "ERRORS" IN ECONOMIC THINKING, BUT DEFENDED SOME OF THE OTHER IDEAS WHICH HAD BEEN ATTACKED. RQ1151AED

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BY WHICH MI RIOU ARGI DEV

S CAU HAD THAN A YEAR AGO. HE WAS ACCUSED AMONG OTHER THINGS OF IMPROPERLY

FORECASTING A DEPRESSION IN THE UNITED STATES.

IN A 10-PAGE ARTICLE IN THE SOVIET JOURNAL OF ECONOMIC QUESTIONS, HE CONDEMNED IN DETAIL HIS OWN ERRORS AND PROMISED TO CORRECT THEM.

A CHIEF TARGET OF CRITICISM HAS BEEN HIS BOOK, "CHANGES IN THE ECONOMY OF CAPITALISM AS A RESULT OF THE SECOND WORLD WAR." VARGA SAID HE PLANNED TO REWRITE IT COMPLETELY AND ADDED THAT HIS WORST MISTAKE WAS THAT HE DID NOT IMMEDIATELY RECOGNIZE THE CORRECTNESS OF THE CRITICISM OF HIS WORK.

HE GAVE THIS AS HIS PRESENT VIEW ON THE CAPITALIST STATES: "THE CAPITALIST STATE IS A WEAPON OF FINANCIAL OLIGARCHY AND IS USED BOTH IN WAR AND PEACE TO PUMP PROFITS OUT OF THE WORKERS. POCKETS."

WD556PED

FIFTH NIGHT LEAD CHINA

SHANGHAI, APRIL 27-(AP)-CHIANG KAI-SHEK APPEALED TO THE CHINESE PEOPLE TODAY TO PUT INTO THE WAR AGAINST COMMUNISM THE SAME EFFORT THEY SHOULDERED IN THE EIGHT YEARS OF CONFLICT WITH JAPAN.

A STATEMENT DATELINED CHIKOW, THE RETIRED PRESIDENT'S BIRTHPLACE, CALLED FOR FULL SUPPORT OF THE FUGITIVE GOVERNMENT OF ACTING PRESIDENT LI TSUNG-JEN. CHINESE AND FOREIGN NEWSPAPERS SAID, HOWEVER. CHIANG WAS IN SHANGHAI.

IT WAS HIS FIRST PUBLIC STATEMENT SINCE HIS JANUMMMMMM

HOWEVER, CHIANG WAS IN SHANGHAI.

IT WAS HIS FIRST PUBLIC STATEMENT SINCE HIS JANUARY RETIREMENT.

CHIANG SPOKE AS DIRECTOR GENERAL OF THE KUOMINTANG (GOVERNMENT) PARTY AMID SPECULATION HE MAY BE ON HIS WAY BACK FROM RETIREMENT TO LEAD THE NATIONALIST AGAINST THE REDS.

COMMUNIST TROOPS WERE REPORTED TO HAVE TAKEN THE CITY OF SOOCHOW, ABOUT 50 MILES WEST OF SHANGHAI, BUT THE SHANGHAI GARRISON INSISTED NATIONAL FORCES WERE STILL HOLDING THE KEY BAIL JUNCTION.

ONE UNCONFIRMED REPORT SAID ADVANCE RED UNITS WERE SIGHTED EAST OF SOOCHOW MARCHING TOWARD KUNSHAN. THIS WOULD INDICATE THE REDS MAY STRIKE FOR SHANGHAI BEFORE CIRCLING SOUTHWARD IN A MARCH FOR THE SEA AT HANGCHOW.

THE SHANGHAI GARRISON EARLIER HAD ANNOUNCED RED FORCES WERE ATTACKING NATIONALISTS AT SOOCHOW. IT IS THE FIRST LARGE CITY

WEST OF SHANGHAI ON THE NANKING RAILROAD.

THE GARRISON ALSO SAID 2,000 "OPERATIVES" OF THE COMMUNIST SOUTHEAST GARRISON UNIT WERE THRUSTING FROM THE MOUTH OF THE YANGTZE TOWARD

CHANGSHU, 50 MILES NORTHEAST OF SHANGHAI.
NATIONALIST DEFENDERS ARE SUCCESSFULLY MEETING THIS ARM OF THE RED PINCER MOVEMENT ON THE WORLD'S FOURTH LARGEST CITY, THE GARRISON

COMMAND SAID. IT DISCLOSED THAT THENCOMMUNISTS HAD ESTABLIZHED THREE LANDING POINTS ABOUT 65 MILES NORTH OF SHANGHAI FOR THIS ATTACKING FORCE. THE GARRISON ANNOUNCEMENT -- ONLY SOURCE OF NATIONALIST WAR NEWS --

CALLED THE SOOCHOW FIGHTING FROM YESTERDAY AFTERNOON UNTIL 5 A.M.,

TODAY "INTENSIVE."

IT CLAIMED THE REDS HAD SUFFERED 5,000 CASUALTIES.

NATIONALIST DEFENDERS OF THE CITY, WHICH IS ASTRIDE THE NANKINGSHANGHAI RAIL WAY AND A LINE RUNNING SOUTHWARD TO THE SHANGHAI-HANGCHOW

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VARGA, 70, WAS TAKEN TO TASK BY THE COMMUNIST NEWSPAPER PRAVDA MORE RAILWAY, HAVE COMPLETED PLANS FOR A DELAYING ACTION, THE GARRISON SAID. THIS PLAN WAS DDSCRIBED AS MOVING TOWARD WAITANG WA

RAILWAY, HAVE COMPLETED PLANF FOR A DELAYING ACTION, THE GARRISON SAID.

RAILWAY, HAVE COMPLETED PLANS FOR A DELAYING ACTION, THE GARRISON SAID. THIS PLAN WAS DESCRIBED AS MOVING TOWARD WAITANGWAN VILLAGE NEAR SOOCHOW.

THE GARRISON ANNOUNCEMENT OF FIGHTING CAME SHORTLY AFTER TELEPHONE SERVICE BETWEEN SHANGHAI AND SOOCHOW WAS DISRUPTED.

GENERALISSIMO CHIANG KAI-SHEK, WHO MADE A BRIEF, DRAMATIC APPEARANCE IN THIS THREATENED CITY, HAS LEFT, IT WAS ANNOUNCED OFFICIALLY, AFTER MAKING A DRAMATIC APPEAL TO ALL CHINESE TO FIGHT "COMMUNIST

AND SENDING SPEARHEADS TOWARD THIS CITY OF MORE THAN 5,000,000 PERSONS. ANOTHER RED COLUMN WAS HEADING FOR HANGCHOW, 100 MILES SOUTHWEST OF SHANGHAI.

REPORTS SO FAR DO NOT INDICATE WHETHER THE COMMUNISTS ARE SENDING IMPORTANT FORCES TOWARD SHANGHAI. THERE IS STILL CONIDERABLE

OPINION THAT THEY WILL TAKE HANGCHOW FIRST.

ONCE THAT PORT CITY IS IN RED HANDS, ALL LAND ESCAPE ROUTES FROM

SHANGHAI WILL BE SEALED.

IF THE COMMUNISTS DO DRIVE FOR SHANGHAI IN STRENGTH, THE TIME
LEFT FOR THE WORLD'S FOURTH LARGEST CITY IS DRAWING SHORT. RED GEN. CHEN YI'S ARMIES MOVE FAST.

SHANGHAI WAS TENSE. BUT LOCAL AUTHORITIES STILL HAD IT UNDER

CONTROL. THERE HAS BEEN NO EXTENSIVE LOCTING SO FAR.

BUT AMERICANS WERE PULLING OUT FASTER. ABOUT 150 WENT ABOARD THE BIG LINER PRESIDENT WILSON. THE U.S. NAVY CONTINUED FERRYING OTHER EVACUEES DOWN THE WHANGPOO RIVER TO THE BIG SHIPS WHICH HAVE BEEN MOVED TO SAFER ANCHORAGES AT THE YANGTZE'S MOUTH.

EVEN SO, THERE ARE AT LEAST 1,500 AMERICANS AND CLOSE TO 4,000 BRITONS WHO INTEND TO REMAIN IN SHANGHAI. ONLY A FEW DAYS AGO THE AMERICAN COLONY NUMBERED ALMOST 2,500 AND THE BRITISH OVER 4,500. CHIANG KAI-SHEK'S DEPARTURE WAS ANNOUNCED BY THE SHANGHAI GARRISON

COMMAND. IT SAID THE "RETIRED" PRESIDENT WHO WAS THE "STRONG MAN" OF MATIONALIST CHINA FOR 22 YEARS, LEFT LATE LAST NIGHT ABOARD THE CHINESE DESTROYER TAIKONG.

THE GARRISON ANNOUNCED THAT CHIANG, WHO SAID HERE HE WAS ACTING ONLY AS A PRIVATE CITIZEN, WAS GOING TO AMOY. AMOY IS A SOUTHEASTERN CHINA PORT OPPOSITE THE BIG ISLAND OF FORMOSA WHICH CHIANG HAD BEEN

BUILDING UP AS A "LAST STAND" NATIONALIST BASTION. THE SHAPGHAI GARRISON X X X FOUR

BUILDING UP AS A "LAST STAND" NATIONALIST BASTION.

THE MILITARY SITUATION WAS ANYTHING BUT CLEAR. SHORTLY BEFORE NOON THE RAILROAD FROM SHANGHAI TO HANGCHOW STILL WAS OPEN. THAT MEANT THE REDS HAD NOT YET REACHED KASHING. THIS VITAL BAIL JUNCTION IS THE FIRST POINT THE REDS WILL HIT ON THEIR DRIVE SOUTH FROM SOOCHOW.

ONCE KASHING IS TAKEN THE LAST BAIL EXIT FROM SHANGHAI WILL BE CLOSED. HERE THE SHANGHAI-HANGCHOW LINE BRANCHES NORTHWARD TO SOOCHOW AND INTERSECTS THERE WITH THE SHANGHAI-NANKING RAILWAY.

OTHER REPORTS -- NOT CONFIRMED -- SAID COMMUNIST UNITS WERE MOVING TOWARD HANGCHOW SOUTH OF LAKE TAI AND NEARING THE SHANGHAI-HANGCHOW

ONE REPORT TO A CHINESE NEWSPAPER, WHICH DID NOT PUBLISH IT, THE NANKING-HANGCHOW HIGHWAY 100 KILOMETERS (ABOUT 62 MILES) FROM HANGCHOW." PRESUMABLY THIS MEANT KASHING.

MANY AMERICANS WHO PLANNED TO STAY IN SHANGHAI HAVE CHANGED THEIR MINDS BECAUSE OF REPORTS FROM NANKING, COMMUNIST OCCUPIED NATIONALIST

THERE RED SOLDIERS INVADED THE RESIDENCE OF U.S. AMBASSADOR J. LEIGHTON STUART AND COMMUNIST AUTHORITIES APPARENTLY HAVE CONFINED SEYMOUR TOPPING, ASSOCIATED PRESS CORRESPONDENT, TO HIS QUARTERS. INCLUDED AMONG THOSE WHO HAVE DECIDED TO LEAVE SHANGHAI ARE SEVERAL THE WAR.)

AMERICAN NEWSMEN WHO HAD INTENDED TO STAY.

THE STUART INCIDENT HAS BEEN TAKEN HERE TO MEAN THAT THE VAUNTED COMMUNIST ARMY DISCIPLINE WAS BREAKING DOWN OR THAT A TOUGHER POLICY TOWARD NEUTRALS HAS BEEN ADOPTED.

AIRLINES ARE STILL FLYING OUT OF SHANGHAI BUT CHINESE COMPANIES WE REDUCED THEIR LOCAL OPERATING STAFFS TO A MINIMUM. THEY PLAN TO

EVACUATE AT THE LAST MINUTE.

ALL THREE CHINESE AIR LINES -- CHINA NATIONAL AVIATION CORPORATION. ENTRAL AIR TRANSPORT CORPORATION AND CIVIL AIR TRANSPORT, WHICH IS RUN BY RETIRED U.S. MAJ.GEN.CLAIRE CHENNAULT--HAVE LONG SINCE MOVED HEADQUARTERS EITHER TO CANTON IN SOUTH CHINA OR HONG KONG.

SHANGHAI STILL IS JAMMED WITH REFUGEES BUT THE SITUATION APPEARS GROWING NO WORSE. THOUSANDS ARE TREKKING INTO THIS OVERCROWDED CITY FROM THE COUNTRYSIDE. OTHER THOUSANDS WHO THINK THE COUNTRY IS

SAFER ARE STRAGGLONG OUT. THE FOOD SITUATION IS BELIEVED CRITICAL BUT THERE HAVE BEEN NO

THE BRITISH CRUISER BELFAST ARRIVED THIS MORNING BUT REMAINED IN THE YANGTZE OFF WOOSUNG AT THE MOUTH OF THE WHANGPOO. THIS IS THE ANCHORAGE OF OTHER LARGE AMERICAN AND BRITISH WARSHIPS.

CHIANG'S REMARKS WERE SOMEWHAT SIMILAR TO THOSE IN A STATEMENT HE ISSUED LAST WEEK WITH ACTING PRESIDENT LI. THAT ONE CALLED FOR A FIGHT shoughoi xx add xx me changhin

NOW CHIANG ASKED THE CHINESE TO FIGHT THE COMMUNISTS WITH "ALL. THE DETERMINATION AND COURAGE WHICH CHARACTERIZED THE EIGHT YEARS WAR AGAINST THE JAPANESE.

HE SAID THE REDS IN BREAKING OFF THE PEIPING PEACE OALKS AND UNGING ACROSS THE YANGTZE BLUNDERED INTO THE SAME POLITICAL AND MILITARY ERRORS WHICH DEFEATED THE JAPANESE.

THE DRIVE INTO SOUTH CHINA, HE SAID, "WILL BRING THE REDS FACE TO FACE WITH A TANGLING MASS OF MILITARY, POLITICAL AND ECONOMIC PROBLEMS WHICH EVENTUALLY WILL RESULT IN THEIR DOWNFALL."

THE VETERAN LEADER OF CHINA THOUGHT THAT IF THE STRUGGLE IS MAIN-

NATION AND THREATEN THE PEACE OF THE ENTIRE WORLD "ALTHOUGH I RETIRED FROM THE POST OF PRESIDENT, I FEEL I CANNOT LIGHTLY DISREGARD MY RESPONSIBILITY AS A CITIZEN AT A TIME WHEN OUR COUNTRY IS FACED WITH DANGER AND OUR PEOPLE ARE ON THE BRINK OF DIS-

ASTER. I WISH TO PLEDGE AT THIS TIME OF CRISIS THAT I SHALL SHARE THE SUFFERINGS OF MY FELLOW COUNTRYMEN." CHIANG DECLARED THE COMMUNISTS USED THE U.S. - SPONSORED NEGOTIATIONS

IMMEDIATELY AFTER THE WAR TO SEIZE MANCHURIA AND TO INVADE CENTRAL CHINA. HE SAID HIS GOVERNMENT HAD TO FIGHT THEM. "WE WERE CONSTANTLY FACED WITH THE DREADFUL POSSIBILITY," HE SAID,

"THAT IF WE SHOULD FAIL, CHINA WOULD BECOME THE TINDERBOX BATTLEGROUND OF A TERRIFYING THIRD WORLD WAR IN WHICH EVERY NATION OF THE WORLD WOULD BE TRAGICALLY INVOLVED."

CHIANG ACCEPTED PART OF THE RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE FAILURE TO STOP THE CHINESE COMMUNISTS. BUT HE LAID PART OF THE BLAME ON "A GENERAL MIS APPREHENSION OF COMMUNIST INTENTIONS AMONG CERTAIN SECTIONS OF THE CHINESE AND FOREIGN PUBLIC AS WELL AS INROADS MADE BY COMMUNIST FIFTH COLUMN ACTIVITIES IN CHINA AND ABROAD."

HE SAID MAD TZE-TUNG, LEADER OF CHINA'S COMMUNISTS WAS "A FAR MORE DANGEROUS TRAITOR TO CHINA THAN THE JAPANESE PUPPET WANG CHING-WEL" (PRESIDENT OF JAPANESE-CONTROLLED AREAS OF CHINA DURING

HE SAID WANG WAS MERELY WEAK BUT MAD BY ALLYING HIMSELF WITH INTER-NATIONAL COMMUNISM WAS TRYING TO ENSLAVE AND DESTROY HIS OWN NATION. MAO AND HIS FOLLOWERS, CHIANG INSISTED, HAD NO INTENTIONS FOR PEACE WHEN THEY AGREED TO CONFERENCES RECENTLY IN PEIPING.

CHIANG DECLARED THEIR ACTIONS PROVED "THAT THE ULTIMATE AIM OF THE CHINESE COMMUNISTS IS THE CONQUEST AND FINAL SUBJUGATION OF CHINA O THAT THIS COUNTRY COULD BE CONVENIENTLY USED AS A BASE FOR A THIRD WORLD WAR AND THE CHINESE PEOPLE MADE TO BECOME CANNON FODDER FOR AGGRESSIVE WORLD COMMUNISM." FJ502PCS

WITH CHINESE WAR

SHANGHAI, APRIL 27-(AP)-THE NATIONALIST ARMY PAPER "PEACE DAILY" SAID TODAY GENERALISSIMO CHIANG KAI-SHEK HAS ARRIVED IN SHANGHAI.
THE PAPER SAID CHIANG, WHO "RETIRED" AS PRESIDENT OF CHINA LAST
JANUARY, SHORTLY WOULD MAKE A STATEMENT ON THE CIVIL WAR SITUATION. CHIANG FLEW HERE FROM HIS ANCESTRAL HOME AT FENGHWA IN SOUTHEASTERN CHINA, THE PAPER SAID. HE WENT THERE AFTER HIS RETIREMENT GW1208APS NM

FIRST LEAD BLACK SWAN SHANGHAI, APRIL 27-(AP)-THE BRITISH CONSULATE TONIGHT ANNOUNCED FLEET UNITS MAY BE UNABLE TO HELP WITH ANY LAST-MINUTE EVACUATION OF BRITISH NATIONALS FROM SHANGHAI.

A STATEMENT SAID THAT IN THE EVENT OF FIGHTING AROUND THE CITY LL BRITISH WARSHIPS WOULD BE WITHDRAWN FROM THE WHANGPOO, THE RIVER WHICH CONNECTS SHANGHAI WITH THE YANGIZE.

THIS PRECAUTION WILL BE TAKEN BECAUSE OF THE "YANGTZE INCIDENT." THE AGENCY ADDED. IT REFERRED TO COMMUNIST ARTILLERY ATTACKS ON FOUR BRITISH WARSHIPS IN THE YANGIZE RECENTLY.

"IT MUST BE RECOGNIZED," THE STATEMENT SAID, "THAT A LATE EVACUATION OF THE WATERFRONT TO HONG KONG WITH NAVAL ASSISTANCE IN THE FORM ORIGINALLY PLANNED MAY UNDER CERTAIN CIRCUMSTANCES BE IMPOSSIBLE." INSTEAD, MERCHANT SHIPS, LAND PLANES AND FLYING BOATS WILL BE

MADE AVAILABLE FOR EVACUEES.

BRITISH WARSHIPS IN CHINA WATERS "HAVE NO WURLIKE PURPOSE WHATEVER," TAINED "WITHIN THREE YEARS FINAL VICTORY WILL BE OURS."

"WE ARE CONFRONTED," HE SAID, "BY A DARK AND BRUTAL FORCE WHICH SEEKS PRESENCE IS MISUNDERSTOOD HIS MAJESTY'S GOVERNMENT HAVE DECIDED IN AGREEMENT WITH OTHER GOVERNMENTS CONCERNED AND IN PURSUANCE OF THEIR AGREEMENT WITH OTHER GOVERNMENTS CONCERNED AND IN PURSUANCE OF THEIR POLICY OF NON-INTERVENTION SO TO DISPOSE THEIR SHIPS AS TO AVOID ANY APPEARANCE OR PROVOCATION."

THE BRITISH SLOOP BLACK SWAN, ONE OF THE FOUR WARSHIPS FIRED UPON, SLIPPED DOWN THE WHANGPOO TODAY AND LEFT THE SHANGHAI ANCHORAGE WITHOUT

A FOREIGN COMBATANT SHIP FOR THE FIRST TIME IN YEARS. THE BLACK SWAN X X X SECOND GRAF PREVIOUS

BY TOM LAMBERT

SHANGHAI, APRIL 27-(AP)-THE CHINESE "MAN IN THE STREET" WENT NOISILY ABOUT THE BUSINESS OF LIVING TODAY.

IF HE KNEW OR CARED THAT SHANGHAI WAS BEING ENCIRCLED BY THE

COMMUNISTS, HE DIDN'T SHOW IT.

THERE WAS NOTHING APPROACHING PANIC. JUST THE USUAL CONFUSION.
IF HE'S A PEDICAB BOY, HE'S STEADILY SHOUTING "WAAH" AT THE THRONG OF PEDESTRIANS IN HIS PATH.

IF HE'S A CHAUFFEUR OR TRUCKDRIVE, HE'S HONKING HIS HORN

CONTINUOUSLY.

IF HE'S A MONEYCHANGER, HE'S CLINKING AND SHUFFLING HIS PILE OF CHINESE SILVER DOLLARS LIKE A POKER PLAYER RIFFLING HIS CHIPS. OF HIS WARES -- FROM BANANAS TO SHIRTS.

HE AWAKENED AND STARTED ABOUT HIS BUSINESS EARLY ON A DAY QUICKLY

GROWING HOT AND STICKY FROM THE BLAZING SUN.

HE CAME OUT OF A NIGHT OF EERIE SILENCE WHICH HE SPENT SLEEPING IN A DINGY ROOM, IN A DOORWAY OR WINDOWSILL OR -- LIKE SEVERAL --CUDDLED UP IN THE AUSTERE EMBRACE OF TWO BRONZE LIONS IN FRONT OF THE HONG KONG AND SHANGHAI BANK ON THE BUND.

AMERICAN PRESIDENT LINES SAID TODAY MORE THAN 200 ALREADY HAVE AVAILED THEMSELVES OF EMERGENCY ACCOMMODATIONS ABOARD THE S.S. PRESIDENT WILSON WHICH SAILS TOMORROW.

BUT MOST OF THE AMERICANS PLAN TO BEMAIN HERE.

POST AND MERCURY, SAID:

"MOST OF US FEEL WE HAVE A RIGHT TO BE HERE AND ARE NOT TAKING

A BUNOUT POWDER."

DURING THE POSTWAR PERIOD THE AMERICAN COLONY HAS DIMINISHED

BECAUSE OF POOR BUSINESS CONDITIONS.

THE WELL KNOWN PERSONS WHO ARE REMAINING ARE MOSTLY OLD CHINA HANDS" WHO ARE NOT SO WELL KNOWN IN THE U.S. THEY INCLUDE: PAUL S. HOPKINS, HEAD OF THE SHANGHAI POWER COMPANY, WHO HAS SPENT MOST OF HIS LIFE IN CHINA; W. F. FLANLEY, MANAGER OF THE SHANGHAI TELEPHONE COMPANY; WILLIAM P. COLTMAN, MANAGER OF STANDARD-VACUUM OIL COMPANY; PHILIP LEFEVRE, MANAGER OF THE TEXAS COMPANY; J.T.S.REED, RESIDENT VICE-PRESIDENT OF THE NATIONAL CITY BANK OF NEW YORK: ERIC PETERSON, MANAGER OF THE CHASE NATIONAL BANK; CORNELL S.FRANKLIN, ATTORNEY AND FORMER CHAIRMAN OF SHANGHAI'S MUNICIPAL COUNCIL IN THE DAYS OF EXTRATERRITORIALITY; R.T.BRYAN, JR., ATTORNEY AND FORMER MUNICIPAL ADVOCATE; DR.GEORGE SELLETT, LAWYER FOR SEVERAL U.S. CORPORATIONS AND FORMER U.S. DISTRICT ATTORNEY IN SHANGHAI; MILTON J. HELMICK, ATTORNEY FOR OIL COMPANIES AND FORMER JUDGE OF THE U.S. DISTRICT COURT HERE.

POSTWAR LEADERS IN SHANGHAI BUSINESS CIRCLES INCLUDE ROBERT JOSE, MANAGER OF PAN-AMERICAN AIRWAYS, AND JAMES FARRELL, MANAGER OF

NORTHWEST AIR LINES.

A56FX
"IN THIS STRUGGLE, THE LIFE AND LIBERTY OF EVERY ONE OF OUR PEOPLE IS TIED WITH THE LIFE OF THE NATION," HE CONTINUED. "ALTHOUGH I RETIRED FROM THE POST OF PRESIDENT, I FEEL I CAN NOT LIGHTLY DISPREGARD MY RESPONSIBILITY AS A CITIZEN AT A TIME OUR COUNTRY IS FACED REGARD MY RESPONSIBILITY AS A CITIZEN AT A TIME OUR COUNTRY IS FACED WITH DANGER, OUR PEOPLE ON THE BRINK OF DISASTER. I WISH TO PLEDGE AT THIS TIME OF CRISIS THAT I SHALL SHARE THE SUFFERINGS OF MY FELLOW COUNTRYMEN."

CHIANG SAID HIS GOVERNMENT REALIZED THAT COMMUNISM WAS A PROBLEM OF INTERNATIONAL IMPLICATIONS THAT CHINA ALONE COULD NOT SETTLE. IF THAT PROBLEM IN CHINA COULD HAVE BEEN SETTLED THROUGH PEACEFUL AND POLITICAL MEANS, CHIANG WENT ON, HE FELT THAT IT WOULD HELP ESTABLISH A BASIS FOR WORLD PEACE.

30.24- 2763

THE GOVERNMENT, HE SAID, WAS "CONSTANTLY FACED WITH THE DREADFUL POSSIBILITY THAT IF WE SHOULD FAIL, CHINA WOULD BECOME THE TINDERBOX BATTLEGROUND OF A TERRIFYING THIRD WORLD WAR IN WHICH EVERY NATION OF THE WORLD WOULD BE TRAGICALLY INVOLVED."

CHIANG PLACED SOME OF THE BLAME FOR THE MILITARY AND POLITICAL SHORTCOMINGS OF HIS REGIME ON THE "GENERAL MISAPPREHENSION OF COMMUNIST INTENTIONS AMONG CERTAIN SECTIONS OF THE CHINESE AND THE FOREIGN PUBLIC AS WELL AS THE INROADS MADE BY COMMUNIST FIFTH

COLUMN ACTIVITIES IN CHINA AND ABROAD." CHIANG CHARGED THE REDS HAVE NO INTENTION FOR PEACE. RECENT ACTIONS "PROVE THAT THE ULTIMATE AIM OF THE CHINESE COMMUNISTS IS THE CONQUEST AND FINAL SUBJUGATION OF CHINA SO THAT THIS COUNTRY COULD BE CONVENIENTLY USED AS A BASE FOR THE THIRD WORLD WAR AND THE CHINESE PEOPLE ITS CANNON FODDER FOR AGGRESSIVE WORLD COMMUNISM."

"NO NATION WHICH DESIRES TO BE FREE CAN COMPLACENTLY SHUN THE RESPONSIBILITY WHICH CHINA IS NOW BEARING AS A RESULT OF HER TRAGIC

STRUGGLE," CHIANG SAID.

HE CALLED COMMUNIST MAD TZE-TUNG A "FAR MORE DANGEROUS TRAITOR TO CHINA THAN THE JAPANESE PUPPET WANG CHING-WEI (PRESIDENT OF JAPANESE CONTROLLED CHINA DURING THE WAR) WHO, DURING THE WAR, TRIED TO MAKE AN INDIVIDUAL PEACE WITH THE JAPANESE." - NO 1949

TOKYO, THURSDAY, APRIL 28-(AP)-WILLIAM J. SEBALD, HEAD OF GENERAL MACARTHUR'S DIPLOMATIC SECTION, SAID TODAY HE PLANS TO LEAVE FOR WASHINGTON MAY 3.

SEBALD SAID THERE IS "NO SIGNIFICANCE" IN THE TRIP AND IT HAS NO CONNECTION WITH THE ANNOUNCED RECALL OF AMBASSADOR J. LEIGHTON STUART FROM CHINA.

SEBALD SAID THE MAIN PURPOSE OF THE TRIP IS A VACATION ALTHOUGH HE WILL CONFER WITH STATE DEPARTMENT OFFICIALS IN WASHINGTON.

FJ1032PCS

FOLO SHANGHAI CHIANG

HONG KONG, APRIL 27-(AP)-OLD MARSHAL YEN HSIS-HAN, TENACIOUS DEFENDER OF TALYUAN UNTIL ITS FALL TO THE COMMUNISTS, ARRIVED HERE TODAY WITH WORD CHIANG KAI-SHEK WOULD NOT COME OUT OF RETIREMENT TO LEAD NATIONALIST CHINA AGAINST THE COMMUNISTS.

YEN SAID HE CONFERRED WITH CHIANG ON HIS STATEMENT RELEASED TODAY AT CHIKOW.

CHIANG, THE SHANSI PROVINCE WARLORD SAID, WILL NOT RESUME THE PRE-SIDENCY OF CHINA. INSTEAD, HE WILL AID LI TSUNG-JEN'S GOVERNMENT IN THE CAPACITY OF KUOMINTANG (GOVERNMENT) PARTY LEADER, YEN SAID. LI IS EXPECTED IN CANTON FROM KWEILIN IN TWO OR THREE DAYS.

X445APS NM

GUAM, THURSDAY, APRIL 28-(AP)-LT. GEN.SADAE INDUE, COMMANDER OF THE JAPANESE 14TH DIVISION AT PALAU, TODAY WAS SENTENCED TO HANG BY A MILITARY WAR CRIMES COMMISSION.

INQUE WAS CONVICTED OF ORDERING THE EXECUTION OF THREE AMERICAN FLIERS AT BABELTHUAP SEPT. 4, 1944, AND ANOTHER AMERICAN PRISONER AT

KOROR APRIL 2, 1945.

COL. TABA TOKUCHI, INQUE'S CHIEF OF STAFF, WAS SENTENCED TO FOUR YEARS IMPRISONMENT.

INQUE HAD CONTENDED HE ORDERED THE EXECUTIONS UNDER DIRECT POLICY INSTRUCTIONS FROM CENTRAL HEADQUARTERS IN TOKYO. INQUE'S SENTENCE WILL BE REVIEWED BY THE U. S. SECRETARY OF NAVY.

F.11024PCS

SINGAPORE, APRIL 27-(AP)-BAO DAI, FORMER EMPEROR OF ANNAM, LANDED AT THE RAF AIRPORT HERE TODAY AND WAS ESCORTED BY POLICE AND A MILITARY GUARD TO SINGAPORE GOVERNMENT HOUSE, TO BE THE GUEST OF GOVERNOR SIR FRANKLIN GIBSON.

BAO DAI IS EXPECTED TO LEAVE FARLY TOMORROW BY PLAIN FOR SAIGON WITH A DELEGATION OF THE FRENCH-SPONSORED CENTRAL PROVISIONAL

GOVERNMENT FOR VIET-NAM.

THE SECRECY AND THE SPECIAL GUARD WERE ARRANGED AS A PRECAUTION AGAINST POSSIBLE ATTACKERS, SINCE THE REBEL VIET-MINH FORCES IN FRENCH INDOCHINA LABEL BAO

BAO DAI IS EXPECTED TO LEAVE EARLY TOMORROW BY PLANE FOR SAIGON WITH A DELEGATION OF THE FRENCH-SPONSORED CENTRAL PROVISIONAL GOVERNMENT FOR VIET-NAM.

THE SECRECY AND THE SPECIAL GUARD WERE ARRANGED AS A PRECAUTION AGAINST POSSIBLE ATTACKERS, SINCE THE REBEL VIET-MINH FORCES IN FRENCH INDOCHINA LABEL BAO DAI A TRAITOR. THE VIET-MINH NATIONALIST FORCES, WHO OPPOSE THE PROPOSED VIET-NAM GOVERNMENT, ARE LED BY HO CHI MINH, A COMMUNIST.

B1105AFD

MANILA, APRIL 27-(AP)-APPROXIMATELY 800 WHITE RUSSIANS MAY BE STRANDED IN SHANGHAI WHEN THE COMMUNISTS TAKE OVER.

THE INTERNATIONAL REFUGEE ORGANIZATION IN MANILA SAID TODAY THE S. S. HAVEN WAS LOADING IN SHANGHAI 400 OF THE 1,200 REFUGEES STILL THERE. IT WAS NOT KNOWN WHETHER OTHER SHIPS WOULD BE MADE AVAILABLE IN TIME TO BRING OFF THE REST.

THE HAVEN WILL LEAVE THE 400 AT THE GUIUAN CAMP FOR REFUGEES FROM CHINA ON SAMAR, SOUTH OF MANILA. THEN IT WILL PICK UP 400 OF THE 5.000 WHITE RUSSIANS AND STATELESS EUROPEANS ALREADY THERE. THESE WILL BE TAKEN TO AUSTRALIA FOR RESETTLEMENT.

THE AUSTRALIAN-BOUND REFUGEES ARE THE FIRST OF 1,700 WHO HAVE APPLIED FOR RESETTLEMENT THERE. THE PHILIPPINES OFFERED THE REFUGEES HAVEN FOR ONLY FOUR MONTHS AND TIME IS RUNNING OUT.

A FRENCH MISSION IS DUE HERE FRIDAY FROM PARIS TO LOOK OVER PROS-

PECTIVE SETTLERS FOR THE METROPOLITAN AREA OF FRANCE.

THE BULK OF THE REFUGEES ON SAMAR HAVE MADE NO MOVE TO ACCEPT RESETTLEMENT. MOST OF THEM WANT TO GO TO THE UNITED STATES OR ARGEN-TINA. ALTHOUGH THEY HAVE BEEN TOLD THERE IS LITTLE CHANCE.

THE I. R. O. WARNED THE EVACUEES THAT THOSE WHO REFUSE SETTLEMENT

WILL BE SUBJECT TO RETURN TO CHINA.

A DISPATCH FROM THE CAMP SAID THAT THE GENERAL REACTION TO THIS WARNING WAS: "YOU MIGHT AS WELL SEND US TO THE SOVIET UNION AS RETURN US TO CHINA AT THIS TIME."

WHITE RUSSIAND FEAR THE CHINESE COMMUNISTS WILL TURN THEM

OVER TO THE RUSSIANS.

FJ543PCS

tel aviv, israel, april 7-(ap)-the israeli parliament considers today

a government proposal for an austerity program to combat soaring

the program presented by premier david ben-gurion and supply minister

3,800

D.

ar abs has boosted living costs.

KARACHI, PAKISTAN, APRIL 27-(AP)-ZAHID HUSSAIN, GOVERNOR OF THE STATE BANK OF PAKISTAN, TODAY OUTLINED A PROGRAM TO FIGHT COMMUNISM

THROUGH WESTERN FINANCIAL AID AND REDUCTION OF TAXES. ADDRESSING THE FIRST ALL-PAKISTAN ECONOMIC CONFERENCE AT LAHORE,

HUSSAIN SAID: "THE MORE ADVANCED COUNTRIES OF THE WEST HAVE GREAT RESPONSIBILITIES WHICH THEY SHOULD PERFORM, PROVIDING TECHNICAL AND FINANCIAL AID FOR THE EARLY DEVELOPMENT OF OUR RESOURCES, AND FOR RAISING THE GENERAL STANDARD OF LIFE."

THE PAKISTAN GOVERNMENT, HE ADDED, IS PREPARED FOR SOME TAXATION ADJUSTMENTS AND HAS LAID DOWN A PROGRAM OF THE "NECESSARY INCENTIVE

OF FOREIGN CAPITAL."

THE GOVERNOR DECLARED: "ISLAM IS THE BULWARK AGAINST COMMUNISM BUT WE MUST NOT LOSE TIME GIVING EFFECT TO OUR PLANS.

HA704PED

BY DOUGLAS LACKERSTEEN

RANGOON, BURMA, APRIL 27-(AP)-A BURMA GOVERNMENT SPOKESMAN SAID TODAY RENEGADES FROM THE WHITE-BAND PEOPLE'S VOLUNTEER ORGANIZATION (PVO) HAVE PROCLAIMED A GOVERNMENT NEAR THE INDIAN-BURMA BORDER.

HE SAID SUCH A GOVERNMENT HAD BEEN SET UP AT NANBAY IN THE UPPER HINDWIN DISTRICT WHERE REBELS ARE PREPARING AN ATTACK UPON THE

TOWN OF KALEWA. 75 MILES FROM THE INDIAN BORDER.

THE RENEGADES ARE A SPLINTER GROUP OF THE PVO. WHICH HAS FOUGHT FROM TIME TO TIME ON THE SIDE OF THE GOVERNMENT IN ITS MANY-SIDED CIVIL WAR.

ON THE CENTRAL BURMESE FRONT, THE SPOKESMAN SAID, FIERCE FIGHTING IS CONTINUING BETWEEN GOVERNMENT FORCES AND KAREN TRIBESMEN AT THE RAIL TOWN OF DAIKU, 80 MILES NORTH OF RANGOON. MORE THAN 700 KARENS HAVE BEEN KILLED IN THIS BATTLE, THE GOVERNMENT STATED.

THE KARENS, DEMANDING A SEPARATE KAREN STATE, ARE ATTEMPTING TO FIGHT SOUTHWARD TO REINFORCE THE INSEIN SECTOR, 10 MILES FROM

RANGOON, WHICH THEY HAVE HELD SINCE FEBRUARY.

THE GOVERNMENT SPOKESMAN SAID GOVERNMENT REINFORCEMENTS ARE CONTINUING TO STREAM NORTHWARD THROUGH THE RAIL JUNCTION TOW OF PEGU. 50 MILES NORTH OF RANGOON TO STEM THE KAREN ADVANCE.

NEW DELHI, APRIL 27-(AP)-REPORTS OF A CORDIAL TERMINATION OF THE FIVE DAY CONFERENCE BETWEEN THE PRIME MINISTERS OF BRITAIN AND HER DOMINIONS WERE GREETED WITH DEEP SATISFACTION IN INDIAN POLITICAL CIRCLES TODAY.

CONGRESS LEADERS PARTICULARLY WELCOMED A REPORTED AGREEMENT BETWEEN BRITISH AND DOMINION LEADERS THAT A REPUBLICAN INDIA CAN

BE FITTED INTO THEIR KING-LED COMMONWEALTH.

THE CONFEREES HAVE BEEN DRAFTING A STATEMENT DEFINING THE TERMS OF THE ASSOCIATION BETWEEN THE COMMONWEALTH AND THOSE OF ITS

MEMBERS WHICH MAY DECIDE TO BECOME REPUBLICS.

REPUBLICAN INDIA'S CONTINUED ASSOCIATION WITH BRITAIN AND HER PARTNERS WOULD HAVE GREAT POLITICAL, ECONOMIC AND STRATEGIC ADVANTAGES FOR THE COMMONWEALTH. IT MEANS THE SUBCONTINENT WILL REMAIN IN THE WESTERN SPHERE OF INFLUENCE AT A TIME WHEN THE EMERGENCE OF A RED CHINA SEEMS IMMINENT. GH30 KPED

Bernet and der Trans- Jordan ARAB QUARTERS HERE EXPRESSED REGRET THAT A MISUNDERSTANDING HAS ARISEN AT THE TIME PALESTINE PEACE TALKS ARE STARTING IN LAUSANNE, SWITZERLAND. THE SPLIT IN THE ARAB BLOC APPARENTLY WEAKENS IT AND STRENGTHENS ISRAEL IN THE NEGOTIATIONS.

REPORTS FROM DAMASCUS SAID HUNDREDS OF AUTOMOBILES THAT HAD BEEN HELD UP BY THE 24-HOUR BORDER BLOCKADE, MOVED ACROSS THE FRONTIER TODAY. MANY PERSONS HAD SLEPT IN THEIR CARS WHEN THEY FOUND DAMASCUS

HOTELS FILLED.

A DAMASCUS DISPATCH SAID FORMER PRESIDENT AL SAYED SHUKRI AL KUWATLY HAD BEEN GIVEN LIBERTY TO RETURN TO HIS HOME AFTER BEING HELD IN A MILITARY HOSPITAL SINCE THE MARCH 30 COUP.

ME341PED

amman , trans-jordan, april 27-(ap)-a reliable source said today

the egyptian forces who hold the hebron-bethlehem areas in palestine

will leave there the end of this month, the source said APR

eg ptien headquarters ax will leave its main camp

bethlehem to join the troops in the withdrawal.



A SPOKESMEN DECLARED GOVERNMENT FORCES DEFENDING THE RAIL TOWN OF DAIKU, 80 MILES NORTH OF RANGOON, HAVE KILLED 700 ATTACKING KAREN TRIBESMEN. FRESH ARMY REINFORCEMENTS WERE REPORTED MOVING TOWARD THE TOWN.

VETERAN GURKHAS AND BURMA RIFLES BATTALIONS BATTLED WHITE BAND PVO UNITS IN MANDALAY. THE GOVERNMENT SPOKESMAN SAID THE ARMY KILLED 100 PVO REBELS AND CAPTURED 70 IN A DAY-LONG FIGHT IN THE STATION AREA, THE MARKET PLACE AND AROUND THE MAHAMYATMUNI PAGODA, THE CITY'S MOST NOTED SHRINE.

N418PED

CALCUTTA, INDIA, APRIL 27-(AP)-POLICE CLASHED WITH COMMUNISTS TONIGHT AND SEVEN PERSONS -- INCLUDING FOUR WOMEN -- WERE KILLED. RIOTING BROKE OUT AFTER A GROUP OF WOMEN COMMUNISTS STARTED A

PARADE AS A GESTURE OF SYMPATHY FOR FELLOW COMMUNISTS BEING HELD IN THE CITY JAIL.

SUCH PARADES ARE FORBIDDEN BY AUTHORITIES. WHEN POLICE TRIED TO BREAK UP THE PROCESSION THE COMMUNISTS RETALIATED WITH BOMBS, BOTTLES AND BRICKBATS. POLICE OPENED FIRE AND INFLICTED THE CAS-UALTIES. SEVERAL TRAMS AND STREET BUSES WERE OVERTURNED DURING THE RICTING.

VS848PED

buenos aires, april 27-(ap)-argentine communister accused the government of president juan d. peron today of "a policy of open hostility against the soviet union"

in its official newspaper, la hora, the party condemned the government's action dissolving the communist-dominated slav union two 1 tremerical patricipal recent REMINISTER STREET

it addded that the rio de janeiro hemisphere defense pact signed not yet ratified by argentine "ebliges argentines to shed blood in defense of wall street's dollars."

"Is this a yankee colony?" the paper asked.

the action against the slav union, taken under a constitutional provision banning recognition of organizations opposed to the democratic system, me belied peron's avowed policy of taking a third position between russian communism and imperialistic capitalism, the newspaper added.

HER BORDER TO PROTECT CLOSED FIGHT I P)-SYRIA HAS READINESS TO T-(AP)-27 SYRIA, APRIL 3

SW OF THE SOUTH, ABDULLAH S CONCI SPOKE A SERIOUS ,000 TROOPS MILES TO I TRAN INDE

UNDER SYRIA SYR IRAQ CALLING MORE MEN TO THE COLORS, PREMIER HUSNI ZAYIM SAILITANT "NO" YESTERDAY TO THE DREAMS OF TRANS-JORDANS IN AND IRAG'S KING FEISAL TO ANNEX SYRIA.

(OFFICIAL QUARTERS IN BEIRUT, LEBANON, TOOK A SERIOUS SITUATION. TWO DAYS AGO, ABDULLAH HAD ABOUT 3,000 TROOF AT RAMTHA NEAR THE SYRIAN LINE. AT MAFRAK, 50 MILES TO MORE THAN 10,000 IRAGI SOLDIERS ARE ENCAMPED.

(ABDULLAH WANTS SYRIA TO BECOME A PART OF A GREATER RULE. IRAG WANTS TO SET UP A FEDERATION OF ARAB STATES LEBANON, TRANS-JORDAN, IRAG AND ARAB PALESTINE -- UNDER RULE. IN LEBANON, FEISAL.)

보

SION AGAINST HIS OWN CLAIM UPON TRANS-JORDAN, PREDICTING THAT "WILL SOONER OR LATER JOIN OUR REPUBLIC."
SEIZED SYRIA'S GOVERNMENT IN A RECENT BLOODLESS PONENTS THE SYRIAN ARMY "IS FAST BECOMING THE RMY IN FORCE, SECOND ONLY TO TURKEY'S."
S ARMY "WILL STOP AND CRUSH ANY AGGRESSION AGAINS ABDULLAH'S KINGDOM "W]
THE PREMIER, WHO SE
COUP, WARNED HIS OPPON
MID-EAST'S SECOND ARMY
HE ADDED THAT HIS A

ARY CUEE FROM EVAC YEAR-OLD SEATTLE U TWO-·(AP)-A T ¥ 027 0N OVERNIGHT O HERE (ORAGE, HAI

TRIP. SHE LONG ST CHARGE OF CONTROL CHARGE OF CONTROL SINE CONTRE CON FLIGHT ABOARD OFFICIALLY IN WASHINGTON, D. S. SHE WAS SEN' PINDER, WHO RE S HER IS TO SSES RIANNE PINDER RESUMED HE ARGO PLANE TODAY. SHE I WADE, WHO IS EN ROUTE TO PREFERENCE FOR STEWARDESS RENTS, MR. AND MRS. ALWYN HAI. AIRLINES CARGO PLAINTE STOWED A PREFERENCE BY HER PARENTS, MENDES DEE STEWARDESS DEE OBJECTS TO HAVING THE CARE OF A CHINA STOWED AS FOR HER FJ714PCS

JSE ADRIANNE D BEEN IN DST CHINESE. HAD LMOS RE C AA SAID SHE **AMMAH** A SPEAKS A a we INSEATTLE.
T THE CHILD OVER
R. MAJOR WADE S
CRIES FOR HER TO JOIN RELATIVES I DEE DEE JONES KEPT ING MEN HANDLE HER. CHINESE NURSE AND CHINESE MOTHER. H

wr second 1295war ac 1238p

BY ROGER D.GREENE WASHINGTON, APRIL 27- (AP) - AN FBI AGENT SWORE TODAY THAT PAPERS SEIZED IN THE POCKETBOOK OF 27-YEAR-OLD JUDITH COPLON, ON TRIAL FOR ESPIONAGE, TOLD OF HER ALLEGED EFFORTS TO SNATCH A "TOP SECRET FBI REPORT"

SUMMARIZING SOVIET SPY ACTIVITIES. - ROBERT -R GRANVILLE, SUPERVISORY FBL ACENT IN NEW YORK, SAID IN A STATEMENT FILED BY THE PROSECUTION THAT MORE THAN 30 "DATA SLIPS" WERE FOUND IN THE HANDBAG WHEN MISS COPLON AND A RUSSIAN ENGINEER ATTACHED TO U.N. WERE ARRESTED LAST MARCH 4.

GRANVILLE SAID THE SLIPS CONTAINED EXTRACTS FROM FBI REPORTS ON THE OPERATIONS OF SUSPECTED ESPIONAGE AGENTS IN THE UNITED STATES.

HE SAID OTHER MEMORANDA FOUND IN THE PURSE INCLUDED A BRIEF STATEMENT OF MISS COPLON'S POST-GRADUATE EDUCATIONAL BACKGROUND. SHE IS A CUM LAUDE GRADUATE OF BARNARD COLLEGE.

FURTHERMORE, HE SAID, IT CONTAINED BACKGROUND INFORMATION "CONCERN-

ING THREE POTENTIAL RECRUITS FOR ESPIONAGE SERVICE."

GRANVILLE SAID THE EXACT LANGUAGE OF MISS COPLON'S ALLEGED ACCOUNT

HER ATTEMPT TO BAG A PRIZE FBI SECRET WAS AS FOLLOWS:

"I HAVE NOT BEEN ABLE (AND DON'T THINK I WILL) TO GET THE TOP SECRET FBI REPORT WHICH I DESCRIBED TO MICHAEL ON SOVIET & COMUNIST

INTELLIGENCE ACTIVITIES IN THE U.S.
"WHEN THE MOMENT WAS FAVORABLE, I ASKED FOLEY WHERE THE REPORT WAS
(HE PREVIOUSLY HAD REMARKED THAT HE'D SEEN SUCH A REPORT). HE SAID THAT SOME DEPARTMENT OFFICIAL HAD IT AND HE DIDN'T EXPECT TO GET IT

"FOLEY REMARKED THERE WAS NOTHING 'NEW' IN IT. WHEN I SAW THE REPORT, FOR A MINUTE, I BREEZED THROUGH IT RAPIDLY. REMEMBER

VERY LITTLE.

"IT WAS ABOUT 115 PAGES IN LENGTH, SUMMARIZED FIRST SOVIET 'IN-TELLIGENCE ACTIVITIES, INCLUDING MARTENS LORE, POYNTZ ALTSCHULER,

SILVERMASTER, ET AL. "IT HAD HEADING ON SOWJET U.N. DELEGATION BUT THAT WAS ALL I RE-MEMBER. THE REST OF THE REPORT I THINK WAS ON POLISH, YUGO, ETC.,

ACTIVITIES AND POSSIBLY SOME INFO ON CP, U.S.A."
THE MAN "MICHAEL" NAMED AS THE PERSON TO WHOM SHE DESCRIBED HER EFFORTS WAS NOT FURTHER IDENTIFIED. WILLIAM E. FOLEY WAS MISS CO-LON'S BOSS WHEN SHE WORKED IN THE JUSTICE DEPARTMENT." THE FBI, INCIDENTALLY, HAS ITS HEADQUARTERS IN THE JUSTICE DEPARTMENT BUILDING HERE WHERE MISS COPLON WAS EMPLOYED.

GRANVILLE SAID THE 30 "DATA SLIPS" WERE GOVERNMENT PROPERTY.
THUS CHALLENGING THE DEFENSE CLAIM THAT THE PAPERS TAKEN FROM MISS COPLON WERE HER OWN PRIVATE PROPERTY, NOT STATE SECRETS, AND HENCE

SHOULD BE GIVEN BACK TO HER.

DEFENSE AND PROSECUTION SPENT THE ENTIRE DAY BATTLING OVER THE ADMISSIBILITY OF THE PAPERS .

GOVERNMENT PROSECUTORS DECLINED TO COMMENT OFFICIALLY ON DEFENSE CLAIMS THAT WITHOUT THE PAPERS, THE GOVERNMENT'S CASE WOULD COLLAPSE. THEY MADE NO SECRET, HOWEVER, OF THE FACT THAT THEY REGARD THE PAPERS AS HIGHLY IMPORTANT TO THEIR CASE.

FEDERAL JUDGE ALBERT L.REEVES INDICATED HE WILL RULE TOMORROW ON A DEFENSE MOTION TO PREVENT USE OF THE PAPERS AS EVIDENCE.

DURING TODAY'S ARGUMENTS, THE GOVERNMENT WON AN OPENING SKIRMISH IN THE FIGHT OVER THE PAPERS.

THE DEFENSE SOUGHT TO FORCE THE GOVERNMENT TO PRODUCE THE PAPERS IMMEDIATELY. THIS WAS A PRELIMINARY TO A DEFENSE ATTEMPT TO SHOW THAT THE PAPERS WERE THE GOVERNMENT GIRL'S PRIVATE PROPERTY, NOT

STATE SECRETS, AND HENCE SHOULD BE GIVEN BACK TO HER.
BUT FEDERAL JUDGE ALBERT L. REFEVES SAID HE WOULD NOT ORDER THE PAPERS PRODUCED AT THIS TIME, UNLESS DEFENSE ATTORNEY ARCHIBALD PALMER COULD SHOW THEY ACTUALLY BELONGED TO MISS COPLON. 30.24- 2767

FBI AGENTS WHO SHADOWED THE GIRL AND HER ALLEGED SWEETHEART VALENTINE A.GUBITCHEV, 32, A RUSSIAN, ACKNOWLEDGED IN COURT THAT THE PAPERS WERE SEIZED FROM HER WITHOUT A WARRANT.

BUT THE GOVERNMENT CONTENDS THAT THE FEDERAL OPERATIVES HAD REASON-ABLE GROUNDS TO JUSTIFY ARRESTING THE PAIR AND SEARCHING THEM WITHOUT

A WARRANT.

CHIEF PROSECUTOR JOHN M. KELLEY, JR., SAID THE PAPERS WERE "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL" AND INVOLVED NATIONAL SECURITY. IT IS THE GOVERNMENT CONTENTION THAT THEY WERE FILCHED FROM THE JUSTICE DEPARTMENT'S ES-PIONAGE AND COUNTER-ESPIONAGE FILES FOR TRANSMISSION TO MOSCOW.

PALMER TOLD THE JUDGE: "THE GOVERNMENT HAS ADMITTED THAT IF WE ARE SUCCESSFUL IN SUPPRESS-ING THE EVIDENCE THEY SNATCHED FROM THIS LITTLE GIRL'S POCKETBOOK WITHOUT A WARRANT, THEY WON'T HAVE ANY CASE AND WILL HAVE TO ASK FOR A DIRECTED VERDICT (OF DISMISSAL)."

EVENTUALLY, IT IS BELIEVED, THE GOVERNMENT WILL SEEK TO PUT AT LEAST SOME OF THE DISPUTED PAPERS IN EVIDENCE SINCE THEY ARE PRESUM-ABLY THE BACKBONE OF THE GOVERNMENT'S CASE.

THE ARGUMENT OVER MISS COPLON'S POCKETBOOK WAS CARRIED ON DURING THE ABSENCE OF THE JURY, WHICH HAD BEEN SENT HOME UNTIL TOMORROW MORN-ING .

THE POCKETBOOK ITSELF -- MINUS THE PURPORTEDLY SECRET DOCUMENTS -- WAS BROUGHT INTO COURT AND SPILLED OUT TO DISPLAY THE USUAL HODGEPODGE OF FEMININE ACCOUTREMENT: COSMETICS, IDENTIFICATION CARDS, A DIARY AND A BANK BOOK SHOWING A BALANCE OF \$395.12 IN A WASHINGTON BANK.

ENTRIES IN THE DIARY.

PRESUMABLY IT CONTAINS REFERENCES TO THE ALLEGED ROMANCE BETWEEN MISS COPLON AND GUBITCHEV, A FORMER SOVIET EMPLOYE OF THE UNITED NATIONS, ABOUT WHICH HER ATTORNEY THREW OUT BROAD HINTS YESTERDAY. AS THE THREE-DAY-OLD TRIAL WENT ON, FBI AGENTS RELATED HOW THEY SHADOWED MISS COPLON FOR NEARLY TWO MONTHS LAST WINTER BEFORE THEY ARRESTED THE GOVERNMENT GIRL AND GUBITCHEV ON A THIRD AVENUE "EL"

PLATFORM IN UPTOWN NEW YORK, LAST MARCH 4. BOTH ARE SCHEDULED TO BE TRIED ON ESPIONAGE CONSPIRACY CHARGES IN NEW YORK LATER. GUBITCHEV WAS FREED ON \$100,000 BAIL POSTED BY THE

SOVIET EMBASSY YESTERDAY.

FBI AGENT T.SCOTT MILLER, WHO APPARENTLY DID MOST OF THE GUMSHOE WORK IN THE CASE, TOLD HOW HE DRIFTED UP BEHIND MISS COPLON ON AN 8TH AVENUE SUBWAY TRAIN IN NEW YORK, ON FEB. 18, AND "GOT A LOOK" INTO

MILLER SAID HE WATCHED WHILE MISS COPLON, A TINY BRUNETTE, OPENED THE BAG, AND AMONG OTHER THINGS HE SAW A FOLDED PIECE OF ONION-SKIN PAPER WITH TYPEWRITTEN MATTER. BUT, HE SAID, HE DID NOT READ IT. THE GOVERNMENT CONTENDS THAT MISS COPLON SNATCHED NATIONAL DEFENSE

SECRETS "WITH INTENT AND REASON TO BELIEVE" THE DATA WOULD BE USED "TO THE INJURY OF THE UNITED STATES AND TO THE ADVANTAGE OF A FOREIGN NATION."

TO THIS ACCUSATION, MISS COPLON'S ATTORNEY HAS RETORTED THAT SHE WAS SIMPLY GATHERING MATERIAL FOR A POLITICO-ROMANTIC NOVEL WHICH SHE WAS WRITING OR WAS GOING TO WRITE.

MILLER BEGAN HIS ACCOUNT WITH A STORY OF MISS COPLON'S ARRIVAL AT PENNSYLVANIA STATION, NEW YORK, AT 4:50 P.M., JAN. 14, NEARLY TWO

MONTHS BEFORE HER ARREST.

THE FBI SLEUTH SAID HE TRAILED HER ON A SUBWAY TO 193RD STREET AND BROADWAY WHERE SHE MET GUBITCHEV SHORTLY AFTER 7 P.M. THEY WENT TO DINNER TOGETHER AND --

"DID YOU SEE MISS COPLON PASS ANYTHING TO GUBITCHEV?" ASKED DEFENSE

ATTORNEY PALMER.

MILLER SAID HE DIDN'T.

THE FBI MAN SAID HE ALSO FOLLOWED MISS COPLON WHEN SHE WENT TO NEW YORK ON FEB. 18 AND UNOBTRUSIVELY RODE THE SUBWAY WITH HER TO 190TH STREET. IT WAS ON THAT TRIP THAT HE PEEKED OVER MISS COPLON'S SHOULDER INTO HER HANDBAG.

PALMER INTERRUPTED TO ASK MILLER IF HE EVER HEARD GUBITCHEV SAY ANYTHING TO MISS COPLON ABOUT HIS WIFE HAVING DETECTIVES FOLLOW HIM.

GUBITCHEV HAS A WIFE AND TWO CHILDREN, PRESUMABLY IN RUSSIA. MILLER SAID NO, HE HADN'T HEARD ANYTHING LIKE THAT.

ANOTHER FBI AGENT, EDWARD MCCARTHY, TESTIFIED THAT HE SHADOWED MISS COPLON WHEN SHE VISITED THE HOME OF HER PARENTS IN BROOKLYN FEB. 1, AND AGAIN ON THE NIGHT SHE WAS ARRESTED.

MCCARTHY SAID HE DID NOT PARTICIPATE IN THE ACTUAL ARREST, BUT ARRIVED A SHORT TIME LATER AND WAS AMONG THE AGENTS WHO TOOK HER TO FBI HEADO UARTERS .

PALMER ASKED HIM IF MISS COPLON HAD SOMETHING IN HER MOUTH.

MCCARTHY SAID SHE DID.

"YOU THOUGHT IT MIGHT BE POISON?" "I CONSIDERED THAT POSSIBILITY," THE WITNESS REPLIED. HE TOLD

MISS COPLON TO REMOVE IT. IT WAS A MINT. MD447PED

BERLIN INTERPRETATIVE

BY JOHN M. HIGHTOWER WASHINGTON, APRIL 27-(AP)-RUSSIA'S PROPOSAL FOR LIFTING THE BERLIN BLOCKADE IS REGARDED WARILY BY TOP AMERICAN OFFICIALS. CAUTION IS OBVIOUS EVEN THOUGH THE STATE DEPARTMENT HAS INFORMALLY ACCEPTED IT AS CLEARING THE WAY FOR ENDING THAT PARTICULAR BATTLE IN THE COLD

SOME RESPONSIBLE AUTHORITIES SEE THE SOVIET MOVE AS BEING DESIGNED WAR.

STATE. AND EVEN THOSE DIPLOMATS WHO HOPE FOR AN EARLY END TO THE BLOCKADE SEE LITTLE PROSPECT FOR REAL EAST-WEST AGREEMENT ON ALL GERMANY IN

THE FOLLOW-UP MEETING OF THE BIG FOUR FOREIGN MINISTERS. OFFICIALS SAID THAT THE LIFTING OF THE RESTRICTIONS ON COMMERCE WHICH MOSCOW ANNOUNCED YESTERDAY, WOULD BE A SUBSTANTIAL GAIN FOR WORLD PEACE. THE WESTERN AIRLIFT WOULD NO LONGER BE NECESSARY AND THAND GRANTING OF FREE TRAVEL BETWEEN THE EASTERN AND WESTERN ZONES, SETTLEMENT OF FRONTIERS, AND RUSSIAN PARTICIPATION IN CONTROL OF THE STRUGGLE FOR BERLIN WOULD DISAPPEAR.

BUT ACCORDING TO THE RUSSIAN PROPOSITION THE RESTORATION OF NORMAL COMMUNICATIONS WITH BERLIN WOULD AUTOMATICALLY REQUIRE A MEETING OF THE COUNCIL OF FOREIGN MINISTERS AND THIS WOULD BRING BACK TO THE CONFERENCE TABLE THE WHOLE RANGE OF ISSUES ON WHICH RUSSIA AND THE WESTERN POWERS DEADLOCKED IN THE 1947 FOREIGN MINISTERS' CON-

FERENCES IN MOSCOW AND LONDON. THESE ISSUES ARISE FROM THE FACT THAT CONTROL OF ALL GERMANY IS ONE OF THE MAIN OBJECTIVES IN THE COLD WAR. WESTERN OFFICIALS ARE CONVINCED THAT THE RUSSIANS WANT TO CONVERT ALL OF GERMANY INCLUDING THE WESTERN THE RUSSIANS WANT TO CONVERT ALL OF GERMANY INCLUDING THE WEST INTO A COMMUNIST STATE; THE AIM OF THE WESTERN POWERS IS TO

MAKE THE COUNTRY INTO A WESTERN DEMOCRACY. AND SINCE GERMANY IS THE HEART OF EUROPE AND ONE OF THE WORLD'S GREAT PRODUCTION CENTERS. NEITHER SIDE APPEARS LIKELY TO BUDGET AN

INCH ON THIS MAIN OBJECTIVE. THAT BEING TRUE, OFFICIALS SAY IT IS DIFFICULT TO SEE WHAT COULD BE ACHIEVED IN A FOUR POWER MEETING ON GERMANY.

NEVERTHELESS IT IS FELT HERE THAT IF THE RUSSIANS WANT SUCH A MEET-ING AND WILL CLEAR THE WAY FOR IT BY LIFTING THE BLOCKADE THE WESTERN POWERS MUST EXPLORE THIS POSSIBILITY FOR REACHING AN EAST-WEST SETTLEMENT. THEY MUST DETERMINE WHETHER THERE HAS BEEN ANY BASIC CHANGE IN SOVIET POLICY AND PROVE THE FACT TO THE WORLD IF THERE HAS

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THE STATE DEPARTMENT'S STATEMENT YESTERDAY WAS WORDED WITH EXTREME CARE IN ONE RESPECT. IN SAYING THAT "THE WAY APPEARS CLEAR FOR THE LIFTING OF THE BLOCKADE AND A MEETING OF THE COUNCIL OF FOREIGN MINISTERS" IT FIRST LAID DOWN A BIG "IF". THE PROVISO IS THAT THE RUSSIAN PROPOSAL, WHEN MADE OFFICIALLY, SHOULD BE EXACTLY THE SAME AS THE PROPOSAL RELEASED BY THE TASS (RUSSIAN) NEWS AGENCY.

THIS PROPOSAL HAD NO STRINGS ATTACHED EXCEPT THE REQUIREMENT FOR A FOREIGN MINISTERS MEETING WHICH THE WESTERN POWERS HAD ALREADY SAID

THEY WOULD ACCEPT IF THE BLOCKADE WAS LIFTED FIRST.

THE PROPOSAL CAME OUT PUBLICLY AFTER NEGOTIATIONS BETWEEN AMBASS-ADOR PHILIP JESSUP AND J.A. MALIK, SOVIET MEMBER OF THE U.N. SECURITY COUNCIL, BEGINNING LAST FEBRUARY 15.

THE DEPARTMENT STATEMENT INDICATED THAT AT NO TIME IN HIS TALKS WITH JESSUP HAD MALIK DECLARED A RUSSIAN WILLINGNESS TO ACT ON THAT SINGLE CONDITION. THE IMPLICATION WAS BATHER THAT THE RUSSIANS EXPECTED SOME SORT OF STOPPAGE IN THE PLANS FOR CREATING A WESTERN GERMAN GOVERNMENT AND WERE ANGLING FOR THAT RESULT.

STATE DEPARTMENT OFFICIALS THEREFORE SAID PRIVATELY (AS GEN. LUCIUS D. CLAY, THE AMERICAN MILITARY GOVERNOR, SAID PUBLICLY IN GERMANY)
THAT THERE WOULD BE NO STOPPAGE, BUT THAT PLANS FOR ESTABLISHING THE
GOVERNMENT WOULD GO FORWARD AT FULL SPEED.

THIS APPARENTLY MEANS THAT IF THE RUSSIANS ARE NOW ANXIOUS TO GET A FOUR POWER CONTROL OVER A GOVERNMENT COVERING ALL GERMANY THEY MUST ACCEPT THE WESTERN GOVERNMENT PLAN AS A BASIS FOR NEGOTIATION AND TRY TO AMEND THEM.

IF THEY PROPOSED A SERIES OF AMENDMENTS WHICH RESULTED IN A LONG SOME RESPONSIBLE AUTHORITIES SEE THE SUVIET MOVE AS A SEPARATE DRAWN OUT DISCUSSION IN THE COUNCIL OF FOREIGN MINISTERS SOME DIPLOMATS BELIEVE THEY MIGHT AT LEAST DELAY PROCEDED. BELIEVE THEY MIGHT AT LEAST DELAY PROGRESS IN WESTERN GERMANY BY MAK-ING THE PEOPLE THERE UNCERTAIN OF THE KIND OF GOVERNMENT THEY WOULD EVENTUALLY GET.

BUT A FOUR POWER AGREEMENT ON A GOVERNMENT IS ONLY ONE OF THE NUMEROUS ISSUES OVER WHICH THE PREVIOUS MEETINGS ON GERMANY BROKE

RP252AFD

WASHINGTON, APRIL 27-(AP)-SENATOR IVES (R-NY) TODAY ATTACKED AS MEANINGLESS A PROPOSAL TO SIMPLY DOUBLE THE NUMBER OF REFUGEES WHO MAY ENTER THIS COUNTRY.

THE IDEA WAS OFFERED YESTERDAY BY SENATOR MCCARRAN (D-NEV) AS AN AMENDMENT TO THE PRESENT DISPLACED PERSONS ACT. THAT ACT WAS DESCRIBED AS DISCRIMINATORY IN THE PRESIDENTIAL ELECTION CAMPAIGN BY BOTH PRESIDENT TRUMAN AND GOV. THOMAS E. DEWEY.

THE TROUBLE WITH MCCARRAN'S PROPOSAL, IVES SAID, IS THAT IT WOULDN'T EASE OTHER RESTRICTIONS AFFECTING THE ENTRY OF DISPLACED PERSONS.

NUMBER?" HE ASKED.

MCCARRAN, CHAIRMAN OF THE SENATE JUDICIARY COMMITTEE, SAID THAT IF PRESENT CURBS IN THE DP LAW WERE DROPPED, THE RESULT WOULD BE "AN EVER INCREASING INFLUX TO THIS COUNTRY OF MILLIONS AND MILLIONS" OF REFUGEES. HE DENIED THAT THE LAW NOW DISCRIMINATES AGAINST JEWS AND CATHOLICS, AS ITS CRITICS CLAIM.

THE MAJOR CHANGE HIS BILL WOULD MAKE WOULD BE TO BOOST THE NUMBER OF DPS WHO MAY BE ADMITTED TO THE UNITED STATES FROM 205,000 IN TWO YEARS TO 507,000 IN FOUR YEARS. THE CONTROVERSIAL "CUT-OFF"

DATE WOULD REMAIN THE SAME.

IT IS THAT PROVISION -- WHICH SAYS ONLY THOSE DPS IN EUROPEAN REFUGEE CAMPS BY DEC. 22, 1945 ARE ELIGIBLE TO ENTER THIS COUNTRY--WHICH HAS BEEN UNDER HEAVIEST ATTACK.

THOSE WHO WANT TO CHANGE IT SAY THAT A GREAT MANY CATHOLIC AND

JEWISH DPS ENTERED THE CAMPS AFTER THAT DATE.

A BILL INTRODUCED LAST JANUARY BY IVES AND FOUR OTHER REPUB-LICAN SENATORS WOULD ADVANCE THE CUT-OFF DATE TO APRIL 21, 1947, AND MAKE OTHER CHANGES DESIGNED TO PERMIT WHAT THEY CALLED A MORE REPRESENTATIVE "CROSS-SECTION" OF DP'S TO COME HERE.

AN APRIL, 1947, CUT-OFF DATE ALSO IS PROVIDED IN ANOTHER BILL OF-FERED BY SENATORS NEELY (D-WVA) AND MC GRATH (D-RI). IT ALSO WOULD REMOVE MANY OTHER REQUIREMENTS, SUCH AS THOSE SAYING 30 PER CENT OF THE IMMIGRANTS MUST BE FARMERS AND 40 PER CENT MUST COME FROM THE BALTIC NATIONS.

IVES TOLD A REPORTER THAT THE ELIGIBILITY STANDARDS, RATHER THAN THE LIMIT ON THE NUMBER, ARE THE RESTRICTING FACTOR IN THE DP PROGRAM. HE ADDED THAT MCCARRAN'S BILL IS "NO IMPROVEMENT WORTHY OF THE NAME." RP401AFD

WASHINGTON, APRIL 27-(AP)-SENATOR CONNALLY (D-TEX) TODAY ACCUSED TWO REPUBLICAN SENATORS OF TRYING TO "IMPEDE, OBSTRUCT AND FILIBUSTER AGAINST" THE NORTH ATLANTIC SECURITY ALLIANCE.

HIS ACCUSATIONS WERE DIRECTED AT SENATORS DONNELL (R-MO) AND WATKINS (R-UTAH). THEY STIRRED UP A ROW AND INTERRUPTED TESTIMONY OF SECRETARY OF STATE ACHESON TO THE SENATE FOREIGN RELATIONS COMMITTEE-HEADED BY CONNALLY -- ON THE TREATY AND A \$1,450,000,000 (B) FOREIGN ARMS PROGRAM.

DONNELL AND WATKINS ARE NOT MEMBERS OF THE COMMITTEE. BUT THEY ASKED SEVERAL WEEKS AGO TO BE GIVEN THE RIGHT TO QUESTION WITNESSES ON THE PACT, AND BOTH ATTENDED THE AFTERNOON SESSION OF THE HEARING.

DONNELL REMARKED THAT HE AND WATKINS HAD NEVER RECEIVED AN ANSWER FROM CONNALLY TO A LETTER ASKING THE RIGHT TO PARTICIPATE IN THE

"EVERYBODY KNOWS," CONNALLY RETORTED, "THAT THE SENATORS ARE NOT FOR THE TREATY. THEY ARE HERE TO IMPEDE, OBSTRUCT AND TO FILIBUSTER AGAINST THE TREATY."

THEN HE ADDED: "I DON'T SAY THAT IN A HOSTILE WAY."

DONNELL SAID SARCASTICALLY: "OF COURSE THE CHAIRMAN DIDN'T MEAN TO

BE HOSTILE." THE SPECTATORS LAUGHED.

"I CAN NOT HELP BUT RESENT THE CHAIRMAN'S WORDS," DONNELL WENT ON, "AND I DO RESENT IT." HE DENIED ANY INTENTION TO "IMPEDE, OBSTRUCT AND FILIBUSTER" AGAINST THE TREATY.

CONNALLY SAID: "THE FURTHER CONDUCT OF THE SENATORS WILL REVEAL

WHETHER I AM CORRECT OR NOT.

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THEN CONNALLY SAID HE WOULD WITHDRAW THE LANGUAGE AND APOLOGIZE. BUT THE APOLOGY DIDN'T MOLLIFY WATKINS OR DONNELL. WATKINS DENIED HE HAD MADE ANY COMMITMENTS FOR OR AGAINST THE TREATY. HE SAID HE WAS INTERESTED ONLY IN GETTING THE FACTS ON BOTH

WATKINS AND DONNELL BOTH SAID THEY HAD NOT RECEIVED AN INVITATION TO ATTEND THE HEARING UNTIL THIS MORNING. AND THEN, THEY SAID, THE INVITATION CAME FROM A MEMBER OF THE COMMITTEE STAFF.

CONNALLY EXPLAINED THAT THE COMMITTEE HAD MADE NO DECISION ON

THE DONNELL-WATKINS REQUEST UNTIL THIS MORNING.

"I GOT A LETTER AT 2:20 P.M. THIS AFTERNOON, " WATKINS SAID. "IT SAID I COULD QUESTION SECRETARY ACHESON."

HE DECLARED IF HE COULD ONLY QUESTION ACHESON THEN "I RESPECTFULLY

DECLINE TO PARTICIPATE."

SENATOR LODGE (R-MASS) BROKE IN TO SUGGEST THAT BOTH BE GIVEN THE FULL RIGHT TO QUESTION WITNESSES.

"YOU WERE NOTIFIED THE COMMITTEE WOULD OPEN THE HEARINGS AT 10:30,"

CONNALLY SAID. "YOU COULD HAVE COME IF YOU HAD WANTED TO." CONNALLY SAID HE ISSUED AN INVITATION ON THE FLOOR OF THE SENATE FOR ALL SENATORS TO ATTEND, AND THEN HAD A STAFF MEMBER NOTIFY DONNELL AND WATKINS OF THE HEARING.

AFTER THE UPROAR SUBSIDED, DONNELL MOVED OVER NEAR THE CENTER OF THE COMMITTEE TABLE TO QUESTION ACHESON.

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thash add xx ash.

ALSO DECONTROLLED WERE SUCH ASSORTED ARTICLES AS PLUMBING FIXTURES, CLOCKS AND WATCHES, QUININE, CERTAIN SERUMS AND VACCINES: MUSICAL IN-STRUMENTS, SOME ITEMS OF HARVESTING MACHINERY, SOME CANNED FOODS AND GRAIN PREPARATIONS, RAILROAD TIES, AND GAS, OIL AND COAL HEATING AND COOKING EQUIPMENT.

ONE OFFICIAL SUMMARIZED THEIR COMMON CHARACTERISTICS AS (1) NO MILITARY POTENTIAL (2) VERY LITTLE INDUSTRIAL POTENTIAL AND (3)

PLENTIFUL SUPPLY, TO THE POINT OF OVERABUNDANCE, IN THIS COUNTRY.

THE THINGS THE BUSSIANS WANT, HOWEVER, THEY STILL WON'T BE ABLE TO

GET: PRODUCTION TOOLS--THE POWERFUL MACHINES WHICH TURN OUT TOOLS TO MAKE STILL OTHER TOOLS WHICH CAN BE USED FINALLY IN MAKING FINISHED PRODUCTS.

FOR MORE THAN A YEAR, PRODUCTION TOOLS ALONG WITH OUTRIGHT MILITARY MATERIEL HAVE BEEN BANNED FROM EXPORT TO SOVIET-DOMINATED AREAS, WITH THE RESULT THAT U.S. SHIPMENTS TO RUSSIA HAVE FALLEN TO A COMPARA-TIVE TRICKLE--MUCH LESS THAN RUSSIA SHIPS HERE, GIVING THE RUSSIANS A CASH EDGE ON TRADE WITH THE U.S.

SUCH DECONTROLLED ARTICLES AS CLOCKS AND WATCHES ARE HIGHLY PRIZED BY RUSSIAN PEOPLE, AS OUR OCCUPATION TROOPS IN GERMANY FOUND, BUT THE RUSSIAN GOVERNMENT DOESN'T IMPORT SUCH "LUXURIES" AS THOSE OR BATHTUBS FOR USE IF ITS CITIZENS.

MOST OTHER COUNTRIES IN EUROPE AND ELSEWHERE ALSO HAVE IMPOSED CONTROLS TO CHOKE OFF IMPORT OF SUCH "LUXURIES" BECAUSE IT MEANT USING UP SLIM DOLLAR HOLDINGS THE GOVERNMENTS RESERVED FOR "MORE IMPORTANT" PURCHASES.

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MARSHALL PLAN

WASHINGTON, APRIL 27-(AP)-SEYMOUR E.HARRIS, HARVARD UNIVERSITY ECONOMICS PROFESSOR, SUGGESTED TODAY THAT MARSHALL PLAN HELP FOR EUROPE SHOULD BE CONTINUED THROUGH 1956.

THE PRESENT EUROPEAN RECOVERY PROGRAM, COSTING MORE THAN \$5,000,-

000,000 A YEAR, ORIGINALLY WAS PLANNED TO END IN 1952.

IN A REPORT PUBLISHED BY THE FOREIGN POLICY ASSOCIATION -- A PRIVATE ORGANIZATION -- HARRIS SAID A "LITTLE MARSHALL PLAN" SHOULD BE CONTINUED FOUR YEARS AFTER THAT AT A COST OF \$2,000,000,000 TO \$3,000,000,000 A

HE SAID ULTIMATE COSTS OF KEEPING THE PLAN GOING THAT LONG "WILL DEPEND ON THE EXTENT OF COMMUNIST SABOTAGE OF THE ERP, THE DEGREE OF POLITICAL STABILITY AND THE DEVELOPMENT OF A EUROPEAN DEFENSE PROGRAM."
"COMGRESS SHOULD NOT TAKE TOO SERIOUSLY," HARRIS CONTINUED, "THE

RECOMMENDATIONS HEARD INCREASINGLY IN HIGH CIRCLES THAT THIS IS THE TIME TO ANNOUNCE A GRADUAL TAPERING OFF OF AID AND A CUT-OFF DATE.

HIS STUDY SAID EUROPE'S DOLLAR DEFICIT IS A BIG PROBLEM AND A FORECAST OF A BALANCED DOLLAR MARKET BY 1952-53 IS NOT NOW JUSTIFIED, EVEN THOUGH EUROPE'S DEFICIT IN BALANCE OF PAYMENTS IS ALREADY ABOUT ONE-THIRD LESS THAN IN 1947.

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ACHESON TEXT

(ADVANCE TO BE HELD FOR RELEASE EXPECTED SHORTLY AFTER 9:30 A.M.

E.S.T., TODAY, WEDNESDAY, APRIL 25)

(ADVANCE)...WASHINGTON, APRIL 26-(AP)-THE TEXT OF SECRETARY ACHE-SON'S STATEMENT ON THE NORTH ATLANTIC TREATY TO THE SENATE FOREIGN

RELATIONS COMMITTEE FOLLOWS: (ABOUT 4,500)

I WELCOME THIS OPPORTUNITY TO DISCUSS WITH YOU THE NORTH ATLANTIC TREATY SIGNED ON APRIL 4. THAT TREATY IS NO NEW DOCUMENT TO YOU. IT HAS BEEN DEVELOPED, TO AN EXTENT WITHOUT PARALLEL IN MY KNOWLEDGE, AS A COOPERATIVE ENTERPRISE BETWEEN THE EXECUTIVE AND LEGISLATIVE BRANCHES OF THE GOVERNMENT AND PARTICULARLY BETWEEN THE DEPARTMENT OF WITHOUT THE VISION AND ASSISTANCE OF YOUR CHAIRMEN AND FORMER CHAIRMEN AND THE MEMBERS OF THIS COMMITTEE THIS TREATY COULD NEVER HAVE BEEN CONCLUDED.

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BRANCHES OF THE GOVERNMENT AND PARTICULARLY BETWEEN THE DEPARTMENT OF STATE AND THIS COMMITTEE.

WITHOUT THE VISION AND ASSISTANCE F YOUR CHAIRMEN AND FORMER CHAIRMEN, AND THE MEMBERS OF THIS COMMITTEE THIS TREATY COULD NEVER HAVE BEEN CONCLUDED.

THE TEXT EMBODIES MANY CONSTRUCTIVE SUGGESTIONS FROM MEMBERS OF THE

COMMITTEE.

THE PRESIDENT HAS SPOKEN ON THE TREATY IN RECENT WEEKS AND THE DE-PARTMENT OF STATE HAS MADE AVAILABLE A CONSIDERABLE AMOUNT OF SOURCE MATERIAL REGARDING IT. SINCE YOU ALREADY HAVE IN YOUR POSSESSION SOME OF WHAT I SHALL SAY TODAY, I SHALL MAKE MY STATEMENT AS SHORT AS POSSIBLE AND WILL THEN BE AT YOUR DISPOSAL FOR QUESTIONS.

I SHOULD LIKE BRIEFLY TO REVIEW WITH YOU THE REASON FOR THIS

TREATY, AND ITS PURPOSES.

IT HAS BEEN WELL SAID THAT "EVERY ONE WANTS PEACE, BUT NOT EVERYONE IS PREPARED TO WORK FOR IT." NO PEOPLE IN THIS WORLD WANT PEACE MORE THAN THE AMERICAN PEOPLE. THEY HAVE ALWAYS WANTED IT, THEY HAVE SOUGHT IT IN VARIOUS WAYS BUT THEY HAVE NOT ALWAYS BEEN

READY TO WORK FOR IT. IF WE WISH PEACE WE MUST BE PREPARED TO WAGE PEACE, WITH ALL OUR THOUGHT, ENERGY, AND COURAGE. THAT IS THE PURPOSE OF THIS TREATY.

WHEN THE UNITED STATES WAS A SMALL AND WEAK COUNTRY, ISOLATED BY MANY WEEKS FROM OTHER CONTINENTS, OUR FOREFATHERS WISELY BASED OUR FOREIGN POLICY UPON THE REALITIES OF THOSE TIMES, AND WE MANAGED TO STAY APART, TO A LARGE EXTENT, FROM DEVELOPMENTS IN OTHER LANDS.

HOWEVER OUR RESPONSIBILITY FOR ASSISTING IN THE MAINTENANCE OF PEACE BEYOND OUR BORDERS HAS BEEN LONG RECOGNIZED AND ASSUMED. FOR MORE THAN A CENTURY AND A QUARTER THIS GOVERNMENT HAS CONTRIBUTED TO THE PEACE OF THE AMERICAS BYMAKING CLEAR THAT IT WOULD REGARD AN ATTACK ON ANY AMERICAN STATE AS AN ATTACK ON ITSELF. WE GAVE OUR UNILATERAL DECLARATION TO THIS EFFECT. AS THE YEARS PASSED AND OUR NEIGHBORS TO THE SOUTH GREW IN STATURE, THEY ACCEPTED A SIMILAR RESPONSIBILITY.

BUT BEYOND THIS RESPONSIBILITY, WE DID NOT SEE CLEARLY THE IMPACT OF AN UNSTABLE WORLD ON OUR SECURITY. IN 1920 MANY NATIONS OF THE WORLD JOINED IN AN ATTEMPT TO MAINTAIN INTERNATIONAL PEACE AND SECURITY THROUGH THE LEAGUE OF NATIONS. ALTHOUGH THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES HAD PLAYED A LEADING PART IN DRAFTING THE LEAGUE COVENANT, THE UNITED STATES WAS NOT PREPARED TO ENTER THE LEAGUE, AND WE WITHDREW FROM THE PARTICIPATION WITH OTHER NATIONS IN THEIR FIRST EFFORT TO WAGE PEACE ON A WORLD-WIDE BASIS. AS A CONSEQUENCE, WE HAD NO EFFECTIVE MEANS TO PREVENT THE SECOND WORLD WAR.

BUT BY 1945 AFTER THE TRAGEDY OF INVOLVEMENT IN A SECOND WORLD WAR, WE REALIZED FULLY THAT TIMES HAD CHANGED, DRASTICALLY AND IRREVOCABLY. IT IS THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THIS GENERATION TO BASE THE CONDUCT OF FOREIGN AFFAIRS UPON THE REALITIES OF TODAY. TODAY NO PLACE ON EARTH IS MORE THAN A FEW HOURS DISTANT FROM ANY OTHER PLACE. TODAY NEITHER DISTANCE NOR OCEAN NOR AIR AFFORDS SECURITY. SECURITY TODAY AND HENCE-FORWARD CAN ONLY BE ASSURED, IN THE PRESIDENT'S WORDS, BY STOPPING WAR BEFORE IT CAN START.

IN 1945 A NEW AND GREATER EFFORT FOR THE MAINTENANCE OF INTERNATIONAL PEACE AND SECURITY WAS UNDERTAKEN IN THE ESTABLISHMENT OF THE UNITED NATIONS. IN THE PREAMBLE OF THE CHARTER THE PEOPLES OF THE UNITED NATIONS EXPRESSED THEIR DETERMINATION "TO SAVE SUCCEEDING GENERATIONS FROM THE SCOURGE OF WAR, WHICH TWICE IN OUR LIFETIME HAS BROUGHT UNTOLD SORROW TO MANKIND. M M

"AND FOR THESE ENDS

TO PRACTICE TOLERANCE AND LIVE TOGETHER IN PEACE WITH ONE ANOTHER AS GOOD NEIGHBORS, AND

TO UNITE OUR STRENGTH TO MAINTAIN INTERNATIONAL PEACE AND SECURITY,

TO ENSURE, BY THE ACCEPTANCE OF PRINCIPLES AND THE INSTITUTION OF METHODS, THAT ARMED FORCE SHALL NOT BE USED SAVE IN THE COMMON INTEREST. . . "

THE FIRST PURPOSE OF THE UNITED NATIONS, AS STATED IN ARTICLE 1 OF THE CHARTER IS "TO MAINTAIN INTERNATIONAL PEACE AND SECURITY, AND TO THAT END: TO TAKE EFFECTIVE COLLECTIVE MEASURES FOR THE PREVENTION AND REMOVAL OF THREATS TO THE PEACE, AND FOR THE SUPPRESSION OF ACTS OF AGGRESSION OR OTHER BREACHES OF THE PEACE, AND TO BRING ABOUT BY PEACEFUL MEANS, AND IN CONFORMITY WITH THE PRINCIPLES OF JUSTICE AND INTERNATIONAL LAW ADJUSTMENT OR SETTLEMENT OF INTERNATIONAL DISPUTES OR SITUATIONS WHICH MIGHT LEAD TO A BREACH OF THE PEACE."

THE UNITED NATIONS.

THE CHARTER NOT ONLY SPELLS OUT, AS DID THE KELLOGG PACT, THE ESSENTIAL PRINCIPLE OF SETTLING DISPUTES BY PEACEFUL MEANS INSTEAD OF BY WAR; IT GOES MUCH FURTHER. THE CHARTER COMMITS ALL MEMBERS OF THE UNITED NATIONS TO CERTAIN PRINCIPLES IN THE CONDUCT OF THEIR FOREIGN AFFAIRS WHICH WOULD, IF CARRIED OUT, DO A NUMBER OF THINGS. FIRST, THEY WOULD SECURE PEACE AND DO AWAY WITH THE USE OF FORCE AS AN INSTRUMENT OF NATIONAL POLICY. SECOND, THEY WOULD ESTABLISH THE RIGHT OF NATIONS TO INDEPENDENCE AND SELF-DETERMINATION. THIRD, THEY WOULD ESTABLISH THAT ECONOMIC, SOCIAL AND OTHER PROBLEMS CAN AND SHOULD BE WORKED OUT BY INTERNATIONAL AGREEMENT AND FOR THE BENE-FIT OF THE PEOPLES OF ALL COUNTRIES. FOURTH, THEY WOULD RECOGNIZE AND FURTHER HUMAN RIGHTS AND FUNDAMENTAL FREEDOMS. HERE IS MORE THAN A VAGUE EXPRESSION. THESE ARE THE FOUNDATIONS OF A WORLD SYSTEM, BASED ON LAW, WHICH WOULD DO FAR MORE THAN MERELY PREVENT WAR.

STILL, THE CHARTER GOES FURTHER. IT ESTABLISHES MACHINERY AND PROCEDURES FOR FURTHERING THESE PURPOSES. THE FUNDAMENTAL FACT OF THE CHARTER IS THAT THESE MECHANISMS AND PROCEDURES ARE THE INSTI-TUTIONS AND PROCEDURES OF FREE PEOPLES, BASED ON SOLVING DIFFICULTIES AND MAKING PROGRESS THROUGH INVESTIGATION OF FACTS, FREE DISCUSSION, AND DECISIONS BY ADJUSTMENT AMONG REPRESENTATIVES OF THE MEMBER NA-TIONS. ALL OF WHOM ACCEPT AND ARE ATTEMPTING TO ACHIEVE THE PURPOSES

OF THE WORLD ORGANIZATION.

NOW, ANY ORGANIZATION OF FREE INDIVIDUALS OR FREE PEOPLES, WHETHER IT IS A PRIVATE ONE, OR A NATIONAL ONE, OR AN INTERNATIONAL ONE, MUST PROCEED UPON THE BASIS THAT THE VAST BULK OF THOSE WITHIN IT ARE FIRMLY ATTACHED TO THE BASIC PRINCIPLES OF THE ORGANIZATION AND ARE TRYING TO CARRY THEM OUT. IF THIS IS SO, ADJUSTMENTS ARE MADE WITHIN THE AREA OF COMMON PURPOSES; AND, NO MATTER HOW SHARP DIS-AGREEMENTS MAY BE, THERE ARE COMMON PRINCIPLES TO WHICH APPEAL MAY BE MADE AND WHICH BASICALLY GOVERN THE CONSCIENCE AND BEHAVIOR OF THE MEMBERS. WHENEVER A POWERFUL MINORITY REPUDIATES THE BASIC PRINCIPLES AND USES THE PROCEDURES TO ACCOMPLISH DIRECTLY CONTRARY PURPOSES OR TO FRUSTRATE THE ORGANIZATION, THEN IT OBVIOUSLY WILL NOT WORK AS INTENDED.

HERE LIES THE BASIC DIFFICULTY WHICH THE UNITED NATIONS HAS FACED --A DIFFICULTY WHICH WOULD PRODUCE SERIOUS PROBLEMS IN ANY INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATION, HOWEVER PERFECTLY DEVISED. THIS DIFFICULTY IS THAT A POWERFUL GROUP, EVEN THOUGH A MINORITY, HAS NOT GENUINELY ACCEPTED THE PURPOSES AND PRINCIPLES OF THE ORGANIZATION AND HAS USED ITS INSTITUTIONS AND PROCEDURES TO FRUSTRATE THEM. THIS IS NOT A DE-FECT OF MACHINERY. IT IS A DEFECT IN THE BASIC ATTITUDE OF SOME OF THE MEMBERS WHICH NO CHANGE OF MACHINERY FOR PROCEDURE CAN CURE.

ONE OF THE PRINCIPAL PROBLEMS WHICH HAS GROWN OUT OF THIS SITUATION WHICH I HAVE DESCRIBED IS THAT A. SENSE OF INSECURITY AND A FEAR OF AGGRESSION HAVE GROWN UP IN AN IMPORTANT SECTION OF THE WORLD WHICH IS STRUGGLING TO RECOVER ECONOMICALLY, POLITICALLY AND SOCIALLY

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FROM THE DRAINS OF THE LAST WAR. THE RECOVERY OF THIS AREA IS OF

VITAL CONCERN TO THE WHOLE WORLD.

TO ATTAIN A SENSE OF SECURITY AND TO BE FREE FROM THE CONSTANT FEAR OF ARMED ATTACK IS CERTAINLY ONE OF THE PRIME OBJECTIVES OF THE UNITED NATIONS. HOW, THEN, IS THIS OBJECTIVE TO BE OBTAINED WHEN A FEW OF THE MEMBERS OF THE UNITED NATIONS FRUSTRATE THE ATTEMPT TO ATTAIN IT THROUGH THE MACHINERY PROVIDED IN THE CHARTER? IT IS CER-TAINLY NOT TO BE OBTAINED BY DOING NOTHING ABOUT IT. IT IS CERTAINLY NOT HOSTILE TO THE UNITED NATIONS OR CONTRARY TO THE CHARTER TO ATTEMPT TO ATTAIN THIS OBJECTIVE BY METHODS WHOLLY CONSIST-ENT WITH THE CHARTER.

THE UNITED NATIONS IS NOT A THING IN ITSELF. IT IS NOT AN END IN ITSELF. IT IS A MEANS TO AN END. THE END IS PROGRESSIVE DE-VELOPMENT OF A PEACEFUL AND STABLE WORLD ORDER WHERE LAW RATHER THAN FORCE AND ANARCHY WILL GOVERN THE CONDUCT OF NATIONS IN THEIR FOREIGN RELATIONS IT WAS NEVER IN THE MINDS OF THE FRAMERS OF THE CHARTER THAT THE ORGANIZATION SET UP UNDER IT SHOULD BE SO DISTORTED AS TO BECOME AN INTERNATIONAL INSTRUMENT WHICH PARALYZED THE PACIFIC NATIONS OF THE WORLD, THE POSSIBLE VICTIMS OF AGGRESSION, WHILE LEAVING A WOULD-BE AGGRESSOR WITH COMPLETELY FREE HANDS TO DEAL WITH THEM ONE BY ONE. IN ORDER THAT THERE SHOULD BE NO MISUNDERSTANDING ON THIS

POINT, ARTICLE 51 WAS INSERTED IN THE CHARTER.

IF I MAY USE AN UNDERSTATEMENT, THE SENSE OF INSECURITY PREVA-LENT IN WESTERN EUROPE IS NOT A FIGMENT OF THE IMAGINATION. IT HAS COME ABOUT THROUGH THE CONDUCT OF THE SOVIET UNION. WESTERN EUROPEAN COUNTRIES HAVE SEEN THE BASIC PURPOSES AND PRINCIPLES OF THE CHARTER CYNICALLY VIOLATED BY THE CONDUCT OF THE SOVIET UNION WITH THE COUNT-RIES OF EASTERN EUROPE. THEIR RIGHT TO SELF-DETERMINATION HAS BEEN EXTINGUISHED BY FORCE OR THREATS OF FORCE. THE HUMAN FREEDOMS AS THE REST OF THE WORLD UNDERSTANDS THEM HAVE BEEN EXTINGUISHED THROUGHOUT THAT WHOLE AREA. ECONOMIC PROBLEMS HAVE NOT BEEN SOLVED BY INTER-NATIONAL COOPERATION BUT DEALT WITH BY DICTATION. THESE SAME METHODS HAVE BEEN ATTEMPTED IN-OTHER AREAS -- PENETRATION-BY-PROPAGANDA AND THE COMMUNIST PARTY, ATTEMPTS TO BLOCK COOPERATIVE INTERNATIONAL EFFORTS IN THE ECONOMIC FIELD, WARS OF NERVES, AND IN SOME CASES THINLY VEILED USE OF FORCE ITSELF.

BY THE END OF 1947 IT HAD BECOME ABUNDANTLY CLEAR THAT THIS SO-VIET PRESSURE AND PENETRATION WAS BEING EXERTED PROGRESSIVELY FURTHER DEROTHE WEST. IN JANUARY 1948,

BY THE END OF 1947 IT HAD BECOME ABUNDANTLY CLEAR THAT THIS SO-VIET PRESSURE AND PENETRATION WAS BEING EXERTED PROGRESSIVELY FURTHER TO THE WEST. IN JANUARY 1948, THE BRITISH FOREIGN SECRETARY, MR. ERNEST BEVIN. SAID THAT IF ANY ONE POWER ATTEMPTED TO DOMINATE EUROPE BY WHATEVER MEANS, DIRECT OR INDIRECT, IT WOULD INEVITABLY LEAD TO ANOTHER WORLD WAR UNLESS THIS POLICY COULD BE CHECKED BY PEACEFUL MEANS. HE DECLARED THAT IF PEACE AND SECURITY WERE TO BE PRESERVED IT COULD BE DONE ONLY "BY MOBILIZATION OF SUCH A MORAL AND MATERIAL FORCE AS WILL CREATE CONFIDENCE AND ENERGY IN THE WEST AND INSPIRE RESPECT ELSEWHERE."

WITH ENCOURAGEMENT FROM THE UNITED STATES THE BRUSSELS TREATY WAS SIGNED ON MARCH 17, 1948. THE BRUSSELS TREATY SYSTEM TOOK THE FORM, NOT OF A NETWORK OF BILATERAL ALLIANCES AS HAD ORIGINALLY BEEN CONSIDERED, BUT OF A COLLECTIVE DEFENSE ARRANGEMENT WITHIN THE FRAMEWORK OF THE UNITED NATIONS CHARTER SIMILAR IN MANY RESPECTS TO THE RIO TREATY. ON THE DAY THE BRUSSELS TREATY WAS SIGNED, THE PRESIDENT, IN ADDRESSING BOTH HOUSES OF CONGRESS, CALLED THE TREATY A NOTABLE STEP TOWARD PEACE AND EXPRESSED CONFIDENCE THAT THE DETERMINATION OF THE FREE PEOPLES OF EUROPE TO PROTECT THEMSELVES WOULD BE MATCHED BY EQUAL DETERMINATION ON OUR PART TO HELP THEM DO SO AND THAT THE UNITED STATES WOULD EXTEND TO THE FREE COUNTRIES THE SUPPORT WHICH THE UATION MIGHT REQUIRE.

AT THAT TIME THE CONGRESS HAD BEFORE IT A NUMBER OF PROPOSALS FOR STRENGTHENING THE UNITED NATIONS AND MAKING IT A MORE EFFECTIVE INSTRUMENT FOR THE MAINTENANCE OF INTERNATIONAL PEACE AND SECURITY.

MY PREDECESSOR, GENERAL MARSHALL, AND THE FORMER UNDER SECRETARY OF STATE, MR. ROBERT LOVETT, ENTERED INTO CONSULTATION WITH THE COMMITTEE ON HOW THE GREAT INFLUENCE OF THE UNITED STATES MIGHT BEST BE BROUGHT TO BEAR IN ASSOCIATION WITH OTHER FREE NATIONS IN STRENGTHENING THE UNITED NATIONS AND FURTHERING THE CAUSE OF WORLD PEACE.

ON MAY 19, 1948, THIS COMMITTEE UNANIMOUSLY REPORTED SENATE RE-

SOLUTION NO. 239. THAT RESOLUTION DECLARED:

"WHEREAS PEACE WITH JUSTICE AND THE DEFENSE OF HUMAN RIGHTS AND FUNDAMENTAL FREEDOMS REQUIRE INTERNATIONAL COOPERATION THROUGH MORE

EFFECTIVE USE OF THE UNITED NATIONS: THEREFORE BE IT

*RESOLVED, THAT THE SENATE REAFFIRM THE POLICY OF THE UNITED STATES TO ACHIEVE INTERNATIONAL PEACE AND SECURITY THROUGH THE UNITED NATIONS SO THAT ARMED FORCE SHALL NOT BE USED EXCEPT IN THE COMMON INTEREST, AND THAT THE PRESIDENT BE ADVISED OF THE SENSE OF THE SENATE THAT THIS GOVERNMENT, BY CONSTITUTIONAL PROCESS, SHOULD PARTICULARLY PURSUE THE FOLLOWING OBJECTIVES WITHIN THE UNITED NATIONS CHARTER:

"(1) VOLUNTARY AGREEMENT TO REMOVE THE VETO FROM ALL QUESTIONS INVOLVING PACIFIC SETTLEMENTS OF INTERNATIONAL DISPUTES AND

SITUATIONS, AND FROM THE ADMISSION OF NEW MEMBERS.

"(2) PROGRESSIVE DEVELOPMENT OF REGIONAL AND OTHER COLLECTIVE ARRANGEMENTS FOR INDIVIDUAL AND COLLECTIVE SELF-DEFENSE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PURPOSES, PRINCIPLES, AND PROVISIONS OF THE CHARTER.

"(3) ASSOCIATION OF THE UNITED STATES, BY CONSTITUTIONAL PROCESS, WITH SUCH REGIONAL AND OTHER COLLECTIVE ARRANGEMENTS AS ARE BASED ON CONTINUOUS AND EFFECTIVE, SELF-HELP AND MUTUAL AID, AND AS AFFECTIVE, ITS NATIONAL SECURITY.

"(4) CONTRIBUTING TO THE MAINTENANCE OF PEACE BY MAKING CLEAR ITS DETERMINATION TO EXERCISE THE RIGHT OF INDIVIDUAL OR COLLECTIVE SELF-DEFENSE UNDER ARTICLE 51 SHOULD ANY ARMED ATTACK OCCUR AFFECTING ITS

NATIONAL SECURITY.

- "(5) MAXIMUM EFFORTS TO OBTAIN AGREEMENTS TO PROVIDE THE UNITED NATIONS WITH ARMED FORCES AS PROVIDED BY THE CHARTER, AND TO OBTAIN AGREEMENT AMONG MEMBER NATIONS UPON UNIVERSAL REGULATION AND REDUCTION OF ARMAMENTS UNDER ADEQUATE AND DEPENDABLE GUARANTY AGAINST VIOLATION.
- "(6) IF NECESSARY, AFTER ADEQUATE EFFORT TOWARD STRENGTHENING
 THE UNITED NATIONS, REVIEW OF THE CHARTER AT AN APPROPRIATE TIME BY
 A GENERAL CONFERENCE CALLED UNDER ARTICLE 109 OR BY THE GENERAL

ASSEMBLY."

IT WILL BE NOTED THAT OF THE SIX OBJECTIVES RECOMMENDED, NUMBERS 1, 5 AND 6 WERE DESIGNED TO STRENGTHEN THE UNITED NATIONS ON A UNI-VERSAL BASIS. THIS REQUIRES THE AGREEMENT OF ALL THE MAJOR POWERS. OUR EFFORTS TO ACHIEVE THESE OBJECTIVES ARE BEING STEADILY PURSUED BUT IT HAS NOT YET BEEN POSSIBLE, AND I AM NOT ABLE TO SAY WHEN IT MAY BE POSSIBLE, TO ACHIEVE THEM.

THE SECOND, THIRD, AND FOURTH OBJECTIVES ARE DESIGNED TO PROMOTE PEACE AND STABILITY BY ANCILLARY METHODS WITHIN THE PRINCIPLES OF THE CHARTER. IN ITS REPORT ON THAT RESOLUTION THE COMMITTEE DECLARED THAT THESE RELATIVELY UNEXPLORED RESOURCES OF THE CHARTER SHOULD BE

FURTHER EXPLORED AND DEVELOPED AS RAPIDLY AS POSSIBLE.

FOR MORE THAN A YEAR THE MEMBERS OF THE COMMITTEE AND OFFICERS OF THE DEPARTMENT OF STATE HAVE BEEN IN CONSULTATION AS TO THE NATURE OF THE PROBLEMS INVOLVED, HOW THEY MIGHT BEST BE MET, AND HOW THE INFLUENCE OF THE UNITED STATES MIGHT BEST BE BROUGHT TO BEAR IN THE CAUSE OF PEACE. THROUGHOUT THE NEGOTIATION OF THIS TREATY THE UNITED STATES NEGOTIATORS HAVE BEEN GUIDED BY THE WISHES OF THE SENATE AS EXPRESSED IN RESOLUTION 239. IT IS HIGHLY GRATIFYING THAT THE VIEWS OF THE SENATE, AS EXPRESSED IN THE UNANIMOUS REPORT OF THIS COMMITTEE ON THE RESOLUTION AND THE PASSAGE BY THE SENATE OF THAT RESOLUTION BY A VOTE OF 64 TO 4, AND IN SUBSEQUENT CONSULTATION ON THE TEXT OF THE TREATY, HAVE BEEN ABSOLUTELY FREE OF PARTISAN SPIRIT AND HAVE BEEN MOVED SOLELY BY THE INTERESTS OF THE UNITED STATES, OF THE UNITED NATIONS, AND OF WORLD PEACE.

FOLLOWING THE RESOLUTION OF THE SENATE, MR. LOVETT UNDERTOOK TO EXPLORE THE MATTER WITH THE AMBASSADORS OF CANADA, THE UNITED KINGDOM, FRANCE, BELGIUM, THE NETHERLANDS, AND LUXEMBOURG. THE OBJECTIVE OF THIS GOVERNMENT AND OF THE OTHER GOVERNMENTS PARTICIPATING IN THESE DISCUSSIONS WAS TO ESTABLISH AN ARRANGEMENT WHICH WOULD:

1. INCREASE THE DETERMINATION OF THE PARTIES TO RESIST AGGRESSION AND THEIR CONFIDENCE THAT THEY COULD SUCCESSFULLY DO SO;

2. PROMOTE FULL ECONOMIC RECOVERY THROUGH REMOVING THE DRAG OF A SENSE OF INSECURITY:

3. STIMULATE THE EFFORTS OF THE PARTIES TO HELP THEMSELVES AND EACH OTHER AND, THROUGH COORDINATION, TO ACHIEVE MAXIMUM EFFECTIVE-NESS FOR DEFENSE: AND

4. CONTRIBUTÉ TO THE MAINTENANCE OF PEACE AND REDUCE THE POSSIBIL-ITY OF WAR BY MAKING CLEAR THE DETERMINATION OF THE PARTIES JOINTLY

TO RESIST ARMED ATTACK FROM ANY QUARTER.

I HAVE EXPLAINED THE TEXT OF THE TREATY ARTICLE BY ARTICLE IN MY REPORT TO THE PRESIDENT, WHICH IS BEFORE YOU, AND I WILL NOT RE-PEAT THAT EXPLANATION AT THIS POINT. I WISH MERELY TO STRESS CERTAIN

ESSENTIAL POINTS OF THE TREATY.

THE TREATY IS CAREFULLY AND CONSCIENTIOUSLY DESIGNED TO CONFORM IN EVERY PARTICULAR WITH THE CHARTER OF THE UNITED NATIONS AND TO CONTRIBUTE TO THE ACCOMPLISHMENTS OF ITS PURPOSES. THIS IS MADE CLEAR IN ARTICLE 8 WHICH REITERATES AND REAFFIRMS THE BASIC PRINCIPLE OF THE CHARTER, NAMELY, THAT THE PARTICIPATING COUNTRIES WILL SETTLE ALL THEIR INTERNATIONAL DISPUTES, NOT ONLY AMONG THEMSELVES BUT WITH ANY NATION, BY PEACEFUL MEANS IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PROVISIONS OF THE CHARTER. THIS DECLARATION SETS THE WHOLE TONE AND SPIRIT OF THE TREATY AND PROVIDES UNMISTAKABLE PROOF THAT ANY ALLEGATIONS THAT

ARTICLE II DEMONSTRATES THE CONVICTION OF THE PARTIES THAT REAL PEACE IS A POSITIVE AND DYNAMIC THING, THAT IT IS MUCH MORE THAN THE MERE ABSENCE OF WAR. IN THIS ARTICLE THE SIGNATORY GOVERNMENTS ASSERT THAT THEY WILL STRENGTHEN THEIR FREE INSTITUTIONS AND SEE TO IT THAT THE FUNDAMENTAL PURPOSES UPON WHICH THESE INSTITUTIONS ARE FOUNDED ARE BETTER UNDERSTOOD EVERYWHERE. THEY ALSO AGREE TO SEEK TO ELIMINATE CONFLICTS IN THEIR ECONOMIC LIFE AND TO PROMOTE ECONOMIC COOPERATION AMONG THEMSELVES. HERE IS THE ETHICAL ESSENCE OF THE TREATY--THE COMMON RESOLVE TO PRESERVE, STRENGTHEN AND MAKE BETTER UNDERSTOOD THE VERY BASIS OF TOLERANCE, RESTRAINT, FREEDOM AND WELLBEING. THE REALLY VITAL THINGS WITH WHICH WE ARE CONCERNED.

ARTICLE III, OF WHICH I WILL SPEAK FURTHER LATER THIS MORNING, EMBODIES IN THE TREATY THE CONCEPT CONTAINED IN THE SENATE RESOLUTION OF "CONTINUOUS AND EFFECTIVE SELF-HELP AND MUTUAL AID." THIS MEANS THAT NO PARTY CAN RELY LN OTHERS FOR ITS DEFENSE UNLESS IT DOES ITS UTMOST TO DEFEND ITSELF AND CONTRIBUTE TOWARD THE DEFENSE OF THE OTHERS.

THE BASIC PURPOSE OF THE TREATY IS, AS RECOMMENDED IN THE SENATE RESOLUTION, TO CONTRIBUTE TO THE MAINTENANCE OF PEACE BY MAKING CLEAR THE DETERMINATION OF THE PARTIES TO EXERCISE THE RIGHT OF SELF-DE-FENSE UNDER ARTICLE 51, SHOULD ARMED ATTACK UPON ANY PARTY OCCUR. THIS PROVISION IS CONTAINED IN ARTICLE V. IF THE TREATY ACCOMPLISHES ITS PURPOSE SUCH AN ARMED ATTACK WILL NOT OCCUR. IN ORDER TO ACCOMPLISH THAT PURPOSE, HOWEVER, THE PARTIES MUST STATE CLEARLY WHAT THEY WOULD BE PREPARED TO DO IF AN ARMED ATTACK SHOULD OCCUR.

ARTICLE V RECOGNIZES THE BASIC FACT THAT AN ARMED ATTACK UPON ANY PARTY WOULD SO THREATEN THE NATIONAL SECURITY OF THE OTHER PARTIES AS TO BE IN EFFECT AN ARMED ATTACK UPON ALL. IT FURTHER PROVIDES THAT IN THE EVENT OF SUCH AN ATTACK EACH OF THEM WILL TAKE, INDIVIDUALLY AND IN CONCERT WITH THE OTHER PARTIES, WHEATEVER ACTION IT DEEMS NECESSARY TO RESTORE AND MAINTAIN AND SECURITY OF THE NORTH ATLANTIC AREA. INCLUDING THE USE OF ARMED FORCE.

THIS NATURALLY DOES NOT MEAN THAT THE UNITED STATES WOULD AUTO-MATICALLY BE AT WAR IF ONE OF THE OTHER SIGNATORY NATIONS WERE THE VICTIM OF AN ARMED ATTACK. UNDER OUR CONSTITUTION, THE CONGRESS ALONE HAS THE POWER TO DECLARE WAR. THE OBLIGATION OF THIS GOVERNMENT UN-DER ARTICLE V WOULD BE TO TAKE PROMPTLY THE ACTION IT DEEMED NECESS-ARY TO RESTORE AND MAINTAIN THE SECURITY OF THE NORTH ATLANTIC AREA. THAT DECISION WOULD, OF COURSE, BE TAKEN IN ACCORDANCE WITH OUR CON-STITUTIONAL PROCEDURES. THE FACTORS WHICH WOULD HAVE TO BE CONSIDERED WOULD BE THE GRAVITY OF THE ATTACK AND THE NATURE OF THE ACTION WHICH THIS GOVERNMENT CONSIDERED NECESSARY TO RESTORE AND MAINTAIN THE SECUR-ITY OF THE NORTH ATLANTIC AREA. THAT WOULD BE THE END TO BE ACHIEVED. UNDER THE TREATY WE WOULD BE BOUND TO MAKE AN HONEST JUDGMENT AS TO WHAT ACTION WAS NECESSARY TO ATTAIN THAT END AND CONSEQUENTLY TO TAKE SUCH ACTION. THAT ACTION MIGHT OR MIGHT NOT INCLUDE THE USE OF ARMED FORCE. IF WE SHOULD BE CONFRONTED AGAIN WITH AN ALL-OUT ARMED ATTACK SUCH AS HAS TWICE OCCURRED IN THIS CENTURY AND CAUSED WORLD

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WARS, I DO NOT BELIEVE THAT ANY ACTION OTHER THAN THE USE OF ARMED FORCE COULD BE EFFECTIVE. THE DECISION, HOWEVER, WOULD NATURALLY REST WHERE THE CONSTITUTION HAS PLACED IT.

I BELIEVE IT APPROPRIATE TO OUTLINE BRIEFLY THE ROLE OF THE PROPOSED MILITARY ASSISTANCE PROGRAM IN OUR OVER-ALL FOREIGN POLICY AND
ITS RELATIONSHIP TO THE ATLANTIC PACT. AS YOU KNOW, THE PRESIDENT
WILL SHORTLY RECOMMEND TO THE CONGRESS THE ENACTMENT OF LEGISLATION
AUTHORIZING THE TRANSFER OF MILITARY EQUIPMENT AND ASSISTANCE TO OTHER
NATIONS. AS YOU ALSO KNOW, THE PROPOSED PROGRAM WILL REQUEST AUTHORIZATION AND APPROPRIATION OF \$1,130,000,000 FOR ATLANTIC PACT
COUNTRIES AND APPROXIMATELY \$320,000,000 FOR OTHER COUNTRIES, INCLUDING GREECE AND TURKEY, MAKING A TOTAL OF \$1,450,000,000 FOR THE FISCAL
YEAR 1950.

THE FURNISHING OF MILITARY ASISTANCE TO THE ATLANTIC PACT COUNTRIES IS DESIGNED TO ASSIST US IN ATTAINING THE FUNDAMENTAL GOAL OF OUR FOREIGN POLICY: THE PRESERVATION OF INTERNATIONAL PEACE AND THE PRESERVATION OF THE SECURITY OF THE UNITED STATES. OUR AID TO GREECE-TURKEY, THE EUROPEAN RECOVERY PROGRAM-THE GREATEST OF ALL MEASURES TO DATE IN OUR FOREIGN POLICY, --SENATE RESOLUTION 239, THE ATLANTIC PACT WHICH WE ARE NOW CONSIDERING, AND THE PROPOSED MILITARY ASSISTANCE PROGRAM, ARE ALL DESIGNED TO THIS END.

YOU MAY ASK WHY IT IS NOT ENOUGH TO HAVE THE ATLANTIC PACT ALONE SINCE IT ACCEPTS THE PRINCIPLE THAT AN ATTACK ON ONE IS AN ATTACK ON ALL. WHY DOES THE EXECUTIVE BELIEVE THAT IT WILL BE NECESSARY TO HAVE A MILITARY ASSISTANCE PROGRAM IN ADDITION TO THE COMMITMENTS CONTAINED IN THE PACT?

THE ANSWER IS FOUND IN THE INSECURITY AND THE FEARS OF WESTERN EUROPE AND OF MANY OF THE OTHER FREEDOM-LOVING NATIONS OF THE WORLD. BASIC TO THE PURPOSES OF THE MILITARY ASSISTANCE PROGRAM IS THE NECESSITY OF PROMOTING ECONOMIC RECOVERY AND POLITICAL STABILITY BY PROVIDING A BASIS FOR CONFIDENCE, A SENSE OF SECURITY AND A REASONABLE ASSURANCE OF PEACE AMONG EUROPEAN PEOPLES. THE MILITARY ASSISTANCE PROGRAM WILL IMPROVE THE DEFENSES AND MILITARY CAPABILITIES OF THESE NATIONS, AND THUS INCREASE THEIR WILL TO RESIST AGGRESSION AND THEIR ABILITY TO MAINTAIN INTERNAL SECURITY.

IT IS UNDERSTANDABLE THAT THE FREE NATIONS OF WESTERN EUROPE CANNOT LOOK FORWARD WITH EQUANIMITY TO INVASION AND OCCUPATION IN THE EVENT OF WAR, EVEN IF WE GUARANTEE SUBSEQUENTLY TO LIBERATE THEM. NOR IS IT IN OUR OWN INTEREST TO PERMIT THEM TO BE OCCUPTED WITH THE CONSEQUENT NECESSITY OF THE COSTLY LIBERATION OF THESE AREAS. OUR ACTIVE FOREIGN POLICY HAS GIVEN RISE IN EUROPE TO A GREAT MOMENTUM OF RECOVERY AND A GREAT INCREASE IN THE WILL TO RESIST. THE HOPE FOR PEACE LIES IN MAINTAINING THIS MOMENTUM. THE FREE COUNTRIES OF WESTERN EUROPE MUST BE ENCOURAGED TO CONTINUE THEIR EFFORTS TOWARDS RECOVERY. THEIR WILL TO RESIST AND THEIR ABILITY MUTUALLY TO DEFEND THEMSELVES MUST BE STRENGTHENED. THEY MUST BE ENCOURAGED AND ASSISTED TO BUILD UP THEIR DEFENSE FORCES, THROUGH SELF-HELP AND MUTUAL AID, TO A POINT WHERE AGGRESSION CANNOT TAKE PLACE THROUGH INTERNAL DISORDERS GROWING FROM THE SEEDS SOWN BY A POTENTIAL AGGRESS-

OR, OR UNDER THE GUISE OF BORDER INCIDENTS. IN SHORT, THEY MUST REGAIN, INDIVIDUALLY AND COLLECTIVELY, THEIR ABILITY TO MAINTAIN THEIR INDEPENDENCE AND NATIONAL SECURITY. THIS IN ITSELF IS AN ADDI-TIONAL DETERRENT TO ANY WOULD-BE AGGRESSOR. THUS, EVEN WITHOUT THE EXISTENCE OF THE NORTH ATLANTIC TREATY, THE NEED FOR ASSISTANCE FOR DEFENSE OF THESE COUNTRIES WOULD BE THE SAME. WITH THE PACT, THE ASSISTANCE, ONCE GIVEN, WILL BE INFINITELY MORE EFFECTIVE.

IT IS IMPORTANT, HOWEVER, TO VIEW THE OBJECTIVES OF THE PROPOSED MILITARY ASSISTANCE PROGRAM IN LIGHT OF THE OBJECTIVES OF ARTICLE 3, THE SELF-HELP AND MUTUAL AID ARTICLE, OF THE NORTH ATLANTIC TREATY. F FOR THE OBJECTIVES OF EACH ARE COMPLEMENTARY. THE OBJECTIVES OF BOTH ARE TO MAINTAIN AND DEVELOP INDIVIDUAL AND COLLECTIVE CAPACITY TO RESIST BY SELF-HELP AND MUTUAL AID. THAT IS WHAT ARTICLE 3 IS GOING TO DO: THAT IS WHAT THE PROPOSED MILITARY ASSISTANCE PROGRAM IS GOING IDENT HISED AT THE SIGNING OF THE TREATY: TO DO. ARTICLE 3 DOES NOT BIND THE UNITED STATES TO THE PROPOSED MILITARY ASSISTANCE PROGRAM, NOR INDEED TO ANY PROGRAM. IT DOES BIND THE UNITED STATES TO THE PRINCIPLE OF SELF-HELP AND MUTUAL AID. WITHIN THIS PRINCIPLE EACH PARTY TO THE PACT MUST EXERCISE ITS OWN HONEST JUDGMENT AS TO WHAT IT CAN AND SHOULD DO, TO DEVELOP AND MAINTAIN ITS OWN CAPACITY TO RESIST AND TO HELP OTHERS. THE JUDG-MENT OF THE EXECUTIVE BRANCH OF THIS GOVERNMENT IS THAT THE UNITED STATES CAN AND SHOULD PROVIDE MILITARY ASSISTANCE TO ASSIST THE OTHER COUNTRIES IN THE PACT TO MAINTAIN THEIR COLLECTIVE SECURITY. THE PACT DOES NOT BIND THE CONGRESS TO REACH THAT SAME CONCLUSION. FOR IT DOES NOT DICTATE THE CONCLUSION OF HONEST JUDGMENT. IT DOES PRE-CLUDE REPUDIATION OF THE PRINCIPLE OR OF THE OBLIGATION OF MAKING THAT HONEST JUDGMENT. THUS, IF YOU RATIFY THE PACT, IT CANNOT BE SAID THAT THERE IS NO OBLIGATION TO HELP. THERE IS AN OBLIGATION TO HELP, BUT THE EXTENT, THE MANNER, AND THE TIMING IS UP TO THE HONEST JUDGMENT OF THE PARTIES.

I THEREFORE EARNESTLY TRUST THAT THE CONGRESS WILL SEE FIT TO ENABLE THIS GOVERNMENT TO CARRY OUT THAT ASPECT OF ITS FOREIGN POL-ICY REPRESENTED BY THE PROPOSED MILITARY ASSISTANCE PROGRAM. AT THE SAME TIME, I URGE THAT BOTH THE TREATY AND THE PROPOSED MILITARY ASSISTANCE PROGRAM SHOULD BE CONSIDERED SEPARATELY AND ON THEIR OWN

MERITS.

FOR MY OWN PART I BELIEVE THAT BOTH THE NORTH ATLANTIC TREATY AND THE MILITARY ASSISTANCE PROGRAM WILL CONTRIBUTE TO WORLD-WIDE

SECURITY.

THE TREATY IS WHOLLY CONSISTENT WITH THE CHARTER AND DESIGNED TO STRENGTHEN THE SYSTEM OF INTERNATIONAL LAW OF WHICH THE CHARTER IS THE BASIS. IT WILL GIVE SECURITY AND CONFIDENCE TO THE SIGNATORY NATIONS, WHOSE COMMON INSTITUTIONS AND MORAL AND ETHICAL BELIEFS DRAW THEM NATURALLY TOGETHER, AND WHOSE WELL-BEING IS VITAL TO WORLD RECOVERY.

THE ADDED SECURITY OF THESE NATIONS DOES NOT THREATEN OR WEAKEN ANY OTHER NATION OR PORTION OF THE WORLD. THE PRINCIPLES WHICH DRAW THESE NATIONS INTO NATURAL AFFINITY AND WHICH THEY SEEK TO DE-FEND--FREEDOM OF THE INDIVIDUAL, TOLERANCE AND RESTRAINT, AND THE RULE OF LAW, ARE THE PRINCIPLES WHICH UNITE FREE PEOPLES THROUGHOUT THE WORLD.

THE DETERMINATION TO PROVIDE DEFENSE FOR THESE PRINCIPLES BY THE TWELVE NATIONS JOINING IN THIS TREATY--ADDED TO THE OTHER STEPS TAKEN BY THESE AND OTHER NATIONS TO WAGE PEACE -- MUST BE AN ENCOURAGEMENT TO

ALL PEOPLES WHO WISH PEACE BASED ON THESE PRINCIPLES.

THE TREATY IS THE PRACTICAL EXPRESSION OF THE DETERMINATION THAT AN AGGRESSOR CANNOT DIVIDE THESE NATIONS AND PICK THEM OFF ONE BY

ONE. HISTORY HAS TAUGHT US THAT THE ABSENCE OF SUCH DETERMINATION AND OF ITS CLEAR STATEMENT IN ADVANCE IS GRAVELY DANGEROUS. THE KNOW-LEDGE THAT ARMED ATTACK WILL BE MET BY COLLECTIVE DEFENSE, PROMPT AND EFFECTIVE, WILL SURELY HAVE A STEADYING EFFECT ON ANYONE FROM WHOM THAT TRANSGRESSION MIGHT COME.

THE POLITICAL AND MORAL STRENGTH WHICH THIS TREATY ADDS TO THE ACCUMULATING ECONOMIC STRENGTH OF A VITAL PORTION OF THE WORLD WILL STRENGTHEN OUR ABILITY TO BUILD A WORLD IN WHICH FREEDOM IS MAINTAINED AND EXPANDED AND IN WHICH THE PROBLEMS REMAINING AND GROW-ING OUT OF THE WAR CAN BE SOLVED IN AN ATMOSPHERE FREE OF THE FEAR OF AGGRESSION.

IN CONCLUSION'I SHOULD LIKE TO REPEAT TO YOU WORDS WHICH THE PRES-

"IT IS A SIMPLE DUCUMENT, BUT IF IT HAD EXISTED IN 1914 AND IN 1939, SUPPORTED BY THE NATIONS WHICH ARE REPRESENTED HERE TODAY, I BELIEVE IT WOULD HAVE PREVENTED THE ACTS OF AGGRESSION WHICH LED TO TWO WORLD WARS.

"FOR US, WAR IS NOT INEVITABLE. WE DO NOT BELIEVE THAT THERE ARE BLIND TIDES OF HISTORY WHICH SWEEP MEN ONE WAY OR THE OTHER. IN OUR OWN TIMES WE HAVE SEEN BRAVE MEN OVERCOME OBSTACLES THAT SEEMED INSURMOUNTABLE AND FORCES THAT SEEMED OVERWHELMING. MEN WITH COURAGE AND VISION CAN STILL DETERMINE THEIR OWN DESTINY. THEY CAN CHOOSE SLAVERY OR FREEDOM--WAR OR PEACE.

"I HAVE NO DOUBT WHICH THEY WILL CHOOSE. THE TREATY WE ARE SIGN-

ING HERE TODAY IS EVIDENCE OF THE PATH THEY WILL FOLLOW.

"IF THERE IS ANYTHING CERTAIN TODAY, IF THERE IS ANYTHING INEV-ITABLE IN THE FUTURE, IT IS THE WILL OF THE PEOPLE OF THE WORLD FOR FREEDOM AND PEACE."

(END ACHESON TEXT, WHICH NOW RELEASED.

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AUSTIN, TEX., APRIL 27-(AP)-WILLIAM C. BULLITT, FORMER AMBASSADOR TO RUSSIA, TOLD THE TEXAS LEGISLATURE TODAY THAT BY ALLOWING RUSSIA TO CONQUER CHINA "WE ARE MAKING CERTAIN THE COMING OF A THIRD WORLD WAR."

HE ADDED THAT THE "CONFIDENCE OF AMERICANS IN THE ATOMIC BOMB IS BEGINNING TO RESEMBLE THE CONFIDENCE OF THE FRENCH IN THE MAGINOT LINE." BULLITT SPOKE TO A JOINT SESSION OF THE SENATORS AND REPRESENTATIVES.

HE IS IN TEXAS ON A LECTURE TOUR. "TODAY, USING HIS CHINESE ACCOMPLICES AS INSTRUMENTS, STALIN IS CONQUERING CHINA," BULLITT SAID.

BULLITT SAID THE U. S. SHOULD TAKE THE INITIATIVE NOW IN EUROPE BY BREAKING THE COMMUNIST BLOCKADE OF BERLIN. HE SUGGESTED SENDING A TRUCK CONVOY INTO BERLIN.

"THIS IS THE MOMENT WE CAN AFFORD TO BE BOLD," HE SAID. "INDEED IT IS A MOMENT WHEN WE CANNOT AFFORD NOT TO BE BOLD."

HE ASKED THE LEGISLATURE TO PRESS NATIONAL LEADERS FOR ACTION IN CHINA.

FJ846PCS

BARUCH, FINANCIER AND ADVISER TO PRESIDENTS, SPOKE AT CEREMONIES

MARKING "BARUCH DAY" IN CAMDEN, HIS NATIVE CITY.

"I HAVE HAD INTOLERANCE PRACTICED AGAINST ME AND MINE ALL MY LIFE," SAID BARUCH, A JEW, "BUT I NEVER PERMITTED IT TO ROUSE IN ME ENVY, JEALOUSY OR HATRED, OR TO WEAKEN IN THE SLIGHTEST MY FAITH IN OUR FORM OF GOVERNMENT, ITS CONSTITUTION AND ITS INSTITUTIONS."

DECLARING THAT HE WAS DIRECTING HIS REMARKS PARTICULARLY TO THE

CHILDREN OF CAMBEN, BARUCH ADDED:

"WERE OUR FORM OF GOVERNMENT TO BE DESTROYED, THE RESULT WOULD ONLY BE INTOLERANCE AND INJUSTICE ON A TRULY TERRIBLE SCALE, AS HAS HAPPENED WHEREEVER FREEDOM HAS BEEN DESTROYED.

"SO WATCH THOSE WHO WANT TO CHANGE OUR FORM OF GOVERNMENT TO A SO-CALLED WELFARE STATE, COPIED LARGELY AFTER OTHERS WALLOWING IN

MISERY AND WHO IN THEIR TRIALS LOOK ONLY TO US."

THE ELDER STATESMAN, RECALLING HIS BOYHOOD DAYS IN CAMDEN, SPOKE OF "THE OLD SCHOOL NEXT TO THE BETHESDA PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH," AND COMMENTED:

"I REMEMBER HOLDING OUT MY HAND, PALM UP, TO RECEIVE WHACKS OF THE

RULER FOR MISCONDUCT."

HE MENTIONED THE STRUGGLE "BETWEEN THE DOWNTOWN AND UPTOWN BOYS, THE FISHING HOLES AND X X X MY FATHER'S FINE CATTLE AND HIS AGRICULTUR-AL EXPERIMENTS."

BARUCH SAID "A VERY WISE FOREIGNER" TOLD HIM RECENTLY:

"'YOU KNOW, I THINK THAT THE STATE FROM WHICH YOU COME HAS THE BEST ALL-AROUND CLIMATE IN THE WORLD AND THE GREATEST POSSIBILITIES AGRICUL-TURALLY AND INDUSTRIALLY."

BARUCH DID NOT IDENTIFY THE "VERY WISE FOREIGNER."

WINSTON CHURCHILL, OF GREAT BRITAIN, RECENTLY WAS A GUEST IN BARUCH'S

HOME.

BARUCH SAID CHILDREN SHOULD LEARN "MENTAL AND PHYSICAL DISCIPLINE; HOW TO GET ALONG WITH YOUR NEIGHBORS; AND HOW NOT TO BE HURT BY REAL OR SEEMING INEQUALITIES AND INJUSTICES BUT TO TAKE WHATEVER COMES TO YOU AND DO THE BEST THAT YOU CAN DO."

(END ADVANCE FOR USE AT 10:15 A.M., EST., TODAY, WEDNESDAY, APRIL

27)

JT&DN604AED

CHICAGO, APRIL 27-(AP)-THE INDUSTRIAL WORKERS OF THE WORLD SAID TONIGHT ATTORNEY GENERAL TOM CLARK HELPED THE

COMMUNISTS BY LISTING THE I.W.W. AS SUBVERSIVE. THE I.W.W. WAS AMONG 36 GROUPS ADDED BY CLARK TODAY TO THE

GOVERNMENT'S LIST OF SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATIONS. IT WAS ACCUSED OF SEEKING TO CHANGE THE U.S.GOVERNMENT BY "UNCONSTITUTIONAL

W.H. ESTMAN, GENERAL SECRETARY OF THE I.W.A., WROTE CLARK ASKING MEANS." "IMMEDIATE RECTIFICATION OF YOUR ERROR." HE SAID HIS O'GANIZATION HAS ABOUT 15,000 MEMBERS WHO "DO NOT LIKE TO HAVE YOU CR OTH

W.H.WESTMAN, GENERAL SECRETARY OF THE I.W.A., WROTE CLARK ASKING "IMMEDIATE RECTIFICATION OF YOUR ERROR." HE SAID HIS ORGANIZATION

30.24- 2775

HAS ABOUT 15,000 MEMBERS WHO "DO NOT LIKE TO HAVE YOU OR OTHERS CONFUSE THEM WITH THE COMMUNISTS WHO WERE ORDERED MORE THAN A QUARTER OF A CENTURY AGAO TO LIQUIDATE THE I.W.W. X X X." WESTMAN SAID THAT SINCE ITS FOUNDING IN 1905 THE I.W.W. S AIM

HAS BEEN TO HAVE MAJOR INDUSTRY "RUN BY OR GANIZED WORKERS FOR USE INSTEAD OF FOR PROFIT." HE ADDED:

"AT NO TIME HAS THE I.W.W. ADVOCATED THE SUBVERSION OR OVERTHROW OF THE GOVERNMENT. X X X OUR CONCERN IS WITH INDUSTRY NOT WITH THE GOVERNMENT . "

ER1144PCD NM

PITTSBURGH, APRIL 27-(AP)-MEMBERS OF THE INTERNATIONAL LABOR ORGANIZATION'S COAL MINES COMMITTEE TODAY VOTED 24 TO 1 TO ADOPT A PROPOSAL BY GOVERNMENT DELEGATES CALLING FOR A REVISED DRAFT OF MINERS' WORKING HOUR LIMITS.

THE NEW DRAFT WOULD BE SUBMITTED TO THE CONVENTION IN 1951. UNITED STATES EMPLOYERS' DELEGATE A.S.WILSON, VICE PRESIDENT OF THE BOONE COUNTY COAL CORP., IN WEST VIRGINIA CAST THE

ONLY NEGATIVE VOTE.

"WE DO NOT OBJECT TO LIMITING MINERS' HOURS," WILSON SAID, "BUT WE BELIEVE THE MATTER IS FOR EACH COUNTRY TO DECIDE THROUGH PROCESSES OF FREE COLLECTIVE BARGAINING. IT SHOULD NOT BE DECIDED BY INTERNATIONAL TREATY."

SIR WILL LAWTHER, PRESIDENT OF THE BRITISH MINERS' UNION, TRIED TO ANSWER WILSON'S STATEMENT, BUT WAS RULED OUT OF ORDER BY

CHAIRMAN LEON TROCLET, BELGAIN MINISTER OF LABOR AND SOCIAL WELFARE. EARLIER A BELGAIN EMPLOYERS' DELEGATE PROPOSED SHELVING CON-SIDERATION OF THE OUR LIMITS. HE TOLD REPRESENTATIVES OF 10 I.L.O. MEMBER NATIONS THAT LIMITATION OF WORKING HOURS SHOULD BE DEFERRED BECAUSE OF THE DIFFICULTIES PRESENTED BY THE INTERNATIONAL SITUATION.

BM536PED

OF FLYING SAUCERS, THE DAYTON JOURNAL HERALD REPORTED TODAY.

THE MORNING NEWSPAPER ATTRIBUTED ITS STORY TO A REPORT IN THE FILES OF THE TECHNICAL INTELLIGENCE SECTION OF THE AIR MATERIEL COMMAND AT

NEARBY WRIGHT FIELD. THE JOURNAL HERALD REPORTED THE AIR FORCE BASED ITS CONCLUSION ON SOME 240 DOMESTIC AND FOREIGN REPORTS OF THE FLYING DISCS. INTELLIGENCE SECTION OFFICERS WERE QUOTED AS SAYING 30 PERCENT OF THE REPORTS DEALT WITH CONVENTIONAL AFRIAL OBJECTS SUCH AS WEATHER AND

COSMIC RAY RESEARCH BALLOONS.

COMMONPLACE ANSWERS ARE TO BE FOUND IN ANOTHER 30 PERCENT, WHILE 40 PERCENT OF THE REPORTS ARE IN THE MYSTERY COLUMN.

VISITATIONS FROM SUCH PLANETS AS MARS, WHERE HUMAN LIFE IS BELIEVED TO EXIST, ALSO WERE CONSIDERED BY STUDENTS OF THE DISCS. THIS THEORY

WAS DISCOUNTED, HOWEVER. ANOTHER POSSSIBILITY WAS FOREIGN AIRCRAFT.
"BUT THE REPORTED PERFORMANCE OF THE DISCS IS SO SUPERIOR TO ANYTHING
WE HAVE YET APPROACHED IN THIS COUNTRY THAT IT IS NOT CONSIDERED ANY OTHER NATION OF THE EARTH COULD HAVE KNOWLEDGE SO FAR ABOVE OURS," AN INTELLIGENCE REPORT SAID.

MR804AES

ITHACA, N.Y., APRIL 27-(AP)-THE ARMY'S SPECIAL MISSION TO JAPAN EARLY THIS YEAR BALANCED THE JAPANESE BUDGET FOR THE FIRST TIME IN

MANY YEARS, A MEMBER OF THE MISSION SAID TODAY.

PAUL M.O'LEARY, DEAN OF CORNELL UNIVERSITY'S COLLEGE OF BUSINESS AND PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION, TOLD A REPORTER THE MISSION ALSO REVISED THE SYSTEM OF ALLOCATING RAW MATERIALS IN JAPAN AND ESTABLISHED A UNIFORM RATE OF EXCHANGE AT 360 YEN TO THE DOLLAR.

"ONE REAL PURPOSE OF OUR MISSION WAS TO SPEED THE TIME WHEN THE UNITED STATES WILL NOT HAVE TO PUT AS MUCH INTO JAPAN AS WE HAVE BEEN

PUTTING,", O'LEARY SAID.

HE ADDED THAT THE UNITED STATES HAD SPENT ABOUT \$500,000,000 (M)

A YEAR IN JAPAN.

THE MISSION, HE DECLARED, MADE REAL PROGRESS IN SEEING THAT THIS AID WAS USED EFFECTIVELY SO JAPAN COULD EXPORT FINISHED PRODUCTS SUFFICIENT TO PAY FOR HER OWN IMPORTS, INSTEAD OF DEPENDING ON CONTINUED AMERICAN

"WE SUCCEEDED IN GETTING THE BUDGET BALANCED AND GETTING PRETTY WELL STARTED ON THE ROAD TO ELIMATING A LOT OF ELABORATE SUBSIDIES." O'LEARY SAID.

PS1057PED

ATLANTIC CITY, N.J., APRIL 27-(AP)-A METHODIST BISHOP WHO ARRIVED HERE FROM SHANGHAI SAID TODAY COMMUNISTS WILL HAVE A "BAMBOO CURTAIN" BUILT AROUND CHINA WITHIN SIX MONTHS.

BISHOP CARLETON LACY OF FOOCHOW, WHO WAS BORN IN CHINA 60 YEARS AGO, CAME HERE TO REPORT TO THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE COUNCIL OF METH-

ODIST BISHOPS.

CHINA IS "GOING UNDER COMMUNIST RULE. I CANNOT ENVISAGE CHINA FALLING BEHIND AN IRON CURTAIN. IT WILL BE A BAMBOO CURTAIN WITH SLITS THAT ALLOW IN SOME LIGHT," HE SAID.

THE CHIEF CAUSE FOR CHIANG'S COLLAPSE WAS FINANCIAL BANKRUPTCY. NO ONE, CERTAINLY NOT THE COMMUNISTS, HAVE COME UP WITH A SOLUTION TO CHINESE FINANCES. THEY WILL GO ON THE ROCKS AS FAST AS THE NATION-ALIST GOVERNMENT.

BISHOP LACY SAID "THE PLANS AND BLUEPRINTS OF THE COMMUNIST ARMY ARE PREPARED IN MOSCOW. ACTUAL FINANCIAL AID FOR RUSSIA IS LESS THAN

THE AID GIVEN THE NATIONALISTS BY THE UNITED STATES."

BISHOP LACY SAID SOME CHRISTIAN MISSIONARIES IN NORTHERN CHINA HAVE FLED, SOME HAVE BEEN KILLED, SSOME CHURCHES CLOSED AND SOME

CONGREGATIONS SCATTERED BY THE COMMUNIST ARMY.

"IN FUKIEN, OUR CHINESE LEADERS HAVE SAID WE HAVE SIX MONTHS TO ADJUST OURSELVES TO OUR NEW SITUATION. NO MISSIONARY AND NO ONE EMPLOYED BY THE CHURCH IS TO RISK HIS LIFE TO PROTECT CHURCH PROPERTY, " HE SAID, ADDING:

"FUNDAMENTALLY, WE FEEL THE CHURCH HAS A MISSION TO THE COMMUN-

ISTS AS WELL AS ANY ONE ELSE."

Q1111PED NM ASKT

NEW YORK, APRIL 27-(AP)-HENRY WALLACE OPENED HIS CROSS-COUNTRY PEACE TOUR WITH FOUR EUROPEANS TONIGHT, WITHOUT DELIVERING A SCHEDULED SPEECH ON THE BERLIN SITUATION.

WALLACE'S AIDES PASSED OUT TO NEWSMEN COPIES OF A PREPARED SPEECH WHICH THE PROGRESSIVE PARTY LEADER WAS TO DELIVER. WALLACE LATER SAID HE WOULD GIVE THE ADDRESS OVER THE RADIO TOMORROW. TONIGHT, HE ONLY EXTENDED A WELCOME TO THE EUROPEAN VISITORS WHO

WILL ACCOMPANY HIM ON A 15-CITY SPEAKING TOUR. IN THE PREPARED SPEECH WALLACE SAID THE RUSSIAN PROPOSAL TO LIFT THE BLOCKADE IF A FOUR-POWER CONFERENCE IS SET MIGHT "PROVE THE TURNING POINT" IN THE FIGHT OF WALLACE AND HIS VISITORS AGAINST THE ATLANTIC PACT.

HE ADDED THE PROPOSAL "EXPLODES THE MYTH X X X THAT RUSSIA IS AN

INTRANSIGEANT AND AGGRESSIVE POWER WITH WHICH AGREEMENT IS

IMPOSSIBLE." SPEAKING AT THE DINNER WERE TWO OF THE FOUR EUROPEANS WHO ARE TO ACCOMPANY WALLACE ON THE TOUR -- MICHELE GUIA, ITALIAN SOCIALIST SENATOR. AND H.LESTER HUTCHINSON. MEMBER OF THE BRITISH PARLIAMENT.

MRS.MIMI LUNDEN OF NORWAY AND MRS.SONJA BRANTING, OF SWEDEN ALSO

ARE TO APPEAR WITH WALLACE DURING THE TRIP, DESCRIBED BY A WALLACE SPOKESMAN AS A "PEACE TOUR."

GIUA AND HUTCHINSON REFERRED TO THE STATE DEPARTMENT'S REFUSAL OF VISAS TO TWO OTHERS INVITED BY WALLACE, KONNI ZILLIACUS OF BRITAIN

AND PIERRE COT OF FRANCE.

GIUA, WHO MONDAY NIGHT SAID HE WAS "INSULTED" BY A THREE-HOUR QUESTIONING BY IMMIGRATION OFFICIALS WHEN HE ARRIVED, SAID TONIGHT HE FELT HIMSELF TO BE "IN A CONDITION OF POLITICAL INFERIORITY."
"EVIDENTLY WE ARE NOT CONSIDERED DANGEROUS POLITICAL MEN," HE

SAID. HE APPARENTLY REFERRED TO THE FACT THAT PERMISSION TO ENTER THE

U.S. WAS PERMITTED.

SAID HUTCHINSON: "I REGRET VERY MUCH THAT MY FRIEND AND COLLEAGUE, KONNI ZILLIACUS, HAS NOT SUCCEEDED IN PENETRATING THE 'IRON CURTAIN. ""

SPEAKING OF RECENT DEVELOPMENTS ON THE BERLIN BLOCKADE, WALLACE SAID THAT "TODAY'S PAPERS PROVE THERE CAN STILL BE PEACE." HE ADDED,

HOWEVER:

"I CAN'T BE TOO OPTIMISTIC WHEN (SEN.ARTHUR) VANDENBERG DEMANDS UNCONDITIONAL SURRENDER OF THE RUSSIANS BEFORE HE WILL SIT DOWN AND TALK WITH THEM. I CAN'T BE TOO OPTIMISTIC WHEN GENERAL CLAY CAN SEND A MOST CURIOUS MESSAGE FROM 3,000 MILES AWAY URGING THAT GERMANY--GERMANY TWICE THE INVADER OF EUROPE--BE BROUGHT INTO THE FOLD OF THE NORTH ATLANTIC COMMUNITY."

GIUA SAID THAT FOR ITALY THE ATLANTIC PACT "SIGNIFIES THE RETURN OF WAR ECONOMY, REORGANIZATION OF WAR INDUSTRIES WITH ALL OF THEIR EVIL

CONSEQUENCES."

HUTCHINSON DECLARED THAT BECAUSE OF THE COLD WAR CUTTING OFF TRADE WITH EASTERN EUROPE, BRITAIN IS "COMPELLED TO RELY ON AMERICAN CHARITY, FOR WHICH THERE IS NO POSSIBLE REPAYMENT -- EXCEPT POLITICALLY." VS1034DFD

NEW YORK, APRIL 27-(AP)-A CRIPPLED SURVIVOR OF THE DACHAU CONCEN-TRATION CAMP ARRIVED TODAY EN ROUTE TO DALLAS, TEXAS, WHERE HE HOPES TO WORK AS A CLOTHING CUTTER.

ANDOR FRIED, 29, ONE OF 890 DISPLACED PERSONS ARRIVING ABOARD THE ARMY TRANSPORT GENERAL M.L. HERSEY, WAS BROUGHT TO THIS COUNTRY UNDER SPONSORSHIP OF THE DALLAS JUNIOR CHAMBER OF COMMERCE.

FRIED, WHO EDITED A NEWSPAPER FOR SEVERAL THOUSAND REFUGEES IN A D.P. CAMP IN GERMANY, WILL LIVE IN DALLAS WITH MRS. MASHA RUDNITZKY (2823 1/2 FOREST AVE.)

FH106PED

NEW YORK, APRIL 27-(AP)-A SOVIET ENGINEER FACING AN ESPIONAGE TRIAL HAS BEEN FREED IN \$100,000 BAIL POSTED BY A RUSSIAN OFFICIAL, BUT IS BARRED FROM DOCKS AND AIRPORTS.

THE DEFENDANT, VALENTIN A.GUBITCHEV, ALSO MUST REMAIN WITHIN THE ELEVEN-COUNTY SOUTHERN FEDERAL DISTRICT OF NEW YORK.

HE FINALLY AGREED, AND GUBITCHEV WAS RELEASED FROM THE FEDERAL HOUSE

OF DETENTION WHERE HE HAD BEEN A PRISONER SINCE MARCH 4.
GUBITCHEV, WHO WAS ARRESTED WITH MISS JUDITH COPLON OF

BROOKLYN, FORMER DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE EMPLOYE, GOES ON TRIAL HERE NEXT MONDAY. BOTH WERE INDICTED HERE ON ESPIONAGE CHARGES.

GUBITCHEV, SUSPENDED UNITED NATIONS EMPLOYE, HAS INSISTED HE HAS DIPLOMATIC IMMUNITY, AND REFUSED TO HAVE A LAWYER. THE U.S. STATE

DEPARTMENT AND U.N. HAVE REJECTED THE IMMUNITY CLAIM.

MISS COPLON NOW IS ON TRIAL IN WASHINGTON ON AN INDICTMENT CHARGING HER WITH TAKING GOVERNMENT DOCUMENTS.

RUSSIAN EMBASSY CHECK DRAWN ON THE RIGGS NATIONAL BANK IN
WASHINGTON. D.C.

GUBITCHEV'S BOND WAS PROVIDED IN FEDERAL COURT WITH A CERTIFIED ON OCT.

WESTERN PORTON OF THE PEACE.

JT556AED

(ADVANCE)...NEW YORK, APRIL 27-(AP)-PAUL REYNAUD, FORMER PREMIER OF FRANCE, SAID TONIGHT THE UNITED STATES "SHOULD WELCOME A DEFICIT" IN ITS TRADE BALANCE.

REYNAUD, NOW A MEMBER OF THE FRENCH NATIONAL ASSEMBLY FOR THE INDEPENDENT REPUBLICAN GROUP (CAPS I, R, G), SPOKE AT A MEETING OF THE UNITED STATES COUNCIL OF THE INTERNATIONAL CHAMBER OF COMMERCE.

DECLARING THAT THE UNITED STATES SHOULD FACILITATE THE IMPORTATION OF EUROPEAN MERCHANDISE INTO THIS COUNTRY, THE FRENCH LEADER ADDED:

"IT IS NECESSARY THAT YOU SHOULD WELCOME A DEFICIT IN YOUR TRADE BALANCE, AS WAS THE CASE WITH GREAT BRITAIN AND WITH FRANCE BEFORE THE WAR. IF YOU DO NOT, WHEN THE MARSHALL PLAN COMES TO AN END, YOU WILL SEE EUROPEAN COUNTRIES CLOSING THEIR DOORS TO AMERICAN GOODS AND PURSUING A POLICY OF SELF-SUFFICIENCY X X X."

JOHN H.CRIDER, EDITOR-IN-CHIEF OF THE BOSTON HERALD, WAS AWARDED THE COUNCIL'S 1948 EDITORIAL AWARD FOR NEWSPAPERS WITH A

CIRCULATION OF OVER 50,000.

WILBUR B. MUELLER, EDITOR OF THE MOLINE (ILL.) DAILY DISPATCH, WON

THE AWARD FOR DAILY NEWSPAPERS WITH CIRCULATION UNDER 50,000.

THE PRESENTATIONS TO BOTH EDITORS, A BRONZE PLAQUE AND A CHECK FOR \$500, WERE MADE DURING THE MEETING BY GARDNER COWLES, EDITOR AND PRESIDENT OF LOOK MAGAZINE.

THE AWARDS WERE MADE BY THE COUNCIL'S COMMITTEE ON EDITORIAL AWARDS FOR EDITORIALS ON THE SUBJECT OF INTERNATIONAL ECONOMIC RELATIONS.

(END ADVANCE FOR USE AT 9:30 P.M.E.S.T. TONIGHT, WEDNESDAY,

APRIL 27)

PS856PED

DESSUP TALKED OVER THE MEETING WITH SIR ALEXANDER CADOGAN, BRITAIN, AND JEAN CHAUVEL, FRANCE, AT THE U.S. DELEGATION OFFICES.

THE AMBASSADOR-AT-LARGE ALSO TALKED WITH MEMBERS OF THE U.S.

DELEGATION TO THE U.N. AND WITH AMERICAN PRESS OFFICERS.

THE CONFERENCE WAS HELD IN NEW YORK CITY BUT NO STATEMENT ON IT CAME FROM AMERICAN SOURCES UNTIL TWO HOURS LATER AT LAKE SUCCESS, HEADQUARTERS OF THE U.N. A DELEGATION SPOKESMAN SAID THE U.S. DECIDED TO DO THIS TO ACCOMODATE NEWSMEN COVERING THE U.N. ASSEMBLY WHO COULD NOT FOLLOW THE MOVEMENTS OF THE DIPLOMATS IN NEW YORK.

30.24- 2777

THE AMERICAN DELEGATION DECLINED TO MAKE ANY STATEMENT IN NEW YORK TO REPORTERS WHO LEFT LAKE SUCCESS IN ORDER TO FOLLOW THE STORY HERE. THOSE REPORTERS RETURNED THE 20 MILES TO LAKE SUCCESS FOR A BRIEFING BY A DELEGATION PRESS OFFICER.

THERE THE AMERICANS ISSUED A BRIEF STATEMENT SAYING JESSUP SAW MALIK AS PLANNED AND COMMUNICATED TO HIM INFORMALLY THE POSITION OF

THE THREE WESTERN POWERS.

THE RUSSIANS BLOCKADED BERLIN LAST JUNE 19. WESTERN EFFORTS TO SEITLE THE ISSUE BY NEGOTIATIONS IN MOSCOW WERE UNSUCCESSFUL. THE WESTERN POWERS THEN LODGED A CHARGE WITH THE U.N. SECURITY COUNCIL IN PARIS LAST SEPTEMBER, CONTENDING THE RUSSIAN BLOCKADE WAS A THREAT TO THE PRACE.

ON OCT. 25, 1948, RUSSIA VETOED A RESOLUTION APPROVED BY THE WESTERN POWERS AND A MAJORITY OF THE SECURITY COUNCIL TO END THE BERLIN CRISIS. THIS CALLED FOR THE "ISSIANS TO LIFT THE BLOCKADE AND FOR THE FOUR POWERS--RUSSIA, THE U.S., FRANCE AND BRITAIN--TO AGREE ON A DATE FOR A MEETING OF THE FOUR-POWER COUNCIL OF FOREIGN MINISTERS.

EFFORTS IN THE U.N. TO SETTLE ON A SINGLE CURRENCY FOR BERLIN ALSO

WERE FRUITLESS.

THERE THE CASE STOOD UNTIL THE AMERICANS NOTICED THAT PRIME MINISTER JOSEPH STALIN DID NOT REFER TO THE CURRENCY ISSUE EARLY THIS YEAR IN ANSWER TO QUESTIONS ON THE BERLIN BLOCKADE ASKED BY AN AMERICAN JOURNALIST.

MALIK WAS ASKED ON FEB. 15 IF STALIN'S OMISSION HAD ANY SIGNIFICANCE. A MONTH LATER MALIK REPLIED THAT IT HAD. LATER HE TOLD JESSUP THAT IF A DEFINITE DATE COULD BE AGREED UPON FOR A MEETING OF THE COUNCIL OF FOREIGN MINISTERS ALL RESTRICTIONS ON TRADE AND TRANSPORTATION IN BERLIN COULD BE LIFTED IN ADVANCE OF THE MEETING.

THAT APPEARED TO BE EXACTLY WHAT THE RUSSIANS HAD VETOED LAST FALL. WESTERN POWER OFFICIALS HAVE MADE IT CLEAR IN STRONG STATEMENTS THAT THE PROPOSED MEETING OF THE COUNCIL OF FOREIGN MINISTERS WILL NOT INTERFERE WITH FORMATION OF A WESTERN GERMAN STATE, A PROJECT BITTERLY FOUGHT BY RUSSIA.

CONVERSATION TOOK PLACE LAST NIGHT AT THE HOME OF U.N. SECRETARY-GENERAL TRYGVE LIE AMONG BRITISH MINISTER OF STATE HECTOR MCNEIL, U.S. ASSISTANT SECRETARY OF STATE DEAN RUSK AND GROMYKO.

THESE THREE WERE AMONG 25 DINNER GUESTS AT LIE'S HOME. AFTER DINNER, AN INFORMANT SAID, THE OTHER GUESTS WENT UPSTAIRS AND LEFT MCNEIL, RUSK AND GROMYKO ALONE. THE OTHERS RE-JOINED THEM AN HOUR LATER.

THE INFORMANT SAID THERE WAS A FRANK EXCHANGE OF VIEWS DURING THE DINNER ON THE WHOLE FIELD OF INTERNATIONAL ISSUES, INCLUDING THE NORTH ATLANTIC PACT.

JESSUP LEFT FOR WASHINGTON AT 4:30 P... (EDT) FOR WASHINGTON, 9
PRESUMABLY TO REPORT TO THE WHITE HOUSE AND THE STATE
DEPARTMENT. RUSK WENT BACK TO WASHINGTON LAST NIGHT.

GH540PED

JESSUP SEPARATE (190)

BY GEORGE PALMER NEW YORK, APRIL 27-(AP)-DR.PHILIP C. JESSUP WAS BEWILDERED TODAY BY THE EXCITEMENT OVER HIS 92-MINUTE MEETING WITH SOVIET DEPUTY FOREIGN MINISTERS ANDREI A. GROMYKO AND JAKOB MALIK.

"HE SIMPLY COULDN'T UNDERSTAND IT WHEN WE TOLD HIM REPORTERS AND PHOTOGRAPHERS WOULD BE TRYING TO GET TO HIM ALL DAY LONG," A DELEGA-

TION AIDE SAID. WHEN THE 52-YEAR-OLD AMBASSADOR-AT-LARGE ARRIVED AT THE SOVIET DELEGATION BUILDING ON UPPER PARK AVENUE THE FIRST THING HE SAW--AND IT WAS VISIBLE FOR BLOCKS -- WAS A TRAFFIC JAM OUTSIDE THE RUSSIAN HEADQUAR-TERS. IT WAS A TRAFFIC TANGLE THAT THREATENED TO GET OUT OF HAND SHORTLY BEFORE HIS ARRIVAL. POLICE REINFORCEMENTS KEPT THE STREET AND SIDEWALKS CLEAR.

WHEN HE STEPPED FROM HIS CAR SCORES OF REPORTERS AND CAMERAMEN SWARMED AROUND HIM. THEY PLEADED WITH HIM FOR COMMENT ABOUT HIS MISSION. THE TALL, LEAN U.S.SPOKESMAN SMILED BUT WOULD SAY

MOTHING.

THE STORY WAS THE SAME WHEN HE LEFT THE SOVIET OFFICES AN HOUR AND A HALF LATER. AGAIN NEWSMEN TRIED FOR STATEMENTS. AGAIN JESSUP SMILED AND SAID NOTHING. AND AGAIN HE HAD TO PUSH HIS WAY THROUGH REPORTERS AND PHOTOGRAPHERS. IT TOOK HIM FIVE MINUTES TO GO THE 25 FRET FROM THE STEPS OF THE BUILDING TO THE REAR SEAT OF HIS CAR. IT WAS ONE OF THOSE RARE OCCASIONS WHEN AN ICE CREAM VENDOR PEDDLED HIS WARES ON UPPER PARK AVENUE.

NEW YORK, APRIL 27-(AP)-DR. HIDEKI YUKAWA, 42, JAPAN'S FOREMOST ATOMIC RESEARCH SCIENTIST, HAS BEEN APPOINTED VISITING PROFESSOR OF PHYSICS AT COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY.

HIS APPOINTMENT, MADE POSSIBLE THROUGH COOPERATION OF THE ROCKEFELLER FOUNDATION, IS FOR THE 1949-50 ACADEMIC YEAR, COLUMBIA OFFICIALS SAID. HE WILL BEGIN WORK ON HIS NEW ASSIGNMENT JULY 1.

DR. YUKAWA, FORMERLY OF THE KYOTO UNIVERSITY FACULTY, HAS BEEN IN THE UNITED STATES SINCE LAST SEPTEMBER. HE HAS BEEN ENGAGED IN RESEARCH AT THE INSTITUTE OF ADVANCED STUDY AT PRINCETON, N.J. HE WENT THERE AT THE INVITATION OF THE INSTITUTE'S DIRECTOR, DR.J.ROBERT

OPPENHEIMER, WHO HAD A LEADING PART IN DEVELOPING THE ATOMIC BOMB. THE COLUMBIA ANNOUNCEMENT SAID DR. YUKAWA IS "CONSIDERED ONE OF THE WORLD'S MOST NOTED NUCLEAR PHYSICISTS." HE ACHIEVED WORLD FAME IN SCIENTIFIC CIRCLES, IT SAID, BY FINDING A HITHERTO UNKNOWN TYPE OF PARTICLE, THE MESON. THIS IRESPONSIBLE FOR THE SPECIAL PROPERTIES OF THE FORCES WHICH HOLD THE ATOMIC NUCLEUS TOGETHER.

THIS DISCOVERY WAS MADE IN 1935 WHEN DR.YUKAWA WAS 28 YEARS OLD

AND A LECTURER AT OSAKA UNIVERSITY.

"SCIENTISTS BELIEVE THAT THE NEW IDEAS INTRODUCED IN THEORETICAL NUCLEAR PHYSICS BY PROFESSOR YUKAWA CONSTITUTED THE MOST IMPORTANT CONTRIBUTION TO THE THEORY OF FUNDAMENTAL PARTICLES OF THE ENTIRE DECADE PRECEDING WORLD WAR TWO." SAID A COLUMBIA SPOKESMAN.

DR. YUKAWA'S WIFE IS WITH HIM AT PRINCETON. TWO SONS, HARUMI, 16,

AND TAKA-AKI, 14, WILL ARRIVE FROM JAPAN THIS SUMMER.

HA703PED

U.N. PRESS (200)

BY WILLIAM L.PHILLIPS LAKE SUCCESS, APRIL 27-(AP)-THE UNITED NATIONS AGREED TODAY THAT INTERNATIONAL PRESS FREEDOM GUARANTEES SHOULD BE EXTENDED GRADUALLY TO COLONIES AND TRUSTEESHIP AREAS SUBJECT TO THEIR OWN CONSENT. RUSSIA AND HER SATELLITES STOOD ALONE AGAINST A UNITED STATES

FORMULA FOR A "COLONIAL CLAUSE" ARTICLE IN A DRAFT CONVENTION ON THE GATHERING AND INTERNATIONAL TRANSMISSION OF NEWS.

ERWIN D. CANHAM, EDITOR OF THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR AND U.S. DELEGATE, WON AN OVERWHELMING VOTE OF 40 TO 6 WITH 3 ABSTENTIONS AFTER DAY-LONG DEBATE IN THE ASSEMBLY'S 58-NATION SOCIAL COMMITTEE.

IT WAS THE LAST MAJOR DECISION FACING THE COMMITTEE IN PREPARING THE CONVENTION -- WHICH COVERS THE RIGHTS AND OBLIGATIONS OF FOREIGN CORRESPONDENTS -- FOR SUBMISSION TO THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY AND ULTIMATELY

TO MEMBER COUNTRIES FOR RATIFICATION.

CANHAM'S FORMULA GIVES A GOVERNING COLONIAL POWER THE RIGHT TO ACCEPT FOR ITSELF IMMEDIATELY, THEN NOTIFY THE U.N. AS IT EXTENDS THE CONVENTION TO EACH OF ITS NON-SELF-GOVERNING AREAS.

EUROPE'S BIG FOUR COLONIAL POWERS -- BRITAIN, FRANCE, HOLLAND AND BELGIUM -- BACKED THE U.S. CONTENTION THAT IT WAS THE ONLY WAY TO PERMIT EARLY RATIFICATION BY COUNTRIES WHICH ALLOW DOMESTIC SOVEREIGNTY TO THEIR COLONIES, AND THUS MUST SEEK APPROVAL OF COLONIAL GOVERN-MENTS.

VS1112PED

AMS BUDGET (680) (WES GALLAGHER, CHIEF OF THE ASSOCIATED PRESS BUREAUS IN GERMANY SINCE THE WAR, PRESENTS HERE HIS ANALYSIS OF THE MEANING OF THE NEWEST SOVIET MOVES IN THE COLD WAR. GALLAGHER IS NOW ON A FLYING TRIP TO THE UNITED STATES -- HE LEFT BERLIN LAST FRIDAY AND WILL RETURN THERE THIS WEEKEND.) BY WES GALLAGHER

NEW YORK, APRIL 27-(AP)-SOVIET OVERTURES TO LIFT THE BERLIN BLOCKADE REPRESENT A DIPLOMATIC DEFEAT FOR THE KREMLIN--PERHAPS THE MOST CRUSHING

IT HAS SUFFERED SINCE THE END OF WORLD WAR II. THE EFFECTS ON EUROPE MAY BE TREMENDOUS .

THE ACTION CONFIRMS WHAT OBSERVERS IN EUROPE HAVE KNOWN FOR MONTHS --THAT THU IOMNTTTTTTTTTTT

THE EXXECTS O EUROPE MAY BE TREMENDOUS.

THE ACTION CONFIRMS WHAT OBSERVERS IN EUROPE HAVE KNOWN FOR MONTHS -- THAT THE SOVIET BID TO CONTROL ALL OF EUROPE HAS FAILED. COMMUNISM AND THE SOVIET UNION ARE ON THE DEFENSIVE IN EUROPE.

TO SOME WESTERN LEADERS, THE SOVIET POSTWAR DRIVE TO SWEEP OVER EUROPE -- BY COERCION AND THREAT OF FORCE -- HAS BEEN REVEALED AS A GIANT BLUFF. THE TURNING POINT CAME WITH THE INSTALLATION OF THE AMERICAN-CREATED AND BRITISH-SUPPORTED BERLIN AIRLIFT.

TO INTERFERE WITH THE AIRLIFT AND AND ACHIEVE THEIR AIMS OF DRIVING WEST FROM BERLIN, THE RUSSIANS HAD TO COMMIT AN ACT WHICH MIGHT RESULT IN WAR. THEY DID NOT DARE TAKE THAT RISK.

AMERICAN AIRPOWER TOOK OVER THE ROLE THAT SEAPOWER HELD IN THE

LAST CENTURY. IT WAS THE ENFORCER OF FOREIGN POLICY.

GENERAL LUCIUS D.CLAY AND AMBASSADOR ROBERT MURPHY BELIEVED IN 1948 THE RUSSIANS WERE BLUFFING AND WOULD NOT RESORT TO FORCE TO KEEP THEIR BLOCKADE ON BERLIN. THEY RECOMMENDED AN ARMORED COLUMN FORCE THE BLOCKADE. THEY DID NOT BELIEVE THE RUSSIANS WOULD FIGHT. WASHINGTON AND PARTICULARLY THE FRENCH DID NOT BELIEVE THE RISK WAS JUSTIFIED.

CLAY, THEN ON HIS OWN, ORDERED THE AIRLIFT INTO OPERATION. HE WAS NOT SURE IT COULD SUPPLY THE CITY BUT BELIEVED THE EFFORT SHOULD BE MADE. CLAY'S MOVE HAD MANY OPPONENTS IN WASHINGTON. MANY BELIEVED IT WOULD BE A COSTLY FAILURE. OTHERS IN THE MILITARY FEARED A WAR

COULD BE SHOT DOWN. WHILE CLAY FOUGHT AND BATTLED FOR PLANES, A MOODY, TACITURN
AMERICAN AIRMAN, LT.GEN.CURTIS LEMAY, TURNED THE LIFT INTO REALITY.

TO CLAY GOES CREDIT FOR ORIGINATING THE AIRLIFT, BUT LEMAY MADE IT
TECHNICALLY POSSIBLE. WITH INTRICATE SKILL AND KNOWLEDGE OF AIRPOWER
AND WHAT IT COME. AND WHAT IT COULD DO, LEMAY SHOWED HE COULD FEED AND WARM 2,000,000 BERLINERS.

A183

THE LIFT COST LIVES AND IN WINTER MONTHS WAS KEPT GOING MOSTLY BY SHEER COURAGE. BUT IT WORKED, AND TURNED THE DIPLOMATIC TIDE IN EUROPE IN THIS FASHION:

THE PEOPLE OF EUROPE, NOT ONLY GERMANY, LOOKED UPON BERLIN AS THE SHOWDOWN. THEY LOOKED UPON IT TO PROVE WHETHER THE UNITED STATES WAS IN EUROPE TO STAY, TO SHOW WHETHER THEY COULD COUNTON AMERICAN HELP IF THEY OPPOSED THE RUSSIANS.

WHEN THE UNITED STATES STAYED AND STRUCK BACK DESPITE THE COST

AND DANGER. WESTERN EUROPE TOOK HEART.

THE FORCES AGAINST COMMUNISM BECAME MORE ACTIVE. THE COMMUNIST

PARTY DWINDLED IN FRANCE AND ITALY.

SEEING THE TIDE STOPPED, MANY EUROPEANS BELIEVED THE DANGER OF WAR WAS SUBSIDING AND RECOVERY WORTH WORKING FOR. IN GERMAN PRODUCTION SPURTED. THE REST OF EUROPE FOLLOWED SUIT.

MEANWHILE, THE WESTERN POWERS IMPOSED A COUNTER BLOCKADE. THEY CHOPPED OFF THE FLOW OF COAL AND STEEL FROM THE RUHR TO EASTERN GERMANY. THEY REFUSED TRANSIT RIGHTS TO MATERIALS DESTINED FOR POLAND

AND CZECHOSLOVAKIA.

THE RESULT: COMMUNIST BOSSES OF EAST GERMANY'S ECONOMY COULD NOT MEET THE INSATIABLE SOVIET DEMAND FOR GOODS. THEY FAILED TO MEET PRODUCTION QUOTAS. THE VALUE OF EAST GERMANY'S MONEY FELL AWAY TO A FRACTION OF THE WEST GERMAN MONEY. EASTERN GERMANY'S ECONOMY STARTED TO FALL APART, DISCONTENT FLOURISHED.

JOINED BY POLISH AND CZECH SATELLITES, THE COMMUNISTS OF GERMANY
LAUNCHED CAUTIOUS PLEAS TO THE RUSSIANS TO RELENT. THEY WERE

BEING STRANGLED BY THEIR OWN BLOCKADE.

THE RUSSIANS WERE FAR OUT ON THEIR PRESTIGE LIMB. DAY AFTER DAY THE SOVIETS HAD SAID THEY WOULD NOT ONLY DRIVE THE WEST OUT, BUT WREAK VENGEANCE ON THE GERMANS WHO SIDED WITH THE WEST. EVERY MANNER OF THREAT AND BOAST WAS HURLED AND ADVERTISED THROUGHOUT EUROPE.

THIS TIDE OF VITUPERATION HAS GONE ON FOR MONTHS. TO ABANDON THEIR DEMANDS IN THE PRESENT FASHION WITHOUT GAINING ANY OF THEIR BOASTED ENDS IS A TREMENDOUS BACKDOWN. IT WILL BE A CRIPPLING BLOW TO SOVIET PRESTIGE. WAVERERS WHO FEARED SOVIET POWER

WILL NOW LEAN TO THE WEST. EASTERN EUROPE'S SATELLITES CANNOT HELP NOTICE THE WEAKENING SOVIET GRIP. THE CUMULATIVE EFFECT WILL BE DIFFICULT TO ASSESS FOR MONTHS BUT IT SHOULD BE GREAT. IT MAY FORCE A FUNDAMENTAL CHANGE IN SOVIET POLICY NOT ONLY IN BERLIN, BUT ALL EUROPE.

RO 23 2PED

Three Red Spearheads Crawl Toward Shanghai

BY FRED HAMPSON

SHANGHAI. (A) — Three Communist spearheads were moving toward Shanghai and the Hangchow sector last night, but at a cautious pace.

Best available reports thru the Nationalist garrison command said a column of about 4,000 Red troops was edging towards Shanghai from Soochow (Wuhsien) on the west and was about 40 miles from this great city.

Communist activity of unspecified nature was reported from Weitung, 40 miles west of Shanghai, but the village of Chenyi, three miles nearer Shanghai, reported no Communist yet seen there.

Following Railway

A somewhat smaller Communist column was reported following the railway southeast from Soochow towards Kashing, 40 miles from Soochow. Kashing, a railway junction point 62 miles southwest of Shanghai, is the key to Hangchow, 59 miles farther southwest.

The third Communist force, of unknown size, was moving overland towards Kashing from the east and was last reported about 30 miles away.

Once Kashing falls, Shanghai will be sealed off by land. Trains still were operating to Hangchow via Kashing during the afternoon.

The Communists took Soochow early Wednesday, so their advance (no more than 10 miles) since then has been slow.

It appeared that they were taking their time towards Shanghai in particular, possibly because they want an adequate occupation force when they enter.

Shanghai, with a population estimated at more than 5,000,000, is a widespreading city. Many men would be needed to take it over, even without oppositon.

An estimated 10,000 Nationalist troops left Shanghai by sea Wednesday, but there appeared to be no troop movements last night.

Garrison sources said Generalissimo Chiang Kai-Shek had left Wednesday aboard a destroyer for the southern port of Amoy.

The evacuation gate from this

threatened city was slowly closing. Most of the foreigners remaining were here to stay, come what might.

The American liner President Wilson sailed during the afternoon after taking aboard about 300 persons of all nationalities, including about 150 Americans.

Another 118 Americans sailed aboard the U. S. navy hospital ship Repose, presumably for Hong Kong.
About 1,500 Americans remained

Lines Of Escape From Shanghai Being Closed

Other news of China and Wirephotos on Page 3

Shanghai, April 28 (P)—The escape gate from Communist-threatened Shanghai began closing slowly today.

For foreigners, the last ships were preparing to get under way. For the Chinese, land routes were coming under Red troop domination. Airplanes still took out refugees over land and sea.

The American liner President Wilson, likely to be the last liner to call here for some time, sailed down the Whangpoo this afternoon with 300 evacuees, 150 of them

1,500 Americans Remain

Some 1,500 Americans elected to stay in Shanghai.

One small United States Navy craft during the afternoon took a few straggler refugees down the river to the hospital ship Refuge. Navy sources hinted that it may be the last boat out.

Big naval craft moored down the river, out of range of Communist shore guns, may depart tonight or tomorrow, one naval officer said.

British warships still are in the Yangtze and Whangpoo but the British are not undertaking emergency evacuations.

Airlines Still Operating
Persons who leave Shanghai from
now on will move mostly by air.
American Northwest Airlines and

Pan-American still are running regular flights and some special planes to the United States, Manila and Hong Kong, British flying boats are going to Hong Kong and Tokyo daily. All are booked solid until next week.

The Communists appeared to be at least 30 or 40 miles away in midafternoon.

Their advance may be slowed down because they still have not sufficient forces ferried across the Yangtze to handle the various drives which are developing.

Correspondent Reported Held
The Reds seemed to be taking
their time toward Shanghai, possibly because they want an adequate
occupying force at hand. This, the
world's fourth largest city, is also
big geographically and the Reds
will need many men even for a
peaceful takeover,

The Associated Press office here today heard in a round about way that its Nanking correspondent, Seymour Topping, of New York, was confined to his house by the Reds and was not allowed any visitors. These reports said the restriction seemed more severe than those imposed on other foreigners in the Red-held capital.

Putung Not in Red Hands.

Through an error, Communist capture of Putung, across the river from Shanghai's business district, was reported yesterday. Several Communist guerrillas were captured there.

Misinterpretation of a cable from the Associated Press bureau in Shanghai resulted in the error. The cable read: "Group Reds captured Putung across Whangpoo River from Shanghai." Subsequent cables from Shanghai made it clear that the sentence referred to captured guerrillas, of whom an Associated Press photographer tried to make pictures in Shanghai.

APR 23

Paper In Shanghai Criticizes Navy, ECA

Shanghai. April 28 (P)—The Shanghai Post and Mercury today caustically criticized the United States Navy and ECA before President Truman's statement that the Navy is prepared to evacuate all Americans here.

In an editorial headed: "ECA at a Crisis," the American-owned newspaper said:

"Consternation has followed in the wake of word from Washington indicating that the ECA is going to leave them (Americans still here) high and dry as the United States Navy already has done in probably the most dangerous situation on the face of the earth today.

Dependent On ECA

"Shanghai is a city which has become (dependent) upon supplies from the ECA. The United States built up this situation. Is it justifiable for America suddenly to pull the props from under Shanghai, probably precipitating the gravest disorders"?

Before leaving here for Canton. Robert Allen Griffin, assistant to ECA Director Roger Lapham, said supplies destined for Shanghai would continue to Shanghai unless the Communists took over. 400

Refugees Jam Liner Leaving Shanghai

Shanghai. April 28 (A)—Bars, gymnasiums, lounges and the promenade decks of the liner President Wilson were jammed with refugees today.

Last-minute decisions to leave Comunist - threatened Shanghai scattered foreigners about the vessel. She is likely to be the last ship of her class to call at Shanghai for a long time. There were about 300 foreigners aboard when she sailed.

The evacuees were of all ages and color. There were Americans, Germans, Russians and Chinese. There were infants in arms, old men, young women and elderly ladies.

Pets Also Taken

Some carried worn luggage, Others had new, apparently purchased at the last minute.

Dogs, cats, goldfish and other pets passed through Chinese customs men.

Many passengers carried their own luggage rather than pay the exorbitant prices asked by coolie porters for a 100-yard haul onto the ship.

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Churchill Sees World Merger

Hails Commonwealth Accord as Step to Linking U. S. With United Europe.

London, April 28 (A. P.).—Winston Churchill today hailed the new British Commonwealth agreement as a possible step toward merging the United States with a united Europe.

"This I say to all my friends," the wartime Prime Minister told a cheering Commons, "it is the duty of us all to try our best to make this new expression of unity of our worldwide association of states and nations a practical and lasting success. I feel the tides of the world are favorable to our voyage."

He said the world might see coming into view an even larger snythesis of state and nations, comprising both the United States of America and a united Europe. Such an association, he continued, might bring to "a harassed and struggling humanity real security and freedom for hearth and home."

Hails Decision.

Commenting on India's decision to remain in the commonwealth as a sovereign republic, he said, "I cannot feel that either the majesty of the crown or the personal dignity of the King is impaired by the conditions under which India remains in the commonwealth."

In New Delhi, however, the commonwealth agreement was denounced by the All-India Hindu Mahasabha, nationalistic organization whose membership included the assassin of Mohandas K. Gandhi. A spokesman said the conference "represents a signal triumph of British diplomacy" and has cost India her status of

"unrestricted independence."
India will continue as a full member of the commonwealth. She accepts the King as the symbol of the free association it embodies and as its head, but George VI will not be monarch of India. An elected president will take the place of the King's Gov-

The other members—Britain, Canada, Australia, New Zealand, South Africa, Pakistan and Ceylon—continue as constitutional monarchies owing allegiance to the King.

ernor-general.

U. S. Link With United Europe

LONDON. (.P)—A merger of the United States with a united Europe was envisaged by Winston Churchill yesterday as a possible devalopment of the new British commonwealth agreement.

Such an association eventually might give "a harassed and struggling humanity real security and freedom for hearth and home," the Conservative party leader told the house of commons.

The new commonwealth agreement provides that India, which has decided to become a republic, will remain in the commonwealth by recognizing the British crown as the symbol of commonwealth unity. All the members—Britain, India. Canada. Australia, New Zealand, South Africa, Pakistan and Ceylon—are described as "free and equal members of the commonwealth of nations, freely co-operating in pursuit of peace, liberty and progress." The term "dominion" is dropped.

Churchill is an active advocate of European union.

The wartime prime minister told the house: "It is the duty of us all to try our best to make this new expression of unity of our worldwide association of states and nations a practical success. I feel the tides of the world are favorable to our voyage."

House members cheered. ADD

6 Powers Sign

London, April 28 (A)-Diplomats of six Western powers today signed an agreement setting up international control of Germany's rich Ruhr Valley.

At the same time, British Foreign Offices sources said Britain is optimistic that the Soviet blockade of Berlin will be lifted soon.

Russia, which would like very much to have a hand in the Ruhr control, was ignored in the new agreement, signed by representatives of the United States, Britain France. Belgium. the Netherlands and Luxembourg.

Strict Production Controls

If and when there is a four power conference on the future of Germany, as the Russians have asked as a price for lifting the Berlin blockade, the Ruhr undoubtedly would be high on the agenda.

The new agreement imposes strict controls on the mighty German industrial basin, bars it from producing war potential and orders it to produce for peace.

Reached last December after

weeks of negotiations in London the agreement bars Russia from the international control board Russia has protested.

Germans Get Three Votes

The six signatories were to an nounce late today the composition of the control board, to be known as the Ruhr Authority. The three big Western powers are to have three votes each on the board, the Benelux countries one each, and the Germans, when they have a government, three votes.

A Foreign Office spokesman said today that the American-Russian talks in New York have not yet reached a stage at which an agenda for a Four-Power meeting is being examined in detail.

However, it is obvious that the German peace settlement as a whole would be discussed in any meeting of the American, Russian, British and French foreign minis-

Western Allies Set Up Control Body for Ruhr

U. S., Britain, France and Benelux Nations Sign

Pact Creating Authority

LONDON, April 28 (A).-The Western powers set up today the authority which will control Germany's industrial Ruhr Valley.

Despite indications that the Soviet blockade of Berlin may be lifted and the way cleared for four-power talks on Germany's future, the Western nations went ahead with the signing of the Ruhr agreement. Russia was ignored in shaping this agreement. and has protested.

The instrument was signed by representatives of the United States, Britain, France and the Benelux nations-Belgium, the Netherlands and Luxemburg.

A British Foreign Office spokesman said the authority may hold its first meeting in May. By that time there may have been an agreement between the Soviet Union and the Western powers on a four-power meeting of Foreign Ministers. There is little doubt that Russia will insist, in that event, that the future of the Ruhr be placed on the agenda in any talk of a German settlement.

The new authority for the Ruhr provides a system of inspectiona form of industrial policing-to prevent the Ruhr from again becomine an industrial war machine such as supplied the German armies in two wars.

Germany will be given a place on the Ruhr authority once she has a "legal government." Germany then will have three votes on the control board, equal to the votes of each of the three big

4 CZECH FLYERS FLEE

London, April 28 (A. P.).-Four Czech airmen who served with the RAF during the recent war have fled to England with their wives and four children in a sto.en governmental plane. Two men-one of whom was on active service with the Czech Air Force—seized a military plane at a Prague field, flew near by, where they picked up the rest of the party, and extra gasoline supplies.

A guard who became suspicious during the loading tried to stop the take-off, but he was knocked out by the fugitives.

1,305 Prisoners Due Amnesty In Albania

London, April 28 (A)-Albania is about to amnesty 1.305 prisoners and cut the prison terms of 1.277 more, Tirana radio said today.

The broadcast said the Government decided on the move because of "the consolidation of the people's power" and because so many prisoners have shown no "danger ous manifestations.

Albania's population is only 1,100,000. The broadcast did not give its total prison population. but the mercy decree alone affects one Albanian in every 426. Figures for England and Wales show one Briton in 2,000 is in jail.

Italian Fascists Hold Masses For Mussolini

Anniversary of His Death Marked; Executioner **Questioned** in Chamber

ROME, April 28 (AP).-Masses were conducted in various Italian churches for Benito Mussolini today, the fourth anniversary of his death.

Members of an avowedly pro-Fascist party, the Italian Social Movement (M. S. I.), attacked an Associated Press photographer and destroyed his films after he took pictures of them leaving the service at the St Agostino Church in

The Italian news agency Astra described a memorial mass attended by 800 persons in southern Bari province:

A symbolical bier was placed before the altar. On it were an Italian flag and a plumed hat of the Bersaglieri, troops with which Mussolini once served.

Before the priest entered, one of the participants shouted "Duce!" In the mystical Fascist formula to commemorate the dead, another replied "Present."

Some of the women wept.

At the service's end, all gave the Fascist salute.

Walter Audisio, the Communist who shot Mussolini, was the target of a question filed in the Chamber of Deputies.

Giorgio Almirante, leader of the

M. S. I., and five other Deputies asked whether Mr. Audisio, who was known in the Communist underground as "Colonel Valerio," did not violate orders of Northern Italy's Committee of National Liberation in killing Mussolini. The leader of the Liberation Committee, which acted as a governing force during the Partisan insurrection, was quoted by the independent Rightist newspaper "Tempo" today as saying Mr. Audisio acted against orders.

Mr. Audisio denied it. He presented documents which he said showed that he acted for the committee.

8,000 Trieste Workers Strike

TRIESTE, April 28 (AP).-Eight thousand city and provincial employees struck today for higher wages, suspending all but essential services. Both Communist and anti-Communist labor unions are supporting the walkout. * 3/4

port. Frankfurt base of the lift.

In Hanover, the British confirmed that through German bus service between Hanover and Berlin has been resumed. For more than a year the blockade had forced passengers to leave busses at the frontier and walk to board others across the sector border.

Russ Envoy Quoted

The Berlin anti-Communist news-Sozialdemokrat quoted Soviet Ambassador V. S. Semionov as saying the blockade of Berlinhad failed with great loss of prestige to his country and German Communists. There was no confirmation of this quotation from any other source.

Although there was some tension. there were no clashes as the British seized control of the three canal locks in Wannsee, the big Berlin lake. The locks are located in the Spandau and Charlottenburg districts of the British sector. They represent the only connecting link for barges between eastern Berlin and the Soviet occupation zone territory west of Berlin.

Value Of Canals

Despite the blockade, the British never interfered with Soviet

Berlin Relations Affected By Two Incidents

Berlin, April 28 (A)-Two incidents jarred delicate Western-Soviet relations here today while high-level efforts continued toward an agreement to end the Soviet blockade of Berlin.

Armed British military police seized control of three canal locks in the British sector to keep their barge traffic, bearing airlift sup-

plies, from being impeded by the Russians.

Scheduled air-to-ground firing by Soviet Yak fighters in the Berlin airlift corridor brought a joint oral protest from the Americans, British and French. Previous protests against such firing invariably have been ignored by the Russians since the beginning of the airlift last

Cost Of Airlift

United States Air Force headquarters in Frankfurt announced that the United States spent \$149.-664,200 for the first ten months of airlift operations to beat the blockade. American and British airlift planes flew almost 180,000 flights and carried 1,427,893 tons of supplies into Berlin up to April 26.

Despite the possibility that the blockade might be ended, ground was broken for an aditional 7.000foot runway at the Rhein Main Airbarges in their sector. The current value of the locks to the Russians is a short cut through Allied areas, and to the Allies as a means of helping distribute airlift supplies.

Sozialdemokrat said it learned nected with the Socialist Unity about the blockade.

A "Miscalculation"

"Western powers," the newspasucceeded in supplying Berlin with sector, despite the Russian blockblockade. It was a miscalculation to' ern allies have used barges on their

"This means a great loss of prestige for both the Russians and the Socialist Unity party."

The newspaper asserted Semionov has told some German Communists that Russia has "no other choice" than to lift the blockade and that he expects instructions very soon to lift it.

Communists Needled

meanwhile blossomed out with editorials telling the German people that if the Soviets lift their blockade it would not indicate they had been outgeneraled.

The anti-Communist press had needled the Communists about the new overtures and with taunts that the Russian blockade was a failure.

Soviets Plan

Berlin (A) - The Russians and British girded last night for a showdown at dawn on a blockade issue newly raised by the Russians -barge traffic on canals through the British sector.

The Soviet motive was obscure, particularly in view of the Kremlin's informal offer this week to lift the blockade of Western Ber-

The Russians, continuing a maneuver launched unexpectedly 24 hours before, sent five officers to canal locks at three points inside the British sector with orders to stop all barges lacking Soviet registry. The officers wore sidearms.

Two armored cars backed up British military police guarding the locks, and reinforcements stood by for any eventuality when the barges start moving at daylight.

Tie Up At Night.

The barges tie up at night because of the danger of running afoul of war wreckage. The canals lace waterways in the Soviet zone west of Berlin with those of the Soviet zone to the east. The Rusfrom "well-informed sources con- sians claim control over all the canal system, just as they do over [German Communist] party" that Berlin's elevated railway system. Semionov had made the statements The Soviet officers entered with the announced purpose of "checking the locks."

The British never have interper quoted him as saying, "have fered with Soviet barges in their all needed goods despite the ade of Western Berlin. The westassume the blockade would force sections of the waterways for movthe Western powers to leave Ber- ing airlift supplies to conserve truck fuel, but could get along without them. They could cripple the Russians' overburdened transport system by just ordering all barges stopped in the western sec-

The Russians made their first attempt to stop the movement of British barges Wednesday. The British lodged a protest and the order was rescinded. Then, with-Russian - controlled newspapers out explanation, the Russians reinstituted the order and sent in the force of five officers yesterday. Barge traffic was stopped for a time yesterday afternoon but, after another complaint, it was resumed. To some observers, it seemed the Russians were just testing allied

The Russians insisted they would cut off traffic in the morning. Three men were posted at the lock building in Charlottenburg and one each in Ploetzensee and Spandau. The Russians halted all their own barges.

A small number of Russian tugs went through the locks shortly before they were closed for the night. A drop in black market prices. however, reflected Berliners' hope Hitler Aide Held in Lueneburg HAMBURG, Germany, April 28

name in a hosp tal at Gifhorn, the

Premier Husni Zayim, on Tuesday, (AP)-German police in Lueneburg closed the frontier and called adsaid today they had arrested Wilditional troops to the colors. He spoke a militant "No" to the helm Scheppmann, whom they dreams of Abdullah and Irag's identified as the man who ran King Feisal to annex Syria. private army of brownshirts for Hitler until the end of the war. Scheppmann, long sought, was found working under an assumed

At the same time, Lebanon Premier Riad el Solh was reported busy trying to smooth the tense relations between Syria and her neighbors.

In an apparent open challenge

to King Abdullah of Trans-Jordan,

Economic Blow

Sohl has been invited to visit both Baghdad and Amman. He is engaged in lengthy telephone communication with the rulers of Syria. Iraq and Trans-Jordan.

Meanwhile, Syrla has modified her border-closing provisions and is permitting private vehicles to cross between Syria and Trans-Jordan. Trucks are prohibited. This is a severe economic blow to Trans-Jordan, whose only readily acces-

sible sea outlet, Beirut, is reached through Syria.

In Beirut, it was reported Abdullah had about 3,000 troops concen trated at Ramtha near the Syrian line. At Mafrak, 50 miles to the south, more than 10,000 Iraqui soldiers were encamped.

Bloodless Coup

[Abdullah wants Syria to become a part of "Greater Syria" under his rule. Iraq wants a federation of Arab states under her King Feisal Zayim, who seized power recently in a bloodless coup, entertains neither plan and has said Syria will fight for independence.]

There was intense activity at Derra, which will Be Syria's first defense line. A second line is established at Sheikh Maskin, 12 miles north

A correspondent at the frontier reported: "I've seen thousands of Syrian soldiers at Sheikh Maskin. digging trenches along a vast area. Numerous heavy guns and tanks are scattered about."

On the other side of the border. at Ramtha, no unusual activity was noted among Abdullah's Arab Legionnaires

9 Germans Try to Sell 'Atom Ore' for 3 Million

American army agents reported last night arrest of nine Germans who they said tried to sell four and a half pounds of uranium ore for 10,000,000 Deutschesmarks (\$3,000.-

An army spokesman said the Germans were interested mainly in the money end of the deal and there was no indication how they arrived at the value placed on the ore. Pure uranium is extracted from such ore in the manufacture of the atom bomb

The Frankfurter Neue Press said the Germans offered to sell the ore to army agents who posed as purchasers. The Germans believed the would-be purchasers intended to smuggle the ore into the Soviet occupation zone, the newspaper said.

The Germans were carrying the ore wrapped in a newspaper. The

army agents said it had been tested in laboratories and was found to be radioactive.

The agents said they had not learned where the Germans obtained the mineral. One agent said it may have come from a wartime stockpile from which German scientists had hoped to extract refined uranium to make an atom bomb.

The uranium was described as a brick of ore, about five inches long, rusty colored with yelolw and black spots.

Army agents worked on the case about six weeks before making arrests April 22 in Darmstadt near Frankfurt. They refused to say how they got their first tip.

All nine Germans were charged with violating an American military government ordinance banning possession and sale of war materials. They will be tried in a U. S. military government court.

Poland Plans Jury Trial Right WARSAW, April 28 (A)-The Polish Parliament adopted today legislation establishing the right to trial by jury. Since the end of the war trials usually have been held before three-judge tribunals, without a jury. Parliament also approved formation of a new Ministry of Building to spur a sixyear construction program.

Greek Army Captures Peak

Has 186 Casualties in Battle for Mt. Pyrgos, Near Albanian Border

ATHENS, April 28 (AP). - Government forces suffered 186 casualt's to capture a strategic height near the Albanian border from Communist-led rebels, a communique said today. Twenty-five of the 186 were killed and 161 wounded in the fighting for 4.200foot Mt. Pyrgos, less than five miles from Albania.

The communique also said a group of Greek Communists and Albanian soldiers" clashed with government forces inside the Greek border and were driven over into

BERLIN-ADD -OMALLEY SOVIETS PLAN CLOSE CANAL X X X BERLINERS HOPE

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the whole blockade may end soon. Coffee fell two marks (nominally 60 cents) a pound. Chocolate bars dropped half a mark and there were similar listings in other commodities.

British officials at the locks speculated that there had been a misunderstanding of an order in the Soviet command.

Corge W. Fletcher, transportation officer of the British control commission, said "The Russians have given us no reason.'

"Decisions will have to be made in higher quarters," he said. "But we have enough troops here and standing by to cover everything. We have been instructed to avoid bloodshed and to avoid trouble. I must say the Russians are astonishingly mild in their attitude. I was astonished at their politeness. We will see what happens if they try to stop traffic in the morning."

Lanky British soldiers and the stocky Russians confronted each

Meanwhile, the allied airlift carried 9,041 tons of supplies to Western Berlin in the 24-hour period ended at noon yesterday, for its third highest daily tonnage on rec-

The U. S. Air Force announced the United States spent \$149.664.200 for the first ten months of the operation. American and British planes combined flew almost 180,-000 flights and carried 1,427,893 tons of food, coal and other supplies to Berlin in the period from June 28, 1948, to April 26.

Despite the possibility the blockac may be lifted, ground was broken for an additional 7,000-foot runway at the Frankfurt base of the airlift.

The British said a through German bus service between the British zone city of Hannover and Berlin has been resumed. For months. the blockade had forced passengers to leave busses at the frontier in Helmstedt, and walk over and board others across the bor-

Beirut, Lebanon (A) - Syrian troops were reported digging in opposite the Trans-Jordan frontier yesterday, emphasizing tense relations between the Arab governments in Damascus and Amman.

A dispatch from the Syrian frontier town of Deraa (Nagati) said one defense line had been based upon Deraa and a second at Sheik Maskin, 12 miles to the north.

"Thousands of Syrian soldiers are fortifying the border," the correspondent wrote. "Reinforcements are continually arriving.

"I have seen thousands of Syrian soldiers at Sheik Maskin digging trenches along a vast area, with numerous heavy guns and tanks scattered about."

About 3,000 Trans-Jordan Arab legionnaires are encamped on the other side of the border at Ramtha. No unusual activity was noted

Premier Riad el Solh of Lebanon assumed the role of peacemaker. He sought to smooth the difficulties between Syria and both Trans-Jordan and Iraq, whose kings are members of the Hashimite family. He engaged in long telephone conversations with each of the three

Spercesmen for Syria, whose government was taken over by Brig. Husni Zayim in a military coup March 30, said the attitude of Trans-Jordan and Iraq was un-

Zayim, now Syria's premier and defense minister, denounced Trans-Jordan and Iraq this week for proposing eventual absorption of Syria, called about 20,000 new soldiers to the colors and closed the border between Syria and Trans-Jordan.

The border closing order was modified after 24 hours. Private cars were permitted to pass. Trucks, however, were prohibited This was an economic blow to Trans-Jordan, whose only readily accessible Mediterranean outlet Beirut, is reached through Syria.

The former emperor came head a regime sponsored by the French, who hope to end the civil

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war in this colony. The French-sponsored Viet-Nam state is opposed by the Viet-Minh Nationalists under Ho Chih Minh. a Communist. The Nationalists have been fighting the French for

"Future Full Of Promise"

"The future is full of promise," Bao Dai said. "I'll wait in Dalat for the ratification by the French Parliament of the vote passed by the Cochin-China Territorial Assembly approving unification of the Viet-

"Meanwhile, we will study the reform which the Viet-Nam needs."

Bao Dai was accompanied by Nguyen Xuan, president of the French-backed Central Government, and Tran Ven Huu, president of the South Viet-Nam.

Three Provinces Uniting

The French have promised semindependence to a Viet-Nam state made up of three of Indo-China's five provinces, Annam, Tonkin and Cochin China, which the French plan to call the Viet-Nam Union.

It is not clear whether Hao Dai who was emperor only of Annam. would be called emperor of the new union or merely its chief of state.

The hurriedly elected Territorial Assembly of Cochin China has just approved the union, with a saving clause saying that if the union does not materialize as planned, the province would revert to its former status as a French colony.

The French National Assembly still must approve the union before Bao Dai is free to go ahead with his unification plans.

Syrian Troops Bolster Trans-Jordan Defense

Beirut Syria, April 28 (A)-Reinforcements of Syrian troops poured into Deraa on the Trans-Jordan border today and threw up extensive fortifications.

Arab States Quarreling

Ex-Emperor Bao Returns To Head Viet-Nam Union

Dalat, Indo-China, April 28 (AP)-Bao Dai, former emperor of Annam arrived here today from Singapore. in his first visit to his homeland in four years.

Burmese Bomb Karen Areas

Rangoon, Burma, April 28 (P)—Burmese Government planes today bombed 80 miles of rebel territory east of Rangoon in an attempt to halt the advance of Karen rebels.

Meanwhile, to the north of Rangoon, the Karen tribesmen were fighting to force a breakthrough and reinforce their garrison at Insein, 10 miles from the Burma capital.

Government defense forces concentrated on the east coast in an effort to hold Moulmein, principal southeast coast port, and restore rail and road connections with Rangoon.

Bombs were dropped from Sittang, a town on the Sittang River, to the east coast rail town of Martaban, Government reports said.

The Karens were reported to have seized part of the railway between Sittang and Martaban, establishing roadblocks on the highway.

Bao Dai Back in Annam For Pro-French Regime

DALAT, French Indo-China, April 28 (P).—Former Emperor Bao Dai of Annam returned to his country today, after four years in exile, to head a Viet Nam Union sponsored by the French.

The French hope his regime will be able to end the fight for independence waged for three years by the Viet Namese nationalists under Ho Chih Minh, who call Bao Dai a traitor. Bao Dai abdicated after demands for freedom from

French rule developed among the people in 1945.

The French have promised semiindependence to the Viet Nam Union, tentatively proposed to include Annam, Tonkin and Cochin-China, three of Indo-China's five provinces. Just when the new regime will be set up is a question.

In African Community

Nairobi, Kenya, April 28 (P)— The Government today imposed special police powers, including press censorship, and banned two native political groups blamed for Tuesday's demonstration at the palace of their king.

The ban applies to the Bataka party, which s refuted to have a Communist tieup, and the African

Farmers Union.

Five thousand subjects of Edward Mutesa II. King of Ubanga, rioted at his palace Tuesday until steel-helmeted police dispersed them.

The trouble was attributed to young educated Africans, strongly anti-European in their beliefs.

Soviets Acting In Good Faith, President Says

Capital Believes Crisis in Berlin Nearing Solution

BY JOHN M. HIGHTOWER WASHINGTON. (A) — President Truman buoyed hopes yesterday for an early end to the east-west deadlock over Berlin, saying he believes the Soviets are acting in good faith in nego-

tiations to lift the blockade.

He told a news conference he thinks the situation is encourag-

Altho the president did not go beyond those terse comments they contributed to a growing feeling of confidence here that the thorny Berlin crisis is rapidly nearing a solution.

Ruhr Control Set Up

Diplomatic authorities, however, interpreted Mr. Truman's remarks as basis for optimism only in regard to the blockade dispute. They indicated that if and when an agreement is worked out to lift the year-old transport carrier from the German capital it will then throw open the broader problems of Germany's future for consideration of the big four foreign ministers council.

As the western powers waited for Moscow to make the next move on the Berlin question, these were other developments:

1. Diplomats of six western nations signed an agreement in London setting up international control of Germany's rich Ruhr Valley where its prized industries are centered. Russia, which wants a hand in the Ruhr control, was ignored in the new pact signed by representatives of the United States, Brit-

ain, France, Belgium, The Netherlands and Luxembourg.

AUSTIN TESTIFIES

2. Warren Austin, chief U. S. delegate to the United Nations, told the senate for an relations commit-

tee that the North Atlantic defense pact is needed because Russia has "brazenly" violated its pledges to refrain from use of threats and force against other countries.

3. An Associated Press dispatch from Moscow said diplomats there considered Russia and the western powers have made a start toward a new stage of mutual relations in their negotiations over Berlin.

4. A new incident in Berlin added fresh strain to the delicate east-west relations as the Russians threatened to halt barge traffic from the British sector. Both the Russians and British posted armed guards at three canal locks awaiting a dawn showdown when the barges are due to start moving again. The Russian guards were under orders not to allow any vessels thru which do not have Soviet registry.

PROTEST FIRING

5. British and French officials in Berlin joined with Americans in protesting scheduled air-to-ground firing by Soviet fighter planes in the airlift corridor. Previous protests, however, have been ignored by the Russians.

There seems to be little doubt among state department officials that the Russians already have decided to end the blockade and are merely negotiating to find a face-

saving way of doing so—and with the hope they can gain some advantage for themselves in the process.

In these negotiations, diplomats agree fully with Mr. Truman's estimate that the Soviets are acting in good faith.

However only the expected foreign ministers' meeting on greater issues involving the fate of all Germany can disclose whether there is any basic new desire on the part of Moscow to get along with the west.

On this point top diplomatic officials here are keeping their fingers tightly crossed.

JESSUP REPORTS

American Ambassador Phillip Jessup, who has been handling Berlin negotiations for the United States, reported to Secretary of State Acheson yesterday morning on his meeting in New York Wednesday with Soviet Deputy Foreign Ministers Jakob A. Malik and Andrei Gromyko.

It was understood that Jessup told Acheson that Malik had referred to Moscow the request of the United States, Britain and France for an exact and official statement of the terms on which the Russians are willing to end the Berlin restrictions. Russia's reply, therefore, is the next move and western capitals are marking time waiting for this.

TRUMAN ENDORSES WORLD TRADE BODY

Asks Congress to Authorize
U. S. Membership in Unit
Set Up Under UNICA

WASHINGTON, April 28 (P)—President Truman asked Congress today to authorize United States membership in the International Trade Organization.

He called it "an essential forward step in our foreign policy."

Mr. Truman submitted to the Senate and House the charter for an international trade organization prepared by a conference of the United Nations in Havana in 1948. He said it was designed:

To establish "a code of international conduct to guide nations in dealing with the fundamental problems of world trade."

To create an agency, within the framework of the United Nations, "to help implement this code."

Under the charter, the President said, member nations "commit themselves to abide by fair and liberal principles of trade."

He added in a statement that "we have learned through bitter experience how necessary it is for nations to approach jointly the task of improving the conditions of world trade."

The 800-word message to Congress said that the United States' reciprocal trade agreements program had paved the way for cooperative action and that this program should be extended "in full force."

"But it is clear that trade agreements alone are not enough," the President went on. "These agreements do not touch certain important obstacles to the expansion of world trade.

"Subsidies, cartels, and many other devices have important ef-

fects in limiting trade or creating disadvantages for one country as compared with another. What is needed is cooperative action to attack the whole range of obstacles that stand in the way of broadening international trade.

Marine Corps Here to Stay, Fears Quieted

WASHINGTON. (A) — President Truman sought to chase away the marine corps' two-year nightmare yesterday; he said there is no foundation for fears that the corps might be eliminated.

Then the senate armed services committee joined in with a tentative vote to bar any actual merger of the armed forces.

The Secretary of Defense Johnson said there is no move afoot in the national military establishment to transfer marine and naval aviation to the air force. It couldn't be done under present law, anyway, he noted.

President Truman, touching on several defense topics at his news conference, said that Curtis E. Calder, New York utilities executive, is the man he wants as secretary of the army. Kenneth C. Royall stepped out of the post Wednesday night. Mr. Truman termed Calder very capable. Calder said he hadn't accepted.

There were reports that another Pentagon post, that of secretary of the navy left vacant by the angry resignation of John L. Sullivan, will go to Jonathan Daniels, editor of the Releigh, N. C., News and Observer. Mr. Truman said that Daniels is under consideration for the appointment and close friends of Daniels said he is expected to accept the place within a few days. They said it has been offered to him.

The senate armed services committee decided to hold no investigation or hearings at this time on the junking of navy plans for a big bomber supercarrier. This step by Secretary of Defense Johnson was what prompted Sullivan to step out.

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U.S. Must Give Arms to Allies, Johnson Avers

WASHINGTON. (A) — Secretary of Defense Johnson told congress yesterday that unless it supplies arms to back up the Atlantic pact this country will have to pay an "inordinate price" if war comes.

"We must be prepared to counter foreseeable threats," he said in urging ratification of the 12-nation security alliance and approval of a \$1,130,000,000 military aid program.

Johnson told the senate foreign relations committee that the treaty itself "cannot be safely relied upon" to attain its peace objectives.

Pledges Violated

"Unless its terms are vigorously implemented, its force for peace will be vitiated," he said, adding:

"If there should be war, we would have to pay an inordinate price for our failure to implement

The defense chief thus summed up the views of the national military establishment on the 20-year mutual aid agreement between the United States and Canada and 10 Western European nations.

His testimony came after Warren Austin, chief U. S. delegate to the United Nations, declared that the Atlantic pact is needed because Russia has "brazenly" violated its pledges to refrain from use of threats and force against other countries.

"While most of the world was seeking to build a system of collective security in the United Nations," Austin said, "the Soviet Union sought security thru the discredited policy of territorial aggrandizement.'

The UN delegate added, however, that "the balance is swinging toward the forces favoring peaceful

Austin declared that the Atlantic pact "can lift the cause of peace above any level yet attained.'

While Johnson strongly advocated arms for Western Europe, he said flatly that the cost cannot be financed out of this country's own military budget of \$15,000,000,000 "without crippling it to the point of imperiling America."

Austin For Pact; Russ See They Are Losing'

Washington, April 28 (AP)-Warren R. Austin, chief United States delegate to the United Nations, told Senators today Russia is losing the "cold war" and Soviet rulers are begining to find it out.

Austin coupled a bitter attack on

Russia with a plea for Senate approval of the North Atlantic treaty

The former Vermont senator told the Senate Foreign Relations Committee that the pact would promote United Nations efforts to keep the peace and "increase its ability to remove causes of war."

Russ "Threats Cripple U.N.

Austin accused the Soviets of "brazenly" violating United Nations Charter pledges to refrain from use of threats and force against other countries. He said this "deliberate policy of obstruction" had cirppled the United Nations and hampered work on peace treaties.

"While most of the world was seeking to build a system of collective security in the United Nations," he said, "the Soviet Union sought security through the discredited policy of territorial aggrandizement. This feudalistic concept of security threw its black mantle over country after country in eastern Europe.'

Kremlin Facing "Swing"

But, he said, the Soviets are running into growing opposition of the non-Communist world and the balance is swinging toward the forces favoring peaceful prog-

Realization of this, he continued. is reaching into "the isolation which the ruling class of the Soviet Union has created for itself behind the walls of the Kremlin.'

While Austin was testifying. President Truman told a news conference he intends to send to Congress soon the Administration's detailed plan for the \$1,450,000,000 arms aid.

Some Say Acheson Miscued

The arms program came under close scrutiny yesterday when Secretary of State Acheson appeared before the committee to lead off the Administration's fight for approval of the Atlantic pact.

Mr. Truman said he indorsed Acheson's testimony, But some Senators said they thought part of Acheson's statements might have cost the treaty some support.

These senators singled out Acheson's remark that a vote for the pact would indorse the Administration's position that this country 'can and should provide assistance to the other pact countries." Acheson was being questioned about

the arms plan at the time.

Sees Gain For Peace

Austin told the committee the North Atlantic Treaty would never have come into existence if there had not been a need for it.

"If the North Atlantic Treaty is operated according to the letter and spirit, both of the (United Nations) Charter and of the Treaty," he said, "it can lift the cause of peace above any level yet attained.

The voting within the United Nations, Austin added, is becoming more positive in opposition to the Soviet. He added that fewer delegates are abstaining from voting and majorities for the Western nations are larger.

"We are now witnessing in the United Nations," he said, "the unity that is progressively making aggression and obstruction less attractive and less feasible. . . .

Sums Up Progress

"The Soviet rulers have seen that we cannot be driven out of Berlin and they are learning that the European recovery program cannot be defeated, that free nations will no longer permit themselves to be submerged one by one, that the Charter of the United Nations means what is says, and that the overwhelming majority of the nations are determined to uphold and defend it.

"While this process continues, we hopefully keep open the door to co

Senator Taft of Ohio, chairman of the GOP policy committee, said he regards Acheson's testimony as having linked the pact "insepar-

ably" to the proposed \$1,450,000,000 foreign arms program,

On Fence Now, Taft Says

"I'm against furnishing arms now," Taft said, "I want to support the pact, but Acheson has linked it inseparably to the military program. I don't know what my final decision on the pact will be.

Similarly, Senator Edwin C Johnson (D., Col.) said that "it they link the two proposals together, as Acheson seems to have done, I'll be against them both."

Senator Byrd (D., Va.), who had asked Acheson in a letter if a Senator could vote for the pact without committing himself on the arms issue, said he isn't satisfied with the answers Acheson gave be-fore the committee yesterday.

United States ratification of the treaty requires the approval of two thirds of the voting Senators.

Secrets' Found

In Copion Purse Planted by FBI

Messages Used As Bait to Trap Former G-Girl

WASHINGTON. (AP) - The government said yesterday that notes from a "planted" FBI report-a deliberate fake-were found in the purse of 27-yearold Judith Coplon when she was seized with her alleged Russian sweetheart last March 4.

Miss Coplon, a former justice department employe, is on trial for espionage conspiracy. If convicted, she would face a maximum sentence of 26 years in prison and \$24,000 fine.

'Never Meant Harm'

Assistant Attorney General Raymond P. Whearty told the jury in federal court that the memorandum used as bait to trap Miss Coplon was prepared by FBI Director J. Edgar Hoover.

In contrast to the government picture of Miss Coplon as a person who carried a pursefull of U. S. secrets to clandestine meetings with a Russian, Defense Attorney Archibald Palmer insisted she never meant to harm her country.

He said she was in love with the Russian, Valentine A. Gubitchev, 32, former United Nations employe. The defense counsel denounced the FBI for "an outrageous attempt to

Whearty also declared that Miss Coplon protested bitterly when her duties at the justice department were changed so that she no longer was assigned to analyze the FBI's internal security reports. These dealt with the operations of foreign agents in this country and the FBI's counter-espionage moves.

"She said she regarded it as a reflection on her ability and integrity and insisted upon being allowed to see all internal security reports and all information regarding embassies, consulates and their personnel," Whearty said.

"She was shown some of these reports."

Whearty's disclosures in his opening statement came after Judge Albert L. Reeves rejected four separate bids to scuttle the government's

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Carrier, Sullivan **Probes Put Off** For Present

Washington, April 28 (AP)-The Senate Armed Services Committee today decided against making any inquiry now into the halting of work on the Navy's super-aircraft carrier and the protest resignation of Navy Secretary Sullivan.

Chairman Tydings (D., Md.) said the decision was unanimous and stands for the "time being" at least. He added that it came after "some discussion' 'at a closed meeting called to work out final details of legislation to tighten anification of the armed services.

As part of the new law, Tydings said the committee agreed to put in a clause prohibiting the transfer of personnel from one service to another.

Allays Fears

This is aimed, he explained, at allaying fears that the Marines might be eliminated o rthat the navy's air arm might be shifted to the Air Force.

Sullivan had expressed apprehension that the Marines might be abolished and he stepped down as navy chief earlier this week in protest against the junking of plans for the carrier.

Both President Truman and Secretary of Defense Johnson, however, said earlier today that such fears are groundless.

One other change in the bill would mean a \$1,000-a-year pay cut for the Secretaries of Army, Navy and Air Force. The pay now is \$15,000 a year.

Tentative Scale

Tydings said the tentative scale would retain \$15,000 a year for the Secretary of Defense and give a proposed "Deputy Secretary of Defense" \$14,500.

He said the committee was "prety close to agreement" on the whole bill although it may take another ten days to draft one section. This is one that would give the Defense Secretary broad power and control over spending and budgets of the three services.

Tydings said the question of an inquiry into the Sullivan resignation and the carrier controversy was brought up by Senator Bridges (R., N.H.), who had said in advance that he wanted a "full discussion" of the matter.

Was Against Inquiry
After "some discussion," Tydings said, the committee was, "unanimous in reaching the conclusion that for the present no hearings or investigation of either circum-

stance will be undertaken.' Reporters wanted to know if that meant both matters are closed incidents.

"So described for the time being," he replied.

Tydings had been against making an inquiry.

2-Year-Old Girl Is China War Refugee

cheeks streaked with tears, 2-yearold Adrianne Pinder arrived last night by plane from war-beleaguered Shanghai.

The daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Alwyne Pinder, who remained in China, the young evacuee was sent here to Pinder's uncle and aunt. Mr. and Mrs. Albert Grosse, of Seattle.

Cried For Amah

She twisted in the arms of her military escort, Major Richard J.

Wade, of District Heights, Md. then lunged for Mrs. Ruby Chow. owner of a Chinese restaurant here. Her tears started to disappear as Mrs. Chow talked to her.

Adrianne knows only a few words of Chinese and speaks no English. On her 33-hour plane trip, she cried for her mother and for her amah, or Chinese nurse.

Mobs "Terrific" The Grosses said they intended to take care of the girl, unless it was decided for her to join her

grandmother, Mrs. Delle Trenholm, in New York city. They said they understood Mrs. Trenholm had been ill, but that she might come west shortly.

Wade said he took the child under his wing at the request of her father. He said there was no difficulty except, while en route to the Shanghai Airport, jammed with refugees.

"The mobs were terrific," he

Plot To Sink Liner In Saigon River Fails

Boston, April 28 (A) Two at tempts to sink the Isthmian liner S.S. Steel Admiral with land-detonated mines in the Saigon River in French Indo-China were reported when the vessel arrived here yes-

Boatswain's Mate Norman Magili said the ship was rocked by a blast 30 to 40 feet off the starboard bow on February 23. The explosion was followed by another five seconds

The 8.000-ton freighter was carrying war-surplus material for the French Army in Indo-China.

Hull Escapes Damage

Members of the crew found no damage in the hull. The blast, however knocked out the steering engine, broke glassware and shook all aboard the ship.

Magill also reported that on March 16 a fire broke out in a pile of rags in the electrical shop while the vessel was docked in Singapore. The blaze was extinguished in a half hour.

The Steel Admiral docked here after a four and a half month cruise to the Far East.

ing itself particularly in the basic

"He said the basic industries were the railway express, the railways, the water front, including the longshoremen and the trucking or teamsters," she added.

Distributed Literature

Stating that her assigned job was "to concentrate on recruiting of longshoremen at Pier 84, Pier 86 and Pier 88," Miss Calomiris said it was her task to distribute Communist literature at the piers at 6 A.M. every morning.

"We were to try," she asserted.

to make appointments with them [water-front workers] to visit them at their homes so as to recruit members to the party."

Under crossexamination by Defense Attorney Louis F. McCabe. Miss Calomiris said her reports to the FBI numbered from 20 to 30 a month at time.

Not Interested In Gossip

She said she reported all activi ties in which she participated, but "we were not interested in gossip."

She was first contacted by the FBI in February or March, 1942. she said, and joined the party in the following April.

.The trial was adjourned until

developments in Russian-American

1. Signs that Russia is ready to relax the Berlin blockade and try to reach some agreement with the Western powers on that score. There was speculation without any confirmation that Sobolev had a hand in the new Soviet approach.

2. The arrest of Valentin A. Gubitchev, Russian employé of the United Nations, on charges of spying against the United States with Judith Coplon, an American Justice Department girl as his

3. Charges in the Foreign Ministry in Moscow which put Andrei Y. Vishinske in as Foreign Minister in place of V. M. Molotov, thus creating a vacancy in some of the ministry offices.

Sobolev's job in the Foreign Ministry was not definitely known here. He was the chief political adviser to Marshalf Zhukov in Berlin in early postwar days of fourpower occupation and has been assistant to Lie since 1946.

Russia Recalls Ranking great U.N. Executive

New York (A)-Russia's ranking man in the United Nations administration, Assistant Secretary-General Arkady A. Sobolev, resigned vesterday to rejoin the Soviet foreign ministry in Moscow.

This shift may be tied in some way to the Soviet moves toward settling the Berlin blockade quarrel with the United States, France and Britain.

Sobolev is regarded in some western circles as an advocate of closer relations with the western powers. He was known here as a jovial man with a keen wit and a sharp mind.

Secretary-General Trygve Lie announced the resignation, which had been expected since Sobolev suddenly went back to Moscow Jan. 21. Lie said the reason was ill health in Sobolev's family. His wife and son are reported ill.

After consulting with Soviet Foreign Minister Andrei A. Gromyko, Lie appointed Konstantin Zinchenko to succeed Sobolev. Zinchenko is a rising young diplomat in the Soviet service, having served as press chief for V. M. Molotov. He has been secretary-general of the Soviet delegation to the U.N.

Witness Tells Of Red Basic Industry Drive

Communist party opened a drive to enlist members from basic New York city industries last summer, a witness testified today at the conspiracy trial of eleven party leaders.

Miss Angela Calomiris, photographer, who spent seven years in Communist ranks as an FBI informant, said the campaign was aimed at basic industries, including railroad workers, railway express, longshoremen and teamsters.

Miss Calomiris testified she still was a member when she first ap peared on the stand last Tuesday.

Vacations Limited

She said a letter was sent to all Communist party branch organizers last May prohibiting them from taking more than three weeks' vacation without specific permis-

The letter, she testified, pointed out that "this summer is an election year" and all Communist organizations must work seven days a week.

At a convention of the New York county Communist party last summer, she said, a "Jim Tormey" declared that "the party was gear-

Top Russian Quits **U.N. Secretariat**

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New York, April 28 (A)-The top-ranking Russian in the United Nations secretariat, Arkady A. Soboley, resigned his job at Lake Success today to work for the Soviet Foreign Ministry in Moscow.

Trygve Lie, secretary-general, said the Russian resigned his United Nations post because of illness in his family in Moscow.

Lie announced also the appointment of Konstantin Zinchenko, secretary-general of the Soviet delegation to the United Nations, to take Sobolev's place as assistant seceretary-general in charge of Security Council affairs.

Approved By Moscow The appointment was approved by the Soviet Government.

There has been much mystery surrounding Sobolev's absence from his United Nations post since last January. But his absence coincided with these widely ranging

Molotov Still 'No. 2' Man In Soviet

New York, April 28 (AP) - Any doubts about the present position of V. M. Molotov in the Soviet hierarchy were dispelled today. He is still the top man under Prime Minister Stalin.

This can be reported with assurance. It also can be reported:

1. N. A. Voznesensky, deposed as head of the all-important Gosplan (state planning commission) and as a Deputy Prime Minister, has been removed from the ruling Politburo. He has not been replaced and the Politburo now is made up of Stalin and eleven others.

2. Lavrenti P. Beria ranks behind only Stalin and Molotov in Soviet prestige. As far as is known, Beria still is the man behind the Soviet secret police.

May Day Information

This information filters through Moscow censorship in this way There has been no announcement of the present makeup of the Politburo. However, Moscow is getting ready for its annual May Day celebration, and this always is reveal ing.

A dispatch from Moscow said this:

"Decorations for the May Day holiday began appearing in Moscow today. Red bunting and portraits of members of the Politburo. together with portraits of Lenin, went up on many buildings.

"Stalin and Lenin are in the center and on either side are pictures of officials.

The dispatch lists Molotov first, Beria. Voznesensky's name was not

That was all the information in this dispatch, but it tended to support hints Voznesensky has been dropped and Molotov's stature has been increased.

Molotov Relieved

Recently Molotov was relieved of duties as Foreign Minister, and Andrei Y. Vishinsky took his place. Molotov continued as a deputy Prime Minister. The general impression abroad was he had given up the foreign office job to permit himself to concentrate on more important tasks-possibly to prepare himself for the mantle of Stalin. J will be noted the dispatch on the portraits of the Soviet leader places Molotov and Beria on either side of Stalin. To protocol-minded Russians, this is significant.

Stalin Successor

Beria has been the subject of

speculation in the matter of a successor to Stalin. It was regarded as significant that the Soviet press heaped praise upon him on his fiftieth birthday.

Beria does not hold the title of minister of state security (head of the Soviet secret police). He dropped it in 1946, ostensibly to devote himself to other duties. However, there has been little doubt that he is the power behind it. Beria, like Stalin, is a Georgian.

Voznesensky had held one of the most important jobs in the Soviet Union. Under him was the program of planning economic development for the future. Into his office, from all parts of the Soviet Union. poured the data to be related to the five-year planning periods.

So far as is known, Voznesensky is the first to be dropped from the Pilitburo in more than ten years.

F.D.R., Jr., Urges U.N.'s Transformation

New York, April 28 (A)-Congressional candidate Franklin D. Roosevelt, Jr., said today primary goal of American foreign nelicy must be the transformation of the United Nations into a world rederal government."

The United Nations, he said, should have "authority to make world laws to prevent war and control armaments, with world courts to interpret the law and with inspection and police forces adequate to insure prompt enforcement."

Roosevelt is running as the nominee of New York state's Liberal party after being refused the Democratic nomination.

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Acheson Says German Settlement Must Fit In

any agreement reached with Russia solution." on general German problems will Acheson made his remarks in an ranged for Western Germany.

agreement is reached, the United to set up a new provisional state in States will vigorously support de- their Western Germany occupavelopment of the Western German tional zones, Acheson said they had program. This calls, among other from the start emphasized that things, for a democratic govern- their move in no way precluded an ment giving Germans much leeway eventual four-power agreement on in handling their own affairs.

The United States will again do "It did not mean that we had secretary declared.

munity."

assurance that in any discussions explained.

New York (A) - Secretary of about Germany, their government State Acheson said last night that will bear first in mind their "deep

have to protect "the basic safe- address prepared for the annual guards and benefits" already ar- dinner of the American Newspaper Publishers Association.

Acheson assured 45,000,000 West- After detailing the measures takern Germans that until such an en by the U.S., England and France Germany.

its utmost to reach a settlement if abandoned hope of a solution which four-power talks are renewed, the would be applicable to Germany as a whole," he said.

To the people of Europe, he said "It did mean that this governthis government will make no ment was not prepared to wait inagreement concerning Germany definitely for four-power agreement which does not "protect the secur- before endeavoring to restore ity interests of the European com- healthy and hopeful conditions in those areas of Germany in which To the American people, he gave its influence could be exerted," he

Text of Acheson's Speech to Publishers on Progress Among Allies on the German Problem

Following is the complete text of the address made by Secretary of State Dean Acheson at the twentyseventh annual dinner of the American Newspaper Publishers Association's Bureau of Advertising at the Waldorf-Astoria last night:

In considering a suitable subject for this occasion, I naturally supposed that the newspaper publishers of the nation would expect me to choose a topic having some news value. I, therefore, decided that it might be timely for me to speak on United States policy with respect to Germany. But I must confess that I did not then foresee just how prominently Germany would figure in the news at this precise time.

The conversations between Ambassador Jessup and Mr. Malik, which were reported in the statement issued a few days ago, constitute the latest development in a long and involved series of developments affecting Germany since the beginning of the occupation. I think you may be interested in the relation of these developments to the broad aspects of the German problem and the efforts of the United States government to deal with it.

Early this month I met with the Foreign Ministers of France and the United Kingdom for talks on Germany, the outcome of which we all regarded as momentous. It was not by mere coincidence that these agreements were initialed during the week the North Atlantic treaty was signed. That historic instrument marks a decisive step toward the creation of a community of democratic nations dedicated to the attainment of peace and determined to insure its preservation by all the material and moral means at their

Problem of Security

The German problem cannot be disassociated from the general problem of assuring security for the free nations. No approach to German problems can be adequate which deals only with Germany itself and ignores the question of its relationship to the other nations of Europe. The objectives of United States policy toward the German people are

interwoven with our interest in, and our policies toward, the other peoples of Europe. Here the basic considerations are the same whether they can extend to all of Germany or must be limited to Western Germany.

We have made clear our desire to aid the free people of Europe in their efforts toward recovery and reconstruction. We have made clear our policy to aid them in their efforts to establish a common structure of new economic and political relationships. To these ends, we are providing temporary economic assistance through the European Recovery Program and are proposing to participate with them in our common defense through the North Atlantic pact.

In this setting, it is the ultimate objective of the United States that the German people, or as large a part of them as possible, be integrated into a new common structure of the free peoples of Europe. We hope that the Germans will share in due time as equals in the obligations, the economic benefits and the security of the structure which has been begun by the free peoples of Europe.

We recognize that the form and pace of this development are predominantly matters for determination by the Europeans themselves. We also recognize that effective integration of the German people will depend upon reciprocal willingness and upon their belief in the long-range economic benefits and the greater security for all which will accrue from a joint effort.

For Democratic Germany

The maintenance of restrictions and controls over the German state, even for a protracted period, cannot alone guarantee the West against the possible revival of a German threat to the peace. In the long run, security can be insured only if there are set in motion in Germany those forces which will create a governmental system dedicated to upholding the basic human freedoms through democratic procedures.

These constructive forces can derive their strength only from the renewed vitality of the finer elements of the German cultural tradition. They can flourish only if the German economy can provide sustenance and hope for the German people. They can attain their greatest effectiveness only through a radically new reciprocal approach by the German people and the other peoples of Europe. This approach must be based on common understanding of the mutual benefits to be derived from the voluntary co-operative effort of the European community as a whole.

Through all of this effort, our basic aim with respect to the Germans themselves has been to help them make the indispensable adjustments to which I have just referred. We have tried to help them to find the way toward a reorganization of their national life which would permit them to make the great contribution to world progress which they are unquestionably capable of making. But it is important for us all to remember that no one but the Germans themselves can make this adjustment. Even the wisest occupation policy could not make it for them. It must stem from them. It must be a product of their own will and their own spirit. All that others can do is to help to provide the framework in which it may be made.

These are the conditions we consider essential for the long-

term solution of the German problem. The purpose of the Washington agreements, and of the other decisions taken by the Western powers, is to bring about these required conditions at the earliest practicable time. This has been the consistent purpose of the United States government.

Efforts at Settlement

This government made earnest efforts for two and a half years after the war to resolve the major issues arising from the defeat of Germany and to achieve a general settlement. During that period we participated in the four-power machinery for control of Germany established by international agreement in 1945.

By the end of 1947 it appeared that the Soviet Union was seeking to thwart any settle-

ment which did not concede virtual Soviet control over German economic and political life. This was confirmed in two futile meetings of the Council of Foreign Ministers in Moscow and London. It was emphasized in the Allied Control Authority in Berlin, where the Soviet veto power was exercised three times as often as by the three Western powers combined.

The resultant paralysis of inter-Allied policy and control created an intolerable situation. Germany became divided into disconnected administrative areas and was rapidly being reduced to a state of economic chaos, distress and despair. Disaster was averted primarily by American economic aid.

The German stalemate heightened the general European crisis. The European Recovery Program could not succeed without the raw materials and finished products which only a revived German economy could contribute.

By 1948 it became clear that the Western powers could no longer tolerate an impasse which made it impossible for them to discharge their responsibilities for the organization of German administration and for the degree of German economic recovery that was essential for the welfare of Europe as a whole. These powers determined to concert their policies for the area of Germany under their control, which embraced about two-thirds of the territory and three-fourths of the population of occupied Germany.

London Agreements

These common policies were embodied in the London agreements, announced on June 1, 1948. This joint program, I wish to emphasize, is in no sense a repudiation of our international commitments on Germany, embodied in the Potsdam protocol and other agreements. It represents a sincere effort to deal with existing realities in the spirit of the original Allied covenants pertaining to Germany.

The London agreements constitute a set of arrangements for the co-ordinated administration of Germany pending a

definitive peace settlement. The execution of this program, now in progress, should restore stability and confidence in Western Germany while protecting the vital interests of Germany's neighbors. It seeks to insure cooperation among the Western nations in the evolution of a policy which can and should lead to a peaceful and fruitful assocaition of Germany with Western Europe. It is a provisional settlement which in no way excludes the eventual achievement of arrangements applicable to all of Germany.

The London agreements establish a basic pattern for future action in the West. The bizonal area, formed by economic merger of the American and British zones in 1947, and the French zone were to be co-ordinated and eventually merged. The Western zones were to participate fully in the European Recovery Program. An international authority for the Ruhr was to be created to regulate the allocation of coal, coke and steel between home and foreign consumption, to insure equitable international access to Ruhr resources and safeguard against remilitarization of Ruhr indus-

The Germans were authorized to establish a provisional government, democratic and federal in character, based upon a constitution of German inception. It would be subject, in accordance with an occupation statute, to minimum supervision by the occupation authorities in the interest of the general security and of broad Allied purposes for Germany. Co-ordinated three-power control was to be established, with the virtual abolition of the zonal boundaries.

Military Security

Of exceptional importance were the guarantees of security against a German military revival, a point sometimes overlooked in present-day talk about the hazards inherent in rebuilding German economic and political life. The London agreements provided that there is to be consultation among the three occupying powers in the event of any threat of Germany military resurgence; that their

armed forces are to remain in Germany until the peace of Europe is secure; that a joint military security board should be created with powers of inspection to insure against both military and industrial rearrangement; that all agreed disarmament and demilitarization measures should be maintained in force; and that long-term demilitarization measures should be agreed upon prior to the end of the occupation. It should be observed that these

far-reaching safeguards are to accompany the more constructive aspects of the program and assure that the new powers and responsibilities assumed by the Germans may not be abused.

During the last ten months notable progress has been made in Western Germany which is apparent to all the world. An entirely new atmosphere of hope and creative activity has replaced the lethargy and despair of a year ago. Much of the London program is well on the way to realization. An agreement establishing the international authority for the Ruhr has been drafted and approved. The military security board has been established. The bizone and French zone are participating fully in the European Recovery Program. Agreements have been reached with respect to such difficult and controverted issues as the protection of foreign property rights in Germany, the revision of lists of plants scheduled for dismantling on reparations account, and determination of restricted and prohibited indus-

A short time ago we all felt that we should have a fresh look at the German problem. This was done in Washington, while Mr. Bevin and Mr. Shuman were there earlier this month. The genuine readiness of the participating governments to sacrifice special points of view to the common good has made it possible to reach a degree of accord far exceeding what could have been hoped for only a month or two ago.

"Harmony in Outlook"

There were three particularly important features about the

agreements on German policy which resulted from these conversations. The first was the striking harmony in essential outlook. The second was the removal of the obstacles to the fulfillment of the constructive London program which had developed through diverse Allied disagreements. Thirdly, the three governments acknowledged the need for the termination of military government and its replacement by a civilian Allied commission at the time of the establishment of the German federal republic. This last is a great step forward toward peace, in my opinion.

With respect to my first point, the harmony of view reached by the three governments on a common policy for Germany, you all know that matters of German policy have been, in the past, issues of great controversy. I suppose that it is a result of the depth of the historical background, the emotions and passions that have been aroused as a result of Germany's aggressive wars, and the inevitable importance attached to the course of German developments. It is therefore not strange that there should be distinct American, British and French views on Germany.

But I see in the successful outcome of our recent Washington talks the prospect that France, Great Britain and the United States are developing a common policy toward Germany based on mutual understanding and reasonableness. The continuation of this development of a common policy, which I am convinced will occur, and toward which I shall lend every effort, is an essential element in an enduring peace in central Europe.

The agreement in Washington on the text of an occupation statute has removed one of the major obstacles to the establishment of the German federal republic. The parliamentary council met at Bonn on Sept. 1, and has been working diligently to draft a basic law or provisional constitution for a federal German government. Since last December its leaders have requested the text of the occupation statute which had been promised to the parliamentary council before completion of its work.

Occupation Statute

The three occupying powers have been discussing the occupation statute since last August. In the course of these many months the draft occupation

statute had become a very heavy, complicated and legalistic document. The three foreign ministers approved the text of an occupation statute in a new and simpler form which was then transmitted to the German parliamentary council at Bonn. According to latest reports, all the controversial issues with respect to the basic law have been settled, all differences between the occupying powers and the Germans and among the Germans themselves have been resolved and a constitution is expected to be approved by the parliamentary council by May 15.

The establishment of a German government does not, and cannot at this time, mean the end of the occupation of Germany. If democratic self-government is to be introduced in Germany it must be given a chance to live. It cannot thrive if its powers are in question, or if it is subject to arbitrary intervention. The occupation statute defines the powers to be retained by the occupying authorities upon the basic procedures for the operation of Allied supervision.

The reserved powers have been retained in such fields as disarmament and demilitarization: controls in regard to the Ruhr. reparations, and decartelization: foreign affairs; displaced persons, security of Allied forces and representatives; control over foreign trade.

The key issue for the future will be the manner and extent to which the Allied authorities

exercise their powers. A practicable basis for co-operation between the Western Allies and the future federal Western government will have to be sought, through which the German people may exercise democratic selfgovernment under the statute.

Provision is made in the occupation statute for a review of its terms after a year in force.

Day-to-Day Freedom

In accordance with the statute, the action of the German Government authorities generally does not require affirmative Allied approval. This means that the day-to-day operations of the German government cannot be thwarted by the veto of one occupying power or by Allied disagreement. German government authorities will be at liberty to take administrative and legislation action, and such action will be valid if not disapproved by Allied authorities.

There is one important element in the Washington agree-

ments on the economic side that I want to stress because it is a good indication of our intent. As you know, this government has expended in Germany since the cessation of hostilities large sums of appropriated funds in order to feed the German people and support the German economy. These sums were carried in the Army budget. Since the commencement of economic cooperation aid, the bizonal area and the French zone have been receiving E. C. A. funds, and the military governors of the bizonal and the French zone concluded bilateral E. C. A. agreements with the United States government.

It has now been agreed that with the establishment of the German federal republic, funds provided by the United States government to the German economy will be made available through the Economic Co-operation Administration. The German federal republic would itself execute a bilateral E. C. A. agreement with the United States government, and would likewise become a party to the convention for European Economic Cooperation and participates as a full member in the organization for European Economic Co-operation.

The German economy has responded energetically to the currency reform of last June and to the recovery assistance already received. The German workshop is beginning again to

produce, for itself, for its Western European neighbors and for other co-operating countries. The Germans now, under the foreseen arrangements, will have an opportunity through their own government to become a responsible partner in the European Recovery Program.

End of Military Rule

The Washington agreements envisage at the time of the establishment of the German federal republic the termination of military government and its replacement by an Allied high commission of civilian character. Military functions will continue to be exercised by military commanders, but each of the Allied establishments in Germany, aside from occupation forces, will come under the direction of a high commissioner. The functions of the Allied authorities are to become mainly supervisory.

The three Foreign Ministers on April 8 sent a joint message of appreciation to their military governors for the pioneer work

they had done in Germany. This action was based upon moving tributes paid during our discussions to the devoted efforts of the military governors. We Americans take just and special pride in our military governor, General Clay. I believe firmly that history will record that the United States has been well served by him. It is in accordance with his views and the views of the National Military Establishment that we are looking forward to the transfer of the control agencies in Germany to civilian hands. This change is an interim measure, to be sure, but in the right direction, the direction of peace.

I know that this thought must be arising in your minds. at this stage. How long must we be satisfied with interim measures when the people of all countries desperately desire a genuine and lasting peace? Will the moves we are making in Western Germany contribute to a permanent settlement of the German problem? What are the possibilities of renewed fourpower talks on Germany? Has the possibility of such talks or the success of their outcome been prejudiced?

In the communique announcing the London agreements, released June 6, 1948, it was emphasized that the agreed recommendations in no way precluded, and on the contrary would facilitate, eventual four-power

agreement on the German problem. They were designed, it was stated, to solve the urgent political and economic problems arising out of the present situation in Germany.

"Hope of a Solution"

When this government embarked, together with its Western Allies, on the discussion of new arrangements for Western Germany, it did not mean that we had abandoned hope of a solution which would be applicable to Germany as a whole or that we were barring a resumption of discussions looking toward such a solution whenever it might appear that there was any chance of success. It did mean that this government was not prepared to wait indefinitely for four-power agreement before endeavoring to restore healthy and hopeful conditions in those areas of Germany in which its influence could be exerted.

Should it prove possible to arrange for renewed four-power discussions, this government will do its utmost, as it has in the past, to arrive at a settlement of what is plainly one of the most crucial problems in world affairs. There are certain principles. however, the observance of which is essential, in our view, to any

satisfactory solution of the German problem and which we shall have to keep firmly in mind in whatever the future may bring.

The people of Western Germany may rest assured that this government will agree to no general solution for Germany into which the basic safeguards and benefits of the existing Western German arrangements would not be absorbed. They may rest assured that until such a solution can be achieved, this government will continue to lend vigorous support to the development of the Western German

The people of Europe may rest assured that this government will agree to no arrangements concerning Germany which do not protect the security interests of the European community.

The people of the United States may rest assured that in any discussions relating to the future of Germany, this government will have foremost in mind their deep desire for a peaceful and orderly solution of these weighty problems which have been the heart of so many of our difficulties in the post-war pe-



A SPOKESMAN FOR THE BRITISH TRADE UNION CONGRESS SAID THE ANTI-COMMUNISTS PLAN A PROPAGANDA FIGHT AGAINST THE RED-DOMINATED WORLD FEDERATION OF TRADE UNIONS (WFTU), NOW THE LONE LABOR INTERNATIONAL.

THE WFTU HAS BEEN BUCKING THE EUROPEAN RECOVERY PROGRAM. AMERICAN, BRITISH AND DUTCH TRADE UNIONS WITHDREW FROM WFTU LAST JANUARY BECAUSE OF ITS COMMUNIST DOMINATION.

THE ANTI-COMMUNIST LABOR CHIEFS WILL MEET INFORMALLY IN GENEVA WHILE

THERE FOR THE ANNUAL SESSION OF THE INTERNATIONAL LABOR

ORGANIZATION (ILO), UNITED NATIONS-SPONSORED BODY WHICH COLLECTS DATA

OF INTEREST TO LABOR.

"THE GENEVA TALKS WILL BE LIMITED IN SCOPE BECAUSE LABOR OPRGANIZATIONS OF A NUMBER OF WESTERN EUROPEAN AND SOUTH AMERICAN COUNTRIES, WHICH PLAN TO WITHDRAW FROM THE WFTU AND JOIN THE NEW ORGANIZATION, HAVE NOT YET HELD THEIR ANNUAL MEETINGS FOR APPROVAL OF THE PROJECTED STEP, " HERBERT TRACEY, TUC'S PRESS OFFICER SAID.

"LATER IN THE YEAR A FULL SCALE MEETING WILL BE HELD, PROBABLY IN EUROPE, FORMALLY TO ORGANIZE THE NEW FEDERATION, WHICH WILL ACT AS A CLEARING HOUSE FOR ALL MATTERS OF INTEREST TO LABOR THROUGHOUT

THE WORLD," TRACEY SAID.

"BOTH THE AMERICAN CONGRESS OF INDUSTRIAL ORGANIZATIONS AND THE AMERICAN FEDERATION OF LABOR (AFL) ARE EXPECTED TO AFFILIATE WITH THE NEW ORGANIZATION." HE ADDED.

BJ1039AED

LONDON, APRIL 28-(AP)-ADMIRAL SIR PATRICK BRIND HURRIED BACK TO CHINA TODAY BY PLANE TO RESUME COMMAND OF THE

BRITISH PACIFIC FLEET.

BRIND CAME TO LONDON EARLY LAST WEEK TO ATTEND HIGH LEVEL NAVAL TALKS AT THE GREENWICH NAVAL COLLEGE. INSTEAD, HOWEVER, HE BECAME ONE OF THE PRINCIPAL ADVISERS OF THE FIRST SEA LORD, LORD FRASER, AFTER THE COMMUNISTS SHELLED FOUR BRITISH WARSHIPS ON THE YANGTZE.

IT WAS DECIDED EARLY THIS WEEK THAT HE SHOULD RETURN TO HIS POST IMMEDIATELY. HIS DEPUTY, VICE ADMIRAL ALEXANDER MADDEN, HAS BEEN

DEALING WITH THE YANGTZE INCIDENTS.

MEANWHILE, THE ADMIRALTY SAID THE 8,000 TON CRUISER JAMAICA HAS SAILED FROM WEST INDIAN WATERS TO REINFORCE THE FAR EASTERN FLEET. THE JAMAICA, HOWEVER, IS NOT DUE IN HONGKONG FOR ABOUT

TWO WEEKS.

AN ADMIRAL SPOKESMAN SAID IT HAD NOT ISSUED A DENIAL OF AN ASSOCIATED PRESS STORY THAT OTHER REINFORCEMENTS FOR THE FLEET, INCLUDING TWO AIRCRAFT CARRIERS, WOULD BE SENT OUT TO THE FAR EAST LATER. SUCH A DENIAL HAD BEEN PRINTED IN HONGKONG. AN AUTHORITATIVE GOVERNMENT SOURCE REAFFIRMED THAT UNDER PRESENT PLANS THE CARRIERS WOULD BE SENT. HE SAID THE ADMIRALTY HAS NOT YET DECIDED WHICH CARRIERS IT WILL SEND.

JS812AED

CHURCHILL SAID HE WAS "UNFEIGNEDLY GLAD THAT AN IMPASSABLE GULF HAS NOT OPENED BETWEEN THE NEW INDIA AND THE BRITISH EMPIRE AND COMMONWEALTH OF NATIONS, OR BETWEEN OUR FAMOUS PAST IN INDIA AND OUR ANXIOUS PRESENT ALL OVER THE WORLD."

GOVERNMENT CIRCLES IN NEW DELHI WELCOMED THE OUTCOME OF THE COMMONUEALTH CONFERENCE, CALLED AT THE REQUEST OF INDIAN PRIME MINISTER JAWAHARLAL NEHRU.

30.24- 2789

PARIS, APRIL 28-(AP)-U.S. AMBASSADOR JEFFERSON CAFFERY SAID TODAY THAT UNDER THE EUROPEAN RECOVERY PROGRAM FRENCH AGRICULTURAL AND IN-DUSTRIAL PRODUCTION ARE CLIMBING STEADILY.

IN A FAREWELL ADDRESS TO THE AMERICAN CLUB OF PARIS HE DECLARED: "THE FRENCH PEOPLE HAVE PROVED -- ARE PROVING EVERY DAY -- THAT OUR CONFI-

DENCE IN THEM WAS NOT MISPLACED."

CAFFERY IS RETURNING TO WASHINGTON FOR REASSIGNMENT. HE WILL BE REPLACED BY DAVID K. BRUCE, HEAD OF THE MARSHALL PLAN MISSION TO FRANCE. FH856AED

PARIS, FRIDAY, APRIL 29-(AP)-TEN AMERICANS LEFT PARIS EARLY TODAY EN ROUTE TO ISRAEL FOR A 16-DAY STUDY TOUR UNDER THE AUSPICES OF THE AMERICAN CHRISTIAN PALESTINE COMMITTEE.

AMONG THE GROUP WERE MARSHALL N. DANA. EDITOR OF THE PORTLAND, ORE., JOURNAL: SPENCER D. IRWIN, ASSOCIATE DIRECTOR OF THE CLEVELAND. OHIO. PLAIN DEALER; THOMAS C. POLLOCK, DEAN OF NEW YORK UNIVERSITY WASHINGTON SQUARE COLLEGE OF ARTS AND SCIENCE; MAYOR STANLEY CHURCH, NEW ROCHELLE, N.Y. RB1010PES

ROME, APRIL 28-(AP)-TODAY, THE FOURTH ANNIVERSARY OF BENITO MUSSO-LINI'S DEATH, MASSES WERE CONDUCTED FOR HIM IN VARIOUS CHURCHES IN ROME, AND IN THE CHAMBER OF DEPUTIES A DEMAND WAS MADE THAT THE DUCE'S SLAYER BE PLACED ON TRIAL.

AT ONE OF THE CHURCHES, SAINT AGOSTINO, A GROUP OF MEMBERS OF THE ITALIAN SOCIAL MOVEMENT (MSI), AN AVOWEDLY PRO-FASCIST PARTY, ATTACKED AN ASSOCIATED PRESS PHOTOGRAPHER, REMO NASSI, AND DESTROYED HIS FILMS AFTER HE HAD MADE PICTURES OF THEM LEAVING THE MASS.

THE REQUEST FOR THE TRIAL OF MUSSOLINI'S SLAYER WAS MADE BY DEPUTY GIORGIO ALMIRANTE, LEADER OF THE MSI. HE AND FIVE OTHER DEPUTIES DIRECTED THEIR DEMAND, IN THE FORM OF A QUESTION, TO THE

MINISTER OF JUSTICE AND ASKED A WRITTEN REPLY.

THE INQUIRY REFERRED TO AN ARTICLE IN TODAY'S INDEPENDENT RIGHTIST "TEMPO," IN WHICH THE LEADER OF THE COMMITTEE OF NATIONAL LIBERATION SAID THAT AUDISIO, BY EXECUTING MUSSOLINI, ACTED AGAINST ORDERS OF NORTHERN ITALY'S COMMITTEE OF NATIONAL LIBERATION. THE COMMITTEE ACTED AS THE GOVERNING FORCE DURING THE PARTISAN INSURRECTION.

AUDISIO -- KNOWN AS COLONEL VALERIO IN THE PARTISAN ORGANIZATION --DENIED THIS TODAY. HE BROUGHT DOCUMENTS TO THE CHAMBER TO SHOW THAT HE ACTED FOR THE COMMITTEE, WHICH AT THAT TIME INCLUDED ALL ITALIAN POLITICAL PARTIES REPRESENTED IN THE PARTISAN ORGANIZATION.

LISBON. PORTUGAL, APRIL 28-(AP)-MASS WAS CELEBRATED FOR THE SOUL OF BENITO MUSSOLINI TODAY IN LISBON'S ROMAN CATHOLIC MARTYR'S CHURCH. ON THE ANNIVERSARY OF MUSSOLINI'S DEATH AT THE HANDS OF ITALIAN

PARTISANS, THE PRIEST OF THE CHURCH, A PADRE CRESPO, SAID: "THIS MASS IS FOR THE SOUL OF BENITO MUSSOLINI, MARTYRED AND ASSASSINATED IN A DASTARDLY WAY. LET US PRAY TO GOD TO FORGIVE HIM

HIS SINS FOR THE BENEFITS HE BROUGHT TO THE CHURCH." THE MASS WAS SUPPORTED BY A GROUP OF PORTUGUESE PRO-FASCISTS. ONLY ABOUT 50 PERSONS WERE PRESENT. MOSTLY WOMEN FROM THE ITALIAN COLONY OF LISBON. IT WAS THE FIFTH SUCH MASS IN THE CHURCH SINCE MUSSOLINI'S DEATH.

WD527PED

GENEVA, SWITZERLAND, APRIL 28-(AP)-A PROPOSAL TO MAKE MANDATORY THE SETTING UP OF SECURITY ZONES FOR PROTECTION OF THE HELPLESS IN ANY NEW WAR WAS ATTACKED TODAY IN THE INTERNATIONAL CONFERENCE ON WAR CONVENTIONS.

A DRAFT ARTICLE IS BEFORE THE 60-NATION CONFERENCE WHICH WOULD ORDE SIGNATORY NATIONS TO CREATE SUCH ZONES. THE ARTICLE WOULD BE PART OF

A CONVENTION ON THE PROTECTION OF CIVILIANS IN WARTIME.

CANADA WANTED TO CHANGE THE ARTICLE, DRAWN UP AT THE STOCKHOLM INTERNATIONAL RED CROSS CONFERENCE LAST YEAR, FROM MANDATORY TO

THE DELEGATE OF THE SOVIET UNION EXPRESSED SURPRISE THAT THERE WAS A FEELING IN THE CONFERENCE AGAINST A MANDATORY CLAUSE CALLING FOR

CANADIAN DELEGATE MAX WERSHOF SAID CANADA DID NOT OPPOSE THE PRINCIPLES OF SAFETY ZONES, BUT "IT IS NOT WISE TO TREAT GOVERNMENTS LIKE SCHOOLCHILDREN AND TELL THEM IN INTERNATIONAL CONVENTIONS HOW TO PROTECT THEIR OWN POPULATIONS."

A BRITISH DELEGATE SAID MAKING SUCH A CLAUSE MANDATORY WOULD MEAN THE MOVING OF 10,000,000 PERSONS IN WARTIME IN BRITAIN.

WD545PED

BERLIN. APRIL 28-(AP)-GERMAN SELF-RULE IN BERLIN--WITH CERTAIN LITATIONS -- WAS RECOMMENDED TODAY BY THE ALLIED KOMMANDATURA. AMERICAN, BRITISH AND FRENCH COMMANDANTS AGREED ON PRINCIPLES LATING THE RELATIONSHIP OF BERLIN WITH THE ALLIES WHEN WESTERN GERMANY BDCOMES A REPUBLIC.

THE STATEMENT WILL NOT BE MADE PUBLIC UNTIL IT HAS BEEN CONSIDERED BY THE ALLIED MILITARY GOVERNORS OF GERMANY. BUT AN ANNOUNCEMENT SAID IT PROPOSED "GREATER SCOPE OF RESPONSIBILITY" FOR DEMOCRATICALLY CTED GERMAN OFFICIALS.

IT IS REPORTED THAT THE ALLIES WILL BE REPRESENTED HERE IN FUTUR BY CIVILIAN REGIONAL COMMISSIONERS, SIMILAR TO THOSE WHICH WILL.

ERVISE THE WESTERN REPUBLIC.

BERLIN--FIRST ADD FIRST LEAD GERMAN (A165) X X X X X X X

SUPPLIES. VV - Cronder.

RUSSIAN OFFICERS LATER THREATENED TO MAKE A NEW ATTEMPT TOMORROW TO BLOCK BRITISH BARGE TRAFFIC. BRITISH MILITARY POLICE, SUPPORTED BY TWO ARMORED CARS, WERE INSTRUCTED TO KEEP FIRM CONTROL. THREE SOVIET OFFICERS STATIONED THEMSELVES AT THE CHARLOTTENBURG LOCK AND ONE SOVIET OFFICER EACH WAS AT THE SPANDAU AND PLOETZENSEE LOCKS.

THE BRITISH WERE READY FOR A SHOWDOWN IN THE MORNING IF NECESSARY. BY CUSTOM, TRAFFIC IS BANNED IN THE CANAL BETWEEN 9 P.M. AND 5 A.M., BUT BRITISH BARGES WERE MOVING THROUGH WITHOUT A HITCH AS THE 9 P.M. DEADLINE APPROACHED. NO SOVIET BARGES HAVE APPEARED SINCE THE BRITISH

MILITARY POLICE TOOK OVER. MEANWHILE, THE AIRLIFT CHALKED UP ANOTHER BIG DAY. IT CARRIED IN 9,041 TONS OF SUPPLIES IN 1,009 FLIGHTS DURING THE PAST 24 HOURS, THE

THIRD HIGHEST DAILY TONNAGE ON ITS RECORD.

THE RUSSIANS CLAIM X X X AS BEFORE ..

SJ225PED

BERLIN, APRIL 28-(AP)-ARMED BRITISH MILITARY POLICE IN JEEPS AND AN ARMORED CAR SEIZED CONTROL TODAY OF THREE CANAL LOCKS IN THE BRITISH SECTOR AFTER THE RUSSIANS MADE A VAIN ATTEMPT TO TAKE OVER THE LOCKS .

THE RUSSIANS CLAIM CONTROL OF BERLIN'S WATERWAYS. THEY ORDERED THEIR LOCK KEEPER TO PREVENT CRAFT FROM ENTERING OR LEAVING THE LOCKS WITHOUT SHOWING REGISTRATION WITH THE SOVIET WATER CONTROL. THE RUSSIANS GAVE A SIMILAR ORDER YESTERDAY BUT RESCINDED IT AFTER A BRITISH PROTEST.

AFTER THE NEW RUSSIAN ORDER, 24 BRITISH MILITARY POLICE, LED BY A MAJOR, DREW UP AT THE CHARLOTTENBURG LOCK, ALL ARMED WITH REVOLVERS.

THE BRITISH MAJOR SERVED A VIRTUAL ORDER ON THE RUSSIAN COLONEL FROM SOVIET MILITARY HEADQUARTERS, SAYING THE BRITISH WOULD NOT TOLERATE ANY SOVIET INTERFERENCE WITH BARGE TRAFFIC IN THE BRITISH

HOEVER. SUBSEQUENT NEGOTIATIONS APPEARED TO HAVE BEEN CONDUCTED IN A FRIENDLY SPIRIT. THE RUSSIAN COLONEL SAID HE WOULD BRING BACK A REPLY FROM HIS KARLSHORST HEADQUARTERS LATER IN THE DAY.

BRITISH AUTHORITIES AND GERMAN WATER POLICE SAID THE BRITISH THEM TOOK OVER THE GUARDING OF THE LOCKS WITHOUT TROUBLE AND THERE WERE NO INCIDENTS.

THE BRITISH HAVE REGISTERED THEIR PROTEST WITH THE SOVIET WATER TRANSPORTATION CHIEF, A GEN. KVASHNIM. THEY SAID HE INDICATED WILLINGNESS TO DISCUSS THE SITUATION, BUT DECLINED TO ISSUE ANY ORDERS TO HIS WATER AUTHORITIES PRIOR TO DISCUSSIONS.

THREE BRITISH BARGES HAD BEEN DETAINED AT THE CHARLOTTENBURG LOCK AND TWO AT THE OTHER LOCKS BY SOVIET ORDERS TO GERMAN LOCK KEEPERS. WHEN THE BRITISH TOOK OVER MILITARY CONTROL, THE WATER TRAFFIC RESUMED

N1042AED

ADD DO 11 69 1949

WHERZBURG, GERMANY, APRIL 28-(AP)-MRS. DOROTHY BEEBE OF FARI-BAULT, MINNESOTA, TODAY FORMALLY ADOPTED THIS BOMB-SCARRED GERMAN CITY IN THE NAME OF HER HOMETOWN.

BEFORE MORE THAN 1,000 CHEERING WUERZBURGERS, MRS. BEEBE HANDED MAYOR ERNST SITTIG A SCROLL OF ADOPTION, SIGNED BY THE MAYOR OF FARIBAULT.

MRS. BEEBE'S HUSBAND, BRIG.GEN.LEWIS BEEBE, IS COMMANDER OF THE U.S. MILITARY POST IN WUERZBURG. TOGETHER THEY SPONSORED THE ADOPTION IDEA.

RESIDENTS OF FARIBAULT HAVE DONATED THOUSANDS OF DOLLARS WORTH OF FOOD AND CLOTHING FOR DISTRIBUTION TO WUERZBURG'S NEEDY, ACCEPTING THE ADOPTION SCROLL, MAYOR SITTIG EXPRESSED WUERZBURG'S THANKS FOR THE DONATIONS.

"THROUGH THIS GENUINELY HUMANE ACT MUCH DISTRESS IS BEING AL-LEVIATED, AND THE WILL TO LIVE IS REVIVING IN THE HEARTS OF WUERZBURG'S CITIZENS," HE SAID.

THE CEREMONIES WERE HELD IN THE FORMER RESIDENCE OF BAVARIAN KINGS, MODELED AFTER THE PALACE OF VERSAILLES. WUERZ URG HAS ABOUT 50,000 POPULATION.

SJ205PED

FRANKFURT, GERMANY, APRIL 28-(AP)-A GERMAN GIRL WHO FORMERLY WORKED FOR THE U.S. MILITARY GOVERNMENT WAS CHARGED TODAY WITH STEALING

SECRET AMERICAN DOCUMENTS FOR THE USE OF FOREIGN AGENTS.

THE ARMY SAID THE GIRL, 24-YEAR OLD GERTRAUD MITTENENTZWEI, DECLARED SHE ACTED "BECAUSE OF THREATS THAT HER FAMILY IN THE RUSSIAN ZONE OF GERMANY WOULD BE HARMED UNLESS SHE OBTAINED THE DOCUMENTS."

ITS ACCOUNT OF THE CASE:

THE THEFT OF THE DOCUMENTS WENT UNNOTICED FOR SOME TIME. BRITISH AUTHORITIES ON THE BRITISH-SOVIET ZONE BORDER RECOVERED A SUITCASE AND A SACK STUFFED WITH DOCUMENTS DROPPED BY A FLEEING MAN. HE HAD LEFT A TRAIN AT A BORDER STATION.

THE PAPERS WERE TRACED TO THE OFFICE WHERE MISS MITTENENTZWEI WORKED. "INVESTIGATION OF MISS MITTENENTZWEI, WHICH STARTED AFTER CIRCUM-STANCES INDICATED WHO WAS THE GUILTY WORKER, ALSO DISCLOSED THAT SHE WAS THEN TAKING MATERIAL FROM THE FILES FOR FUTURE DISPOSAL", THE ARMY SAID.

CONFRONTED WITH THE EVIDENCE, IT SAID, THE GIRL ADMITTED FURNISHING THE MATERIAL TO FOREIGN AGENTS AND SAID SHE WAS PAID FOR THE WORK.

THE ANNOUNCEMENT SAID SHE "DID NOT SEEK ASSISTANCE FROM AMERICAN AUTHORITIES AT ANY TIME," DESPITE HER STORY THAT HER FAMILY IN THE RUSSIAN ZONE HAD BEEN THREATENED.

MISS MITTENENTZWEI WILL BE TRIED BEFORE A U.S. MILITARY GOVERNMENT COURT IN MUNICH MAY 16. SHE IS HELD IN THE LANDSBERG MILITARY PRISON. SEVENTEEN EUROPEANS WERE CONVICTED IN MUNICH LAST MONTH OF SPYING

FOR THE CZECHOSLOVAK SECRET SERVICE AND SENTENCED TO PRISON TERMS.

JJ334PED

(ADVANCE FOR USE AT 10 A.M. EASTERN STANDARD TIME TODAY THURSDAY

(ADVANCE) FRANKFURT, GERMANY, APRIL 28-(AP)-THE U.S. ARMY ANNOUNCED TODAY THAT A 24-YEAR-OLD GERMAN WOMAN WILL BE TRIED BEFORE A MILITARY GOVERNMENT COURT ON CHARGES OF STEALING OFFICIAL U.S. DOCUMENTS AND TURNING THEM OVER TO FOREIGN AGENTS.

THE ANNOUNCEMENT SAID THE WOMAN, GERTRAUD MITTENENTZWEI, HAS ADMITTED FURNISHING MATERIAL TO FOREIGN AGENTS.

"SHE CLAIMED SHE DID SO BECAUSE OF THREATS THAT HER FAMILY IN THE RUSSIAN ZONE OF GERMANY WOULD BE HARMED UNLESS SHE OBTAINED THE DOCUMENTS, THE ARMY SAID.

SHE WILL BE TRIED IN OPEN COURT AT MUNICH ON MAY 16. THE ANNOUNCEMENT SAID THE GERMAN WOMAN "DID NOT SEEK ASSISTANCE FROM AMERICAN AUTHORITIES AT ANY TIME" DESPITE THE ALLEGED THREATS

AGAINST HER FAMILY. IT WENT ON:
"EVIDENCE INDICATED SHE HAD ACCEPTED REMUNERATION FOR HER WORK AND WAS SUCCESSFUL IN CARRYING OUT HER DOCUMENT PILFERING WITHOUT ANY SUSPICION BEING DIRECTED TOWARD HER DURING THE YEAR SHE WAS PLOYED IN THE MILITARY GOVERNMENT OFFICE.

"INVESTIGATION OF MISS MITTENENTZWEI, WHICH STARTED AFTER CIRCUMSTANCES INDICATED SHE WAS THE GUILTY OFFICE WORKER, ALSO DISCLOSED THAT SHE WAS THEN TAKING MATERIAL FROM THE FILES FOR FUTURE DISPOSAL.

"WHEN CONFRONTED WITH THE CHARGE, MITTEMENTZWEI ADMITTED SHE WAS FURNISHING MATERIAL TO FOREIGN AGENTS."

(END ADVANCE FOR USE AT 10 AM EST TODAY THURSDAY APRIL 28) EZ1018AES

bus an the other side. the last k through bus ran on march 30,1948.

the new service has run three times since tuesday, officials said. the line THE STREET PURS from stahnsdorf railway station in the soviet

sector of berlin direct to hannover.

german railway officials here say they are ready for immediate resumption of train service to berlin if the blockade is lifted.

they said two passenger trains now arm operating between hannover and cologne could be immediately switched to the berlin run.

rail officials at brunswick, nearest big town to the russian border said arrangements already have been mafe to transfer the railway staff to the area from other districts, if the berlin service is resumed.

boultwoods thru second 1705 apr th 1212p

THIRD NIGHT LEAD CHINESE

BY FRED HAMPSON SHANGHAI, THURSDAY, APRIL 28-(AP)-THE COMMUNISTS DROVE WITHIN 38 MILES OF SHANGHAI TODAY AS AMERICANS STEPPED UP THEIR EVACUATION FROM THIS GREATEST OF ASIAN CITIES.

THE SHANGHAI GARRISON COMMAND ANNOUNCED THAT 4,000 RED TROOPS THRUSTING EASTWARD FROM OCCUPIED SOOCHOW HAD SENT VANGUARDS INTO THE VICINITY OF WEITING. THIS TOWN ON THE SHANGHAI-SOOCHOW BAILWAY IS 38 MILES WEST OF SHANGHAI.

GENERALISSIMO CHIANG KAI-SHEK, WHO MADE A DRAMATIC REAPPEARANCE IN SHANGHAI YESTERDAY AND APPEALED TO ALL CHINESE TO FIGHT "COMMUNIST TYRANNY. " LEFT THIS MENACED CITY THIS MORNING ON A DESTROYER.

EARLIER INFORMATION SAID RAILWAY SERVICE TO KUNSHAN HAD BEEN STOPPED. THE COMMUNIQUE DID NOT SAY THAT KUNSHAN HAD FALLEN.

AN EARLIER COMMUNIQUE, HOWEVER, HAD LOCATED FIGHTING WEST OF THE CHENYL RAILWAY STATION, WHICH IS SEVEN MILES WEST OF KUNSHAN.

THE GARRISON ALSO ADMITTED A SECOND RED COLUMN AGAIN WAS DRIVING SOUTH OF THIS FRONT TOWARD KASHING. KASHING, 62 MILES SOUTHWEST OF SHANGHAI, CONTROLS THE RAILWAY TO FORTIFIED HANGCHOW.

THE TONE OF THE COMMUNIQUE INDICATED THAT THE BIGGEST RED FORCE WAS HEADED NOT TOWARD SHANGHAI BUT IN THE DIRECTION OF KASHING AND

HANGCHOW. HANGCHOW IS 59 MILES SOUTHWEST OF KASHING.
THE GARRISON QUOTED WAR PRISONERS AS SAYING THE COMMUNISTS WHO
CROSSED THE YANGTZE HAD ONLY THREE DAYS RATIONS AND WERE WITHOUT REAR

THE U.S. CONSULATE CONFIRMED THAT THE NAVY HAD CLOSED ITS SHORE INSTALLATIONS AND LEFT BEHIND ONLY A FEW SMALL CRAFT. IT SAID THE MAVY SHIPS WHICH LEFT THE WHANGPOO TO AVOID POSSIBLE ENTRAPMENT WERE STILL IN THE YANGTZE ESTUARY, BUT THAT THE ELDORADO, ADM. OSCAR C. BADGER'S FLAGSHIP HAD DEPARTED.

THE BRITISH SLOOP BLACK SWAN WAS THE ONLY FOREIGN WARSHIP OF ANY SIZE STILL IN THE WHANGPOO AT SHANGHAI.

(PRESIDENT TRUMAN SAID AT A PRESS CONFERENCE IN WASHINGTON THURS-DAY THAT THE NAVY WAS AMPLY PREPARED TO REMOVE ALL AMERICANS FROM SHANGHAI.)

AIRLINES STILL WERE OPERATING, BUT CHINESE LINES HAD REDUCED THEIR OPERATING PERSONNEL IN PREPARATION FOR A LAST-MINUTE EVACUATION. (A DISPATCH FROM HONG KONG SAID IT WAS OFFICIALLY LEARNED THAT THE BRITISH ROYAL AIR FORCE HAD PLANES STANDING BY AT HONG KONG AND

SINGAPORE TO REMOVE BRITONS FROM SHANGHAI IF NECESSARY.) OFFICIALS OF THE U.S. ECONOMIC COOPERATION ADMINISTRATION WERE SETTING UP IN CANTON, BUT A SMALL ECA STAFF REMAINED IN SHANGHAL.

A1 SKX

THE ECA ISSUED A STATEMENT THAT IT WAS PREPARED TO SUPPORT SHANGHAI MILL OPERATIONS WITH AMERICAN AID COTTON AS LONG AS THE HARBOR REMAINED OPEN AND THE CITY WAS NOT COMMUNIST-CONTROLLED. IT SAID SOME RECENT SHIPS HAD BEEN DIVERTED BECAUSE THE ECA ALREADY HAD 42,000 BALES OF COTTON IN SHANGHAI READY FOR DISTRIBUTION.

A DISPATCH FROM CANTON, PROVISIONAL NATIONALIST CAPITAL, SAID A SUPER-WAR ADMINISTRATION WAS BEING PLANNED THERE TO DIRECT ALL STRATEGIC AND MILITARY OPERATIONS.

PREMIER HO YING-CHIN, FORMER PREMIER SUN FO AND OTHER TOP NATIONALISTS WERE SAID BY THE CANTON PRESS TO BE HELPING ORGANIZE WHAT AMOUNTED TO A SUPREME NATIONAL DEFENSE COUNCIL. HH31 6PCSNMBJT

(WITH CHINA)

SHANGHAI, FRIDAY, APRIL 29-(AP)-THE MATIONAL UST GARRISON IN SHANGHAI TIGHTENING ITS MILITARY GRIP ON THE CITYAS COMMUNIST ARMIES DRAW NEARER.

THE GARRISON THIS WEEK HAS ANNOUNCED EXECUTION OF FIVE CIVILIANS. THREE WERE EXECUTED AS SPIES. THEY WERE FOUND LOITERING NEAR A MILITARY AREA AND WERE NOT CARRYING RESIDENCE CERTIFICATES. AN WAS EXECUTED A FEW NIGHTS AGO ON CHARGES OF SPREADING RUMORS. TI A VIOLATION OF MARTIAL LAW. ANOTHER WAS SHOT WHEN CAUGHT ON THE STREETS AFTER THE 10 P.M. CURFEW.

THE GARRISON HAS RESTRICTED PUBLICATION OF WAR NEWS TO MATERIAL RELEASED BY AUTHORITIES THROUGH THE CENTRAL NEWS AGENCY.

THE BRITISH-OWNED NORTH CHINA DAILY NEWS REAPPEARED ON THE NEWS STANDS FRIDAY AFTER A THREE-DAY SUSPENSION FOR PRINTING AN "ERRONEOUS STORY" ABOUT COMMUNIST ADVANCES. FJ941PCS

TWO SMALL CHINESE NAVAL CRAFT WENT DOWN THE RIVER THIS MORNING. THEY PASSED THE DAMAGED BRITISH SLOOP BLACK SWAN WHICH CAME BACK UP THE WHANGPOO AND TIED UP ON BATTLESHIP ROW. SHE IS NOW THE ONLY FOREIGN WARSHIP ALONG THAT HISTORIC ANCHORAGE. THE BLACK SWAN WAS AMONG FOUR BRITISH WARSHIPS SHELLED BY THE REDS ON THE YANGTZE RECENTLY.

THE WHANGPOO APPEARED DESERTED WITH ONLY A FEW FOREIGN AND

CHINESE SHIPS DOCKED. THE COMMUNISTS APPEAR TO HAVE THREE SPEARHEADS MOVING TOWARD
OBJECTIVES IN THIS REGION. THE ONE APPROACHING SHANGHAI REPORTEDLY
IN A LOUNGE FILLED WITH ARMY COTS, MRS. ALICE SINGER TOLD OF HER
CONTAINED ABOUT 40,000 MEN. THE ONE GOING FROM SOOCHOW TOWARD HANGCHOW, RELIEF AT GETTING OUT. SHE FLED GERMANY 10 YEARS AGO AS A JEWISH 85 MILES SOUTH OF SHANGHAI, APPEARED SOMEWHAT SMALLER. A THIRD FORCE OF UNDETERMINED STRENGTH MOVED SOUTH AROUND LAKE TAL. ITS OBJECTIVE THE RAILROAD TO HANGCHOW WAS OPEN THIS AFTERNOON. THE NEAREST

COMMUNIST APPROACH TO THE RAIL LINE APPEARS TO BE AT WUHING, SOUTH

OF LAKE TAI ABOUT 40 MILES FROM KASHING.

KASHING, ABOUT HALFWAY TO HANGCHOW, CONTROLS THE RAILROAD WHICH IS ALL IMPORTANT TO THE NATIONALIST TROOPS IN THE SHANGHAI-HANGCHOW AREA.

RETIRED PRESIDENT CHIANG KAI-SHEK LEFT BY SHIP FOR AMOY, ISLAND PORT OFF THE SOUTH COAST OPPOSITE FORMOSA. CHIANG YESTERDAY ISSUED A STATEMENT CALLING ON THE CHINESE TO FIGHT AS HARD AGAINST THE COMMUNISTS AS THEY DID AGAINST THE JAPANESE.

HE PREDICTED LOSS OF CHINA TO THE COMMUNISTS WOULD MAKE THIS

COUNTRY THE TINDERBOX FOR A THIRD TERRIFYING WORLD WAR.

GOVERNMENT OFFICES IN CANTON EXPECTED ACTING PRESIDENT I.I TSUNG-JEN TO ARRIVE THERE SHORTLY. HE LAST WAS REPORTED IN KWEILIN. HIS NATIVE PROUTNEE

A CANTON DISPATCH TO THE HONG KONG NEW LIFE DAILY NEWS SAID THE KUOMINTANG (GOVERNMENT) PARTY IN SOUTH CHINA WAS

KUOMINTANG (GOVERNMENT) PARTY IN SOUTH CHINA WAS FORMING AN OVERALL WAR COMMAND TO FIGHT THE COMMUNISTS .

THE AGENCY WOULD BE SIMILAR TO THE SUPREME NATIONAL DEFENSE COUNCIL WHICH WAS THE HIGHEST GOVERNMENT BODY DURING THE WAR WITH JAPAN. IT

WAS DISBANDED WHEN THAT WAR WAS OVER.

MEANWHILE THE GOVERNMENT IN CANTON REVOKED THE CREDENTIALS OF ITS DELEGATES TO THE ILL FATED PEIPING PEACE CONFERENCE. A PLANE SENT TO PEIPING TO RETURN THE DELEGATES HAD BROUGHT ONLY A LETTER FROM THEM SAYING THEY HAD BEEN REQUESTED TO REMAIN IN PEIPING.

X420 APS

THE POST AND MERCURY SAID ANY SUSPENSION OF ECA HELP, SUCH AS COTTON WHICH HAS HELPED TO KEEP SHANGHAI BUSINESS GOING "LIKELY IS TO PLAY DIRECTLY INTO COMMUNISTS HANDS BY CREATING ACTIVE HATRED FOR

THE UNITED STATES. THE EDITORIAL CONCLUDED: "AS PEOPLE OF EVERY NATIONALITY STRUGGLE TO LEAVE SHANGHAI, THE FATE OF THOSE WHO ARE NOT GOING SHOULD BE

THOUGHTFULLY PONDERED IN WASHINGTON."

HH51140ACS

30.24 2793

Shoughai add yo ship THERE WAS CONSIDERABLE CONFUSION ON BOARD AND A TRACE OF ANNOYANCE ON THE FACES OF THE WILSON'S REGULAR PASSENGERS. BUT THE EVACUEES GRINNED WITH JOY AT THEIR GOOD FORTUNE IN OBTAINING SPACE.

MRS. HELEN KAZIMIROFF, 23, WHO SPENT 22 YEARS OF HER LIFE IN SHANGHAI, BOUNCED HER THREE MONTHS OLD SON ON HER KNEE AND SAID SHE WAS GLAD TO LEAVE THE CITY. SHE AND HER HUSBAND AND SON ARE GOING

REFUGEE AND IS GOING TO THE HOMES OF HER DAUGHTERS. MRS. BEATRICE SUMMER OF STOCKTON, CALIF., AND MRS. DAGMAR POLLAY OF MILWAUKEE.

DOWN THE PROMENADE DECK 18 NUNS CHECKED THEIR PASSPORTS. THE REV. JAN JANKOWSKI, CATHOLIC MISSIONERY, WAS HALF PLEASED AND HALF SORRY TO LEAVE CHINA AFTER 11 YEARS. HE RODE A BICYCLE TO SHANGHAI AFTER THE REDS OVERRAN NORTHERN HOPEH PROVINCE WHERE HE WORKED.

EVACUEE CHILDREN SEEMED LITTLE IMPRESSED. THE SHIP'S NURSE. LOUELLA FRANKLIN OF SAN FRANCISCO, HAD TROUBLE GETTING THE

YOUNGSTERS TO EAT.

"MUST BE A CAR LOAD OF THEM ABOARD," SHE GRINNED.

LW356APS

Tel Aviv. Israel, April 28--(AP) -- A reli ble source said

today that Israel will inform the united nations security wanted a council

that the slayers of Count Folke Bernadotte, the united nati na mediator,

NOT yet been found.

Bernadotte was assassinated in the

1948, in Jerusalen. The report will inform the security council

that only children witnessed the crime and it has not been the possible

to obtain a description of the assassins tie i A similar report will be given to the Swedish government.

source said.

tel avive israel, april 28 -- (ap) -- the israeli government today fixed reduced/retail prices of 24 important food items by 15 to 20 per

cent, the way was a series

the new prices were decreed as a contribution to the nation's

anti-high cost of living campaign.

DO3 (W) NIGHT LEAD BURMESE (100)

KAREN REBELS HAVE TAKEN THE STRATEGIC RAIL TOWN OF DAIKU, 80 MILES NORTH OF RANGOON.

PEGU, 50 MILES NORTH OF RANGOON, WHERE THEY ARE FANNING OUT IN AN ATTEMPT TO TRAP THE KARENS INSIDE DAIKU.

THE STATEMENT SAID THE REBELS TOOK THE TOWN AFTER GOVERNMENT

FORCES HAD PULLED OUT.

ON THE EAST FRONT, SOUTH OF PROME, GOVERNMENT FORCES SAY THEY HAVE HURLED BACK COMMUNIST TROOPS WHO WERE TRYING A THRUST AT RANGOON. BURMESE PLANES HAD BOMBED 80 MILES OF REBEL TERRITORY EAST OF

A BURMESE ARMY REPORT SAID CHINESE COMMUNISTS HAVE OCCUPIED THE CHINESE TOWN OF PAOSHAN. 100 MILES FROM THE BURMA BORDER.

RB1054PES

CALCUTTA, INDIA, APRIL 28-(AP)-SEVEN PERSONS, FOUR OF THEM WOMEN, WERE KILLED IN A CLASH BETWEEN COMMUNISTS AND POLICE HERE LAST NIGHT.

TENSION STILL WAS MARKED TODAY, BUT THE CITY WAS RELATIVELY
QUIET. STRONG POLICE PATROLS WERE POSTED AT KNOWN POTENTIAL TROUBLE

LAST NIGHT'S RIOT FLARED WHEN WOMEN COMMUNISTS, DEFYING A BAN ON PARADES, STARTED A PROCESSION TO EXPRESS SYMPATHY FOR FELLOW REDS HELD IN JAIL. A MOB HURLED BOMBS, BOTTLES AND BRICKBATS WHEN THE POLICE MOVED IN TO BREAK UP THE LINE OF MARCH. SEVERAL TRAMS AND BUSSES WERE DUMPED OVER BY RICIERS .

THE POLICE FINALLY OPENED FIRE, INFLICTING THE CASUALTIES.

JR 749AED

ZAYIM'S CALL UP OF RECRUITS WAS NOT TAKEN TOO Benut addr dyna SERIOUSLY BY NEUTRAL OBSERVERS HERE. HE SAID SEVERAL WEEKS AGO THAT
TWO CLASSES, MEN BORN IN 1929 AND IN 1930, WOULD BE INDUCTED. THE
LATEST STATEMENT APPARENTLY MEANS SPEEDING UP OF A PREVIOUSLY PUBLISHED PROGRAM.

EVEN IF IT IS CARRIED THROUGH, THE RECRUITS MAY BE OF QUESTIONABLE VALUE IN STRENGTHENING SYRIA'S PRESENT ARMED FORCES, ESTIMATED AT ADDITIONAL 20,000.

THE ARMY'S EQUIPMENT IS NOT THE BEST. ZAYIM HAS EXPRESSED HOPE THAT THE UNITED STATES AND FRANCE, WHICH HAVE JUST RECOGNIZED THE NEW

REGIME, WILL PROVIDE MILITARY SUPPLIES.
KING ABDULLAH OF TRANS-JORDAN IS THE ADVOCATE OF A "GREATER SYRIA" SCHEME WHICH WOULD JOIN IRAQ, SYRIA, LEBANON, ARAB PALESTINE AND TRANS-JORDAN UNDER HIS RULE, BUT INSISTED ANY SUCH MERGER COULD BE ACHIEVED ONLY BY PEACEFUL MEANS.

THE IRACIS HAVE RECENTLY PROMOTED THE IDEA OF A "FERTILE CRESCENT" FEDERATION OF THE SAME NATIONS UNDER THEIR BOY KING, FEISAL.

NEW DELHI, INDIA, APRIL 28-(AP)-DR.ALFREDO LOZANO, CHAIRMAN OF THE U.N. KASHMIR COMMISSION, TODAY PRESENTED "FINAL TERMS" FOR IMPLE-MENTATION OF THE KASHMIR TRUCE AGREEMENT TO THE GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

THE TERMS INCLUDED A SCHEDULE FOR THE WITHDRAWAL OF INDIAN AND PAKISTAN TROOPS USED IN THEIR DISPUTE OVER THE NORTHERN PROVINCE. IT FIXED A TRUCE LINE ON THE BASIS OF POSITIONS OCCUPIED BY THE TWO ARMIES ON JANUARY 1, THE CEASE FIRE DATE.

A COVERING LETTER SAID THE COMMISSION "DOES NOT BELIEVE FRUITFUL RANGOON, BURMA, APRIL 28-(AP)-THE BURMESE GOVERNMENT ADMITTED TODAY RESULTS WILL BE OBTAINED FROM FURTHER DISCUSSION" AND URGED UNRESERVED

ACCEPTANCE OF THE TERMS.

A U.N.-SPONSORED PLEBISCITE TO DECIDE WHETHER THE KASMIR PEOPLE THE COMMUNIQUE SAID TROOPS ARE BEING RUSHED TO THE RAIL JUNCTION AT WANT TO JOIN INDIA OR PAKISTAN WILL BE HELD WHEN THE COMMISSION FINDS THE CEASE-FIRE AND TRUCE ARRANGEMENTS ARE COMPLETED.

MQ707PED

BATAVIA, JAVA, APRIL 28-(AP)-THE DUTCH SAID TODAY THAT INDONESIANS IN SOME PARTS OF JAVA WOULD NOT COOPERATE WITH THEM FOR FEAR OF REPRISALS FROM THE REPUBLICAN GOVERNMENT SHOULD IT BE RESTORED.

GUERRILLA BANDS IN JOGJAKARTA, FORMER REPUBLICAN CAPITAL, AND ITS SISTER CITY SOERAKARTA ARE "STILL VERY ACTIVE," THE NETHERLANDS INFORMATION SERVICES' WEEKLY SURVEY SAID. IT SAID LARGE-SCALE GUERRILLA ACTION WAS "PREVENTED BY LOSSES CONTINUALLY INFLICTED ON THEM" BY DUTCH TROOPS.

"THE SITUATION IN THE MALANG AREA IS DOMINATED BY CONTINUING INSECURITY, WHICH IN A PART OF THIS AREA MAKES ANY KIND OF ADMINIST-

RATION IMPOSSIBLE, " THE GOVERNMENT STATEMENT SAID. TWO GUERRILLA BANDS DISRUPTING RAIL TRAFFIC IN WEST JAVA WERE WIPED OUT, WITH 120 GUERRILLA DEAD COUNTED, ACCORDING TO DUTCH FIGURES. ANOTHER 170 GUERRILLAS WERE KILLED IN THREE OF MANY CLASHES

IN SUMATRA IN THE LAST WEEK. THE DUTCH ARMY SAID.

THE INFORMATION SERVICE DID NOT LIST THE TOTAL DUTCH CASUALTIES FOR THE PAST WEEK. HOWEVER, FOR THE WEEK ENDING APRIL 7, IT SAID 44 DUTCH SOLDIERS WERE KILLED AND SIX SOLDIERS ARE MISSING. MQ705PED

-DASH-

LAUSANNE, SWITZERLAND, APRIL 28-(AP)-SYRIA'S DELEGATION MET TODAY WITH THE U.N. PALESTINE CONCILIATION COMMISSION.

THE COMMISSION, FROM THE UNITED STATES, FRANCE AND TURKEY, HELD SEPARATE TALKS YESTERDAY WITH DELEGATES FROM ISRAEL, EGYPT AND LEBANON. THE DELEGATIONS FROM ISRAEL AND THE VARIOUS ARAB NATIONS ARE NOT EXPECTED TO MEET DIRECTLY FOR-SEVERAL WEEKS.

MQ611PES

DAMASCUS, SYRIA, APRIL 28-(AP)-DEPUTY PREMIER EMIR ADEL ARASLAN SAID TODAY THE MOSLEM WORLD WANTS ALL OF JERUSALEM AND NOT MERELY PART

OF THE CITY INCLUDED IN ANY INTERNATIONALIZATION PLAN. PROPOSALS FOR INTERNATIONALIZATION OF PALESTINE'S HOLY PLACES CONSTITUTE ONE OF THE MAJOR ISSUES IN THE ISRAELI-ARAB PEACE TALKS NOW IN PROGRESS IN LAUSANNE, SWITZERLAND. ANOTHER IMPORTANT QUESTION HAS TO DO WITH THE FATE OF SOME 800,000 ARAB REFUGEES IN THE MIDDLE EAST.

COMMENTING ON THE LAUSANNE CONFERENCE, ARASLAN SAID:

"IT IS GENERALLY AGREED BY THE ARAB STATES THAT ISRAEL HAS NOT EXECUTED ANY UNITED NATIONS DECISIONS, ESPECIALLY AS REGARDS REPATRIATION OF REFUGEES AND THEIR COMPENSATION, AND OUR POLICY MUST BE INSPIRED FROM THIS FACT."

IN REFERENCE TO INTERNATIOONALIZATION, ARASLAN SAID:

"WE HAVE NEVER ADMITTED OR APPROVED PARTITION (OF PALESTINE), BUT THE FUTURE OF HOLY PLACES IS A SEPARATE QUESTION, NEEDING QUICK SETTLEMENT. X X X

"FURTHERMORE WE INSIST ON INTERNATIONALIZATIOON OF THE WHOLE CITY (JERUSALEM), NOT ANY PART THEREOF, AND ON EQUALITY IN THE PROJECTED ADMINISTRATION BETWEEN THE ORIENT AND OCCIDENT."

HE SAID THE MOSLEM WORLD REGARDS NAZARETH AND TIBERIUS AS HOLY PLACES AND FEELS THEIR FUTURE STATUS SHOULD BE THE SAME AS JERUSALEM AND BETHLEHEM.

THE U.N. HAS PROPOSED INTERNATIONALIZATION OF JERUSALEM AND THE AREA IMMEDIATELY SURROUNDING THE CITY. ISRAELIS HAVE ADVANCED A CLAIM TO THE CITY. JERUSALEM'S OLD WALLED CITY IS OCCUPIED BY TRANS-JORDAN TROOPS. ISRAELIS HOLD THE MODERN PORTION OF THE CITY.

LAUSANNE, SWITZERLAND, APRIL 28-(AP)-THE SYRIAN DELEGATION AND THE UNITED NATIONS PALESTINE CONCILIATION COMMISSION CONFERRED TODAY AS HOLY LAND PEACE TALKS ENTERED THEIR SECOND DAY.

THE THREE-NATION COMMISSION, COMPRISING FRANCE, TURKEY AND THE UNITED STATES, HELD SEPARATE TALKS YESTERDAY WITH DELEGATES FROM ISRAEL, EGYPT AND LEBANON.

ALL THE SESSIONS HAVE BEEN CLOSED. THE ISRAELI AND ARAB DELEGATIONS ARE NOT EXPECTED TO MEET DIRECTLY FOR SOME WEEKS. PRINCIPAL ITEMS OF DISCUSSION ARE THE FATE OF SOME 800,000 ARAB REFUGEES IN THE MIDDLE EAST AND THE PROPOSED INTERNATIONALIZATION

OF THE HOLY PLACES IN PALESTINE. THE ARAB DELEGATIONS ARE REPORTED TO HAVE DEMANDED THE IMMEDIATE REPATRIATION OF THE REFUGEES TO THEIR HOMES IN ISRAELI-OCCUPIED TERRITORY, BEFORE CONSIDERATION OF OTHER ISSUES AFFECTING A FINAL

PEACE SETTLEMENT.

THE ISRAELIS ON THE OTHER HAND, URGED THAT THE REFUGEE PROBLEM

BE CONSIDERED AN INTEGRAL PART OF THE PEACE TERMS.

OFFICIALS OF THE COMMISSION BELIEVE THE CURRENT DEBATE AT THE UNITED NATIONS GENERAL ASSEMBLY OVER ISRAEL'S REQUEST FOR ADMISSION IS LIKELY TO DELAY THE PROGRESS OF THE LAUSANNE TALKS FOR SOME TIME.

MARK F.ETHRIDGE JR., OF LOUISVILLE, KY., WHO IS AT PRESENT CHAIRMAN OF THE COMMISSION, TOLD NEWSMEN HE BELIEVED THE FINAL PEACE WOULD EVENTUALLY BE SIGNED AT THE LAUSANNE MEETING, BUT ADDED "IT WILL TAKE TIME."

THE ARRIVAL OF A TRANS-JORDAN DELEGATION IS EXPECTED EARLY NEXT

30.24 2795

WEEK. THIS WOULD BRING THE NUMBER OF THE ARAB STATES TAKING PART IN THE TALKS TO FOUR, COMPRISING ALL THE ARAB COUNTRIES BORDERING ON ISRAELI-HELD TERRITORY. IRAQ AND SAUDI-ARABIA HAVE TURNED DOWN INVITATIONS TO THE PEACE TALKS.

N951AED

MONTREAL, APRIL 28-(AP)-A WORLD SHORTAGE OF NEWSPRINT IS ENDANGERING SOCIAL PROGRESS AND INTERNATIONAL UNDERSTANDING, JAIME TORRES BODET OF PARIS TOLD A 28-NATION CONFERENCE TODAY. TORRES BODET IS DIRECTOR-GENERAL OF THE U.N. EDUCATIONAL, SOCIAL AND CULTURAL ORGANIZATION (UNESCO).

IN HIS MESSAGE, READ AT A CONFERENCE STUDYING WOOD PULP REQUIREMENTS AND PRODUCTION. HE ASKED CONSIDERATION OF THIS

PROGRAM:

1. FULL UTILIZATION OF PRESENT MECHANICAL CAPACITY TO PRODUCE MORE PAPER.

LARGE-SCALE BUILDING OF NEW PAPER FACTORIES.

3. STEPPED-UP RESEARCH IN REPLACEMENT OF WOOD PULP BY OTHER MATERIALS.

4. GREATER USE OF PRESENTLY AVAILABLE WOOD FOR PAPER MAKING AND

IMPROVED DISTRIBUTION OF NEWSPRINT.

TORRES BODET SAID THE WORLD CONSUMPTION OF NEWSPRINT NOW SLIGHTLY EXCEEDS 7,500,000 TONS. THIS IS A LITTLE HIGHER THAN THE 1935-1939 AVERAGE. HE ESTIMATED DEMAND FOR 1949 AT 8,200,000 TONS. EVEN IF WORLD EXCHANGE RESTRICTIONS WERE ABOLISHED. DEMAND WOULD PROBABLY NOT EXCEED 9,500,000 TONS, HE SAID.

HE URGED RESEARCH INTO THE POSSIBILITY OF REPLACING WOOD PULP WITH OTHER MATERIALS SUCH AS STRAW, RICE STRAW, SUGAR-CANE BIBRE, RUSHES, BAMBOO AND OTHER TROPICAL GROWTHS SHOULD BE STIMULATED.

RB943PES

A LUY W OTTAWA, APRIL 28-(AP)-DEFENSE MINISTER BROOKE CLAXTON SAID TODAY IN THE HOUSE OF COMMONS THAT A NORTH STAR AIRCRAFT AND THE DESTROYER CRESCENT ARE STANDING BY IN HONG KONG TO ASSIST CANADIAN NATIONALS IN CHINA.

CLAXTON SAID CANADIANS HAD BEEN WARNED ON SEVERAL OCCASIONS TO LEAVE CHINA AS THE CIVIL WAR PROGRESSED. HE SAID THERE WERE ABOUT

841 CANADIANS IN CHINA.

SJ114PED

(25) NIGHT LEAD TRUMAN ROUNDUP

WASHINGTON, APRIL 28-(AP)-PRESIDENT TRUMAN TODAY CREDITED THE RUSSIANS WITH GOOD FAITH IN PUTTING FORTH THEIR FEELERS TO END THE BERLIN BLOCKADE.

MR. TRUMAN SAW ENCOURAGEMENT IN THE SITUATION. HE THEREBY BRIGHTEN-ED THE NEW RAY OF HOPE FILTERING THROUGH THE COLD WAR CLOUDS. HIS GOOD FAITH REFERENCE CONTRASTED SHARPLY WITH THE BITTER OFFICIAL EXCHANGES THAT CHILLED SETTLEMENT HOPES AFTER THE LAST BERLIN ME-GOTIATIONS FAILED.

APPEARING AT HIS WEEKLY NEWS CONFERENCE. MR. TRUMAN GAVE THE MARINE CORPS CHEERS AFTER ITS TWO YEARS OF FEARING THE UNIFICATION AXE.

HE SAID THERE IS NO FOUNDATION IN FACT FOR WORRIES THAT THE CORPS

MIGHT BE FLIMINATED AND NAVAL AVIATION BE ABSORBED BY THE AIR FORCE.
MR. TRUMAN EXPRESSED HOPE THAT CURTIS E.CALDER, NEW YORK UTILITIES EXECUTIVE. VILL ACCEPT THE POST OF SECRETARY OF THE ARMY, VACATED LAST MIGHT BY KENNETH C.ROYALL.

HE SAID THAT JONATHAN DANIELS, RALEIGH, N.C., PUBLISH

HE SAID THAT JONATHAN DAMIELS, RALEIGH, N.C., PUBLISHER, IS UNDER CONSIDERATION FOR SECRETARY OF THE MAVY TO SUCCEED JOHN L.SULLIVAN WHO QUIT IN AMGER WHEN THE NAVY'S SUPERCARRIER PLANS WERE SCRAPPED. PRIENDS OF DANIELS SAID HE ACTUALLY HAS BEEN OFFERED THE POST AND EXPECTED TO TAKE IT.

IN HIS NEWS CONFERENCE, MR. TRUMAN ALSO: GAVE DEMOCRATIC SENATORS AND HOUSE MEMBERS TO UNDER-STAND THAT THEY MUST SUPPORT THE PARTY PLATFORM IF THEY WANT TO SHARE IN DISHING OUT FEDERAL JOBS. MR. TRUMAN MADE REPEAL OF THE TAFT-HARTLEY ACT A TEST OF PARTY LOYALTY. HIS REMARKS APPEARED TO DE AT ODDS WITH THE POSITION OF DEMOCRATIC NATIONAL CHAIRMAN MCGRATH. THE LATTER SAID YESTERDAY THAT THE LAW-MAKERS VOTES ON ADMINISTRATION AFFECT THEIR PATRONAGE RECOMMENDATIONS.

APPOINTED MAJ.GEN.PHILLIP B.FLEMING AS CHAIRMAN OF THE MARITIME COMMISSION. HE CHOSE JESS LARSON, THE PRESENT WAR ASSETS ADMINISTRA-TO TAKE FLEMING'S POST AS PUBLIC WORKS ADMINISTRATOR. THE WAA JOB GOES TO REAR ADMIRAL PAUL LUKER MATHER, NOW ASSOCIATE ADMINISTRA-

ANNOUNCED THAT THE NAVY IS WELL PREPARED TO TAKE ALL AMERICANS OUT OF SHANGHAI, NOW THREATENED BY THE CHINESE COMMUNIST ARMY.

L.T750PED

FIRST LEAD CHINA

WASHINGTON, APRIL 28-(AP)-SENATOR BRIDGES (R-NH) TALKED WITH PRESIDENT TRUMAN TODAY ABOUT THE SITUATION IN CHINA, AND THEN DEMANDED A "COMPLETE REVIEW" BY CONGRESS OF AMERICAN CHINESE POLICY. SECRETARY OF STATE ACHESON AND SENATOR WHERRY (R-NEB) ALSO TOOK

PART IN THE 30-MINUTE WHITE HOUSE TALK. BRIDGES, AN ADVOCATE OF INCREASED AID TO THE CHINESE NATIONALIST GOVERNMENT, SAID HE AND WHERRY WERE BOUND TO SECRECY ABOUT WHAT THEY

BUT HE DECLARED THE INFORMATION GIVEN THEM "OUGHT TO BE MADE KNOWN

TO MORE SENATORS." BRIDGES IS THE TOP REPUBLICAN ON THE SENATE APPROPRIATIONS COMMIT-THERE WERE SIGNS THAT IF NO OTHER COMMITTEE ACTS TO ORDER A REVIEW OF CHINA AFFAIRS, BRIDGES AND WHERRY MAY CALL STATE DEPARTMENT OFFICIALS FOR THAT PURPOSE WHEN THE DEPARTMENT'S SUPPLY BILL IS BROUGHT BEFORE THE APPROPRIATIONS COMMITTEE.

BRIDGES ' CALL FOR A CONGRESSIONAL REVIEW WAS MADE IN AN INTERVIEW

WITH REPORTERS. HE SAID HE AND WHERRY WERE SUMMONED TO THE WHITE HOUSE FOR THE DISCUSSION. BOTH HAVE BEEN CRITICAL OF THE ADMINISTRATION FOR NOT

GIVING MORE AID TO THE CHINESE NATIONALIST GOVERNMENT. PRESIDENT TRUMAN AND ACHESON WERE SAID TO HAVE DISCUSSED INTIMATE

DETAILS OF THE CHINA SITUATION IN THE CONFERENCE.

THERE WERE REPORTS THAT THE PRESIDENT MAPPED THE ADMINISTRATION'S LANS FOR ANY FUTURE ACTION THAT MIGHT BE TAKEN, BUT BRIDGES WOULD

COMMENT ON THIS. SOME WEEKS AGO, ACHESON WAS REPORTED TO HAVE TOLD A HOUSE COMMITTEE ADMINISTRATION WAS "WAITING FOR THE DUST TO SETTLE" IN CHINA TO WHAT COULD BE DONE ABOUT HELPING THE NATIONALISTS THERE.

CHINA CAME UP EARLIER AT MR. TRUMAN'S WEEKLY MEETING WITH REPORTERS. THE PRESIDENT SAID THEN THAT THE NAVY IS AMPLY PREPARED TO REMOVE ALL AMERICANS FROM SHANGHAI.

THE PRESIDENT TOLD A NEWS CONFERENCE HE UNDERSTOOD THERE WERE REPORTS THE NAVY HAD RUN OUT ON AMERICAN CIVILIANS AT SHANGHAI, NOW THREATENED BY CHINESE COMMUNISTS.

SPEAKING SOLEMNLY, HE SAID THERE IS NO FOUNDATION IN FACT FOR

ANY SUCH REPORT.

THE NAVY, MR. TRUMAN WENT ON, HAS DONE AN EXCELLENT JOB AT SHANGHAL AND HAS BEEN READY AT ALL TIMES TO TAKE OUT AMERICANS IN THE CITY.

THE LINER PRESIDENT WILSON, THE PRESIDENT SAID, LEFT SHANGHAI WITH VACANCIES AND THE PRESIDENT PIERCE AND PRESIDENT VAN BUREN ARE

STILL AVAILABLE FOR FURTHER EVACUATIONS.

A130 WX

THE PRESIDENT WILSON SAILED FROM SHANGHAI TODAY.

THE NAVY, HE ADDED, HAS BEEN AVAILABLE AT ALL TIMES TO HELP THESE COMMERCIAL LINERS REMOVE AMERICANS AND IS STILL READY TO DO SO. "THERE ARE NO NAVY COMBAT SHIPS THERE, ARE THERE?" A REPORTER

YES, THERE ARE, THE PRESIDENT REPLIED.

(500) MIGHT LEAD TRUMAN-CHINA

WASHINGTON, APRIL 28-(AP)-PRESIDENT TRUMAN SAID TODAY THE NAVY IS FULLY PREPARED TO AID AMERICANS IN SHANGHAI ALTHOUGH U.S. WARSHIPS HAVE MOVED OUT OF BANGE OF COMMUNIST GUNS.

THERE IS NO TRUTH TO REPORTS THAT THE NAVY HAS RUN OUT ON AMERICAN CIVILIANS, HE DECLARED SOLEMNLY AT HIS NEWS CONFERENCE.
TWO HOURS LATER HE DISCUSSED THE DARKENING FAR EASTERN SITUATION

WITH REPUBLICAN SENATORS BRIDGES OF NEW HAMPSHIRE AND WHERRY OF NEBRASKA. SECRETARY OF STATE ACHESON SAT IN ON THAT TALK.

WHEN IT WAS OVER, BRIDGES TOLD WHITE HOUSE REPORTERS HE DETERMINED TO INSIST ON A "COMPLETE REVIEW" OF AMERICAN CHINESE POLICY

BY CONGRESS.

THE NEW ENGLAND LAWMAKER SAID THAT HE AND WHERRY WERE BOUND TO SECRECY ABOUT WHAT THEY HAD LEARNED FROM THE PRESIDENT AND ACHESON BUT HE SAID THE INFORMATION GIVEN THEM "OUGHT TO BE MADE KMOWN TO MORE

WHERRY IS THE REPUBLICAN FLOOR LEADER IN THE SENATE. THE TOP RANKING REPUBLICAN ON THE APPROPRIATIONS COMMITTEE. IN THAT CAPACITY, HE MIGHT SUCCEED IN FORCING A FULL DRESS HEARING ON THE CHINA QUESTION. HE AND OTHER REPUBLICAN LAWMAKERS HAVE ACCUSED THE ADMINISTRATION OF FOLLOWING A LET-ALONE POLICY IN CHINA WHICH ALLOWED

THE SITUATION TO DETERIORATE TO ITS PRESENT STATE. IN A SENATE SPEECH TODAY, ANOTHER REPUBLICAN, SENATOR KNOWLAND OF CALIFORNIA, ACCUSED THE STATE DEPARTMENT OF PLACING AN "IRON CURTAIN"

AROUND ITS CHINA POLICY. HE COMPLAINED THAT GENERAL ALBERT C. WEDEMEYER'S REPORT ON THE CHINESE ECONOMIC, POLITICAL AND MILITARY POSITION, MADE AFTER A FIRST-HAND STUDY, HAS NOT EVEN BEEN MADE AVAILABLE TO THE SENATE FOREIGN RELATIONS COMMITTEE.

LOOKING BEYOND THE CURRENT COMMUNIST SUCCESSES ALONG THE YANGTZE RIVER, KNOWLAND SAID THAT EVERY MEMBER OF THE SENATE "MUST FULLY REAL-IZE THAT A COMMUNIST CHINA MAY ULTIMATELY LEAD TO A COMMUNIST FRENCH

INDO-CHINA, SIAM, BURMA, INDIA AND JAPAN."

HE CALLED THAT "POTENTIAL CATASTROPHE" TO THE WORLD OF FREE MEN. A PRIVATE PLANNING ORGANIZATION ADVISED THE UNITED STATES TODAY TO RE-AFFIRM AND MODERNIZE ITS TRADITIONAL "OPEN DOOR" POLICY TOWARD CHINA IN DEALING WITH THE VICTORIOUS COMMUNISTS.

DR. LUTHER GULICK SAID IN A REPORT TO THE NATIONAL PLANNING ASSOCIATION THAT A FRIENDLY HANDS-OFF AMERICAN ATTITUDE MIGHT KEEP CHINA FROM SOVIET DOMINATION.

FOR AREAS REMAINING UNDER NATIONALIST CONTROL, HE RECOMMENDED FURTHER "REASONABLE CIVILIAN ASSISTANCE" BUT NO MORE MILITARY AID

TO CHIANG KAI-SHEK'S BATTERED REGIME.

DR. GULICK, FORMER STATE DEPARTMENT OFFICIAL AND GOVERNMENT ADVISER, SUBMITTED HIS REPORT TO THE INTERNATIONAL COMMITTEE OF THE PLANNING ASSOCIATION, WHICH IS A PRIVATE ORGANIZATION. THE COMMITTEE

ENDORSED ITS "BROAD PRINCIPLES AND OBJECTIVES." URGING A RETURN TO THE OPEN DOOR POLICY FIRST STATED BY SECRETARY OF STATE JOHN HAY LAST CENTURY, GULICK PROPOSED THAT THE UNITED STATES (1) INSIST ON CHINA'S TERRITORIAL INTEGRITY AND RIGHT OF SELF DETERMINATION, (2) SEEK TO RESTORE INTERNATIONAL TRADE AS CONDITIONS BECOME MORE FAVORABLE, (3) OFFER THE CHINESE TECHNICAL AND ECONOMIC HELP TO RAISE THEIR STANDARD OF LIVING, AND (4) PUSH A VIGOROUS PROGRAM OF PRIVATE MEDICAL, SCHOOL AND MISSIONARY SERVICES.

west add xx case.

IN RAPID SUCCESSION. JUDGE REEVES DENIED DEFENSE MOTIONS: TO SUPPRESS PAPERS SEIZED FROM MISS COPLON'S HANDBAG WHEN SHE WAS ARRESTED WITH VALENTINE A.GUBITCHEV, 32, FORMER SOVIET EMPLOYE OF THE UNITED NATIONS, ON A THIRD AVENUE "EL." PLATFORM IN NEW YORK.

FBI AGENTS ADMITTEDLY MADE THE ARREST WITHOUT A WARRANT. TO QUASH THE WASHINGTON INDICTMENT. (BOTH MISS COPLON AND UBITCHEV ARE UNDER A SEPARATE ESPONAGE CONSPIRACY INDICTMENT IN NEW

YORK AND FACE TRIAL THERE LATER.)

3. TO EXPUNCE FROM THE RECORD AN AFFIDAVIT BY NEW YORK FBI CHIEF ROBERT R. GRANVILLE. THIS CHARGED THAT AMONG MISS COPLON'S PAPERS WAS A STATEMENT DESCRIBING HER FAILURE TO FILCH A "TOP SECRET FBI REPORT" SUMMARIZING SOVIET SPY ACTIVITIES. 4. TO DECLARE A MISTRIAL.

WHEARTY TOLD THE JURY OF EIGHT MEN AND FOUR WOMEN THAT THE

"PLANTED" MEMORANDUM WAS IN TWO PARTS.

THE FIRST SECTION. HE SAID. NAMED AN OFFICIAL OF THE SOVIET AMTORG TRADING CO. AND ANOTHER PERSON AS SECRET INFORMERS OF THE FBI. WAS "DELIBERATELY FALSE." HE SAID.

E SECOND PORTION DEALT WITH RUSSIAN ATTEMPTS TO LAY THEIR HANDS ON THIS COUNTRY'S SECRET "GEOPHONES" -- INSTRUMENTS USED TO TEST THE FORCE

ATOMIC BOMB EXPLOSIONS.

HEARTY SAID THE GEOPHONE DATA WAS CLASSIFIED AS SECRET AND HAD NEVER BEEN RELEASED. BUT HE SAID IT WOULD NOT HAVE BEEN IMPORTANT

IF IT HAD FALLEN INTO UNFRIENDLY HANDS.

THE PROSECUTOR SAID FBI CHIEF HOOVER SENT THE DECOY DATA TO MISS COPLON'S BOSS, WILLIAM E.FOLEY, WHO SHOWED IT TO HER DURING THE DAY OF MARCH 4. THAT SAME NIGHT SHE WAS ARRESTED IN NEW YORK, WHEARTY SAID, AND HAND-WRITTEN NOTES FROM THE HOOVER MEMORANDUM WERE FOUND IN HER

AGENTS HAD BEEN TRAILING MISS COPLON FOR WEEKS.

DEFENDANT, A CHIC LITTLE BRUNETTE, TOOK COPIOUS NOTES DURING WHEARTY'S STATEMENT. HER 65-YEAR-OLD MOTHER, WIDOW OF A WELL-TO-DO BROOKLYN TOY MANUFACTURER, LISTENED SADLY IN A NEARBY SEAT IN THE COURTROOM.

MISS COPLON TOLD NEWSMEN THAT THE MYSTERIOUS "MICHAEL" NAMED IN ONE

OF HER HANDBAG NOTES WAS "THE ARCHANGEL MICHAEL."

IN THE NOTE, AS QUOTED BY THE FBI, MISS COPLON ALLEGEDLY WROTE: "I HAVE NOT BEEN ABLE (AND DON'T THINK I WILL) TO GET THE TOP ECRET FBI REPORT WHICH I DESCRIBED TO MICHAEL ON SOVIET AND COMMUNIST INTELLIGENCE ACTIVITIES IN THE UNITED STATES ..."

IN BUBBLING GOOD HUMOR, MISS COPLON EXPLAINED THAT SHE WAS PLANNING

30.24 2797

TO WRITE A NOVEL ABOUT THE WASHINGTON POLITICAL SCENE AND THAT ONE O

THE CHARACTERS IS AN ALLEGORICAL FIGURE NAMED MICHAEL.

SHE SAID SHE DREW HER INSPIRATION FROM CHAPTER 12 OF THE BIBLE'S BOOK OF REVELATIONS, AND THUMBING THROUGH A COURT VOLUME OF THE HOLY

BOOK SHE POINTED OUT THESE TWO PASSAGES TO NEWSMEN: "AND THERE APPEARED ANOTHER WONDER IN HEAVEN; AND BEHOLD A GREAT RED DRAGON, HAVING SEVEN HEADS AND TEN HORNS, AND SEVEN CROWNS UPON HIS

"AND THERE WAS WAR IN HEAVEN: MICHAEL AND HIS ANGELS FOUGHT AGAINST

THE DRAGON: AND THE DRAGON FOUGHT AGAINST THE ANGELS. MISS COPLON SAID THAT IN HER PROJECTED NOVEL, SHE USES THE "RED DRAGON" AS A SYMBOL REPRESENTING RUSSIA AND THE SOVIET SATELLITE

NATIONS. FR315PED

adaxy This!

MALIK IS UNDERSTOOD TO HAVE EXPRESSED TO JESSUP. HOWEVER. HIS PERSONAL OPINION THAT THE TASS NEWS AGENCY REPORT OF LAST TUESDAY OUTLINING THE CONDITIONS FOR LIFTING THE BLOCKADE ACCURATELY REPRESENTED THE VIEWS OF THE SOVIET GOVERNMENT.

THE MAIN PROVISION WAS THAT THE WESTERN POWERS SHOULD AGREE TO A DATE FOR HOLDING A FOREIGN MINISTERS' MEETING FOLLOWING THE BLOCKADE'S ABOLITION. WESTERN COUNTER-BLOCKADE MEASURES WHICH ARE BELIEVED TO HAVE BEEN VERY EFFECTIVE AGAINST THE SOVIET ZONE WOULD BE LIFTED AT THE SAME TIME AS THE SOVIET EMBARGOES.

THESE TERMS ARE WHOLLY ACCEPTABLE TO THE WESTERN POWERS AND UNLESS THE SOVIET UNION. AS ONE INFORMANT SAID. "THROWS SOME NEW GIMMICK" INTO THE WORKS THEY PRESUMABLY ARE THE TERMS ON WHICH THE RUSSIANS WILL WITHDRAW AS GRACEFULLY AS POSSIBLE FROM THE YEAR OLD BATTLE OF THE BARRICADE.

STATE DEPARTMENT OFFICIALS SAID THEY HAD NO IDEA AS TO THE BASIS FOR A REPORT FROM BERLIN THAT THE BLOCKADE WOULD BE LIFTED IN FOUR DAYS. BUT PRESS OFFICER LINCOLN WHITE SAID "I HOPE IT'S TRUE.

FR401PED

A98WX (JOHNSON) (375) ARMS COST

WASHINGTON, APRIL 28-(AP)-EUROPE WOULD GET CONSIDERABLY MORE ARMS INDER THE TRUMAN PROGRAM THAN THE \$1,130,000,000 PRICE TAG WOULD INDICATE, IT WAS DISCLOSED TODAY.

THIS CAME OUT DURING TESTIMONY BY SECRETARY OF DEFENSE JOHNSON

BEFORE THE SENATE FOREIGN RELATIONS COMMITTEE.

THE ADMINISTRATION HAS ASKED CONGRESS TO AUTHORIZE \$1.130.000.000 TO ARM NORTH ATLANTIC PACT PARTNERS DURING THE 1950 FISCAL YEAR BE-GINNING NEXT JULY 1. PART OF THIS WOULD BE SUPPLIED IN DOLLARS FOR THE EUROPEAN COUNTRIES TO SPEND HERE TO BUY NECESSARY RAW MATERIALS AND PART WOULD BE IN SURPLUS AND RESERVE MILITARY EQUIPMENT. BUT THE SURPLUS EQUIPMENT WOULD NOT BE CHARGED OFF TO THE PROGRAM AT ITS FULL ORIGINAL VALUE.

JOHNSON HAS MADE IT CLEAR THAT THE MILITARY ESTABLISHMENT EXPECTS TO BE REIMBURSED BY CONGRESS FOR THE MILITARY SUPPLIES IT SENDS ABROAD UNDER THE PROGRAM. BUT HE ALSO MADE IT CLEAR TODAY THAT IT DID NOT EXPECT TO BE PAID BACK FOR THE FULL ORIGINAL COST OF THE SUBPLUS

JOHNSON TESTIFIED DURING AN EXCHANGE WITH SENATOR TYDINGS (D-MD),

WHO IS ALSO CHAIRMAN OF THE SENATE ARMED SERVICES COMMITTEE, THAT THE TILITARY FEELS THAT IT SHOULD ONLY BE REIMBURSED FOR THE COST OF "RE-

HABILITATING" SURPLUS EQUIPMENT.

DINGS ESTIMATED THIS WOULD BE ABOUT 15 PER CENT OF ITS ORIGINAL BUT JOHNSON SAID HE THOUGHT IT WOULD BE BETWEEN 10 AND 15 PER CENT ON THE AVERAGE. THIS MEANS IN EFFECT THAT PIECE OF EQUIP-MENT WHICH ORIGINALLY COST \$10,000 MIGHT BE REHABILITATED FOR \$1,000. E NET RESULTS IS THAT THE UNITED STATES UNDER THIS "REHABILITA-TION" SYSTEM CAN SHIP MANY MORE THOUSANDS OF DOLLARS WORTH OF EQUIP-MENT TO THE PACT MEMBERS, THAN THEY WOULD BE ABLE TO IF THE FULL ORIGINAL COST OF THE EQUIPMENT WERE CHARGED OFF AGAINST THE PROGRAM. JOHNSON SAID THE MILITARY ESTABLISHMENT WILL EXPECT TO GET FULL

"REPLACEMENT" FOR THE "RESERVE" SUPPLIES IT SENDS ABROAD. THE UNITED STATES WOULD FOOT THE BILL FOR THIS, AS IT FOOTED THE BILL ORIGINALLY

FOR THE ARMS NOW IN THE STOCKS.

THE AMOUNT OF SUPPLIES THAT WILL FALL IN THE "SURPLUS" AND "RE-SERVE" CATEGORIES HAS NOT BEEN MADE PUBLIC. NOR HAS THE ADMINIS-TRATION SAID JUST HOW MUCH OF THE \$1,130,000,000 WILL BE IN DOLLARS, AND HOU MUCH WILL BE IN EQUIPMENT.

IT HAS BEEN ANNOUNCED THAT \$150,000,000 WILL BE EARMARKED FOR A O EUROPEANS TO BUY NECESSARY RAW MATERIALS IN THIS COUNTRED AND TYDINGS ESTIMATED IN A RADIO BROADCAST LAST SUNDAY THAT THE FIRST YEAR COSTS OF REARMING WESTERN EUROPE WOULD BE "ABOUT \$400,000,000 OR \$500,000,000

IN MONEY."

ON THE BASIS OF THESE FIGURES, BETWEEN \$600,000,000 AND \$700,000,-OOO WORTH OF EQUIPMENT WOULD BE FURNISHED TO EUROPE, AN UNDISCLOSED PART OF WHICH WOULD BE AT ONLY A FRACTION OF ITS ORIGINAL COST. (300) WASHINGTON APRIL 28-(AP)-DR. EDWARD U.CONDON, DIRECTOR OF THE MATIONAL BUREAU OF STANDARDS, CHARGED TONIGHT THAT WIDESPREAD EFFORTS ARE BEING MADE TO "LYNCH BY LABEL" -- TO PERSECUTE SCIENTISTS AND OTHERS FOR THEIR POLITICAL BELIEFS.

"THE NAZI FORMULA IS BEING APPLIED HERE WITH PRACTICALLY NO VARIATION FROM THE WAY THE NAZIS WERE USING IT JUST 15 YEARS AGO." HE SAID IN AM ADDRESS BEFORE THE AMERICAN PHYSICAL SOCIETY. THE ETING WAS ATTENDED BY SOME OF THE NATION'S TOP ATOMIC SCIENTISTS.

"ANTI-INTELLECTUALISM PRECEDES THE TOTALITARIAN PUTSCH AND ANTI-INTELLECTUALISM IS ON THE UPSWING HERE," HE SAID.

"THERE IS AN APHORISM ABOUT LETTING SLEEPING DOGS LIE -- AND MANY OF US ARE TEMPTED TO DO JUST THAT. BUT THAT APHORISM IS NOT CABLE HERE FOR THE DOGS TO WHICH I REFER, WHILE THEY HAVE BEEN DOING PLENTY OF LYING, ARE CERTAINLY NOT ASLEEP."

CONDON HELPED DEVELOP THE ATOM BOMB. HE WAS THE TARGET OF A HOUSE UN-AMERICAN COMMITTEE INVESTIGATION. A SUBCOMMITTEE REPORT CALLOTOS HIM "ONE OF THE WEAKEST LINKS" IN THE NATION'S ATOMIC SECURITY CHAIN,

SAID HE HAD ASSOCIATED WITH A RUSSIAN SPY.

COMDON DENIED THE CHARGE AND MANY OTHER SCIENTISTS RALLIED TO HIS

LATER HE WAS CLEARED BY THE ATOMIC ENERGY COMMISSION.

DR. COMPON SAID THERE IS A PARTICULAR VINDICTIVENESS IN THIS COUNTRY AGAINST THE ATOMIC BOMB SCIENTISTS. HE SAID THIS VINDICTIVENESS COMES FROM PERSONS ANMOYED BECAUSE THESE SCIENTISTS HELPED REPLACE MILITARY CONTROL OF ATOMICS BY A CIVILIAN ATOMIC ENERGY COMMISSION.

HE SAID THOSE WHO OPPOSE THE SCIENTISTS ARE VIOLENTLY OPPOSED TO FREE SPEECH AND FREE DISCUSSION UNLESS EXPRESSED VIEWS HAPPEN TO FIT

ALSO THE GROUP OF "AMERICAN ISOLATIONISTS" IS LARGER THAN HE SAID. THEY WILL STRIVE, HE SAID, TO PUT OVER THE

OR EVEN THE UNITED NATIONS, ARE SUBVERSIVE OR UN-AMERICAN.

"ONE STEP IN PAVING THE WAY FOR THIS IS AN ATTEMPT TO DISCREDIT OR INTIMIDATE THOSE SCIENTISTS WHO HAVE STRESSED THE INESCAPABLE MECESSITY OF WORKING FOR THE ONE WORLD CONCEPT," HE ADDED.

LT1120PEDNM

(340) UN-AMERICAN BY DOUGLAS B. CORNELL

WASHINGTON, APRIL 28-(AP)-THE HOUSE UN-AMERICAN ACTIVITIES COMMITTEE EVIDENTLY ISN'T GOING TO PAY MUCH ATTENTION TO A NEW YORK GRAND JURY'S PROPOSAL THAT SPY HUNTING BE DONE IN SECRET.

BUT THERE WAS APPLAUSE FOR THE JURY'S SUGGESTION FOR DOING AWAY WITH THE THREE-YEAR TIME LIMIT IN WHICH SPIES MUST BE CAUGHT AND

PROSECUTED.

THREE COMMITTEE MEMBERS AGREED THAT PUBLIC EXPOSURE OF ACTIVITIES DANGEROUS TO AMERICAN SECURITY IS A VALUABLE AND NECESSARY FUNCTION OF THE COMMITTEE.

THEY AGREED, TOO, THE LAW SHOULD BE CHANGED SO SPIES CAN BE BROUGHT

TO TRIAL REGARDLESS OF HOW LONG AGO THE SPYING WAS DONE.

EXPRESSING THOSE VIEWS TO REPORTERS WERE:

REP. MOULDER (D-MO), A CIRCUIT COURT JUDGE IN MISSOURI BEFORE COMING TO CONGRESS: REP. VELDE (R-ILL). A FORMER FBI AGENT; REP. NIXON (R-CALIF), WHO APPEARED BEFORE A NEW YORK GRAND JURY AFTER PLAYING A LEADING PART IN THE COMMITTEE'S ESPIONAGE INQUIRY LAST YEAR.

THE PRESENT GRAND JURY, LIKE THE ONE LAST YEAR, IS INVESTIGATING

SUBVERSIVE ACTIVITIES.

ITS RECOMMENDATIONS WERE PRESENTED TO FEDERAL JUDGE SYLVESTER J. RYAN TUESDAY. IT SAID THEY WERE DRAFTED WITH THE HELP OF ARMY, NALY,

AIR FORCE AND FBI.

THE JURY SAID INVESTIGATING ESPIONAGE IN SECRET MIGHT HELP IN A CRACKDOWN ON SPYING. IT SAID IT KNEW FROM EXPERIENCE HOW HARD IT IS TO GET AT THE TRUTH ABOUT ESPIONAGE "WHEN WITNESSES HAVE BEEN ALERTED BY PUBLICIZED CHARGES AND COUNTER-CHARGES."

NIXON SAID THAT IN GENERAL HE AGREES WITH THE GRAND JURY AND

WOULDN'T WANT TO BE PUT IN THE POSITION OF CRITICIZING IT.

"BUT I THINK IT SHOULD BE SPECIFIC," HE SAID, "AND POINT OUT EXACTLY IN WHAT INSTANCES COMMITTEE DISCLOSURES OF EVIDENCE INTERFERED WITH GRAND JURY PROCEEDINGS, SO WE CAN CORRECT THE CONDITIONS AND AVOID THEM IN THE FUTURE."

MOULDER SAID THAT CERTAINLY GRAND JURY HEARINGS SHOULD BE SECRET,

FOR THAT IS "A FUNDAMENTAL LAW OF THE LAND."

"BUT THE COMMITTEE ON UN-AMERICAN ACTIVITIES IS AN ENTIRELY DIFFERENT INVESTIGATING BODY, " HE SAID. "ONE OF THE MOST IMPORTANT SERVICES IT CAN RENDER IS TO EXPOSE THE DANGERS OF SUBVERSIVE ACTIVI-TIES THROUGH THE PUBLICITY GIVEN ITS PROCEEDINGS AND HEARINGS."

"THE COMMITTEE," VELDE SAID, "PERFORMS A VALUABLE SERVICE AND DUTY WHEN IT EXPOSES ESPIONAGE AGENTS TO THE PEOPLE SO THEY WILL BE

FULLY AWARE OF THE DANGER AND THREAT TO OUR SECURITY."

RP501AED

BY CHARLES D. WATKINS

AP SPECIAL WASHINGTON SERVICE WASHINGTON, APRIL 28-(AP)-REP. MACK (R-WASH) ASKED THE ECONOMIC COOPERATION ADMINISTRATION TODAY TO INSIST THAT FOREIGN GOVERN-MENTS USING UNITED STATES FUNDS TO PURCHASE LUMBER GIVE AMERICAN FIRMS AN OPPORTUNITY TO BID FOR THE BUSINESS.

IN A LETTER TO PAUL G. HOFFMAN, ADMINISTRATOR, HE SAID THAT OUT OF THE LAST 40,000,000 (M) FEET OF LUMBER PURCHASED BY EUROPEAN GOVERN-MENTS RECEIVING AMERICAN AID, 32,000,000 (M) FEET WERE PURCHASED FROM CANADA AND 8,000,000 (M) FEET FROM UNITED STATES FIRMS.

MACK ASKED HOFFMAN TO INSIST THE AMERICAN FIRMS BE GIVEN "A FAIR DEAL" IN THE EUROPEAN LUMBER AND PLYWOOD PURCHASES.

"WITHOUT A REASONABLE EUROPEAN MARKET," HE TOLD HOFFMAN, "AMERICAN

FIRMS CANNOT OPERATE AT PEAK CAPACITY."

HE TOLD THE ADMINISTRATOR THAT AMERICAN LUMBER EXPORTS IN 1947 TOTALED 1.158.000.000 (B) FEET BUT THAT THEY DROPPED TO 548,900,000(M) IN 1948. IN ADDITION TO THIS LOSS, HE SAID CANADA SOLD 564,000,000(M) FEET OF LUMBER IN THIS COUNTRY.

HE SAID PLYWOOD EXPORTS IN 1947 TOTALED 118,000,000 (M) SQUARE

FEET BUT DROPPED TO 14,300,000 SQUARE FEET IN 1948.

HE SAID THE LOSS OF THE EUROPEAN MARKETS IS FORCING WEST COAST LUMBER MILLS TO CLOSE AND IS THROWING THOUSANDS OF WORKMEN OUT OF JOBS.

AVERAGE LUMBER PRODUCTION DROPPED FROM 708,000,000 (M) FEET A MONTH IN 1948, HE SAID, TO AN AVERAGE OF 535,000,000 (M) FEET A MONTH FOR JANUARY AND FEBRUARY.

RP657AED

"THE HAVANA (INTERNATIONAL TRADE ORGANIZATION) CHARTER IS A MAJOR STEP TOWARD ACHIEVING THAT OBJECTIVE. IT WAS AGREED UPON BY THE REPRESENTATIVES OF 54 NATIONS AFTER MORE THAN TWO YEARS OF PREPARA-TORY STUDY AND NEGOTIATION."

MR. TRUMAN SAID THE CHARTER IS AN INTEGRAL PART OF THE LARGER PRO

GRAM OF INTERNATIONAL ECONOMIC RECONSTRUCTION AND DEVELOPMENT. "THE GREAT OBJECTIVES OF THE EUROPEAN RECOVERY PROGRAM WILL BE ONLY PARTIALLY REALIZED UNLESS WE ACHIEVE A VIGOROUS WORLD TRADING SYSTEM." HE ASSERTED.

VERY LARGELY ON IN INCREASING THE INTERNATIONAL EXCHANGE OF GOODS

AND SERVICES."
ALONG WITH THE CHARTER, THE PRESIDENT SUBMITTED A MEMORANDUM FROM THE STATE DEPARTMENT ON IT.

MD549PED

WILLIAMS AIR FORCE BASE, ARIZ., APRIL 28-(AP)-COMMON DEFENSE PROBLEMS OF THE UNITED STATES AND CANADA WERE DISCUSSED BY AIR FORCE OFFICIALS OF BOTH COUNTRIES HERE TODAY.

AIR VICE MARSHAL C.R. SLEMON, DIRECTOR OF OPERATIONS AND TRAINING OF THE ROYAL CANADIAN AIR FORCE, EXPLAINED THAT UNDER THE PROPOSED JOINT DEFENSE PLAN A WARNING SYSTEM NETWORK WOULD BE STRUNG FROM ALASKA THROUGH CANADA TO THE GREENLAND REGION.

VICE MARSHAL SLEMON AND A PARTY OF RCAF MEN FROM OTTAWA HEADQUART-ERS, ONTARIO, ARE VISITING THIS BASE IN CONNECTION WITH A FAMILIARIZA-TION TOUR OF U.S. AIR BASES AND AIR FORCE TRAINING CENTERS.

THE CANADIAN AIRMEN ARE DISCUSSING JET PLANES, MAINTENANCE AND OTHER PROBLEMS WITH COL. ROBERT L. SCOTT, JR., BASE COMMANDER, AND HIS STAFF. HH1109PCS

30.24- 2799

ST.LOUIS, APRIL 28-(AP)-JOZEF WINIEWICZ, POLISH AMBASSADOR TO THE UNITED STATES, DENIED AT A NEWS CONFERENCE TODAY THAT THE EMBASSY AT WASHINGTON IS A SPY CENTER.

IT WAS PICTURED AS SUCH BY GEN. I.R. MODELSKI, A FORMER MBASSY OFFICIAL, TO THE HOUSE COMMITTEE ON UN-AMERICAN ACTIVI-

WINIEWICZ WAS HERE FOR A SPEECH. HE TOLD REPORTERS: "CERTAINLY WE ARE INTERESTED IN INFORMATION, BUT ONLY TO SHOW THE UNITED STATES IN THE PROPER LIGHT TO OUR GOVERNMENT. AS A MATTER OF PROGRESS, EVERY-ONE IS INTERESTED IN ATOMIC ENERGY, BUT NOT AS A MATTER OF SPYING. ARE TREATING THIS MAN (MODELSKI) AS A DESERTER AND ARE NOT INTER-ESTED IN WHAT HE'S SAYING OR DOING."

EB958PCD NM

SALT LAKE CITY. APRIL 28-(AP)-THE LATTER-DAY SAINTS (MORMON) CHURCH SAID TODAY THAT ITS MISSIONARIES IN FINLAND ARE NOT ACTING AS SPIES.

A STATEMENT ISSUED BY THE CHURCH'S FIRST PRESIDENCY REFERRED TO A SOVIET NEWS AGENCY TASS DISPATCH FROM LONDON. THE DISPATCH SAID "AMERICAN AGENTS ACTING UNDER GUISE OF 'MORMON PRIESTS' ARE SPYING

IN FINLAND."

"ON THE CONTRARY." THE CHURCH'S STATEMENT SAID, "THE FIRST PRESIDENCY STATES THAT THESE MISSIONARIES. AS ARE ALL OTHER MISSIONARIES OF THE L.D.S. CHURCH. ARE CAREFULLY INSTRUCTED THAT THEY SHOULD TAKE NO PART WHATEVER IN LOCAL POLITICS, EVEN AVOIDING THE DISCUSSION THEREOF . - AND THAT THE MISSIONARIES - ARE TO ENGAGE ONLY IN THE ECONOMIC ADVANCEMENT OF UNDERDEVELOPED AREAS LIKEWISE DEPENDS REGULAR MISSIONARY WORK, DISSEMINATING THE PRINCIPLES OF THE RESTORED - ADR 90 1949 GOSPEL."

FJ1052PCS

CHINESE

SAN FRANCISCO, APRIL 28-(AP)-PAN AMERICAN AIRWAYS SAID TODAY IT HAD SCHEDULED FOUR EXTRA FLIGHTS FROM SHANGHAI TO HONG KONG THIS

PAA NORMALLY OPERATES THREE FLIGHTS WEEKLY FROM SHANGHAI TO HONG KONG. THE FOUR ADDED FLIGHTS WERE SCHEDULED TO ACCOMMODATE INCREASED

TRAFFIC. EACH PLANE HAS A CAPACITY OF 30 PASSENGERS.

SCHEDULES IN AND OUT OF SHANGHAI HAVE BEEN OPERATING NORMALLY, PANAMERICAN SAID, AND THERE HAS BEEN NO HINT OF ANY INTERRUPTION. THE AIRLINE OPERATES THREE FLIGHTS WEEKLY FROM SHANGHAI TO THE UNITED STATES. THERE HAS BEEN NO DEMAND FOR INCREASED FACILITIES ON THAT ROUTE.

PAN AMERICAN OFFICIALS SAID THEY WERE IN CONSTANT COMMUNICA-TION WITH THE SHANGHAI OFFICE.

FJ1054PCS

SAN FRANCISCO, APRIL 28-(AP)-CHINESE COMMUNIST TROOPS HAVE SET UP A116KK (ALL SINO) THEIR OWN MILITARY CONTROL COMMITTEE IN NANKING, THE COMMUNIST RADIO

THE BROADCAST SAID THE PURPOSE IS TO "SAFEGUARD LIVES AND PROPERTY" DEPORTED TODAY.

MD "ESTABLISH REVOLUTIONARY ORDER IN THE CITY." THE BROADCAST, HEARD BY THE ASSOCIATED PRESS IN SAN FRANCISCO, CREDITED WORKERS AND STUDENTS WITH SAVING NANKING "FROM BEING SERIOUSLY URECKED BY THE FLEEING KUOMINTANG" (NATIONALIST) TROOPS BEFORE THE RED

APMY MOVED IN.

THE COMMUNIST RADIO AT PEIPING HAS BECOME ABOUT THE ONLY SOURCE THE COMMUNIST RADIO AT PEIPING HAS BECOME ABOUT THE ONLY SOURCE

OF NEWS FROM NANKING. DIRECT PRESS DISPATCHES HAVE NOT BEEN RECEIVED FROM THE FALLEN CAPITAL FOR SEVERAL DAYS. HOWEVER, A U. S. STATE DEPARTMENT SPOKESMAN SAID IN WASHINGTON THE AMERICAN GOVERNMENT STILL IS RECEIVING MESSAGES FROM THE NANKING EMBASSY WHICH HAS ITS OWN RADIO. HE SAID THE DEPARTMENT WOULD NOT RELEASE THESE MESSAGES FOR PUBLICATION UNLESS THEY REPORT SOME DEVELOP-MENT OF MAJOR NEWS INTEREST.

(ADVANCE FOR USE AT 10:15 P.M., EASTERN STANDARD TIME,
TOMIGHT. THURSDAY, APRIL 28)
(ADVANCE)..CHICAGO, APRIL 28-(AP)-HENRY A.WALLACE SAID TOMIGHT THE
UNITED STATES "IS FAR MORE LIKELY TO TAKE PROVOCATIVE STEPS"
LEADING TO WAR THAN IS RUSSIA.

THUR IN TIMATE DISASTED WHICH THE ATLANTIC BACK INVOLUDES IS MAD "THE ULTIMATE DISASTER WHICH THE ATLANTIC PACT INVOLVES IS WAR ITSELF," WALLACE SAID IN A TALK PREPARED FOR A NETWORK (ABC) RADIO

BROADCAST. HE ADDED:

FJ939PCS

"I KNOW THAT RUSSIA WILL NOT ENTER THIS WAR UNLESS SHE IS

PROVOKED BY AGGRESSION ON HER VERY BORDERS.

"THE U.S. WITH HER ATOM BOMB AND HER ENORMOUS INDUSTRIAL POWER FAR MORE LIKELY TO TAKE PROVOCATIVE STEPS UNDER A PACT WHICH TES SO MUCH POWER TO THE MILITARY MEN AND PLACES MILITARY BASES ON RUSSIA'S BORDERS."
LAST NIGHT IN NEW YORK WALLACE OPENED HIS THREE-WEEK, CROSS

COUNTRY "PEACE TOUR" WITH FOUR EUROPEANS. THEY WILL APPEAR

OMORROW NIGHT IN THE CHICAGO COLISEUM. WALLACE TOLD HIS RADIO AUDIENCE THAT WHEN HE WAS IN ENGLAND IN 1947 HE FOUND "THE WORKERS WERE DETERMINED THAT THE UNITED KINGDOM SHOULD NOT SERVE AS AN ADVANCED AIR BASE FROM WHICH THE U.S. COULD BOMB RUSSIA AND THUS INVITE RETALIATION."

"BUT ONLY YESTERDAY," WALLACE SAID, "GREAT AMERICAN BOMBERS CAPABLE OF CARRYING ATOMIC BOMBS WERE MOVED TO ENGLISH BASES."

WALLACE ESTIMATED THE COST OF A WAR WITH RUSSIA "IN HUMAN LIFE DID NOT ELABORATE. WOULD BE HALF A BILLION LIVES AND IN MONEY FIVE TRILLION (CORRECT)

ONLY IN THE FLOOD OF WOMEN'S TEARS."

ONLY IN THE FLOOD OF WOMEN'S TEARS."

ONLY IN THE FLOOD OF WOMEN'S TEARS." WALLACE DECLARED "THE GREAT NATIONS WHICH REALLY BEINEVE IN PEACE CAN NOW SPEEDILY FIND THE ROAD TO PEACE. THE RUSSIANS HAVE SHOWN THEY WANT TO TRAVEL THAT PATH BY LIFTING THE BERLIN

TIF NOW TRUMAN AND ACHESON WILL STOP THEIR WAR TALKS AND SET DOWN -- FOR THE FIRST TIME -- THE CONDITIONS FOR REAL PEACE TALKS,

THE WORLD CAN MOVE AHEAD WITHOUT FEAR." EARLIER, AN ITALIAN SENATOR TRAVELING WITH WALLACE SAID THE

VATICAN POLICY "IS A WAR POLICY."
MICHELE GIUA, LEFT-WING MEMBER OF THE ITALIAN SENATE WHO SAYS HE IS A CATHOLIC BY FAITH. MADE HIS REMARKS AT A NEWS CONFERENCE TOGETHER WITH WALLACE AND H.LESTER HUTCHINSON, LABOR MEMBER OF THE BRITISH PARLIAMENT. IT WAS THE FIRST STOP OF A PROJECTED NATIONWIDE TOUR.

GIUA. SPEAKING THROUGH AN INTERPRETER. SAID. "THE PHILOSOPHY OF CHRISTIANITY IS PEACE FOR THE COMMON MAN. THE PRESENT CHAOTIC SITUATION IN ITALY FLOWS DIRECTLY FROM THE REACTIONARY POLICIES OF THE VATICAN.

"WE RESPECT THE CHURCH AND ARE FOR FULL RELIGIOUS LIBERTY BUT WE INSIST THE CHURCH MUST STOP ITS INTERVENTION IN POLITICS. THE VATICAN POLICY IS A WAR POLICY LIKE THE ATLANTIC PACT IS A WAR TREATY.

(END ADVANCE FOR USE AT 10:15 P.M.EST TONIGHT, THURSDAY APRIL 28)

ER858PCD

NEW HAVEN, CONN., APRIL 28-(AP)-ADOLPH A.BERLE, FORMER ASSISTANT SECRETARY OF STATE, CALLED FOR A NEW "OPEN DOOR" POLICY IN CHINA. SPEAKING BEFORE MEMBERS OF THE YALE POLITICAL UNION, UNDERGRADUATE DEBATING SOCIETY, BERLE ALSO URGED A FAR EASTERN TRADE AGREEMENT WITH

UNITED STATES SUPPORT.

THOSE TWO MEASURES, HE SAID, WERE NECESSARY TO STEM DISORDERS WHICH

MAY FOLLOW THE COMMUNIST ADVANCE IN CHINA.

DISCUSSING THE "OPEN DOOR" BERLE SAID THE UNITED STATES SHOULD SEEK AGREEMENTS WITH THOSE CHINESE AUTHORITIES WITH WHOM WE CAN STILL DEAL. "OPEN DOOR AREAS" SHOULD BE SET UP IN FORMOSA, THE ISLAND OF HAINAN AND ON THE CHINESE MAINLAND. HE SAID. "THE SIGNIFICANCE OF THESE AREAS, " HE SAID, "SHOULD BE SOCIAL AND ECONOMIC, EVEN MORE THAN MILITARY."

THE FORMER STATE DEPARTMENT OFFICIAL SAID THAT JAPAN, THE PHILIPPINES, AND INDONESIA WILL UNDOUBTEDLY EXPERIENCE ECONOMIC TROUBLES AS A RESULT OF THE CUTTING OFF OF TRADE WITH COMMUNIST CHINA. HE URGED THAT THE UNITED STATES, IN CONSULTATION WITH AUSTRALIA, IMMEDIATELY TAKE STEPS FOR A TRADE AGREEMENT FOR THOSE AREAS TO EASE THE SITUATION.

RB1142PES

ADD 90 1940

NIGHT LEAD COMMUNISTS

NEW YORK, APRIL 28-(AP)-A WITNESS AT THE CONSPIRACY TRIAL OF 11 COMMUNIST PARTY LEADERS TESTIFIED TODAY THAT THE PARTY MADE A CON-CERTED EFFORT LAST SUMMER TO WIN MEMBERS IN BASIC NEW YORK CITY INDUSTRIES.

MISS ANGELA CALOMIRIS, A SLENDER BRUNETTE WHO SPENT SEVEN YEARS AS AN FBI INFORMANT IN THE COMMUNIST PARTY, SAID THE PARTY STROVE FOR MEMBERS ALONG RAILROAD WORKERS, RAILWAY EXPRESS EMPLOYES, LONGSHOREMEN

AND TEAMSTERS.

HER OWN DUTIES IN THE DRIVE CONSISTED, SHE TESTIFIED, IN HANDING OUT COMMUNIST LITERATURE TO WATERFRONT WORKERS AS THEY APPEARED FOR

WORK EVERY MORNING.

DESCRIBING WAYS IN WHICH PARTY RECRUITS WERE OBTAINED, SHE SAID, "YOU TAKE THEM TO A DINNER OR A SHOW, OR GET TO TALKING TO THEM IN A CAFETERIA, GIVE THEM BOOKS TO READ, GET THEM TO COME TO A MEETING, AND SO ON."

THE FBI FIRST APPROACHED HER ABOUT CONFIDENTIAL WORK IN FEBRUARY OR MARCH, 1942, MISS CALOMIRIS SAID, AND SHE JOINED THE PARTY THE FOLLOWING APRIL.

SHE WAS STILL A MEMBER OF THE PARTY LAST TUESDAY, SHE SAID, WHEN SHE BEGAN TESTIFYING AT THE TRIAL OF THE 11 WHO ARE ACCUSED OF CON-SPIRING TO ADVOCATE THE FORCIBLE OVERTHROW OF THE U.S.GOVERNMENT. IN HER THIRD DAY OF TESTIMONY AS A GOVERNMENT WITNESS MISS

CALOMIRIS SAID:

LAST MAY A LETTER WAS SENT TO ALL COMMUNIST PARTY BRANCH ORGANIZERS FORBIDDING THEM TO TAKE A VACATION OF MORE THAN THREE WEEKS WITHOUT IFIC PERMISSION.

THE LETTER POINTED OUT "THIS SUMMER IS AN ELECTION YEAR" AND ALL COMMUNIST ORGANIZATIONS MUST WORK SEVEN DAYS A WEEK.

SHE SAID A "JIM TORMEY" TOLD A CONVENTION OF THE NEW YORK COUNTY COMMUNIST PARTY LAST SUMMER THAT "THE PARTY WAS GEARING ITSELF PARTICULARLY IN THE BASIC INDUSTRIES," ADDING:

"HE SAID THE BASIC INDUSTRIES WERE THE RAILWAY EXPRESS, THE RAIL-THE WATERFRONT, INCLUDING THE LONGSHOREMEN, AND THE TRUCKING OR

TEAMSTERS."

OF HER OWN RECRUITING WORK WITH WATERFRONT WORKERS SHE SAID "WE WERE TO TRY TO MAKE APPOINTMENTS WITH THEM TO VISIT THEM AT THEIR HOMES SO AS TO RECRUIT MEMBERS TO THE PARTY."

UNDER CROSS-EXAMINATION SHE SAID HER REPORTS TO THE FBI NUMBERED FROM 20 TO 30 A MONTH AT TIMES. SHE REPORTED ON ALL ACTIVITIES OF WHICH SHE TOOK PART, SHE SAID, BUT DID NOT REPEAT GOSSIP. PS 91 6PED

DES COLOS CECOS

NEW YORK, APRIL 28-(AP)-NECMEDDIN SADAK, FOREIGN MINISTER OF TURKEY SAID TODAY "IT WAS A GREAT MISTAKE" TO EXCLUDE HIS COUNTRY FROM THE NORTH ATLANTIC PACT AS LONG AS ITALY, ANOTHER NON-ATLANTIC STATE, IS IN IT.

THE MINISTER MADE THE STATEMENT ABOARD THE LINER QUEEN ELIZABETH. BEFORE HE SAILED THIS MORNING AFTER THREE WEEKS IN WASHINGTON AND

AT THE UNITED NATIONS GENERAL ASSEMBLY.

SADAK SAID "THERE IS NO POSSIBILITY OF TURKEY'S RETURNING TO A POLICY OF ARMED NEUTRALITY," BUT IT RELIES ON COLLECTIVE SECURITY RATHER THAN ARMS BECAUSE "WE CANNOT RELY ON THE TRUMAN DOCTRINE TO CONTINUE INDEFINITELY.

PROF. HAROLD J. LASKI, FORMER CHAIRMAN OF THE BRITISH LABOR PARTY, ALSO ABOARD, SAID THAT IF THE NORTH ATLANTIC PACT "SAYS WITHIN ITS STATED DEFENSIVE PURPOSE I THINK IT IS ADMIRABLE. BUT IF IT GOES BEYOND THE DEFENSIVE, I THINK IT IS A BETRAYAL OF HUMANITY."

ASKED WHAT MIGHT MAKE THE PACT OTHER THAN DEFENSIVE. LASKI SAID

"THERE ARE ALWAYS FOOLISH PEOPLE IN EVERY GOVERNMENT."

THE PROFESSOR AND MRS. LASKI WERE RETURNING FROM A FIVE-WEEKS' SPEAKING TOUR HE MADE OF THE UNITED STATES. HE MENTIONED THAT THERE WERE TWO CANCELLATIONS -- ONE AT CAMBRIDGE, MASS., AND THE OTHER AT THE UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA AT LOS ANGELES.

SOME DAY, HE SAID, "I HOPE THAT AMERICA WILL BE ASHAMED OF THE

PRESENT WITCH-HUNTING."

M633AED

LASKI SAID THAT AT "A CERTAIN MIDWEST UNIVERSITY," WHICH HE WOULD NOT NAME, AN OFFICERS' TRAINING PROGRAM DIRECTOR, WHO ALSO HEADS MILITARY INTELLIGENCE FOR EIGHT SURROUNDING STATES, "SUMMONS INTO HIS OFFICE PROFESSORS TO ACCOUNT FOR THEIR ACTIONS AT THE UNIVERSITY."

30.24 2801

NEW YORK, FRIDAY, APRIL 29-(AP)-THE NEW YORK TIMES SAID TODAY AN AUTHORITATIVE SOURCE HAS DISCLOSED THAT THE UNITED STATES AND BRITAIN WILL PROPOSE MERGER OF THE SOVIET ZONE IN GERMANY WITH THE PROPOSED WEST GERMAN REPUBLIC, TO FORM A SINGLE FEDERAL STATE.

THE PROPOSAL IS TO BE ADVANCED AT THE PROPOSED MEETING OF BIG FOUR

FOREIGN MINISTERS, THE NEWSPAPER SAID.

"THE ANGLO-AMERICAN PROPOSAL, IT WAS SAID, WILL BE PUT FORWARD TO COUNTER-BALANCE THE EXPECTED SOVIET DEMAND FOR THE ESTABLISHMENT OF A CENTRALIZED GERMAN GOVERNMENT WITH JURISDICTION OVER ALL OF GERMANY." THE TIMES REPORTED. THE RUSSIANS HAD COOKED UP THEIR PLAN. THE PAPER SAID. "AS A MEANS OF CONVINCING THE PEOPLE OF WESTERN OCCUPATION ZONES THAT THE SOVIET UNION IS THEIR REAL FRIEND AND THAT THEY SHOULD NOT ACTE TO THE ESTABLISHMENT OF THE PROPOSED WESTERN GERMAN GOVERNMENT. THE DISPATCH, DATELINED FROM LAKE SUCCESS, CONTINUED:

"FRANCE HAS NOT AGREED TO THE ANGLO-AMERICAN PROPOSAL, AND IT WAS EARNED THAT NEITHER BRITAIN OR FRANCE HAD YET APPROVED A TENTATIVE DECISION BY THE UNITED STATES TO PROPOSE AT THE SAME TIME AN EARLY AND

DRASTIC REDUCTION IN THE OCCUPATION FORCES IN GERMANY."

THE TIMES SAID RUSSIA IS EXPECTED TO PROPOSE THE WITHDRAWAL OF ALL OCCUPATION TROOPS FROM GERMANY AT THE PROPOSED BIG FOUR MEETING BUT THAT THE UNITED STATES PROPOSAL DOES NOT GO THAT FAR. IT SAID THE U.S. WANTS THE NUMBER OF TROOPS CUT TO THE LOWEST LEVEL COMPATIBLE WITH SECURITY IN THE VIEW OF THE RESPECTIVE COMMANDERS-IN-CHIEF.

NEW YORK, APRIL 28-(AP)-STANTON GRIFFIS, AMBASSADOR TO EGYPT NOW ON LEAVE, SAID TONIGHT HIS EMBASSY IN CAIRO WAS SURROUNDED BY GUARDS AND MACHINE GUNS BECAUSE OF "BITTER ANTI-AMERICAN SENTIMENT."

GRIFFIS TOLD WORKERS OF THE TRAVELLERS AID SOCIETY AT THEIR ANNUAL MEETING THAT THE FEELING AGAINST AMERICA RESULTED FROM THE UNITED STATES RECOGNITION OF THE STATE OF ISRAEL.

AT THE EMBASSY, HE SAID, HE WAS CONSTANTLY SURROUNDED BY GUARDS SUPPLIED BY THE EGYPTIAN GOVERNMENT. MACHINE GUNS, HE ADDED, WERE SET UP OUTSIDE THE BUILDING IN CASE OF TROUBLE.

GRIFFIS LEFT EGYPT LAST MONTH TO DIRECT THE UNITED NATIONS RELIEF

JORK FOR PALESTINE REFUGEES.

BLOCKADE (230) GEORGE PALMER

NEW YORK, APRIL 28-(AP)-A WESTERN POWER SPOKESMAN SAID TODAY BIG FOUR CONFERENCE ON THE BERLIN QUESTION MAY BE CALLED IN NEW YORK SOON.

U.S. BRITISH, FRENCH AND RUSSIAN DELEGATES TO THE U.N. WOULD PROBABLY ATTEND TO CARRY TALKS A STEP FORWARD, HE SAID.

"SUCH A CONFERENCE IS CERTAINLY A POSSIBILITY," HE TOLD REPORTERS AT THE U.N. ASSEMBLY HALL IN FLUSHING MEADOW PARK.

IT WOULD COME, IF AT ALL, AFTER SOVIET DEPUTY FOREIGN MINISITER JAKOB A.MALIK RECEIVES NEW INSTRUCTIONS FROM MOSCOW.

MALIK MET YESTERDAY WITH U.S. AMBASSADOR-AT-LARGE PHILIP C. JESSUP AND RECEIVED A MESSAGE ASKING SPECIFICALLY WHAT WERE RUSSIA'S INTENTIONS ON LIFTING THE BERLIN BLOCKADE.

JESSUP HAS SHOWN THIS MESSAGE TO FRENCH AND BRITISH DELEGATES HERE. AS SOON AS ANDREI Y.VISHINSKY, SOVIET FOREIGN MINISTER, SENDS TO MALIK THE OFFICIAL RUSSIAN REACTION TO JESSUP'S COMMUNICATION THE

NEXT STEP WOULD BE FOR THE U.S., BRITAIN AND FRANCE TO CONFER WITH THE SOVIET REPRESENTATIVE IN NEW YORK, THE SPOKESMAN SAID.

THE SPOKESMA POINTED OUT THAT DUE TO THE EVENTS AT BONN, WHERE THE WEST GERMAN STATE IS BEING SHAPED, IT IS TO BE PRESUMED THAT THE NEXT COUNCIL OF FOREIGN MINISTERS WOULD BE CALLED FOR SOMETIME IN

IN ORDER TO CLEAR THE WAY FOR SUCH A CONFERENCE, HE ADDED. WOULD BE NECESSARY TO DISPOSE OF THE BLOCKADE QUESTION IN THE VERY MEAR FUTURE. THAT MEANS, HE SAID, THAT A MEETING OF THE BIG FOUR REPRESENTATIVES IN NEW YORK SHORTLY CAN BE CONSIDERED A DISTINCT

SM/PS1038PED

NEW YORK, APRIL 28-(AP)-A STATE DEPARTMENT OFFICIAL SAID TODAY THE VOICE OF AMERICA BROADCASTS TO THE MOSCOW AREA HAVE BEEN
"COMPLETELY BLACKED OUT" BY SOVIET RADIO JAMMING.
CHARLES W.THAYER, CHIEF OF THE STATE DEPARTMENT'S INTERNATIONAL

BROADCASTING DIVISION, SAID AT LEAST 50 RUSSIAN TRANSMITTERS WERE BEING USED IN THE JAMMING OPERATION-BY FAR THE GREATEST NUMBER EVER EMPLOYED THE SOVIET UNION AGAINST VOICE BROADCASTS.

THAYER SAID THE JAMMING BEGAN LAST SUNDAY. THAT WAS ABOUT THE TIME THE RUSSIANS FIRST INDICATED PUBLICLY THAT THEY MIGHT BE

WILLING TO LIFT THE BERLIN BLOCKADE.

VOICE OFFICIALS SAID THEY HAD NOT ESTABLISHED ANY REASON WHY

THE JAMMING WAS INTENSIFIED AT THAT TIME.

TO COMBAT THE JAMMING. THE VOICE OF AMERICA BEGAN A CONTINUOUS AROUND-THE-CLOCK BROADCAST AT 2 P.M. (EST) TODAY IN THE RUSSIAN LANGUAGE, BEAMED AT THE MOSCOW AREA. IT REPLACED THE USUAL 90-MINUTE TRANSMISSION TO THAT SECTION.

ENGINEERS SAID THE RUSSIANS WERE EMPLOYING BETTER ANTENNAS, MORE POWERFUL TRANSMITTERS AND POWERFUL JAMMERS OF A TYPE NOT PREVIOUSLY

USED AGAINST VOICE BROADCASTS.

SN1025PED

INITED NATIONS NEW YORK, APRIL 28-(AP)-THE UNITED NATIONS ASSEMBLY MEETS TODAY TO TAKE FINAL ACTION ON A PLAN FOR AN 800-MAN FORCE TO GUARD U.N. PEACE

MISSIONS ABROAD. THE PLAN WAS ORIGINATED BY U.N. SECRETARY-GENERAL TRYGVE LIE. IT WAS APPROVED BY THE ASSEMBLY'S SPECIAL POLITICAL COMMITTEE OVER SOVIET OPPOSITION. THERE APPEARED TO BE LITTLE DOUBT THAT THE FULL ASSEMBLY WOULD RATIFY THE COMMITTEE'S ACTION.

THE ASSEMBLY IS SCHEDULED TO CONTINUE ITS PLENARY MEETINGS AT

FLUSHING MEADOW PARK, IN NEW YORK, THROUGH TODAY AND TOMORROW.
THE DELEGATES ARE EXPECTED TO ACT FINALLY SOME TIME TOMORROW ON

THE IMPRISONMENT OF CHURCHMEN IN HUNGARY AND BULGARIA. THE SPECIAL POLITICAL COMMITTEE ALREADY HAS APPROVED AN AMERICAN-SUPPORTED PLAN TO HOLD UP U.N. ACTION UNTIL EFFORTS HAVE BEEN MADE UNDER PEACE TREATY GUARANTEES TO FREE JOSEF CARDINAL MINDSZENTY, IMPRISONED IN HUNGARY, AND 15 PROTESTANT CLERGYMEN IN BULGARIA.

THE ASSEMBLY IS EXPECTED TO APPROVE THE COMMITTEE'S

RECOMMENDATION.

MK310AED

THE POST PAYS \$22,000 ANNUALLY. ZINCHENKO WILL RECEIVE \$13,500 SALARY AND EXPENSE ALLOWANCE AMOUNTING TO \$8,500, ALL TAX FREE.

THE OTHER SEVEN ASSISTANT SECRETARIES-GENERAL -- LIE'S TOP AIDES--ARE BYRON PRICE, UNITED STATES; DAVID OWEN, BRITAIN; HENRI LAUGIER FRANCE; ADRIAN PELT, THE NETHERLANDS; VICTOR HOO, CHIMA; IVAN KERNO,

CZECHOŚLOVAKIA: BENJAMIN COHEN, CHILE.
SOBOLEV IS CALLED IN SOME WESTERN CIRCLES A "JUNIOR LITVINOFF." MAXIM LITVINOFF, FORMER FOREIGN MINISTER AND FIRST SOVIET AMBASSADOR
TO WASHINGTON, FAVORED CLOSER TIES WITH THE WEST. LITVINOFF WAS REPLACED AS FOREIGN MINISTER BY V.M. MOLOTOV IN 1939 WHEN RUSSIA SIGNED
THE PACT WITH THE NAZIS. LITVINOFF SINCE HAS HELD OBSCURE POSTS IN THE SOVIET FOREIGN MINISTRY.

SOBOLEV IS AN EXPERT ON THE GERMAN PROBLEM. ONE HIGH WESTERN DELEGATE SAID HE BELIEVED THE SWITCH WAS MADE SO SOBOLEV COULD TAKE PART IN THE FORTHCOMING RUSSIAN-WESTERN TALKS ON THAT PROBLEM.
INFORMED SOURCES SAID HE ALREADY WAS AT WORK IN THE FOREIGN MINISTRY

BUT HIS POSITION WAS NOT KNOWN HERE.

APR 20 1949

THERE WERE NO APPARENT DEVELOPMENTS HERE TODAY ON THE BERLIN SITUATION BUT DELEGATES NOTED WITH INTEREST THE STATEMENT BY PRESIDENT TRUMAN AT HIS NEWS CONFERENCE IN WASHINGTON.

MR. TRUMAN TOLD THE NEWSMEN HE BELLEVED THE RUSSIAN FEELERS ON THE

BLOCKADE QUESTION WERE ADVANCED IN GOOD FAITH.

ONE EASTERN EUROPEAN DELEGATE PREDICTED PRIVATELY TO NEWSMEN THAT THE BERLIN BLOCKADE WOULD BE LIFTED IN THE NEXT FOUR DAYS OR SO. THAT REPORT ALSO WAS CURRENT IN BERLIN BUT THERE WAS NO CONFIRMATION ANYWHERE.

A WESTERN DIPLOMAT SAID THE ONLY ISSUE THAT NOW REMAINED TO BE SETTLED IS EXACTLY WHAT THE RUSSIANS AND THE WEST WILL DISCUSS AT A MEETING OF THE FOUR-POWER COUNCIL OF FOREIGN MINISTERS.

ME/N431 PED

U.N.-COLONIES

NEW YORK, APRIL 28-(AP)-THE ENTIRE LATIN AMERICAN BLOC OF 20 COUNTRIES DECIDED IN A SECRET CAUCUS TODAY TO SUPPORT ITALY'S CLAIMS TO TRIPOLITANIA AND TO REJECT ANY PARTIAL SOLUTION OF THE ITALIAN COLONIES QUESTION, A RELIABLE SOURCE SAID TONIGHT.

THIS SOURCE SAID THE LATIN AMERICAN BLOC IN THE UNITED NATIONS ASSEMBLY HAD DECIDED TO SERVE NOTICE ON BRITAIN AND THE UNITED STATES THAT IT WOULD NOT ACCEPT ANY SOLUTION TO THE ISSUE OF THE FORMER ITALIAN COLONIES UNLESS ITALY IS GIVEN A U.N. TRUSTEESHIP OVER

ANOTHER SOURCE SAID THE LATIN AMERICAN DELEGATES DID NOT WANT A PIECE-MEAL SOLUTION. HE SAID THE LATIN AMERICAN BLOC DECIDED TO SUPPORT THE FOLLOWING SPLIT OF THE FORMER ITALIAN COLONIES:

1. ITALIAN TRUSTEESHIP FOR TRIPOLITANIA.

BRITISH TRUSTEESHIP OVER CYRENAICA. FRENCH TRUSTEESHIP OVER THE FEZZAN.

DIVISION OF ERITREA BETWEEN ETHIOPIA, THE ANGLO-EGYPTIAN SUDAN AND AN INTERNATIONAL ZONE.

ITALIAN TRUSTEESHIP OVER ITALIAN SOMALILAND.

THE LATIN AMERICAN DELEGATES ALSO DECIDED TO DEMAND INDEPENDENCE FOR ALL OF LIBIA IN 10 YEARS IF POSSIBLE. THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY WOULD BE ASKED LATER TO DETERMINE IF LIBIA IS READY FOR INDEPENDENCE AFTER THAT PERIOD.

SINCE THE WAR LATIN AMERICAN NATIONS, MANY OF WHICH HAVE LARGE ITALIAN POPULATIONS, HAVE GENERALLY FAVORED GENEROUS PEACE TERMS FOR

THE BRITISH WERE SAID TO HAVE COME TO THE CURRENT ASSEMBLY MEETING FAVORING A SOLUTION OF THE WHOLE PROBLEM AT THIS TIME.

HOWEVER, ONE SOURCE SAID THE BRITISH GOVERNMENT HAD MADE IT KNOWN ATELY IT WOULD FAVOR A PARTIAL SOLUTION HERE PROVIDED THE BRITISH

WERE GIVEN A U.N. TRUSTEESHIP OVER CYRENAICA. LATIN AMERICANS SAID THEY DECIDED TO PRESENT THEIR UNITED FRONT AGAINST SUCH A PARTIAL SOLUTION AFTER HEARING THE BRITISH POSITION. THE BRITISH AND AMERICANS FAVOR A BRITISH TRUSTEESHIP OVER CYRENAICA

AND A FRENCH TRUSTEESHIP OVER FEZZAN. THEY ALSO HAVE FAVORED GIVING PART OF ERITREA TO ETHIOPIA AND GIVING THE ITALIANS A TRUSTEESHIP ONLY OVER ITALIAN SOMALILAND. THE BRITISH AND AMERICANS HAVE LEFT OPEN THE QUESTION OF WHAT TO DO WITH TRIPOLITANIA AND THE REMAINDER OF ERITREA.

THE RUSSIAN BLOC HAS ADVOCATED A U.N. TRUSTEESHIP OVER ALL OF THE FORMER ITALIAN COLONIES.

new york add at explained REFERRING TO RUSSIA'S PENDING PROPOSAL TO LIFT THE BERLIN BLOCKADE IF THE COUNCIL OF FOREIGN MINISTERS IS SUMMONED TO TAKE UP THE GERMAN PROBLEM AGAIN, ACHESON SAID:

"THE PEOPLE OF WESTERN GERMANY MAY REST ASSURED THAT THIS GOVERN-MENT WILL AGREE TO NO GENERAL SOLUTION FOR GERMANY INTO WHICH THE BASIC SAFEGUARDS AND BENEFITS OF THE EXISTING WESTERN GERMAN ARRANGE-MENTS WOULD MOT BE ABSORBED. THEY MAY REST ASSURED THAT UNTIL SUCH A SOLUTION CAN BE ACHIEVED, THIS GOVERNMENT WILL CONTINUE TO LEND VIGOROUS SUPPORT TO THE DEVELOPMENT OF THE WESTERN GERMAN PROGRAM."

ACHESON SPOKE AFTER RECEIVING A PERSONAL REPORT IN WASHINGTON FROM AMBASSADOR PHILLIP JESSUP OF THE CONVERSATION JESSUP HAD HERE YESTER-DAY WITH RUSSIA'S UNITED NATIONS DELEGATE, JACOB MALIK, ON THE BERLIN

THE ULTIMATE AMERICAN OBJECTIVE IN GERMANY, ACHESON SAID, IS TO INTEGRATE THE GERMAN PEOPLE "OR AS LARGE A PART OF THEM AS POSSIBLE" INTO "A NEW COMMON STRUCTURE OF THE FREE PEOPLES OF EUROPE."

HE SAID AMERICANS HOPE THAT THE GERMANS IN DUE TIME WILL SHARE THE OBLIGATIONS AND BENEFITS ENJOYED BY THE REST OF WESTERN EUROPE, 49 BUT THIS WILL DEPEND LARGELY UPON THEMSELVES.

THE WESTERN ALLIES WENT AHEAD WITH THEIR SEPARATE PLANS FOR GERMANY, ACHESON SAID, WHEN IT APPEARED BY THE END OF 1947 "THE SOVIET UNION WAS SEEKING TO THWART ANY SETTLEMENT WHICH DID NOT CONCEDE VIRTUAL SOVIET CONTROL OVER GERMAN ECONOMIC AND POLITICAL LIFE.

HE STRESSED AGAIN THAT THE AGREEMENTS ANNOUNCED LAST JUNE 1 IN LONDON AND THOSE REACHED IN WASHINGTON THIS MONTH BY THE BIG THREE FOREIGN MINISTERS WERE IN "NO SENSE A REPUDIATION OF OUR INTER-MATIONAL COMMITMENTS" BUT RATHER "A SINCERE EFFORT TO DEAL WITH EXIST-ING REALITIES IN THE SPIRIT OF THE ORIGINAL ALLIED COVENANTS PERTAINING TO GERMANY."

THE PROJECTED NEW WEST GERMAN STATE, ACHESON SAID, WILL BE SUBJECTED TO "MINIMUM SUPERVISION BY THE OCCUPATION AUTHORITIES," AIMED AT SAFE-GUARDING GENERAL SECURITY AND BROAD ALLIED PURPOSES. HE SAID THAT BY TERMS OF THE OCCUPATION STATUTE THE DAY TO DAY OPERATIONS OF THE GERMAN GOVERNMENT CANNOT BE THWARTED BY THE VETO OF ONE OCCUPYING POWER OR BY ALLIED DISAGREEMENT."

(END ADVANCE FOR USE AT 9:30 PM EST TONIGHT THURSDAY APRIL 28) LT731PED

30.24= 2803

NEW YORK, APRIL 28-(AP)-THE UNITED NATIONS ASSEMBLY DECIDED TODAY TO SET UP A SPECIAL PANEL OF EXPERTS TO HELP SETTLE INTERNATIONAL DISPUTES BEFORE THEY REACH A CRITICAL STAGE.

RUSSIA AND THE SOVIET BLOC COUNTRIES VOTED AGAINST THE MOVE AND DURING THE DEBATE SOVIET DEPUTY FOREIGN MINISTER JAKOB A. MALIK MADE A NEW ATTACK ON THE NORTH ATLANTIC DEFENSE TREATY. THE UNITED STATES SUPPORTED THE PLAN AS AN IMPORTANT ADVANCE IN SETTLEMENT OF DISPUTES .

MALIK. REPRESENTING RUSSIA IN THE TALKS WITH THE UNITED STATES ON LIFTING THE BERLIN BLOCKADE, CHARGED THAT LEADING CIRCLES IN THE WESTERN COUNTRIES HAD REVERTED TO THE "OLD POLICY OF ISOLATING THE U.S.S.R." MALIK SAID RUSSIA FAVORS INTERNATIONAL COOPERATION AND WANTS TO STRENGTHEN THE U.N., BUT DOES NOT WANT THE U.N. TO BE USED BY "ONE OR TWO GREAT POWERS."

THE SETTING UP OF THE SPECIAL PANEL OF EXPERTS WAS ONE OF SEVERAL MEASURES PROPOSED BY THE U.N. LITTLE ASSEMBLY AFTER A LONG STUDY OF WAYS TO IMPROVE METHODS FOR THE PEACEFUL SETTLEMENT OF ISSUES HICH MIGHT ENDANGER PEACE.

THIS PLAN HAD BEEN APPROVED BY THE ASSEMBLY'S SPECIAL POLITICAL COM-MITTEE LAST FALL. TODAY'S VOTE WAS 49 TO 6. YEMEN AND NEW ZEALAND

THE PANEL WILL BE MADE UP OF EXPERTS CHOSEN BY MEMBERS OF THE U.N. IND WILL BE AVAILABLE FOR USE BY ANY U.N. BODIES WHICH MIGHT WANT TO SET UP SPECIAL COMMISSIONS OF INQUIRY OR CONCILIATION.

THE CONCILIATORS WILL BE USED MAINLY IN THE EARLY STAGES OF DISPUTES SO THAT SOME MAY BE SETTLED WITHOUT RESORT TO SECURITY COUNCIL PRO-

CEDURE.

RUSSIAN OPPOSITION WAS ON THE GROUNDS THE PLAN ORIGINATED IN THE LITTLE ASSEMBLY, WHICH RUSSIA AND HER SATELLITES ARE BOYCOTTING. THEY SAID THE WHOLE IDEA WAS STARTED BY THE UNITED STATES TO BYPASS THE SECURITY COUNCIL AND THE BIG POWER VETO, WHICH RUSSIA HAS USED 30

RB/PS845PED

WITH BLOCKADE BJT

BY FRANCIS W. CARPENTER

NEW YORK, APRIL 28-(AP)-TWO TOUGH-MINDED DIPLOMATS WHO HAVE TANGLED OFTEN IN UNITED NATIONS DEBATES NOW ARE SEEING WHAT MAY BE DONE TO PATCH UP THE RUSSIAN-WESTERN POWER QUARREL OVER BERLIN.

IN THE AMERICAN CORNER IS AMBASSADOR-AT-LARGE PHILIP C. JESSUP, 52. HE ASKED THE RUSSIAN YESTERDAY TO GIVE THE UNITED STATES, BRITAIN AND FRANCE THE EXACT CONDITIONS FOR ENDING THE BERLIN BLOCKADE.

AND IN THE RUSSIAN CORNER IS DEPUTY FOREIGN MINISTER JAKOB A. MALIK, AGE NOT GIVEN IN SKETCHY BIOGRAPHICAL MATERIAL AVAILABLE HERE OR BY MALIK HIMSELF. HE SEEMS TO BE IN HIS EARLY FORTIES.

JESSUP LEARNED MANY DIPLOMATIC TRICKS FROM ELIHU ROOT, FORMER

SECRETARY OF STATE AND DISTINGUISHED AMERICAN.

MALIK PICKED UP MOST OF HIS DIPLOMATIC KNOWLEDGE FROM V. M. MOLOTOV, FORMER SOVIET FOREIGN MINISTER NOW LOOKED UPON AS A CANDIDATE FOR THE TOGA WORN BY PRIME MINISTER JOSEF STALIN.

IN THE SECURITY COUNCIL ARENA OR IN U.N. DEBATE. THEY SPARE

NOTHING TO MAKE THEIR POINT.

OFF THE FLOOR, IN THE RELAXATION OF A SOCIAL DINNER OR IN THE DELEGATES LOUNGE, JESSUP AND MALIK ARE SMILING AND AFFABLE.

JESSUP IS THE HAMILTON FISH PROFESSOR OF INTERNATIONAL LAW AT COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY. HE TOOK A YEAR'S LEAVE FROM COLUMBIA IN FEBRUARY, 1948. THEN LAST FEBRUARY HE WAS PERSUADED TO TAKE ANOTHER YEAR'S LEAVE TO SERVE AS AMBASSADOR-AT-LARGE, A POST PAYING \$25,000 ANNUALLY AND PERMITTING HIM TO ACT AS STAND-IN FOR SECRETARY OF STATE DEAN ACHESON AT INTERNATIONAL CONFERENCES.

JESSUP WAS BORN IN NEW YORK CITY. HE ATTENDED HAMILTON COLLEGE AND TOOK A LAW DEGREE AT YALE UNIVERSITY. HE STARTED OUT WORKING IN A BANK IN UTICA, N.Y. BUT LATER SWITCHED TO LAW AND HAS HAD A HAND IN

MANY STATE DEPARTMENT CONFERENCES.

HIS SPECIALITY IS INTERNATIONAL LAW. HE IS HOPEFUL THAT THE U.N. WILL HELP MODERNIZE INTERNATIONAL LAW. IN HIS WRITINGS, HE URGES THAT INTERNATIONAL LAW MUST BE MADE TO APPLY TO THE INDIVIDUALS OF TWO OF THE EUROPEANS ASSAILED WESTERN ECONOMIC AND MILITARY ALLIANCES THE WORLD AS WELL AS TO THE NATIONS.

JESSUP JOINED THE U.S. DELEGATION LAST YEAR MAINLY TO HELP OUT ON THE YEAR-AROUND LITTLE ASSEMBLY. THEN HE WAS APPOINTED TO SUCCEED HERSCHEL V. JOHNSON AS DEPUTY ON THE SECURITY COUNCIL AND TOOK HIS SEAT THERE SHORTLY BEFORE MALIK RELIEVED ANDREI A. GROMYKO ON THE

COUNCIL. JESSUP'S BIG MOMENT IN THE U.N. CAME DURING THE SECURITY COUNCIL SESSION IN PARIS ON THE BERLIN CASE WHEN HE FOUGHT IT OUT WITH ANDREI Y. VISHINSKY, NOW SOVIET FOREIGN MINISTER. WESTERN OBSERVERS GENERALLY AGREED THAT JESSUP'S BUILD-UP OF THE WESTERN OBSERVERS GENERALLY AGREED THAT JESSUP'S BUILD-UP OF THE WESTERN SIDE OF THE BERLIN CASE BEAT VISHINSKY'S ANSWER ON ARGUMENTATIVE POINTS -- BUT VISHINSKY WON THE FIGHT WITH A VETO STOPPING COUNCIL ACTION ON A KNOCKOUT.

B36 (S)

MALIK STARTED HIS RISE IN THE SOVIET DIPLOMATIC SERVICE AS COUNSELLOR TO THE EMBASSY IN TOKYO IN 1939 AND AMBASSADOR THERE ON MAY 20, 1942. HE WAS IN TOKYO THROUGHOUT THE WAR. HE DELIVERED RUSSIA'S DECLARATION OF WAR ON JAPAN TO THE JAPANESE AND RECEIVED TOKYO'S SURRENDER OFFER SHORTLY AFTERWARDS. HE WAS IN TOKYO WHEN GENERAL DOUGLAS MACARTHUR ARRIVED AND STAYED THERE ABOUT A MONTH AFTERWARDS.

MALIK BECAME DEPUTY MINISTER OF FOREIGN AFFAIRS ON AUG. 24, 1946. HE RANKED GROMYKO AS DEPUTY MINISTER BUT VISHINSKY JUMPED GROMYKO

OVER MALIK LAST MONTH WHEN HE MADE GROMYKO CHIEF DEPUTY.

MALIK WORKED MOSTLY IN THE MOSCOW FOREIGN MINISTER AFTER LEAVING TOKYO. HE HAS RECEIVED THE ORDER OF LENIN TWICE, IN 1944 AND 1945 FOR DIPLOMATIC WORK.

M714AED

FIRST LEAD WALLACE

NEW YORK, APRIL 28-(AP)-HENRY A.WALLACE, ACCOMPANIED BY TWO EUROPEAN LEGISLATORS, LEFT HERE BY PLANE TODAY FOR CHICAGO AND A THREE-WEEK COAST-TO-COAST "PEACE TOUR."

IN THE WALLACE PARTY WERE MICHELE GUIA, ITALIAN SOCIALIST SENATOR, H.LESTER HUTCHINSON, LABOR PARTY MEMBER OF THE BRITISH PARLIAMENT, AND

C.B. BALDWIN, SECRETARY OF THE PROGRESSIVE PARTY.

THE TOUR OPENED HERE LAST NIGHT AT A MEETING AT WHICH THE TWO EUROPEANS ASSAILED WESTERN ECONOMIC AND MILITARY ALLIANCES. WALLACE

HIMSELF CONFINED HIS REMARKS TO WELCOMING THE EUROPEANS WHO WILL ACCOMPANY HIM ON THE 15-CITY SPEAKING TOUR.

GUIA SAID THAT THE ATLANTIC PACT IS REVISING ITALY'S WAR ECONOMY AND MEANS THE "REORGANIZATION OF WAR INDUSTRIES WITH ALL OF THEIR EVIL CONSEQUENCES."

NEW YORK, APRIL 28-(AP)-CLAIMS THAT THE ATLANTIC PACT IS REVIVING ITALIAN WAR ECONOMY AND THAT THE MARSHALL PLAN IS STIFLING BRITISH TRADE MARKED THE OPENING LAST NIGHT OF HENRY WALLACE'S "PEACE TOUR."

WALLACE HIMSELF CONFINED HIS REMARKS TO WELCOMING THE FOUR EUROPEANS WHO WILL ACCOMPANY HIM ON THE 15-CITY SPEAKING TOUR, BUT · MICHELE GUIA. ITALIAN SOCIALIST SENATOR, SAID THAT FOR ITALY, THE ATLANTIC PACT "SIGNIFIES THE RETURN OF WAR ECONOMY, REORGANIZATION OF WAR INDUSTRIES WITH ALL OF THEIR EVIL CONSEQUENCES.

SPEAKING AT A DINNER MEETING OF THE PROGRESSIVE PARTY, HE SAID: "THE FIAT PLANT AT TURIN (ITALY) WAS PREPARED TO GO INTO THE PRODUCTION OF FARM MACHINERY. X X X THIS FACTORY TODAY IS BEING AGAIN REORGANIZED FOR THE PRODUCTION OF WAR WEAPONS. WHAT HAS HAPPENED TO THE FIAT PLANT HOLDS TRUE FOR MOST OF THE OTHER GREAT ITALIAN FACTORIES."

GUIA SAID "ALL THIS IS HAPPENING" BECAUSE OF THE MARSHALL PLAN, THE ATLANTIC PACT, AND "THE SUBSERVIENCE OF THE DE GASPERI

GOVERNMENT . "

H. LESTER HUTCHINSON, MEMBER OF THE BRITISH PARLIAMENT, SAID THE UNITED STATES THROUGH THE MARSHALL PLAN IS "UTILIZING ITS ECONOMIC DOMINATION TO RELIEVE ITS OWN ECONOMIC DIFFICULTIES" AND RESTRICT BRITISH TRADE COMPETITION.

"FOR EXAMPLE," HE SAID, "BRITAIN NOW IS NOT PERMITTED TO USE MARSHALL AID DOLLARS TO BUY CANADIAN WHEAT--ALTHOUGH OUR TRADE AGREEMENTS WITH THE DOMINION OF CANADA ARE A VITAL PART OF OUR

ECONOMY. X X X

"AMERICAN FINANCE IS REBUILDING THE JAPANESE COTTON INDUSTRY, WHICH WILL HAVE SERIOUS EFFECTS ON LANCASHIRE. AMERICAN DOLLARS ARE DEVELOPING THE GERMAN LIGHT CONSUMPTION CAR INDUSTRY, ALTHOUGH LIGHT CONSUMPTION CARS ARE ONE OF OUR MAIN EXPORTS."

REFERRING TO THE FACT THAT THE U.S. STATE DEPARTMENT REFUSED TO GRANT ENTRY VISAS TO KONNI ZILLIACUS, OF BRITAIN, AND PIERRE COT, OF FRANCE, SO THEY COULD MAKE THE TOUR WITH WALLACE, HUTCHINSON SAID: "I REGRET VERY MUCH THAT MY FRIEND AND COLLEAGUE, KONNI ZILLIACUS,

HAS NOT SUCCEEDED IN PENETRATING THE 'IRON CURTAIN'."

BESIDES HUTCHINSON AND GUIA, MRS. MIMI LUNDEN, OF NORWAY, AND MRS. SONJA BRANTING, OF SWEDEN, ARE TO APPEAR WITH WALLACE ON THE TRIP, DESCRIBED BY WALLACE SPOKESMEN AS A PEACE TOUR.

WALLACE AIDES LAST NIGHT PASSED OUT TO NEWSMEN COPIES OF A PREPARED SPEECH, WHICH THE PROGRESSIVE PARTY LEADER WAS SCHEDULED TO DELIVER. HE DID NOT MAKE THE SPEECH, AND SAID LATER HE WOULD GIVE IT IN A RADIO ADDRESS TODAY.

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THE ANNOUNCEMENT SAID THE COMMISSION, BASED IN RAWALPINDI, ASKED "UNRESERVED ACCEPTANCE" SO AS TO OBTAIN AN EARLY WITHDRAWAL OF ARMED FORCES FROM THE AREA.

IT SAID THE TERMS INCLUDE A SCHEDULE FOR WITHDRAWAL OF TROOPS AND CALL FOR A DEMARCATION LINE BASED UPON ACTUAL POSITIONS OCCUPIED BY INDIA AND PAKISTAN ARMIES AS OF JAN 1, 1949.

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LAKE SUCCESS, APRIL 28-(AP)-THE UNITED STATES DELEGATION AT THE UNITED NATIONS WORKED OVERTIME TONIGHT IN THE HOPE OF OBTAINING AN INTERNATIONAL PRESS FREEDOM TREATY THE U.S. COULD SIGN.

THE ASSEMBLY'S 58-NATION SOCIAL COMMITTEE EARLY TONIGHT COMPLETED ITS FIRST DRAFT OF A PREAMBLE AND 23 ARTICLES FOR A CONVENTION ON THE GATHERING AND INTERNATIONAL TRANSMISSION OF NEWS.

IMMEDIATELY AFTERWARD ERWIN D.CANHAM, EDITOR OF THE CHRISTIAN
SCIENCE MONITOR, AND OTHER U.S. DELEGATION MEMBERS LEFT FOR CONFERENCES
THEY HOPE MAY LEAD TO REMOVAL OR REVISION OF A CLAUSE IN THE PROPOSED might bring the cold war to an endTREATY THAT THE U.S. CONSIDERS "COMPLETELY UNACCEPTABLE."

IF SUCCESSFUL, IT WAS UNDERSTOOD, THEY MAY MOVE TOMORROW FOR RECONSIDERATION OF THE CLAUSE, WHICH DECLARES IT THE DUTY OF CORRESPONDENTS TO "FURTHER INTERNATIONAL UNDERSTANDING" AND PEACE AND SECURITY IN REPORTING FACTS.

THE STATE DEPARTMENT SAID IN WASHINGTON YESTERDAY IT CONSIDERS THIS UNENFORCEABLE AND OPEN TO ABUSES, AND THAT THE U.S. COULD NOT SIGN

THE CONFERENCES GOING ON TONIGHT ARE PART OF AN ALL OUT CAMPAIGN BY THE DEPARTMENT TO WIN REMOVAL OR REVISION. IT WILL BE CARRIED ON WHEN THE CONVENTION REACHES THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY, PROBABLY NEXT WEEK, IF ALLS IN COMMITTEE.

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allies will end their counter-blockade and fix a mutually agreeable date for four-power discussions of the entire German problem.

Statesmen of many nations hopes that finally the sand and west may be on the verge of negotiations which, with careful and patient handling.

A dispatch from Associated Press Correspondent Eddy Gilmore in Moscow

said diplomats there considered Russia and the three western powers

may have made a start toward a new stage of mutual relations.

B. G. Milton Kelly

New York, April 29 28—(AP)—The world waited today for Russia's official reply to a western request that she state formally and exactly her terms for lifting the Berlin blockade.

APR 29 1949

There were reports that the Soviets had ready have replied that they will

has been and the western call off the blockade if the western



but they felt a settlement could result. Silmore's dispatch passed through Russian censorship, but the copy at received in New York did NOT indicate whether there had been any excisions by the censor.

Dr. Philip C. Jessup, American ambassador-at-large, as submitted yesterday the request that the Russians say officially and writing what they have in mind sat as terms for lifting the blockade, a main sassage cold war irritant.

Jessup's possibly momentous 92-minute meeting with Soviet Deputy

Foreign Winisters Andrei A. Gromyko and Jakob A. Malik, was national assurption

surrounded by unusual secrecy. The meeting was on the second floor of

124114444511245 the elaborately furnished headquarters of the Russian

United Nations delegation on Park avenue, New York.

The Russians sent the single written word "No" to news men asking for their comment on the meeting. The American delegation announced only that Jessup had informally communicated the western powers' request at the

36 Greatin had spring the new Russia would NOT that the Russian meeting outlining set up plans to as the price for ending their of speculation that the sone. their at One report said fallk told Jessup the Soviet oral reply to change republic, independent of Allies There had been they denand There

the western republic.

S

formation

U.M. security council last fall. Until the Tass announcement, the Soviets had These terms seem identical with the ones the Russians vetoes in the insisted that the four-power meeting precede lifting of the blockade, a timing which the west rejected.

expected to report personally to President & Truman and the State Department. He met, with French and British Diplomats and Herbert V. Evatt. U.N. Jessup returned yesterday afternoon to Washington, where he is general assembly president.

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frank exchange of views concerning the a broad field of international problems McNeil, U.S. assistant secretary of State Dean Rusk and Gromyko had an hour's those discussions was NOT disclosed. An informant said the trio wath ware Informed quarters at Lake Success said British finister of State Hector Tuesday night. The maintenant mentidate the the translation of The nature of among Lie's guests at a dinner party the same evening at which there was a private talk with U.N. secretary-General Trygve Lie at the latter's home grik row rope. 0216 including the north atlantic alliance.

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U.S., Russian Secret Talks On Lifting Berlin Blockade 'Proceeding Satisfactorily'

JESSUP, MALIK CONFER 2 HOURS ON GERMAN ISSUE

There Are No Jokers
in Soviet Offer (N)
SECRECY MAINTAINED

Observers Believe Conferees
Are Moving Slowly Toward Agreement

NEW YORK. April 29 — (AP) Secret talks between the United States and Russia over lifting the Berlin blockade were reported tonight to be "proceeding satisfactorily."

One western source said the western powers now are convinced "there are no jokers" in Russia's terms for ending the impasse.

U. S. Ambassador Philip C. Jessup talked with Soviet Deputy Foreign Minister Jakob A. Malik for two and one-half hours late today.

These facts emerged from authoritative sources shortly after the conversations ended:

Talks Progressing Well

1. The talks are going all right for both east and west. The next move can come from either side but there is no hint what it will be.

2. No written documents or commitments were exchanged but Malik confirmed the conditions on which Russia will end the blockade. These are for the west to lift the counterblockade and for the four powers to agree on the date for a meeting of the Council of Foreign Ministers on Berlin. A western source said there are no other conditions.

3. The situation has become much clearer but exact details must be worked out. These involve the dates for lifting the blockade measures, for convening the council of foreign ministers and for listing the specific topics to be taken up at the foreign ministers session.

4. The two-way talks involving Dr. Jessup and Malik may widen to more formal four-power conversations here soon, perhaps next week. Jessup has kept Sir Alexander Cadogan, of Britain, and Jean Chauvel, of France, fully informed but one source said it is now about time for the four delegates to sit together.

Jessup authorized the spokesman of the United States delegation to the United Nations to say merely that the discussions are "proceeding satisfactorily." The spokesman said in a statement that nothing else has been authorized for publication and that the talks are purely informal and exploratory.

To Report to Acheson

Jessup called the State department in Washington after talking with Malik, saw Cadogan and Chauvel at Cadogan's hotel in mid-Manhattan and arranged to go to Washington tonight for a report tomorrow to Secretary of State Dean Acheson.

The reaction of the American spokesman was seen in UN circles as a sign the east and west are moving slowly and with great care toward an agreement.

Jessup talked with Malik in the Soviet delegation building at 680 Fark avenue. He entered the building at 4:31 p. m. (3:31 p. m. EST) and left it at 7:02 p. m. (6:02 p. EST).

He was smiling when he entered and smiling when he departed.

He declined to make any comments, saying any information would come from a briefing which might be held at the U. S. delegation office at 2 Park avenue. The briefing produced the bare statement that the talks are proceeding satisfactorily.

Text Of Statement

The text of a statement read out by Porter McKeever, United States delegation press officer, after the Jessup-Malik conference follows:

"No authorized report on the substance or subject matter of the discussion between Dr. Jessup and Mr. Malik has been released. The important objective, with which I am sure you will all agree, has been to preserve the informal and exploratory character of these conversations so their progress would not be jeopardized. We have been trying to emphasize that exploratory character in order to dispel the impression that there has been a definite proposal to be accepted or rejected. As in the case of the previous talks, Dr. Jessup and Mr. Malik parted tonight with the understanding that if either of them wished to meet again they would

do so. Since there is the possibility the talks will be continuing there will be no authorized reports on the substance of tonight's conversation.

"Dr. Jessup has authorized me to

"Dr. Jessup has authorized me to say the talks are proceeding satisfactorily.

"The representatives of the four powers will naturally report to their governments.

"Dr. Jessup is going to Washington tonight to report to the Secretary of State."

Western Speculation

The repeated reference in the delegation statement to the informal and exploratory character of the talks was taken to mean that no one has made a definite commitment for any government.

Diplomatic sources explain that informal talks are a method of feeling out what the other side has to

say without formally committing a government to any course.

When word spread that Jessup and Malik would meet, western circles in the United Nations immediately speculated that:

1. Malik had received definite information from Moscow to answer Jessup's questions about when and under what conditions the Berlin blockade will be lifted.

2. Malik would propose to Jessup that the Council of Foreign Ministers meet about May 25 in Paris for a full-dress review of the whole Berlin and German problem.

Adjournment Proposal

Malik would not comment after the meeting. He declined again to see a reporter who asked in a note to him for a statement on the meeting.

During a meeting of the steering committee of the United Nations Assembly at Flushing Meadow Park this morning, Malik suddenly urged that the Assembly set a deadline for "1 P.M. May 18" to complete its work.

The adjournment proposal was made by the Russian just as the United States delegation was announcing elsewhere in the United Nations building that Malik had asked Jessup to meet him.

Adjournment of the Assembly on the date proposed by Malik would give key delegates here a week to get to Paris for a May 25 meeting.

Obstacle To Meeting

Andrei A. Gromyko, first assistant to Andrei Y. Vishinsky, Foreign Minister, and possibly Malik are expected to take part in any meeting of the foreign ministers of the United States, France, Britain and Russia.

Western sources said the only obstacle to a meeting of the Foreign Ministers Council, once the Russians have let up the Berlin blockade, would be agreement on a list of definite points to be discussed.

These sources said they are ready to meet in Paris on May 25, if the blockade is lifted. They said also that they would break up the conference around mid-June if it became apparent Russia was interested only in propaganda speeches and more filibusters.

Jessup talked for 92 minutes with Malik Wednesday. At that time he asked Malik for specific information about what Russia proposes about when and how to lift the blockade.

Britain And France Informed

Tass, official Soviet news agency, earlier had reported Russia would lift the blockade if the West would relax its counterblockade and would agree on a date for a meeting of the Council of Foregin Ministers.

Jessup and Malik have had secret meetings since February 15, when Jessup first asked Malik if the failure of Prime Minister Stalin to mention the Berlin currency problem in answer to a newsman's question was significant.

Britain and France have been informed of each development.

Malik replied March 15 that Stalin left out the currency ques-

tion intentionally. The talks have progressed gradually since then.

Tass' report from Moscow was the first definite public indication of the progress that had been made. When it was published, the United States delegation said the talks were going on but still refused to give out any details.

Acheson And Franks Confer On Germany

Washington, April 29 (P)—Dean Acheson, Secretary of State, and Sir Oliver Franks, Britain's Ambassador, had a 35-minute conference today which Franks said was on "progress" in Germany.

The Ambassador said they reviewed developments in Germany since the Big Three Foreign Ministers meeting here the first of the month. He said "things have advanced" there.

Franks said in response to a question that he delivered no message from his Government on the Berlin situation.

Asked whether he looked for an early meeting of the Council of Foreign Ministers as a result of negotiations with Russia to lift the Berlin blockade, the Ambassador said, "I just don't know."

Developments in China were not

discussed, Franks said.

RUSSIA KEEPS PEOPLE IN DARK

Soviet Press Ignores Talks On Berlin, Blockade 0.24 - 2809

Washington, April 29 (A)—Moscow apparently is trying to keep the Russian people in the dark while carrying on negotiations to lift the Berlin blockade, officials said today.

They expressed belief that this is the explanation of the continued and intensified Soviet efforts to plack out State Department "Voice of America" broadcasts to the Soviet Union. Meanwhile, the Soviet-controlled press is reported to be ignoring completely the talks between Russia's Jacob Malik and Thilip Jessup, American United Nations delegate, which are front page news outside the Soviet bloc.

Officials suspect that the reason, at least in part, is to gain time to work out a new propaganda line which would present the prospective change in the Soviet front in the most favorable light.

At Least 50 Transmitters Used

For months, Moscow's line to the Russian people and the world has been that the Berlin crisis is the fault of the West and is not subject to compromise.

Efforts to jam the "Voice" broad casts to Russia continued today and State Department officials indicated the jamming may have been successful thus far in keeping radio news of the Berlin negotiations from penetrating the Iron Curtain.

Charles W. Thayer, chief of the State Department's international broadcasting division, said that at lease 50 Russian transmitters were being used in the blackout operation. This is by far the greatest number to be employed by Russia against the broadcasts. As many as eighteen transmitters have been identified trying to interfere earlier but only from time to time.

Continuous Broadcasts

The intensified jamming campaign started Sunday, about the time the Russians indicated publicly for the first time they might be willing to lift the blockade. To combat the interference, the "Voice" yesterday began continuous around-the-clock broadcasts in Russian beamed at the Moscow area. These replaced the 90-minute daily news and music programs.

If Moscow's purpose is merely to delay the disclosure of a Berlin settlement to the Soviet people, the big-scale jamming presumably will be only temporary.

However, there is some suspicion here that Moscow may have decided on a continuing attempt to lower the curtain between Russia and the outside world even further, and forthis purpose may be only now puting onto use recently expande equipment prepared for this pu

EUROPE TO SEE RIVAL MAY DAY CELEBRATIONS

De Gaulle To Challenge Communists; Swedes Will Hear Robeson

London. April 29 (AP)—Communists, out to make a propaganda holiday of May Day, ran into stiff opposition tonight in western Europe.

Behind the iron curtain, the international labor holiday on Sunday will be given the full Communist treatment.

France's large Communist party is sponsoring its usual May Day parade in Paris. Gen. Charles de Gaulle is countering with a meeting of his supporters in the Bois de Boulogne.

The Communist themes for the Paris parade include:

"Against the Marshall plan and for national independence."

"To impose peace on the war-

mongers."
The Communists and the Social Democrats carried on a bitter propaganda battle in Denmark. They called for rival parades through the capital. Copenhagen, and separate meetings in Faelledparken, a large park.

Flag Day In Norway

In Norway — like Denmark a signer of the North Atlantic Alliance — May Day is the official flag day. Norwegian Communists and Social Democrats heretofore celebrated May Day together. This year Norway's labor organizations excluded the Communists.

In Sweden, neutral in the East-West cold war, the Social Democratic party has called celebrations in about 1.000 cities and towns.

The Communists are bidding for crowds in Stockholm. Their ace attraction will be Paul Robeson, American singer. They plan to march to the same field where the Social Democrats meet.

Rivals Clash In Berlin

The Social Democrats meet under the slogan:

"Peace and understanding in the world. Sweden's liberty and independence, economic security and social justice."

In Berlin, young Communists and anti-Communists already have clashed in street fighting near the border of the United States and

Soviet zone. Western Berlin's police were ordered on full alert for the May Day week end.

The Communist-controlled Free German Trades Union Federation plans a big demonstration in the Soviet sector. Four miles away, the anti-Communist independent unions scheduled a mass meeting in the British sector.

U.S. Forbids March

The Communists also plan to have marching columns come from the British. French and American sectors. Over the protest of German Socialists, British and French authorities gave permission for the marches, but the United States authorities forbade the Communists to march in the American sector.

In England, the Labor party will dominate the celebrations. Prime Minister Clement Attlee will go to Sakenham for a memorial service in honor of the founding there of the Agricultural Workers Union

Pakistan Keeps 9

London, April 29 (P)—Pakistan reserves the right to leave the British Commonwealth any time it chooses Premier Liaquat Ali Khan said today.

The Pakistan Premier referred to the recent eight-nation commonwealth conference in London which gave India the right to become fully independent and yet keep the trade advantages of a Commonwealth member.

"Pakistan's position in the Commonwealth remains unaffected as a result of the deliberations of the meeting of Prime Ministers," Ali Khan said.

"Full Freedom"

"It continues to retain full freedom with regard to the shape of its constitution, which is in the process of being framed, and with regard to whether it shall freely choose to continue its membership on the existing basis or shall substitute full membership for the basis adopted by India, or shall, if it so decides, go out of the Commonwealth altogether."

Dummy Aerial Torpedo Puts Hole in Warship

PORTSMOUTH, England April 29 (A).—A naval airplane put a hole in the 1,710-ton destroyer Myngs with a dummy torpedo today, slightly injuring one seaman.

The accident occurred during air-surface exercises south of the Isle of Wight. The torpedo, which had no explosive charge, struck the destroyer on the starboard side, making a hole about two feet wide above the water line.

SOVIET ADMITS BARGE MISTAKE

Tells British That Officers
Erred In Berlin Dispute

Berlin. April 29 (A)—Soviet headquarters notified the British today that Russian officers who tried to seize control of barge traffic in British sector canals had acted without authority.

British and Soviet transportaton chiefs arranged for a conference tomorrow on the question of barge traffic. That seemed to end a blockade-within-a-blockade controversy which flared unexpectedly Wednesday.

The British had won their point. Freight carriers moved normally through all western sector canals, links in a greater Berlin waterway system over which the Russians claim general control under four power rules.

Political Leaders 'Comment'
Efforts of high American and
Russian representatives to negotiate an end to the Soviet blockade
of Berlin and the Allied counterblockade drew expressions from
two German political leaders.

Fritz Ebert, the Communistbacked mayor of eastern Berlin, said his regime will "support efforts for peace."

Kurt Shumacher, chairman of the Social Democratic party of western Germany, demanded in a statement to the Socialist press that any Big Four agreement on the unification of Germany provide for political freedom in the Soviet zone. He said non-Communists should be protected against what he called large armed police forces created by the Communists in the east.

Young Germans Fight

The approach of May Day Sunday caused some tension in the city. May Day is to Europe what Labor Day is to the United States. Rival celebrations are planned in eastern and western Berlin. German police reserves were ordered on alert status for the day.

Several hundred young Germans engaged in a swirling fist fight near the United States-Soviet border today. Communist youths said they were holding a pre-May Day rally and anti-Communists attacked to

break it up. Scores were bloodied, but none was seriously hurt.

Why the canal issue was raised by Russians this week remained a cuestion, but a British authority commented:

"It is clear they tried to pull one, and didn't get away with it."

Traffic Resumed

Officers of the Soviet canal police lad gone to locks in the British ector both Wednesday and yestercay with the declared intention of stopping all barges not registered with the Soviet Water Control Commission. The British moved military police to the locks. Traffic was interrupted two or three times, but resumed.

British officials said they have no particular objection to the Russians checking on barge traffic, if they want to bother, but will not permit interference with purely local traffic in their sector. Some of the barges are used to distribute airlift supplies, which otherwise would have to be moved by trucks.

George Fletcher, British transportation executive, said the Russians made the point that their registration scheme "was a safety measure to keep unseaworthy craft out of the canals."

Truce Reached

Barge Battle

Berlin. April 29 (A)—The Russians apologized today and the brief "Battle of the Barges" appeared to be over. R. O'MALLEY Soviet headquarters notified the

Soviet headquarters notified the British that Russian soldiers who attempted yesterday to halt traffic in British-sector canal locks had acted without authority.

The Soviet action opened the way for a conference of British and Soviet transportation chiefs on the question of barge traffic tomorrow.

Traffic Normal

Two Russian officers who had directed the attempt to halt the barges yesterday and Wednesday returned today and announced they had orders "not to cause any trouble" and not to interfere with British traffic. Barge traffic was normal this afternoon and the atmosphere much more friendly.

Five armed Russians, who had announced their intention to remain at the locks to stop barges lacking Soviet registry, pulled out during the night, leaving the British in sole command until the two Soviet officers showed this morning.

Both Russian and British traffic was moving when the Soviets appeared. Although they said they had instructions not to interfere with the movement of vessels, they asked whether the British were getting Soviet registration certificates for their barges.

Russian Claim

The Russian claim is that no barges may be operated on Berlin's canals, which lace waterways in the Soviet zone west of Berlin with those in the eastern part of the Russian zone, unless they have certificates issued by the Russian-controlled Waterways Directorate.

The British do not dispute the right of the Soviet military administration to supervise the canals technically.

They do, however, reject claims by the Russians to interfere with this specific traffic which is purely for western Berlin and is of no interest to the economy of the Soviet occupation zone.

"Provocative Action"

The British have denounced the Russian attempts to block the coal distribution system as "a provocative action which is all the more surprising at a time when informal discusions have been taking place regarding the possible lifting of the blockade."

The Rusians made their first attempt to stop the barges Wednesday. The British protested and the order was rescinded.

The Russians reinstituted the order yesterday and sent in the force of five officers. Barge traffic was stopped for a time but was resumed after another complaint. Some observers speculated the Russians might be testing Allied reactions.

Berlin Reds Battle Foes

Berlin, April 29 (A) Several hundred Communist and anti-Communist German youths clashed in bloody street fighting today.

A number of Reds were hospitalized after the battle which was broken up by police. The fighting was in the American sector.

have left this week for the States aboard a Dutch ship. The district attorney said Martin is accused of throwing

The Communist claimed their opponents tried to break up their pre-May Day meeting in the American-occupied borough of Tempelhof. The Communist press charged American military police inspired the disorders.

American authorities said no Allied personnel was involved.

Many From Red Zone

American public safety officers said the Communist Free German Youth Organization had been allowed to hold a meeting. They said that scores of those attending came from the Russian sector and this "invasion" created resentment among the anti-Communists.

The ruckus stirred fears of further clashes Sunday when Communist and anti-Communist tradetunion federations plan rival May Day celebrations. Each organization has accused the other of planning "provocations."

Western Berlin's German police were ordered on full alert for the week end.

Priest Arrested

The Christian Democratic unior newspaper Der Tag said today the Communists have arrested a German priest and several Roman Catholic students at Warnemuende in Soviet-occupied Mecklenburg. The report was confirmed by a spokesman for the Diocese of Berlin. Catholic officials said they had been unable to learn where the priest is confined or what the charges are.

This was the third action against churches in Russian-occupied eastern Germany reported within a

The Berlin Catholic diocese reported on April 22 that Russian-zone post offices had banned Catholic papers from the mails. The Berlin Evangelical diocese said the Communist-controlled German government had taken over a churchowned hospital at Jueterbog, 50 miles south of Berlin.

Wife Of U.S. Soldier Accused Of Throwing Acid On German

Munich, April 29 (A)—A warrant has been issued for the arrest of an American sergeant's wife accused of throwing acid on a German girl, Donald C. Noggle, military government district attorney for Bavaria, disclosed today.

The American woman was identified as Mrs. Lennie Martin and is reported to live in Picher, Okla., Noggle said. Government officials said Mrs. Martin was reported to have left this week for the United States aboard a Dutch ship.

The district attorney said Mrs. Martin is accused of throwing acid on Elizabeth Bauer, 18, and cutting off the German girl's hair in the belief she was friendly with the American woman's husband.

Wife Grows Sus Mrs. Martin is charged ing Miss Bauer bodily no depriving her of liberty.

Noggle released the following version of the story through the military government's public relations department.

Mrs. Martin found the German girl's name on a slip of paper in her husband's pocket and became suspicious. She visited Miss Bauer and told the German girl not to see her husband, who is stationed at Neubiberg air base.

Mrs. Martin was said later to have discovered that Miss Bauer again had been seeing her husband. The American woman, accompanied by her German maid, went to see the girl again.

Woman Attacks Another

The two women induced Miss Bauer to enter Mrs. Martin's automobile on the pretext that the sergeant was missing and that they wanted Miss Bauer to help find him. Once in the car, Mrs. Martin accused Miss Bauer, attacked her and bloodied her nose.

The German girl reached into her pocketbook for a handkerchief, and Mrs. Martin was said to have seen snapshots of her husband in the pocketbook.

Infuriated, Mrs. Martain, with the maid's help, cut the girl's hair Then they are alleged to have re

moved the girl's clothing and to have poured a household cleaning distinfectant on her.

Miss Bauer complained to military government authorities.

Officials here said they did not know what steps if any will be taken to return Mrs. Martin to Germany for trial.

Italy, West Germany Sign Trade Treaty

Rome, April 29 (P)—Italy and western Germany have resumed formal trade relations for the first time since the war, it was disclosed here today.

A one-year trade treaty calling for the exchange of goods valued at some \$60,000,000 was signed here by a trizonal German delegation and Italian authorities.

The treaty takes effect July 1. Delegates for western Germany included American, British, French and German trade officials.

Pope Exhorts Clergy

Says Mankind Is at Turning Point Demanding Ardent Zeal VATICAN CITY, April 29 (A).—

VATICAN CITY, April 29 (A).—
Pope Pius XII said today "mankind is at a decisive turning point
of history, before which the clergy
cannot remain inert spectators."

The Pontiff spoke to a group of 500 priests, students and alumni of the Pontifical College Leoniano di Anagni, upon the fiftieth anni-

his listeners to oppose "the spirit of lies that dominates the world with the firm love of truth; the spirit of hate and egoism with feelings of fraternal Christianity and Justice, especially toward the needs of the humble classes."

"The present hour," the Pope said, "demands of priests stronger virtue, more ardent zeal and more intrepid firmness."

Greeks Shave Guerrillas (N) 1949 With Old GI 'Know How

ATHENS. (A)—The Greek army, using American tactics and know-how, has whittled Communist-led guerrilla forces by one-fifth in the past year to a total of 20,000 men, a U. S. spokesman said yesterday.

That means there are about 10 men in the national armed forces for every guerrilla fighter left. However, the fact the government must divide its combat units between guard duty and field duty tends to offset the numerical advantage.

In addition to paring guerrilla strength to 20,000, the national army has sharply cut the flow of recruits into the Communist camp, the spokesman said in a review for newsmen. American teams trained many of the troops as part of the U.S. aid program.

A report which placed Greek guerrilla casualties for the past year at 33,000, not including wounded, was hailed by Lt.-Gen. James A. Van Fleet, head of the U. S. military mission here, as "a report of success." He warned, however, against "toomuch optimism."

Van Fleet said the Greek national forces still face a serious problem at the borders, where guerrillas can flee to the protection of this country's Communist neighbors when the going is too hot.

Van Fleet Says Greek Rebels' Strength Wanes

Predicts National Army,
Trained in U.S. Tactics,
Will Add to Victories
ATHENS, April 29 (AP).—The

ATHENS, April 29 (P).—The Communist-led Greek guerrillas now have a fighting strength estimated at 20,000, but their ability to recruit has gone into a decided slump, an American spokesman said today.

One reason for waning strength of the guerrillas, said a spokesman for American Lieutenant General James A. Van Fleet, is the effective use of American tactics by Greek government forces. General Van Fleet heads the American military mission in Greece.

The spokesman said the guerrilla strength a year ago was 25,000. Since January, he continued, the guerrillas have been reinforced by 1,100 recruits monthly, as against an average of 2,000 monthly a year

During 1948, the spokesman estimated, the guerrillas suffered almost 33,000 casualties, including 15,700 dead, 8,900 captured and 8,256 surrendered. There were no figures on wounded. The government losses were estimated at more than 20,000, including 3,843 killed, 14,705 wounded and more than 2,000 missing. However, the spokesman added, most of the missing later rejoined their units.

More than 50 per cent of the Greek divisions have been wholly or partly trained in American tactics by ten American teams which started demonstrations last August. In January, when Alexander Papagos became generalissimo he reorganized his command and ordered new aggressive tactics carried out. He issued an order saying any commander found withdrawing from an attack without authorization would be shot. The American spokesman said, "It has not been necessary to shoot any commanders."

The spokesman said that Brigadier Ypsilantis, described as one of the Communists' ablest commanders, has been seriously wounded in the Grammos Mountain fighting and has been hospitalized in Albania.

He said that in the Grammos fighting of the last three weeks 505 guerrillas were killed, 105 were captured, sixty-five surrendered and possibly 1,500 were wounded of a 4,000-man force driven back in the area.

Official figures said the Greek Army suffered only slight losses in recent Peloponnesus fighting in which a 1,000-man guerrilla force was wiped out.

An Army communique said the Psycharis band of the Peloponnesus, a family band of ten men and five women, surrendered. The family, called a special sabotage unit of the "Captain Perdikas" battalion, was fully armed when surrender was arranged through negotiation, the communique said. The band is accused of saabotaging the Tripolis water supply and causing the severe shortage of last summer and fall.

General Van Fleet made this comment on the over-all picture today:

"This is a report of success. However, I want to caution against too much optimism. There is an opportunity here with the improved National Army. We still have the problem of the border. This is a disadvantage for the Greek Army when the enemy withdraws behind the safety of the frontier" (of Communist-governed Albania or Bulgaria).

ROMANIA CURBS MOVEMENTS OF FOREIGN ENVOYS

BUCHAREST, Romania, April 29
--(AP) Foreign diplomats were ordered today to stay out of about
two-thirds of Romania's territory,
including a belt 30 miles wide
around the frontiers.

The government handed to foreign embassies, legations and missions a circular note listing "restricted areas" in which the staff niembers will not be permitted to travel.

These include the provinces of Banat, in southwestern Romania tordering Yugoslavia; Bucovina, in the northwest; Mol Avia, in the east; and Dobruja, on the Black Sea. In addition, 11 counties are listed.

Some Exceptions Made

Exceptions were made to permit entry to the Bucharest suburbs, three mountain resorts and, during the bathing season, the Black Sea resort of Eforia.

As the order stands, traveling in Romania would be severely limited. The diplomats are expected to asit for more details.

The order was issued and demors that the Romanian government is about to be streamlined in the communist formula adopted in Soviet Ruesia, Poland and Bulgaria.

Technicians have been called upon in those countries to occupy administrative posts in the cabinet, relieving key communists of ministerial duties so they may concentrate on the overall communist party program.

The reasoning on a Romanian shift is supported by the fact Gheorghe Gheorghiu-Dej styles himself secretary-general of the Romanian Workers' (communist) Party in signing an article in the May Day cominform journal attacking Premier Marshal Tito of

Yugoslavia.

This ended reports he had been purged or demoted, though he was recently relieved of his duties as president of the state planning commission. He obviously has kept his position as vice-premier as well as the party office.

Romania Restricts (3)
Diplomats' Movements

Bucharest, Romania, April 29 (P). Romania barred foreign diplomats from about two thirds of its territory today.

A circular note handed to foreign embassies, legations and missions by the Ministry of Foreign Affairs today listed certain "restricted areas" where foreign diplomats are not permitted to travel, including Banat, the western province which borders on Yugoslavia; Bucovina, in the northwest; Moldavia, in the east, and Dobruja, on the Black Sea.

Romanian Shifts Free Reds For

Party Jobs 29 1948

Bucharest Romania, April 29 (P). Romania appears today to be following Russia's lead in relieving key Communists of ministerial duties so that they may concentrate on the overall Communist party program.

This, in fact, may be the pattern for all the eastern European Cominform countries. Able technicians are being called on in these countries to occupy administrative posts in the Cabinet. Bulgaria and Poland are recent cases in point.

30.24- 2811

Gheorghiu-Dej Hits Tito

Such a realignment has been indicated in Moscow, with the departure of V. M. Molotov from the Foreign Ministry, A. I. Mikoyan from the Ministry of Foreign Trade and N. A. Bulganin from the Ministry of Armed Forces.

These are major political figures and they no longer concern themselves with mere technical or administrative duties.

Support is given to this line of reasoning by the fact that Gheorghe Gheorghiu-Dej has signed the May Day issue of the Cominform Journal, which once again attacks Premier-Marshal Tito of Yugoslavia as a strayer from Marxism.

Purge Rumors Destroyed

He signed himself as secretary general of the Romanian Workers (Communist) party, thus destroying the recent rumors that he was purged.

It is highly significant that of all the Cominform Communist leaders, Gheorghiu-Dej was chosen to reply to Tito's recent attack on the Cominform, particularly in this all-important May Day issue of the Cominform Journal.

The appearance of the Journal started new rumors buzzing.

Gheorghiu-Dej recently was releved of his duties as president of the State Planning Commission. But obviously he has kept his position as party secretary and Vice Premier.

Promoted, Not Purged

As in the case of Molotov in Russia, it appears now that Gheorghiu-Dej actually was promoted, not purged.

Again, as in the case of Molotov, the exact nature of the promotion is difficult to fathom. But it is known that many leaders of the Workers party would like him to lead not only the party but the Government.

The leader of the Government at present is Premier Petru Groza, leader of the Plowmen's Front, a Communist front but not actually the Communist party. The Workers party is a merger of the Communist party and the Socialists.

Czech Woman Red Bosses 400, Including Husband

PRAGUE, April 29 (A).-Czechoslovagia's first woman factory director became the boss today of 400 workers, including her husband. She is Marie Slosarova, fifty-two, a veteran Communist who has worked in the nationalized Tesla factory, making radios and electrical equipment, for seventeen years, except for a short period during the war.

Mrs. Slosarova, who has two grandchildren, has done unskilled and semi-skilled work, getting around 3,000 crowns (about \$60) a month. The salary of a factory director in her status is about 8,000 crowns (\$160).

Mrs. Slosarova said she didn't think she deserved any more money-she's working the same number of hours as before, she said. But the social department of the factory announced that of course her salary would be raised to match her new responsibility.

Her husband is an assembler in the factory.

RUSSIA BLOCKS AUSTRIA MOVE

Refuses West's Plan To End Travel Restrictions

Vienna, April 29 (P) Sweeping Western power proposals to abolish all remaining travel restrictions in Austria were blocked by Russia in the four-power Allied Control Council today.

Austrians presently may travel freely throughout the country, but free movement is prohibited to stateless persons, Germans, Japaneese, displaced persons and members of the four occupying armies.

Italian Visa Accord

In reply to the proposals advanced today by France, Great Britain and the United States, the Soviet high commissioner offered a counter proposal dealing primarily with displaced persons. This, if adopted, would make possible the forced repatriation of displaced persons, which is desired by Russia and opposed by the three Western powers.

The council also disagreed on the recently concluded agreement between Austria and Italy whereby visas are not requires for journeys across the border.

Russia Lets One Jew Emigrate to Israel

PRAGUE, April 29 (AP).-The first Soviet Jew to win an emigration visa to Israel was in Prague today, preparing for the final lap of the journey to Tel Aviv. He is Maier Bobrovsky. forty-five, one-legged war vetteran who won the Order of Stalin.

It took him two years of battering at the doors of officials and writing to newspapers, plus the intercession of Israel's Minister at Moscow, Mrs. Golda Myerson, to get him a hearing from top officials and the precious visa that is denied thousands of other Jews in the Sovient Union who want to go to

Bulgaria Protests British Move

Sofia, Bulgaria, April 29 (A)-The Bulgarian Government has protested a British decision to expel the third secretary of the Bulgarian legation in London. The British legation announced last night it had received a note to this effect.

The note contended expulsion of Bogomil Todorov would be a repressive measure against Bulgaria's action in declaring the British first secretary in Sofia, Denis Greenhill, persona non grata.

It added that Britain's decision was not justified, since no charges were made against Todorov. It said Greenhill was accused of "heavy crimes against the Bulgarian state.

YUGOSLAVIA REGRETFUL

Notes Discourtesy to Diplomats of 5 Nations, Including U. S.

BELGRADE, Yugoslavia, April 29 (A)—Yugoslavia expressed formal regrets today to five Western countries that protested against alleged discourtesies to their diplomats.

The incidents occurred during last Sunday's mass demonstration in honor of Djure Djakovitch, secretary of the Yugoslav Communists twenty years ago, who was slain after refusing to disclose party secrets.

The five countries were the United States, Britain, France, Belgium and Italy. They complained that their diplomats were prevented from performing routine

duties and subjected to discourteous treatment while attempting to reach a railroad station.

The station at the time was under heavy guard as high-ranking Yugoslav officials gathered to meet a special train carrying the body of Mr. Djakovitch to Belgrade from a small village where it had been buried.

SECOND NIGHT LEAD CHINESE (100)

SECOND NIGHT LEAD CHIPS.

BY TOM LAMBERT

SHANGHAI SATURDAY, APRIL 30-(AP)-NATIONALIST TROOPS HAVE
WITHDRAW FROM A TOWN ONLY 25 MARS HORTHWEST OF HANGCHOW, A KEY
CITY 121 RAIL MILES SOUTHWEST OF SHANGHAI.

THIS WAS ANNOUNCED TODAY BY THE SHANGHAI GARRISON IN A COMMUNIQUE.

(THE MAIN ACTION, HOWEVER, APPEARED TO BE FARTHER NORTHWEST OF
HANGCHOW. THERE, ABOUT SO MILES SOUTH OF NANKING, THE MAJOR PART
OF SEVEN GOVERNMENT ARMIES WERE TRAPPED AND WERE BEING ANNIHILATED
THE COMMUNIST RADIO SAID. IT ASSERTED MORE THAN 40,000 NATIONALIST
SOLDIERS ALREADY HAD BEEN CAPTURED.

(SEVEN ARMIES WOULD BE 140,000 OR MORE MEN. THEY WERE IDENTIFIED BY THE COMMUNIST RADIO AS THE 51ST, FOURTH, 28TH, 45TH, 99TH, 66TH, AND 20TH ARMIES. ALL WERE SAID TO HAVE FLED MANKING LAST WEEK).

THE GARRISON COMMUNIQUE SAID THERE WAS NO INDICATION OF WHAT HAD MAPPENED SINCE IN THE HANGCHOW AREA. BUT IT APPEARED THAT THIS FRONT WAS THE CENTER OF THE GREATEST RED EFFORT THREATENING TO CUT OFF

WHILE ONE FORCE OF COMMUNISTS DROVE TOWARD HANGCHOW, ABOUT 4,000 OTHER REDS ON ITS EAST FLANK PRESSED TO WITHIN 17 MILES OF KASHING, THE COMMUNIQUE SAID. THERE THE REDS ASSERTEDLY WERE CHECKED.

COMMUNIQUE SAID. THERE THE REDS ASSENTEDLY WERE CHECKED.

KASHING IS ASTRIDE THE RAILWAY BETWEEN SHANGHAI AND HANGCHOW. IT IS

MILES NORTHEAST OF HANGCHOW. ITS LOSS WOULD CUT SHANGHAI OFF BY

LAND FROM THE REST OF NATIONALIST CHINA.

THE COMMUNIQUE CONCEDED THAT COMMUNIST TROOPS NOW ERE OPERATING NEAR

KUNSHAN, ONLY 30 MILES WEST OF SHANGHAI. IT ESTIMATED THIS FORCE AT

CHLY ABOUT 5,000 MEN, HOWEVER. THE OPERATIONS AROUND KUNSHAN APPEARED TO BE FOR THE PURPOSE OF PROTECTING THE EAST FLANK OF THE SOUTHWARD

MEANWHILE, THE EXODUS FROM NERVOUS SHANGHAI CONTINUED. AMERICAN AND CHINESE PLANES LEFT WITH NEAR CAPACITY LOADS. THE U. S. LINER GORDON IS DUE SUNDAY TO TAKE ON MORE THAN 1,000 EVACUEES, INCLUDING 100 TERICANS. FEWER THAN 100 BRITISH AND MORE THAN 100 OTHER FOREIGNERS.

(THE COMMUNIST BROADCAST ON THE OPERATIONS SOUTH OF MANKING WAS HEAR BY THE ASSOCIATED PRESS AT SAN FRANCISCO. IT ASSERTED THE TRAP WAS CLOSED WHEN COMMUNIST TROOPS CAPTURED A LINE OF TOWNS ON A 120-MILE ARC STRETCHING FROM WUHU, 50 MILES SOUTHWEST OF NANKING, SOUTHEASTWARD TO WUHING, ABOUT 110 MILES SOUTHEAST OF NANKING. (COMMUNIST BROADCASTS X X X FIFTH GRAF FIRST NIGHT LEAD (ASKX)

FJ1051PCS

7 ARMIES CAUGHT. CHINA REDS CLAIM

Communists Apparently Shift From Shanghai Push

Shanghai April 29 (A)—Chinese Communist forces evidently were concentrating tonight on an effort to trap Nationalist armies southeast of Nanking rather than aiming directly at Shanghai.

[The Communist radio asserted that the 'major part' of seven Na-tionalist armies already had been trapped roughly 80 miles south of Nanking and was being "annihilated." It said more than 40,000 Government soldiers already had been captured.

[Seven armies would be 140,000 or more men. They were identified by the Communist radio as the 51st, 4th, 28th, 45th, 99th, 66th and 20th armies, all of which it said had fled Nanking last week

Line Of Towns Taken

The broadcast, heard in San Francisco by the Associated Press, asserted the trap was closed when Communist troops captured a line of towns on a 120-mile arc stretching east and south from Wuhu, 50 miles southwest of Nanking, through Langki and Kwangteh to

(Communist broadcasts also are normally heard in Shanghai, but all dispatches from that threatened city reiterated that the scanty communiqués of the Nationalist garrison were the only official and per missible source of war news.]

The Shanghai garrison's latest announcement conceded that Communists had taken Wuhing, which is 36 miles east of Kashing and 40 miles north of Hangchow, Kashing is the key to the Shanghai-Hang chow railway.

Flank Protection

It said the Communists were about 35 miles west of Shanghai in the vicinity of Kunshan, but that this appeared to be only a flankprotecting operation for the main drive farther south.

The Communists seemed in no hurry to press faster or harder along the direct route eastward to Shanghai. Nor did they seem to have met any serious opposition.

The garrison said about 10,000 Communists were west of Shanghai, that the 23d Army (normally about 20,000 men) was in the region of Lake Tai, some 50 miles southwest of Shanghai, and that three Communist armies were in southern Anhwei province.

Agree On Direction

[Southern Anhwei is the same area where the Communists contend they have trapped the seven Government armies—so the Nationalist and Communist accounts agree at least on the main strength and direction of the drive.]

The Communists appeared more anxious to reach Hangchow, 121 miles by rail southwest of Shanghai, than to occupy Shanghai itself.

This would seal off Shanghai by land, and could mean that direct attack on Shanghai would be delayed several days—or even longer.

In none of their operations did the Communists appear to be using a great many men.

With its future uncertain, Shanghai remained outwardly calm about the war but visibly worried about money.

3.000.000 To \$1

The money situation was a nightmare. The Government "gold" yuan was 3,000,000 to one United States

dollar today—compared with 1,500.

Business had perceptibly slowed and many offices closed. Employers figured they would need about two trillion gold yuan to meet month-end pay rolls. They haven't got it, as the printing presses cannot keep up with the inflation. Such measures as issuing rice tickets in place of salaries have been suggested to try to keep the population of this city of 5,000,000 in food if not in money.

Meanwhile, the British sloop Black Swan again sailed down the Whangpoo and joined British and American ships in the Yangtze estuary, leaving the river front at Shanghai empty of foreign war-

To Stay In Yangtze

Vice Admiral Oscar C. Badger, United States Western Pacific commander, issued a statement that United States Navy forces would be retained in the Yangtze about 10 miles from Shanghai as long as needed to stand by "in the safe evacuation of American nationals from Shanghai."

Badger's statement through the Consulate said: "Ample provisions have been made to provide transportation to leave Shanghai if commercial transport is not available."

The statement followed complaints that the Navy had abandoned Americans who were trying to stick it out in Shanghai.

Reds Seize Key City On Route To Hangchow

Other news of China and Wirephoto on Page 2

Shanghai, April 29 (A)—Communists today seized Wuhing, a key point 40 miles north of Hangchow. the main prop for Shanghai.

Wuhing is 36 miles west of Kashing, control point on the Shanghai-Hangchow railroad.

Kashing, 62 miles southwest of Shanghai, was in the path of a Red column driving southward from Soochow (Wuhsien).

Force From West Checked

A Nationalist communiqué said a Red drive on Shanghai appeared to be a move to protect the flank of the southbound columns.

It asserted that the force coming from the west had been checked about 37 miles west of the metropolis near Kunshan, on the Shanghai-Nanking railway. Trains to Kunshan had quit running.

The Shanghai garrison said the captors of Wuhing were advancing south toward Hangchow. It earlier had reported that the Communist 23d Army was operating in this region.

Hanchow Main Goal Now

It appears that the main Red push is aimed now at Hangchow, not Shanghai. With the capture of Hangchow, Shanghai would be sealed off by land.

The garrison said a strong Government force was deployed between Hangchow and the Reds in the north.

the north.

The garrison said the Reds were headed toward Wukang, 25 miles northwest of Hangchow.

Looting For Food Charged

The communique reported that Red prisoners said Communist troops who crossed the Yangtze had only three days' rations and were without supply stations.

The garrison charged that the Communists were looting for food. Vice Admiral Oscar C. Badger, commander of the Western Pacific Fleet, said United States Navy forces would be retained at Woosung as long as needed "in the safe evacuation of American nationals from Shanghai. "Woosung is some ten miles from Shanghai.

Ample Transport Ready

The announcement, issued through the United States Consulate, said: "Ample provisions have been made to provide transportation to leave Shanghai if commercial transportation is not available."

Landing facilities used by the Navy on the Whangpoo at Shanghai have been closed. Badger's announcement was taken here to mean that the Navy will keep units near the Yangtze mouth with perhaps one vessel at Woosung.

Air lines said evacuation had slackened. Some flights reported a few vacancies and cancellations.

40,000 Prisoners Claimed

San Francisco, April 29 (A)—The Chinese Communist radio said to-day that the major part of seven Nationalist armies were being hacked to pieces between Hangchow and Nanking.

The radio said more than 40,000 prisoners had been taken. The Nationalist armies were identified as the 51st, 4th, 28th, 48th, 99th, 66th and 20th. (Previously, the Reds' radio reported the 99th and 20th wiped out.")

Line Of Towns Taken

Red troops, the radio said, have captured a line of towns forming an arc from Wuhing and Changhing near Lake Tai, west of Shanghai, to the highway town of Langki to the northwest.

The radio said Soochow was captured yesterday morning. Soochow is the junction of the Nanking-Shanghai and Soochow-Kashing railways.

1,500 Europeans Face Stranding In Shanghai

Shanghai, Saturday, April 30 (A)—Approximately 1,500 Europeans with no place to go, many of them White Russians, probably will be stranded in Shanghai when the Communists take over.

The International Refugee Organization said today the last ship taking displaced Europeans from Shanghai to temporary haven in the Philippines will sail Monday with 400 refugees aboard. They will sail aboard the S.S. Haven.

I.R.O. headquarters estimated 1,500 displaced persons still would be in Shanghai when the Haven departs. Previous estimates in Manila said 800 White Russians would

be left at the dock. Not all the refugees are White Russians, however. Others come from countries under Communist rule. All fear for their safety when the Chinese Communists come.

British Seeking

Accord With China Reds

London April 29 (A)—Britain is trying to establish "friendly relations" with the Chinese Communist Government, a Foreign Office spokesman said today.

He said such contact with the Chinese Communists will not affect Britain's present relations with the Nationalist Government although the Foreign Office in London does not know where the Kuomintang is at the moment.

Silent On Nationalists

He was asked whether Britain thought "the Chinese Nationalist Government has for all practical purposes ceased to exist."

He replied: "I would make no pronouncement on that question." Diplomatic observers, meanwhile, speculated that his statements suggest Britain may soon give de factorecognition to Mao Tze-tung's Communist Government as the only

effective authority in most of

China.

Cite U.S. Precedent

In the British view, there are precedents for having relations with both parties to a civil war. During the American Civil War, Britain recognized the Confederacy as a belligerent power, while maintaining normal relations with the Federal Government.

The spokesman, asked whether the establishment of "friendly relations" with the Communists would affect Britain's relations with the Nationalist government, replied: "Where is the Chinese Nationalist government? Some of its members are in Shanghai, some in Canton. We have diplomatic officials in both cities."

Ambassador In Nanking

Meanwhile, the British Ambassador. Sir Ralph Stevenson, and his staff will stay at Nanking, he said. So far. Stevenson has not been

So far, Stevenson has not been able to reach any Communist leader in Nanking with whom he can negotiate.

The spokesman said the British would contact Mao Tze-tung himself if they knew where he is.

Asked whether the establishment of "friendly relations" with the Chinese Communists means that they would be entitled to send diplomatic representatives to Britain, the spokesman said:

"That question has not arisen

yet."

U.S. IS SEEKING RED CONTACTS

Britain Also Trying To Work
Out China Connection

Washington, April 29 (A)—The United States and Great Britain reported today they are trying to work out some sort of contact with Chinese Communists officials.

State Department authorities made clear, however, that this does not mean the United States recognizes or approves the Communist regime in China. They said merely that they expect to develop "working contacts."

A British Foreign Office spokesman said Britain is trying to establish "friendly relations" with the Chinese Communist government, adding that such contact will not affect Britain's present relations with the nationalist government.

To Retain Consulates
American officials disclosed that
the United States and Britain have
agreed it will be advisable to retain their consulates in Communistheld areas. But they did not indicate what their stand will be if the
Communists attempt to put their
own representatives in China's
consulates in this country or in
Britain.

The London Foreign Office spokesman said Sir Ralph Stevenson. British Ambassador, and his staff will stay at their embassy posts in Nanking.

J. Leighton Stuart, American Ambassador, is under State Department orders to return here for "consultation," but he presently is in Nanking.

Burma Tightens Hold On Mandalay

Rangoon, Burma, April 29 (P)— The Burmese Government announced today it has strengthened its hold on Mandalay by regaining 46 miles of territory in central Burma from rebelling Karens and Communists. D. LACKERS

The announcement said Government forces have recaptured Amarapura, 6 miles south of Mandalay and now control a stretch northward from Mandalay leading to the national army center at Maymyo.

Premier Thakin Nu interrupted his North Burma tour and flew to Rangoon for what were described officially as "important talks."

Fighting In Progress
Fighting was in progress on the
West bank of the Chindwin River
When the Premier's plane landed at
Monywa, 70 miles west of Mandalay, a member of his party disclosed. An official announcement

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said that, three hours prior to Thakin Nu's arrival, a Government force at Monywa crossed the river to attack a rebel force of 1,000 men. The rebels were ultimately routed, the Government said.

In the fighting of Burma's civil war the Karens, who are fighting for independence, seized the town of Shwegyin from the Communists, according to a Government announcement. The Communists in central Burma had been reported as allies of the Karens, and there was no immediate explanation of this report. Shwegyin lies 50 miles northeast of Toungoo, a Karen stronghold.

Revenue Taken Over

The Karens, who yesterday seized the east coast town of Thaton, have set up an independent administration. The national Government said the Karens had fired all Government officials of the town and imprisoned some of them

The statement said the Karens ordered all Burmese Government revenue to be paid into the Karen National Union defense head quarters.

Dutch, Indonesians Hand Peace Task To U.N. Agent

Batavia Java. April 29 (AP)—
Deadlocked Dutch and Indonesian republic negotiators placed in United Nations hands today the task of drawing a basic plan to restore peace in Indonesia.

Neither side committed itself, however, to accept the plan when completed by H. Merle Cochran, American delegate and temporary chairman of the United Nations Commission on Indonesia.

J. H. van Royen, representing the Dutch, and Mohamed Hatta, for the Indonesians, agreed after a week of fruitless discussion to let Cochran try his hand.

Dutch Under U.N. Orders

They have been unable to get past the stumbling block of agreement on a plan for restoring the Indonesian Republic Government to power in Jogjakarta.

The United Nations Security Council has ordered the Netherlands to restore the Republicans to power as a step toward granting independence to all Indonesia.

The Dutch demand commitments from the Republican leaders that

they will order Indonesian guerrillas to cease fire throughout their troubled country and agree also to participate in a round-table peace conference at The Hague.

Refuse To Bind People

The Republicans contend that they have neither the authority nor desire to bind their people in any way until they have been restored to power.

The controversary stems from the Dutch military action of last December in which Holland's troops seized and interned Republicans who had proclaimed an independent state embracoing sections of Pava, Sumatra and Madoera. Guerrilla fighting has been constant since.

Cochran reserved comment on the trend his suggestions might take. There is a possible clue, however, in a speech he made to the negotiators on April 14 suggesting that the Indonesians make promises at meetings here which they would agree to ratify after resuming power in Jogjakarta.

Delay Trial of G. I.'s In Guam Murder

Guam, April 29 (A. P.).—The court-martial of three Negro airmen charged with the rapemurder of Miss Ruth Farnsworth, former San Francisco Wac, was postponed today until May 9. The Twentieth Air Force public infor-

mation office said the delay was required to allow the defense to bring here an important witness, a former Negro airman who went to Alabama after leaving the service.

The men charged with the slaying are Privates Herman P. Dennis Jr. of Indianapolis, and Calvin Dennis of Frederick, Md., and Sergt. Robert W. Burns of Spokane. Wash.

PROBERS ATTACK FAILURE TO SMASH GERMAN CARTELS

WASHINGTON, April 29—(AP) American occupation officials have failed to smash a single one of Germany's giant monopolies under a crackdown law now two years old, investigators said today.

A three-man committee, flown to the scene by the army last December, found that ony one such case was filed but never completed.

It recorded testimony that high decartelization officials were out of step with presidential policy, fearing it would impede German recovery.

Flatly disagreeing with this view, the committee declared that a democratic economy requires the anti-cartel policy and will prosper under it. The committee contended that the great trusts greatly facilitated Hitler's war career, and that their elimination will help safeguard peace.

Committee Demands Action

The committee demanded energetic enforcement of anti-trust policy—under civilian control. The law itself was enacted by the American military government for the U.S. zone.

The three men were appointed last December by Kenneth C. Royall, then secretary of the army, to study progress of the decartelization program. The monopoly-busting drive was ordered by President Roosevelt and supported by President Truman.

Committee members were Chairman Garland S. Ferguson, Jr., member of the Federal Trade Commission; Samuel S. Isseks, appointed at the suggestion of Attorney General Tom Clark, and A. T. Kearney, recommended by Paul Hoffman, administrator of the European recovery program.

The committee's 135-page report, not yet officially released by the army, was made available to the Associated Press in advance.

The program came under the decartelization branch of the American military government. The branch was set up to "deconcentrate" monopolies and eliminate cartel practices.

Clay's Advisers Rapped

The sharpest criticism came from Isseks in a supplementary report after his endorsement of the main report. Isseks blamed statements of "the two economic advisers to the military governor" for failure of the anti-monopoly program.

The military governor, General Lucius D. Clay, has had as his economic advisers, first, Major General William H. Drapper, Jr., until recently undersecretary of the army, and, at present, Lawrence Wilkinson

The two, Isseks said, had repeatedly contended that any deconcentration would delay Germany's economic advance. The committee report itself said that "it appears" that Clay's economic advisers generally took such a position

Isseks said the deconcentration program was "completely nullified" when Wilkinson and his deputy, Phillips Hawkins, "pigeonholed" a principal case. Turning to Richardson Bronson, chief of the branch, Isseks said he had never indicated support for the deconcentration plan and any action he took generally was obstructive. Employes of the branch itself, Isseks said, have vigorously supported the program.

Isseks recommended that Wilkinson, Hawkins and Bronson be fired out of the decarterlization program.

The committee itself observed that "some, including those who are responsible for the review of the actions, have not always been in complete sympathy with the program." It called for rapid steps to "strengthen this staff."

Isseks also criticized General Clay on the ground that he had modified the program.

"In the early days the Military Governor fully supported" decartelization, Mr. Isseks noted. Later General Clay gave precedence to proceedings against consumer goods industries in preference to heavy goods industries, Mr. Isseks said, with an adverse result to the general effort.

Procedures Criticized

The committee report cast a critical eye at the "extremely complicated" procedures set up for carrying out the law. It added that this made it virtually impossible to carry out the program in a reasonable time. Mr. Isseks said the program apparently suffered also from a belief in high quarters that a Republican victory in last November's election would bring a

review of the whole decartelization policy.

policy.
Outside the decartelization branch, the committee noted, the Military Government has taken action in three big deconcentration cases. These involve the huge I. G. Farben Company, the highly centralized German banks, and the Ruhr's coal, iron and steel.

The committee recommended that the Farben plants continue operation as independent units. It also proposed eventual sale of self-sufficient units of the Ruhr industries to aim at "healthy competition."

Nazi Germany, the committee said, was an extreme case of monopoly control. Poor in natural resources, the country's strategy was to obtain dominance over the means of converting the resources of others into finished products.

The United States leaned on German concerns for some of its strategic materials, the committee said.

One of these companies, the committee said, figured in the only anti-trust complaint filed by the decartelization branch operating in

the United States zone where about twenty-five combines had their headquarters.

This was the Robert Bosch concern, which before the war had "a worldwide monopoly in the fuel injection and magneto field" and may then have been engaged in industrial espionage in the United States, the report said. A complaint was drawn, the report said, but Mr. Bronson reviewed the case and reduced the recommendations against Bosch. The case is still pending.

The committee called for a full review of the case of Henschel & Son, big wartime arms producer and now Germany's big locomotive works. General Clay himself withheld action against the concern in March, 1948, because of the military government's need for locomotives, the committee said.

A complete re-examination also was demanded in the case of VKF, subsidiary of Sweden's big SKF, maker of anti-friction bearings.

MALMEDY CASE 'DISGUST' CITED

Americans Accused Of 'Brutal'
Ways To Get Confessions

Washington, April 29 (P)—A former United States Army court reporter testified today he was an eye witness to "brutal sadistic" methods used in wringing confessions from German storm troops in the Malmedy massacre case of World War II.

The witness. James J. Bailey, of Pittsburgh, told a Senate Armed Service Committee he helped American army officers collect evidence against the Nazis for ten weeks but quit in disgust.

"I took dozens of statements where the German prisoners were brought on with a black hood over their heads," he said. "That was just regular."

Bailey said a military policeman usually held one end of a rope. tied in a hangman's knot, around the prisoner's neck.

He said a man named Frank Steiner, an Austrian who served as an army interpreter, boasted that at times the German prisoners, under hood and rope, were forced to walk up several steps as though they were mounting a gallows to

"Confessions" Criticized
But worse than Steiner, he said.

was an American Army lieutenant, William Perl, who had suffered in a Nazi concentration camp in Austria and "obviously" had an intense hatred for Germans.

"I saw Perl slap prisoners around and knee them in the groin," Bailey testified. "He was the only man who had a really brutal sadistic streak in him."

As Bailey, a 53-year-old veteran of World War I, concluded his description of alleged improper methods, Senator McCarthy (R., Wis.) remarked:

"These Malmedy trials were worse than anything done by the Russians."

McCarthy demanded the dismissal of any army officers, still in uniform, who took part in the alleged misconduct.

Lieut. Col. Burton F. Ellis, the Army's chief prosecutor in the case, already has told the committee that weird "mock trials" were staged, but he denied any brutality was inflicted.

Appearance Of 3 Sought Ellis said the ex-Nazis told ex-

aggerated stories of mistreatment in order to "wiggle out" of death sentences imposed on them by an American military court.

Under questioning by Senator Baldwin (R., Conn.), Bailey asserted that the purported "confessions" obtained by Steiner were "so far from the facts" that the Army had to get rid of him.

Senator McCarthy interrupted to say he will demand that Steiner. Perl and Harry Thon, another interpreter. appear before the committee. He also asked that Kurt Tiel, now a student at Washington & Jefferson College at Washington, Pa., be called.

Tiel wrote the committee that as a for ner member of an army interrogation team in the Malmedy case he had seen Germans beaten and unconscious in their cells.

Continuing his recital, Bailey said Steiner frequently went alone into prisoners' cells, took their statements and then came out and translated them "with alterations and deletions."

Description Of Trial

He went on:

"I'd say Lieutenant Perl got 75 per cent of the confessions and Steiner usually went with him. Steiner and Perl seemed to get pleasure out of it. Steiner said the Germans killed his mother."

Recounting one of the mock trials he said he witnessed, Bailey told the senators:

"Every time a German was questioned, the prisoner was brought in with a black hood over his face, a rope around his neck and a multicolored wrapper covering his body.

"The interpreter would jerk the hood off the prisoners' faces, and lawyers and interpreters would question them, and I would take it down in shorthand.

"One time I noticed a black cloth had been put over a table with two burning candles and a crucifix. I said, 'What the hell is this?'

"The hood and the rope were apparently used to have a psychological effect. The prisoner was brought in, the hood was ierked.

and the kid who looked 15 or 16 years old fell flat on his face.

"No Sympathy" For Germans
"Steiner took his foot and
pushed him over on his back and
pulled him up. Then Steiner told
Captain Schumacker the prisoner
is faking. The prisoner had a
bloody nose and bruises on his face
where he hit the concrete floor."

After that incident, Bailey testified, "I said the hell with this stuff.

I'm going to get out."

He said a huge blackjack—about

three times the usual size—was in the interrogation cell but he never saw it used. Some of the prisoners, however, were scarred and bruised, he said.

Bailey said he had "No sympathy" for the Germans involved in the Malmedy massacre, but he declared that experienced lawyers and police could have obtained the evidence "by reputable methods."

The witness testified that Dwight

B. Fanton, then an Army major, a law partner of Senator Baldwin, was in charge of the army prosecution team. He said Fanton never went into the cells where the Germans were questioned.

"A Gross Exaggeration"

"I've got a lot of respect for Major Fanton," Bailey continued. "He was largely a figurehead. He was guided and influenced by Lieutenant Perl."

Senator McCarthy asked Bailey about reports that 138 out of 139 German prisoners had been permanently injured by "kneeing or kicks in the groin."

"That's a gross exaggeration,"
Bailey replied. He said those who
had been injured could be "repaired."

Harriman Sees Peace Gains, But Urges Arms for Europe

WASHINGTON, April 29—(AP)
Marshall Plan Ambassador W.
Averill Harriman said today "we are moving away from war," but he declared America must heip rearm Atlantic Pact nations to maintain that peace momentum.

"In western Europe today there is a growing wave of confidence," ne reported, "confidence instilled by the concept of the North Atlantic treaty that free men will stand together in common defense of their liberty and freedom."

But, Harriman said, if the United States should "turn aside at this moment, I doubt whether we can ever again recapture that spirit."

His testimony before the Senate Foreign Relations committee wound up the first week's hearings on the 12-nation Atlantic treaty which, if ratified by the Senate, will bind the United States and Canada to a 20-year mutual-aid alliance with 10 countries of western

Harriman, the No. 2 man in the European recovery program, told the senators that while nothing should interfere with that economic aid project he "earnestly believes we should help our associates in their own efforts to build up means to defend themselves."

That was a reference to the administration's proposal to give Atlantic Pact members \$1,130,000,000 worth of military equipment to bolster their armed forces against any threat of aggression.

But Senator Vandenberg of Michigan, the Republican foreign policy leader, told Harriman he thought administration witnesses were putting too much stress on the arms program in connection with the treaty.

"Surely," he said, "this is not the measure" of the treaty's importance. Vandenberg, who played a key role in formation of the Atlantic Pact, added:

"I should hate to have the North Atlantic treaty yardsticked by a relatively unimportant sum."

Watkins Sees Huge Cost
Other senators, however, say they
think the \$1,300,000,000 program
will cover a lot more arms than
would appear on the surface. One
critic of the arms project, Senator
Watkins (R-Utah), told a reporter
he is sure the cost will be "several
times" the total set for the first
year by the administration.

Watkins based his estimate on testimony yesterday by Secretary of Defense Johnson at least some of the arms the United States sends to Europe will be valued down to between 10 and 15 per cent of the original cost.

"They're trying to fool the people," Watkins said, "when they give a cut-price like that (\$1,130,-000,000) as the actual cost."

The Utah senator asked Harriman if the people of Europe feel this country will be bound to send arms if the Atlantic treaty is ratified

To this Harriman replied that Europeans have hopes we will give them arms.

"I am wondering," Watkins said, "what they think we agreed to do," then added:

"The American people ought to

know what they will be let in for by this treaty."

Watkins then asked Harriman if Europe would "give up hope" if Congress does not approve the arms program.

"No, they will go ahead," Harriman said "but in my opinion we will never recapture the present spirit of cooperation."

that we end up by cripping our own economy with a crushing tax structure, then we shall have made the most ridiculous and tragic grandstand play in history.

"There are some things that even our own beloved country cannot afford, and we should remind ourselves of that once in a while."

In discussing national security, Wilson suggested that this country

is a "have-not" nation in many re-

"There is just one material or commodity that we have in great abundance—know-how. It is almost the only thing that is worth stockpiling, a precious raw material."

"Preparedness today," Wilson declared, "x x x is not so much a matter of storing up battleships and planes and guns, or even atomic weapons, as it is the storing up of knowledge and power—knowledge of how to produce these things better than anyone else in case they are needed, and power to produce them in such quantities that no one can match us."

2. Americans for Democratic Action (ADA) and the American Civil Liberties Union asked Attorney General Clark to drop the North American Committee to Aid Spanish Democracy from his list of subversive organizations.

In drawing the new security legislation, the Judiciary subcommittee modified in several respects the draft originally suggested by the attorney general. With his approval, they previously had eliminated a section which would have sanctioned government evidence obtained by wire-tapping.

The bill provides that the prosecution of spy cases may begin at any time within 10 years, instead of the present three year limit, Attorney General Clark had favored wiping out all time limitations in such cases.

Seek to Tighten Laws

In addition, the measure would throw new protections around secret government documents, and require all spies and sabateurs traincd by a foreign government or foreign political party to register with the Department of Justice.

Obviously, the department does not anticipate that some foreign sgent will come in and announce that he is a spy; but his failure to register would be a continuing criminal offense for which he could be arrested. Under present law, the government cannot act unless an overt act is committed.

For the protection of secret documents, the bill provides that whoever has unauthorized possession must surrender them even though no demand is made for the papers. The bill also provides penalties up

Global Aid Costs May Cripple Our Own Economy, Wilson Warns

U. S. Should Make Sure It Can Afford Program, G-E Head Tells Engineers

WASHINGTON, April 29—(AP)
Charles E. Wilson, president of
General Electric Company, suggested tonight that the United
States should make sure it can afford the program of global aid it
has embarked upon.

"I am not prepared to say, and few business men, are," he said in a talk at the annual banquet of the American Society of Naval Engineers, "that the broad program upon which we are embarked today, to feed and sustain and arm and harangue so many other nations is unwise.

"It may well be the most intelligent course that the United States can pursue in its own interest.

"But I am prepared to take this stand—that if we pursue any such program in so headlong, indiscriminate, and extravagant a fashion

Senators Move to Tighten U.S. Defenses Against Spies

WASHINGTON April 29—(AP) Senators moved today to tighten the government's defenses against spies.

A senate judiciary subcommittee approved a bill designed to improve the nation's internal security against foreign intelligence agents and saboteurs. The full committee will be asked to act on it Monday. In other developments touching

on security problems:

Ex-FBI Agent to Testify

1. Ren. Velde (R-Ill), former F-BI agent, disclosed he has been subpoenaed by a New York grand pury. He said he believes the jury is investigating "Russians atomic espionage" and that he is ready to give it the benefit of his own experience checking an alleged west coast spy ring before he came to congress.

to 10 years in jail and a \$10,000 fine for persons who fail to report the loss, theft, destruction or un'awful transmission of such documents.

The same Judiciary subcommittee opened hearings today on two Lills, one by Senator Mundt (R-SD) the other by Senator Ferguson (R-Mich), designed to bring members of the Communist Party and communist front organizations out into the open. Each bill would require the registration of such persons, would deny them federal employment and passports, and would require them to label the origin of any literature they sent through the mail.

he mail.

At the start of the hearings, which will be resumed next Wednesday, the subcommittee announced that any witness who refuses to say whether he is a communist will be barred from testifying.

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As a G-man, Representative velde worked on a case involving Steve Nelson, a Pittsburgh Communist, who has been labeled a Red spy by the Un-American Activities Unit.

Linked To Atomic Formula

The committee has declared that six years ago Nelson got an important atomic energy formula from a "scientist X" who worked at the University of California's radiation laboratory at Berkeley. The committee has never identified the scientist.

In asking that the North American Committee to Aid Spanish Democrary be dropped from the attorney general's list of subversive organizations, A.D.A. and the Civil Liberties Union said the committee has been defunct ten years. They declared that many innocent and loyal persons are being made subject to accusation of "guilt by association."

COMMUNISTS GET FBI CONTRIBUTION

Government Witness Says She Gave \$50 To Defense Fund

New York. April 29 (A)—Fifty dollars of FBI funds are being used in the defense of the eleven American Communist leaders, a Government witness revealed today.

Miss Angela Calomiris, Greenwich Village photographer who has served as an FBI informant in the Communist party seven years, testified she gave the money to the trial defense fund.

She added that the FBI paid all of her expenses, including this \$50. The testimony was given on crossexamination in which Miss Calomiris also revealed that she had joined several organizations besides the Communist party. Other FBI undercover workers have testified similarly in the trial.

Joined Several Groups

The photographer revealed that she had taken pictures of many individuals and groups in the party. These were included in the voluminous files she turned over to the Government security agency.

She said she joined the CIO United Office and Professional Workers at the direction of her branch organizer in the party. Other groups with which she affiliated were the International Workers Order, the American Labor party and the Progressive party.

Defense attorneys sought to ask about many details of the photographer's life, but most of them were overruled by Federal Judge Harold R. Medina,

Asks If She Has Any Children

Finally, Louis F. McCabe, Philadelphia attorney, inquired:

"Have you any children?"

The court, apparently understanding that the prosecution objected, immediately sustained it.

But Edward C. Wallace, of the prosecution staff, said he had made no objection and wanted the witness to answer. Miss Calomiris then said:

"I do not."

Wallace commented: "I think counsel ought to be admonished for asking such a question. I like fair questions."

Inquires About Pledge

Medina said: "I certainly would not have asked such a question when I was a lawyer." Richard F. Gladstein, defense at-

Richard F. Gladstein, defense attorney, of San Francisco, arose at once to ask that both remarks be stricken from the record. The judge declined to do so.

As court adjourned for the weekend, Gladstein attempted to get Miss Calomiris to say whether she had signed a pledge of loyalty to the Communist party contained in a paper he presented to her.

"It's possible I signed it." she said, "I do not recall that I signed it, however."

7 Of Chicago Faculty Deny Red Charges

Chicago April 29 (P)—Seven 19
University of Chicago faculty members today termed false or no longer applicable 49 of 50 allegations made against them by a witness before the Illinois Subversive Activities Commission.

The witness Howard Bushmans

The witness, Howard Rushmore, told the commission in Springfield Saturday that Chicago faculty members held 50 memberships in 38 organizations which he said were "Communist fronts."

Rushmore is a reporter for the New York Journal-American who has been specializing in stories on communism.

The university took affidavits from those accused. Filing of the affidavits ends the testimony before

the commission unless it should wish to hear the faculty members in person.

Only One Membership

In a letter transmitting the affidavits, Laird Bell, chairman of the university trustees and its counsel in the inquiry, stated:

"Despite a mass of hearsay and innuendo, when we come down to cases only one instance out of 50 involves current membership in an organization listed by the Attorney General."

This is a membership in the Chicago chapter, National Council of American-Soviet Friendship, held by Wayne McMillen, professor of social service administration. His affidavit said he had contributed annual dues to the chapter since 1944.

Identity Kept Secret

Bell said "we understand that witness Rushmore insisted that his identity and the nature of his testimony be kept secret until his last-minute appearance." The chairman added:

"The conclusion is inescapable that Rushmore was willing to make irresponsible charges but not to confront those whom he accused."

In an analysis attached to his letter, Bell said only eleven of the 38 organizations mentioned by the witness actually were listed by Attorney General Tom Clark as "suspected" Communist fronts. Current faculty membership in any of these eleven groups, he said, was one—McMillen's.

17 Memberships Dropped

Seventeen other memberships or activities were terminated before or during the war or at the war's end upon the change in relations between the United States and Russia, Bell said.

The affidavits showed, he continued, that another 21 of the memberships or activities related to the commission by Rushmore have never existed. Eleven other memberships or activities listed by him do exist, but are not with any organization on Clark's roster, although Rushmore described them as "fronts."

Bell said in his letter that the Attorney General, in listing suspected organizations, stated "guilt by association has never been one of the principles of American jurisprudence."

Signs Seized

The university also sent to Springfield an affidavit of Robert M. Strozier, dean of students, relating to testimony by Representative Horsley (R., Springfield) about signs and posters taken from bulletin boards at the university.

"Some of this material," Strozier stated, "bore a stamp of the information office of the University of Chicago. Representative Horsley identified the first of the posters so stamped as bearing the 'stamp of approval for posting'"

Checked On Size

Strozier said under university regulations material posted on the bulletin boards is submitted to the information office to determine if it meets rules as to size, sponsorship by a recognized student organization and similar requirements. He continued:

"The stamp of the information office is merely an indication that the regulations have been met. The university does not indorse, recommend or express any judgment concerning any of the meetings, speakers or projects which are publicized by means of these posters, except that they do not violate any law. . . .

"None of the material introduced by Representative Horsley pertained to speakers officially sponsored by the university."

Says Russia Still

Washington, April 29 (A. P.). Iran's Ambassador, Hussein Ala, said today that Russia is continuing its propaganda attacks on his country "from a secret radio in Soviet Azerbaijan province."

Ala talked with reporters after calling on Under-Secretary of State James Webb to discuss Iranian problems."

"That (Soviet) radio accuses us of all sorts of crimes we never have committeed," he remarked.

He expressed hope that the lifting of the Berlin blockade and the expected meeting of the Big Four foreign ministers might ease the Russian attacks on his nation.

Egypt Bitter, U.S. Embassy Under Guard

New York, April 29 (AP)—Stanton Griffis, Ambassador to Egypt now on leave, said last night his embassy in Cairo was surrounded by guards and machine guns because of "bitter anti-American sentiment."

Griffis told workers of the Travelers Aid Society at their annual meeting that the feeling against America resulted from the United States' recognition of the State of Israel.

At the embassy, he said, he was constantly surrounded by guards supplied by the Egyptian Government. Machine guns, he added, were set up outside the building in case of trouble.

Griffis left Egypt last month to direct the United Nations relief work for Palestine refugees.

Airlift Cost Put At 149 Million

Washington. April 29 (AP)—Operation of the airlift into Berlin during the first ten months has cost the United States \$149.664.200, Representative Van Zandt (R., Pa.) said today.

Van Zandt, a member of the House Armed Services Committee, provided figures for the Congressional Record showing this cost breakdown:

Operation, \$45,825,100; support, \$57,370,700; reserve, \$28,958,700; wrecked planes \$7,522,000, and depreciation of aircraft, \$9,987,700.

120,377 Flights

During the first ten months Van Zandt said, 319 air force and navy planes assigned to the operation completed 120,377 flights and carried more than 1,250,000 tons of food and supplies.

As of April 25, 1949, he said, 28 planes had been wrecked and 22 air force flyers killed.

In support of the airlift, he said the United States Army of Occupation spent, as of March 31, 1949, approximately \$7,000,000 for food supplies, transportation and other items.

WAR SURPLUS NET IS \$1,771,000,000

Washington, April 29 (A. P).
Secretary of State Acheson told
Congress today that the vast job
of disposing of American world
war II surplus property overseas
is more than 99 per cent completed.

The State Department's office of the foreign liquidation commissioner is due to close down June 30. Its operations will be absorbed by permanent Government departments.

Acheson submitted a quarterly report on surplus sales to date which showed that up to March 31 property which originally cost \$9,236,000,000 had been sold for \$1,771,000,000 or 19.2 cents on the dollar. The remainder is valued at \$54,764,000.

Students Picket Naval Academy; Protest Visit of Spanish Ship

ANNAPOLIS, April 29 — (AP) Eight St. John's College undergraduates formed a picket line at the U.S. Naval Academy's main gate today in protest over the visit here of a Spanish training ship.

The students said they had been barred from the academy grounds

Pickets carried signs reading.
"Franco is a dictator just like Stalin, "Franco Spain is fascist." "U.
S. Navy contradicts U. S. foreign policy."

The students were protesting the visit of the Juan Soastian Eleano, carrying 49 Spanish naval cadets, 12 apprentices and a crew of 23 officers and men. They arrived here Sunday.

President John S. Kieffer of St.

John's said the students "represent nobody but themselves.

"However, the college recognizes freedom of expression. But student opinion as a whole seems to disapprove of the action.

"I feel that the Naval Academy officials are in no way responsible for whatever aspects of high foreign policy are involved in the visit of the ship."

Academy officials declined formal comment.

Wednesday, the captain of the Elcano, Commander Alvaro Urzaiz Y De Silva, said the ship's U. S. visit was a "good will trip" and had no connection with the political prospect of a United Nations debate about the same time concerning policy toward Spain.

Military Forces Told To Stop News'Leaks'

Washington, April 29 (A) Spurred by an order from Capitol Hill, the armed forces have issued mandates to all their personnel to guard against "leaking" secret information to the public.

The instructions have been issued separately during recent weeks by the Air Force, Navy and Army.

The most recent, an army circular, appeared today.

Signed by Gen. Omar Bradley. army chief of staff, it directed that the statement of Chairman Vinson (D., Ga.) of the House Armed Services Committee "be brought to the attention of all military and civilian personnel."

Not "Officially Inspired"

In the statement, Vinson noted that on March 12 he initiated an inquiry "into allegations that the Department of the Air Force was intentionally 'leaking' highly classified military information to the press on the B-36 bomber and other matters." A report was submitted to the committee, said Vinson, which showed the leaks "have not been officially inspired by the Air Department," but he continued:

"It seems evident that so long as great controversy continues over the aircraft used by the Air Force, additional leaks are likely despite the best efforts of the national military establishment.

Stresses Security Factor

"One additional point seems to be evident. Persons within the national military establishment, on the Government pay rolls, are endangering the national security through their efforts to sell the public their own particular views regarding air power.

"The Armed Services Committee wants it clearly understood that if persons in the armed services or in their employ continue to pass statements to the press which are calculated to depreciate the activities of a sister service and which at the same time jeopardize the national security the committee will step in with a full-scale investigation. We will not tolerate the continuance of this practice."

ine surprise "bonuses," totaling many thousands of dollars, are an unexpected byproduct of the Veterans Administration's efforts to start insurance dividend checks rolling by the end of 1949.

"Many recipients of the overpayment checks have confused them with dividend payments," a VA spokesman said.

"This Is Gravy, Not Dividend"

"Some have complained that they expected a larger dividend. We have had to reassure them that

this is 'gravy'—that they are being reimbursed for having paid too much on past premiums, and that they will get their dividends later.

"Furthermore, the checks now going out will have no bearing on the size of the dividends the recipients eventually will receive."

The overpayments have shown up by the thousands in an audit.

Underpayments Also Found

Under payments are being discovered, also. No attempt is being made to collect these amounts due, but they later will be assessed against the dividends.

Statistics on the amount and number of the overpayments are not available. In most cases the overpayments resulted from readjustment of premiums.

Vets Get A Surprise 'Bonus': Insurance Premium Refund

Washington. April 29 (P)— Thousands of World War II veterans have been receiving Government checks in recent weeks for overpaying on their GI life insurance.

BY MAX HARRELSON.

NEW YORK, APRIL 29-(AP)-RUSSIA'S JAKOB A.MALIK AND PHILIP C. JESSUP,

AMERICAN DIPLOMATIC TROUBLE SHOOTER, WENT INTO A CRUCIAL CONFERENCE. LATE TODAY ON THE POSSIBLE LIFTING OF THE BERLIN BLOCKADE.

THE PRIVATE MEETING BEGAN AT 4:31 P.M. (3:31 P.M. EST) AT THE 680 PARK AVENUE OFFICES OF THE SOVIET DELEGATION TO THE U.N. WESTERN DIPLOMATS WERE HOPEFUL THAT THE U.S. AMBASSADO

-AZ-LARGE WOULD EMERGE WITH A FORMAL SOVIET STATEMENT AS TO WHEN AND UNDER WHAT CONDITIONS THE KREMLIN WOULD END THE BLOCKADE.

JESSUP ASKED MALIK

WESTERN DIPLOMATS WERE HOPEFUL THAT THE U.S. AMBASSADOR-AT-LARGE WOULD EMERGE WITH A FORMAL SOVIET STATEMENT AS TO WHEN AND UNDER WHAT CONDITIONS THE KREMLIN WOULD END THE BLOCKADE.

JESSUP ASKED MALIK FOR SUCH A DECLARATION WEDNESDAY. IT WAS ASSUMED THE SOVIET REPRESENTATIVE WAS READY TO GIVE HIS REPLY SINCE MALIK TELEPHONED AND PROPOSED THE MEETING.

JESSUP ARRIVED ALONE AT THE THREE-STORY SOVIET BUILDING. HE

DECLINED TO TALK WITH NEWSMEN AS HE HURRIED INSIDE.
MALIK HAD ARRIVED TWO MINUTES EARLIER FROM FLUSHING MEADOW PARK WHERE HE HAD SAT AS SOVIET REPRESENTATIVE AT A MEETING OF THE

STEERING COMMITTEE OF THE U.N. ASSEMBLY.

ANDREI A.GROMYKO, BUSSIA'S NO.1 DEPUTY FOREIGN MINISTER, ATTENDING A MEETING OF THE ASSEMBLY DURING THE MALIK-JESSUP CONFERENCE. GROMYKO SAT IN ON WEDNESDAY'S BERLIN DISCUSSIONS IN THE SOVIET QUARTERS.

A STATE DEPARTMENT PRESS OFFICER SAID ANY NEWS OF THE MEETING HOLLD BE GIVEN OUT AT THE 2 PARK AVENUE HEADQUARTERS OF DELEGATION TONIGHT.

HE SAID A NEWS CONFERENCE WOULD BE HELD THERE AT 7 P.M., COP. ..

EST) OR LATER.

THIS WAS REGARDED AS THE CRUCIAL MEETING IN THE SERIES THAT STARTED PRIVATELY LAST FEB. 15 WHEN JESSUP FIRST APPROACHED MALIK

IF THE RUSSIAN ANSWER IS SATISFACTORY TO THE WESTERN ROWERS 949 MENT FOR A MEETING OF THE COUNCIL OF FOREIGN MINISTERS ON THE WHOLE GERMAN QUESTION.

JESSUP GOT A TELEPHONE CALL FROM MALIK A FEW MINUTES AFTER HE ARR-IVED THIS MORNING AT HEADQUARTERS OF THE U.S. DELEGATION TO THE UNITED

JESSUP HAD COME FROM WASHINGTON ON HIS WAY TO NORWALK, CONN., TO ATTEMD THE FUNERAL OF FORMER SENATOR FREDERICK WALCOTT, HIS WIFE'S UNCLE. HE IMMEDIATELY CANCELLED PLANS TO GO TO NORWALK.

THE U.S. DELEGATION SPOKESMAN SAID JESSUP PLANNED TO REPORT TO THE STATE DEPARTMENT AND TO THE BRITISH AND FRENCH U.N. REPRESENTATIVES

IMMEDIATELY AFTER SEEING MALIK. ANY AMMOUNCEMENT TO THE PRESS, HE SAID, WOULD HAVE TO COME AFTER

THESE CONSULTATIONS.

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PLANS FOR THE U.S .- SOVIET MEETING WERE ANNOUNCED BY THE U.S. WHILE MALIK WAS ATTENDING A MEETING OF THE STEERING COMMITTEE OF THE UNITED

NATIONS ASSEMBLY AT FLUSHING MEADOW PARK.

THE SPOKESMAN ISSUED A FORMAL DENIAL OF A LAKE SUCCESS DISPATCH IN THE NEW YORK TIMES TODAY REPORTING THE UNITED STATES AND BRITAIN WOULD PROPOSE TO THE PROJECTED COUNCIL OF FOREIGN MINISTERS THAT WESTERN GERMANY MERGE WITH EASTERN GERMANY TO FORM A SINGLE FEDERAL STATE.

THE STATEMENT, READ OUT AT A SPECIAL NEWS CONFERENCE CALLED BY THE

UNITED STATES DELEGATION'S CHIEF PRESS OFFICER. SAID:

"IT IS NOT CORRECT. AS REPORTED IN THE NEW YORK TIMES THIS MORNING. THAT THERE IS AN ANGLO-AMERICAN PROPOSAL RELATING TO PLANS TO BE AD-VANCED IN A MEETING OF THE COUNCIL OF FOREIGN MINISTERS IF ONE IS TO

"THE UNITED STATES HAS NOT AT THIS STAGE BEGUN DISCUSSIONS REGARDING ANY PROPOSALS WHICH MIGHT BE ADVANCED AT A MEETING OF THE COUNCIL OF

FOREIGN MINISTERS IF OME IS HELD.

"THESE ARE ALL MATTERS WHICH ARE CURRENTLY HADER ACTIVE CONSIDERA-TION IN THE DEPARTMENT OF STATE. APR 20 1949 "THE FURTHER STATEMENT IN THE PRESS REPORT CONCERNING FRENCH

ISAGREEMENT WITH THIS PROPOSAL IS THEREFORE ALSO WITHOUT FOUNDATION SINCE NO SUCH PROPOSAL EXISTS."

HE PROMISED THERE WILL BE NO BARGAINING AWAY OF RIGHTS AND SECURITY OF THE 45 MILLION GERMANS IN THE WESTERN OCCUPATION ZONES, OR OF THE REST OF EUROPE.

ACHESON. ADDRESSING THE ANNUAL DINNER OF THE AMERICAN NEWSPAPER PUBLISHERS ASSOCIATION, EMPHASIZED THAT THE WAY STILL IS OPEN FOR FOUR-POWER AGREEMENT ON A UNITED GERMANY. STEPS TAKEN BY THE U.S., BRITAIN AND FRANCE TO FOUND THE PROPOSED WEST GERMAN REPUBLIC "DID" NOT MEAN THAT WE HAD ABANDONED HOPE OF A SOLUTION WHICH WOULD BE APPLICABLE TO GERMANY AS A WHOLE," HE SAID. "IT DID MEAN THAT THIS GOVERNMENT WAS NOT PREPARED TO WAIT INDEFINITELY FOR FOUR-POWER AGREEMENT" AFTER SEEING CONQUERED GERMANY THREATENED WITH "CHAOS"

BY DISAGREEMENTS WITH THE RUSSIANS, HE CONTINUED.
(THE NEW YORK TIMES SAID AN AUTHORITATIVE SOURCE HAS DISCLOSED THAT, IF FOUR POWER TALKS RESUME, THE UNITED STATES AND BRITAIN WILL PROPOSE MERGER OF THE SOVIET ZONE AND THE WEST GERMAN REPUBLIC, TO FORM A SINGLE GERMAN FEDERAL STATE. THE TIMES SAID THE PROPOSAL IS DESIGNED TO DRAW THE TEETH FROM SOVIET MANEUVERS WHICH THE WESTERN HOWERS EXPECT. THE TIMES REPORTED FRANKE HAS NOT YET APPROVED THE PROPOSAL. THE U.S., SAID THE TIMES DISPATCH FROM LAKE SUCCESS, ALSO WILL PROHOSE SHARP REDUCTION OF ALL M LITARY OCNUHATION FORCES. BUT WILL NOT AGREE TO AN EXPECTED RUSSIAN PROPOSAL FOR COMPLETE WITHDRAWAL OF OCCUPATION ARMIES.)

(SPOKESMEN FOR THE AMERICAN AND BRITISH DELEGATIONS AT THE UNITED NATIONS SAID THEY HAD NO KNOWLEDGE OF ANY SUCH PROPOSALS AND THAT THE SUBJECT HAD NOT BEEN BROUGHT UP AT ANY OF THE DISCUSSIONS IN NEW YORK OR LAKE SUCCESS. IF ANY SUCH POSITION HAD BEEN FORMULATED, THEY SAID, IT WESTDGERMANBEEN IN WASHINGTON OR LONDON).

WOULD HAVE BEEN IN WASHINGTON OR LONDON).

WEST GERMANS, SECRETARY ACHESON DECLARED, "MAY REST ASSURED THAT THIS GOVERNMENT WILL AGREE TO NO SOLUTION FOR GERMANY INTO WHICH BASIC SAFEGUARDS AND BENEFITS OF THE EXISTING WESTERN GERMAN ARRANGEMENTS WOULD NOT BE ABSORBED. THEY MAY BEST ASSURED THAT UNTIL SUCH A SOLUTION CAN BE ACHIEVED, THIS GOVERNMENT WILL CONTINUE TO LEND VIGOROUS SUPPORT TO THE DEVELOPMENT OF THE WESTERN GERMAN PROGRAM." "THE PEOPLE OF EUROPE," HE CONTINUED, "MAY REST ASSURED THAT THIS GOVERNMENT WILL AGREE TO NO ARRANGEMENTS CONCERNING GERMANY WHICH DO NOT PROTECT THE SECURITY INTERESTS OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITY."

APR 29 1949
THE UNITED STATES WANTS GERMANS IN DUE TIME TO SHARE THE
OBLIGATIONS AND BENEFITS ENJOYED BY THE REST OF WESTERN EUROPE, ACHESON SAID, BUT THIS MUST DEPEND LARGELY ON THEMSELVES. AMERICA WANTS TO SEE AN INTEGRATED GERMAN PEOPLE, "OR AS LARGE A PART OF THEM AS POSSIBLE" QUALIFY FOR A PLACE IN "A NEW COMMON STRUCTURE OF THE FREE PEOPLES OF EUROPE." HE TOLD THE MEETING.

WESTERN AGREEMENTS ON THE FUTURE OF GERMANY HAVE HELD UNSVERVINGLY TO THAT LINE, ACHESON ASSERTED, AND REPRESENT "A SINCERE EFFORT TO DEAL WITH EXISTING REALITIES IN THE SPIRIT OF THE ORIGINAL ALLIED

COVENANTS PERTAINING TO GERMANY."

THE PARTICIPATING POWERS WANT THE GERMAN FEDERATION GOVERNED WITH A "MINIMUM SUPERVISION BY THE OCCUPATION AUTHORITIES" WHICH SEEKS TO SAFEGUARD GENERAL SECURITY AND THE BROAD ALLIED PURPOSES, HE SAID.

MEN_YORK APPLL 29-(AP)-U.S. DELEGATE BENJAMIN V.COHEN APPEALED TO THE SOVIET BLOC COUNTRIES IN THE UNITED NATIONS ASSEMBLY TONIGHT TO FT THE IRON CURTAIN AND HELP BUILD A FRIENDLY, PEACEFUL WORLD. THE PLEA WAS MADE DURING DEBATE ON THE IMPRISONMENT OF JOSE CARDINAL MINDSZEMTY IN HUNGARY AND 15 PROTESTANT CLERGYMEN IN BULGARIA. IT CAME WHILE REPRESENTATIVES OF THE UNITED STATES AND DUSSIA WERE MEETING PRIVATELY A FEW MILES AVAY ON THE POSSIBILITY LIFTING THE BERLIN BLOCKADE.

ANDREL A.GROMYKO, MO.1 SOVIET DEPUTY FOREIGN MINISTER, TOOK NO IRECT MOTICE OF COREM'S APPEAL WHEN HE TOOK THE FLOOR A FEW MINUTES

HE REPEATED SOVIET CHARGES THAT MINDSZENTY AND THE OTHER PRISOUED CHURCUMEN WERE CRIMINALS AND SAID THE PROTESTS AGAINST THEIR LALS WERE INSPIRED BY REACTIONARY CIRCLES IN THE UNITED STATES

GRONYKO SAID THAT MINDSZENTY "AND HIS HENCHMEN" HAD PLACED THEIR TAKE IN A NEW WAR AND HAD ACTIVELY WORKED TOWARD THAT END WITH BIG

POWER BACKING

"MINDS TENTY AWAITED WAR BETWEEN THE UNITED STATES AND THE SOVIET UNION WITH IMPATIENCE." HE SAID. "A CARDINAL 'S RED ROBES SOMETIMES SERVE TO COVER UP A WARMONGER AND THIS DOES NOT APPLY TO MINDSZENTY

REFERRING TO THE U.S. STAND IN FAVOR OF DEFERRING UNITED NATIONS ACTION ON THE TRIALS UNTIL AFTER APPROACHING THE QUESTION THROUGH

MACHINERY OF PEACE TREATIES HAD BEEN TRIED, GROMYKO SAID THE U.S.
"FOUND ITSELF ON A LIMB AND IS NOW TRYING TO SQUIRM OFF."

COHEN MADE NO REFERENCE TO THE BERLIN TALKS, BUT THE CONCILIATORY TONE OF HIS SPEECH WAS REGARDED BY SOME DELEGATES AS PART OF THE BROADER PICTURE.

PROTECT TONE

IN A PEACEFUL, FRIENDLY SPIRIT, " COHEN SAID. "THEY SHOULD MOT SEEK REFUGE IN AN ARTIFICIAL AND SELF-IMPOSED ISOLATION WHICH MAKES THEM SEE A PLOT IN EVERY EFFORT TO MAINTAIN FRIENDLY INTERCOURSE WITH

"IF WE WISH A FRIENDLY, PEACEFUL WORLD, WE MUST ESTABLISH CONDITIONS WHICH MAKE FOR A FRIENDLY, PEACEFUL WORLD. THERE CANNOT BE A FRIENDLY. PEACEFUL WORLD WHEN INDIVIDUALS ARE NOT FREE PEACEFULLY TO COMMUNICATE THEIR OWN THOUGHT AND FREELY TO PRACTICE THEIR OWN RELIGION UNDER THE GUIDANCE OF THEIR CHOSEN SPIRITUAL LEADERS. X X X LET US FIND PEACE, UNITY AND FREEDOM FOR ALL IN OUP COMMON HUMANITY, IN THE UNIVERSAL BROTHERHOOD OF MAN."

COHEN INJECTED A STERNER NOTE AT ONE POINT WHEN HE WARNED THAT

THE UNITED STATES WOULD MAKE EVERY POSSIBLE EFFORT TO SEE THAT THE UNITED STATES WOULD MAKE EVERY PUSSION FORMER ENEMY COUNTRIES BEHIND THE IRON CURTAIN.

HE SPOKE AFTER POLISH DELEGATE JAN DROHOJOWSKI CRITICIZED THE "SELF-BIGHTEOUS" ATTITUDE OF THE UNITED STATES AND SUGGESTED THAT WASHINGTON SHOULD NOT TRY TO RUN THE BUSINESS OF OTHER PEOPLE. BJ-MQ1023PED

(530) PMS BUDGET

BY JOHN M. HICHTOWER WASHINGTON, APRIL 29-(AP)-DIPLOMATIC AUTHORITIES SAID TODAY THAT GREAT DIFFICULTIES LIE IN THE WAY OF FULL AGREEMENT BETWEEN RUSSIA AND THE WESTERM POWERS ON THE UNIFICATION AND JOINT CONTROL OF ALL

THEY TOOK THIS VIEW DESPITE HOPE FOR AN EARLY END TO THE RUSSIAN

BLOCKADE OF BERLIN.

OFFICIAL STATEMENTS, INCLUDING SECRETARY ACHESON'S SPEECH IN NEW YORK LAST NIGHT, ARE MAKING IT INCREASINGLY CLEAR THAT WITHOUT BASIC POLICY CHANGES BY RUSSIA, THE EAST-WEST SPLIT IN GERMANY CANNOT BE CLOSED. SO FAR THERE IS NO EVIDENCE THAT SUCH POLICY CHANGES ARE IN PROSPECT.

THE TALKS HELD TO DATE BY AMERICAN AMBASSADOR PHILIP JESSUP AND DEPUTY SOVIET FOREIGN MINISTER JAKOB MALIK ARE REPORTED TO HAVE DEALT ONLY WITH THE PROBLEM OF LIFTING THE BLOCKADE AND ARRANGING A MEETING OF THE COUNCIL OF FOREIGN MINISTERS -- BUT NOT WITH WHAT THE FOREIGN MINISTERS MIGHT ACCOMPLISH.

THE FACT IS THAT WASHINGTON OFFICIALS REGARD THE POSSIBLE MEETING AS A TESTING GROUND OF THE ABILITY OF RUSSIA AND THE AMERICAN-BRITISH-FRENCH BLOC TO REACH ANY CONSTRUCTIVE AGREEMENT. POSSIBLE ABOLITION OF THE BLOCKADE IS ANTICIPATED HERE AS A WESTERN VICTORY IN A SINGLE BATTLE OF A CONTINUING COLD WAR.

INSOFAR AS THE OPPORTUNITY FOR RUSSIA AND THE WESTERN POWERS TO MEET IS CONCERNED. THE LIFTING OF THE BLOCKADE WOULD RESTORE THE SITUATION TO ABOUT WHAT IT WAS A YEAR AGO BEFORE THE SOVIETS SOUGHT TO ISOLATE BERLIN.

AT THAT TIME THE WESTERN POWERS SERVED NOTICE THEY WOULD NOT NEGOTIATE SO LONG AS THE RUSSIANS HELD A PISTOL TO THEIR HEADS; NOW

THE RUSSIANS MAY BE READY TO LAY THE PISTOL DOWN. MEANWHILE A NEW SITUATION HAS BEEN CREATED WITHIN THE WESTERN BLOC AND ACHESON IN HIS SPEECH TO THE AMERICAN NEWSPAPER PUBLISHERS ASSOCIATION IN NEW YORK LAST NIGHT BLAMED THIS SQUARELY ON RUSSIA.

HE SAID THE RUSSIANS HAD SOUGHT ECONOMIC AND POLITICAL CONTROL OF GERMANY IN THE EARLY POSTWAR PERIOD AND HAD REFUSED TO MAKE REASONABLE AGREEMENTS FOR THE FUTURE OF A DEMOCRATIC GERMAN STATE SO THE WESTERN POWERS WENT AHEAD WITH THEIR OWN PLANS. APR 29 19

AS A RESULT THEY HAVE SPELLED OUT IN DETAIL WHAT KIND OF GERMANY THEY WANT TO REBUILD. IN ANY FUTURE COUNCIL OF FOREIGN MINISTERS SESSION, THEREFORE, IT WILL BE FOR THE RUSSIANS TO DECIDE WHETHER THEY WILL UNIFY GERMANY ALONG THE LINES LAID DOWN BY THE WESTERN POWERS OR WHETHER THEY WOULD PREFER THAT GERMANY REMAIN SPLIT INDEFINITELY.

ACHESON EMPHASIZED THAT THE UNITED STATES IS PREPARED TO DEAL WITH EITHER ALTERNATIVE AND IF NO AGREEMENT CAN BE REACHED WITH THE RUSSIANS THIS COUNTRY "WILL CONTINUE TO LEND VIGOROUS SUPPORT TO THE DEVELOPMENT OF THE WESTERN GERMAN PROGRAM."

AT THE SAME TIME HE EXPRESSED THE INTENTION OF THE UNITED STATES

DO WHAT IT CAN TO REACH A SATISFACTORY SOLUTION. PRESUMABLY HE IS PREPARED TO MAKE RELATIVELY MINOR MODIFICATIONS IN THE WESTERN GERMAN PLANS IF THE RUSSIANS SEEM SINCERELY ANXIOUS TO ADAPT THOSE ARRANGEMENTS

TO THE WHOLE OF GERMANY.

THE NEW YORK TIMES SAID TODAY AN AUTHORITATIVE SOURCE HAS DISLOSED THAT THE UNITED STATES AND BRITAIN WILL PROPOSE MERGER OF THE SOVIET ZONE IN GERMANY WITH THE PROPOSED WEST GERMAN REPUBLIC. THE STORY,
DATELINED LAKE SUCCESS, N.Y., HEADQUARTERS OF THE UNITED NATIONS, SAID
THE PROPOSAL IS TO BE ADVANCED AT THE PROPOSED BIG 4 MEETING. IT SAID FRANCE HAS NOT AGREED TO IT.

(310)

(WX)-FARMVILLE, N.C., APRIL 29-(AP)-ASSISTANT SECRETARY OF STATE JOHN E.PEURIFOY SAID TODAY THE SOVIET BLOCKADE OF BERLIN MAY BE LIFTED BUT THERE IS NO DEFINITE PROOF THAT COMMUNISTS ARE GIVING UP THEIR STRUGGLE FOR WORLD CONTROL.

PEURIFOY THUS PUT ON THE RECORD FOR THE FIRST TIME WHAT MANY HIGH OFFICIALS IN WASHINGTON HAVE BEEN SAYING PRIVATELY: THAT THE SOVIET FEELERS FOR ENDING THE BERLIN CRISIS PROVIDE NO EVIDENCE OF ANY BASIC CHANGE IN BUSSIA'S ATTITUDE TOWARD THE COLD WAR.

PEURIFOY SPOKE TO A GATHERING AT THE DOUGHTERS OF AMERICAN REVOLU-

TION CHAPTER HOUSE HERE.
"THE SOVIET UNION," HE SAID, "WOULD LIKE TO SEE ITS SYSTEM SPREAD HROUGHOUT THE WORLD. COMMUNISTS ARE WORKING IN EVERY COUNTRY OF THE

WORLD TODAY."

HE DECLARED THAT AMERICAN POLICIES AIMED AT PREVENTING THE SPREAD OF COMMUNISM AND "CREATING AM ATMOSPHERE IN THE WORLD IN WHICH DEMO-CRACY CAN THRIVE" HAVE MADE GREAT PROGRESS IN THE PAST TWO YEARS. HE CITED AMERICAN ALD PROGRAMS AND PARTICULARLY THE MARSHALL PLAN FOR EUROPEAN RECOVERY AS OUTSTANDING IN ACHIEVING RESULTS.

"THE GAINS TO DATE HAVE BEEN IMPRESSIVE. IN MANY PARTS OF THE WORLD THE TIDE HAS BEEN SLOWLY TURNING TOWARD A FAVORABLE RECOGNITION OF OUR WAY OF LIFE. HOWEVER, THERE IS NOT YET DEFINITE PROOF THAT THE COMMUNISTS ARE GIVING UP.

"AT THIS TIME ENCOURAGING DEVELOPMENTS ARE TAKING PLACE. ESPECIAL-Y IN GERMANY. THE BERLIN BLOCKADE MAY BE LIFTED BUT I THINK MOST PEOPLE IN THE WORLD ARE GOING TO APPROACH THIS LATEST EFFORT WITH CAUTION AND WILL NOT BE DECEIVED IF THIS EFFORT IS NOT A REAL INTEREST IN FURTHERING WORLD PEACE."

HE ADDED THE POINT HE WANTED TO MAKE IS THAT "WE

CAN TO PROTECT THE GAINS ALREADY MADE."
"WE CAN DO THIS AND AT THE SAME TIME INSURE FURTHER PROGRESS HROUGH THE NORTH ATLANTIC PACT AND THE PROPOSED MILITARY ASSISTANCE PROGRAM." HE SAID.

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INDIA IS THE FIRST OF THE COMMONWEALTH NATIONS TO DECLARE HERSELF A FULLY INDEPENDENT REPUBLIC AND YET REMAIN A MEMBER FOR PURPOSES OF COMMERCE. COMMONWEALTH NATIONS ARE GIVEN PREFERENCE IN TARIFFS AND OTHER PHASES OF TRADING.

THERE HAS BEEN SOME SPECULATION THAT PAKISTAN AND CEYLON, THE

OTHER ASIATIC DOMINIONS, WOULD FOLLOW INDIA'S SUIT.

THE GENERAL BELIEF HERE, WAS THAT PAKISTAN'S PREMIER IN HIS STATEMENT TODAY WAS MERELY EXPOUNDING PAKISTAN'S PRESENT CONSTI-TUTIONAL POSITION AND FREEDOM OF ACTION RATHER THAN ADVOCATING ANY SPECIFIC COURSE OF ACTION.

add-Lun- (Pakistan) xxx altogether.

PHILLIP NOEL-BAKER, MINISTER OF STATE FOR COMMONWEALTH RELATIONS, WILL TAKE PART IN A LABOR PARADE IN INDUSTRIAL BIRMINGHAM AND THEN CROWN THE CITYS MAY DAY QUEEN. OTHER GOVERNMENT OFFICIALS WILL SPEAK

AT LABOR CELEBRATIONS.
THERE WILL BE NO PARADES IN LONDON. POLICE BANNED POLITICAL MARCHES BECAUSE OF DEMONSTRATIONS RECENTLY AGAINST SIR OSWALD MOSLEY'S "UNION MOVEMENT." MOSLEY WAS THE LEADER OF BRITAIN'S FASCIST PARTY
IN PREVAR DAYS. OCC.
LONDON COMMUNISTS WILL ATTEND A TRAFALGAR SQUARE MEETING ORGAN-

IZED BY THE LONDON TRADES COUNCIL. THEY WILL HOLD A MEETING OF THEIR

IN TEL AVIV, MAY DAY ISN'T AN OFFICIAL HOLIDAY, BUT THE HISTADRUTH (TRADES UNION) EXECUTIVE APPROVED A GENERAL WORK STOPPAGE. MENT OFFICIALS MAY BEMAIN AWAY FROM WORK IF THEY LIKE.

TASS REPORTED FROM MOSCOW THAT THE SOVIET PRESS IS GIVING MUCH

SPACE TO MAY DAY PLAMS IN RUSSIA. IN WARSAW, POLISH COMMUNISTS USED AN ESTIMATED 1,000,000 FEET OF CLOTH DECORATING THE CITY WITH RED FLAGS AND BUNTING. AN ESTIMATED 2,000,000 POLES ARE EXPECTED TO MARCH IN TOWNS AND CITIES UNDER SUCH BANNERS AS: "DOWN WITH THE ATLANTIC PACT, CONSPIRACY OF WAR MONGERS AGAINST WORLD PEACE AND FREEDOM OF NATIONS.

B31 (Q) (150)

LONDON, APRIL 29-(AP)-LEFTWING LABORITE KONNI ZELLIACUS SAID TODAY LABOR MEMBERS OF THE HOUSE OF COMMONS ARE PLANNING A "REMONSTRANCE" TO THE UNITED STATES FOR REFUSING HIM A VISA TO MAKE A LECTURE TOUR THERE.

"REFUSAL OF PERMISSION FOR ME TO ENTER THE UNITED STATES," ZIBLIACUS TOLD A REPORTER, "IS A PART OF THE GENERAL WITCH-HUNTING IN THE UNITED STATES. MOST OF MY COLLEAGUES FEEL THAT IT IS AN AFFRONT TO THE GOVERNING PARTY OF GREAT BRITAIN, WHICH IS AN ALLY OF AMERICA."

ZILLIACUS WAS ONE OF THE MOST PROMINENT SPEAKERS AT THE RECENT COMMUNIST-DOMINATED PARIS PEACE CONFERENCE. THE NATIONAL EXECUTIVE OF THE LABOR PARTY HAS DECIDED IT WILL NOT SUPPORT HIM FOR REELECTION TO PARLIAMENT IN 1950.

THE STATE DEPARTMENT'S REFUSAL OF A VISA, ANNOUNCED IN WASHINGTON APRIL 18, SAID ZILLIACUS WAS "IN THE CATEGORY OF PERSONS WHO ARE NOT ADMISSIBLE TO THE UNITED STATES" WITHOUT SPECIAL PERMISSION OF THE DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE.

ZILLIACUS SAID HE HAD BEEN INVITED TO GO TO AMERICA TO LECTURE

WITH "HENRY WALLACE AND OTHER LEADERS OF THE PROGRESSIVE PARTY."

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LONDON. APRIL 29-(AP)-AMERICAN AIRMEN IN BRITAIN ARE TO BE PAID TH SCRIPT INSTEAD OF DOLLARS STARTING TOMORROW, THE AIR FORCE ANNOUNCED

THERE HAVE BEEN REPEATED REPORTS OF BLACK MARKET DEALINGS IN AMERICAN CURRENCY AND THE BRITISH TREASURY HAS BEEN REPORTED CONCERNED. AN AIR FORCE SPOKESMAN SAID THE SWITCH WAS BEING MADE IN ORDER "TO COOPERATE AND ASSIST IN THE FINANCIAL STRUCTURE OF THE UNITED KINGDOM."

HE SAID SIMILAR SCRIPT. OFFICIALLY CALLED MILITARY PAYMENT CERTIFI-CATES, IS USED THROUGHOUT THE WORLD TO PAY AMERICAN MILITARY PERSON-NEL STATIONED OUTSIDE THE UNITED STATES.

THE SCRIPT IS IN THE SAME DENOMINATIONS AS AMERICAN MONEY. EXCEPT THAT THERE ARE NO PENNIES AND TEN DOLLARS IS THE HIGHEST SINGLE CERTIFICATE. IT CAN BE EXCHANGED IN BRITISH BANKS OR AT POST

THERE ARE ABOUT 7,000 MEMBERS OF THE AMERICAN ARMED FORCES IN BRITMOST OF THEM AIRMEN. OTHERS ARE PERSONNEL OF THE ARMY AND NAVY

LONDON, APRIL 29-(AP)-THE BRITISH ARMY IS HOLDING ITS BIGGEST AMELIVERS THIS SUMMER SINCE THE END OF THE WAR.

THEY COINCIDE WITH EXTENSIVE FLEET EXERCISES

THE NORTH ATLANTIC PACT POWERS.

WAR OFFICE SPOKESMAN SAID TODAY THE ARMY EXERCISES PROBABLY WOULD WOLVE BETWEEN 200,000 AND 300,000 MEN HERE AND IN GERMANY AND CONTINUE ON AND OFF IN BOTH COUNTRIES FOR SIX WEEKS TO TWO MONTHS.

THEY WERE ORDERED BY WAR MINISTER EMANUEL SHINVELL, TO HELP QUELL DISCULET ABOUT THE PREPAREDNESS OF THE ARMY, AND AS AN INCENTIVE

"THERE IS A POSSIBILITY THAT SOME NEW ARMY WEAPONS DEVELOPED BY THE MINISTRY OF SUPPLY MAY BE TRIED OUT DURING SOME PHASE OF THE MANEUVERS," A WAR OFFICE SPOKESMAN SAID.

MILITARY OBSERVERS FROM OTHER ATLANTIC PACT NATI

, ENGLAND, APRIL 29-(AP)-THE ROYAL NAVY'S "GUINEA PIG" CRUISER ARETHUSA MOORED IN A WELL-GUARDED TARGET AREA OFF PORTSMOUTH TODAY FOR A WEEK OF POUNDING BY ATOM RAYS.

THE TESTS ARE SCHEDULED TO BEGIN EARLY NEXT WEEK.

THE TARGET AREA IS FOUR MILES EAST OF THE ISLE OF WIGHT OFF FUGLAND'S SOUTH COAST.

PURPOSE OF THE TESTS, IN WHICH GAMMA RAY GENERATORS ON FLOATING PONTOONS WILL BOMARD THE VESSEL CEASELESSLY, IS TO DETERMINE HOW DEEPLY THE BAYS PENETRATE AND WHAT HAPPENS INSIDE THE CRUISER WHEN THEY DO.

CARRIES A 480-MAN COMPLEMENT. ACCORDING TO THE ADMIRALTY. LIVING THING WILL BE ABOARD THE SHIP WHILE THE RAY BOMBARDMENT GOES

NAVY PATROL BOATS WILL KEEP SHIPPING HALF A MILE AWAY. THE ADMIRALTY SAID LANDSMEN NEED FEAR NO EFFECTS OF THE RAYS.

OBTAINED AN INJUNCTION TO RESTRAIN THE WEMBLEY BOROUGH COUNCIL FROM BREAKING A CONTRACT FOR USE OF THE TOWN HALL SUNDAY NIGHT.

HARRY POLLITT, GENERAL SECRETARY OF THE COMMUNIST PART

TO SPEAK AT THE MEETING.
BECAUSE OF DISORDER DURING TWO OF POLITY'S MEETINGS LAST WEEK--AT PLYMOUTH AND DARTMOUTH -- THE BOROUGH COUNCIL HAD TRIED TO MAKE THE PARTY PUT UP A £500 (\$2,000) GUARANTEE AGAINST ANY DAMAGE TO THE HALL. THE INJUNCTION MAKES IT UNNECESSARY TO POST THE MONEY.

(advance for use at the part port, est, today, friday, april 29)

(advance) paris, april 29-(ap)-Lord Van Sittart said today europe

ment guard against overconfidence in the good faith of germany.

PREWAR

UNDERSECRATION foreign office, said in a lecture here that germany must show she

has acquired "the state of mind of western empe" before she

can be trusted fully.

"nobody with by sense will argue that there are no good germans,"

he said. "on the contrary, there are a great many. But nontheless,

in the past there were not enough of them when the need arose."

Vansittert en man gover

formed in the future should not be too centralized, and urged a

"patient vigilance" to guard against any resurgence of nationalism.

(end advance for use at land, est, today, friday, april 29).

GENEVA. SWITZERLAND. APRIL 29-(AP)-THE VATICAN ASKED TODAY THAT WARRING NATIONS PLEDGE RELIGIOUS SOLACE FOR CIVILIANS UNDER THEIR

THE VATICAM DELEGATE TO THE DIPLOMATIC CONFERENCE HERE ON WAR CONVENTIONS, MSGR. PAUL BARTOLI, OFFERED AN AMENDMENT TO AN ARTICLE WHICH WOULD OBLIGE BELLIGERENTS TO PROVIDE ADEQUATE MEDICAL CARE AND HOSPITAL TREATMENT FOR CIVILIANS.

BJ1143AED

APP 90 19/0

MONTREUX, SWITZERLAND, APRIL 29-(AP)-GENERAL W.WOYEWUDSKY REPRESENT-ING THE SOVIET RAILWAY ADMINISTRATION IN BLOCKADED BERLIN, TOLD THE INTERNATIONAL RAILWAY FREIGHT CONFERENCE TODAY THAT GERMANY IS THE MATURAL RAIL TRAFFIC CENTER IN EUROPE AND SHOULD BE RESTORED TO THAT

WITHOUT MENTIONING THE BLOCKADE OF BERLIN DIRECTLY, WOYEWUDSKY SAID THAT THE SOVIET AUTHORITIES WOULD DO ALL IN THEIR POWER TO OVERCOME THE PRESENT SITUATION AND IMPROVE THE TRANSPORT OF FREIGHT.

THE SOVIET REPRESENTATIVE EXPRESSED THE BELIEF THAT WITH THE COOPERATION OF ALL THOSE REPRESENTED AT THE CONFERENCE THE PROBLEM COULD BE SOLVED. REPRESENTATIVES OF THE OCCUPATION POWERS IN GERMANY ARE ATTEMDING THE MEETING ALONG WITH RAILROAD OFFICIALS FROM OTHER EUROPEAN COUNTRIES.

BERLIN SECOND ADD STREET FIGHTING (AST) XXX OF BERLIN. EAST BERLIN'S MAYOR, FRIEDRICH EBERT, ANNOUNCED THAT HIS SOVIETSPONSORED GOVERNMENT HAD CONFISCATED 748 ENTERPRISES BELONGING TO "WAR CRIMINALS, ACTIVE NAZIS AND TRUSTS."

HE TOILD THE "DEMOCRATIC BLOC" -- COMMUNIST VERSION OF A CITY COUN-CIL -- THAT "PEOPLES" OWNERSHIP" NOW PREVAILS FOR 95 BANKS, 188 INSUR-

ANCE AND REAL ESTATE COMPANIES, AND 465 OTHER CONCERNS.
EBERT ALSO DISCLOSED HIS GOVERNMENT IS DRAFTING A TEN-YEAR PLAN FOR "THE RECONSTRUCTION OF THE CAPITAL OF GERMANY" AND WOULD INVITE ALL GERMANS TO SUBSCRIBE TO A 100-MILLION MARK LOAN (\$30,000,000) TO SPEED

(EBERT WAS REFERRING HERE TO BERLIN AS THE HISTORIC CAPITAL OF SERMANY. THERE HAS BEEN NO DECISION AS YET AS TO WHERE THE CAPITAL OF A GERMAN NEW STATE WILL BE.) ME1111AED

BERLIN, APRIL 29-(AP)-A STRONG GERMAN VOICE DEMANDED TODAY THAT ANY FOUR-POWER AGREEMENT ON THE UNIFICATION AND CONTROL OF GERMANY INCLUDE GUARANTEES OF POLITICAL FREEDOM TO THE PEOPLE OF THE SOVIET

THE DEMAND WAS PHRASED IN A STATEMENT ISSUED BY DR. KURT SCHUMACHER. CHAIRMAN OF THE STRONG AND WELL-ORGANIZED SOCIAL DEMOCRATIC PARTY OF WESTERN GERMANY.

SCHUMACHER CALLED ALSO FOR PROTECTION FOR NON-COMMUNISTS FROM SOVIET-TRAINED POLICE, AND THE RELEASE OF POLITICAL PRISONERS PICKED

UP BY THE COMMUNISTS. THE COMMUNIST PARTY NOW CONTROLS THE SOVIET ZONE, WITHOUT BENEFIT OF ELECTIONS.

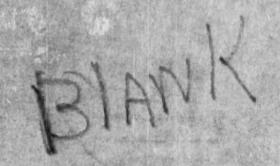
JR744AED

A59 BERLIN, SATURDAY, APRIL 30-(AP)-A BRITISH MILITARY GOVERNMENT FICIAL DISCLOSED EARLY TODAY THAT THREE BRITISH MILITARY POLICEMEN WERE SEIZED AND TAKEN INTO THE RUSSIAN ZONE FROM BERLIN YESTERDAY. THE POLICEMEN, RIDING IN A JEEP, WERE ATTEMPTING TO SAVE, THE

OFFICIAL SAID, SOME BRITISH HORSES FROM A GERMAN FARM WHERE LIVESTOC WAS BEING CONFISCATED BY SOVIET ZONE POLICE:

MEGOTIATIONS FOR RETURN OF THE POLICEMEN WERE STARTED IMMEDIATI EARLIER GERMAN POLICE HAD REPORTED THAT FIFTY ARMED COMMUNISTS HAD RAIDED A CITY-OWNED FARM IN THE BRITISH SECTOR AND MADE OFF WITH

34 COWS AND 36 HORSES. THE MARAUDERS WERE DRESSED IN THE UNIFORM OF THE SOVIET SECTOR PEOPLES POLICE. THE FARM IS NEAR THE RUSSIAN SECTOR BORDER.
POLICE SAID THE BAND OF MEN ARRIVED ABOUT 5 P.M. IN SIX TRUCKS AND FOUR AUTOMOBILES. THEY SNIPPED TELEPHONE WIRES AND COWED WORKMEN AROUND THE FARM WHILE THEY LOADED THE CATTLE AND HORSES ANTO THE TRUCKS, THEN DROVE AWAY RAPIDLY INTO THE BUSSIAN SECTOR.



Bremerhaven, Germany, April 29--(AP)-The U.S. Army transport Gen. Bundy

sailed today with 84 displaced persons aboard-609 of them bound for Missis-

sippi.

PAPAGOS ISSUED AN ORDER THA ANY COMMANDER WITHDRAWING FROM AN ATTAC WITHOUT AUTHORIZATION SHOULD BE SHOT. THE AMERICAN SPOKESMAN ADDED THAT THUS FAR IT HAS "NOT BEEN NECESSARY TO SHOOT ANY CAMMANDERS. BJ228PED add - CHams - (wite) XXX +00 Fot Al

They were selected from refugee camps by A. T. Callicott, Mississippian

and former army officer.

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Last November Callicott settled 90 displaced persons on his own ex A172 sive property in lississippi. When he returned for 42 more, other farm FORCED HIM TO LAND HIS PASSENGER PLANE HERE. owners in the state told him they have homes and jobs for d.p.'s.

rleans.

THE SPOKESMAN, SPEAKING FOR VAN FLEET, TOLD NEWSMEN GUERRILLA STRENGTH A YEAR AGO WAS 25,000 AND THAT SINCE JANUARY THE GUERRILLAS HAVE BEEN REINFORCED BY 1,100 RECRUITS MONTHLY. HOVEVER, A YEAR AGO RECRUITS WERE BEING ADDED -- THE SPOKESMAN SAID "FORCIBLY" ADDED --

THE SPOKESMAN SAID THAT IN THE RECENT GRAMMOS FIGHTING THE GUERRILLAS HAD USED A 4,000-MAN FORCE AND LOST, IN THREE WEEKS OF DATTLE, 505 KILLED, 105 CAPTURED, 65 SURRENDERED AND POSSIBLY 1,500 WOUNDED. THERE WERE NO OFFICIAL FIGURES AVAILABLE ON GOVERNMENT LOSSES IN THE GRAMMOS CAMPAIGN.

MORE THAN 50 PER CENT OF GREEK DIVISIONS HAVE BEEN WHOLLY OR PARTLY TRAINED IN AMERICAN TACTICS BY 10 U.S. TEAMS WHICH BEGAN THEIR WORK LAST AUGUST. THE SPOKESMAN SAID.

LAST JANUARY, WHEN ALEXANDER PAPAGOS BECAME THE GENERALISSIMO OF GOVERNMENT FORCES, HE WAS SAID TO HAVE CLEANED OUT INEFFICIENT COMMANDERS, APPOINTED THE FORMER CHIEF OF STAFF, LT.GEN.CONSTANTINE VENTIRIS. AS HIS INSPECTOR GENERAL. AND ORDERED AGGRESSIVE TACTICS.

A GUN TO THE HEAD OF A ROMANIAN-SOVIET AIRLINES PILOT TODAY ANDO GREEK OFFICIALS IDENTIFIED THE STUDENT AS TOYAN KORY, AN ANTI-COMMUNIST WHO DECLARED HIMSELF A POLITICAL REFUGEE. HE SAID HE HAD BEEN STUDYING AT THE POLYTECHNIC INSTITUTE AT BUCHAREST. THE OTHER PASSENGERS ALL SAID THEY WANTED TO RETURN TO ROMANIA. AT MIKRA AIRFIELD ALL 12 CIVILIAN PASSENGERS, ONE ROMANIAN GENDARME AND THE CREW OF FOUR WERE BEING HELD PENDING INSTRUCTIONS FROM ATHENS.

THE STREAM, INING OF THE CABINET ALONG THESE LINES COULD INCLUDE OTHER KEY TECHNICAL OR ADMINISTRATIVE POSTS. THE FINANCE AND

AT THE RATE OF 2,000 A MONTH.

THE SPOKESMAN GAVE THESE CASUALTY 1948 FIGURES:

GUEDPILLAS: GEAD, 15,700: CAPTURED, 3,900; SUBRENDERED, 8,258

(NO FIGURES ON WOUNDED AVAILABLE). MATIONAL FORCES, DEAD, 3,843:

UDUNDED, 14,705; MISSING, OVER 2,000. HE SAID THAT MOST OF THE MISSIN TO CONCENTRATE ON A POLITICAL PROGRAM OF BROADER RESPONSIBILITY BOTH

LATER REJOURDED THEIR UNITS. RELIEVED OF THE TECHNICAL DETAILS OF THE MINISTRIES. THEY WOULD BE ABLE

MRS.PAUKER, WHO IS AS CLOSE AS ANYBODY OUTSIDE RUSSIA TO THE KREMLIN, AND LUCA WERE NAMED VICE PREMIERS ONLY A WEEK AGO, WHEN GHEORGHIU-DEJ WAS RELIEVED OF THE PLANNING POST.

IT GOES WITHOUT SAYING THAT THE PARTY, AND NOT THE CABINET, IS PRINCIPALLY RESPONSIBLE FOR SHAPING THE POLICY OF THE COUNTRY.

BULGARIA RECENTLY SET UP A SUPER-CABINET TO EXERCISE BROAD POLICY-MAKING POWERS, AND PREMIER GEORGI DIMITROV, VETERAN COMMUNIST, IS AT ITS HEAD. HE LAST WAS REPORTED IN RUSSIA, UNDER TREATMENT FOR AN ILLNESS, AND THERE WERE RUMORS WHEN HE LEFT THAT HE HAD

BEEN PURGED. HIS PLACE AT THE HEAD OF THE NEW BODY SEEMED TO DISPEL SUCH RUMORS.

SIMILARLY, IN POLAND THERE HAVE BEEN RECENT SHIFTS AT THE TOP

INDICATING A SIMILAR TREND.

MISSTAED

bucharest, romania, april 29-(ap)-the supreme military court will

hear an appeal against life sentences passed in 1947 against romanian

peasant leaders juliu maniu and ion mihalache, it was keerned today.

there has been no official announcement, but the defense counsel

for the pair said a hearing has been set for may 5.

maniu, former incommentative premier and head of the national peasant

party, and mihalache, peasant party vice president, were sentenced to

life on charges of conspiring to overthrow the communist-backed government

seventeen other defendants received sentences ranging from five years

to life.

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underx romanian law the defendants are not present in court during

an appeal.

kirschens 01520 apr th 1116e

VIENNA, APRIL 29-(AP)-RUSSIA WILL RESUME APR 29 1949
REPATRIATION OF AUSTRIAN PRISONERS OF WAR NEXT MONTH, THE AUSTRIAN
COMMUNIST PARTY ANNOUNCED TODAY.

AUSTRIAN PRISONERS OF WAR IN THE SOVIET UNION

BJ855PED

30.24- 2823

A117 (210)

WARSAW, APRIL 29-(AP)-POLAND'S ROMAN CATHOLIC CLERGY WAS WARNED ANEW TODAY TO STOP "HOSTILE" ACTIVITIES AGAINST THE RED GOVERNMENT OF

JERZY ALBRECHT, A MEMBER OF THE CENTRAL COMMITTEE OF THE COMMUNIST PARTY AND OF THE CULTURAL AFFAIRS COMMISSION, DECLARED THE

GOVERNMENT HAS ENOUGH STRENGTH TO "PARALYZE ALL RIOTOUS REACTION.".

"THE GOVERNMENT ACKNOWLEDGES AND PROTECTS FREEDOM OF CREED AND RELIGIOUS PRACTICE. BUT IT WILL NOT ALLOW FURTHER ABUSE OF FAITH AND THE PULPIT FOR ANTI-STATE ACTS OF THE CLERGY. THE GOVERNMENT WANTS RELATIONS WITH THE CHURCH TO BE SETTLED IN A SPIRIT OF LOYALTY," HE SAID.

ALBRECHT'S STATEMENT WAS PUBLISHED IN THE COMMUNIST NEWSPAPER
TRYBUNA LUDU AND BROADCAST OVER THE RADIO. IT SAID A RECENT PASTORAL
LETTER WHICH CRITICIZED THE GOVERNMENT SHOWED THAT THE CATHOLIC.
EPISCOPATE, "DESPITE THE WILL OF THE BROAD PEOPLES" MASSES, DOES
NOT WANT AN UNDERSTANDING WITH THE STATE."

ALBRECHT ADDED THAT THE CATHOLIC HIERARCHY HAD OPENLY ENTERED THE ROAD OF BATTLE AGAINST THE PEOPLES' STATE BY "MEANS OF DEMAGOGY AND MISREPRESENTATION OF FACTS."

THE CATHOLIC HIERARCHY ISSUED A STRONGLY WORDED PASTORAL LETTER SUNDAY TERMING "RIDICULOUS" CHARGES THAT PRIESTS WERE ENEMIES OF THE STATE AND ENGAGED IN ANTI-STATE ACTIVITIES.

THE DOCUMENT DEPLORED THAT "SO MANY MEMBERS OF THE CLERGY HAVE LOS: THEIR LIBERTY" AND SAID "WE BISHOPS HAVE BEEN UNABLE TO FIND OUT WHAT THEY ARE ACCUSED OF, OR TO SEE THEM, BUT WE HAVE EVERY CONFIDENCE IN THEIR RIGHTEOUSNESS."

BJ1114PED

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105

BOND PRICE Y

WITH NEW YORK BLOCKADE

MOSCOV, APRIL 29-(AP)-THE RUSSIANS CONTINUED TODAY TO USE EXTREME CAUTION REGARDING THE POSSIBLE LIFTING OF THE BERLIN BLOCKADE AND A PROPOSED MEETING OF THE COUNCIL OF FOREIGN MINISTERS.

FOR THE SECOND DAY THERE HAS BEEN NO REFERENCE TO THESE QUESTIONS IN ANY OF THE MOSCOW PAPERS. NOR IS THE LOCAL PRESS REPRINTING ANY COMMENT FROM ABROAD ON BERLIN OR THE CAUTIOUS MOVES BY THE GOVERNMENTS CONCERNED.

PRESIDENT TRUMAN'S STATEMENT HE BELIEVES THE PUSSIANS ARE ACTING IN GOOD FAITH ON BERLIN WAS UNQUESTIONABLY WELL RECEIVED HERE. AS ONE DIPLOMAT SAID:

"IT WAS PROBABLY JUST THE KIND OF STATEMENT THAT WAS NEEDED. I AM SURE IT WILL BE APPRECIATED AND SHOULD GENERALLY CONTRIBUTE TO THE GOOD INTENTIONS WHICH SEEM TO BE APPARENT THIS TIME ON ALL SIDES."

THE BERLIN ISSUE IS NOW OF THE GREATEST INTEREST HERE, NOT ONLY TO THE RUSSIANS AND THE THREE WESTERN POWERS IMMEDIATELY CONCERNED BUT TO THE OTHER POWERS AS WELL. THE HOPE, AND TO SOME EXTENT THE BELIEF, THAT SETTLING OF THE BERLIN SITUATION MAY LEAD TO AN IMPROVEMENT IN RELATIONS BETWEEN THE U.S.S.R. AND THE WESTERN POWERS ARE DEFINITELY EVIDENT HERE.

ONE NEUTRAL AMBASSADOR WHO HAS BEEN IN MOSCOW FOR SOME TIME

BELIEVE IN STATESMANSHIP. BE ACHIEVED THROUGH STATESMANSHIP. IN THE PRESENT SITUATION ANYTHING IS POSSIBLE. IG TO SOUND OPTIMISTIC, THIS MIGHT BE THE TURNING POINT WORLD IS WALTING FOR."

(THE ABOVE DISPATCH WAS PASSED THROUGH

M01028PED

BEIT LAHM, PALESTINE, APRIL 29-(AP)-EGYPTIAN FORCES HANDED OVER THE MILITARY ADMINISTRATION IN AREAS AROUND BETHLEHEM AND HEBRON TODAY TO TRANS-JORDAN OFFICIALS.

THE EGYPTIAMS WILL WITHDRAW TOMORROW MORNING TO EGYPT THROUGH WEWISH LINES AS AGREED UPON IN THE EGYPT-ISRAEL ARMISTICE SIGNED IN

AND BEIT JALA IN ADDITION TO HEBROM, WHICH LIES SOUT RECEPTION AND A BANQUET IN HONOR OF THE EGYPTIANS FOLLOWED THE TRANSFER. LS419PFD

5101

MISHMAR HAY YARDEN, PALESTINE, APRIL 29- (AP)-ARMISTICE TALKS BETWEEN SYRIA AND ISRAEL WERE RESUMED HERE TODAY, BUT AN OFFICIAL SAID NO PROGRESS WAS MADE IN THE ONE-HOUR MEETING. THE HITCH CONCERNED FIXED FRONTIER LINES, ISRAELI DELEGATION MEMBERS REPORTED 29-1949

RQ154PED

Istanbul, Turkey, A ril 29-(ap)-Athenagoras I, patriarch of the greek

inte nationalization under a orthodox church, said today and the said today and

trusteeship is the only manufact adequate solution for the problem

of jerusalem, hazar six in a statement issued by the

patriarchate here, he urged an international statute covering the

entire holy city.

B59 (Q)

CALCUTTA, APRIL 29-(AP)-J.P. NARAIN, INDIA'S SOCIALIST LEADER, DEPLORED TODAY HIS COUNTRY'S NEW RELATIONSHIP IN THE BRITISH COMMON-WEALTH AND DECLARED HIS PARTY WOULD TAKE THE FIRST OPPORTUNITY TO UNDO "THIS GREAT NATIONAL BLUNDER."

HE SAID THE AGREEMENT, REACHED IN LONDON THIS WEEK, WAS A TRIUMPH FOR BRITISH DIPLOMACY. NOT FOR PRIME MINISTER PANDIT JAWAHARLAL NEHRU, LEADER OF THE ALL-INDIA CONGRESS PARTY. THE NEW AGREEMENT PROVIDES THAT INDIA WILL REMAIN WITHIN THE BRITISH COMMON-WEALTH OF NATIONS EVEN AFTER BECOMING A REPUBLIC.

FH1058AED

BOING (Q) SHANGHAI, SATURDAY, APRIL 30-(AP)-LLOYDS OF LONDON HAS DOUBLED ITS MARINE WAR RISK INSURANCE RATES FOR CHINA, THE SHANGHAI UNDERWRITERS ANNOUNCED TODAY.

OTHER COMPANIES INSURING SHIPPING IN CHINA WATERS ARE EXPECTED TO FOLLOW. THE NEW RATE OF 75 CENTS PER \$100 APPLIES TO SHIPMENTS

TO AND FROM CHINA EXCLUDING HONG KONG.

FJ816PCS

Night Lead China

By Arthur Gayshon

London. April 29 -- (AP) -- Diplomatic observers speculated today that Britain may recognize Mao Tse-Tung's communist government on the ground it is the only effective authority in most of China.

A foreign office spokesman said Britain is trying to establish friendly relations with the Chinese communist regime.

Asked whether the establishment of "friendly relations" would diplomats entitle the communists to send distance in the communists of the communist of the communists of the co spokesman said: "that question has not arisen."

He said contact with the communists would not affect
Britain's present relations with the nationalist government, adding:

"Where is the nationalist government? Some of its members are in Shanghai, some in Nanking. We have diplomatic officials in both cities."

The spokesman said British Ambassador Sir Ralph Stevenson so far has been unable to establish contact whitemen with any communist leader for negotiations in Nanking.

Similar matter British efforts failed after the recent shelling of four British warships on the Yangtze river by Chinese communist artillerymen. Prime Minister Attlee told the house of commons every possible step would be taken to protect british subjects in China.

A reporter asked the spokesman whether the government believed "the chinese nationalist hm government has, for all practical purposes, ceased to exist."

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"If would make no pronouncement on that question," he resided.

The british hold there are precedents for having working and business relations with both factions in a civil war. Britain recognized the causes confederacy as a belligerent power in the united states civil war, while maintaining normal relations with the federal government.

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rew-third 1400 jrt 1055aes

SAN FRANCISCO, APRIL 29-(AP)-A DRAMATIC "SECRET AGENT" STORY OF THE YANGTZE RIVER CROSSING WAS BROADCAST TODAY BY THE CHINESE COMMUNIST RADIO.

THE BROADCAST, HEARD IN SAN FRANCISCO BY THE ASSOCIATED PRESS, SAID THAT AT DAWN ON THE DAY BEFORE THE RED ARMIES CROSSED THE RIVER

THE BROADCAST, HEARD IN SAM FRANCISCU BY THE ASSUCTATED PROSS, SAME THAT AT DAWN ON THE DAY BEFORE THE RED ARMIES CROSSED THE RIVER APRIL 21. A SENTRY ON THE CENTRAL NORTH BANK SPIED A LONG, BLACK OBJECT HALF-SUBMERGED AT THE RIVER'S EDGE.

"IT TURNED OUT TO BE A BUNDLE OF WATER-LOGGED RUSHES ON WHICH LAY A MEADLY NAKED MAN, TOO PARALYZED BY COLD EVEN TO STAND UP IN THE SHALLOW WATER," SAID THE BROADCAST.

DEVIVED BY THE SENTRY, "HE PUT HIS HAND TO HIS MOUTH AND TOOK OUT A TINY BOTTLE, CAREFULLY SEALED WITH WAX BUT NO THICKER THAN HIS LITTLE FINGER.

"INSIDE WAS A TIGHT ROLL OF THIN PAPER COVERED WITH WRITING AND DRAWING WHICH COULD ONLY BE DECIPHERED WITH A LENS. THE DRAWINGS WERE CAREFULLY DRAWN MAPS OF THE SOUTH BANK OF THE RIVER, SHUOING KUOMINTANG (NATIONALIST) FORTIFICATIONS."

ALSO INCLUDED WERE DETAILED PLANS OF SOUTH-BANK GUERRILLA OPERATIONS
THE BROADCAST SAID THE AGENT'S INFORMATION "CONSIDERABLY HELPED
THE CROSSING."

F.1936PCS

B105KX (FENCE) (Q) (270)

BY JAMES D. WHITE

SAN FRANCISCO, APRIL 29-(AP)-SHANGHAI'S DEFENDERS MAY HAVE CREATED

A NEW MILITARY SIMILE --- AS WEAK AS A WOODEN FENCE.

THAT 35-MILE WOODEN FENCE RECENTLY BUILT AROUND SHANGHAI AT GREAT LABOR, COULD BE CLIMBED OVER BY ALMOST ANYBODY, AND IT IS A WONDER THAT FUEL-HUNGRY COOLIES HAVEN'T ALREADY DEMOLISHED IT FOR FIREWOOD. THE MUD PILLBOXES THAT STUD IT COULD BE SPATTERED TO BITS BY ANY ARTILLERY SHELL.

YET THERE ARE REASONS FOR THAT TYPE OF "DEFENSE."

FIRST, BUT NOT MOST IMPORTANT, IS THE CHINESE FAITH IN WALLS. YOU ALWAYS BUILD A WALL AROUND YOUR HOUSE IN CHINA. IT WILL NOT KEEP OUT ANYONE WHO REALLY WANTS TO GET IN, BUT IT MAY SLOW DOWN A LOT OF LESS RESOLUTE CHARACTERS.

THE FAMOUS GREAT WALL OF CHINA WAS LIKE THAT. IT KEPT OUT A LOT OF BARBARIANS IN THE NORTH WHO DIDN'T REALLY HAVE THEIR HEARTS IN AN

INVASION, BUT NEVER THOSE WHO MEANT BUSINESS.

EVERYBODY KNOWS SHANGHAI'S FENCE COULDN'T STOP THE COMMUNISTS---BUT IT COULD OFFER THEM A STOPPING-PLACE IF THEY WERE LOOKING FOR ONE, A CONVENIENT BOUNDARY FOR A WHILE.

SUCH A BOUNDARY ALSO IS USEFUL FOR CHECKING THE MOVEMENT OF

CIVILIANS, BOTH IN AND OUT.

THE MAIN REASON FOR THE FENCE PROBABLY WAS TO KEEP THE NATIONALIST GARRISON TROOPS BUSY. AT TIMES LIKE THIS, IDLE TROOPS IN CHINA GET INTERESTED IN OTHER PEOPLE'S PROPERTY, PARTICULARLY WHEN THEIR PAY IS INFREQUENT AND WORTH ALMOST NOTHING.

A SOLDIER WHO DRIVES STAKES OR SHOVELS MUD ALL DAY MAY HAVE LESS

AMBITION TO GO PROWLING BY NIGHTFALL.

THERE IS ALSO THE POSSIBILITY THAT BUILDING A FENCE WAS A PRETTY GOOD BUSINESS DEAL FOR SOMEONE. IT CERTAINLY TOOK A LOT OF SCARCE LUMBER.

FJ100PCS

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B12WX Q

(250) WASHINGTON, APRIL 29-(AP)-THE ECONOMIC COOPERATION ADMINISTRATION TODAY RELEASED NAMES AND HOME ADDRESSES OF 18 PERSONS REMAINING IN COMMUNIST-MENACED SHANGHAI TO DISTRIBUTE ABOUT \$12,000,000 (M) WORTH OF AMERICAN AID.

THE RECOVERY AGENCY SAID THAT ROGER D. LAPHAM AND 48 OTHER ECA EMPLOYES AND DEPENDENTS HAVE BEEN EVACUATED FOR CANTON BY SHIP AND PLANE. ANOTHER 24 PREVIOUSLY LEFT SHANGHAI FOR REASSIGNMENT TO OTHER ECA MISSIONS AND FOR THE UNITED STATES.

THE 18 ECA EMPLOYES LISTED AS STILL IN SHANGHAI ARE: APR 29 1949 GEORGE W.ST.LOUIS (13240 PREST) DETROIT, MICH.; MALDWYN BEBB, (695 FAIRMOUNT AVE.) OAKLAND, CALIF.; MRS.DORIS GARRETT BEBB, (124 WEST 8TH STREET) FRANKLIN, OHIO; ESTHER M. JOHNSTONE, (1610 DERUSSY PLACE) RICHLAND, WASH.; HARRY WITT, (2600 ROSEDALE STREET) HOUSTON, TEX.; EDWARD V.COOPER, (180 WEST MALLORY ST.) MEMPHIS, TENN.; FRANK J.MILNAMOW, (431 WEST NEDRO AVENUE) PHILADELPHIA, PA.; WILLIAM M.AWAD, (542 54TH

STREET) BROOKLYN, N.Y.; VIRGINIA ADDISON SODANO. (1445 DETROIT STREET)

DENVER, COLO.; EDMUND J.BELL, (2128 LOCUST AVENUE) LONG BEACH, CALIF.; JOHN H. CROSS, (199 LEWIS STREET) LYNN, MASS.; ALBERT S. FRALEIGH, (5241 COLLEGE VIEW AVENUE, EAGLE ROCK), LOS ANGELÉS, CALIF.; WILLIAM H.STUBBS, (3822 DAVIS PLACE, N.W.) WASHINGTON, D.C.; HOWARD I.SMITH AND MRS. IVAMAE SMITH, (4604 FAIRFIELD DRIVE) BETHESDA, MD.; MARJORIE STANNARD, (819 HIGH AVENUE) REDLANDS, CALIF.; GEORGE C.BIDDLE, (NEW AMSTERDAM HOTEL) CLEVELAND, OHIO; AND ALBERT KOENIG (346 NEW YORK AVENUE) BROOKLYN, N.Y. ECA SAID THE NAME OF ONE OTHER EMPLOYE REMAINING IN SHANGHAI WAS . GARBLED IN CABLE TRANSMISSION AND WILL BE ANNOUNCED LATER.

LTFR506PED

B50 Q

RANGOON, BURMA, APRIL 29-(AP)-BURMESE PRIME MINISTER THAKIN NU INTERRUPTED HIS NORTH BURMA TOUR TODAY AND CAME TO RANGOON FOR "IMPORTANT TALKS." THE GOVERNMENT GAVE NO HINT OF THE NATURE OF THE TALKS.

THE PRIME MINISTER LEFT RANGOON FOUR DAYS AGO TO INSPECT GOVERNMENT DEFENSE MEASURES AGAINST REBELS IN THE NORTHERN AREAS OF SCHWEBO,

MONYWA AND MYITKYINA.

MEANWHILE, SHAN CHIEFTAINS MET AT THE SOUTHERN SHAN STATE CAPITAL OF TAUNGGYI TO PLAN DEFENSES IN THE PROVINCE OF KENGTUNG, WHERE CHINESE ARMY DESERTERS ARE SAID TO BE "RAOMING AT WILL." FD9

PR 20 1949 WHERE CHINESE ARMY DESERTERS ARE SAID TO BE "ROAMING AT WILL." FD938AED

TOKYO, APRIL 29-(AP)-JOHN HERSEY'S BOOK, "HIROSHIMA," HAS APPEARED

IN TOKYO BOOKSTALLS AFTER PROLONGED DELAY.

A NUMBER OF OTHER WORKS DEALING WITH THE ATOMIC BOMB ALREADY WERE AVAILABLE TO JAPANESE READERS. AMONG THESE IS "ATOMIC PROGRESS", BY ASSOCIATED PRESS SCIENCE EDITOR HOWARD W. BLAKESLEE. HIS "ATOMIC REPORT" WAS ONE OF THE FIRST ATOMIC STUDIES PUBLISHED IN JAPANESE.

ASSOCIATED PRESS SCIENCE EDITOR HOWARD W. BLAKESLEE. HIS "ATOMIC REPORT" WAS ONE OF THE FIRST ATOMIC STUDIES PUBLISHED IN JAPANESE. OTHERS AUTHORIZED FOR JAPANESE EDITIONS ARE HENRY D. SMYTH'S "ATOMIC ENERGY FOR MILITARY PURPOSES." AND A BOOK BY ANSLEY J. COALE, "THE

PROBLEM OF REDUCING VULNERABILITY TO ATOMIC BOMBS."

JAPANESE ALSO ARE INTERESTED IN A BOOK BY DR. TAKASHI NAGAI, WHO PHYSICIANS SAY IS DYING FROM BOMB RADIATION SUFFERED AT NAGASAKI. NAGAI STUDIED RAYS FOR YEARS AND HIS BOOK, "LEAVING MY CHILDREN BEHIND," INCLUDES A COLLECTION OF ESSAYS ON THE ATOM BOMB.

THE MAGAI BOOK ALSO CONTAINS STORIES OF JAPANESE ATROCITIES IN THE PHILLIPPINES, ADDED AT THE END. RUMORS THAT THE PUBLICATION WAS DELAYED UNTIL THE JAPANESE CONSENTED TO MAKE SUCH A COMBINATION CANNOT BE VERIFIED HERE. DON BROWN OF THE OCCUPATION CIVIL INFORMATION AND EDUCATION SECTION SAYS "THE JAPANESE ARE AT LIBERTY TO PRINT ANYTHING AS LONG AS THERE IS NO COPYRIGHT VIOLATION.

SEOUL, APRIL 29-(AP)-PRESIDENT SYNGMAN RHEE TODAY SAID HE WOULD WITE "SEVERAL HUNDRED" AMERICAN OFFICERS AND SOLDIERS TO REMAIN AS A TRAINING FORCE AFTER AMERICAN TROOPS WITHDRAW FROM SOUTH KOREA. A MUTUALLY ACCEPTABLE DATE FOR WITHDRAWAL IS UNDER DISCUSSION. SOVIET ARMY FORCES WITHDREW FROM NORTH KOREA SOME TIME AGO. RHEE RESTATED HIS DESIRE TO DOUBLE THE SOUTH KOREAN REPUBLIC'S STANDING APMY OF 50,000 MEN AND ESTABLISH A RESERVE OF 200,000. FJ940PGS

SEQUE, SATURDAY, APRIL 30-(AP)-POLICE REPORTED TODAY THEY HAD ARRESTED APPROXIMATELY 100 KOREANS AS A PRECAUTION AGAINST MAY DAY A149FX VIOLENCE TOMORROW. THEY SAID COMMUNISTS HAD ORDERED STRIKES IN TRANS-PORTATION, POWER AND COMMUNICATIONS INDUSTRIES BUT EXPRESSED CONFIDENCE THE STRIKES WOULD NOT COME OFF.

B91KX (Q)

(100) MANILA. SATURDAY. APRIL 30-(AP)-PAN AMERICAN WORLD AIRWAYS TODAY REPORTED A TEMPORARY DELAY IN FLIGHTS TO BANGKOK BECAUSE OF "CIVIL DIFFICULTIES" IN THAT CAPITAL OF SIAM.

THE NATURE OF THE TROUBLE WAS NOT GIVEN IN A MESSAGE FROM THE BANGKOK OFFICE. THE MESSAGE SAID FLIGHTS SHOULD BE SUSPENDED BECAUSE PAN AMERICAN PERSONNEL WERE UNABLE TO TRAVEL FROM BANGKOK TO THE AIR-

PORT OUTSIDE THE CITY.

THE OPERATIONS OFFICER IN MANILA LATER RECEIVED A SECOND MESSAGE SAYING THE FLIGHTS SHOULD PROCEED. IT WARNED, HOWEVER, THAT PLANES SHOULD LAND AT ALTERNATE AIR FIELDS IF NO WORD CAME THROUGH FROM BANGKOK IN MID-FLIGHT AS TO LANDING CONDITIONS. A PLANE THEN TOOK OF FROM HONG KONG AND WAS PRESUMED HERE TO HAVE LANDED SAFELY. FJ912PCS

APRIL 29-(AP)-JUSTICE TOWIGHT IN THE HOUSE OF COMMONS THE GOVERNMENT IS WITHDRAWING ESPIONAGE CHARGES AGAINST FREDA LINTON, OF MONTREAL, WHO SUPPENDERED APP 90 TO THE ROYAL CANADIAN MOUNTED POLICE THREE WEEKS AGO. GARSON SAID THE GOVERNMENT'S LAWYERS HAVE ADVISED THAT EVIDENCE

THE 33-YEAR-OLD WOMAN, WHO WILL BECOME A MOTHER IN JUNE, WAS THE LAS: REPORTS AFTER FOLEY TOLD HER HOT TO, A WOMAN LAWYER TESTIFIED LATE OF 20 PERSONS SOUGHT IN CONNECTION WITH CANADA'S SOVIET SPY RING. HER SURRENDER CAME 38 MONTHS AFTER THE EXISTENCE OF THE RING WAS

NEITHER MISS LINTON, WHO REFUSED TO REVEAL HER MARRIED NAME, HER COUNSEL WOULD SAY WHERE SHE HAD SPENT THE INTERIM. HOWEVER, DISCLOSED. LAWYER, JOSEPH COHEM, HINTED THAT SHE HAD BEEN IN THE UNITED STATES

MISS LINTON HAD BEEN OUT ON \$2,500 BAIL SINCE A FEW DAYS AFTER HER

CUMPENDER. BEFORE THE SPY RING WAS UNCOVERED MISS LINTON HAD WORKED FOR THE NATIONAL FILM BOARD IN OTTAWA AND AS A TELEPHONE OPERATOR IN MONTREAL. BJ1015PED

LATER IN THE DAY, A FORMER TEXAS SUPREME COURT JUSTICE TESTIFIED HE IS CONVINCED THAT THE 12 GERMAN STORM TROOPERS GIVEN DEATH SEN-TENCES WERE "PRESENT AND PARTICIPATED IN THE MALMEDY MASSACRE OF AMERICAN TROOPS."

BUT THE WITNESS, GORDON SIMPSON, NOW A DALLAS ATTORNEY, TOLD THE SENATE GROUP THAT HE AND OTHER MEMBERS OF A SPECIAL INVESTIGATING COM-

MISSION HAD RECOMMENDED ONLY LIFE SENTENCES BECAUSE:

"I DIDN'T WANT TO SEE ANYBODY HUNG ON A RECORD THAT MAY HAVE BLEM-

ISH IN IT. " 000 - Wosan - mae med y XXX Repaired."
SIMPSON SAID THE "FIRST ACTUAL PROOF" HE HAD EVER HEARD ABOUT "BEATING, BRUTALITY AND STARVATION" OF GERMAN PRISONERS TO GET "CON-FESSIONS" WAS WHEN HE HEARD BAILEY TESTIFY.

SIMPSON TOGETHER WITH JUDGE EDWARD VAN RODEN OF MEDIA, PA., AND LT.COL.CHARLES W.LAWRENCE, REGULAR ARMY OFFICER, WERE SENT OVERSEAS TO INVESTIGATE COMPLAINTS ON INVESTIGATION AND TRIAL METHODS USED AFTER THE WAR AGAINST CONVICTED GERMANS.

VX709PED

(300) AMS BUDGET

SECOND NIGHT LEAD COPLON TRIAL

BY ROGER D. GREENE

WASHINGTON. APRIL 29-(AP)-A HIGH JUSTICE DEPARTMENT OFFICIAL TESTI-FIED AT THE ESPIONAGE TRIAL OF JUDITH COPLON TODAY THAT HE FILED A LOYALTY COMPLAINT AGAINST HER WHEN HE HEARD SHE WAS "RUNNING AROUND" WITH A RUSSIAN.

THE WITNESS, WILLIAM E.FOLEY, SAID THIS WAS IN JANUARY OR EARLY EBRUARY--ABOUT A MONTH BEFORE FBI AGENTS SEIZED MISS COPLON IN NEW

YORK ALONG WITH VALENTINE A.GUBITCHEV, 32, A SOVIET CITIZEN.
FOLEY SAID HIS SUSPICIONS WERE ALSO AROUSED WHEN HE WAS INFORMED THAT MISS COPLON INSISTED ON HAVING SECRET FBI REPORTS SENT TO HER OFFICE AFTER SHE HAD BEEN REMOVED FROM CONFIDENTIAL WORK.

THE DEFENDANT WAS UNTIL RECENTLY EMPLOYED AS A JUSTICE DEPARTMENT

ANALYST.

FOLEY TESTIFIED THAT MISS COPLON KEPT ASKING TO SEE A "TOP SECRET" FBI REPORT ON THE OPERATIONS OF SOVIET AGENTS IN THIS COUNTRY. HE SAID SHE WAS FURIOUS WHEN SHE WAS DROPPED FROM HANDLING THE MATLON'S

INTERNAL SECURITY REPORTS.

"SHE WAS VERY MUCH DISTURBED." HE SAID.

MISS COPLON CONTINUED TO LOOK AT SECRET FEL

MRS.RUTH M.ROSSON, AN ATTORNEY IN THE INTERNAL SECURITY SECTION, SAID MISS COPLON ASKED HER TO LOOK OVER INTERNAL SECURITY REPORTS SHORTLY AFTER FEB. 7.

MRS ROSSON SAID SHE HAD TWO FILE BASKETS OF THESE REPORTS, THAT MISS COPLON LOOKED AT THEM AND TOOK SOME OF THEM BACK TO HER OFFICE

A DAY OR SO LATER, MRS.ROSSOM TESTIFIED, MISS COPLON RETURNED TO HER OFFICE AND ASKED THAT ANY REPORTS RELATING TO FOREIGN EMBASSIES, LEGATIONS AND CONSULTATES, ESPECIALLY THOSE MARKED "R" (RUSSIA) BE SENT TO HER.

GOVERNMENT PROSECUTORS ASKED THE WITNESS WHETHER SHE SENT THE

REPORTS TO MISS COPLON. MRS.ROSSON REPLIED THAT SHE DID.

MRS . ROSSON ESTIMATED THAT MISS COPLON SAW 50 OR 60 SUCH REPORTS . THE PROSECUTION CONCEDED THAT THE REPORTS WERE RETURNED BY MISS

COPLON. FOLEY SAID HE HAD TOLD MISS COPLON IN JANUARY OR THE FIRST PART OF FEBRUARY THAT SHE WAS NO LONGER TO "SCREEN" INTERNAL SECURITY REPORTS IN CONNECTION WITH HER WORK AS A POLITICAL ANALYST.

ASKED BY DEFENSE ATTORNEY ARCHIBALD PALMER IF HE REGARDS EVERY RUSSIAN IN THIS COUNTRY AS POTENTIALLY SUBVERSIVE, FOLEY REPLIED

TALKING WITH MACHINE GUN BAPIDITY, PALMER REPEATEDLY SOUGHT TO SHOW THROUGH QUESTIONS THAT MISS COPLON HAD RECOMMENDED THAT THE JUSTICE DEPARTMENT PROSECUTE AMTORG, THE SOVIET TRADING AGENCY, FOR FAILURE TO REGISTER AS A FOREIGN AGENT.

FOLEY INSISTED HE DID NOT REMEMBER ANY SUCH RECOMMENDATION. HE SAID THE PROSECUTION OF AMTORG HAS BEEN UNDER DISCUSSION FOR SOME TIME IN THE JUSTICE DEPARTMENT. IT MAY HAVE BEEN DISCUSSED ABOVER 0 1949

THE GOVERNMENT OFFICIAL WENT ON TO SAY THAT A LETTER HAS BEEN URITTEN TO AMTORG "TELLING THEM OF THEIR OBLIGATION TO REGISTER IF THEY COME UNDER THE ACT." THE ACT SPECIFIES THAT AGENTS OF FOREIGN COUNTRIES MUST REGISTER.

TOLEY DID NOT SPECIFICALLY LINK THE SHUTTING OF MISS COPLER IN OTHER DUTTES WITH THE FACT THAT SUSPICIONS OF HER LOYALTY HAD ALREADY BEEM AROUSED. THE GOVERNMENT DISCLOSED EARLIER IN THE FIVE-DAY-OLD TRIAL, HOWEVER, THAT FBI AGENTS HAD BEEN SHADOWING MISS COPLON FOR TWO MONTHS BEFORE SHE WAS ARRESTED IN NEW YORK ON MARCH 4.

FOLEY WAS MISS COPLON'S BOSS IN THE BIG JUSTICE DEPARTMENT BUILDING IN DOWNTOWN WASHINGTON WHICH HOUSES FBI HEADQUARTERS. HE IS CHIEF OF THE DEPARTMENT'S SECTIONS ON INTERNAL SECURITY AND FOREIGN AGENTS REGISTRATION.

MISS COPION. WHO HAS PLEADED INNOCENT, HAS CONTENDED THROUGH HER LAWYER THAT INSTEAD OF SEEKING TO BETRAY HER COUNTRY'S SECRETS TO A RUSSIAN. HER GATHERING OF VOLUMINOUS NOTES ON FBI REPORTS WAS SIMPLY TO SERVE AS BACKGROUND FOR A NOVEL.

FOLEY TOLD THE JURY IN FEDERAL COURT THAT THE 27-YEAR-OLD DEFENDANT ASKED HIM THREE TIMES TO SEE A NEW REPORT ON "CERTAIN RUSSIAN AGENTS
IN THE UNITED STATES."

THIS STARTED LAST JANUARY, HE SAID.
"SHE ASKED WHEN SHE COULD SEE IT AND I SAID I DIDN'T KNOW, THAT IT

WAS TOP SECRET. " FOLEY TESTIFIED.

AGAIN, ABOUT A WEEK LATER, MISS COPLON ASKED HIM WHEN SHE WAS GOING TO SEE "THAT TOP SECRET REPORT," FOLEY SAID, AND AGAIN HE STALLED HER

THE THIRD TIME WAS ABOUT A MONTH LATER, HE SAID, AND THIS TIME HE PUT HER OFF BY SAYING IT CONTAINED "A LOT OF OLD STUFF" AND "NOT TO

WORRY ABOUT IT."
THE GOVERNMENT CONTENDS THAT WHEN MISS COPLON WAS ARRESTED ALONG WITH HER ALLEGED SWEETHEART--VALENTINE A.GUBITCHEV, 32, A MARRIED RUSSIAN AND FORMER UNITED NATIONS EMPLOYE--HER HANDBAG CONTAINED 30 FBI "DATA SLIPS" AND OTHER PURPORTEDLY TELLTALE PAPERS.

AMONG THESE, ACCORDING TO THE GOVERNMENT, WERE HAND-WRITTEN NOTES ON A HALF-FAKE, HALF-TRUE FBI MEMORANDUM PERSONALLY PREPARED BY FBI DIRECTOR J. EDGAR HOOVER WHICH HAD BEEN "PLANTED" WHERE MISS COPLON WOULD SEE IT.

DEFENSE ATTORNEY ARCHIBALD PALMER DEMANDED THE RIGHT TO QUESTION

FOLEY ON WHAT HE CALLED THIS "ENTRAPMENT," BUT PROSECUTOR RAYMOND P.
WHEARTY PROTESTED IT WOULD BE "HIGHLY IMPROPER AT THIS TIME."
WHEARTY WITHDREW THE "PLANTED" PAPER WHEN FEDERAL JUDGE ALBERT L.
REEVES RULED THAT PALMER HAD THE RIGHT TO ASK FOLEY THE CIRCUMSTANCES WHEARTY SAID THE DECOY DOCUMENT WILL BE OFFERED LATER IN THE TRIAL.

FOLEY SAID MISS COPLON INSISTED ON SEEING INTERNAL SECURITY REPORTS -- DEALING WITH ESPIONAGE AND COUNTER-ESPIONAGE -- ON THE GROUND THAT "ONCE IN A WHILE SHE WOULD FIND SOMETHING OF INTEREST TO THE FOREIGN AGENTS REGISTRATION SECTION."

WHEN SHE WAS TAKEN OFF INTERNAL SECURITY REPORTS, FOLEY SAID, MISS COPLON TOLD HIM BITTERLY SHE FELT IT WAS A "SLIGHT AND CRITICISM" OF

HER ABILITY.

THE DEFENDANT IS A CUM LAUDE GRADUATE OF BARNARD COLLEGE AND THE DAUGHTER OF A WELL-TO-DO BROOKLYN FAMILY.

HER MOTHER, MRS. RESECCA COPLON, A FRAIL WOMAN OF 65, HAS SAT NEAR HER IN THE COURTROOM, FREQUENTLY GIVING WAY TO SILENT TEARS.

A141KX (WEST OUT) (160)

FIRST LEAD SEATTLE, APRIL 29-(AP)-BURTON W. JAMES, CO-DIRECTOR OF THE SEATTLE REPERTORY PLAYHOUSE, WAS CONVICTED TODAY ON CHARGES OF CONTEMPT OF A STATE LEGISLATIVE COMMITTEE ON UN-AMERICAN ACTI VITIES.

HE WAS CHARGED WITH WILFULLY REFUSING TO TELL A COMMITTEE HEARING LAST SUMMER WHETHER HE WAS OR EVER HAD BEEN A COMMUNIST PARTY MEMBER.

JAMES WAS THE SIXTH DEFENDANT TO BE TRIED ON THE SAME CHARGE. HIS
WIFE, ALSO A PLAYHOUSE CO-DIRECTOR, WILL PROBABLY BE RETRIED. A
SUPERIOR COURT JURY DISAGREED IN HER CASE LAST WEEK. ONE DEFENDANT WAS

ACQUITTED AND THREE OTHERS CONVICTED.
THE ACQUITTED DEFENDANT WAS PROF. HERBERT PHILLIPS, OUSTED FROM THE

UNIVERSITY OF WASHINGTON SOME MONTHS AGO. HE WAS AM ADMITTED

COMMUNIST.

CONVICTED WERE DR. RALPH GUNDLACH, OUSTED FROM THE UNIVERSITY ON "NEGLECT OF DUTY" GROUNDS; RACHMIEL FORSCHMIEDT, CITY SANITARIAN, AND ALBERT OTTENHEIMER, PLAYHOUSE MANAGER. ALL ARE APPEALING, AND AN APPEAL WAS EXPECTED ALSO IN BEHALF OF JAMES.

THOSE CONVICTED WERE SENTENCED TO 30 DAYS IN THE COUNTY JAIL AND NED \$250. CONTEMPT OF THE LEGISLATURE IS A GROSS MISDEMEANOR PUNISHABLE BY A FINE UP TO \$1,000 -,\$ 70 59AP (324) 3,458).

(NO PICKUP) FJ1055PCS NM

BAWX SEG

(310) WORLD TRADE

BY OLIVER W.DE WOLF

WASHINGTON, APRIL 29-(AP)-PRESIDENT TRUMAN'S PROPOSAL THAT THE UNITED STATES JOIN AN INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATION TO REMOVE TRADE BARRIERS RAN INTO CONGRESSIONAL BARRIERS TODAY.

ONE WAS RAISED BY SENATOR MILLIKIN (R-COLO), RANKING GOP MEMBER OF THE SENATE FINANCE COMMITTEE, WHO HAS BEEN LEADING THE FIGHT ON THE ADMINISTRATION'S RECIPROCAL TRADE PROGRAM.

ANOTHER IS THE LOGJAM OF CONTROVERSIAL LEGISLATION ALREADY BEFORE THE SENATE AND BEHIND WHICH THE NEW PROPOSAL WILL HAVE TO TAKE ITS

THE RECOMMENDATION THAT THE UNITED STATES ACCEPT MEMBERSHIP IN THE INTERNATIONAL TRADE ORGANIZATION, (ITO) AN AGENCY OF THE UNITED NATIONS, WAS SENT TO CAPITOL HILL YESTERDAY BY THE PRESIDENT.

HE SAID IN AN ACCOMPANYING MESSAGE THAT UOUOUOUOU

HE SAID IN AN ACCOMPANYING MESSAGE THAT "WE HAVE LEARNED THROUGH BITTER EXPERIENCE HOW NECESSARY IT IS FOR NATIONS TO APPROACH JOINTLY

THE TASK OF IMPROVING THE CONDITIONS OF WORLD TRADE.

THE ITO CHARTER, HE SAID, IS DESIGNED TO DO TWO THINGS: (1) ESTABLISH A CODE OF INTERNATIONAL CONDUCT TO GUIDE NATIONS IN "DEALING WITH THE FUNDAMENTAL PROBLEMS" OF WORLD TRADE AND (2) TO CREATE AN AGENCY WITHIN THE U.N. TO HELP "IMPLEMENT THIS CODE."

MILLIKIN IMMEDIATELY OBJECTED THAT U.S. ACCEPTANCE OF THE CHARTER WOULD REQUIRE "RADICAL CHANGES IN MANY OF OUR DOMESTIC POLICIES."

FURTHERMORE, HE TOLD A REPORTER, IT WOULD MEAN THAT THE UNITED STATES WOULD HAVE TO DELEGATE A LARGE AMOUNT OF ITS SOVEREIGNTY TO

AN INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATION.

CALLING THE CHARTER "ENORMOUSLY CONTROVERSIAL," THE SENATOR SAID THERE IS "MUCH OPINION THAT INSTEAD OF FREEING THE BARRIERS TO WORLD TRADE, IT WILL JELL AND PERPETUATE THOSE ALREADY EXISTING."

THE ITO WAS AGREED TO BY REPRESENTATIVES OF 54 NATIONS AFTER TWO YEARS OF WORK AT HAVANAN IN 1948. THE JOINT RESOLUTION TO GET CONGRES-SIONAL AUTHORITY FOR U.S. MEMBERSHIP WILL BE SENT IN THE SENATE TO THE FOREIGN RELATIONS COMMITTEE.

THAT COMMITTEE NOW HAS STARTED TO HOLD LENGTHY HEARINGS ON THE NORTH ATLANTIC PACT AND ALSO IS CLAIMING JURISDICTION OVER THE CON-TROVERSIAL \$1,130,000,000 (B) PROGRAM TO HELP ARM AMERICA'S PACT PARTNERS.

ANY COMMITTEE ACTION ON THE ITO MEMBERSHIP BEFORE MID-JUNE AT THE EARLIEST NOW SEEMS HIGHLY IMPROBABLE.

APR 29 1949

B76WX Q CD SPEECH FM AYE

(300) (ADVANCE FOR USE AT 2 P.M., EASTERN STANDARD TIME TODAY,

FRIDAY APRIL 29)

(ADVANCE)-(WX)-CLEVELAND, APRIL 29-(AP)-WILLARD L. THORP, ASSISTANT SECRETARY OF STATE, SAID TODAY PRESENT AMERICAN TRADE POLICIES HAVE TO MAKE ALLOWANCES FOR THE "UNHAPPY FACTS OF THE PRESENT-DAY WORLD."

FROM THE COMPROMISES THAT HAVE BEEN MADE, THORP SAID IT IS HOPED TO WORK TOWARD THE GOALS OF FAIR TREATMENT, FREEDOM OF OPPORTUNITY AND FREEDOM FROM ARBITRARY RESTRICTIONS. HE DESCRIBED THESE AS "BASIC

IN OUR AMERICAN WAY OF LIFE." AMONG THE POSTWAR "UNHAPPY FACTS" HE LISTED THE WIDESPREAD UNBALANCE OF INTERNATIONAL TRADE, AND THE ECONOMIC CONTROLS AND STATE TRADING USED BY MANY COUNTRIES.

THORP PREPARED HIS REMARKS FOR THE FOURTH ANNUAL CLEVELAND WORLD

TRADE CONFERENCE.

HE TOLD THE GROUPS THE NEW INTERNATIONAL TRADE ORGANIZATION (ITO) IS DESIGNED IN PART TO TAKE UP WHERE THE MARSHALL PLAN LEAVES OFF. HE SAID IT IS HOPED THE ITO WILL ESTABLISH WORLD TRADE CONDITIONS WHICH WILL ENABLE WESTERN EUROPE TO STAY ON ITS FEET AFTER U.S. AID ENDS.

THE ITO WAS SET UP BY 54 NATIONS LAST YEAR WITH THE IDEA THAT IT WOULD SEEK TO END BARRIERS TO TRADE. PRESIDENT TRUMAN YESTERDAY ASKED

CONGRESS TO APPROVE U.S. MEMBERSHIP IN IT.

30.24 2829

THORP ALSO SAID THAT MR. TRUMAN'S "BOLD NEW PROGRAM" OF HELPING TO DEVELOP WORLD BACKWARD AREAS IS DESIRABLE FROM MANY AMERICAN VIEW-POINTS.

"IT WILL PROVIDE A FURTHER CLEAR-CUT INDICATION OF OUR INTERNATIONAL GOOD WILL AND WILLINGNESS TO SHARE AMERICAN WEALTH AND KNOWLEDGE WITH OTHER PEOPLES, " HE SAID. "IT IS DESIRABLE ON POLITICAL GROUNDS IN THAT IT WILL HELP THE PEOPLES OF MANY COUNTRIES TO ESCAPE FROM THAT POVERTY WHICH IS FERTILE SOIL FOR THE DEMOGOGUE. IT IS SOUND ECONOMY SINCE HIGHER STANDARDS OF LIVING LEAD CLEARLY TO AN EXPANSION IN INTERNATIONAL TRADE."

(END ADVANCE FOR USE AT 2 P.M., EASTERN STANDARD TIME, TODAY, FRIDAY, APRIL 29)

GG1212PED

B94PG (Q)

APW-(160) PITTSBURGH, APRIL 29-(AP)-A MOVE WHICH QULD RESULT IN REDUCING WORKING HOURS OF MOST OF THE COAL MINERS WAS APPROVED TODAY BY THE COAL MINES COMMITTEE OF THE INTERNATIONAL LABOR ORGANIZATION. WORLD'S

THE COMMITTEE, BY A 45-4 VOTE, ADOPTED A REPORT CALLING FOR REVISION OF ITS CONVENTION ON WORKING HOURS TO BRING IT "IN LINE WITH TECHNICAL, SOCIAL, AND ECONOMIC CONDITIONS PREVALENT IN MEMBER COAL PRODUCING COUNTRIES."

A SPOKESMAN SAID THE RECOMMENDATION WILL BE PASSED ON TO THE GOVERNING BODY OF THE ILO AT GENEVA, SWITZERLAND, IN TIME FOR THE NEXT SESSION OF THE COAL MINES COMMITTEE IN TWO YEARS.

THE PLENARY SESSION ALSO ADOPTED A RESOLUTION ASKING FOR MORE UNIFORM STATISTICS ON COAL MINE PRODUCTION BY ILE MEMBER COMMITTEES.

A RESOLUTION CALLING FOR THE COMMITTEE TO ASK THE GOVERNING BODY OF THE ILO TO TAKE ENERGETIC STEPS TO HALT ALLEGED PERSECUTION OF THE TRADE UNION MOVEMENT WAS DEFEATED 34-8. IT WAS INTRODUCED BY SZYMON DROBYZNSKI, THE POLISH WORKER DELEGATE.

THE TWO-WEEK MEETING WILL WIND UP TOMORROW.XMNN

BM1124PEDK

A92CX (320)

OF TAKING MONEY AWAY FROM AMERICAN WORKERS TO PAY FOR ARMS. APR 29 ADDRESSING A RALLY IN CHICAGO COLISEUM, WALLACE SAID IN HIS R 29 PREPARED TEXT THAT "TWO WEEKS AGO THE CONGRESS PASSED A \$16,000,000,000 (B) BILL FOR THE MILITARY ESTABLISHMENT. IT WAS AN INCREASE OF \$1,000,000,000 OVER THE PRESIDENT'S BUDGET RECOMMENDATION.
"AND THEN SUDDENLY CONGRESS GOT ECONOMY-MINDED. THEY BEGAN TO LOOK

AROUND FOR THINGS TO CUT. THE VERY FIRST VICTIM OF THEIR ECONOMY WAS AN APPROPRIATION FOR LABOR AND SOCIAL SECURITY WHICH THE SENATE CUT

\$15,000,000 (M).

\$15,000,000 (M).

*IT IS SIGNIFICANT THAT THE FIRST THING THEY CUT IS THE MONEY THAT WILL HELP THE PEOPLE OF AMERICA, THAT WILL HELP LABOR, THAT WILL STRENGTHEN THEIR INTERNAL SECURITY. AND WHEN THE TWO PARTIES SAY IT STRENGTHEN THEIR INTERNAL SECURITY. AND WHEN THE TWO PARTIES SAY IT IS NOT A SIGNIFICANT CUT, THEY MEAN THAT THERE ARE MORE AND MORE CUTS

AMEAD -- MORE CURS IN HOUSING, IN HOSPITAL BUILDING, IN SCHOOL ALD, IN RESEARCH. CUTS IN THE GOOD THINGS OF LIFE.

"I ALMOST BELIEVE YOU COULD WORK OUT A MATHEMATICAL FORMULA FOR THE COST OF THE MODTH ATLANTIC MILITARY ALLIANCE. FOR EVERY DOLLAR SPENT FOR ARMS, FOR EVERY DOLLAR YOU LOSE IN WELFARE, YOU LOSE ITS EQUIVALENT IN HUMAN FREEDOM. MOBODY GETS THE FREEDOM, NOBODY GETS THE WELFARE. AND THE ARMS ARE A COMPLETE AND UTTER WASTE.

"I SAY THE GREATEST DANGER COMES FROM THE RIGHT, NOT FROM THE LEFT. UNDER THE CLOAK OF AM AMTI-COMMUNIST CRUSADE, IT IS THE RIGHT THAT THREATENS OUR INSTITUTIONS AND OUR MOST PRECIOUS LIBERTIES."

WALLACE, THE 1948 PROGRESSIVE PARTY NOMINEE FOR PRESIDENT, RELEASED THE TEXT OF A TELECRAM HE SENT TO THE STATE DEPARTMENT PROTESTING DELAY IN GRANTING VISAS TO SONIA BRANTING, DAUGHTER OF A FORMER PREMIER OF SWEDEN. SHE APPLIED FOR A VISA TO JOIN THE WALLACE TOUR, BUT HAS NOT RECEIVED IT.

TOUDING WITH WALLACE ARE SEN. MICHELE GIUA OF ITALY, AND LESTER HUTCHINSON, BRITISH LABOR MEMBER OF PARLIAMENT. KONNI ZILLIACUS OF ENGLAND, AND PIERRE COT, FORMERLY FRENCH AIR MINISTER,

HUTCHINSON DESCRIBED THE NORTH ATLANTIC PACT AS "AN ARMED ALLIANCE DIRECTED AGAINST RUSSIA" AND SAID THAT UNDER IT BRITAIN'S ROLE IN ANY FUTURE WAR "IS TO BE THE FRONT LINE AIR BASE FOR AMERICA."

"XXX IT OUGHT TO BE OBVIOUS THAT A COUNTRY THAT PERMITS FOREIGN AIR BASES IN TIME OF PEACE BECOMES A LEGITIMATE BOMBING TARGET, WHETHER IT TAKES PART IN A WAR OR NOT," HE SAID.

"IT IS NOT AN ATTRACTIVE PROSPECT FOR THE BRITISH PEOPLE --TO BLEED TO DEATH FOR A WAR WHICH IS NOT IN THEIR NATION'S INTEREST; IT IS NOT AN ATTRACTIVE PROSPECT WHERE THE MAIN FUNCTION WILL BE TO CUSHION THE FIRST ATOMIC SHOCKS AND TO BE THE FRONT LINE BATTLEFIELD FOR THE DURATION."

GIUA CHARGED THE FIAT PLANT AT TURIN, ITALY, IS BEING REORGANIZED

TO TURN OUT GUNS AND PLANES AND IS BEING RUN BY A FORMER FASCIST. "IN 1945," GIUA SAID, "I WAS APPOINTED BY THE AMERICAN AUTHORI-TIES AS CHAIRMAN OF THE COMMITTEE FOR THE REMOVAL OF FASCISTS.

"THE FIRST MAN WE FOUND GUILTY OF FASCIST ACTIVITY WAS MR.

VALLETTA, THE DIRECTOR OF THIS VERY FIAT PLANT X X X. "TODAY, AS A LOGICAL RESULT OF THE MARSHALL PLAN POLITICS. MR. VALLETTA IS AGAIN THE DIRECTOR OF THIS TANK-PRODUCING TACTORY." ER1105PCD

CHICAGO, APRIL 29-(AP)-WAR WITH RUSSIA, SAYS HENRY A.WALLACE, "IS EVENTUALLY CERTAIN THROUGH A WESTERN WORLD HEAVILY MILITARIZED UNDER THE ATLANTIC PACT."

"UNDER THE PACT. THE ONLY UNCERTAINTY IS WHEN, WHERE AND HOW," WALLACE SAID IN A MATION WIDE (ABC) RADIO BROADCAST LAST MIGHT. "THE ULTIMATE DISASTER WHICH THE ATLANTIC PACT INVOLVES IS WAR ITSELF." WALLACE SAID. "NO ONE CAN SAY WHEN, WHERE, AND HOW IT WILL COME BUT WE DO KNOW THAT TWO WORLDS CANNOT INDEFINITELY DENOUNCE EACH OTHER AND BUILD UP ARMS AGAINST EACH OTHER WITHOUT EVENTUALLY EXPLODING INTO THE MOST HORRIBLE HOLOCAUST OF ALL TIME.

PROVOKED BY AGGRESSION ON HER VERY BORDERS. THE U.S. WITH HER ATOM BOMB AND HER ENORMOUS INDUSTRIAL POWER IS FAR MORE LIKELY TO TAKE

PROVOCATIVE STEPS UNDER A PACT WHICH GIVES SO MUCH POWER TO THE MILITARY MEN AND PLACE MILITARY BASES ON RUSSIA'S BORDERS." THE DEFEATED PROGRESSIVE PARTY CANDIDATE FOR PRESIDENT, WHO ON WEDNESDAY NIGHT IN NEW YORK OPENED HIS THREE WEEK NATION WIDE "PEACE

TOUR, " SAID THAT PEACE WITH RUSSIA "IS POSSIBLE THROUGH A STRONG UNITED NATIONS."

ON A POSSIBLE WAR WITH RUSSIA, HE SAID: "EVEN IF WE SHOULD WIN MILITARILY, I KNOW WE WOULD LOSE AND I FEAR THAT THE COST IN HUMAN LIFE WOULD BE HALF A BILLION (B) LIVES AND IN MONEY FIVE TRILLION DOLLARS. SUCH RIVERS OF BLOOD, SUCH OCEANS OF TREASURE, CAN BE MEASURED ONLY IN THE FLOOD OF WOMEN'S TEARS." ACCOMPANYING WALLACE ON HIS TOUR ARE H.LESTER HUTCHINSON, LABOR

MEMBER OF THE BRITISH PARLIAMENT, AND MICHELE GIUA, ITALIAN SOCIALIST SENATOR. THEY WILL SPEAK TONIGHT IN THE CHICAGO COLISEUM AT A MEETING SPONSORED BY THE PROGRESSIVE PARTY OF ILLINOIS.

HOLLYWOOD, FLA., APRIL 29-(AP)-MRS.FRANKLIN D.ROOSEVELT SAID TODAY THE UNITED STATES SHOULD TAKE DEFINITE STEPS TO SHOW THE WORLD THAT 1949 MOCRATIC HAS MORE TO OFFER THAN COMMUNISM.

SHE SUGGESTED THE U.S. LET DOWN THE BARRIERS AND PERMIT A FEW PEOPLE FROM RUSSIA AND THE SATELLITE COUNTRIES TO ENTER UNDER VISITOR'S

SHE TOLD A NEWS CONFERENCE, PRIOR TO ADDRESSING THE GENERAL FEDERATION OF WOMEN'S CLUBS, SHE DID NOT THINK MANY WOULD COME FROM RUSSIA BUT SOME MIGHT FROM THE SATELLITES.

"THEY PROBABLY WOULDN'T DARE GO BACK AND TELL THE TRUTH, BUT THEY WOULD HAVE SEEN SOMETHING OF DEMOCRATIC LIFE." SHE SAID.

LATER AT THE FEDERATION BANQUET MRS. BOOSEVELT REITERATED HER COM-TENTION THAT THE UNITED STATES SHOULD ALLOW VISITORS FROM RUSSIA AND ITS SATELLITES INTO THE COUNTRY.

"RUSSIA IS CLOSED TO THE WORLD," SHE SAID. "THE UNITED STATES IS OPEN -- ITS FAILURES AS WELL AS SUCCESSES ARE KNOWN. RUSSIANS SAY EVERYTHING IS PERFECT IN RUSSIA. MANY DON'T BELIEVE THIS, BUT THEY ARE

TOLD WHAT TO SAY.
"I WOULD LIKE TO SEE US SO STRONG AND SURE OF THE MORAL THINGS OF DEMOCRACY THAT A FEW VISITORS FROM COMMUNIST LANDS COULD OFFER US NO

A MEMBER OF THE HUMAN RIGHTS COMMITTEE OF THE UNITED NATIONS, MRS. ROOSEVELT DESCRIBED SOME OF THE DIFFICULTIES OF DRAFTING A PROGRAM SATISFACTORY TO THE 58 NATIONS INVOLVED.

SHE CITED AN EXAMPLE OF A DOCUMENT WHICH HAD THE PHRASE "ALL MEN CREATED FREE AND EQUAL." TO SATISFY SOME COUNTRIES IT WAS CHANGED TO

"ALL HUMAN BEINGS CREATED FREE AND EQUAL."
RETURNING TO HER DISCUSSION OF RUSSIA, MRS.ROOSEVELT SAID THE DAY WILL COME WHEN RUSSIANS MAY BE CONVINCED THAT WE AND OUR FEELING AND BELIEF IN DEMOCRACY IS SO STRONG THAT "THERE WILL BE A COMPROMISE.

"WE SEE SOME STEPS IN THE RIGHT DIRECTION," SHE ADDED. "THERE WAS A TIME WHEN THE UNITED STATES COULD DO WHAT IT PLEASED AND IT WAS NOBODY'S BUSINESS. NOW WE SPEARHEAD THE LEADERSHIP OF DEMOCRACY -- IF WE FAIL IN LEADERSHIP WE WILL LOSE THE BATTLE TO COMMUNIS

TELL." MRS.ROOSEVELT SAID. SHE ADDED THERE WAS ALWAYS A CHANCE THAT WHEN SOME OF THE VISITORS RETURNED "THEY MIGHT TELL SOMETHING OF AMERICAN LIFE X X X WHEN THEY WERE BEHIND CLOSED DOORS AND KNEW NOBODY WAS LISTENING."

SHE SAID THE PEOPLE OF THE WORLD ARE ASKING WHETHER DEMOCRACY "HAS MORE TO OFFER THAN COMMUNISM" AND THE QUESTION MUST BE ANSWERED.

B75

ATTN KX

(220)DAYTONA BEACH, FLA., APRIL 29-(AP)-RETIRED SUPREME COURT JUSTICE OWEN J. ROBERTS CALLED TODAY FOR A "FEDERATION OF THE FREE MEN AND WOMEN OF THE WORLD, JOINED TOGETHER IN A COMMON GOVERNMENT FOR THEIR COMMON WELFARE AND THEIR COMMON CAUSE."

SUCH A FEDERATION, HE DECLARED, WOULD "PUT TOGETHER SO GREAT A POTENTIAL THAT NO AGGRESSOR, NO MATTER HOW GREAT, WOULD DARE

CHALLENGE IT."

JUSTICE ROBERTS, WHO SPOKE AT THE OPENING SESSION HERE OF THE AMERICAN COTTON SHIPPERS CONVENTION, LAUDED THE ATLANTIC PACT BUT ASSERTED IT "IS NOT ENOUGH."

TRACING POST-WAR EFFORTS AT INTERNATIONAL COOPERATION, ROBERTS TERMED THE UN "ONLY A LIMPING, INADEQUATE MACHINERY FOR KEEPING THE PEACE."

OPENING THE CONVENTION WITH AN ANNUAL REPORT TO ASSOCIATION MEMBERS ALLISON H. PELL OF CHARLOTTE, N.C., PRESIDENT, SAID THE U.S. COTTON EXPORTERS HAVE AN OPPORTUNITY "TO TAKE AND TO KEEP THE FOREIGN MARKETS FOR AMERICAN COTTON. IT HAS BEEN HANDED TO US ON A SILVER PLATTER --THE ECA SILVER."

ABOUT 300 HAD REGISTERED FOR THE CONVENTION BY NOON. THE MEETING CONTINUED IN EXECUTIVE SESSION THROUGH THE AFTERNOON TO HEAR COMMITTEE

REPORTS.

ALSO ON TODAY'S PROGRAM WAS SENATOR CLINTON P.ANDERSON (D-MEX), FORMER SECRETARY OF AGRICULTURE, WHO TOLD THE SHIPPERS THEY SHOULD LOOK TO FOREIGN MARKETS TO REDUCE ANY SURPLUS AND THAT IF CURRENCY DIFFICULTIES STOOD IN THE WAY, BARTER SHOULD BE RESORTED TO. BD949PED

B70NR

VNEW BRUNSWICK, N.J., APRIL 29-(AP)-GENERAL DOUGLAS A.MACARTHUR'S POLICY OF ENCOURAGING UNIONIZATION OF JAPANESE WORKERS HAS RESULTED IN A TWELVE-FOLD INCREASE IN THE NUMBER OF UNION MEMBERS, A VISITING JAPANESE LABOR EXPERT SAID TODAY.

DR. SHICHIRO MATSUI, LABOR ADVISOR TO THE JAPANESE GOVERNMENT AND PROFESSOR OF ECONOMICS AT DOSHISHA UNIVERSITY, KYOTO, JAPAN, SAID THE NUMBER OF UNIONISTS HAS INCREASED FROM 500,000 BEFORE THE WAR TO

6,000,000 NOW. THIS FIGURE REPRESENTS NEARLY HALF OF JAPAN'S 14,000,000 WORKERS

AND INCLUDES 1,500,000 WOMEN WORKERS, HE SAID.

DR. MATSUI, WHO IS STUDYING INDUSTRIAL RELATIONS IN THE U.S. UNDER A ROCKEFELLER FOUNDATION SCHOLARSHIP, CONFERRED THIS WEEK WITH DR.

30.24 2831

RICHARD H. WOUD, ACTING DIRECTOR OF THE RUTGERS UNIVERSITY INSTITUTE C MANAGEMENT AND LABOR RELATIONS.

THE CHIEF DIFFERENCE IN LABOR-MANAGEMENT RELATIONS IN JAPAN ARE THE EMOTIONAL AND TRADITIONAL FACTORS THAT HAMPER NEGOTIATIONS, HE SAID.

THE INABILITY OF BOTH LABOR AND MANAGEMENT TO FORGET THE FEUDAL SYSTEM AND THE "MASTER-SERVANT" RELATIONSHIP WHICH DOMINATED THE COUNTRY FOR CENTURIES ARE THE MAIN STUMBLING BLOCKS, HE SAID.

COMMUNISM IS A GROWING THREAT IN THE LABOR MOVEMENT, DR. MATSUI SAID, ESPECIALLY IN THE LARGE RAILROAD AND COMMUNICATIONS UNIONS. THE AMERICAN OCCUPATION AUTHORITIES HAVE SET UP AN AGENCY TO EDUCATE THE WORKERS TO THE DANGERS OF COMMUNISM, HE SAID, BUT MUCH MORE SHOULD BE DONE IN THIS FIELD.

SF929PED

B26

(170)

NEW YORK, APRIL 29-(AP)-JOHN SANTO, ROMANIAN BORN FORMER ORGANIZER FOR THE CIO TRANSPORT WORKERS UNION WHO WAS ORDERED DEPORTED LAST OCTOBER, WILL BE PERMITTED TO LEAVE VOLUNTARILY WITHIN 60 DAYS, THE IMMIGRATION SERVICE ANNOUNCED TODAY.

THE DEPARTURE, HOWEVER, WILL CARRY WITH IT ALL THE PENALTIES OF

DEPORTATION, THE ANNOUNCEMENT SAID.

EDWARD J. SHAUGHNESSY, DISTRICT DIRECTOR OF IMMIGRATION, SAID ORAL ARGUMENT SCHEDULED FOR TODAY IN WASHINGTON BEFORE THE BOARD OF IMMIGRATION APPEALS HAD BEEN CANCELLED AT THE REQUEST OF SANTO'S COUNSEL. THE LAWYER ALSO ASKED THAT SANTO BE ALLOWED TO DEPART VOLUNTARILY.

SANTO WAS ORDERED DEPORTED ON THE GROUND THAT HE HAD COMMITTED THREE VIOLATIONS OF IMMIGRATION LAWS. THESE WERE THAT HE ENTERED THE COUNTRY IN 1927 AS A STUDENT BUT FAILED TO MAINTAIN HIS EXEMPT ALIEN STATUS AS A STUDENT: THAT HE JOINED THE COMMUNIST PARTY AFTER COMING HERE, AND THAT HE BECAME AFFILIATED WITH AN ORGANIZATION (THE COMMUNIST PARTY) WHICH ADVOCATED OVERTHROW OF THE U.S. GOVERNMENT.

RB623PES

B27

(180)PX PG CO

NEW YORK, APRIL 29-(AP)-NINETEEN BRITISH PARENTS OF G.I. BRIDES ARRIVED HERE ABOARD THE LINER WASHINGTON TODAY TO VISIT THEIR DAUGHTERS AND TAKE A LOOK AT THE UNITED STATES.

THE VISITORS ARE MEMBERS OF TWO ORGANIZATIONS: THE G.I. BRIDES, PARENTS AND FRIENDS ASSOCIATION OF READING, ENGLAND, AND THE BRITISH PARENTS AND FRIENDS TRANSATLANTIC ASSOCIATION. THEY REPRESENT THE VANGUARD OF A NUMBER OF PARENTS OF G.I. WIVES WHO PLAN TO VISIT

THE UNITED STATES THIS SUMMER.

MANY OF THOSE ARRIVING SAID THEY HAD COME ESPECIALLY TO VISIT

GRANDCHILDREN WHOM THEY NEVER HAD SEEN.

TYPICAL AMONG THEM WAS MRS.SARAH ROSE SIGGERY WHO SAID SHE FOUNDED THE READING ORGANIZATION BECAUSE "I THOUGHT IT WAS A NICE THING TO DO." MRS.SIGGERY IS THE MOTHER OF MRS.KENNETH MARVIN REBER OF (ROUTE

THREE) POTTSVILLE, PA. THE REBERS HAVE TWO INFANT SONS.

"ALL MY LIFE I'VE WANTED TO COME TO AMERICA BUT I NEVER KNEW WHY," MRS.SIGGERY TOLD NEWSMEN. "MY DAUGHTER HAS BEEN VERY HAPPY IN THE UNITED STATES AND I CANNOT UNDERSTAND ALL THE REPORTS I HAVE HEARD ABOUT BRITISH GIRLS RETURNING HOME BECAUSE THEY DID NOT LIKE YOUR

MRS.SIGGERY WAS ACCOMPANIED BY MRS.EDITH ACHESON, ALSO OF READING. MRS.ACHESON PLANS TO VISIT HER DAUGHTER MRS.PADL UNDERWOOD OF (64 UTH STREET) BERLIN HEIGHTS, O. SOUTH STREET) BERLIN HEIGHTS, O.

B65WX

(110) AP SPECIAL WASHINGTON SERVICE WASHINGTON, APRIL 29-(AP)-THREE AMERICANS WERE DECORATED TODAY BY CANADIAN AMBASSADOR HUME WRONG FOR WARTIME SERVICE TO HIS COUNTRY. MAJ. GEN. MYRON C. CRAMER, FORMER ARMY JUDGE ADVOCATE GENERAL, AND REAR ADMIRAL JOHN H.CASSADY, BOTH NOW OF WASHINGTON, WERE MADE COMPANIONS OF THE ORDER OF THE BATH. CASSADY FORMERLY LIVED AT

SPENCER, IND. FLIGHT LIEUTENANT J.E.WILLIAMS, ROYAL CANADIAN AIR FORCE RETIRED, WHO FORMERLY LIVED IN GRAND RAPIDS, MICH., WAS AWARDED THE DISTINGUISHED FLYING CROSS. HE NOW RESIDES IN ARLINGTON, VA. LAWRENCE C. MOORE OF WASHINGTON WAS GIVEN TWO DECORATIONS AWARDED

POSTHUMOUSLY TO HIS BROTHER, FLIGHT LIEUT. L.A. MOORE, RCAF, FORMERLY OF TROY, N.Y. THEY WERE THE DISTINGUISHED FLYING CROSS AND THE AIR FORCE CROSS.

VH915PED NM

B66KX (Q) NY FOR CP

AUSTIN, TEX., APRIL 29-(AP)-THE ROYAL CANADIAN AIR FORCE AMBASS-ADORS OF GOODWILL WILL END THEIR FOUR-DAY TEXAS VISIT TOMORROW.

THE 70-MAN CONTINGENT, WHICH PARTICULARLY HONORED TEXANS WHO WORE RCAF WINGS DURING WORLD WAR II, ARE TO LEAVE IN THEIR TWO TRANSPORTS IN THE MORNING.

ONE PLANE, HEADED BACK TO OTTAWA, LEAVES AT 9 A.M.CST THE OTHER, BOOKED FOR WINNIPEG, LEAVES AT NOON, BEARING AIR VICE MARSHAL K.M. GUTHRIE AND MRS.GUTHRIE. THE VICE MARSHAL REPRESENTED THE RCAF COMMAND-ING OFFICER DURING THE MISSION.

THE PARTY SPENT THIS MORNING ON A CONDUCTED TOUR OF RANDOLPH FIELD

AT SAN ANTONIO.

EW717PCS

A118 (400)

BY WILLIAM L.PHILLIPS LAKE SUCCESS, APRIL 29-(AP)-THE UNITED STATES, BRITAIN, MEXICO AND EBANON WILL TRY TO SETTLE BY MONDAY THE EXACT LEGAL POSITION OF A COUNTRY IN RELATION TO FREEDOM OF THE PRESS.

THE FOUR COUNTRIES WERE MAMED TO A SUBCOMMITTEE OF THE U.N. ASSEMBLY'S COMMITTEE TONIGHT AFTER APPROVAL OF THE FIRST EIGHT WORDS ARTICLE ONE OF A DRAFT CONVENTION ON FREEDOM OF INFORMATION. ERWIN D.CANHAM, EDITOR OF THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR, AND U.S.DELEGATE, WARNED THE COMMITTEESTHE LEGAL PROBLEM MUST BE SETTLED

NOW OR THE U.S. MIGHT HAVE "10,000 LAW SUITS THE FIRST WEAR" AFTER THE CONVENTION COMES INTO EFFECT.

"MY COUNTRYMEN ARE VERY LITIGIOUS -- FOND OF TESTING LEGISLATION.

AS IS RIGHT AND PROPER, " CANHAM SAID.
THE CONVENTION, DRAFTED ORIGINALLY LAST YEAR AT GENEVA, IS A COMPANION PIECE TO ANOTHER PROPOSED PACT THE SOCIAL GROUP HAS BEEN WORKING OVER ON THE "INTERNATIONAL TRANSMISSION OF NEWS AND THE RIGHT OF CORRECTION."

THE COMMITTEE STARTED WORK ON IT THIS MORNING BUT GOT NO FARTHER THAN APPROVING THE WORDS "SUBJECT TO THE FURTHER PROVISIONS OF THIS CONVENTION" WHEN THE LEGAL PROBLEM AROSE.

ARTICLE ONE PLEDGES SIGNATORY COUNTRIES NOT TO IMPAIR FREEDOM OF ENTRY, CIRCULATION AND TRANSMISSION ABROAD OF INFORMATION AND OPINIONS, FOR THEIR OWN NATIONALS AND FOREIGNERS LEGALLY WITHIN THEIR TERRITORY.

MAIN LEGAL POINTS TO BE RECONCILED BY THE AFOUR SUBSOMMITTEE MEMBERS,

ARE OVER:

1. A "NON-SELF EXECUTING CLAUSE" PROPOSED BY THE UNITED STATES. THIS WOULD REQUIRE CONTRACTING COUNTRIES TO "UNDERTAKE" TO REVISE THEIR LAWS TO FIT THE CONVENTION, AFTER ACCEPTING AND RATIFYING IT.

2. A MEXICAN CONTENTION BACKED WARMLY BY CHILE IN RELATION TO ITS

ANTI-COMMUNIST LAWS, THAT THE CONVENTION SHOULD NOT OVERBIDE EXISTING LEGISLATION.

CANHAM SAID HIS PROPOSAL WAS NECESSARY FOR THE U.S., BECAUSE A RATIFIED TREATY BECOMES LAW UNDER THE CONSTITUTION.

WITHOUT THE PROVISION THAT DOMESTIC LAWS WERE TO BE REVISED TO FIT, HE FORESAW "CONFUSION TWICE CONFOUNDED" BY LAW SUITS. INCLUDING POSSIBLE THREATS TO THE WHOLE AMERICAN SYSTEM OF LICENSING PADIO BROADCASTING STATIONS.

CANHAM DID NOT ELABORATE THE LATTER POINT, BUT SAID HE HAD BEEN ADVISED ACCEPTING THE CONVENTION WITHOUT THE CLAUSE MIGHT UPSET THE

"WHOLE ECONOMIC AND LEGAL STRUCTURE OF THE U.S."

BRITAIN, SWEDEN AND CHINA SAID THEY COULD NOT ACCEPT THE CONVENTION WITH THE AMERICAN CLAUSE, BUT WOULD HAVE TO HAVE NECESSARY LEGISLATION BEFORE ACCEPTING THE CONVENTION.

THE U.N. LEGAL DEPARTMENT ASKED FOR AN OPINION, SAID THAT UNDER THE U.S. PROPOSAL. THE CONVENTION COULD BECOME BINDING INTERNATIONALLY, BUT NOT GO INTO EFFECT WITHIN AMY PARTICULAR COUNTRY UNTIL THAT COUNTRY HAD COMPLIED WITH THE REQUIREMENT OF PASSING NECESSARY LEGISLATION.

BJ1123PED

APRIL 29-(AP)-A DIPLOMATIC SOURCE AT THE UNITED NATIONS TODAY SAID PRESIDENT CHAIM WEIZMANN OF ISRAEL HAD DINNER LAST NIGHT WITH FRANCIS CARDINAL SPELLMAN, CATHOLIC ARCHBISHOP OF NEW YORK.

AUBREY EBAN, ISRAELI REPRESENTATIVE TO THE U.N., ALSO WAS RE-

PORTED TO HIME BEEN A GUEST OF THE CARDINAL AT HIS HOME.

A DELEGATION AIDE WHO REFUSED TO BE IDENTIFIED SAID THEY PRESUMABLY KED OVER RECENT STATEMENTS FROM THE VATICAN AND ISPAEL ON WHAT CONTROL MAY BE ESTABLISHED OVER JERUSALEM. THE CARDINAL'S OFFICE HAD

ISRAELLMPPOSED A U.N. PLAN FOR INTERNATIONAL RULE OVER JERUSALEM BUT WOULD AGREE TO FREE ACCESS FOR FOLLOWERS OF RELIGIONS TO THE

HOLY PLACES THEY HOLD SACRED.

THE MAIN RELIGIONS INVOLVED ARE CHRISTIAN, JEWISH AND MOSEL.

THE VATICAN VIEW HOLDS MORE WITH THE U.M. PLAN TO PUT THE CITY

UNDER INTERNATIONAL RULE.

A SPOKESMAN SAID CARDINAL SPELLMAN'S QUARTERS FLEW THREE FLAGS FOR THE OCCASION -- THOSE OF THE VATICAN. THE UNITED STATES AND ISRAEL. THE U.N. ASSEMBLY'S STEERING COMMITTEE VOTED OVER ARAB OPPOSITION TODAY TO SPEED UP ACTION ON ISRAEL'S APPLICATION FOR MEMBERSHIP IN UNITED MATIONS.

HE 14-MATION STEERING COMMITTEE RECOMMENDED, 10 TO 2, THAT ISPAEL'S BID BE TRANSFERRED FROM THE ASSEMBLY'S REGULAR POLITICAL COMMITTEE

WHERE IT WAS AT THE BOTTOM OF A LONG LIST OF OTHER BUSINESS.

THE STEERING COMMITTEE PROPOSED THAT ISRAEL'S APPLICATION TO BECOME THE 59TH U.N. MEMBER BE GIVEN TO THE SPECIAL 58-NATION POLI-TICAL COMMITTEE FOR EARLY HEARINGS, PROBABLY STARTING MO DAY AT LAKE

THE RECOMMENDATION TO SWITCH MUST BE RATIFIED BY THE ENTIRE 58-

ONLY LEBANON AND IRAN VOTED AGAINST THE TRANSFER. MEXICO ABSTAINED. IF THE ISRAEL QUESTION REMAINED IN THE REGULAR POLITICAL COMM-ITTER IT MIGHT NOT COME UP AT ALL AT THE CURPENT SESSION. THE COMMITTEE IS WRESTLING WITH THE PROBLEM OF ITALY'S PRE-WAR COLONIES. DISCUSSION OF SPAIN IS NEXT ON ITS AGENDA. JK643PED

NEW YORK, APRIL 29-(AP)-THE UNITED NATIONS IS AFRAID THAT IT MAY TART A WAR IF IT TRIES TO ENFORCE A DEFINITE STAND ON WORLD PROBLEMS,

JOHN FOSTER DULLES SAID TOWIGHT.

DULLES, A UNITED STATES DELEGATE TO THE U.N. GENERAL ASSEMBLY,

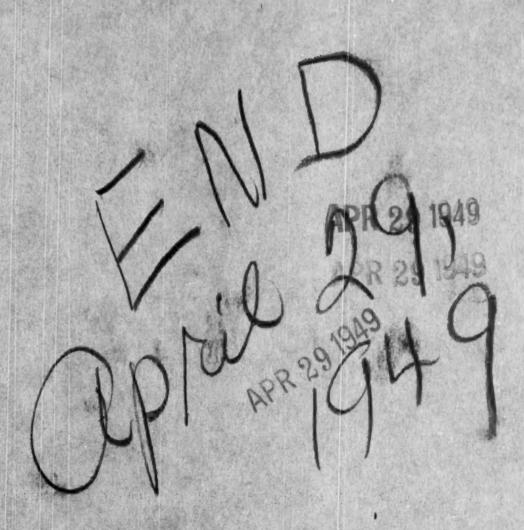
BLAMED THE ATTITUDE ON A SHARP DIVISION IN THE WORLD "AS TO WHAT DIGHT AND WHAT IS WRONG NATIONAL CONDUCT AND WHAT ARE HUMAN PIGHTS
THAT OUGHT TO BE RESPECTED."
IN AN ADDRESS BEFORE A SYMPOSIUM AT UNION THEOLOGICAL SEMINARY,

THE DIVISION IS SO SHARP THAT THE UNITED NATIONS DOES 2019 PORE TO USE EVEN THE MODEST ENFORCEMENT POWER IT ACTUALLY POSSESSES, TEST IT PRECIPITATE A WAR THROUGH TRYING TO IMPOSE THE WILL OF A SCANT MAJORITY UPON A DETERMINED, CONVINCED AND POWERFUL MINORITY." THE UNITED MATIONS." THEY WERE URGED BY DULLES TO HELP "CREATE THE WORLD-WIDE MORAL SENSITIVENESS THAT ENABLES THE U.N. TO BE EFFECTIVE AND BY LAYING THE FOUNDATION NEEDED TO ENABLE THE UNITED NATIONS TO GROW INTO A WORLD GOVERNMENT.

"A RELIGIOUS VIEW OF THE MATURE OF MAN IS THE ONLY VIEW THAT CAN PRODUCE THE SENSE OF HUMAN DIGNITY, THE TOLERANCE, THE LIVING TOGETHER IN PEACE AS GOOD NEIGHBORS WHICH THE UNITED NATIONS SEEKS," DULLES

THE SYMPOSIUM ON "THE CHURCHES AND THE UNITED NATIONS" WAS SPONSORED BY THE COMMISSION OF THE CHURCHES ON LATERNATIONAL AFFAIRS OF THE FRED CONFERENCE OF CHURCHES . BJ1110PED

30.24 2833



U. N. Approves Action On Iron-Curtain Trials; Assembly Head Predicts 'Early End' Of Blockade The Assembly voted on the Iron

ACCEPTS U.S.

Assembly Approves Plan For Settlement Under Peace Treaties

New York, April 30 (A)-The United Nations Assembly approved today an American-backed plan for settlement under the peace treaties of disputes over the trial of religious leaders behind the Iron Curtain.

The final Assembly vote in the row over the trials of Josef Cardinal Mindszenty and fifteen Bulgarian Protestant clergymen was against it
The Assembly kept the case be-

fore the United Nations until next fall to see what has been done since it acted. The Assembly also appealed to Bulgaria and Hungary to co-operate in reaching a settlement. Bulgaria and Hungary refused to accept an invitation to speak for themselves here.

Curtain trials in an extraordinary Saturday session.

The United States has charged that human rights were violated, but the American delegation decided the best course now is to take it up under the peace treaties with Hungary and Bulgaria.

West Attacked By Gromyko

Andrei Gromyko, Soviet deputy foreign minister, has attacked the West at every turn for backing the case in the United Nations. He said the trials were an internal matter and not the business of the United

Sir Alexander Cadogan, British delegate, told the Assembly this morning Gromyko's arguments were "not rational."

"It is the hounding of men for their political opinions that is the basis of our complaint against the Hungarian and Bulgarian governments," Cadogan said.

Joža Vlfan, of Yugoslavia, and V. P. Kovalenko, of the Soviet Ukraine, backed Gromyko's arguments today, saying any United Nations action would be a grave interference in the rights of sovereign states.

Pole Approves First Section

Poland's Jan Drohojowski called for a vote on the resolution by sections. He said all could support the first operative paragraph, declaring the Assembly "expresses its deep concern at the grave accusations made against the governments of Hungary and Bulgaria regarding the suppression of human rights and fundamental freedoms in those countries.

Poland, Russia and the rest of the Slav bloc joined the majority in the vote of 40 to 0 with nine abstentions on this paragraph.

The remainder of the resolution. noting "with satisfaction" that steps have been taken for solution under the peace treaties and retaining the item on the Assemby's agenda, was

Text Of Resolution

The text of the resolution fol-

"Observances in Bulgaria and Hungary of human rights and fundamental freedoms:

"The General Assembly.

"Considering that one of the purposes of the United Nations is to achieve international co-operation in promoting and encouraging respect for human rights and fundamental freedoms for all, without distinction as to race, sex language or religion.

"Considering that the govern ments of Bulgaria and Hungary have been accused, before the General Assembly, of acts contrary to the purposes of the United Nations and to their obligations under the peace treaties to ensure to all per sons within their respective jurisdictions the enjoyment of human rights and fundamental freedoms.

"1. Expresses its deep concern at the grave accusations made against the governments of Bulgaria and Hungary regarding the suppression of human rights and fundamental freedoms in those coun-

"2. Notes with satisfaction that steps have been taken by several states' signatories to the peace treaties with Bulgaria and Hungary regarding these accusations, and expresses the hope that measures will be diligently applied in accordance with the treaties, in order to insure respect for human rights and the fundamental freedoms:

"3. Most urgently draws the attention of the governments of Bul garia and Hungary to their obliga tions under the peace treaties, in cluding the obligation to co-operate in the settlement of all these questions, and

"4. Decides to retain the question on the agenda of the fourth regular session of the General As sembly of the United Nations.'

Direct Censure Avoided

The long, bitter United Nations debate started with a Bolivian proposal in March to inquire into the trial of Hungarian Cardinal Minds

zenty and trials of Protestant clergymen.

Although Western spokesmen condemned the church trials, the final resolution approved by the Assembly avoided direct censure of the two countries. Proposals by Cuba and Australia to set up a United Nations investigating com missions were voted down in the committee hearings after the United States and Britain urged direct negotiations first under peace-treaty machinery.

Britain and the United States as signers of the Hungarian and Bulgarian peace treaties, already have accused the two governments of violating treaty guarantees of human rights. This is the first step under the treaty machinery to

settle disputes over alleged treaty

On the Palestine question Charles Malik, Lebanese delegate said the Arab bloc in the United Nations would "continue to fight the Israeli application at every stage."

The transfer was indorsed by the Assembly's steering committee yesterday, 12 to 2. Lebanon and Iran voted against it,

Arabs, with the support of some Latin-American delegates, hope to postpone action until the Assembly's fall session.

Pope Pius XII has advocated some form of international control of the Jerusalem area. Israel has promised free access to holy places of all religions.

U.N. Stand Near In Disputes On Clergy Trials

New York, April 30 (A)-The United Nations Assembly neared a

backed plan for disputes over the trials of religious leaders behind the Iron Curtain to be settled under the peace treaties.

The question involved the trials and convictions of Josef Cardinal Mindszenty, Hungarian primate, and of fifteen Protestant clergymen in Bulgaria.

Assembly Debating Report

The United States and a majority of the members of the Assembly's Special Political Committee voted to let the dispute go through the machinery for settlement set up in peace treaties with Hungary and Bulgaria. They also voted to keep the affair before the Assembly for review next fall. The full assembly is debating whether to approve the

committee report.

Benjamin V. Cohen, United States delegate, appealed yesterday to the Soviet bloc countries to lift the Iron Curtain and help build a friendly, peaceful world. He said the United States would make every possible effort to see that fundamental freedoms are restored in the former enemy countries.

Gromyko Ignores Appeal

Andrei A. Gromyko, Soviet Deputy Foreign Minister, ignored Cohen's appeal when he spoke against the committee decision.

Gromyko said Cardinal Mindszenty and his "henchmen" worked actively toward a new war with big power backing. (A00)

New York, April 30 (A)-Dr. Herbert V. Evatt, president of the United Nations Assembly, said today there is every reason to anticipate the "early lifting" of the Berlin blockade.

Evatt has been informed of each step in the secret talks here between Dr. Philip C. Jessup, United States Ambassador, and Jakob A. Malik, Soviet Deputy Foreign Minister. All signs indicate the Russians and the West are reaching agreement on lifting the ten-

months blockad

Evatt's statement follows:

"There is every reason to anticipate the ending of the long-protracted and most dangerous Berlin dispute and the early lifting of the blockade.

"The United Nations will have every reason to rejoice when the settlement is complete; first, because the organization is dedicated to the purposes of international peace and international justice: second, because acting through its General Assembly, its Security Council and its Secretary General it has consistently and vigorously promoted every practical measure aimed at the earliest completion of the peace settlements.

Evatt Hopes Far East Also Will Be Benefited

Sees Ground Cleared For Fresh Approach To Just And Stable Peace Settlements Greenter

Aid For Far East Seen

"A Berlin settlement will by no means cover the whole area of great-power dispute: But it will certainly clear the ground for a fresh approach to just and stable

peace settlements in relation not only to Germany but to the equally important-and too often forgotten -- Far East: Not only by the great powers themselves but, in accordance with the Mexican resolution

at the Paris General Assembly, by those middle and smaller powers who contributed unstintingly to the overthrow of the aggressors of 1939-1945."

The Mexican resolution to which Evatt referred calls on the great powers to co-operate in settling their arguments over Germany and all other rows among themselves.

The resolution was approved unanimously in the United Nations assembly in Paris. The delegates stopped the usual East-West fighting to approve the resolution and then continued the East-West battle after it was adopted. (900)

Talks Center On Details

Washington, April 30 (A)-Informal talks with Russia on ending the Berlin blockade are understood today to have progressed to the question of defails, such as

Russia is said to have reassured the Western powers that it is fully prepared to drop the Berlin bar piers if the west will end us counterblockade and schedule a fourpower meeting on Germany.

Although Western authorities are still wary, this apparently means that Russia has determined not to argue for a halt in the for mation of a western German government as a condition pending the proposed session of the Council of Foreign Ministers.

The State Department, which carlier had talked quite freely about the quiet negotiations. was silent on whatever Philip C. Jessup, American Ambassador, re-

ported here today.

Jessus Gees To Washington

Jessup met in New York yesterday with Jakob A. Malik. Soviet Deputy Foreign Minister. After the conference the ambassador's aides would say only that it was a "satisfactory" meeting and the Russians as usual would not talk at all. Jessup reported to Dean Acheson, Secretary of State, last night by phone, then came to Washington for policy talks with other department officials.

Jessup met with Dean Rusk, assistant Secretary of State, and one of Acheson's chief political officers. and Charles E. Bohlen, department counselor and Russian expert.

Through M:

mough michael J. McDermott press officer, he also disclosed that "there will be other meetings" between him and Malik.

From other sources it was learned the United States intends to talk with Britain and France about whether the New York negotiations have reached the point where they should now be broadened to include not only Jessup and Malik but also representatives of the other two Western powers.

Greatest Hurdles Crossed

This means that authorities here feel the Jessup-Malik conversations have made considerable progress even though neither the Russian nor American Government is yet actually bound to any agreement. That is what is meant by the State Department's repeated insistence that the talks are "exploratory."

The greatest hurdles were crossed in two big policy jumps taken by the Soviet Union. The first of these came last Tuesday after Jessup and Malik had been going through their slow-moving diplomatic talk routine for two

On Tuesday the Tass news agency announced that Russia was ready to lift the blockade of Berlin provided the Western Allies would simultaneously end their counterblockade of the Soviet zone of Germany and would set a date for a meeting of the four-power Council of Foreign Ministers to reopen talks on all of Germany.

The Western powers always had regarded the counterblockade as resulting only from the Soviet action in Berlin. They always had said they were willing to have another foreign ministers' meeting once the Berlin blockade was ended. (1347)

More Talks Due Between U.S. **And Soviet**

Washington, April 30 (AP) - A State Department official said today that "there will be other meetings" on the Berlin blockade situation between American Ambassador Philip Jessup and Soviet Deputy Foreign Minister Jakob A. Malik.

This information, indicating officially that the Soviet-American negotiations have not yet reached a final decision, came from Depart-

ment Press Officer Michael J. Mc-Dermott. A short time earlier he had talked with Jessup.

Talks To Rusk

Jessup, meanwhile conferred with Assistant Secretary of State Dean Rusk, one of the department's top political officers, and with Charles E. Bohlen, an expert on

Russian policy.
Secretary of State Acheson and Under Secretary of State Webb are both out of town, McDermott said. He added that there is no policy significant to their absences. He said that he does not know exactly where Webb went for the week end, but that Acheson is at his near-by Maryland farm.

Talks Satisfactory

McDermott reported that Jessup telephoned Acheson from New York last night concerning results of the latest talk with Malik.

Earlier in New York, American informants had said that the meeting was "satisfactory." The impression prevailed that Russia and the Western powers were slowly approaching an agreement for lifting the Russian blockade of Berlin and the Western counterblockade of the Soviet zone, and for a meeting of the Council of Foreign Ministers in Paris toward the end of May.

Lid Clamped Tight

McDermott made clear tight secrecy had been reimposed on the negotiations after the outburst of information Tuesday which followed Russian disclosure of a proposal to lift the blockade. He said, "Jessup can't talk about the substance or nature of the discussions.'

In connection with the prospect for other meetings, McDermott said no date had been set for a followup Jessup-Malik talk. He also could not say which nation might start the ball rolling for a session next time. Yesterday's New York meeting was held at Malik's request.

Reds Over World To Mark May Day

LONDON, April 30 (AP).-The disunited workers of the world observe their 60th annual May Day tomorrow.

The traditional labor holiday finds the Socialist dream of international working class solidarity blasted in the bitter struggle between Communist and non-Communist.

Toroughout Western Europe, the one-time day of celebration will find the two factions arrayed against each other in parades and ceremonies, each firing propaganda against the other.

Berlin Communists and anti-Communists already have clashed in street fighting near the border of the United States and British sectors. The city's police have been ordered on full less ELEBRATION

Russia and her satellites prepared strictly Communist demonstrations. Even Yugoslavia, on the Kremlin black list since Marshal Tito refused to hew to the Cominform line, planned a big parade

Moscow was decked in gay, holiday colors for the parade in Red Square. Alexander Vasilevsky, Soviet Minister of the Armed Forces, was named to review the troops and workers.

There was no indication Prime Minister Josef Stalin will be on hand. He wasn't there last year either, having gone to a Black Sea resort for his health.

The Moscow newspaper New Times declared editorially the Soviet Union is an undying beacon for "all progressive mankind, pointing the way to liberty from the chains of capitalist slavery and to genuine progress." Other Russian publications pursued the same theme.

2,000,000 IN WARSAW

Warsaw expected 2,000,000 to march in Polish towns and cities, with detachments of the Polish army and air force joining the demonstrations for the first time. Red banners denouncing the North Atlantic alliance and "Anglo-Saxon war mongers" and praising Russia have been prepared with the approval of the Communist-led United Workers Party.

Rome's Communist-led Chamber of Labor announced public transport service and taxis will halt for the day. Food stores will shut down.

In Paris, Gen. Charles de Gaulle called a meeting of his supporters in the Bois de Boulogne to counter the usual May Day parade of the large French Communist Party.

Communists and Social Democrats waged propaganda warfare in the Scandanavian countries.

NORWAY LABOR BARS REDS

Norway's labor organizations excluded Communists from their usual joint May Day celebration this year. Some 40,000 are expected to march in the official, non-Communist parade in Oslo. The Communists will hold a separate demonstration.

The two parties scheduled rival parades and separate mass meetings in Copenhagen, capital of Denmark.

Premier Tage Erlander tops the list of speakers at celebrations called by the Social Democrats in about 1000 Swedish cities and towns. Stockholm Communists offered one crowds Paul Robeson, the American singer, as a counter attraction.

NO PARADE IN LONDON

London will have no May Day parade. Police banned political marches because of demonstrations recently against Sir Oswald Mosley's "Union Movement." Mosley was the leader of Britain's pre-war Fascist Party.

Prime Minister Clement Attlee and other Government officials will speak at labor gatherings.

Communist leaders in Tokyo forecast 600,000 Japanese will turn out at the Imperial Plaza for the May Day celebration. Gen. Douglas Mac-Arthurs' headquarters suggested that Americans not on duty stay out of the way of marchers to "avoid

accidents." A similar suggestion was made by U. S. Army authorities in South Korea.

Seoul police arrested about 100 Koreans as a precaution against May Day violence directed by Commu-

nists. (ADD)

Anti-Reds Map Mass Rallies For May Day

London, April 30 (A)-Anti-Communists outside the iron curtain plan some stiff competition to the propaganda blasts the Communists will let fly in tomorrow's May Day celebrations.

In the Soviet orbit the international labor holiday seemed headed for its old program of denunciations of the United States and Britain. Pravda, official Communist. newspaper in Moscow, kicked off with a May Day editorial accusing "warmongers" in the United States and Britain of "mad plans" to rule the world-plans which it said "will not succeed."

Moscow planned a parade, with big military display, and a mass meeting in Red Square.

Outside the iron curtain, the anti-Communists will have their say,

The rivalry is especially acute in countries of western Europe which signed the North Atlantic defense alliance, and in Germany, hub of the cold war.

France's Charles de Gaulle called big mass meeting to counter the Communists' parade and demonstration against the Marshall plan and "warmongers."

Rival Meetings Due

Italy's Communist - dominated Chamber of Labor ordered all public transport except railway trains to halt for the holiday. Communists and fellow travelers in Rome and the anti-Communist Free Labor Confederation scheduled rival mass meetings.

Rival parades will be held in Copenhagen, Denmark, and rival meetings in the same park. Separate demonstrations also are planned in Norway, where Communists and non-Communists celebrated together in past years. Norwegian labor organizations have excluded the Communists.

Berlin Police Alerted

Communists in neutral Sweden billed Paul Robeson, American singer, as an attraction at their Stockholm rally.

West Berlin police have been alerted for possible disorders stemming from rival celebrations, as a result of street fighting Thursday. The Communists plan to send columns through the British and French sectors in addition to their meeting in the Soviet section. American officials refused to permit the Communists to march through the United States sector. West Berlin Germans plan a big meeting in the British sector

Pravda Charges U.S. 'Mad Plan' To Run World

London, April 30 (A)-The Moscow radio broadcast an accusation today-the day after the latest New York talks on the Berlin problem-that warmongers in the United States and Britain had "mad plans for world domination," but cannot succeed.

The broadcast quoted a May Day editorial in Pravda, official organ of the Communist party in Moscow, as saying:

"Terrified by approaching crisis." thirsting for an even greater increase in their fabulous profits. monopolists, the uncrowned kings of Wall Street and the city of London, decided that following victory over Germany and Japan the deck was clear for their mad plans for world domination

Hay be threeded

"But the warmongers miscal-

culated. They have not succeeded. and will not succeed in misleading the peoples. The movement for

Pravda quoted Communist May Day slogans including "friendship of the peoples of the Soviet Union, the U.S.A. and Britain is the best guarantee of lasting

A dispatch from Associated Press Correspondent Eddy Gilmore in Moscow, received last night, said the possibilities that the Berlin blockade may be lifted and the Council of Foreign Ministers resume meetings were viewed with extreme caution by the Russians.

Two Subjects Avoided

Gilmore, whose dispatch passed through Russian censorship, reported that Moscow newspapers for two days had refrained from mention of those two subjects. Neither, he said, was the press there reprinting any published comment from abroad concerning the Berlin situation.

He said President Truman's statement that he believes the Soviet Union is acting in good faith in the new Berlin negotiations doubtless has had a good reception in Russia.

"It was probably just the kind of statement that was needed; I am sure it will be appreciated and should generally contribute to the good intentions which seem to be apparent this time on all sides," he quoted a diplomat as saying.

"Turning Point"

Gilmore said there is hope, and some belief, in Russia that settlement of the Berlin problem might lead to better relations generally between the East and West, He quoted a neutral ambassador as saying of the new Berlin discussions:

"Without trying to sound optimistic, this might be the turning point the whole world is waiting

Gas Industry

London, April 30 (P)-Britain's billion dollar gas industry passes into the hands of the Government tomorrow, socialism's international May Day holiday.

It is the seventh major industry nationalized by the Labor party since it came to power in 1945. The others were coal, electricity, inland transport, cable and wireless, airways and the Bank of England.

When dusk falls tomorrow, lamplighters as usual will pedal furiously down British streets on their bicycles, lighting the gas

lamps. However, they will draw their pay henceforth from the state instead of from a gas company.

The Government will add 130. 000 employés to its pay roll. It will take over 1,046 enterprises owned by 771 private companies and 275 municipalities and valued at \$1.060,000,000.

No Big Expansion Problem

The immediate change is largely administrative. A gas council will take over supervision. It will be responsible to the Minister of Fuel and Power. Twelve gas boards scattered through the land will handle regional administrative problems.

The industry has been able to meet consumer demands, so the Government is assuming no problem of major expansion. This is so despite the fact that, since 1938. domestic consumption has increased by 44 per cent and industrial consumption by about 70 per cent.

Fifty-six per cent of Britain's street lighting still is done by gas, and even since the war new gas lamps have been installed in some of London's most fashionable districts.

The industry produces 484,500,-000,000 cubic feet, of gas annually by carbonizing coal 1t produces 12,500,000 tons of coke and 2,000,000 tons of byproducts, such as tar.

No Rate Boost Expected

The compaines have been in sound financial condition and no boost in gas rates is expected after the Government takes over. The average family pays about \$12 a quarter for gas. This is higher than in the United States, but many British families are dependent on gas for their heating.

About 54,000 gas company employés have held shares worth \$18,-000,000 in the companies under a copartnership scheme dating back 50 years. They draw an annual bonus of about \$2,000,000. The Government has decided to continue this plan for another two years.

Vet Points To U.N. Code In Wife Ban

veteran accused the United States tonight of violating the United Nations Code of Human Rights by barring his British Communist bride from America.

John A. Wolfard, 38, former Navy lieutenant, wrote the United States Embassy here:

"It is my contention that a persistence in the refusal to grant my wife a visa would be in violation of the whole spirit of the Declaration of Human Rights."

Read Of U.N. Debates
Wolfard Commission of economics at the University of Utah and the University of Montana, met his wife in England last summer. They were married New Year's Eve.

Embassy officials said Mrs. Wolfard's first application was rejected because it was "prejudicial to the public interest.'

He said he read reports of United Nations debates on Russia's refusal to permit wives of Westerners to leave Russia.

Member Of The Party

"I Westenr delegates contend Russia violates the Human Rights Declaration by not letting Russian wives to the Western countries." he asked a reporter, "why don't the United States let my British wife

Wolfard said his wife was a member of the British Communist party. He wrote the embassy, however, that she never has advocated use of violence to overthrow the United States Government.

"I am determined not to go home until she can go with me," Wolfard said.

His father, Howard Wolfard, lives in Tacoma, Wash.; his mother, Mrs Edith Zilske, in Los Angeles.

In the last week of April, heavy rains broke the longest drought Italy has seen in 30 years.

Germany welcomed heavy thun derstorm, Showers in Czechoslovakia were said to have "turned ominous dangers into brilliant prospects.'

Northern Europe was in good shape.

Britain reported below-average rainfall, but said recent rains came before crops were damaged.

Belgium and Holland had good prospects. Norway and Sweden. where it is still early for predictions, reported normal weather,

Soviet Conditions Good

Moscow said "conditions seem to favor another large Soviet grain crop, with soil moisture good at present." Sown grain acreage in Russia was indicated at 2,500,000 acres larger than in 1948.

Europe's crops last year were ex-ceptionally good because of ideal weather. This year, Marshall planners had hoped to make up any deficiencies in the weather with increased plantings, additional fertilizer and better machinery. Targets in the nineteen Marshall plan areas include:

Wheat, 1.012,000.000 bushels. Rye. 237.000.000 bushels. Potatoes, 2.717,000,000 bushels.

Showers Bring Some Relief To Drought-Stricken Europe

Paris, April 80 ers have brought some relief to drought-stricken areas of Europe. but farmers still are worried.

A Marshall plan report says "with abundant rains in the next six weeks excellent crops will be possible, but with continued subnormal rainfall the results will be extremely serious.

Short crops would mean a larger proportion of American aid must go into food imports instead of products that help reconstruction.

Europe's exceptionally warm. sunny spring delighted tourists. but has furrowed the brows of farmers, particularly in the south.

Marshall plan experts noted that rain "has been subnormal in one or more parts of Europe, during each month since September."

of 20 reporting weather stations.

Heavy Razar all in Italy In France, March rains were only 13 to 53 per cent of normal at 13

It is doubtful these totals will be reached.

Greece had smaller plantings and dry weather. Turkey's seeding was interrupted by an early winter. Heavy thunderstorms helped farmers in Portugal. Streets were flooded in part of Lisbon.

In Spain, which is not a Marshall plan partner, a drought which started in 1945, is still underway. The shortage of pasture has brought heavy slaughtering of cattle and Madrid said:

"The drought is even reflected in the bullrings, where the bulls are exhausted halfway through the fights."

'PEACE' RALLY DRAWS ATTACK

U.S. Author Says 'Ideological

Hooliganism' Was Preached

Paris, April 30 (P)—An American speaker at the Revolutionary Democratic Rally charged today the recent Communist-sponsored world "peace" congress preached "ideological hooliganism."

The congress was an attempt to manipulate "deeply felt sentiments for peace and freedem by applying a Soviet version of Adolf Hitler's technique of the big lie," said James T. Farrell, American author.

The Revolutionary Democratic Rally, a Leftist group influenced by the French playwright, Jean-Paul Sartre, held a mass meeting at the Palais des Sports tonight to proclaim a crusade against war and dictatorship. The recent wor'd "peace" congress here said nothing about dictatorship.

Dang Grahh, Cited Another speaker, Sidney Hook

philosophy professor of New York University who is chairman of Americans for Intellectual Freedom, spoke with Farrell at a day session in the Sorbonne auditorium

Saying that Hitler's "mad naionalism" tried to impose a straitacket on all science and art, Hook declared:

"Today in the Soviet Union, and gradually in all other countries behind the Iron Curtain, similar obscurantist views are being imposed on all scientists, writers and artists. The color of the intellectual straitjacket is different, but the cut is the same.

Hook said that as long as Soviet authorities carry on this "cold pogrom" against objective truth "the danger is increased that what cannot be solved by reasoning together will be settled by fighting together."

Assails Soviet Propoganda

He said that nowhere in the world was there less freedom of movement and choice than in the Soviet Union. He commented that President Truman had signed his name to a report on civil liberties which freely admitted evils, then asked

reports condemning the evils of slave labor, the repression of civil liberties and the destruction of free trade unions?

30.24- 2837

Farrell said Soviet propaganda was deliberately misrepresenting American life in order to create a myth of a Soviet heaven and an American hell, and "all critics of the Russian regime are then turned into sinful enemies of the human race.

Break With Stalinism Urged

Jacques de Kadt, a Dutch Socialst, urged Leftists everywhere to break with Stalinism, which he called an "enemy of peace."

He drew both cheers and boos en he backed the North Atlantic liance and said only the military rce of the United States made it possible to hold a meeting for peace and freedom on the European continent.

There was some disorder when several youths tried to interrupt Raphael Riba, a polish representative of Jewish Socialists. Police were called to oust three or four of the youths. Police said they were Trotskyites who were disappointed at not being given a place on the program.

Communism Hit By Liberals As

can liberals today compared the Soviet system to naziism, and called for an intellectual crusade to preserve Western democratic liberties.

Sidney Hook, chairman of the Americans for Intellectual Freedom and philosophy professor at New York University, and James T. Farrell, American author, took up cudgels in defense of the Marshall plan and the North Atlantic pact before a non-Communist-Left 'peace and freedom" meeting in the Sorbonne auditorium.

War, Dictators Opposed

The meeting was sponsored by ne "Revolutionary Democratic Rally," a Leftist group influenced by playwright Jean-Paul Sartre which is staging a public mass

meeting tonight in the Palais des Sports, the city's largest hall, to proclaim its opposition to war and dictatorship.

Hook recalled Hitler's "mad nationalism," which he said sought to impose an ideological straitjacket jacket on all science, art and inquiry.

Only Color Is Different

"Today in the Soviet Union. and gradually in all other countries behind the iron curtain." he declared. "similar obscurantist views are being imposed on all scientists. writers and artists. The color of the intellectual straitjacket is different, but not its cut."

Hook asserted that Soviet authorities are carrying on a "cold pogrom" against scientists and writers to force knowledge into a national class and party dogma.

Reasoning Vs. Fighting

"If this attack on even the possibility of objective truth is scrapped, as official Soviet doctrine demands, then the danger is increased that what cannot be solved by reasoning together will be settled by fighting together." he added.

Farrell asserted that Russian propaganda is deliberately misrepresenting the facts of life in America in order to create a myth identifying the Soviet with heaven and America with hell.

Big Lie Technique

Farrell said the speakers at the recent Communist-inspired "World Peace Congress" here, who repeatedly attacked the United States, were practicing "ideological hooliganism" when they manipulated "deeply felt sentiments for peace and freedom by applying a Soviet version of Adolf Hitler's technique of the big lie."

He contrasted labor unions in the West, which protect the workers, and those in the Soviet, which, he said, exist merely to increase production.

WEST READY TO RUN TRAINS

Berlin Traffic Plans Complete
For End Of Blockade

Berlin April 30 (A)—Plans were complete to the last detail in western Germany tonight for resumption of traffic to Berlin—just in case of a May Day announcement from Moscow on the blockade.

A Hamburg dispatch said west German railways were ready to start 30 freight trains a day to Berlin. Officials said they could get 20 trainloads of coal to the city within 24 hours after being given the green light.

While these plans were shaped the western allies' Berlin airlift to-day established new monthly and weekly records for tonnages hauled. In 934 flights by British and American planes, 8,547.2 tons of supplies were brought in, making the weekly total 60,772.2 tons in comparison with last week's 58,155 tons.

In April, the planes brought 235,363.7 tons in 26,026 flights to Berlin. The March total was 196, 160.7 tons.

Heightening a feeling of optimism, the Russians in this divided city granted two British demands with such cordiality that it represented almost a complete change of attitude.

They promised not to interfere again with canal traffic in Britain's sector. They also returned, with an apology, three British military policemen seized yesterday during a raid on a British-occupied farm.

3 Policemen Turned Loose

The two incidents first had Western authorities puzzled because, while Soviet representatives were discussing with Americans the lifting of this city's ten-month blockade, Russian officials on the Berlin level appeared to be acting in an unfriendly manner.

The incident involving the military policemen came out of a raid last night by Communist People's police on a city-owned farm which straddles the British-Russian border. By a 1945 agreement, it was considered in the British zone.

The raiders drove away 34 cows and 36 horses. The three military police, summoned by western Germans, gave chase and were surrounded by east German police. They were taken to a Russian post and turned over to Soviet soldiers.

After a British demand for their release had been the served, the three were turned loose at a little ceremony ten yards inside the Soviet zone today.

Traffic Moving Normally

Bowing and smiling, Soviet Lieutenant General Suronov told British Lieut. Col. J. F. Corbett the British policemen were well-behaved and gave no trouble, but they had been inside the Soviet zone and had to be arrested.

"There's always a big noise around here when something happens," he commented.

The dispute over barge traffic was settled in a meeting between Brigadier E. R. Benson of British headquarters and Gen. P. A. Kvashnin, Soviet transportation chief.

Kvashnin promised "there will be no further interference" with Western craft operating on canal waters in the British sector.

Benson said the meeting at Russian headquarters was carried on with "extreme cordiality." It was the first meeting of its kind in months.

It was arranged after Russian soldiers moved into three lock installations on British-sector canals three days ago and halted British barge traffic. They said they were acting under orders. The British rushed up military police units. The Russians backed down.

Traffic was moving normally today.

Berlin Not Too Confident

So far the Russian press has kept strict silence concerning the meetings in New York on lifting the blockade. There was a possibility the Russians were saving the news for a big May Day pronouncement with Communist propaganda overtones.

Pravda, Communist party newspaper in Moscow, said in an editorial today that "warmongers" and the "uncrowned kings" of Wall Street and City of London had erred in their calculations.

"They have not succeeded and will not succeed in misleading the peoples," it said. "The movement for peace is acquiring ever greater scope."

Divided Berlin was not too confident of peace, however. It looked forward with some apprehension to May Day demonstrations which might give rise to disorder.

Communists organized a big rally in East Berlin. Labor unions in West Berlin planned their own parades. German police alerted all their reserves in case Communists and anti-Communists should meet and fists start flying.

Soviets Release 3 Britons Held In Berlin

Berlin. April 30 (P) — Three British military policemen seized in the Russian sector were released by Soviet authorities today after being detained for 24 hours.

The soldiers had been arrested while they were investigating a raid by Communist police on a city-owned farm which straddles the British-Soviet sector border. The British immediately protested.

Seven British soldiers in all were picked up this week and held in Russian-occupied territory. Four were taken into custody earlier while patrolling on the British zonal border in western Germany. They still are held.

"Away is Noise"

Release of the trio was negotiated on an open highway by Soviet Lieutenant Colonel Suronov and British Lieutenant Colonel J F

Corbett.

Suronov said the Britons gave no trouble, but added that they were in Russian territory and had to be arrested. "There's always a big noise around here when something happens." the Russian said.

The three lance corporals were released without their sidearms. Suronov then gave their pistols to the British officer.

Reds Take Farm

British sector workers who have been on the city-owned farm for several years hastily removed potatoes, furniture and other items today. They said Russian zone Communists were taking the farm over.

Meanwhile, the British and the Russians reached a "friendly" agreement on the controversy over barge traffic.

Brig. E., R. Benson returned from a conference with Gen. P. Kwashnin, Russian transport chief, and announced:

"We agreed that in the future there will be no interference with Western sector watercraft operating in British sector waters."

Canal Traffic Normal

The Russians had descended on three canal locks earlier in the week and tried to assert control over barge traffic in the British sector. Later, Soviet headquarters said the detail had gone beyond its orders and was supposed only to check on registration of water-craft.

Officials at the locks said traffic was proceeding normally today

Death For Himmler Aide Delayed

Berlin, April 30 (A)—Gen. Lucius D. Clay today confirmed the death sentence pronounced on Oswald Pohl, Heinrich Himmler's No. 2 man, but Pohl won a stay of execution pending an appeal to the United States courts.

Pohl was convicted in the Nuernberg trials in November, 1947, of high crimes against humanity. The court held he had major responsibility in rounding up and committing atrocites a ainst slave labor, prisoners of an evilian populations of occupied countries, and others.

Clay also confirmed prison sentences imposed on thirteen other Germans tried with Pohl. Their sentences ranged from ten years to life.

However, he retained for further study the death sentences imposed on two of Pohl's codefendants. They are Franz Eirenschmalz, deputy in charge of concentration camp construction, and Karl Sommer, a supervisor of camp inmates.

All the defendants had been convicted of atrocities.

British Lift Plane Reported Missing

BERLIN, April 30 (AP).—A fourengined British airlift plane, believed to carry a crew of four, disappeared today on a flight from Berlin to West Germany.

Airlift liaison officers said the ship was many hours overdue, and had not been neard from since a radio message nine minutes after the takeoff.

The Royal Air Force sent search planes aloft to seek some trace of the missing craft, a Halton, which is the civilian version of a Halifax bomber.

CLAY REPLIES ON CARTELS

Says Decentralization Is On Unparalleled Scale

Frankfurt, Germany, April 30 (A)—Gen. Lucius D. Clay, replying to criticism by an official investigating committee, asserted today that the "deconcentration of economic enterprise has been accomplished in Germany on a scale without parallel elsewhere."

Clay's statement was made to the Army Department in reply to charges by the committee that American occupation authorities have evaded orders to break up cartels and monopolies.

1,100 Cartel Notices

"The laws which we have enacted clearly prohibit trade practices

which restrain trade and cartel-like formations," the American Military Governor said.

"The number of cartels which have been broken up indicate that this law is being applied.

"More than 1,100 notices of dissolution of cartel arrangements have been recorded. I shall certainly take steps to increase the vigor in application as the commission believes desirable.

"However, just as there are continuing investigations and prosecutions under our own anti-trust laws, so must we expect constant efforts to circumvent the law in Germany."

Renounces U. S. For Reich Bride

MUNICH, Germany, April 30 (AP).— A former U. S. Army sergeant has traded his American citizenship for the love of a Bavarian girl and become a stateless inhabitant of Germany.

Clifford J. Sutton, of Hyde Park, Boston, said today he has renounced his American citizenship in order to marry 19-year-old Ingeborg Miersch of Munich.

Sutton said he was due for redeployment and had proposed to his parents-in-law to take his fiance home to Boston as a "war bride."

BALKED BY HER FATHER

Father Miersch, however, refused permission on the grounds that his daughter is "under age," Sutton said. The former U.S. Army sergeant obtained his release from the Army and went to the American consulate in Munich to waive his citizenship. He has five years before the renunciation becomes final.

Sutton said he has not yet informed his parents of his decision to stay in Germany. Sutton's parents live at Jackson, New Hampshire.

TROUBLED RED TAPE

Sutton, Jr., and Ingeborg plan to marry next week in Munich. She is working as a typist for an American army unit in Munich.

Sutton, meanwhile, is feeling the full impact of German red tape. He said as a stateless person he has to make daily visits to the German police headquarters in Munich before being issued proper identification papers. He earns his living now as a driver for the American Press Club in Munich.

1949

Trains Are Ready For Blockade's End

Hamburg, Germany, April 30 (AP). West German railways are ready to run 30 freight trains a day to Berlin if the blockade is lifted.

Officials said today that, given the all-clear, they can get twenty trainloads of coal to the city within 24

Plans for the resumption of traffic are complete down to the last detail. But there are no food or coal trains standing by at Hanover or Brunswick - nearest marshaling yards to the Soviet frontier.

The first move would be to switch trains from Fassberg and Celleloading points in the British zone for coal and bulky food cargoes. Then, within a day, coal trains would be running direct from the Ruhr to Berlin.

Hitler Youth Aid Sentenced

NUERNBERG, Germany, April 30 (AP) .- Arthur Axmann, Hitler Youth leader, was sentenced today to three years at hard labor as a "major Nazi offender." A Nuernberg denazification court also ordered his property confiscated but he was allowed to keep 3,000 Deutschemarks (\$1,000), as a wardisabled person.

Trans-Jordan Joins Peace Conference

Lausanne, Switzerland, April 30 (A) - A delegation from Trans-Jordan, headed by Defence Minister Fauzi Pasha Nulki, joined the Palestine peace talks here today.

Now all four Arab states bordering on Israeli - occupied territory are represented. Egypt, Syria and Lebanon previously sent delega-

ons. Walter Eyton, head of the political division of the Israeli Foreign Office, has joined Israel's delegation. The peace talks are sponsored by the United Nations Palestine Conciliation Commission, made up of representatives from the United States, France and Turkey.

Negotiations began last week and are being conducted in secret. Thus far the commission has held individual conferences with the various delegations. Israeli and Arab delegates are not expected to sit together at the conference table for some time. The principal problems before the commission concerns the fate of some 800,000 Arab refugees in the Middle East and the juture of Jerusalem.

Rearrest Reported Of Polish Cleric

WARSAW, April 30 (AP) .- Msgr. Zygmunt Kaczynski, vigorous spokesman for the Catholic hierarchy, was reported reliably tonight to have been rearrested by security police.

Msgr. Kaczynski, 55, Minister of Education in the Polish Government in ' ile in London during the war, was first arrested last August on charges of anti-State activities.

He was released 72 hours later, but since then has been kept under watch by police

No information was immediately available as to why he was rearrested. Church circles, however, said he had urged the Catholic leadership to take a stronger stand in its conflict with the Warsaw Gov-

Reds Would Free Greeks

Athens, April 30 (A)-A Foreign Ministry spokesman said today the Soviet Government has proposed that negotiations be started on the question of repatriating 701 Greek prisoners freed by the Soviet Army in Germany and held since by the

Slav May Day Message Blasts West, Cominform

Significantly, the proclamation also declared:

"Attempts are being made in the U.S.S.R. and the countries of the people's democracies to organize an economic and political boycott (against Yugoslavia), while means and measures typical of the capitalistic world are being used to break the working enthusiasm of our masses and to force our people into submitting to unjust and unequal relations.

Double--Edged Sword

In using a double-edged sword in the proclamation. Yugoslavia emphasized simultaneously its bitter ness against the Cominform campaign aimed at the Tito Government, along with its hostility towards western policies.

Bluntly, it declared at one point: Imperialists today are not in a position to provoke a new world war. There is not one people in the capitalist world who want to go to war or who are morally prepared to go to war.'

It added: "Imperialist circles are setting up military bases and spending enormous sums of money on the perfection of weapons and increasingarmaments, but these measures are being met with everincreasing resistance from the

masses who do not want to go to war."

"Slavery Of Coloinals"

The proclamation charged western "imperialistic circles" with attempting to prolong indefinitely the "slavery" of colonial people. and of attempting to "weaken and even to destroy the United Nations.

It cited the Atlantic pact as an example of the western campaign against the eastern states. And it charged western "imperialists" with drastic intervention in the internal affairs of Greece.

In almost the same breath, it referred to the Cominform's attacks upon Yugoslavia's Government as

'monstrous and slanderous' and as

the 'most serious obstacles to furth-

er the successful development of

the struggle of the working class,

the democratic peace-loving move-

Without mincing words, the proc-

lamation said attacks from Russia

and Soviet satellites "were not able

to weaken our country whether

ment in the world."

from without or within.

Blow To "Proletariat" said, however, that they had

dealt a hard blow to "the lofty ideals" of the proletariat, and it said it illustrated for progressive men the "dangers existing within the Socialist camp for the correct development of the Socialist world.

The resolution said that imperialists and "their hired hacks" had been capitalizing on the Cominform campaign to discredit the efforts of the Communist world.

Romanians Violate Trade Pact, Slavs Say

Belgrade, Yugoslavia, April 30 AP)-Yugoslavia accused neighboring Romania today of violating trade agreements as part of an economic squeeze resulting from the Cominforms row with the Tito Government.

The newspaper Borba, spokesman for Communist government, reported oil deliveries from Ro-mania had been stopped since last August

It charged Romania had been using the greater part of raw materials sent there for finishingsuch as tin-for her own use or for export, rather than returning the finished product to Yugoslavia under terms of the agreement.

Borba commented: "It is evident that even Romanian authorities get orders from the Cominform branch in Romania . . . to allow them to use dishonorable pirate practices."

In March, a Bulgarian court convicted fifteen Protestant ministers, including Methodists, on charges ranging from treason to rumormongering. Four were sentenced to life imprisonment. Prison terms of from one to fifteen years were assigned the others.

At the time, Bulgaria's Communist press denied charges abroad that the trial was religious persecution aimed at breaking up foreign contacts of Bulgarian Protestants.

Before the trial, Vassil P. Kolaroy, Bulgaria's present Acting Premier, introduced a bill in Parliament to require all foreign religious

missions in Bulgaria to close. The measure also contained a provision giving the Foreign Ministry tight control over any international connections by clergymen or church officers.

Hungary Issues Lists For Election May 15

Budapest, Hungary, April 30 (AP). An official list of candidates for Hungary's parliamentary election was published today. The election is scheduled for May 15.

There were 665 names on fifteen country lists, 134 on the Budapest list and 135 on the national list.

Candidates of the Hungarian Workers party, which represents the merged Communist and Socialist parties, lead ten of the country lists. Three others are headed by Smallholders and two by Peasant

Bulgar Methodists Reorganize Church

Sofia, Bulgaria, April 30 (AP)-The newspaper Fatherland Front said today a Methodist congress has worked out draft statutes under which the denomination's churches will become independent Bulgarian churches.

The three-day congress closed last night. The paper said the delegates made it plain that the "Methodist churches will not be directed by foreign agents.'

Convictor of Fifteen
The Rev. Meson Markov was
elected president of the new leadership board. The Revs. Alexander Georgiev, Ivan Stephanov, M. Yaroslavski and Alexander Vichev were chosen as board members.

Matyas Rakosi, vice premier and Communist leader, personally heads five lists—three in the country, the Budapst list and the National list. Premier Istvan' Dobi. a Smallholders, heads three lists in the country.

Iran Vote Backs Premier

Tehran, Iran, April 30 (AP)-Premier Mohammed Saed Maraghei's Government won a vote of confidence today from the Iranian Parliament. The Premier got 90 votes of the 96 members present.

TRAINS HALTED ON SHANGHAI'S LAST RAIL LINK

Reds Advance In South As City's Monetary Crisis Deepens

Shanghai, April 30 (A)-Railway officials announced tonight no trains were running past Kashing, 62 miles southwest of Shanghai.

The stoppage was not explained, but it might indicate the Communists had cut the line south of Kashing. This would mean the Shanghai area was isolated by land from the rest of China,

Communist troops in early afternoon had been officially reported by the Shanghai garrison to be 17 miles northwest of Kashing and 23 miles north of the important port of Hangehow, which is 121 miles by rail southwest of Shanghai.

Other Communist forces were dallying along the westward approaches to Shanghai at a distance of about 35 miles.

Financial Crisis Acute Although thus threatened, Shanghai paid almost no attention to the

Instead with a month-end financial crisis. The Nationalist "gold" yuan" had become so nearly worthless that there were not enough bank notes to pay salaries.

To ease the situation, the garrison ordered the Central Bank to sell 400,000 old Chinese silver dollars to employers at the rate of 4,000,000 yuan to one dollar. This was less than half the blackmarket rate. It instructed employers to pay 'common workers' one silver dol lar each on account.

At the same time it announced that the usual month-end cost-ofliving index would not be issued. but the municipal authorities later announced an index anyhow 25 times what it was two we

slavia's ruling Communist party accused "western imperialist forces" today of "threatening a new war against the Soviet Union and countries of the people's democracies. It also aimed a blast at Russia and other eastern Slav states.

committee,

The charges were made in a spe-

cial May Day proclamation issued by the Communist party's central

Riots, Looting Possible

In this situation, all sorts of makeshift agreements were being made between employers and workers for payment in food or in foreign currencies. It was obvious. however, that many pay rolls could not be met.

If this situation worsens, Shanghai may see food riots and looting.

The well-cloaked Communist military actions seemed to indicate that isolation rather than occupation was what they intended for Shanghai at present.

The Shanghai garrison's communique said that southwest of Shanghai one column had reached Techeng, 23 miles by road north of Hangchow.

It said other Communists had penetrated to Nanshun, nineteen miles northwest of Kashing, but were being held in check by Nationalists at Chengtsecheng, seventeen miles northwest of Kashing.

Hangchow Flight Reported The newspaper Sin Wan Pao said artillery fire could be heard in Hangchow and that provincial government employés had been or dered to flee yesterday. It said local militia were policing Hang-

unconfirmed reports might indicate Nationalist troops already had withdrawn from Hangchow. (Hangchow had been long touted as anchor base of a new government defense line to guard South China).

Chennault To Give View On China Aid

Washington, April 30 (AP)-Gen Claire Chennault, wartime leader of the famed "Flying Tigers," today was invited to give Congress members his views on American aid to the Chinese Nationalists.

The retired Air Force general is bocked for an appearance next week before the Senate-House 'watchdog' committee on foreignaid funds, and one before the Sen ate Armed Services Committee.

Senators Knowland (R., Cal. and McCarran (D., Nev.), who ar ranged for the two groups to hear Chennault, are critics of the Administration's handling of relations with the Chinese Nationalist Gov ernment.

Knowland said Chennault is to testify Tuesday morning before the Armed Services Committee to acquaint that group "with the situation in China as it affects the national security of this country."

The Californian said the session was arranged after ten other committee members joined in signing a request to Chairman Tydings (D., Md.) to approve Chennault's appearance. (000

Avoid May Day Fete, Yanks In Japan Told

Tokyo, April 30 (A)-General MacArthur's headquarters suggested today that Americans stay indoors tomorrow when Japan's Communists and labor groups celebrate May Day.

An announcement, first of its kind since the occupation began. said occupation personnel not on duty should stay out of the way of marchers to "avoid accidents."

Communists predict 600,000 Japanese will turn out at the Imperial Plaza in downtown Tokyo for the celebration.

In South Korea, United States Army authorities suggested that Americans avoid crowds. Seoul police arrested about 100 Koreans as a precaution against Communistdirected May Day violence.

Jap Publisher Draws 4 Years For 'Stories'

Tokyo, April 30 (A)-A Japanese newspaper publisher was sentenced to four years at hard labor by United States military yesterday for "publishing false and malicious accounts" about the Allied occupation repatriation program.

The publisher, Haruo Nakamura, 38. of Wakayama City, was de scribed by Allied headquarters as "a Communist and fly-by-night publisher." He had written that responsibility for the prolonged repatriation of Japanese war prisoners from Soviet-controlled areas "lies with the Japanese Government.

'Hiroshima' Volume On Sale in Tokyo

Dying Victim of Nagasaki Blast Has Book Out, Too

TOKYO, April 30 (A).-John Hershey's book, "Hiroshima," has appeared on Tokyo bookstalls after a prolonged delay.

A number of other works dealing with the atomic bomb a)ready were available to Japanese readers Among these is "Atomic Progress," by Associated Press science editor

Howard W. Blakeslee. His "Atomic Report" was one of the first atomic studies published in Japanese.

Others authorized for Japanese editions are Henry D . Smyth's "Atomic Energy for Military Purposes," and a book by Ansley J Coale, "The Problem of Reducing Vulnerability to Atomic Bombs."

Japanese also are interested in a book by Dr. Takashi Nagai, who physicians say is dying from bomb radiation suffered at Nagasaki Nagai studied rays for years and his book, "Leaving My Children Behind," includes a collection of essays on the atomic bomb.

Court Ban Asked On Huk Army

Manila. April 30 (A)-Philippine courts were asked today to outlaw the Communist-directed Hukbalahap army as public indignation continued high over the ambush slaving of Mrs. Aurora Quezon.

The motion came from the Manila city prosecutor, Eugenio Angeles, in connection with a sedition case pending against three Hukbalahaps accused of placing Communist posters on a Manila office building last month.

Meanwhile, an estimated 2,000 Government troops were tracking down the slayers of the widow of the Philippines first President and eleven others. Authorities have identified the group that attacked Mrs. Quezon's motor party as Hukbalah

me Quirino The Government force was deployed in the rugged Sierra Madre range northeast of Manila, Sketchy re orts from the area last night sai! fighting was under way.

The Philippine Communist party blamed the administration of President Elpidio Quirino for Mrs. Quezon's death "because of its subservience to American interests."

Mariano P. Balgos, general secretary of the party, said "as long as the Philippines are under American imperialist domination there will be no peace and order in our country.

Outlawed In 1932

Angeles requested a clear-cut court pronouncement on the legality of the Hukbalahap organization. He said this was necessary to make the Government's campaign against the Leftist movement more effec-

The Philippine Supreme Court outlawed the Communist party in

Luis Taruc, Huk leader, has been in hiding since August when peace talks with President Quirino broke down. Quirino had promised amnesty to all Huks who would turn in their arms and settle down to a peaceful and productive life.

The Philippine Cabinet today honored the memory of Mrs. Quezon by deciding to make the lonely area where she was killed into the Aurora Memorial National Forest Reserve.

Admiral Radford Takes **Pacific Fleet Command**

Pearl Harbor, April 30 (AP)—Admiral Arthur W. Radford took command of the Pacific Fleet from Admiral De Witt C. Ramsey today in a simple ceremony aboard the cruiser St. Paul.

Radford also assumed the joint Pacific command of the Armed Forces and the job of High Commissioner of Trust Territory in the Pacific

Ramsey is retiring after 41 years of naval service. As he left the ship, he was presented the four-star silk flag which had been flown from the St. Paul as his last flagship.

AIR FORCE LEAVES PACIFIC JUNE 1ST

Navy And Marine Aviation To Take Over Defense

Washington, April 30 (AP)-The air defense of the central Pacific will rest entirely on naval and marine aviation after next month. The Air Force announced today that its Pacific Air Command would be terminated on June 1.

That command has shrunk during the last two years to a few transport units and one group of about 75 fighter planes. When that group, the 81st, is returned to the mainland, the Air Force will have no tactical units, either fighters or bombers, in the central Pacific.

The nearest major operating base will be at Guam. Other units are based in or operate to Japan, Okinawa and the Philippines.

The Navy also has been shifting weight out of the Pacific as the European situation puts new values on Atlantic strategy.

From its wartime peak of hundreds of combat ships, the Navy has cut down its fighting ships in the Pacific to a current total of about 96, with corresponding reductions in naval shore stations.

Five Aircraft Carriers Of the present fleet, five are aircraft carriers-two 27,000-ton Essex class and three light vessels

of 14.500 tons.

It is upon the fighter and attack planes of these five carriers that air defense for the central Pacific will rest. The five carriers have a total complement of about 300 planes. They are operated by both the Navy and Marine aviation units assigned to the carriers.

In addition to the carriers, the Pacific Fleet now includes six cruisers, 53 destroyers and destroyer escorts and 32 submarines.

Air patrol of the central Pacific. to detect any suspicious actions by planes or ships of other nations. now is up to the Navy. The Air Force no longer operates long range reconnaissance flights of the B-29 type out of the Hawaiian area. Air Chief Reassigned

In closing its Pacific Air Command, the Air Force will turn over its transport units in that area to the Military Air Transport Service. the combined Air Force-Navy organization.

Brig. Ben. Robert F. Travis, chief of the Pacific Air Command, will return to the mainland for reas-

signment.

At the same time, it was announced the 1,501st wing of Military Air Transport Service, based at Fairfield-Suisun, Cal., will be discontinued, and the 1.500th Air Transport Wing organized at Hickam Base, Hawaii, All Military Air Transport Service C-97 transports and about 200 flying and maintenance personnel will be transferred to Hickam to become

Pact Data Is Too Vague, Watkins, Donnell Say

Washington, April 30 (AP)-President Truman's top-ranking lieutenants have failed to convince at least two senators that the North Atlantic security alliance is the way to peace.

Senators Donnell (R., Mo.) and Watkins (R., Utah) said they want to know more specifically what America's commitments would be to help defend a European nation against attack under the twelvecountry pact.

They said they still are not convinced that American troops will

not be called to duty in Europe.

Four Called perial Pleaders"

In the past three days, the Senate Foreign Relations Committee has heard testimony from Secretary of State Acheson; Warren R. Austin, chief United States delegate to the United Nations; Secretary of Defense Louis Johnson, and W. Averell Harriman, America's economic expert in Europe.

They all urged United States ratification of the treaty.

"They have talked in generalities," Watkins said. "They have been special pleaders. None but Johnson has given us any facts."

May Offer Amendment

Watkins said he may ask the Senate to amend the treaty to spell out specifically what this country is guaranteeing to Europe.

Donnell agreed. He asked: "What is it going to take to do

this? Can it be done without United States troops in Europe before the attack begins?"

The Administration plan calls for a \$1,130,000,000 program to rearm pact nations. Monday the Foreign Relations Committee will hear Robert Lovett, former Under Secretary of State. Lovett aided in the early negotiations last year which led to the twelve-nation treaty,

COMMUNISTS 'USE' HYSTERIA, SAYS WILSON

Chairman Of Truman Commission Notes Confusion Over Civil Rights

Washington, April 30 (AP)-The chairman of the President's Commission on Civil Rights said tonight that Communist don't believe in civil rights-except for themselves.

"Communism has moved out of the area of civil rights and into the area of espionage. With htat we know how to deal." Charles E. Wilson, president of the General Electric Company, declared. Wilson headed the commission, which was dissolved after making its report.

"There has been a great deal of hystera over this whole matter of America Communists, but this hysteria has been used very cleverly by the Communists as a refuge and a shield, to confuse and disarm," Wilson said.

"My own concern for the civit rights for all Americans has not abated a particle, but it does not extend to sheltering treason, condoning traitors or embracing the activities of those who clearly and coldly will invent any lie and commit any crime to destroy the United States."

Wilson spoke at an American Veterans Committee dinner at which he received the organization's third annual "Bill of Rights Award" for his service as civil rights committee chairman in 1948.

Herbert Block, Washington cartoonist, received an award in the press-radio field, and Dr. E. B. Henderson, of the District of Columbia Public School System, was cited for his work against discrimination and segregation in the schools.

Still Would Be No Guarantee

Wilson said enactment of all the recommendations in his committee's report into law still would not guarantee civil rights.

"We can never legislate our way out of color and racial discrimination, out of unfair employment practices or out of religious bigotry," he said.

'Force never changed anybody's mind, but education and understanding have won a lot of victories, even though they take longer."

Coast Guard Reserve Appropriation Doubted

Washington, April 30 (A)-Senator Maybank (D., S.C.) said today that he sees little chance for approval of a \$3,500,000 fund for Coast Guard Reserve training.

Treasury Secretary Snyder requested the money to develop the Coast Guard Reserve "as an instrument capable of immediate and effective action in the event of an emergency.

A \$3,113,000,000 Treasury-Postoffice appropriations bill is ready for Senate action.

Hearings Are Held

Maybank, who will serve as floor manager for the measure, said the Appropriations Committee refused to include the training fund after hearings at which he presided.

The House failed to include the money because it had received no budget recommendations for the nurpose. Its Appropriations Committee reported, however, that it was "sympathetic to the program."

Snyder afterward made the fund request to the Senate committee. Kept At Full Strength

Maybank said "we added more than \$7,000,000 to the funds voted last year in order to keep the active Coast Guard at full strength, including manning some fifteen new ships. We thought this was the first thing to get done and we could not add another \$3,500,000 for the Reserve."

Community Program For Services Planned

Washington, April 30 (AP)-A group of prominent citizens will meet here next month to draw up a program of community entertainment for service personnel during off-duty hours.

More than 500 persons-including leaders of several national organizations-have been invited to the meeting, called for May 25 and 26 by President Truman's committee on religion and welfare in the armed forces.

The committee reported recently that there is an urgent need for such recreational help on the community level, especially for the many youthful members of the armed forces.

Under Secretary of Defense Stephen Early heads the list of speakers at the conference.

RIVAL GROUPS HOLD 'MAY DAY' FETES

Communists And Foes Mark Holiday Here And Abroad

New York, April 30 (AP)-Communists and left-wing labor groups all over the world will hold traditional May Day celebrations tomorrow, but they face considerable competition from anti-Communist groups.

In the United States demonstrations were staged today in some cities and others will have them tomorrow.

In Europe and other sectors abroad the observance generally will be on May 1, which was designated as an international labor holiday by an International Socialist Congress in 1889.

New York loyalty paraders led by Maurice Tobin, Secretary of Labor; Francis Cardinal Spellman and James A. Farley stepped down Fifth avenue today on the stretch adjacent to Central Park. Lettlet Demand Peace Pact On the West Side of Manhattan

left-wing groups marched down Eighth avenue in a May Day parade one of whose themes was a demand for "a peace pact with the Soviet Union instead of the Atlantic war alliance.

This parade wound up in Union Square with the participants taking a pledge which included:

'We declare our loyalty to our nation, to our people and to our great democratic institutions.

"In the spirit and ideals of our great leaders . . . we pledge . . . to continue the struggle for the complete destruction of Fascist barbarism everywhere in the world, so that our people and all peoples can prosper in a world of security and peace.

"Loyalty" Groups Parade

The loyalty demonstrations were originated in New York by the Veterans of Foreign Wars in 1946 to counter the left-wing parades. Gov. Thomas E. Dewey indorsed the loyalty marchers this year. The loyalty groups also held parades in Brooklyn and Philadelphia today. Vice President Alben Barkley

will speak tomorrow at a Polo Grounds rally in New York sponsored by the Catholic Archdiocese to pray for peace and protest injustices of "God - hating Com-

Also on tomorrow's program is a New Orleans anti-Communist rally at which Catholics will pray for conversion of Russia and suppression of atheism.

Wallace Speaking In Detroit

Loyalty celebrations also are planned for tomorrow in New Jersey and Los Angeles.

In Detroit, Henry A. Wallace is to speak at an afternoon Progressive party meeting. Detroit Cath-

olics will hold a special service to pray for Russia.

In Russia, Moscow's Red Square will be the scene of the traditional parade and display of military power followed by a mass meeting with speeches.

Gen. Charles de Gaulle has called for a rally of his followers in Paris to counter the demonstration by the Communists.

There will be no parading in London because of a ban on political processions following anti-Fascist riots. But Communists will meet in Trafalgar Square and the Labor party will have rallies throughout England.

Communists plan to march through the British and French sectors of Berlin and stage a big demonstration in the Soviet zone.

Paul Robeson, American Negro singer, will be a star attraction of the Communist rally in Stockholm. The Social Democrats will conduct rival meeting.

Separate celebrations also are planned in Denmark, Italy and Norway.

In Shanghai, the Nationalist army commander banned observance of May Day.

Poland expected 2,000.000 to march in towns and cities. In Rome the Communist-led Chamber of Labor said transport service and taxis would halt and food stores would close.

In Japan and South Korea. United States Army officials suggested that Americans stay out of the way of Communist parades.

30.24- 2841

Gov. Thomas E. Dewey gave on cial recognition to "Loyalty Day" this year, after it was originated here in 1946 by the Veterans of Foreign Wars.

Army Uniforms Barred

First Army headquarters advised personnel that it would be improper to march in the parades wearing army uniform.

They said that May Day parades of whatever tinge were not recognized as martial occasions sponsored or approved by the President, which is generally required.

Following suit, New Jersey and Los Angeles, Cal., also have planned "Loyalty Day" celebrations, but the events will not be observed until tomorrow.

Part of the theme of the New York "May Day" march this year,

Thousands Join In Loyalty
And May Day Parades

New York, April 30 (AP)-Hundreds of thousands of New Yorkers jammed sidewalks and peered from buildings today as thousands of others marched through Manhattan and Brooklyn streets in rival Loyally Day and May Day parades.

First contingents in the loyalty line of march, which sponsors estimated would total 150.000 marchers before it ended, began moving down Fifth avenue at 1 P.M. The marchers were led by Secretary of Labor Maurice Cobin, the parade grand marshal, and Francis Cardinal Spellman and former Postmaster General James A. Farley.

· Four blocks to the west, the city's annual May Day parade got under way fifteen minutes later. More than 1,000 police lined the route of the parade, from Eighth avenue at Thirty-ninth street to the reviewing stand in Union Square. The May Day march was sponsored by the "United Labor and People's Committee for May Day.

80,000 March In Brooklyn

An estimated 80,000 marchers, 57,000 of them children, streamed through Brooklyn streets in that borough's Loyalty Day demonstra-

tion. An estimated 250,000 spectators lined the parade route.

Although May 1 has been the traditional date for the left-wing groups to put on their show, they switched the date to today this year in order to vie with the "Loyalty

sponsors announced, is a demand for "a peace pact with the Soviet Union instead of the Atlantic war alliance."

Sponsors said the "May Day" paraders, at the end of their trek at Union Square in downtown Manhattan, will take a pledge, including these words:

We declare our loyalty to our nation, to our people and to our great democratic institutions."

Polo Grounds Rally

The Roman Catholic Archdiocese of New York will hold a rally at the Polo Grounds tomorrow in uptown Manhattan to pray for peace and protest injustices of "God-hating Communists."

Vice President Barkley and the Right Rev. Msgr. Fulton J. Sheen. of Catholic University, Washington. D.C., are scheduled to address an expected 50,000 persons at the

May 1 was declared an international labor holiday by the International Socialist Congress in Paris in 1889, and has since been celebrated in many European countries. Communists and left-wing groups in recent years have observed the day in this country. In Russia, it is an official holiday.

Except for the parade in New York this year, few "May Day" demonstrations are planned in United States cities, a survey shows. In some states, such as Maryland, new anti-Communist laws have put a damper on such celebrations. (A)

Divided World Opinion Balks U.N.: Dulles

New York, April 30 (AP)-Conflicting world opinions about "right and wrong," says John Foster Dulles, has made the United Nations fearful that enforcing a positive decision might start a war.

Dulles, a United States delegate to the United Nations General Assembly, told a symposium of the Union Theological Seminary last

"The division is so sharp that the United Nations does not dare to use even the modest enforcement power it actually possesses, lest it precipitate a war through trying to impose the will of a scant majority upon a determined, convinced and powerful minority.'

He said the conflict of views concerns "what is right and what is wrong national conduct and what are human rights that ought to be respected.

Churches can and should help promote a "world wide sense of right and wrong," Dulles said.

Director Guilty

Seattle, April 30 (AP)-The last of six persons to be tried on charges of contempt of a state legislative committee on un-American activities was convicted last night by a Superior Court jury.

He was Buron W. James, 59, codirector of the Seattle Repertory Playhouse.

James and the five other defendants were charged with willfully refusing to tell the committee last summer whether they were or had been members of the Communist

Including lines four of the six defendants have been convicted. One was acquitted and the sixth. James's wife, also a Playhouse codirector, probably will be retried. The jury disagreed in her case.

30 Days In Jail

The three defendants convicted earlier were sentenced to 30 days in county jail and fined \$250. All have appealed. They were Dr Ralph Gundlach, ousted from the University of Washington on grounds of "neglect of duty" Rachmiel Forschmiedt, city sanitarian, and Albert Ottenheimer, Playhouse manager.

The acquitted defendant was Prof. Herbert Phillips, an admitted Communist ousted from the university faculty some months

Let Europe Reds

Hollywood, Fla., April 30 (AP)-Mrs. Franklin D. Roosevelt says she believes the United States should permit visitors into the country from Russia and the satellite coun-

A false fear causes this country to close its doors to visitors from Communist - dominated countries, she said. By letting them in, they would see something of the democratic way of life even though "they would not dare go back and tell the truth" except behind locked

Addresses Federation

Mrs. Roosevelt, a member of the United Nations Commission on Human Right Addressed the clos-ing session of the General Federation of Women's Clubs here last night. She also held a press con-

She said she did not believe many visitors would come from Russia but that some would come quickly from the satellite nations.

"We have no conception of Russian discipline," said the widow of the wartime President. "Even Russian officials in this country on United Nations business are terribly afraid. When they accept invitations they bring another with them, one to protect the other."

Cites Threat Of Siberia

Communist arguments never mention the word freedom, she said. They claim to offer the world racial equality, economic security and education. The Government promises every man a job. They do not say if there is no job in Moscow, he may be sent to Siberia.

The United States, as the world's leading democracy, must meet the Communist appeal point by point, or the peoples of Africa and Asia who have never known freedom as Americans know it cannot make up their minds, Mrs. Roosevelt declared.

Mrs. Roosevelt Is Hostess HYDE PARK, N. Y., April 30 (P)-Mrs. Franklin D. Roosevelt was luncheon hostess today to members of the United Nations General Assembly's fifty-nation Social Committee and their guests. About 100 persons attended the informal affair. The guests later toured the Franklin D. Roosevelt Library and the home of the late President.

THAT WAS THE PICTURE IN THE ASSEMBLY TODAY. THE RUSSIAN BLOC AND THE WEST FOUGHT AS USUAL IN THE ASSEMBLY OVER THE TRIALS OF CHURCHMEN BEHIND THE IRON CUBTAIN WILE AT THE SAME TIME THERE WERE GOOD INDICATIONS THEY ARE BEACHING ELSEWHERE AN ACCORD ON THE BERLIN BLOCKADE.

WHEN THE ASSEMBLY ADJOURNED TODAY, EVAIT WENT TO THE RUSSIAN DELEGATION AND TALKED BRIEFLY WITH MALIK, WHO WAS PRESENT FOR THE AFTERNOON SESSION. MALIK AND EVATT SMILED AND SHOOK HANDS AS THEY PARTED.

THE ASSEMBLY HELD ITS FIRST EXTRAORDINARY SATURDAY SESSION OF THIS SPRING MEETING.

THE BATTLE HINGED ON THE TRIALS AND CONVICTIONS OF JOSEF CARDINAL MINDS ZENTY OF HUNGARY AND OF 15 BULGARIAN PROTESTANT MINISTERS. THE UNITED STATES HAS CHARGED THAT HUMAN RIGHTS WERE VIOLATED

THE UNITED STATES HAS CHARGED THAT HUMAN RIGHTS WERE VIOLATED,
BUT THE AMERICAN DELEGATION DECIDED THE BEST COURSE NOW IS TO TAKE
IT UP UNDER THE PEACE TREATIES WITH HUNGARY AND BULGARIA.

ANDREI A. GROMYKO, SOVIET DEPUTY FOREIGN MINISTER, HAS ATTACKED THE
WEST AT EVERY TURN FOR BACKING THE CASE IN THE U.N. HE SAID THE
IPIALS ARE AN INTERNAL MATTER AND NOT THE BUSINESS OF THE U.N.
SIR ALEXANDER CADOGAN, BRITISH DELEGATE, TOLD THE ASSEMBLY THIS
MORNING THAT GROMYKO'S ARGUMENTS ARE "NOT RATIONAL."

IT IS THE HOUNDING OF MEM FOR THEIR POLITICAL OPINIONS THAT IS
THE BASIS OF OUR COMPLAINT AGAINST THE HUNGARIAN AND BULGARIAN
GOVERNMENTS." CADOGAN SAID.

JOZA VILFAN OF YUGOSLAVIA, AND V.P. KOVALENKO OF THE SOVIET
UKRAINE, BACKED GROMYKO'S ARGUMENTS TODAY, SAYING ANY U.N. ACTION
WOULD BE A GRAVE INTERFERENCE IN THE RIGHTS OF SOVEREIGN STATES.

WHILE THESE HARSH WORDS WERE BEING UTTERED, BELEGATES TALKED
IN ASSEMBLY CORRIDORS ABOUT THE MEETING LATE YESTERDAY BETWEEN U.S.
AMBASSADOR PHILIP C. JESSUP AND SOVIET DEPUTY FOREIGN MINISTER JAKOB
A. MALIK ON THE BERLIN SITUATION.

INFORMED SOURCES INDICATED THAT RUSSIA AND THE WEST WERE SLOWLY

INFORMED SOURCES INDICATED THAT RUSSIA AND THE WEST WERE SLOWLY CETTING TOGETHER ON STEPS TO RAISE THE BLOCKADE AND ARRANGE A MEETING OF THE FOUR-POWER COUNCIL OF FOREIGN MINISTERS. THESE PERSONS SAID THE MAIN MATTERS LEFT TO BE WORKED OUT WERE THE DETAILS OF JUST WHEN THE BLOCKADE WILL BE EASED AND WHEN THE COUNCIL WILL MEET, AND WHAT IT WILL DISCUSS.

NO MEETINGS ON THE BERLIN PROBLEM WERE EXPECTED UNTIL NEXT WEEK. JESSUP TALKED OVER THE SITUATION WITH STATE DEPARTMENT OFFICIALS IN WASHINGTON. MALIK REMAINED AT THE SOVIET DELEGATION BUILDING, WHERE HE LIVES.

DR. HERBERT V.EVATT. AUSTRALIAN FOREIGN MINISTER AND ASSEMBLY PRESIDENT, POSTPONED UNTIL MONDAY DEBATE IN THE ASSEMBLY ON A MOVE TO REFER THE QUESTION OF ISRAEL'S ADMISSION TO THE U.N. TO THE ASSEMBLY'S SPECIAL POLITICAL COMMITTEE.

ARAB DELEGATES ARE EXPECTED TO OPPOSE THIS AND INSIST THE ISRAELI QUESTION REMAIN BEFORE THE POLITICAL COMMITTEE, WHERE IT WOULD NOT COME UP FOR SEVERAL DAYS. THE U.N. STEERING COMMITTEE VOTED YESTERDAY TO TAKE THE ISRAELI APPLICATION FROM THE POLITICAL COMMITTEE AND SEND IT TO THE SPECIAL COMMITTEE, WHICH HAS NO BUSINESS NOW AND CAN START ON THE ISSUE PROMPTLY. BUSINESS NOW AND CAN START ON THE ISSUE PROMPTLY.

ADA, CHILE, CHIMA, PI, EL SALVADOR RAS, LEBANON, LÍBERIA, NORVAY, PERU, D STATÉS, URUGUAY (34). THE GRAVE ACCUSATIONS
BULGARIA REGARDING THE
FREEDOMS IN THOSE PARAGRAPH.
SATISFACTION" THE TREATIES AND APPROVED 34 TO POLAND'S JAN DROHOJOUSKI CALLED FOR A VOIR UN THE RESAID ALL COULD SUPPORT THE FIRST OPERATIVE PARTITE ASSEMBLY "EXPRESSES ITS DEEP CONCERN AT THE GRAPH SUPPRESSION OF HUMAN RICHTS AND FUNDAMENTAL FREEDOMS SUPPRESSION OF HUMAN RICHTS AND FUNDAMENTAL FREEDOMS THE VOIE OF 40 TO MIL WITH 9 ABSTENTIONS ON THE STATE OF THE STAY BLOC JOIN THE VOIE OF 40 THE RESOLUTION UNDER THE PEACE THE THE ON THE RESOLUTION UNDER THE PEACE THE ASSEMBLY THEM ON THE ASSEMBLY SACENDA, WAS APPRIATED THE ROLL CALL ON THE FINAL VOTE; THE FOUND SACH STAN, FANCE GREET GUARMAN, FUNDA, INDIA, IRAN, PAR ABERNISTAN, STRIA, STRIA, SOUTH AFRICA (9).

ARABIA STRIA STRIA, SOUTH AFRICA (9).

PANAMA STRIA ON THE RESOLUTION FOLLOWS: R CANAD RONDURA RAGUA NO UNITED SENH

"OBSERVANCES IN BULGARIA AND HUNGARY OF HUMAN RIGHTS AND FUNDAMENTAL FREE DOMS:

"THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY,
"CONSIDERING THAT ONE OF THE PURPOSES OF THE UNITED NATIONS IS TO ACHIEVE INTERNATIONAL CO-OPERATION IN PROMOTING AND ENCOURAGING RESPECT FOR HUMAN RIGHTS AND FUNDAMENTAL FREEDOMS FOR ALL, WITHOUT

DISTINCTION AS TO RACE, SEX, LANGUAGE OR RELIGION.

CONSIDERING THAT THE GOVERNMENTS OF BULGARIA AND HUNGARY HAVE
BEEN ACCUSED, BEFORE THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY, OF ACTS CONTRARY TO THE
PURPOSES OF THE UNITED NATIONS AND TO THEIR OBLIGATIONS UNDER THE PEACE TREATIES TO ENSURE TO ALL PERSONS WITHIN THEIR RESPECTIVE JURISDICTIONS THE ENJOYMENT OF HUMAN RIGHTS AND FUNDAMENTAL FREEDOMS,

"1. EXPRESSES ITS DEEP CONCERN AT THE GRAVE ACCUSATIONS MADE AGAINST THE GOVERNMENTS OF BULGARIA AND HUNGARY BEGARDING THE SUPPRESSION OF HUMAN RIGHTS AND FUNDAMENTAL FREEDOMS IN THOSE

COUNTRIES: "2. NOTES WITH SATISFACTION THAT STEPS HAVE BEEN TAKEN BY SEVERAL STATES SIGNATORIES TO THE PEACE TREATIES WITH BULGARIA AND HUNGARY REGARDING THESE ACCUSATIONS AND EXPRESSES THE HOPE THAT MEASURES WILL BE DILIGENTLY APPLIED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE TREATIES, IN ORDER TO ENSUBE RESPECT FOR HUMAN BIGHTS AND FUNDAMENTAL FREEDOMS: "3. MOST URGENTINLD

BI THE WITENTION O

TO ENSURE RESPECT FOR HUMAN RIGHTS AND FUNDAMENTAL FREEDOMS: MOST URGENTLY DRAWS THE ATTENTION OF THE GOVERNMENTS OF BULGARIA AND HUNGARY TO THEIR OBLIGATIONS UNDER THE PEACE TREATIES INCLUDING THE OBLIGATION TO CO-OPERATE IN THE SETTLEMENT OF ALL THESE QUESTIONS: AND

DECIDES TO RETAIN THE QUESTION ON THE AGENDA OF THE FOURTH REGULAR SESSION OF THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE UNITED NATIONS."
THE LONG. BITTER U.N. DEBATE STARTED WITH A BOLIVIAN PROPOSAL IN MARCH TO INQUIRE INTO THE TRIAL OF HUNGARIAN CARDINAL MINDSZENTY AND

PROTESTANT CLERGYMEN TRIALS. ALTHOUGH WESTERN SPOKESMEN STRONGLY CONDEMNED THE CHURCH TRIALS DURING THE DEBATE THE FINAL RESOLUTION APPROVED BY THE ASSEMBLY AVOIDED DIRECT CENSURE OF THE TWO COUNTRIES. PROPOSALS BY CUBA AND AUSTRALIA TO SET UP A U.M. INVESTIGATING COMMISSION WERE VOTED DOWN IN THE COMMITTEE HEARINGS AFTER THE U.S. AND BRITAIN URGED DIRECT

NEGOTIATIONS FIRST UNDE PEACE TREATY MACHINERY. BRITAIN AND THE U.S. AS SIGNERS OF THE HUNGARIAN AND BULGARIAN PEACE TREATIES. HAVE ALREADY ACCUSED THE TWO GOVERNMENTS OF VIOLATING TREATY GUARANTEES OF HUMAN RIGHTS. THIS IS THE FIRST STEP UNDER THE TREATY MACHINERY TO SETTLE DISPUTES OVER ALLEGED TREATY VIOLATIONS.

STEP. CONTENDING THE U.N. WAS VIOLATING "STATE SOVEREIGNTY" BY DISCUSSING THE TRIALS. BQ 628PED

TO VODE FIRST ADD U.H. (ALT) YXX BYE POWER BACKING. (DELETING LAST CRAFT THE ASSEMBLY I I I 10 A.M. EST)

THE ASSEMBLY RESUMED THE DEBATE AT 11:25 A.M. (10:25 A.M. EST).

SPEAKERS: AUSTRALIA, CUBA, BRITAIN, COSTA RICA, THE UKRAINE,

L7(1780-3:

BLOCKADE (550)

NEW YORK, APRIL 30-(AP)-RUSSIA AND THE WESTERN POWERS APPEARED
TODAY TO BE ADVANCING SLOWLY TOWARD AN AGREEMENT ON LIFTING THE BERLIN

THIS WAS THE VIEW EXPRESSED CAUTIOUSLY IN SOME WESTERN CIRCLES S THE RESULT OF A "SATISFACTORY" MEETING LATE YESTERDAY BETWEEN UNITED STATES AMBASSADOR PHILIP C. JESSUP AND SOVIET DEPUTY FOREIGN MINISTER

WESTERN DELEGATES SAID IT IS NOT YET TIME TO BECOME TOO OPTIMISTIC ABOUT A SETTLEMENT OF THE 10-MONTH STALEMATE. BUT AFTER HEARING JESSUP'S REPORT ON HIS TWO AND ONE-HALF HOUR TALK WITH MALIK THEY OBVIOUSLY WERE ENCOURAGED.

ALSO, ONE WESTERN SOURCE SAID THE WEST FOUND NO "JOKERS" IN THE DEAL SUGGESTED BY RUSSIA.

THE SITUATION MOW IS ROUGHLY THIS: 1. TASS, SOVIET NEWS AGENCY, REPORTED THAT MALIK HAD INFORMED JESSUP RUSSIA WOULD RAISE THE BLOCKADE OF BERLIN IF FRANCE, BRITAIN AND THE UNITED STATES WOULD LIFT THEIR COUNTER-BLOCKADE, AND IF THEY WOULD AGREE ON A DATE FOR A MEETING OF THE FOUR-POWER COUNCIL OF

2. MALIK LATER OFFICIALLY CONFIRMED THAT TASS REPORT, AND WESTERN SOURCES SAID NO OTHER CONDITIONS HAVE BEEN RAISED BY THE SOVIET. J. THE TALKS ARE GOING ALL RIGHT FOR THE FOUR POWERS, WITH THE WEST PARTICULARLY SATISFIED AT THE PRESENT POSITION. THE DELEGATES OF THE FOUR POWERS HERE ARE REPORTING TO THEIR HOME GOVERNMENTS. IT IS NOT YET CLEAR WHERE OR WHEN THE NEXT MOVE WILL COME. ONE INFLUENTIAL WESTERN DELEGATE SAID THE TIME HAS ALMOST ARRIVED FOR THE JESSUP-MALIK CONVERSATIONS, HELD TWICE THIS WEEK AT THE SOVIET DELEGATION BUILDING ON PARK AVENUE, TO BE BROADENED TO INCLUDE SIR ALEXANDER CADOGAN, OF BRITAIN, AND JEAN CHAUVEL, OF FRANCE.

BRITAIN AND THE U.S., AS SIGNERS OF THE HUNGARIAN AND DOLUMENTAL OF VIOLATING THE FIRST JESSUP-MALIK MEETING TOOK PLACE FEB. 15 IN A UNITED MATIONS AFOUR-POWER PARLEY HERE WOULD, IN EFFECT, BE AN ADVANCE MEETING OF RUSSIA AND HER FIVE SLAV BLOC PARINERS OPPOSED THE DEBATE AT EVERY THE COUNCIL OF FOREIGN MINISTERS. IT ALSO WOULD LAY THE GROUNDWORK

AND SET A TIME-TABLE FOR THE COUNCIL.

THERE APPEARS TO BE CONSIDERABLE AGREEMENT AMONG BOTH THE RUSSIANS AND THE WEST THAT THE COUNCIL PROBABLY WILL MEET IN PARIS LATE IN MAY PERHAPS AROUND MAY 25. TO TALK ABOUT GERMANY.

WASHINGTON TO TELL SECRETARY OF STATE DEAN-ACHESON PERSONALLY WHAT HAPPENED BEHIND THE IRON-GRILLED DOOR OF THE SOVIET BUILDING VESTERDAY. CADOGAN ALSO IS OUT OF TOWN.

PORTER MCKEEVER, PRESS OFFICER FOR THE UNITED STATES DELEGATION TO THE U.N., TOLD REPORTERS LAST NIGHT DR. JESSUP HAD AUTHORIZED HIM TO SAY ONLY THAT THE TALKS ARE "PROCEEDING SATISFACTORILY."

MCKEEVER SAID NO OTHER STATEMENTS HAD BEEN AUTHORIZED FOR PUBLICATION. HE SAID MALIK AND JESSUP PARTED WITH THEIR CUSTOMARY UNDERSTANDING THAT IF EITHER WISHED ANOTHER MEETING HE COULD REQUEST IT.

HE SAID THE TALKS HAVE BEEN ENTIRELY INFORMAL AND EXPLORATORY.

THIS IS UNDERSTOOD IN DIPLOMATIC CIRCLES TO MEAN THAT EACH SIDE WANTS TO SEE WHAT THE OTHER SIDE HAS WITHOUT MAKING A FIRM COMMITMENT. IF THE GOVERNMENTS ARE INTERESTED IN WHAT THEY SEE, THE TALKS CAN SUDDENLY BECOME MORE FORMAL. SOME DELEGATES EXPECT THIS DEVELOPMENT IN THE NEAR FUTURE.

With New York German Budget

By Eddy Gilmore

and meeting of the council of foreign ministers are viewed with extreme

The newspapers for two days have refrained from mentioning those questions. Neither is the Moscow press reprinting any published comment from abroad concerning the Berlin situation.

President Truman's statement that he believes Russia is acting in good faith without doubt had a good reception here.

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situation

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A26WX (INSERT) EDITORS!

WASHINGTON--INSERT MIGHT LEAD BERLIN A151 AFTER THIRD GRAF BEGINNING "ALTHOUGH WESTERN":

A STRONGLY OPTIMISTIC ATTITUDE WAS SHOWN BY DR. HERBERT V.EVATI,
PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED NATIONS ASSEMBLY. HE SAID IN NEW YORK THAT
"THERE IS EVERY REASON TO ANTICIPATE" THE ENDING OF THE BERLIN DISPUTE. HE SAID IT WOULD MAKE WAY FOR A FRESH APPROACH TO PEACE SETTLEMENTS FOR THE FAR EAST AS WELL AS GERMANY.

THE STATE, FTC., FOURTH GRAF

THE A.P.

WH5 30PED

THEREFORE THE TASS STATEMENT APPEARED TO WESTERN OFFICIALS LIKE A MOSCOW ADMISSION OF DEFEAT IN THE BATTLE OF BERLIN.

(700 WASKI (116-13/05 KADE) YXY EXDED. ACHESON HAD TO MAKE CERTAIN, HOWEVER, THAT THE WEWS AGENCY VERSION DID IN FACT REPRESENT FIRM KREMLIN POLICY. JESSUP WAS INSTRUCTED TO PUT THE QUESTION TO MALIK IN A TALK AT NEW YORK WEDNESDAY.

MALIK TOLD HIM AT THAT TIME HE WAS CERTAIN THE TASS STATEMENT ACCURATELY PRESENTED RUSSIAN POLICY BUT THE AMERICAN QUERY EVIDENTLY HAD TO BE REFERRED TO MOSCOW FOR A MORE FINAL RESPONSE.

YESTERDAY MALIK ASKED FOR A MEETING WITH JESSUP AGAIN AND, WHILE INFORMED PERSONS SAID THAT THEY COULD NOT REVEAL DETAILS OF WHAT HAPPENED, IT WAS STATED RESPONSIBLY HERE THAT THE SOVIETS WERE WERE STANDING FIRMLY BY LAST TUESDAY'S POLICY ANNOUNCEMENT; THAT THEY HAVE MOT RAISED THE QUESTION OF SUSPENDING THE ORGANIZATION OF WESTERN CERMANY, AND THAT THE TALKS HAVE NOW PROCEEDED TO DISCUSSION OF DETAILS.

SUCH DETAILS INCLUDE A DAY OR PERIOD OF DAYS FOR LIFTING THE BLOCKADE, A TIME FOR THE MEETING OF THE COUNCIL OF FOREIGN MINISTERS AND COMPARABLE MATTERS. THESE INCLUDE THE WORDING OF WHATEVER PUBLIC ANNOUNCEMENT MAY BE MADE, IF AND WHEN FINAL AGREEMENT ON THE BERLINGS

THE EXPECTATION IS THAT THE DATE FOR LIFTING THE BLOCKADE WOULD BE FIXED AROUND THE MIDDLE OF MAY AND THAT THE FOREIGN MINISTERS-ACHESON, BEVIN, SCHUMAN AND VISHINSKY--WOULD GATHER IN PARIS ABOUT 10 DAYS LATER.

V245PED

LONDON. APRIL 30-(AP)-TEN FOREIGN MINISTERS WILL MEET NEXT TUESDAY TO BRING THEIR COUNTRIES INTO A COUNCIL OF EUROPE.

THEY REPRESENT THE BRUSSELS PACT POWERS OF BRITAIN, FRANCE, BELGIUM, THE NETHERLANDS AND LUXEMBOURG, PLUS NORWAY, SWEDEN, DENMARK, ITALY AND THE REPUBLIC OF IRELAND.

BEFORE THEM WILL BE A DRAFT STATUTE FOR THE COUNCIL, IN EFFECT A PARLIAMENT OF EUROPE. THE DRAFT WAS COMPLETED HERE APRIL 12 BY A

WORKING COMMITTEE OF THE TEN COUNTRIES.

BRITISH SOURCES SAY THE FOREIGN MINISTERS ARE EXPECTED TO AGREE SPEEDILY TO THE DRAFT. THEY ALSO ARE EXPECTED TO REACH AGREEMENT ON SOME POINTS LEFT TO THEM FOR FINAL DECISION.

THE COUNCIL WILL CONSIST OF A MINISTERIAL COMMITTEE OF ONE MEMBER FROM EACH COUNTRY, AND A CONSULTATIVE ASSEMBLY. THE MINISTERIAL COMMITTEE WILL MEET IN PRIVATE, THE ASSEMBLY IN PUBLIC. A SECRETARIAT FOR THE COUNCIL WILL BE ESTABLISHED AT STRASBOURG, FRANCE.

TWO OF THE QUESTIONS LEFT TO THE FOREIGN MINISTERS TO DECIDE ARE THE METHOD OF VOTING IN THE MINISTERIAL COMMITTEE AND THE APPORTIONING OF THE COUNCIL'S EXPENSES.

A THIRD QUESTION WILL BE THEIR ATTITUDE TOWARD APPLICATIONS BY

GREECE AND TURKEY FOR MEMBERSHIP.

IN THE CONSULTATIVE ASSEMBLY, BRITAIN, FRANCE AND ITALY WILL BE GIVEN 18 SEATS EACH, BELGIUM, SWEDEN AND THE NETHERLANDS 6; DENMARK, NORVAY AND IRELAND, 4, AND LUXEMBOURG 3.

THE NETHOD OF SELECTING ASSEMBLY MEMBERS IS TO BE LEFT TO EACH

COUNTRY.

NEITHER THE ASSEMBLY NOR THE MINISTERIAL COMMITTEE MAY DISCUSS MATTERS OF NATIONAL DEFENSE.

THEY MAY BRING UP ANY OTHER MATTERS REGARDED AS OF COMMON INTEREST TO THE TEN NATIONS. THEIR WORK, HOWEVER, MERELY WILL BE ADVISORY AND RECOMMENDATORY. -- LAUREAPED

LONDON. APRIL 30-(AP)-MARSHAL ALEXANDER M.VASILEVSKY, SOVIET MINISTER OF ARMED FUNCES, IN A MAY DRY GROEN OF THE DAY, SAID "AMERICAN RULING CIRCLES X X X ARE CONDUCTING PREPARATIONS FOR A THIRD WORLD WAR," THE MOSCOW RADIO REPORTED TONIGHT. VASILEVSKY SAID ALL SOVIET FIGHTING PERSONNEL SHOULD "DEVELOP TO

THE UTMOST THEIR FIGHTING STRADFASTNESS AND ENDURANCE." HE ADDED:
"THE WHOLE OF THE OFFICER PERSONNEL SHOULD DAY BY DAY IMPROVE AND PERFECT THE WORK OF TRAINING AND EDUCATING THEIR SUBORDINATES.

LUNUUN-FIRST ADD MIGHT LEAD MAY DAY (BGE-G9) TYY BY COMMUNISTS.

HUNDREDS OF BLUE-SHIRTED BOYS AND GIRLS OF LABOR YOUTH ORGAN-IZATIONS PARADED IN JERUSALEM ON THE EVE OF MAY DAY. THE ISRAELI FLAG AND RED SOCIALIST BANNERS WERE CARRIED SIDE BY SIDE.

IN MALAYA, WHERE BRITISH EMPIRE TROOPS HAVE BEEN BATTLING COMMUNIST GUERRILLAS, A COLUMN OF ARMORED CARS WILL JOIN IN SINGAPORE'S MAY DAY PARADE. POLICE REFUSED TO COMMENT ON THE REASONS, BUT A NUMBER OF COMMUNIST POSTERS HAVE BEEN PLASTERED ON VALLS IN RECENT DAYS.

MJ510PFB

THE LABOR PARTY WILL DOMINATE BRITAIN'S CELEBRATIONS, WILL BE NO PARADING IN LONDON. POLITICAL PROCESSIONS HAVE BEEN BANNED THERE BECAUSE OF RECENT DEMONSTRATIONS AGAINST THE "UNION MOVEMENT" OF SIR OSUALD MOSLEY, PRE-WAR FASCIST LEADER. COMMUNISTS
WILL HOLD A MEETING IN TRAFALGAR SQUARE, HOWEVER.
PRIME MINISTER ATTLEE WILL ATTEND A MEMORIAL SERVICE AT SAKENHAM, AND OTHER BRITISH LABORITES WILL ADDRESS MEETINGS SPONSORED BY THEID PARTY FISHWHERE IN ENGLAND.

A MILLION WARDS OF CLOTH, FASHIONED INTO RED FLAGS AND BUNTING, CORATE WARSAW FOR POLAND'S BIG COMMUNIST DEMONSTRATION, FOR WHICH CLAIMING "DOWN WITH THE ATLANTIC PACT" AND OTHER SLOGANS

MAY DAY IS NOT AN OFFICIAL HOLIDAY IN TEL AVIV, BUT ISPAEL'S IN MONTREAL, THE POLICE SAID PUBLIC MAY DAY DEMONSTRATIONS WOULD BE ILLEGAL. THEY TURNED DOWN SEVERAL REQUESTS FOR PERMISSION TO PARADE. Goo Low Day Day Day XXX Sector

THE TREASURY ANNOUNCED THAT GAS STOCKHOLDERS WILL GAI GUVLENGAMIS STOCK OF A VALUE EQUAL TO THEIR HOLDINGS IN THE COMPANIES. THIS PAY-MENT WILL BE IN GOVERNMENT THREE PER CENT GUARANTEED STOCK, DATED 1990-1995. POO FON (Gas monsley) XXX Years (Strawhe

(ADVANCE) PARIS, APRIL 30-(AP)-DESPITE POPULATION INCREASES, UN-EMPLOYMENT IN WESTERN EROPE IS GENERALLY LOVER THAN BEFORE WORLD WAR II, THE ECONOMIC COOPERATION ADMINISTRATION (ECA) SAID TODAY. THE STATEMENT ALSO SAID THAT A CONTINUATION OF THE PRESENT TREND would bring the level of food consumption to within three per cent OF THE PREWAR FIGURE.

FOUR NOTABLE EXCEPTIONS WERE SEEN IN THE GENERAL DECREASE OF UN-

EMPLOYMENT -- WESTERN GERMANY, ITALY, GREECE AND BELGIUM.

THE ECA ADDED, HOWEVER, THAT WESTERN GERMANY HAS EXPERIENCED A large population increase in refugees from the east and suffered extensive vartime banage to its industrial plant. Greece is still PLAGUED BY THE DISLOCATION OF A CIVIL WAR. ITALY'S PROBLEM HAS BEEN COMPLICATED BECAUSE THE WAR SHUT OFF THE MORHAL FLOW OF ENIGRATION, INFORMED SOVIET PRIME MINISTER STALIN AT THE POTSDAM CONFERENCE THE

BELGIUM IS ADJUSTING PRODUCTION TO LOVER LEVELS OF DEMAND IN CERTAIN CONSUMER LINES, THE ECA SAID, BUT UNEMPLOYMENT IN BELGIUM

NAS DECLINED 70,000 SINCE JANUARY.

BRITAIN REPORTED THAT HER UNEMPLOYMENT WAS ABOUT ONE-FOURTH OF

THAT IN 1938. THE 1938 UNEMPLOYMENT TOTAL WAS 1,800,000.

AUSTRIA WAS REPORTED TO NAVE CUT HER UNEMPLOYMENT TWO-THIRDS. OTHER COUNTRIES SAID THAT UNEMPLOYMENT TODAY HAD BEEN CUT TO THE FOLLOWING FRACTIONS OF THE 1938 FIGURES: FRANCE, ONE-TENTH DENMARK THREE-FOURTHS; IRELAND, FOUR-FIFTHS; SWEDEN, ONE-THIRD; THE NETHERLANDS, ONE-SEVENTH.

IN REPORTING ON THE FOOD CONSUMPTION PICTURES, THE ECA SAID THAT THE CALORY INTAKE IN THE MARSHALL PLAN COUNTRIES IN THE ONE YEAR PERIOD FROM JULY 1, 1949 TO JUNE 30, 1950, WILL BE ONLY THREE PER CENT BELOW PREVAR. IT SAID HOWEVER, THAT DEFICIENCIES STILL EXIST IN MEAT, FATS, SUGAR, EGGS, MILK AND CHEESE. AVAILABILITY OF THESE ITEMS WAS SAID TO BE ON AN UPWARD TREND.

ON THE OTHER HAND, IT REPORTED THAT MORE BREAD GRAINS, POTATOES, VEGETABLES AND FISH ARE NOW BEING CONSUMED BY VESTERN EUROPEAN

WORKERS THAN BEFORE THE WAR.

(END ADVANCE FOR USE AT 5 P.M. EST TODAY, SATURDAY, APRIL 30)

SJ1PED

BY JOSEPH F. DVNAN

PARIS, APRIL 30-(AP)-A GROUP OF VOITUG IDENTIFIED AS A AMARCHISTS ALMOST BROKE UP TONIGHT'S SESSION OF THE REVOLUTIONARY DEMOCRATIC RALLY WITH PROTESTS OVER THE ATOMIC BOMB.

THE UPROAR FOLLOWED A SPEECH BY DR. KARL T. COMPTON, CHAIRMAN OF THE U.S. MILITARY ESTABLISHMENT'S RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT BOARD AND FORMER PRESIDENT OF MASSACHUSETTS INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY. DR. COMPTON TOLD THE GROUP OF LEFTISTS GATHERED TO PROCLAIM A CRUSADE AGAINST WAR AND DICTATORSHIP THAT HE HAD PARTICIPATED IN PRESIDENT TRUMAN'S DECISION TO DROP THE ATOMIC BOMB ON HIROSHIMA AND NAGASAKI, JAPAN. HE HAD SCARCELY FINISHED WHEN A NUMBER OF YOUTHS STOOD UP IN

VARIOUS SECTIONS OF THE CROWD ASSEMBLED IN THE PALAIS DES SPORTS AND BEGAN SHOUTING. ONE OF THE YOUTHS EXCLAIMED: "WE PROTEST THE ATOMB BOMB!"

AS THE TUMULT INCREASED, CROUPS RUSHED TOWARD THE SPEAKERS PLATFORM, AND FOR SVERAL MINUTES THE MEETING WAS VIRTUALLY SUSPENDED. CHAIRMAN GEORGES AILMAN, EDITOR OF THE LEFT-WING NEWSPAPER FRANC TIREUR, MADE SEVERAL EFFORTS TO RESTORE ORDER. HE FINALLY SUCCEEDED BY PROMISING BOTH ANARCHIST AND TROTSKYITE GROUPS THEY WOULD BE PERMITTED TO STATE THEIR POSITIONS.

DURING THE UPROAR, GARRY DAVIS, FORMER U.S. BOMBER PILOT AND SELF-STYLED WORLD CITIZEN, STEPPED TO THE ROSTRUM. DAVIS, WHO HEADS THE SO-CALLED CITIZENS MOVEMENT, TOLD THE CROWD OF 10,000 THAT PEOPLE OF THE WORLD HAVE HAD "ENOUGH OF HATE AND ENOUGH OF FEAR."

DAVIS WAS CHEERED AS HE SPOKE. HE ASKED THE WORLD COMMUNITY TO

RECOGNIZE THAT THE UNITED NATIONS IS NOT SUFFICIENT. WHILE DAVIS WAS SPEAKING SEVERAL PERSONS CLIMBED ON THE STAGE BUT WERE THROWN BACK BY LEADERS OF THE BALLY.

PREVIOUSLY COMPTON TOLD THE CATHERING PRESIDENT TRUMAN HAD UNITED STATES INTENDED TO USE THE ATOMIC BOMB IF JAPAN REJECTED THE POISDAM ULTIMATUM.

HE SAID THE DECISION TO DROP THE BOMB WAS TO FORCE A QUICK END TO THE WAR AND THUS SAVE ALLIED AND JAPANESE LIVES IN A PROLONGED RESISTANCE U.S. MILITARY LEADERS FORESAW ON JAPANESE HOME ISLANDS. HE SAID THE SECOND BEASON FOR USING THE BOMB WAS TO ACHIEVE

INTERNATIONAL CONTROL OF ATOMIC ENERGY AS QUICKLY AS POSSIBLE EARLIER TODAY JAMES T. FARRELL, AMERICAN AUTHOR, TOLD THE BALLY THE RECENT COMMUNIST-SPONSORED WORLD PEACE CONGRESS HAD PREACHED "IDEOLOGICAL HOOLIGANISM." HE ADDED THE CONGRESS WAS AN ATTEMPT TO MANIPULATE "DEEPLY FELT SENTI MENTS FOR PEACE AND FREEDOM BY

APPLYING A SOVIET VARION OF ADOLF HITLER'S TECHNIQUE OF THE BIG LIE." TONIGHT'S RALLY WAS SPONSORED BY A LEFTIST GROUP INFLUENCED BY

JEAN-PAUL SARIRE. FRENCH PLAYVRIGHT.

ANOTHER SPEAKER Y Y Y FOURTH CRAPH PREVIOUS (A24).

HP912PED

ART AND INDUSTRY MATTERS FOR THE POLICE, THE SOVIET UNION AND ITS SATELLITES ARE AT WAR WITH THE TRADITIONS OF A FREE CULTURE WHICH HAVE PAINFULLY SURVIVED OTHER TOTALITABIAN THREATS. BOTH HOOK AND FARRELL TERMED THE MARSHALL PLAN AND ATLANTIC PACT GUARANTEE TO EUROPE THAT EUROPEANS THEMSELVES CAN WORK OUT THEIR PROBLEMS WITHOUT UNDUE INTERFERENCE FROM ABROAD.

FARRELL CITED THE POSITION AND STRENGTH OF AMERICAN LABOR AS A GUARANTEE IN THE UNITED STATES AGAINST FASCISM. HE SAID THE UNIONS WERE TOO STRONG AND TOO WISE EVER TO PERMIT ITS GROWTH. ADMITTING THAT SOCIAL EVILS EXISTED IN THE UNITED STATES.

FARRELL SAID THE U.S. ALSO HAS FREE POLITICAL INSTITUTIONS WHICH CAN AND ARE BEING USED TO ERADICATE THESE EVILS.

THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES SIGNED HIS NAME TO A REPORT ON CIVIL LIBERTIES WHICH FRANKLY ADMITS THESE EVILS. THE LIBRARIES OF THE UNITED STATES ARE FILLED WITH BOOKS WHICH CRITICIZE EVERY ASPECT OF LIFE IN AMERICA. SAID FARRELL, ADDING AN INQUIRY: "COMPARE FACTS LIKE THESE WITH CONDITIONS BEHIND THE IRON CURTAIN." DO THE LEADERS OF BUSSIA SIGN REPORTS CONDEMNING THE EVILS OF SLAVE LABOR? THE REPRESSION OF CIVIL LIBERTIES AND THE DESTRUCTION OF FREE TRADE UNIONS ?"

KA1106AED

MUNICH, GERMANY, APRIL 30-(AP)-A FORMER U.S. ARMY SERGEANT SAID TODAY HE HAD BENUUNCED HIS AMERICAN CITIZENSHIP TO MARRY A GERMAN GIRL I DON'T KNOW WHAT THEY ARE GETTING AT " GOD BENJIN (BY TOWAY) KEY TOWAY PARK, BOSTON. THE 19-YEAR-OLD FRAULEIN WHOM HE INTENDS TO MARRY NEXT WEEK IS INGEBORG MIERSCH, A TYPIST FOR AN ARMY UNIT IN MUNICH. SUTTON SAID HE WAS DUE FOR REDEPLOYMENT HOME AND WISHED TO TAKE HIS FIANCE HOME AS HIS BRIDE. HER PARENTS HOWEVER, REFUSED PERMISSION FOR

HER TO GO TO AMERICA. HE SAID HE THEN OBTAINED HIS BELEASE FROM THE ARMY AND WENT TO THE AMERICAN CONSULATE AND BENOUNCED HIS CITIZENSHIP SO HE COULD STAY IN GERMANY AS A STATELESS PERSON. THE BENUNCIATION BECOMES FINAL AFTER FIVE YEARS.

THE FORMER SERGEANT IS NOW EARNING A LIVING AS A DRIVER FOR THE

AMERICAN PRESS CLUB HERE.

HIS PARENTS LIVE AT GREEN HILL ROAD, JACKSON, NEW HAMPSHIRE. MD733PER

MUNICH, GERMANY, APRIL 30-(AP) -A MILITARY GOVERNMENT OFFICIAL HAS DISCLOSED THAT MRS.LENNIE MARTIN IS WANTED ON CHARGES OF THROWING ACID ON A GERMAN GIRL SHE SUSPECTED OF BEING FRIENDLY WITH HER HUSBAND, AN AMERICAN SERGEANT.

A WARRANT HAS BEEN ISSUED FOR MRS.MARTIN'S ARREST, THE OFFICIAL,
DONALD C.NOGGLE, SAID YESTERDAY. MRS.MARTIN IS REPORTED TO LIVE IN
PICHER, OKLA., AND IS UNDERSTOOD TO HAVE LEFT THIS WEEK FOR THE UNITED
STATES ABOARD A DUTCH SHIP.

NOGGLE, THE MILITARY GOVERNMENT'S DISTRICT ATTORNEY FOR BAVARIA, SAID MRS.MARTIN IS CHARGED WITH CAUSING ELIZABETH BAUER, 18, BODILY HARM AND DEPRIVING HER OF LIBERTY. HE RELEASED THE FOLLOWING VERSION OF THE STORY THROUGH THE MILITARY GOVERNMENT'S PUBLIC RELATIONS DEPARTMENT:

MRS.MARTIN FOUND THE GERMAN GIRL'S NAME ON A SLIP OF PAPER IN HER HUSBAND'S POCKET AND BECAME SUSPICIOUS. SHE VISITED MISS BAUER AND TOLD THE GIRL NOT TO SEE HER HUSBAND. LATER MRS.MARTIN WAS SAID TO HAVE

DISCOVERED THAT MISS BAUER AGAIN HAD BEEN SEEING HER HUSBAND.

THE AMERICAN WOMAN, ACCOMPANIED BY HER GERMAN MAID, WENT TO SEE THE GIRL AGAIN. THE TWO WOMEN INDUCED MISS BAUER TO ENTER MRS. MARTIN'S AUTOMOBILE ON THE PRETEXT THE SERGEANT WAS MISSING AND THAT THEY WANTED

MISS BAUER TO HELP FIND HIM. WHILE IN THE CAR MRS. MARTIN WAS SAID TO HAVE SEEN SNAPSHOTS OF HER

HUSBAND IN THE GERMAN GIRL'S POCKETBOOK.

MRS.MARTIN, WITH THE HELP OF HER MAID, WAS ALLEGED TO HAVE CUT THE GERMAN GIPL'S HAIR AND TO HAVE POURED A HOUSEHOLD CLEANING DIS-INFECTANT ON MISS BAUER AFTER FIRST REMOVING THE GIPL'S SLACKS AND PANTIES. MISS BAUER COMPLAINED TO MILITARY GOVERNMENT AUTHORITIES. OFFICIALS IN MUNICH SAID THEY DID NOT KNOW WHAT STEPS IF ANY WILL

BE TAKEN TO RETURN MRS. MARTIN TO GERMANY FOR TRIAL.

HORSES, COWS, SHEEP AND PIGS WERE DRIVEN FROM THE KAROLINEN HOEHE ARM EARLY LAST NIGHT, BY A RAIDING FORCE OF SOME 50 UNIFORMED AND CIVILIAN SOVIET ZONE POLICE. ALL WERE ARMED, WITNESSES SAID.

UNDER AN AGREEMENT REACHED IN 1945, THE CITY-OWNED FARM WAS CONSIDERED BY THE FOUR POWERS TO BE BRITISH SECTOR PROPERTY. ITS DAIRY AND VEGETABLES ARE USED IN THE COMMON FOOD POOL FOR THE WESTERN SECTORS. W.H.SPICE, CHIEF OF TUE AGRICULTURE SECTION, BRITISH MILITARY SOVERNMENT, INVESTIGATE, THE INCIDENT AND PROFESSED PUZZLEMENT.
"FIRST WE HAD THE TROUBLE AT THE CANAL LOCKS," HE SAID "AND NOW

VATICAN CITY. APRIL 30-(AP)-POPE PIUS XII RECEIVED IN SPECIAL AUDIENCE TODAY 11 MEMBERS OF THE AMERICAN CHRISTIAN PALESTINE GROUP, HERE ON THEIR WAY TO ISRAEL.

THE GROUP WAS LED BY STANLEY CHURCH, MAYOR OF NEW ROCHELLE, N.Y., WHO SAID LATER THE PONTIFF EXPRESSED THANKS TO HIM FOR HAVING LED A MASS DEMONSTRATION AGAINST THE ARREST AND TRIAL OF JOSEF CARDINAL MINDSZENTY, PRIMATE OF HUNGARY.

THE CROUP ARRIVED YESTERDAY AND LEAVES TONIGHT FOR PALESTINE, WHERE IT WILL SPEND 16 DAYS STUDYING THE NEW STATE OF ISRAEL.

OTHERS IN THE PARTY INCLUDE THE REV. KARL BAEHR, SECRETARY OF THE GROUP, WHOSE HEADQUARTERS ARE IN NEW YORK CITY; MARSHALL N. DANA, EDITOR OF THE PORTLAND, OREGON, JOURNAL; MRS. LOUISE S. FREESE, FEATURE WRITER OF THE SIOUX CITY JOURNAL TRIBUNE; SPENCER ERWIN, ASSOCIATE EDITOR OF THE CLEVELAND PLAIN DEALER AND THOMAS CLARK POLLACK, DEAN OF THE WASHINGTON SQUARE COLLEGE OF ARTS AND SCIENCES AT NEW YORK UNIVERSITY.

EZ316PED

NIGHT LEAD PALESTINE (200) LAUSANNE, SWITZERLAND, APRIL 30-(AP)-THE FATE OF ARAB REFUGEES SHAPED UP TODAY AS A MAJOR PROBLEM OF THE PALESTINE PEACE CONFERENCE. ESTIMATES OF THEIR NUMBER RANGE FROM 550,000 TO 825,000. SOME ARAB DELEGATES HAVE TAKEN THE VIEW THE QUESTION MUST BE SETTLED BEFORE A PEACE TREATY CAN BE CONSIDERED. WALTER EYTAN, HEAD OF THE ISBAELI DELEGATION, SAID THE ISBAELIS HAVE "COME PREPARED TO TACKLE IT WITH SINCERITY AND REALISM." FEEDING AND HOUSING THE ARAB FAMILIES, WHO FLED FROM ISRAEL AND ADJOINING TERRITORY LAST YEAR TO ESCAPE THE ARAB-JEVISH WAR, WAS

HANDLED ON AN EMERGENCY BASIS BY SURROUNDING ARAB NATIONS. STANTON GRIFFIS, U.SM AMBASSADOR TO EGYPT, IS DIRECTOR OF UNITED NATIONS RELIEF FOR PALESTINE REFUGERS, WHICH IS SOLICITING FUNDS, FOOD

AND CLOTHING.

A DELEGATION FROM TRANS-JORDAN, HEADED BY DEFENSE MINISTER FAUZI PASHA NULKI, ARRIVED TODAY FOR THE PEACE TALKS. THIS COMPLETED THE LINEUP ARAB NATIONS ON PALESTINE'S BORDERS. EGYPT, SYRIA AND LEBANON PREVIOUSLY SENT DELEGATIONS TO THE CONFERENCE, WHICH OPENED LAST WEEK.

THE U.N. PALESTINE CONCILIATION COMMISSION, MADE UP OF REPRESENTATIVES OF THE UNITED STATES, FRANCE AND TURKEY, IS HOLDING INDIVIDUAL TALKS WITH THE VARIOUS DELEGATIONS PRELIMINARY TO A ROUND

MD743PED

BELGRADE, YUGOSIAVIA ADDIL 30-(AD)-VUGOSLAVIA APOLOGIZED YESTE FOR DISCOURTESIES SUFFERED BY DIPLOMATS OF FIVE WESTERN NATIONS. THE UNITED STATES, BRITAIN, FRANCE, BELGIUM AND ITALY PROTESTED THAT THEIR REPRESENTATIVES WERE PREVENTED FROM PERFORMING ROUTINE DUTIES AND SUBJECTED TO DISCOURTEOUS TREATMENT BY MILITIAMEN LAST

THE INCIDENTS OCCURRED DURING A MASS DEMONSTRATION IN HONOR OF THE MEMORY OF DJURE DJAKOVICH, COMMUNIST HERO, SLAIN 20 YEARS AGO FOR REFUSING TO DISCLOSE PARTY SECRETS.

JT21 SAED

BY LEONARD KIRSCHEN

BUCHAREST, BOMANIA, APRIL 30-(AP)-A GOVERNMENT NEWSPAPER CHARGED TODAY THAT THE UNITED STATES INFORMATION SERVICE HAS ENGAGED IN ESPIONAGE AND RECRUITED SOME ROMANIANS AS SPIES.

THE AMERICAN LEGATION DECLINED COMMENT. (SIMILAR CHARGES HAVE BEEN MADE AGAINST THE SERVICE IN OTHER

COMMUNIST NATIONS.)

AGAIN THE GOVERNMENT TIGHTENED ITS SECURITY PRECAUTIONS. IT DECREED A 15-YEAR PRISON TERM FOR ANY PERSON CONCERNED WITH THE ONE-YEAR ECONOMIC STATE PLAN WHO DIVULGES STATISTICS ABOUT THE PLAN BEFORE THEY ARE MADE PUBLIC OFFICIALLY. VARIOUS PUNISHMENTS ARE SET

FOR USE OF FALSE FIGURES, SABOTAGE AND NEGLECT OF DUTY.

THIS FOLLOWED A DECISION TO CLOSE ABOUT TWO-THIRDS OF ROMANIA'S
TERRITORY TO FOREIGN DIPLOMATS. EMBASSIES, LEGATIONS AND MISSIONS WERE
NOTIFIED FRIDAY OF RESTRICTED AREAS, INCLUDING A 30-MILE WIDE BELT
AROUND THE FRONTIER, FROM WHICH DIPLOMATS WILL BE BARRED.

THE SPY CHARGE AGAINST THE U.S. INFORMATION SERVICE WAS MADE BY THE

GOVERNMENT-OWNED UNIVERSUL. THE NEWSPAPER SAID AMERICAN INFORMATION CHIEFS MET AT ROME IN MARCH AND THAT DONALD C.DUNHAM, HEAD OF THE SERVICE IN BUCHAREST, REPORTED THE AMERICAN LIBRARY HERE HAD BEEN RECRUITING SPIES AMONG BOOK BORROWERS "UNCONTENTED WITH THE BOMANIAN REGIME."

THE SERVICE ALSO WAS ACCUSED OF TRYING TO SPLIT THE TRADE UNION MOVEMENT IN SOUTHEASTERN EUROPE AND BREAK UP QHE SOVIET FRIENDSHIP

SOCIETIES. (UNIVERSUL'S REPORT OF A MEETING IN MARCH LACKED CONFIRMATION. AN OPEN AND PUBLICIZED MEETING OF THE INFORMATION CHIEFS WAS HELD IN BOME LAST DECEMBER. IT WAS PRESIDED OVER BY GEORGE V. ALLEN, ASSISTANT SECRETARY OF STATE, WHO WAS RETURNING FROM THE UNITED NATIONS THAT TELES EDUCATIONAL, SCIENTIFIC AND CULTURAL ORGANIZATION CONFERENCE IN BEIRUT. SHANGHAI. DUNHAM RETURNED TO BUCHAREST JAN. 13.) MD721 PED

TRIESTE. APRIL 30-(AP)-THE ASTRA MEUS AGENCY SAID AN ITALIAN DANCING CIRL DIED HERE TODAY FROM GUNSHOT WOUNDS INFLICTED IN WHAT THE U.S. ARMY EARLIER DESCRIBED AS A "DOUBLE SUICIDE" PACT WITH AN AMERICAN SOLDIER.

THE ARMY'S PUBLIC INFORMATION OFFICE IDENTIFIED HER AS MARIA MOSCA, 24-YEAR-OLD BLONDE DANCER FROM ROME. THE SOLDIER, IDENTIFIED AS PFC LOUIS J.CAPELOTTI, JR., OF HANSON, MASS., IS IN A CRITICAL CONDITION. HE IS A MEMBER OF THE 281ST MILITARY POLICE COMPANY.

BOTH WERE FOUND WOUNDED TWO DAYS AGO WHEN MILITARY POLICE AND AN AGENT OF THE TRIESTE VICE SQUAD BROKE DOWN THE DOOR OF A ROOMING HOUSE AFTER HEARING SHOTS.

EZ345PED

TEHRAN, IRAN, APRIL 30-(AP)-THE GOVERNMENT ANNOUNCED TODAY THAT A MILITARY TRIBUNAL HAS SENTENCED IVO PERSONS TO DEATH AND FIVE OTHERS TO PRISON TERMS ON CHARGES THEY TOOK PART IN AN ATTEMPT ON THE LIFE OF THE SHAH LAST FEB. 4.

FAKHE BAILE, A REPORTER, FIRED FIVE SHOTS AT THE SHAH, MOHAMMED REZA PAHLEVI, ON THAT DAY. ONE SHOT HIT THE SHAH IN THE CHEEK, ANOTHER HIS SIDE AND THREE BULLETS PASSED THROUGH HIS HAT. WITNESSE PUMMELED

THE ASSAILANT SO BADLY THAT HE DIED SOON AFTER.

ABDULLAH ARGANI AND HUSSEIN HAJI FARAJULLAH, IDENTIFIED AS FAKHR
RAIEF'S CLOSEST FRIENDS, WERE SENTENCED TO DEATH. FOUR OTHERS GOT
SENTENCES RANGING FROM LIFE DOWN TO SIX MONTHS IMPRISONMENT. MAHIN
ISLAMI, NIDENTIFIED IN THE AMNOUNCEMENT AS RAIEF'S MISTRESS,

COT A FIVE YEAR SENTENCE. HIS WIFE WAS ACQUITTED.

DR. FERIDOON KESHAVARZ AND ENSAN TABARI, TWO LEADERS OF THE TUDEN
PARTY, WERE DECLARED BY THE COURT TO HAVE BEEN AMONG THE ORIGINAL PLANNERS OF THE ASSASSINATION ATTEMPT. THEY ARE IN HIDING. THE LEFTIST TUDEN PARTY, OF WHICH BAIRE WAS A MEMBER, WAS OUTLAWED SOON AFTER THE SHOOTING.

RQ1156AED

BY TOM LAMBERT (SHINDOUT)

SHANGHAI. MAY 17 (AP)-SHANGHAI'S PERIL MOUNTED TODAY, BUT INDICATIONS THAT'IT WAS CUT OFF BY BAIL FROM THE REST OF CHINA PROVED ERRONEOUS.

BAILWAY OFFICIALS ANNOUNCED TRAINS STILL WERE BUNNING FROM SHANGHAI TO THE SUPPORTING CITY OF HANGCHOW, 121 MILES SOUTHWEST. THEY SAID NIGHT TRAINS HAD BEEN HALTED, HOWEVER, AND THAT THIS LED TO REPORTS LAST NIGHT NO TRAINS WERE BUNNING PAST KASHING, 62 MILES

SOUTHWEST OF SHANGHAI. AT THE SAME TIME, THE TELECOMMUNICATIONS ADMINISTRATION ANNOUNCED THAT TELEPHONE SERVICE HAD CEASED TO KUNSHAN, ABOUT 35 MILES WEST OF

COMMUNIST TROOPS LAST WERE REPORTED MOVING EAST SLOWLY ON THIS WESTWARD APPROACH TO SHANGHAI.

THE BREAK IN TELEPHONE SERVICE COULD MEAN THAT THESE FORCES SUDDENLY

HAD LUNGED FORWARD AND ATTACKED KUNSHAN. THE SHANGHAI GARRISON SAID YESTERDAY THAT SEVERAL THOUSAND REDS HAD MOVED INTO THE AREA BUT WERE BEING HELD IN CHECK ABOUT SIX MILES WEST OF KUNSHAN.

HOWEVER. RED STRATEGY TO DATE INDICATES THAT THE MAIN RED THRUST IS TOWARD SHANGHAI'S LAND LINES TO THE SOUTH.

COMMUNIST TROOPS XXX 4TH GRAF NITE LEAD (ALKX)

PR936PCS NM

WEST OF SHANGHAI, THE CARRISON REPORTED COMMUNISTS IN THE VICINITY OF KUNSHAN, 35 MILES AWAY, HAD MOVED BUT LITTLE AND THAT NATIONALISTS WERE "VIGILANILY WATCHING" TO SEE WHAT THEY WOULD DO.

(THE COMMUNIST RADIO IN PEIPING SAID THE COMMUNIST ARMY "AFTER CROSSING THE SHANGHAI-MANKING BAILWAY IS SWEEPING DOWN SOUTH AT THE RATE OF OVER 40 MILES PET DAY." THIS APPEARED TO BE A CONSIDERABLE EXAGGERATION IN VIEW OF THE SLOW MOVEMENT OF THE PAST SEVERAL DAYS.

(THE RED RADIO SAID NOTHING FURTHER ABOUT SEVEN NATIONALIST ARMIES CLAIMED THE PREVIOUS DAY TO HAVE TRAPPED IN THE MAJOR ACTION SOUTH-EAST OF NANKING.

(IT DID ASSERT, HOWEVER, THAT NATIONALIST PLANES BOMBED AND STRAFED COMMUNIST-OCCUPIED NANKING ON WEDNESDAY AND THURSDAY, KILLING 17 PERSONS IN AN APPARENT ATTACK ON THE ELECTRIC AND WATER SYSTEMS.

ADOSTANGTON (NI-Chinese) XXX China A3KX

(THE PEIPING RADIO, HEARD IN SAN FRANCISCO BY THE ASSOCIATED PRESS, ALSO BROADCAST A LONG OFFICIAL STATEMENT DEMANDING THAT BRITAIN, THE UNITED STATES AND FRANCE "WITHDRAW QUICKLY THEIR ARMED FORCES, WARSHIPS, MILITARY AIRCRAFT AND MARINES, IN THE YANGTZE RIVER" AND ANYWHERE ELSE THEY MIGHT BE IN CHINA.

(THE STATEMENT, BY GEN. LI TAG, MILITARY SPOKESMAN, BITTERLY ASSAILED BRITISH PRIME MINISTER CLEMENT ATTLEE OVER THE SHOOTING INCIDENT INVOLVING THE SLOOP AMETHYST AND OTHER BRITISH WARSHIPS AND REITERATED DEMANDS THAT BRITAIN APOLOGIZE ANY PAY INDEMNITY.
(IT ENDED, HOWEVER, BY OFFERING TO CONSIDER DIPLOMATIC RELATIONS

WITH AMY FOREIGN GOVERNMENT THAT WOULD SEVER RELATIONS WITH THE NATIONALISTS.)

A CHINESE COMMUNIST RADIO BROADCAST HEARD BY THE ASSOCIATED PRESS IN SHANGHAI SAID 7,000 NATIONALISTS TROOPS WERE KILLED IN THE

CAPTURE OF TAIYUAN A WEEK AGO.

THE FORTRESS CAPITAL OF THE NORTHERN PROVINCE OF SHANSI FELL BY STORM AFTER MONTHS OF SIEGE. THE BED BADIO SAID 77,000 MEN OF THE GARRISON WERE TAKEN PRISONER.

ON SOCCHOU TO THE WEST OF KUMSHAM, NOW ALSO WERE ADVANCING TOWARD ON SOCCHOU TO THE WEST OF KUMSHAM, NOW ALSO WERE ADVANCING TOWARD ON SOCCHOU TO THE WEST OF KUMSHAM, NOW ALSO WERE ADVANCING TOWARD SHIP ON SOCCHOU TO THE WEST OF KUMSHAM, NOW ALSO WERE ADVANCING TOWARD ON SOCCHOU TO THE WEST OF KUMSHAM, NOW ALSO WERE ADVANCING TOWARD SHIP OF KASHING, ON THE COMMUNISTS WERE NOT NEGLECTING WHILE MOVING ON HANGCHOW, THE COMMUNISTS WERE NOT NEGLECTING ASSOCIATION OF KASHING, ON THE SHANGHAI-HANGCHOW BAILWAY 59 MAN NATIONALIST GARRISON WAS "WIPED OUT." THIS WOULD BY COMMUNISTS

PHRASEOLOGY INCLUDE WOUNDED AS WELL AS KILLED AND CAPTURED.

THE BROADCAST SAID LARGE WAR STORES WERE CAPTURED, INCLUDING 3,456 ARTILLERY PIECES. TAIYUAN, KNOWN AS "CHINA'S PITTSBURGH," HAS NUMEROUS MUNITIONS PLANTS AND OTHER INDUSTRIES.

EW847PCS

FIRST LEAD CHINESE

RY TOM LAMBERT SHANGHAI. APRIL 30-(AP)-COMMUNIST TROOPS TONIGHT KNIFED TO WITHIN 23 MILES OF HANGCHOW, MATIONALIST DEFENSE ANCHOR FOR THE SHANGHAI FRONT. RAIL TRAFFIC BETWEEN SHANGHAI AND HANGCHOW WAS CUT

BAILVAY OFFICIALS IN SHANGHAI SAID NO TRAINS WERE RUNNING PAST KASHING, VITAL BAIL JUNCTION WHERE THE SHANGHAI-HANGCHOW LINE JOINS THE HANGCHOV-SOCHOW LINK-UP WITH THE NANKING-SHANGHAI RAILWAY.
THIS REPORT HIGHT INDICATE THE REDS MOVING ALONG THE SOCCHOW-HANCCHOW LINE HAVE BY-PASSED KASHING AND CUT BETWEEN THERE AND HANGCHOW THE LAST RAIL ESCAPE ROUTE FROM SHANGHAI TO THE REST OF MATIONALIST

THE NEWSPAPER SIN WAN PAO SAID GOVERNMENT EMPLOYES IN HANGCHOW IAD BEEN ORDERED TO LEAVE AND THAT LOCALLY-ORGANIZED MILITIA TOOK OVER POLICE DUTIES.

THIS MIGHT INDICATE THE NATIONALIST SOLDIERS HAD WITHDRAWN FROM THE COASTAL CITY, 121 RAIL MILES SOUTHWEST OF SHANGHAI. THERE WAS NOTHING OFFICIAL TO BEAR OUT THIS, HOWEVER.

THE SHANGHAI GARRISON COMMUNIQUE SAID THAT ONE COMMUNIST COLUMN

HAD REACHED TECHING. 23 ROAD MILES MORTH OF HANGCHOW. EARLIER THE GARRISON SAID NATIONALIST TROOPS HAD WITHDRAWN FROM WUKANG. 12 MILES WEST OF TECHING.

SIN WAN PAO REPORTED ARTILLERY FIRE COULD BE HEARD IN HANGCHOW. THE CITY WAS QUIET AND MOST SHOPS WERE CLOSED.

(THE COMMUNIST RADIO BOASTED THAT THE MAIN BATTLE RAGED 70 MILES OR SO MORTHWEST OF HANGCHOW, WHERE IT SAID SEVEN GOVERNMENT ARMIES WERE TRAPPED AND WERE BEING "ANNIHILATED."

(THIS WOULD MEAN MORE THAN 140,000 NATIONALISTS, OR NEARLY ONE-THIRD OF THE TORAL FORCE ASSIGNED TO DEFEND THE MOW-PUNCTURED

MANKING-SHANGHAI-HANGCHOW TRIANGLE.

(THERE WAS LITTLE TO INDICATE THE NATIONALISTS WERE PUTTING UP TUCH RESISTANCE ON THE HANGCHOW FRONT. ALTHOUGH PREVIOUSLY STRONG GOVERNMENT FORCES WERE REPORTED MOVING UP TO BLOCK THE RED ADVANCE.)

ALITY

THE GARRISON COMMUNIQUE SAID RED TROOPS IN THE VICINITY OF KUNSHAM. ON THE RAILWAY 35 MILES WEST OF SHANGHAI, HAD MOVED BUT LITTLE. MATIONALIST TROOPS WERE SAID TO BE "VICILANTLY WATCHING" THEM.

THE COMMUNIQUE SAID THAT UNITS OF THE COMMUNIST 29TH ARMY, BASED

MILES NORTHEAST OF HANGCHOW.

AN EARLIER GARRISON COMMUNIQUE SAID A FORCE OF 4,000 EAST-BOUND COMMUNIST TROOPS WERE ABOUT 17 MILES WEST OF KASHING. THIS FORCE WAS SAID TO HAVE BEEN STOPPED BY NATIONALIST DEFENDERS.

PLYE HUMBRED RED BAIDERS STRUCK INTO THE RICE DISTRICT OF CHANGSHU,

ROAD MILES NORTHWEST OF SHANGHAI. IT WAS STILL TOO EARLY TO TELL THETHER THIS REPRESENTED A MOVE DOWATHE YANGTZE'S SOUTH BANK TO

THE DEPARTURE OF CHINESE AND FOR MERS FROM SHANGHAI SPED ON WITHOUT LETUP. AMERICAN AND CHINES! ANES TOOK OFF WITH MOSTLY

THE AMERICAN PRESIDENT LINER PRESIDENT WILSON ARRIVED AT TOKYO TODAY EN ROUTE TO THE UNITED STATES WITH 162 EVACUEES FROM COMMUNIST-THREAT-YOKOAHAMA SUMDAY, THEN SAIL FOR HONOLULU.)

THE U.S. LINER GORDON WILL DOCK IN SHANGHAL SUNDAY TO TAKE ON MORE THAN 1,000 EVACUEES. THERE WILL BE 700 CHINESE, 100 AMERICANS

AND 200 OTHER FOREIGNERS.

THE U.S. MAVY WITHDREW THE LAST OF ITS FIGHTING CRAFT FROM THE WHANGPOO IN THE HEART OF SHANGHAI. ALL MAVY SHIPS ARE NOW ANCHORED AT WOOSUNG AT THE MOUTH OF THE YANGTZE.

POLICE KEPT UP AN ALERT FOR COMMUNISTS INFILTRATING INTO SHANGHAI FROM THE COUNTRYSIDE. THEY REPORTED THEY HAD ROUNDED UP MORE THAN 1.000 PERSONS WHO WERE MITHOUT RESIDENCE CERTIFICATES.

1.000 PERSONS WHO WERE WITHOUT RESIDENCE CIRCUMANDER OF NATIONALIST FORCES ON THE HANKOW FROMT AND "MILITARY RIGHT HAND" OF ACTING PRESIDENT ISUNG-JEN ARRIVED IN CANTON. LI HIMSELF WAS EXPECTED IN A DAY OR TWO. PAL'S ARRIVAL AND LI'S EXPECTED ARRIVAL WERE BELIEVED TO PRESAGE AN ATTEMPT TO COMPROMISE NATIONALIST FACTIONS UNDER GENERALISSIMO CHIANG KAI-SHEK AND THOSE UNDER LI FOR CONTINUED WAR AGAINST THE REDS.

A CABINET SPOKESMAN AT CANTON, NEW NATIONALIST CAPITAL, SA THE HANKOW SITUATION WAS QUIET TODAY. HE WOULD NOT ELABORATE (THERE HAS BEEN NO NEWS OF MILITARY OR OTHER DEVELOPMENTS IN THE HANKOW AREA FOR DAYS. AT THE TIME THE COMMUNISTS REOPENED THE CIVIL WAR WITH THEIR CROSSINGS OF THE YANGTZE, PAI REPORTEDLY HAD A NATIONALIST FORCE OF 200,000 MEN BASED ON HANKOW, 420 AIR MILES

AT HOME KONG, CHIMESE PRESS REPORTS FROM CANTON SAID INFLUENTIAL KUOMINITANG (NATIONALIST PARTY) LEADERS ARE CONSIDERING MARSHAL YEN HSI-SHAM, WARLORD OF RED-OCCUPIED SHAMSI PROVINCE, FOR A "VERY IMPORTANT JOB" IN THE GOVERNMENT.

THESE DISPATCHES SAID HIGH MATIONALIST OFFICIALS WHO ADVOCATE

CONTINUED RESISTANCE AGAINST THE COMMUNISTS RECOMMENDED FULL UTILIZA-TION OF "YEN'S LOGISTICAL ABILITY TO MAKE KWAMTUNG MORE IMPREGNABLE THAN TALYUAN." KWANTUNG IS THE PROVINCE IN WHICH CANTON IS SITUATED.
TALYUAN, SHANSI PROVINCIAL CAPITAL WHICH FELL TO THE REDS APRIL 12
WAS DEFENDED FOR NEARLY THREE YEARS WHILE THE COMMUNISTS KNOCKED OVER

THE CANTON REPORTS QUOTED KUOMINTANG LEADERS AS EXPRESSING TH OPINION THAT ONCE THE MARSHAL WAS GIVEN A RESPONSIBLE GOVERNMENT POST THE OUTLOOK FOR FOREIGN AID WOULD BE "MUCH BETTER AS YEN'S RULE OF SHAMSI WAS VIEWED BY FOREIGNERS AS AN IDEAL FORM OF DEMOCRACY FOR

X553APS MM

SHANGHAI SUNDAY, MAY 1-(AP)-A LAST-MINUTE REPRIEVE ARRIVED TODAY FOR AT LEAST 50 OF THE 800 STATELESS EUROPEANS WHO FACE THE PROSPECT OF BEING STRANDED IN SHANGHAI WHEN THE COMMUNISTS COME.

THE INTERNATIONAL REFUGEE ORGANIZATION SAID THE DUTCH STEAMER MARIEKERK (ONE WORD) WOULD TAKE THAT NUMBER TO GENOA AND MARSEILLES. IT SAILS LATER IN THE DAY.

PREVIOUSLY, THE I.R.O. HAD SAID IN MANILA THE S.S. HAVEN, WITH 400 STATELESS EUROPEANS ABOARD, PROBABLY WOULD BE THE LAST SHIP TO REMOVE STATELESS PERSONS FROM SHANGHAI. THAT WOULD HAVE LEFT 800 OF THE STATELESS IN SHANGHAI. THE HAVEN ALSO IS SCHEDULED TO SAIL TODAY. IT WILL GO TO THE PHILIPPINES.

MOST OF THE STATELESS ARE WHITE RUSSIANS OR EUROPEANS FROM COUNTRIES BEHIND THE IRON CURTAIN. THEY DO NOT WANT TO REMAIN IN CHINA UNDER COMMUNIST RULE.

RA1211ACS NM

CHINA SEPARATE (210)

BY FRED HAMPSON SHANGHAI APRIL 30-(AP)-RED-MENACED SHANGHAI CONFRONTED A FINANCIAL CHISIS TONIGHT, TRYING TO MEET MONTH-END PAYROLLS WITH PRACTICALLY NO MONEY.

THE NATIONALIST "GOLD" YUAN CURRENCY WAS OF SO LITTLE VALUE THAT THERE WAS NOT ENOUGH PAPER TO PAY OFF.

TO TRY TO PRESERVE ORDER, THE SHANGHAI GARRISON COMMAND ORDERED EMPLOYERS TO PAY COMMON WORKERS ONE PRE-WAR CHINESE SILVER DOLLAR

EACH AS PARTIAL SALARY.
THE GOVERNMENT'S CENTRAL BANK WAS DIRECTED TO SELL EMPLOYERS 400.000 OLD SILVER DOLLARS AT 4.000.000 GOLD YUAN TO ONE FOR THIS

THE CARRISON ALSO ORDERED THE USUAL COST-OF-LIVING INDEX SUSPENDED, BUT MUNICIPAL AUTHORITIES WENT AHRAD AND ANNOUNCED THE INDEX WAS BEING RAISED TO 25 TIMES WHAT IT WAS TWO WEEKS AGO.

THERE WAS NO TELLING WHERE THESE MUDDLED ACTIONS WOULD LEAD. SHANGHAI WAS SO CONCERNED THAT THE WAR WAS ALMOST FORGOTTEN. THE BLACK MARKET QUOTATION ON THE SILVER DOLLAR WAS 9.000.000 (M) TO ONE AT NOON.

ALSO, IT WAS DOUBTFUL IF THE BANK COULD PRODUCE 400,000 SILVER DOLLARS AND IT WAS EQUALLY DOUBTFUL WHETHER THAT WOULD BE ENOUGH. EMPLOYERS DIDN'T KNOW WHAT TO DO ABOUT WHITE COLLAR WORKERS AND THE

COMMISSION GAVE NO INSTRUCTIONS CONCERNING THEM. THERE WERE ALL SORTS OF MAKESHIFT AGREEMENTS BETWEEN EMPLOYERS AND WORKERS -- SOME IN FOOD ALLOWANCES, SOME IN FOREIGN CURRENCIES.

SOME BIG PAYROLLS OBVIOUSLY WERE NOT GOING TO BE MET BECAUSE
THERE WAS NOTHING TO MEET THEM WITH.

SHANGHAI. APRIL 30-(AP)-THE SHANGHAI CARRISON COMMAND TODAY BANNED COSERVANCE OF MAY DAY. COMMANDER CHEN TA-CHING TOLD LABOR THAT THE CITY WAS ON A WAR FOOTING AND THERE WOULD BE NO PUBLIC GATHERINGS, DEMONSTRATIONS OR PARADES. I W725APC

XZ1155ACS

SAN FRANCISCO. APRIL 30-(AP)-INE CHINESE COMMUNISTS TODAY BEHANDED THAT BRITAIN, THE UNITED STATES AND FRANCE "QUICKLY" WITHDRAW THEIR ARMED FORCES, WARSHIPS AND MILITARY AIRCRAFT FROM CHINA.

AT THE SAME TIME, THEY PROMISED "TO PROTECT ALL FOREIGN WATIONALS IN CHINA WHO ENGAGE IN MORNAL VOCATIONS" AND SAID THEY "ARE WILLING TO CONSIDER THE ESTABLISHMENT OF DIPLOMATIC RELATIONS WITH FOREIGN COUNTRIES.

THE STATEMENTS WERE HADE BY CEN. LI TAG, SPOKESHAN FOR THE HEADQUARTERS OF THE PEOPLES LIBERATION ARMY (COMMUNIST) OF CHIMA, IN A PRIPING RADIO BROADCAST HEARD IN SAN FRANCISCO BY THE ASSOCIATED PRESS

MUCH OF LI'S STATEMENT WAS A CONDEMNATION OF BRITISH PRIME MINISTER ATTLEE AND OPPOSITION LEADER VINSTON CHURCHILL FOR THEIR STATEMENTS IN CONNECTION WITH THE RED SHELLING OF BRITISH WARSHIPS IN THE YANGTZE. THE STATEMENT SAIDS

"WE DENOUNCE THE RABID STATEMENT OF VARMONGER CHURCHILL. IN THE BRITISH HOUSE OF COMMONS ON APRIL 26, CHURCHILL ASKED THE BRITISH GOVERNMENT TO SEND TO AIRCRAFT CARRIERS TO THE FAR EAST TO UNDERTAKE

ARMED RETALIATION.

"MR. CHURCHILL, FOR WHAT DO YOU WANT TO 'RETALIATE'? BRITISH NAVAL VESSELS, TOGETHER WITH THOSE OF THE KUCHINTANG (NATIONALIST PARTY), INTRUDED INTO THE DEFENSE AREA OF THE PEOPLES LIBERATION ARMY OF CHINA AND OPENED FIRE, CAUSING 252 CASUALTIES AMONG ITS LOYAL AND BRAVE FIGHTERS.

"AS THE BRITISH HAVE ENTERED CHINESE TERRITORY AND CONHITTED SUCH BIG CRIMINAL ACT, THE PEOPLES LIBERATION ARMY OF CHINA IS JUSTIFIED IN DEMANDING THAT THE BRITISH COVERNMENT ADMIT ITS MISTAKE, APOLOGIZE AND PAY INDEMNITY. IS THIS NOT WHAT YOU SHOULD DO INSTEAD OF SENDING MOSLEMS AND PAKISTAN. HE WILL ARGUE HIS OWN APPEAL CASE. HE IS UNDER TROOPS TO CHINA AND 'RETALIATE' ON THE PEOPLES LIBERATION ARMY OF CHINA! SENTENCE TO DIE ON THE GALLOWS.

*PREMIER ATTLEE IS ALSO WRONG IN SAYING THAT GREAT BRITAIN HAS THE RIGHT TO SAIL NAVAL VESSELS INTO THE YANGTZE RIVER OF CHINA. THE YANGTZE RIVER IS CHINA'S INLAND VATERWAY, AND WHAT RIGHT HAS GREAT BRITAIN TO SAIL NAVAL VESSELS INTO IT? THERE IS NO SUCH RIGHT. THE CHINESE PEOPLE MUST PROTECT THE TERRITORIAL SOVEREIGNTY OF CHINA AND WILL ABSOLUTELY NOT ALLOW FOREIGN GOVERNMENTS TO INFRINCE ON IT.

"ATTLEE CLAIMED THAT THE PEOPLES LIBERATION ARMY WAS READY TO LET THE BRITISH NAVAL VESSEL AMETHYST SAIL TO NANKING ON ONE CONDITION: THAT IT MUST ASSIST THE PEOPLES LIBERATION ARMY TO CROSS THE RIVER.

*ATTLEE IS TELLING LIES, FOR THE PEOPLES LIBERATION ARMY NEVER PERMITTED THE AMETHYST TO SAIL TO NANKING. THE PEOPLES LIBERATION ARMY DOES NOT HOPE FOR ANY ASSISTANCE FROM THE ARMED FORCES OF ANY FOREIGN COUNTRY IN CROSSING THE RIVER OR DOING ANY OTHER THING.

"TO THE CONTRARY, THE PEOPLES LIBERATION ARMY DEMANDS GREAT BRITAIN, THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA AND FRANCE WITHDRAW QUICKLY THEIR ARMED FORCES, WARSHIPS, MILITARY AIRCRAFT AND MARINES, IN THE YANGTZE RIVER, WHANGPOO RIVER AND OTHER PLACES IN CHINA, FROM THE WATERS, SEAS, LAND AND AIR OF CHINA AND NOT AID THE CHINESE PEOPLE'S ENEMY IN VACING CIVIL WAR."

X21120ACS

THE BI-PARTISAN REQUEST ALSO SAID THE GROUP WANTS TO FIND OUT "WHETHER OR NOT MILITARY EQUIPMENT FURNISHED BY THE UNITED STATES HAS BEEN EFFECTIVELY USED BY THE NATIONALISTS IN THEIR WAR WITH THE CHINESE COMMUNIST FORCES

THOSE SIGNING THE PETITION WERE SENATORS GURNEY (R-SD), SALTONSTALL (R-MASS), BALDWIN (R-CONN), BRIDGES (R-NH), MORSE (R-ORE), BYRD (D-VA) RUSSELL (D-GA), HUNT (D-VYD), CHAPMAN (D-KY) AND LYNDON B. JOHNSON (D-IIX).

SENATOR BRIDGES ALREADY HAS CALLED FOR A CONGRESSIONAL INVESTIGATION OF THE STATE DEPARTMENT'S HANDLING OF UNITED STATES POLICY TOWARD CHINA. HE MADE THIS DEMAND AFTER SECRETARY OF STATE ACHESON VOICED OPPOSITION TO A BILL BY SENATOR MCCARRAN TO GIVE THE CHINESE MATIONAL-IST GOVERNMENT \$1.500,000,000 IN MILITARY AND ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE.
MCCARRAN SAID TODAY HE EXPECTS TO HAVE CHENNAULT APPEAR BEFORE THE FOREIGN AID "WATCHDOG" COMMITTEE, WHICH HE HEADS, SOME TIME MONDAY

OR TUESDAY. VH556PED

SIMLA. INDIA. APRIL 30-(AP)-INDIAN AUTHORITIES ARE TAKING RIGID CAUTIONS AGAINST ANY DUIBREAK OF VIOLENCE DURING THE APPEALS OF PRISONERS CONVICTED IN THE GANDHI MURDER PLOT. THE APPEALS OPEN MONDAY.

POLICE HEADQUARTERS HERE SAID N.V. GODSE, THE ASSASSIN OF MOHANDAS K. GANDHI, IS BEING BROUGHT HERE TOMORROW FROM AMBALA, WHERE SIX

-aith Chinas -

CTHERS CONVICTED IN THE PLOT ARE IMPRISONED.

GODSE SAID AT HIS TRAIL THAT HE KILLED GANDHI "PURELY FOR THE BENEFIT OF HUMANITY". HE WAS THE EDITOR OF A SMALL POONA NEWSPAPER. AND A MEMBER OF THE MILITANT HINDU MAHASABHA PARTY WHICH OPPOSES

THE GOVERNMENT OF EAST, PUNJAB INVOKED FOR A PERIOD OF TWO MONTHS A SECTION OF THE INDIAN CRIMINAL CODE AIMED AT KEEPING THE PEACE IN CRITICAL PERIODS. IT PROHIBITS PROCESSIONS, DEMONSTRATIONS SHOUTING SLOGANS, CARRYING DANGEROUS WEAPONS AND THE MEETING OF MORE

THAN FIVE PERSONS IN PUBLIC PLACES.

RP944AED

BOMBAY, INDIA, APRIL 30-(AP)-SIR PRATAP SINH GAEKWAR, THE MAHARAJA OF BARDDA, ISSUED A FAREWELL MESSAGE TONIGHT TO HIS 3,000,000 SUBJECTS. IT MARKED THE END OF THE MEDIEVAL HINDU STATE AS AN INDEPENDENT ADMIN-ISTRATIVE UNIT.

BARODA, ABOUT THE SIZE OF BELGIUM, WILL BE MERGED TOMOBROW WITH BOMBAY PROVINCE UNDER THE GOVERNMENT OF INDIA. THE STATE HAS BEEN CONTINUOUSLY UNDER THE SWAY OF THE GAEKWAR FAMILY SINCE EARLY IN THE 18TH CENTURY.

THE MAHARAJA IS THE 15TH DESCENDANT OF THE GAEKWAR WHO CONQUERED

BARODA IN 1705.

HIS FULL TITLE IS MAJ.-GEN. HIS HIGHNESS FARZAND -I-KHAS-I-DAULAT-I-INGLISHIA MAHARAJA SIR PRATAP SINH GAEKWAR, SENA KHAS KHEL SAMSHER BAHADUR, G.C.I.F., LL.D. HE HAS RULED SINCE 1939.

IN HANDING OVER THE GOVERNMENT MACHINERY HE SAID HE WAS BELIEVED

"OF A VERY GREAT BURDEN AND RESPONSIBILITY."
HE ADDED: "I AM PUTTING YOU AND YOUR DESTINY INTO MIGHTIER HANDS. I FEEL SURE YOUR FUTURE WILL BE QUITE SAFE IN THE HANDS OF THE DOMINION OF INDIA."

LHOW JOLD

NIGHT LEAD BURMA

BY DOUGLAS LACKERSTEEN
RANGOON, BURNA, APRIL 30-(AP)-THE COUNTRY-VIDE TURNOIL OF

BURMA'S CIVILHY HAS BROUGHT A REOMMNJATION THAT GENERAL ELECTIONS BE POSTPONED, IT WAS REPORTED AUTHORITATIVELY TODAY.

THE SEVEN-MAN COMMISSION APPOINTED BY THE GOVERNMENT TO INVESTIGATE THE POSSIBILITY OF ELECTIONS WAS SAID TO HAVE MADE THE RECOMMENDATION TO PRESIDENT SAO SHVE THAIKE.

BURMA'S CONSTITUTION PROVIDED FOR ELECTIONS TO BE HELD WITHIN

18 MONTHS AFTER INDEPENDENCE, OR BY JULY 4, 1949.

A GOVERNMENT COMMUNIQUE INDICATED THAT A GENERAL ANTI-REBEL OFFENSIVE MAY BEGIN IN UPPER BURMA, WHERE KARENS, COMMUNISTS, ARMY DESERTERS AND WHITE BAND PEOPLE'S VOLUNTEER ORGANIZATION (PVO) UNITS ARE IN REVOLT.

GOVERNMENT SOURCES SAID ARMY UNITS, SWEEPING DOWN FROM MEIKTILA, 80 MILES SOUTHWEST OF MANDALAY, HAD OCCUPIED TOUNGOO, KAREN HEADQUARTERS ON THE SITTANG RIVER IN CENTRAL BURMA. TOUNGOO, 150 MILES NORTH OF RANGOON, WAS FOUND ALMOST DESERTED, THE REPORT SAID.

TOUNGOO IS AT THE REAR OF A FORCE OF ABOUT 1,000 KARENS WHO ARE ATTACKING TOWARD RANGOON IN THE AREA OF DAIKU, ON THE SITTANG 80 MILES AND SEVERE PUNISHMENT IF ANY OF HIS HUKBALAHAPS ARE FOUND TO BE NORTH OF RANGOON. MOST OF THE KARENS, WHO ARE FIGHTING FOR THEIR OWN SEPARATE STATE, WERE BELIEVED TO HAVE LEFT TOUNGOO TO TAKE PART IN THE DAIKU OFFENSIVE.

A GOVERNMENT SPOKESMAN SAID THE KARENS ATTACKED GOVERNMENT POSITIONS AT PAUNCDAWTHI, SOUTH OF DAIKU, TODAY IN AN EFFORT TO REACH THE PEGU PLAINS. SEVERAL HAND-TO-HAND ENCOUNTERS TOOK PLACE AND GOVERNMENT OBSERVERS REPORTED SEEING THREE TRUCKLOADS OF KAREN WOUNDED CARRIED OFF TO A JUNGLE HOSPITAL.

SOUTHWEST OF DAIKU ABOUT 500 REBELS ATTACKED AGAIN AT HMAVHI, 30 MILES NORTH OF RANGOON. THEY WERE SHELLED AND DISPERSED, THE GOVERNMENT SPOKESMAN SAID. IN THE HMAUBI AREA THE REBELS ARE MADE UP OF COMMUNISTS, ARMY DESERTERS AND PVOS.

A COMMUNIQUE SAID 20 PVOS WERE KILLED OUT OF A BAND OF 100 IN A THREE-HOUR BATTLE AT THE VILLAGE OF YEBYU, IN THE SOUTHEAST COASTAL STRIP OF TENASSERIM. ONE COVERNMENT SOLDIER WAS KILLED, THE COMMUNIQUE SAID.

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BANGOOM, BURNA, APRIL 30-(AP)-GUYLENMENTS REPURTS SAID TODAY
BURNA TROOPS SVEEPING DOWN FROM THE MORTH HAVE OCCUPIED TOUNGOO,
HEADQUARTERS OF THE KAREN REBELS IN CENTRAL BURNA.
THEY SAID THE COVERNMENT FORCES FOUND THE TOWN, 180 MILES MORTH
OF RANGOOM, VIRTUALLY DESERTED. THE KARENS FROM TOUNGOO ARE BELLIEVED TO HAVE PULLED OUT IN ORDER TO REINFORCE THEIR FIGHTERS IN THE MYAUNCLEBIN-DAIKU SECTOR, WHERE A MAJOR BATTLE IS REPORTED STILL ON.
A COVERNMENT COMMUNIQUE SAID REBEL POCKETS WERE BEING CLEARED UP IN THE MANDALAY AREA.

BATAVIA. JAVA. APRIL 30-(AP)-BUTCH AND INDONESIAN REPUBLICAN LEADERS STUDIED TODAY A NEW COMPROMISE PROPOSAL FOR SETTLING THEIR DISPUTE.

THE PROPOSAL WAS PRESENTED INFORMALLY TO BOTH SIDES YESTERDAY BY MERLE COCHEAN, AMERICAN DELEGATE ON THE UNITED MATIONS COMMISSION ON INDONESIA. INFORMANTS SAID COCHRAN SUCCESTED THIS PLANS BEFORE THE REPUBLICAN REGIME IS SET UP AGAIN IN JOCJAKARTA, AS DEMANDED BY THE INDONESIANS, MOHAMMED RUM, AS CHAIRMAN OF THE REPUBLICAN DELEGATION, SHOULD BE AUTHORIZED BY OTHER REPUBLICAN LEADERS TO STATE THAT (1) THEY PERSONALLY FAVOR A CEASE FIRE ORDER TO GUERRILLAS AND (2) WOULD INSIST ON THE REPUBLICAN GOVERNMENT TAXING BART THE ACCUMENTANCE TO THE REPUBLICAN GOVERNMENT TAKING PART IN A ROUNDTABLE CONFERENCE IN THE HAGUE, AS DEMANDED BY THE DUTCH.

THERE WERE UNCONFIRMED REPORTS THAT THE DUTCH DELEGATION HAD FOUND COCHRAN'S PLAN MORE SATISFACTORY THAN THE REPUBLICANS.

Kaio 50 ard

NIGHT LEAD MRS QUEZON (250)

MANILA, SUNDAY, MAY 1-(AP)-COMMUNIST LUIS TARUC TODAY PROMISED SWIFT

RESPONSIBLE FOR THE SLAYING OF MRS.AURORA A.QUEZON. THE FUGITIVE SAID IN A STATEMENT SENT TO MANILA NEWSPAPERS THAT NONE HIS COMMAND OF THE ARMED PEASANTS PLANNED THE AMBUSH THAT TOOK THE LIVES OF THE WIDOW OF THE PHILIPPINES' FIRST PRESIDENT AND 11 OTHERS.

"NO OPDER AND NO WORD WAS EVER ISSUED BY OUR ORGANIATION THAT COULD BE CONSTRUED IN ANY WAY TO BRING HARM TO HER OR TO HER FAMILY, " HIS STATEMENT SAID.

TARUC ADDED THAT AN INVESTIGATION NOW IS BEING MADE. IF IT REVEALS "ANY NEGLIGENCE OR BREACH OF HUKBALAHAP IRON DISCIPLINE, PUNISHMENT OF ANY GUILTY PARTY WILL BE CARRIED OUT SWIFTLY TO THE LIMITS OF SEVERITY."

GOVERNMENT TROOPS IN CENTRAL LUZON MEANTIME CONTINUED AN OFFENSIVE AGAINST THE HUKS. THEY INSIST THE HUKS STAGED THE AMBUSH IN WHICH MRS.QUEZON, A DAUGHTER, A SON-IN-LAW AND NINE OTHER PERSONS WERE KILLED THURSDAY ON A LONELY MOUNTAIN ROAD NORTHEAST OF MANILA.

TARUC SAID MRS.QUEZON HAD "PROFOUND SYMPATHY" FOR THE FILIPINO PEASANTRY. THE HUKS PRESUME TO SPEAK FOR THE PEASANTS. HE ALSO MADE A WHOLLY UNVERIFIED CLAIM THAT MRS QUEZON HAD CONTRIBUTED TO THE HUK CAUSE.

TARUC CONCLUDED HIS STATEMENT WITH THE DEFIANT NOTE THAT THERE COULD BE NO PEACE IN THE PHILIPPINES AS LONG AS "IMPERIALISTIC FEUDALISM" DOMINATES.

THIS WAS MORE IN LINE WITH A STATEMENT ISSUED BY THE PHILIPPINE COMMUNIST PARTY YESTERDAY. THIS BLAMED PRESIDENT ELPIDIO QUIRINO'S ADMINISTRATION FOR MRS.QUEZON'S DEATH "BECAUSE OF ITS SUBSERVIENCE TO AMERICAN INTERESTS."

PEACE AND ORDER WERE IMPOSSIBLE. THE STATEMENT SAID. AS LONG AS THE PHILIPPINES "ARE UNDER AMERICAN IMPERIALIST DOMINATION." EW927PS

APPIL 30-(AP)-THE CANADIAN GOVERNMENT IS WITHDRAWING ESPIONAGE CHARGES AGAINST FREDA LINTON, 33, OF MONTREAL.

MISS LINTON, THE LAST OF 20 PERSONS SOUGHT IN CONNECTION WITH
A SOVIET SPY RING UNCOVERED THREE YEARS AGO, HAD SURRENDERED AFTER MONTHS AS A FUGITIVE.

JUSTICE MINISTER STUART GARSON TOLD THE HOUSE OF COMMONS LAST LIGHT THAT THE GOVERNMENT DID NOT HAVE SUFFICIENT EVIDENCE TO PROCEED WITH THE CHARGES.

ATLANTIC PACT

OTTAWA, APRIL 30-(AP)-CANADA BATIFIED THE NORTH ATLANTIC PACT

TODAY. PRIME MINISTER LOUIS ST. LAURENT TOLD A NEWS CONFERENCE HE SIGNED THE INSTRUMENT OF RATIFICATION JUST BEFORE THE ADJOURNMENT OF PARLIAMENT, WHICH VOTED IT EARLIER. HE SAID HE BELIEVED CANADA IS THE

FIRST TO RATIFY THE DEFENSE TREATY. BESIDES CANADA, THE UNITED STATES, GREAT BRITAIN, FRANCE, BELGIUM, THE NETHERLANDS, LUXEMBOURG, DENMARK, NORWAY, ITALY, ICELAND AND PORTUGAL SIGNED THE ACCORD.

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UNDATED MAY DAY BY THE ASSOCIATED PRICE

(NY) .. COMMUNISTS AND LEFT-WING LABOR GROUPS ALL OVER THE WORLD WILL HOLD TRADITIONAL MAY DAY CELEBRATIONS TODAY (SUN) BUT THEY FACE CONSIDERABLE COMPETITION FROM ANTI-COMMUNIST GROUPS.

IN THE UNITED STATES, DEMONSTRATIONS WERE STAGED YESTERDAY (SAT) IN SOME CITIES WHILE OTHERS WILL HAVE THEM TODAY. "LOYALTY DAY" PARADES FAR OUT-NUMBER LEFT-WING CELEBRATIONS IN THIS COUNTRY.
IN EUROPE AND OTHER SECTORS ABROAD, THE OBSERVANCE GENERALLY WILL
BE ON MAY 1 WHICH WAS DESIGNATED AS AN INTERNATIONAL LABOR HOLIDAY

BY AN INTERNATIONAL SOCIALIST CONGRESS IN 1889.

AT ONE COMMUNIST BALLY YESTERDAY, AT NEW HAVEN, CONN., A SERIES OF FIGHTS BROUGHT OUT EVERY POLICE SQUAD CAR IN THE CITY, AND FOUR SPEAK-ERS WERE ARRESTED FOR INCITING A RIOT.

POLICE SAID A WOMAN SPEAKER STARTED THE FIGHTING WHEN SHE KICKED A BYSTANDER WHO WAS HECKLING ANOTHER SPEAKER.

NEW YORK LOYALTY PARADERS LED BY SECRETARY OF LABOR MAURICE TOBIN,

FRANCIS CARDINAL SPELLMAN AND JAMES A. FARLEY STEPPED DOWN GILDED

FIFTH AVENUE ON THE STRETCH ADJACENT TO CENTRAL PARK.
ON THE WEST SIDE OF MANHATTAN, LEFT-WING GROUPS MARCHED DOWN EIGHTH
AVENUE IN A "MAY DAY" PARADE, ONE OF WHOSE THEMES WAS A DEMAND FOR "A PRACE PACT WITH THE SOVIET UNION INSTEAD OF THE ATLANTIC WAR ALLIANCE.

THIS PARADE WOUND UP IN UNION SQUARE WITH THE PARTICIPANTS

TAKING A PLEDGE WHICH INCLUDED:
"WE DECLARE OUR LOYALTY TO OUR NATION, TO OUR PEOPLE AND TO OUR

GREAT DEMOCRATIC INSTITUTIONS. "IN THE SPIRIT AND IDEALS OF OUR GREAT LEADERS X X X, WE PLEDGE X X TO CONTINUE THE STRUGGLE FOR THE COMPLETE DESTRUCTION OF FASCIST BARBARISM EVERYWHERE IN THE WORLD. SO THAT OUR PEOPLE AND ALL PEOPLES CAN PROSPER IN A WORLD OF SECURITY AND PEACE.

THE LOYALTY DEMONSTRATIONS WERE ORIGINATED IN NEW YORK BY THE VETERANS OF FOREIGN WARS IN 1946 TO COUNTER THE LEFT-WING PARADES. GOV. THOMAS E.DEVEY GAVE OFFICIAL STATE BLESSING TO THE LOYALTY MARCHERS THIS YEAR.

THE LOYALTY CROUPS ALSO HELD PARADES IN BROOKLYN AND PHILADELPHIA

YESTERDAY. VICE-PRESIDENT ALBEN BARKLEY WILL SPEAK TODAY AT A POLO GROUNDS PALLY IN NEW YORK SPONSORED BY THE ROMAN CATHOLIC ARCHDIOCESE TO PRAY FOR PEACE AND PROTEST INJUSTICES OF "GOD HATING COMMUNISTS."

ALSO ON TODAY'S PROGRAM IS A NEW ORLEANS ANTI-COMMUNIST RALLY AT WHICH CATHOLICS WILL PRAY FOR CONVERSION OF RUSSIA AND SUPPRESSION OF ATHEISM THROUGHOUT THE WORLD AND FOR PRESERVATION OF THE U.S. FROM COMMUNISTIC INFLUENCE.

LOYALTY CELEBRATIONS ARE PLANNED FOR TODAY AS WELL IN NEW JERSEY

AND LOS ANGELES, CALIF.
IN DETROIT, HENRY A. WALLACE IS TO SPEAK AT AN AFTERNOON PROGRESSIVE PARTY MEETING. DETROIT CATHOLICS WILL HOLD A SPECIAL SERVICE TOMORROW TO PRAY FOR RUSSIA AND HER PEOPLE UNDER COMMUNIST DOMINATION.

IN RUSSIA. MOSCOW'S RED SQUARE WILL BE THE SCENE OF THE TRADITIONAL PARADE AND DISPLAY OF MILITARY POWER FOLLOWED BY A MASS MEETING WITH SPEECHES.

GEN. CHARLES DE GAULLE HAS CALLED FOR A RALLY OF HIS FOLLOWERS IN PARIS TO COUNTER THE DEMONSTRATION BY THE COMMUNISTS.
THERE VILL BE NO PARADING IN LONDON BECAUSE OF A BAN ON POLITICAL PROCESSIONS FOLLOWING ANTI-FASCIST RIOTS. BUT COMMUNISTS WILL MEET IN TRAFALGAR SQUARE AND THE LABOR PARTY WILL HAVE RALLIES

THROUGHOUT ENGLAND. COMMUNISTS PLAN TO MARCH THROUGH THE BRITISH AND FRENCH SECTORS OF BERLIN AND STAGE A BIG DEMONSTRATION IN THE SOVIET ZONE. THEY HAVE BEEN BARRED FROM PARADING IN THE U.S. ZONE.

PAUL ROBESON, AMERICAN NEGRO SINGER, WILL BE A STAR ATTRACTION OF THE COMMUNIST BALLY IN STOCKHOLM. THE SOCIAL DEMOCRATS WILL CONDUCT A RIVAL MEETING.

SEPARATE CELEBRATIONS ALSO ARE PLANNED IN DENMARK, ITALY AND

IN SHANGHAI, THE NATIONALIST ARMY COMMANDER BANNED OBSERVANCE OF MAY DAY.

POLAND EXPECTED 2,000,000, (M) TO MARCH IN TOWNS AND CITIES.

ROME THE COMMUNIST-LED CHAMBER OF LABOR SAID TRANSPORT SERVICE AND TAXIS WOULD HALT AND FOOD STORES WOULD CLOSE. IN JAPAN AND SOUTH KOREA, U.S. ARMY OFFICIALS SUGGESTED THAT

AMERICANS STAY OUT OF THE WAY OF COMMUNIST PARADES.

HOWEVER, NO INCIDENTS WERE REPORTED. AN ORDERLY CROWD OF AN ESTIMATED 250,000 JAPANESE-LABOR GROUPS, COMMUNISTS AND JUST PLAIN SIGHT-SEERS--GATHER IN DOWNTOWN IMPERIAL PLAZA. SPRINKLES INDICATED BAIN BEFORE THE DAY WAS OVER, PROBABLY DAMPENING A SCHEDULED PARADE. THE COMMUNISTS HAD PREDICTED A CROWD OF

REPORTS FROM OTHER MAJOR CITIES OF JAPAN TOLD OF SHOWERS OR 600,000. HEAVY RAINS INTERFERING WITH MAY DAY CELEBRATIONS.

KYUICHI TOKUDA, SECRETARY-GENERAL OF THE COMMUNIST PARTY, SALD ORDERS HAD BEEN ISSUED FOR DEMONSTRATORS TO AVOID VIOLENCE OR DISTURBANCES.

TOKUDA WAS GIVEN A BIG OVATION WHEN HE STEPPED TO THE SPEAKER'S PLATFORM. THE CROWD, WHICH SEEMED TO BE IN A HOLIDAY MOOD, HAD PAID

LITTLE ATTENTION TO THE SPEAKERS WHO PRECEDED HIM.

WHILE SOME SPEAKERS HAILED THE "LIBERATION FORCES" IN CHINA--MEANING THE CHINESE COMMUNISTS -- TOKUDA HAMMERED AT THE THEME THAT AMERICAN CAPITAL SOUGHT TO MAKE JAPAN "A FOREIGN COLONY."
IN MANILA, POLICE DOUBLED GUARDS AROUND A

PARADE GROUND WHERE PRESIDENT ELPIDIO QUIRING IS SCHEDULED TO ADDRESS

A MAY DAY CROWD EXPECTED TO REACH 300,000.

POLICE ACTED AFTER THEY SAID A MAN IN A SPEEDING JEEP LAST NIGHT TOSSED A LIVE HAND GRENADE AT THE EMPTY GRANDSTAND WHERE QUIRING WILL SPEAK. THE GRENADE DID NOT EXPLODE.

POPULAR INDIGNATION OVER THE SLAYING OF MRS.AURORA A.QUEZON. WIDOW OF THE PHILIPPINES FIRST PRESIDENT, ADDED TO THE TENSION. AUTHORITIES BLAMED HER AMBUSH KILLING ON COMMUNIST-LED PEASANTS.

NOW, AUTHORITIES FEARED. THE POPULAR ANGER MIGHT TRY TO VENT ITSELF UPON THE CONGRESS OF LABOR ORGANIZATIONS, ONE OF THE SPONSORS OF THE MAY DAY CELEBRATION. ITS LEADERS IN THE PAST HAVE BEEN FRIENDLY TO THE HUKS AND ONE OF ITS DIRECTORS IS MARIANO P. BALGOS, SECRETARY-GENERAL OF THE COMMUNIST PARTY.

A MAY DAY PASTORAL LETTER BY CATHOLIC BISHOPS OF THE PHILIPPINES CALLED ON THE FILIPINOS TO ANSWER COMMUNIST PROPAGANDA AND TERROR BY

CORRECTING SOCIAL INJUSTICES.

YUGOSLAVIANS, WHO WERE TO SEE A MASS DEMONSTRATION WITH PREMIER TITO REVIEWING SOLDIERS AND WORKERS. YESTERDAY (SAT) HEARD A MAY DAY PROCLAMATION ATTACKING BOTH "WESTERN IMPERIALIST FORCES" AND RUSSIA. THE LATTER WAS ACCUSED OF ATTEMPTS TO USE "CAPITALISTIC" MEASURES AGAINST YUGOSLAVIA.

IN WASHINGTON, ARMY MEN WERE TOLD NOT TO TAKE PART IN ANY TYPE OF PARADE IN CONNECTION WITH MAY DAY. THIS WAS INTERPRETED TO COVER

COUNTER DEMONSTRATIONS, TOO.
MEMBERS OF LABOR YOUTH ORGANIZATIONS MARCHED IN JERUSALEM YESTERDAY WITH ISRAELI FLAGS BESIDE RED SOCIALIST BANNERS.

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NIGHT LEAD PACE TO APPEL 30-(AP)-CHAIRMAN CONNALLY (D-TEX) PREDICTED TODAY THE SENATE FOREIGN RELATIONS COMMITTEE WILL GIVE UNANIMOUS APPROVAL

TO THE WORTH ATLANTIC SECURITY TREATY. CONNALLY TOLD REPORTERS HE EXPECTS WITNESSES FAVORING RATIFICATION TO CONCLUDE TESTIMONY NEXT WEEK. BOBERT LOVETT, FORMER UNDER SECRETARY OF STATE, WILL TESTIFY MONDAY AND GEN. OMAR BRADLEY TUESDAY.

"I THINK WE'LL GET A UNANIMOUS VOTE OF THE COMMITTEE FAVORING THE TREATY," THE TEXAS SENATOR SAID.

HE ADDED THAT HE WILL ASK THE DEMOCRATIC POLICY COMMITTEE TO SET A DATE FOR SENATE ACTION ON THE PROPOSAL AS SOON AS HEARINGS HAVE BEEN

CONCLUDED.

CONNALLY ANNOUNCED THAT OPPOSITION WITNESSES, TO BE HEARD BEGIN-NING NEXT WEEK, WILL INCLUDE HENRY A. WALLACE, FORMER VICE PRESIDENT, AND EUGENE DENNIS, SECRETARY OF THE COMMUNIST PARTY.

THE PACT HEARINGS ARE EXPECTED TO CONTINUE FAR INTO MAY. ONLY SENATE APPROVAL IS REQUIRED SINCE IT IS A TREATY. IT

REQUIRES A TWO-THIRDS VOTE.

ACTION ON THE PROPOSED \$1,130,000,000 TO RE-ARM THE TREATY MATIONS DURING THE FIRST YEAR. THIS REQUIRES APPROVAL OF BOTH HOUSES.

CANADA TODAY FORMALLY RATIFIED THE ALLIANCE, AND PRIME MINISTER ST. LAURENT SAID HE BELIEVES IT IS THE FIRST OF THE 12 SIGNATORY COUNTY. TRIES TO DO SO.

IN-AMERICAN (350) RY DOUGLAS B. COPNELL

WAS REPORTED TODAY TO HAVE SUBPORNARD AN EMPLOYE OF THE UNITED NATIONS

FOR QUESTIONING SOME TIME MEXT MONTH.
OFFICIALS SAY THE COMMITTEE IS LAUNCHING AN INQUIRY TO FIND OUT WHETHER SPIES ARE BEING SLIPPED INTO THE UNITED STATES THROUGH UN. THIS WAS LEARNED AFTER SENATOR MUNDT (R-SD) REPEATED A DEMAND THAT CONGRESS MAKE SUCH AN INVESTIGATION. HE TOLD REPORTERS THIS STEP IS IN ORDER FOR THE SENATE JUDICIARY COMMITTEE OR THE UN-AMERICAN ACTIVI-TIES COMMITTEE.

MUNDI WAS A MEMBER OF UN-AMERICAN ACTIVITIES BEFORE SHIFTING FROM

HOUSE TO SENATE AFTER THE LAST ELECTION.

ONE OF THE PRESENT MEMBERS OF THE UN-AMERICAN ACTIVITI

ONE OF THE PRESENT MEMBERS OF THE UN-AMERICAN ACTIVITIES COMMITTEE SAID STAFF INVESTIGATORS HAVE BEEN BUSY FOR SOME TIME IN THE UN CASE AND THAT TWO SUBPORNAS WERE SERVED.

ONE OF THE SUBPOENAS IS UNDERSTOOD TO BE FOR A WOMAN WITH A FAIRLY IGH, GOOD-PAYING JOB IN ONE OF THE UN AGENCIES. SHE IS DESCRIBED S A FORMER EMPLOYE OF THE U.S. GOVERNMENT.

THE OTHER PERSON IS DESCRIBED AS A MAN, A WRITER, AND ALSO A ONE-

TIME GOVERNMENT WORKER.

EACH IS SAID TO HAVE APPLIED RECENTLY FOR A PASSPORT AND TO HAVE BEEN TURNED DOWN BY THE STATE DEPARTMENT.

THE COMMITTEE, OF COURSE, ISN'T GOING TO INVESTIGATE THE UN ITSELF. BUT IT IS INTERESTED IN FINDING OUT ABOUT SOME OF THE PEOPLE ON ITS PAYROLL.

MUNDI AND OTHER MEMBERS OF CONGRESS HAVE COMPLAINED THAT PERSONS LET OUT BY THE GOVERNMENT FOR SECURITY OR LOYALTY REASONS HAVE BEEN CETTING JOBS WITH UN. REPS.STEFAN (R-NEB) AND HOFFMAN (R-MICH) HAVE BEEN IN ON THE PROTESTS.

THE UN EDUCATIONAL, SCIENTIFIC AND CULTURAL ORGANIZATION IN PARTICULAR, THEY SAY, HAS BECOME A HAVEN FOR UNVANTED GOVERNMENT WORKERS.

THE NEED FOR A CONGRESSIONAL LOOK INTO UN IS EMPHASIZED, MUNDT SAYS, BY THE CASE OF VALENTIM A.GUBITCHEV, A BUSSIAN ON THE INTER-NATIONAL PAYBOLL.

GUBITCHEV AND MISS JUDITH COPLON. A JUSTICE DEPARTMENT EMPLOYE.
WERE ARRESTED BY THE FBI IN NEW YORK AND CHARGED WITH CONSPIRING TO
STEAL OFFICIAL SECRETS. MISS COPLON IS BEING TRIED HERE NOW. GUBIT-CHEV HAS BEEN INDICTED IN NEW YORK AND WILL BE TRIED LATER.

THERE ISN'T ANYTHING CONGRESS CAN DO TO STOP THE RUSSIANS FROM BRINGING REDS INTO UN POSITIONS. BUT MUNDT SAYS THE STATE DEPARTMENT AT LEAST SHOULD HAVE THE RIGHT TO SCREEN PERSONS HIRED TO FILL THE AMERICAN QUOTA FOR THE UN STAFF TO SEE THAT THEY ARE THE RIGHT KIND OF PEOPLE.

CC/LTAPED

(320) COPLON BY KARL R BAUMAN

WASHINGTON APRIL 30-(AP)-TESTIMONY THAT JUDITH COPLON LOOKED AT SECRET FBI REPORTS AFTER SHE HAD BEEN TOLD NOT TO BROUGHT TO A CLOSE THE FIRST WEEK OF HER ESPIONAGE TRIAL.

THE TESTIMONY WAS GIVEN LATE YESTERDAY BY MRS. PUTH M. ROSSON, AN

ATTORNEY IN THE JUSTICE DEPARTMENT'S INTERNAL SECURITY SECTION.

ATTORNEY IN THE JUSTICE DEPARTMENT'S INTERNAL SECURITY SECTION.

ATTORNEY IN THE JUSTICE DEPARTMENT'S INTERNAL SECURITY SECTION. DERAL JUDGE ALBERT L. REEVES THEN ADJOURNED THE TRIAL UNTIL MONDAY.
MRS.ROSSON SAID SHE WENT TO WORK IN THE SECTION FEB. 7. SHORILY THEREAFTER. SHE TESTIFIED, MISS COPLON CAME INTO HER OFFICE AND SAID SHE VOULD LIKE TO LOOK OVER I

MRS. POSSON SAID SHE WENT TO WORK IN THE SECTION FEB. 7. SHORTLY THEREAFTER, SHE TESTIFIED, MISS COPLON CAME INTO HER OFFICE AND SAID SHE WOULD LIKE TO LOOK OVER INTERNAL SECURITY REPORTS SHE HAD IN TWO

"SHE LOOKED AT THEM AND SHE TOOK SOME OF THEM BACK TO HER OFFICE,"

MRS. ROSSON SAID.
A DAY OR SO LATER, SHE WENT ON, MISS COPLON RETURNED AND ASKED FOR ANY REPORTS RELATING TO FOREIGN EMBASSIES, LEGATIONS AND CONSULATES,

ANY REPORTS RELATING TO FOREIGN EMBASSIES, LEGATIONS AND CONSULATES, ESPECIALLY REPORTS MARKED "R", FOR RUSSIAN.

"DID YOU SEND THEM TO HER?" ASKED GOVERNMENT PROSECUTOR RAYMOND

P. WHEARTY.
"I DID." THE WITNESS PEPLIED.

SHE ESTIMATED THAT MISS COPLON GOT 50 OR 60 SUCH REPORTS.

EARLIER, MISS COPLON'S FORMER BOSS, WILLIAM E.FOLEY, TESTIFIED THAT IN TOLD THE DEFENDANT LATE IN JANUARY OR THE FIRST OF FEBRUARY THAT SHE WAS TO STOP DOING ANY WORK IN CONNECTION WITH INTERNAL SECURITY. FOLEY ALSO TESTIFIED THAT MISS COPLON ASKED THREE TIMES TO SEE "TOP SECRET" FBI REPORT "ABOUT CERTAIN RUSSIAN AGENTS IN THE UNITED

THE GOVERNMENT CLAIMS THAT A STATEMENT TELLING OF MISS COPLON'S ALLURE TO GET THIS REPORT WAS FOUND IN HER POCKETBOOK WHEN SHE WAS ARRESTED IN NEW YORK MARCH 4 ALONG WITH VALENTINE A.GUBITCHEV. A DUSSIAN.

MISS COPLON AND GUBITCHEV ARE UNDER INDICTMENT IN NEW YORK ON A

CHARGE OF TRYING TO PASS SECRET GOVERNMENT PAPERS.

THE TESTIMONY AND CROSS-EXAMINATION OF FOLEY AND MRS.ROSSON BROUGHT FREQUENT SHARP CLASHES BETWEEN PROSECUTORS AND MISS COPLON'S ARCHIBALD PALMER.

ONCE WHEN JOHN M. KELLEY, JR., A PROSECUTOR, GOT UP TO MAKE AN

OBJECTION. PALMER SAID:

"PLEASE SIT DOWN, MR.KELLEY."
"COUNSEL HAS A RIGHT TO STAND UP," OBSERVED JUDGE REEVES. "HE GOES UP AND DOWN," COMPLAINED PALMER. "HE BOUNCES LIKE A CORK." V408AED

(350) MALMEDY WASHINGTON APRIL 30-(AP)-SEMATORS PROBING THE ARMY'S PROSECUTION GERMANS FOR THE NOTORIOUS MALMEDY MASSACRE MAY CARRY THEIR

INVESTIGATION TO EUROPE. SENATOR BALDWIN (R-CONN), CHAIRMAN OF AN ARMED SERVICES SUB-COMMITTEE, TOLD A REPORTER THE TRIP IS BEING CONSIDERED, BUT THERE HAS BEEN NO DECISION YET.

THERE ARE MANY IMPORTANT WITNESSES IN GERMANY AND OTHER PLACES WHO MUST BE BROUGHT HERE IF THE COMMITTEE DOES NOT GO THERE TO UESTION THEM." BALDWIN SAID.

HE SAID ABOUT 10 MORE SESSIONS WILL BE NEEDED TO COMPLETE HEARINGS ON

THE MATTER.

THE GROUP HEARD CONFLICTING TESTIMONY YESTERDAY ABOUT THE TRIALS AND CONVICTION OF SOME OF THE NAZI STORM TROOPERS WHO LINED UP UNARMED AMERICAN PRISONERS IN BELGIUM AND MOWED THEM DOWN WITH MACHINE GUNS AND OTHER WEAPONS.

GORDON SIMPSON. FORMER TEXAS SUPPREME COURT JUSTICE WHO MADE A SPECIAL TRIP TO EUROPE TO REVIEW THE TRIALS, TESTIFIED THAT THERE IS NO DOUBT ALL THOSE GIVEN DEATH SENTENCES FOR THEIR PART IN THE MASSACRE "WERE PRESENT AND PARTICIPATED."

BUT THE DALLAS ATTORNEY SAID HE AND OTHER INVESTIGATORS HAD RECOMM-

ENDED LIFE TERMS INSTEAD OF DEATH BECAUSE "I DIDM'T WANT TO SEE

ANYBODY HUNG ON A RECORD THAT MAY HAVE BLEMISHES IN IT." ORIGINALLY, 39 GERMANS WERE SENTENCED TO DIE FOR THEIR PART IN THE MASSACRE. THAT NUMBER WAS LATER CUT TO SIX, BUT THE ARMY DEPART-MENT SAID THERE WILL BE NO EXECUTIONS UNTIL THE SENATORS FINISH THEIR INVESTIGATION.

SIMPSON, LIKE OTHER WITNESSES, SAID ARMY INVESTIGATORS HAD USED WEIRD MOCK TRIALS TO TRY TO GAIN CONFESSIONS OR EVIDENCE.

BUT HE INSISTED THE COMMISSION FOUND NO PROOF OF CLAIMS THAT GERMAN PRISONERS HAD BEEN BEATEN, MAIMED BY KICKS IN THE GROIN HAD SUFFERED BROKEN JAWS AND THE LOSS OF TEETH, OR HAD BEEN STARVED OR OTHERWISE MISTREATED.

"I DID NOT FIND ANY PROOF OF BEATINGS AND I LOOKED FOR IT," HE

EARLIER IN THE DAY SIMPSON HAD LISTENED AS JAMES J. BAILEY, VETERAN COURT REPORTER FROM PITTS DURGH, PA., GAVE AN EYE WITNESS ACCOUNT OF BRUTAL, SADISTIC! TREATMENT OF THE GERNAN PRISONERS.

BAILEY SAID HE WAS OVERSEAS TO TAKE DOWN "CONFESSIONS OR OTHER SO-CALLED EVIDENCE, BUT THAT METHODS USED BY INVESTIGATING TEAMS CAUSED

HIM TO QUIT HIS JOB IN DISGUST.

SIMPSON TOLD THE COMMITTEE BAILEY'S TESTIMONY WAS THE FIRST "PROOF"

HE HAD HEARD THAT THERE HAD BEEN ANY MISTREATMENT.

UNDER QUESTIONING, SIMPSON CONCEDED THAT HE HAD TALKED TO MONE OF THE PRISONERS, HAD NOT ASKED DOCTORS OR DENTISTS TO INVESTIGATE CLAIMS OF TORTURE AND INJURY AND FAILED TO FOLLOW UP ON ONE AFFI-DAVIT MAKING SUCH CHARGES.

(230) DOOLITTLE WASHINGTON. APRIL 30-(AP)-LIEUT. GEN. JAMES H. DOOLITTLE, RETIRED, SAID TONIGHT THIS COUNTRY "MUST BE PREPARED, PHYSICALLY, MEANTALLY AND MORALLY, TO DROP ATOM BOMBS ON RUSSIAN CENTERS OF INDUSTRY X X X AT THE FIRST SIGN OF AGGRESSION." DOOLITTLE. WHO LED THE FAMOUS AFRIAL RAID ON TOKYO DURING WORLD WAR IWO, SPOKE AT A GEORGETOWN UNIVERSITY ALUMNI DINNER. "THE FACT THAT WE, AND WE ALONE, HAVE THE ATOMIC BOMB AND THE MEANS DELIVERING IT WITH ASSURANCE AND PRECISION TO ANY POINT ON THE SURFACE OF THE EARTH IS THE GREATEST DETERRENT TO RUSSIA'S PLANNED AGGRESSION." HE SAID.

DOOLITTLE SAID RUSSIA MUST BE MADE TO REALIZE THAT THIS COUNTRY WILL PROMPTLY DROP ATOM BOMBS IF SHE MANIFESTS ANY AGGRESSION, AND HE ADDED:

"OUR OWN PEOPLE MUST BE CONDITIONED TO THE NECESSITY FOR THIS TYPE

OF RETALIATION."

"WE WILL NEVER START A WAR," DOOLITTLE SAID. "BUSSIA CAN THEREFORE SELECT THE TIME SHE CHOOSES TO HAVE ONE. THAT IS A TREMENDOUS ADVANT-AGE. WITH ORIENTAL PATIENCE SHE CAN SELECT A TIME, 10, 50 OR 100 YEARS HENCE. SHE CAN PREPARE FOR WAR AT THAT TIME KNOWING THAT IT WILL NOT TAKE PLACE BEFORE.

"WE COULD EASILY DESTROY OURSELVES THROUGH THE DISSIPATION OF OUR RESOURCES IN BEING ALWAYS READY. THEY COULD CONSERVE AND PREPARE

FOR THE DAY.

"THE ADVANTAGE TO THEM IS OBVIOUS. THE WARNING TO US, PROFOUND. "IT IS NOT NECESSARY THAT WE RETAIN A MILITARY ESTABLISHMENT AS LARGE AS RUSSIA'S OR AS LARGE AS SHE, WORKING BEHIND THE IRON CURTAIN, MAY WANT US TO BELIEVE SHE HAS -- BUT WE CAN AND MUST MAINTAIN AN ADEQUATE FORCE IN BEING AND ABOVE ALL, OUR TECHNOLOGICAL ADVANTAGE. VH1007PED

(120) MAY DAY PARADES WASHINGTON, APRIL 30-(AP)-REGULAR ARMY PERSONNEL HAVE BEEN INSTRUCTED NOT TO PARTICIPATE IN ANY TYPE OF PARADES IN CONNECTION WITH MAY DAY DEMONSTRATIONS, AN ARMY SPOKESMAN SAID TODAY.

THIS OFFICIAL. WHO SAID THE INSTRUCTIONS HAVE BEEN SENT TO ALL COMMANDS, ADDED ROWEVER, THAT THE ARMY HAS NO AUTHORITY OVER MEMBERS

OF THE STATE NATIONAL GUARDS.
THE TEXT OF THE ORDER FROM WASHINGTON WAS NOT MADE PUBLIC. HOWEVER, IT IS UNDERSTOOD TO BE BASED ON AN EXISTING BULE AGAINST PARTICIPATION OF MILITARY PERSONNEL IN ANY COMMUNIST DEMONSTRATION. AS APPLIED TO THE PRESENT SITUATION IT ALSO WOULD BAN PARTICIPATION IN COUNTER DEMONSTRATIONS.

THE PURPOSE IS TO PREVENT MILITARY PERSONNEL FROM BECOMING INVOLVED

IN CLASHES BETWEEN COMMUNIST AND ANTI-COMMUNIST DEMONSTRATORS.

LI210PED

BRIG.GEN. HAROLD Q. HUGLIN, NOW COMMANDER AT FAIRFIELD-SUISUN, WILL TRANSFER TO HICKAM TO BECOME DEPUTY COMMANDER OF THE PACIFIC DIVISION OF MATS AND WING COMMANDER OF THE 1500TH. BEAR ADML. W.G. TOMLINSON WILL CONTINUE AS CHIEF OF THE PACIFIC DIVISION OF MAIS.

ADDUNSTAL DIX FORCE DVYY WING THE DATE FOR CLOSING OUT THE 1501ST AND ORGANIZING THE 1500TH

WILL BE DECIDED LATER. THE AIR FORCE HAD ANNOUNCED EARLIER THAT THE SIST FIGHTER WING AT WHEELER BASE, OAHU, HAVAII, WOULD BE MOVED TO THE MAINLAND. TODAY'S STATEMENT ON CHANGES NOTED THAT THE 81ST FIGHTER GROUP OF THE WING GROUP WILL BE OUTFITTED WITH F-86 JET FIGHTERS. AT DAHU THEY HAVE BEEN USING WARTIME F-475. 81ST WING HEADQUARTERS AND SUPPORTING ELEMENTS OF THE WING WILL BE INACTIVATED AND PERSONNEL TRANSFERRED TO OTHER AIR THE 81ST GROUP WILL SHARE FACILITIES AT SELFRIDGE WITH THE 56TH FIGHTER WING.

(END ADVANCE FOR USE AT 6 P.M., EASTERN STANDARD TIME, TODAY, SATURDAY,

APRIL 30)

GG455PED NM

HE SAID THE MOMEY BILL CONTAINS \$147,467,000 TO OPERATE THE COAST GUARD DURING THE FISCAL YEAR BEGINNING JULY 1. ADMIRAL J.S. FARLEY, COAST GUARD COMMANDANT, REPORTED THAT OF 172,000 PERSONS IN THE COAST GUARD DURING THE WAR 144,000 WERE BESER-VES. HE SAID THE FUNDS ASKED ARE MEEDED TO CONTINUE TRAINING OF RESERVE OFFICERS AND MEN AS A "NUCLEUS GROUP UPON WHICH TO EXPAND IN CASE OF AN EMERGENCY. " ADD WASHING COAST GUBYD IN WARTINE THE COAST GUARD UNDERTAKES SUCH RESPONSIBILITIES AS PORT SECURITY FOR THE MAYY. LT1 34 PEDIM

BY ROBERT HEWETT

NEW YORK. APRIL 30-(AP)-ISBAEL SUFFERED A MINOR SETBACK IN HER APPEAL FOR UNITED NATIONS MEMBERSHIP TODAY. BUT ISRAELI OFFICIALS ARE STILL HOPEFUL THE APPLICATION WILL BE APPROVED BEFORE THE ASSEMBLY ENDS ITS SPRING SESSION.

THE ASSEMBLY HAD BEEN SCHEDULED TO ACT TODAY ON A UNITED STATES PROPOSAL TO TAKE ISRAEL'S BID FROM THE POLITICAL COMMITTEE, WHERE IT HAD BEEN SIDETRACKED FOR TWO WEEKS. THE U.S. PROPOSED THAT THE APPLICATION BE TRANSFERRED FROM THAT COMMITTEE TO THE ASSEMBLY'S SPECIAL POLITICAL COMMITTEE AND THAT HEARINGS BEGIN EARLY NEXT WEEK. THE ASSEMBLY MUST APPROVE THE SHIFT FROM ONE COMMITTEE TO ANOTHER. AT THE LAST MINUTE ASSEMBLY PRESIDENT HERBERT V. EVAIT SAID TODAY'S SCHEDULED VOTE WOULD BE DEFERRED UNTIL MONDAY.

LEBANESE BELEGATE CHARLES MALIK SAID THE ARAB BLOC IN THE U.N. WILL "CONTINUE TO FIGHT THE ISBAELI APPLICATION AT EVERY STAGE." THIS FORESHADOVED A LENGTHY DEBATE MONDAY ON THE PROPOSED MOVE FROM ONE COMMITTEE TO ANOTHER.

THE TRANSFER WAS ENDORSED BY THE ASSEMBLY'S STEERING COMMITTEE YESTERDAY 12 TO 2. LEBANON AND IRAN VOTED AGAINST IT.

ARABS, WITH THE SUPPORT OF SOME LATIN AMERICAN DELEGATES, HOPE TO POSTPONE ACTION UNTIL THE ASSEMBLY'S FALL SESSION. SOME DELEGATES FROM THE COUNTRIES WHERE THE ROMAN CATHOLIC FAITH PREDOMINATES HAVE PRIVATELY EXPRESSED CONCERN ABOUT ISRAELI'S OPPOSITION TO A U.N. PROPOSAL TO INTERNATIONALIZE JERUSALEM.

POPE PIUS XII HAS ADVOCATED SOME FORM OF INTERNATIONAL CONTROL OF THE JERUSALEM AREA. ISRAEL HAS PROMISED FREE ACCESS TO HOLY PLACES ALL RELIGIONS.

NO DATE HAS YET BEEN SET FOR THE ADJOURNMENT OF THE ASSEMBLY'S SPECIAL SPRING SESSION, BUT RUSSIA HAS PROPOSED MAY 18 AS THE DEADLINE. THE STEERING COMMITTEE WILL MEET MONDAY TO DISCUSS AN ADJOURNMENT DATE.

BQ537PED

FIRST LEAD ISRAEL

NEW YORK, APRIL 30-(AP)-DEBATE ON ISRAEL'S APPLICATION TO JOIN THE UNITED NATIONS WAS POSTPONED AGAIN TODAY IN THE U.N. ASSEMBLY. ISRAEL'S BID WAS SIDETRACKED TWO WEEKS AGO FROM THE ASSEMBLY ITSELF TO ITS POLITICAL COMMITTEE. NO ACTION HAS BEEN TAKEN THERE BECAUSE OF OTHER BUSINESS.

THE 14-NATION ASSEMBLY STEERING COMMITTEE RECOMMENDED YESTERDAY THAT THE ISRAELI QUESTION BE SENT TO THE SPECIAL SECOND POLITICAL COM-MITTEE, WHICH HANDLES THE FIRST GROUP'S OVERFLOW, FOR IMMEDIATE

DISCUSSION.

A FULL MEETING OF THE ASSEMBLY WAS SCHEDULED TO ACT TODAY ON THE MOVE TO SPEED UP THE ISRAELI HEARING. BUT IN A SUDDEN CHANGE OF PLANS ASSEMBLY PRESIDENT H.V. EVATT ANNOUNCED ACTION WOULD BE POST-PONED UNTIL MONDAY. ISRAELI OFFICIALS EXPRESSED SURPRISE.

DR. CHAIM WEIZMANN, PRESIDENT OF ISRAEL, DINED THURSDAY WITH FRANCIS

CARDINAL SPELLMAN OF NEW YORK, IT WAS LEARNED YESTERDAY.

A DIPLOMATIC INFORMANT SAID AUBREY EBAN, ISRAEL'S REPRESENTATIVE AT THE UNITED NATIONS, ALSO WAS PRESENT AND THAT THE THREE PRESUMABLY DISCUSSED THE PROBLEM OF JERUSALEM.

THE CARDINAL'S OFFICE HAD NO COMMENT.

THE UNITED MATIONS HAS PROPOSED INTERNATIONALIZATION OF THE HOLY CITY. ISRAEL HAS OPPOSED THIS BUT HAS OFFERED TO GUARANTEE FREE ACCESS TO HOLY PLACES TO CHRISTIANS, MOSLEMS AND JEWS. THE VATICAN VIEW HAS LEANED TOWARD INTERNATIONAL CONTROL.

MEANWHILE ACTION ON ISRAEL'S BID FOR MEMBERSHIP IN THE U.N. APPEARED

MEARER

OVER ARAB OBJECTIONS THE U.N. ASSEMBLY'S STEERING COMMITTEE VOTED TO TRANSFER COMSIDERATION FROM THE JAMMED AGENDA OF THE REGULAR POLITICAL COMMITTEE TO THE IDLE SPECIAL POLITICAL COMMITTEE. THE THE REGULAR COMMITTEE - ABLY WOULD HAVE BEEN UNABLE TO CONSIDER

THE BID THIS YEAR. THE SECIAL COMMITTEE MAY START HEARINGS MONDAY.

LAKE SUCCESS, APRIL 30-(AP)-THE UNITED NATIONS COMMISSION FOR INDONESIA BEPORTED TODAY THAT CONTINUED GUERRILLA FIGHTING IN A LARGE PART OF THE FORMER REPUBLICAN TERRITORY HAD LIMITED DUTCH CONTROL TO "ONLY THE MAIN TOWNS AND ROADS."

THE REPORT, DATED APRIL 22, COVERED OBSERVATIONS OF U.N. MILITARY OBSERVERS IN JAVA AND SUMATRA FROM JAN. 24 TO APRIL 11.
THERE WAS NO INDICATION WHETHER CLASHES BETWEEN DUTCH TROOPS AND INDONESIAN REPUBLICANS HAD FASED AS A RESULT OF PEACE TALKS STARTED APRIL 14 BETWEEN NETHERLANDS AND REPUBLICAN OFFICIALS. REPUBLICAN LEADERS HAVE DEMANDED BEINSTATEMENT OF THEIR

GOVERNMENT AT JOGJAKARTA, WHICH WAS OVERTHROWN BY A DUTCH "POLICE ACTION" LAST DECEMBER. THE DUTCH HAVE COUNTERED WITH A STIPULATION THAT GUERRILLA FIGHTING CEASE BEFORE THE REPUBLICAN REGIME IS RESTORED.

THE U.N. COMMISSION REPORTED THAT DUTCH MILITARY COMMANDERS HAD BEEN "GENERALLY COOPERATIVE" IN ALLOWING OBSERVERS TO FUNCTION

BUT ADDED:

"RECENT REPORTS FROM SOME TEAMS OF MILITARY OBSERVERS INDICATE THAT THE OBSERVERS ARE NOT OBTAINING FULL COOPERATION FROM SOME OF THE NETHERLANDS MILITARY COMMANDERS."

"THROUGHOUT A GREAT PART OF THE FORMER REPUBLICAN TERRITORY. THE NETHERLANDS CONTROLS ONLY THE MAIN TOWNS AND ROADS," THE REPORT SAID. "IN AREAS OF WEST JAVA AND EAST JAVA WHICH WERE UNDER NETHERLANDS CONTROL PRIOR TO DEC. 19, 1948, THERE ARE CONCENTRATIONS OF REPUBLICAN FORCES.

"HOSTILITIES HAVE CONTINUED IN JAVA AND SUMATRA. WHILE THERE HAVE BEEN VARIATIONS IN THE SCALE OF GUERRILLA ACTIVITIES IN DIFFERENT AREAS. THERE HAS NOT BEEN ANY MAJOR CHANGE IN THE OVERALL VOLUME OF SUCH ACTIVITIES DURING THE PAST TWO MONTHS. X X X

"THERE HAS BEEN A TENDENCY IN SOME AREAS TOWARDS FRAGMENTATION OF THE GUERRILLA UNITS. IN ADDITION TO REGULAR BEPUBLICAN ARMY

UNITS, THERE ARE SUCH FORCES AS DABUL ISLAM (MOSLEMS), SMALL ARMED BANDS OF COMMUNISTS. EXTREMIST IRREGULARS AND PLAIN BANDIT GROUPS."
THE COMMISSION REPORTED THE STRIFE HAD INFLICTED HARDSHIP ON THE

CIVILIAN POPULATION AND ADDED: "IT APPEARS TO THE COMMISSION THAT ECONOMIC RECOVERY, THE RESTORATION OF LAW AND ORDER AND THE CESSATION OF HUMAN SUFFERING CAN ONLY BE ACHIEVED IF THERE IS AN EARLY OVERALL POLITICAL SETTLEMENT."

HP930PED

NEW YORK, API 30-(AP)-THE UNITED NATIONS ASSEMBLY GAVE ITS PRESIDENT, DR. BERT V.EVATT, AUSTRALIAN FOREIGN MINISTER, A BIG HAND TODAY ON HISTH BIRTHDAY. DR. JOSE ARCEAGENTINE DELEGATE, AROSE ON A POINT OF ORDER TO CONGRATULATE EN. "TODAY, 50 MS AGO, OUR PRESIDENT WAS BORN," ARCE SAID. "SPEAKING FOR MOF THE COUNTRIES BEGINNING WITH A, I WISH HIM ON BEHALF OF THE STUBLY SO MORE BIRTHDAYS." THE DELEGAR APPLAUDED LOUDLY. EVATT SMILED AND SAIDS "IT HAS BE! A LITTLE MORE THAN 50 YEARS SINCE THE EVENT X X X THANK YOU VERMUCH." HJ707PED

BY JOSEPH MALL

NEW YORK APRIL 30-CAP) THE STRATEGY OF THE COMMUNIST TRIAL PROSE-CUTORS IN REFUSING TO DISCLOSE ANY OF THEIR WITNESSES OR PLANS IN ADVANCE HAS BECOME CLEAR NOW THAT THEIR CASE HAS UNFOLED SIX WEEKS.

THE THREE FBI INFORMANTS WHO HAVE TESTIFIED -- TWO OF THEM PARTY MEMBERS IN GOOD STANDING UNTIL THEY STEPPED TO THE WITNESS CHAIR --HAVE UNDOUBTEDLY HAD THE GREATEST IMPACT OF ANY WITNESSES ON THE defendants, if not the jurors.

LATEST UNDERCOVER WORKER TO CONFRONT THE 11 PARTY LEADERS ON TRIAL IS HISS ANGELA CALONIRIS, SLENDER GIRL PHOTOGRAPHER WHO REPORTED

ON THE COMMUNISTS TO THE COVERNMENT FOR SEVEN YEARS.

MISS CALOMIRIS, THE GOVERNMENT'S NINTH VITNESS, DISCLOSED OFFI-CIALLY FOR THE FIRST TIME THAT THE COMMUNISTS ARE CHANGING THEIR OWN SECURITY PROCEDURES BECAUSE OF THE REVELATIONS OF DEFECTIONS IN THEIR RANKS.

SHE SAID THAT SINCE THE TRIAL BEGAN THE PARTY HAS QUIT ISSUING

MEMBERSHIP CARDS AND ORDERED ALL OLD CARDS DESTROYED.

THERE HAVE BEEN REPORTS THAT THE COMMUNISTS HAVE BEEN CONDUCTING SEARCHING SCRUTINY OF THEIR MEMBERS TO TRY TO ROOT OUT DISLOYALTY BEFORE IT SHOWS UP IN NEWSPAPER HEADLINES OVER STORIES OF THE TRIAL.

AS THE HISTORIC CASE FINISHED ITS 15TH WEEK WITH NO GLIMMER OF THE END IN SIGHT, FEDERAL JUDGE HAROLD R. MEDINA GAVE CLEAR EVIDENCE

HE WAS FEELING THE STRAIN.

LAST MONDAY, MEDINA HASTILY CALLED A FIVE-MINUTE ADJOURNMENT AND VALKED OFF THE BENCH WHILE EUGENE DENNIS, ONE OF THE DEFENDANTS, WAS CONTINUING TO TALK AGAINST COURT ORDERS.

DENNIS, GENERAL SECRETARY OF THE PARTY AND PERHAPS THE TOP DEFENDANT, IS REPRESENTING HIMSELF. THE JUDGE ACCUSED HIM OF "DISORDERLY, DISOBEDIENT AND DISRESPECTFUL" CONDUCT. ON TUESDAY, AFTER ANOTHER CLASH WITH THE DEFENSE, MEDINA DECLARED "THIS CONTINUAL WRANGLING IS WEARING ME DOWN SO THAT I DON'T SEE HOW I CAN FINISH THIS TRIAL. SOMETHING HAS TO BE DONE TO STOP IT."

17A ON WEDNESDAY, THE JUDGE AND THE DEFENSE CARRIED ON A RUNNING HALF-HOUR WORD BATTLE, CLIMAXED WITH AN ASSERTION BY MEDINA THAT THE LAW-YERS FOR THE COMMUNISTS WERE STAGING "RUMPUSES" IN COURT TO TRY TO PREVENT HIM FROM CONDUCTING AN ORDERLY TRIAL.

THE JUDGE ALSO REFERRED TO ATTACKS ON HIM IN THE DAILY WORKER,

WHOSE EDITOR, JOHN W. GATES, IS A DEFENDANT.

"JUST LET ME TELL YOU SOMETHING ABOUT THESE ATTACKS ON ME. MEDINA SAID. "YOU KEEP DIGGING AT ME, YOU AND YOUR COLLEAGUES. IT IS DIG HERE AND DIG THERE ALL DAY LONG. I SUPPOSE IT IS TO WEAR ME DOWN AND IT DOES WEAR ME DOWN.

"I HAVE MY REASONS FOR PERMITTING YOU TO DO THAT. I FEEL A LAWYER SHOULD HAVE THE RIGHT TO CHALLENGE THE INTEGRITY OF A JUDGE IF HE

THINKS THE JUDGE IS CORRUPT OR DOING THE WRONG THING.

"BUT HERE THERE SEEMS TO BE SO LITTLE JUSTIFICATION -- NO JUSTI-

FICATION AT ALL -- AND IT IS JUST KEPT UP ON AND ON."

ON THURSDAY AND FRIDAY, MEDINA HELD HALF-DAY ABBREVIATED SESSIONS. THE DEFENSE, AS WELL AS THE COVERNMENT, GIVES NO INFORMATION ON ITS PLANS. BUT SOME OBSERVERS EXPECT THE TRIAL TO CONTINUE AT LEAST ANOTHER THREE MONTHS IN THE HIGH-CEILINGED ROOM IN LOVER MANHAT-TAN. THEY BELIEVE THE GOVERNMENT'S CASE WILL CONTINUE ANOTHER MONTH AND THAT THE DEFENSE WILL TAKE AT LEAST TWO MONTHS.

THE LATEST WITNESSES HAVE ADDED DETAILS TO THE FRAMEWORK OF THE GOVERNMENT'S CHARGES. THESE CHARGES ARE THAT THE DEFENDANTS TURNED THEIR PARTY AFTER THE WAR TO ADVOCACY OF A COURSE OF VIOLENT REVOLUTION IN THE UNITED STATES DESIGNED TO BRING ON A WORKING CLASS DICTATORSHIP.

MISS CALOMIRIS SAID THE PARTY USED FALSE NAMES FOR MEMBERS, UNDER-GROUND CELLS, SECRET SCHOOLS AND OTHER CONSPIRATORIAL APPARATUS IN TEACHING THE NEED FOR ADVANCING SOCIALISM THROUGH REVOLUTION.

ANOTHER WITNESS, CHARLES W. NICODEMUS, DAWSON, MD., TEXTILE WORKER AND ONE-TIME COMMUNIST OFFICIAL, SAID A PARTY LEADER STATED AT A SECRET MEETING THAT THE RUSSIAN ARMY, "WHEN THE TIME CAME," COULD INVADE ALASKA FROM SIBERIA, MARCH THROUGH CANADA AND DESTROY DETROIT.

THE DEFENDANTS SMILED SCORNFULLY AND SAID THIS WAS "LUDICROUS" TESTIMONY. MEDINA REBUKED THEM FOR CREATING A "COUNTRY-CLUB

ATMOSPHERE."

PERHAPS THE MOST PIQUANT ITEM WAS THE DISCLOSURE BY HISS CALOMIRIS THAT \$50 OF THE COVERNMENT'S MONEY IS BEING USED FOR THE DEFENSE

OF THE COMMUNIST LEADERS. SHE TESTIFIED THE FBI PAID ALL EXPENSES OF HER UNDERCOVER WORK AND SAID THIS INCLUDED \$50 SHE CAVE TO THE TRIAL DEFENSE FUND WHILE SHE REMAINED A PARTY MEMBER IN GOOD STANDING.

MEW YORK--FIRST ADD MAY DAY PARADES YXX SUCH CELEBRATIONS (A60). FIRST ARMY HEADQUARTERS ADVISED PERSONNEL THAT IT WOULD BE IMPROPER FIRST ARMY HEADQUARTERS ADVISED PLESUMMEL THAT IT WOULD BE TO HARCH IN THE PARADES WEARING ARMY UNIFORM.

THEY SAID THAT HAY DAY PARADES OF WHATEVER TINGE WERE NOT PRESIDENT. WHICH IS CEMERALLY REQUIRED.

THEY INDICATED THEIR CONCERN WAS OVER THE USE OF THE UNIFORM IN THE LETTER ADDRESS AND MOTHER TO THE UNIFORM IN THE LEFTIST PARADE AND MOT IN THE "LOYALTY" PARADE. KA1045AED

CHICAGO, APRIL 30-(AP)-THE TRUMAN ADMINISTRATION IS "SELLING OUT" LABOR, SAYS HENRY A. WALLACE, BECAUSE UNDER THE NORTH ATLANTIC PACT AND THE "COLD WAR, THE MILITARY MEN WANT CONTROL OF LABOR."

WALLACE TOLD A RALLY AT THE CHICAGO COLISEUM LAST NIGHT THAT "THE REACTIONARIES KNOW THAT IF THE ADMINISTRATION WANTS AN ARMED PACT AND AN ARMS ECONOMY, IT MUST DEMAND THE RIGHT TO CONTROL LABOR, THE RIGHT TO INTERFERE WITH LABORS PIGHTS."

THE 1943 PROGRESSIVE PARTY PRESIDENTIAL NOWINEE SAID THAT THE VOTE ON REPEAL OF THE TAFT-HARTLEY LABOR LAW SIS DIRECTLY CONNECTED WITH THE VOTE ON THE PACT. XXX THE ADMINISTRATION, THE PAPERS TELL US, IS WILLING TO COMPROMISE WITH REACTION ON TAFT-HARTLE

"EVERY TIME TRUMAN MAKES A BELLIGERENT TALK, WE HAVE A NEW NATIONAL EMERGENCY--IN HIS MIND, AT LEAST. EVERY OTHER COMPROMISE IS A DIRECT AND OPEN INTERFERENCE WITH THE RIGHT OF LABOR TO PUN ITS OWN AFFAIRS -- LOYALTY OATHS, UNION FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, FREE SPEECH FOR EMPLOYERS WHICH MEANS FREEDOM TO ATTACK UNIONS --WHERE DO ALL THESE COME FROM IF NOT FROM THE DETERMINATION TO INTERFERE WITH LABOR'S RIGHTS.

"THESE ARE NOT COMPROMISES. IN THE PLAIN WORDS OF LABOR, THESE ARE SELL-OUTS. AND THE ADMINISTRATION SELLS OUT LABOR BECAUSE UNDER THE PACT AND THE COLD WAR, THE MILITARY MEN WANT CONTROL OF LABOR."

"WHEN WE SIGN THE PACT, WE SIGN AWAY OUR FREEDOM. WE DON'T MEED MILITARY ALLIANCE THAT DIVIDES THE WORLD INTO ARMED CAMPS, THAT DESTROYS THE UNITED NATIONS, THAT PREPARES FOR WAR.

"WE NEED PEACE, A UNITED WORLD WORKING TOGETHER TO BUILD A NEW AND BETTER WORLD. THE BUSSIAN OFFER TO REMOVE THE BERLIN BLOCKADE OPENS THE ROAD TO PEACE. NOW IT IS UP TO TRUMAN AND ACHESON (SECRETARY OF STATE) TO DEMONSTRATE THAT THEY TOO WANT TO TRAVEL.

SEM. MICHELE GIUA OF ITALY AND LESTER HUTCHINSON, BRITISH LABOR MEMBER OF PARLIAMENT, ALSO ADDRESSED THE RALLY. THEY ARE ACCOMPANYING WALLACE ON A THREE WEEK NATION WIDE "PEACE TOUR." ACCOMPANYING WALLACE ON A THREE WALL AND TONIGHT.

ER 24 2ACD NM

(WX) READING PA. APRIL 30-(AP)-SENATOR KILGORE (D-WA) SAID TONIGHT THAT PRESIDENT TRUMAN, BY HIS HANDLING OF AMERICAN FOREIGN POLICY, "WILL MARK HIM FOR ALL TIME AS A GREAT AND DYNAMIC LEADER." KILGORE, SPEAKING AT A DEMOCRATIC JACKSON DAY DINNER, SAID MR. TRUMAN'S LEADERSHIP "HAS GIVEN US THE COURAGE TO DO MORE THAN JUST HOPE FOR AN ERA OF PEACE."

"WE ARE WINNING THE COLD WAR AND THE RUSSIANS KNOW IT," HE SAID. HE SAID THAT THE PRESIDENT, BY STRIVING TO KEEP PARTISAN POLITICS OUT OF INTERNATIONAL AFFAIRS, "HAS UNITED THE NATION UNDER A MANTEL OF MORAL LEADERSHIP FAR MORE PRACTICAL THAN A CLOAK OF ISOLATIONISM." KILGORE PREDICTED THAT BEFORE "THIS YEAR IS OVER" DEMOCRATS WOULD.

WRITE INTO LAW "MANY PLANKS" OF ITS 1948 PLATFORM.

"WE ARE GOING TO CONTINUE A HIGH-LEVEL ECONOMY, " HE SAID. "AMONG OTHER THINGS WE ARE GOING TO RAISE THE MINIMUM WAGE, AND WE ARE GOING TO WIPE OUT THE TAFT-HARTLEY ACT AND GIVE THE WORKERS A DECENT FAIR LABOR STANDARDS ACT.

"THE SKEPTICS--AND THERE ARE MANY IN NUMBER--SAY WE CANNOT ENACT INTO LAW OUR DOMESTIC PROGRAM. JUST KEEP IN MIND THAT SO MANY OF THESE SAME PEOPLE SAID WE DIDN'T HAVE A CHANCE LAST NOVEMBER." AR71 SPER

NORFOLK VA. APRIL 30-(AP)-NAVAL REGULATIONS BARRING WOMEN OVERNIGHT GUESTS ABOARD WARSHIPS WERE RELAXED TODAY TO PERMIT IVO CONGRESS WOMEN AND A NEWSPAPER WOMAN TO GO CRUISING ON THE AIRCRAFT CARRIER MIDWAY.

THE CONGRESS WOMEN ARE MRS.R.B. BOSONE, OF SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH, AND MRS.C.G. WOODHOUSE, OF SPRAGUE, CONN. MRS.MAY CRAIG OF MAINE IS

THE NEWSPAPERWOMAN.

ALSO ABOARD THE BIG FLATTOP FOR AN OVERNIGHT CRUISE OFF THE VIRGINIA; THE COMMITTEE, MADE UP OF BUSINESSMEN FROM BOTH COUNTRIES

CAPES ARE 26 MALE CONGRESSMEN, ONE SENATOR, 14 SONS OF CONGRESSMEN, AND SEVERAL NEWSMEN. THE MIDWAY'S GUEST LIST TOTALS 84.

WHEN THE NAVY SENT INVITATIONS FOR THE JUNKET TO MEMBERS OF CONGRESS, REP. BOSONE AND REP. WOODHOUSE RECEIVED BIDS BY MISTAKE. BUT THEY ACCEPTED. THE NAVY WAS UNWILLING TO WITHDRAW ITS INVITATIONS SO IT LET DOWN THE BARS AGAINST WOMEN ON WARSHIPS AND ALLOWED THE LADIES TO GO ALONG.

A NAVAL SPOKESMAN SAID TONIGHT THAT MRS. BOSONE AND MRS. CRAIG ARE SHARING THE ADMIRAL'S SEA CABIN AND MRS. WOODHOUSE IS OCCUPYING THE SEA CABIN OF THE CHIEF OF STAFF.

NEITHER THE ADMIRAL NOR THE CHIEF OF STAFF IS ABOARD. THE MIDWAY WILL RETURN TO HER HAMPTON ROADS ANCHORAGE TOMORROW AT

NAVAL SPOKESMEN AT NORFOLK SAID THEY DID NOT KNOW THE PURPOSE OF THE CRUISE.

GY750PES

(ADVANCE)-CLEVELAND. APRIL 30-(AP)-HENRY A. WALLACE SAID TONIGHT WTHERE ARE MORE WAR MONGERS IN THE UNITED STATES THAN IN ANY NATION IN

THE FORMER PRESIDENTIAL CANDIDATE FOR THE PROGRESSIVE PARTY ADDRESS. COUNTRIES AND (B) WAYS AND MEANS OF INTEGRATING PRODUCTION PLANS THE WORLD." ED A PARTY RALLY AT THE MUSIC HALL. HE ASSERTED "CERTAIN SMALL GROUPS ARE STIRRING UP AN ANTI-COMMUNIST CAMPAIGN, AN ANTI-RUSSIAN, AND ANTI-COMMINTERN CAMPAIGN IN VERY MUCH THE SAME SPIRIT WHICH ANIMATED THE COHORTS OF HITLER AND MUSSOLINI."

WALLACE SAID, "I DO NOT CONDONE WHAT MAY HAVE BEEN DONE BY THE COMMUNISTS OR ANY OTHER GROUP LOOKING TOWARD THE VIOLENT OVERTHROW OF THE U.S.GOVERNMENT, BUT I DO SAY THAT THE IMMINENT DANGER IS FROM THE

RIGHT, NOT FROM THE LEFT."

REFERRING TO CURRENT TALKS ON POSSIBLE REMOVAL OF THE BERLIN BLOCK-ADE. WALLACE SAID:

"IF THE BERLIN AND GERMAN NEGOTIATIONS CONTINUE AS HOPEFULLY AS DURING THE PAST FEW DAYS THERE WILL BE NO EXCUSE WHATEVER FOR THE ATLANTIC PACT. THE RUSSIAN OFFER TO REMOVE THE BLOCKADE AND NEGOT-IATE HAS WIPED OUT THE EXCUSE FOR THE PACT."

SPEAKING AT THE SAME RALLY, ITALIAN SOCIALIST SENATOR MICHELE GIUA SAID THE ITALIAN ECONOMY CANNOT STAND THE "IMPOSSIBLE STRAIN

OF WAR PRODUCTION" AS REQUIRED BY THE ATLANTIC PACT.

(END ADVANCE FOR USE AT 6 P.M. EASTERN STANDARD TIME TODAY, SATURDAY, APRIL 30.)

GM543PES NM

WHITE SULPHUR SPRINGS H. WA. APRIL 30-(AP)-A U.S.-CANADIAN CHAMBER OF COMMERCE COMMITTEE FORMALLY ENDORSED THE NORTH ATLANTIC PACT TODAY AS A MEANS OF PROGRESSIVELY ADVANCING THE CAUSE OF PEACE.

AT THE SAME TIME, IT URGED CLOSE COOPERATION BETWEEN THE TWO LARGE NORTH AMERICAN NATIONS IN THE MILITARY AND INDUSTRIAL SPHERES IN THE INTEREST OF JOINT DEFENSE.

KX FOR DA

NORTH AMERICAN NATIONS IN THE MILITARY AND INDUSTRIAL SPHERES IN THE INTEREST OF JOINT DEFENSE.

THE COMMITTEE, MADE UP OF BUSINESSMEN FROM BOTH COUNTRIES, ALSO HAILED THE NORTH ATLANTIC AHREEMENT AS IN EFFECT A DEVICE FOR STRENGTHENING THE NATIONAL SECURITY OF ALL PARTICIPATING NATIONS.

THE ACTION CAME AS THE COMMITTEE, MAINTAINED JOINTLY BY NATIONAL CHAMBERS OF COMMERCE OF CANADA AND THE UNITED STATES, CONCLUDED A TWO DAY SESSION AT THE GREENBRIER HOTEL HERE.

IN EMPHASIZING A NECESSITY FOR JOINT DEFENSE, THE GROUP RECOMMENDED THAT LIAISON BE ESTABLISHED WITH THE NEWLY-FORMED JOINT CANADA-UNITED STATES INDUSTRIAL MOBILIZATION COMMITTEE.

IT ADOPTED A RESOLUTION POINTING UP THE NEED FOR STANDARDIZATION OF MILITARY EQUIPMENT AND THE INTEGRATION OF INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION FOR THE JOINT DEFENSE OF THE U.S. AND CANADA.

"THIS," THE RESOLUTION SAID, "PRESUPPOSES (A) TRANSFER OR SALE UNDER PROPER SAFEGUARDS OF WEAPONS AND EQUIPMENT BETWEEN THE TWO

WITHOUT FURTHER AGGRAVATING EXISTING DOLLAR UNBALANCE.

THE FULL DEVELOPMENT OF NORTHWESTERN NORTH AMERICA, INCLUDING ALASKA AND THE YUKON, FROM A SECURITY AS WELL AS A PEACETIME STAND-POINT, ALSO WAS URGED BY THE COMMITTEE.

IT RECOMMENDED THAT NATIONAL CHAMBERS OF COMMERCE IN CANADA AND THE UNITED STATES SET UP INDEPENDENT COMMITTEES OF EXPERTS TO STUDY THIS QUESTION THOROUGHLY.

STILL ANOTHER COMMITTEE RESOLUTION CALLED FOR A REVISION OF U.S. CUSTOMS ADMINISTRATIVE PROCEDURES, PARTICULARLY TO PERMIT A "RELIABLE DETERMINATION" OF THE CLASSIFICATION OF A GIVEN ARTICLE PRIOR

TO THE ACTUAL ENTRY OF THAT ARTICLE INTO THE COUNTRY. PRESIDING AT THE TWO-DAY SESSION WAS PRESIDENT C.COCKSHUTT

OF COCKSHUTT PLOW COMPANY, LTD., AT BRANTFORD, ONTARIO. HE IS CHAIRMAN OF THE COMMITTEE'S CANADIAN SECTION.

PRESIDENT EARL O. SHREVE OF THE U.S. CHAMBER OF COMMERCE HEADED THE U.S. SECTION IN THE ABSENCE OF HARRY A.BULLIS, CHAIRMAN OF THE BOARD OF GENERAL MILLS, INC., AT MINNEAPOLIS. BULLIS IS THE CHAIRMAN OF THE U.S. SECTION DM423PEB NM